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## **Supplementary Information**

## Liquid crystal elastomers as substrates for 3D, robust, implantable electronics

Jimin Maeng, <sup>a,d</sup> Rashed T. Rihani, <sup>a,d</sup> Mahjabeen Javed, <sup>a</sup> Jai Singh Rajput, <sup>a</sup> Hyun Kim, <sup>a,b</sup> Ian G. Bouton, <sup>c</sup> Tyler A. Criss, <sup>c</sup> Joseph J. Pancrazio, <sup>a</sup> Bryan J. Black, <sup>a</sup> and Taylor H. Ware<sup>\*a</sup>

<sup>a</sup> Department of Bioengineering, University of Texas at Dallas, 800 W. Campbell Road, Richardson, TX 75080, USA
<sup>b</sup> Current address: Sensors and Electron Devices Directorate, CCDC Army Research Laboratory, 2800 Powder Mill Road, Adelphi, MD 20783, USA.
<sup>c</sup> Qualia Inc., 17217 Waterview Parkway, Dallas, TX 75252, USA.
<sup>d</sup> Authors contributed equally.

## **Corresponding Author**

\*E-mail: taylor.ware@utdallas.edu

## **Supplementary Figures**



Fig. S1. Representative DSC thermogram of an LCE film during the second heating cycle.



**Fig. S2.** Monomers used for the synthesis of (a) BPAEDA control and (b) TCMDA control networks.



**Fig. S3.** Real-time monitoring of mass changes in LCE and control films over 48 days in (a) PBS and (b) 3% H<sub>2</sub>O<sub>2</sub>, both at  $37^{\circ}$ C. In (b), Data for TCMDA control on Day 48 is not available due to physical breakdown of the films. Mean values taken from 4 specimens are displayed for all data points without error bars for the clarity of data.

	PBS	3% H <sub>2</sub> O <sub>2</sub>
LCE	$0.16 \pm 0.35\%$	$1.78 \pm 0.37\%$
BPAEDA control	3.68 ± 1.83%	28.88 ± 1.62%
TCMDA control	$1.91 \pm 0.11\%$	Lost integrity

Table S1. Mass loss of LCE and controls in PBS and 3% H<sub>2</sub>O<sub>2</sub> after drying on Day 48



**Fig. S4.** ATR-FTIR spectra of LCE before oxidation (Neat) and after being soaked in a 20%  $H_2O_2/0.1$  M CoCl<sub>2</sub> solution for 21 days.



**Fig. S5.** Monitoring of 1 kHz impedance of 16-channel LCE multielectrode arrays in PBS at 37 °C over 67 days. Results for spin-coated LCE (mean  $\pm$  SEM, n = 15) and Parylene-C encapsulations (mean  $\pm$  SEM, n = 13) are shown in comparison.



**Fig. S6.** Shape distortion of LCE after being soaked in a 20%  $H_2O_2/0.1$  M CoCl<sub>2</sub> solution for 7 days. (Scale bars = 1 cm).



**Fig. S7.** Schematic drawing of custom-built apparatus for testing LCE cables under cyclic stretching and buckling conditions while being soaked in PBS.



**Fig. S8.** Monitoring of 1 kHz impedance of (a) flat-cabled cuffs and (b) wavy-cabled cuffs under cyclic buckling (flat) or stretching (twisted) at 60% strain over 10,000 cycles while being soaked in PBS at  $37^{\circ}$ C. (Scale bars = 1 cm).