

Supporting Information for:

**Origin of the Abnormal Reduction of the Dielectric Response for ReCOB Crystals and its Mechanism: Theoretical and Experimental Exploration**

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**Table S1** Bond lengths ( $\text{\AA}$ ) and angles (deg.) of  $\text{ReO}_6$ ,  $\text{Ca1O}_6$  and  $\text{Ca2O}_6$  polyhedrons in YCOB, PrCOB, and LaCOB crystals.

**Figure S1** Calculated band gaps of YCOB(a1-a3), PrCOB(b), and LaCOB(c1,c2) as a function of  $U_{\text{eff}}$ . The red points correspond to the  $U_{\text{eff}}$  for  $d$  or  $f$  orbitals of rare earth ions, while the blue points correspond to the  $U_{\text{eff}}$  including O  $2p$  states.

**Figure S2** Partial density of states (PDOSs) of YCOB (a), PrCOB (b), and LaCOB (c) within GGA-PBE, HSE06 and GGA+U methods.

**Figure S3** Density of states of decomposed Pr 4f orbitals (left) and the structural of PrO<sub>6</sub> (right).

**Table S2** Atomic coordinates and equivalent isotropic displacement for ReCOB (Re = Y, Pr, La).  $U_{\text{eq}}$  is defined as one third of the trace of the orthogonalized  $U_{ij}$  tensor.

**Table S3** Calculated dielectric constants ( $\epsilon_{ij}$ ), and their electronic ( $\epsilon_{\infty,ij}$ ) and phonon ( $\epsilon_{\text{ph},ij}$ ) contributions for the neutral defects in ReCOB and the charged defects in LaCOB. The calculated values for the pristine crystals and the experimental values are also listed for comparison.

**Table S1** Bond lengths ( $\text{\AA}$ ) and angles (deg.) of  $\text{ReO}_6$ ,  $\text{Ca1O}_6$  and  $\text{Ca2O}_6$  octahedrons in YCOB, PrCOB, and LaCOB crystals.

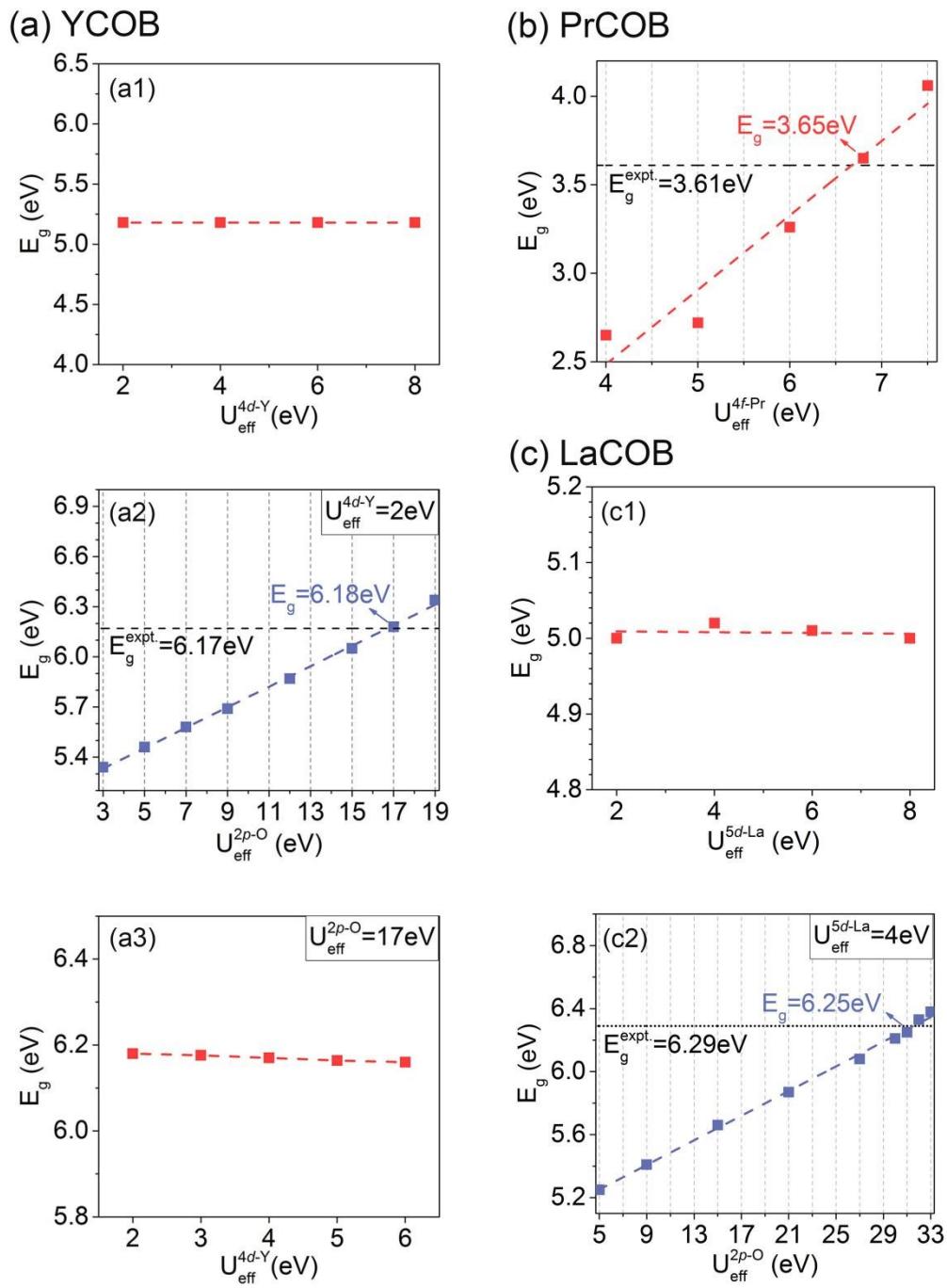
$\text{ReO}_6$	Re-O1	Re-O2	$\angle \text{O1ReO2}$	Re-O4	$\angle \text{O4ReO4}$	$r^{\text{Re}(+3)}$
YCOB	2.26		177.73			
	/2.22	2.15	/80.05	2.26	139.31	0.900
PrCOB	2.40		177.01			
	/2.34	2.24	/82.40	2.40	135.50	0.990
LaCOB	2.43		176.65			
	/2.36	2.24	/82.34	2.41	135.57	1.032

$\text{Ca1O}_6$	Ca1-O4	Ca1-O5	$\angle \text{O4Ca1O5}$	Ca1-O3	Ca1-O6	$\angle \text{O3Ca1O6}$
YCOB	2.24	2.63	174.65			
	/2.21	/2.31	/84.64	2.24	2.33	129.30
PrCOB	2.24	2.60	176.60			
	/2.20	/2.30	/81.34	2.25	2.39	128.99
LaCOB	2.24	2.58/	176.92			
	/2.21	2.30	/80.90	2.25	2.40	128.75

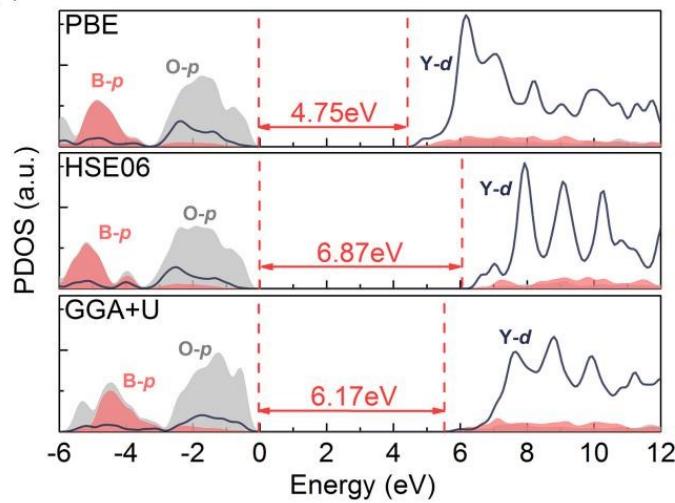
  

$\text{Ca2O}_6$	Ca2-O3	Ca2-O6	$\angle \text{O3Ca2O6}$	Ca2-O2	Ca2-O5	$\angle \text{O2Ca2O5}$
YCOB	2.23	2.26	169.04			
	/2.21	/2.23	/81.64	2.18	2.23	171.72
PrCOB	2.26	2.30	173.56			
	/2.22	/2.25	/80.49	2.17	2.23	174.14
LaCOB	2.27	2.32	173.89			
	/2.23	/2.25	/80.33	2.17	2.23	174.53

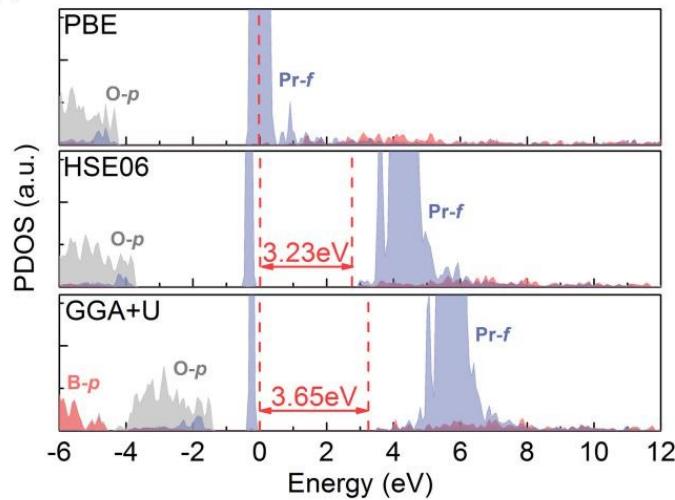


**Figure S1** Calculated band gaps of YCOB(a1-a3), PrCOB(b), and LaCOB(c1,c2) as a function of  $U_{\text{eff}}$ . The red points correspond to the  $U_{\text{eff}}$  for  $d$  or  $f$  orbitals of rare earth ions, while the blue points correspond to the  $U_{\text{eff}}$  including O 2p states.

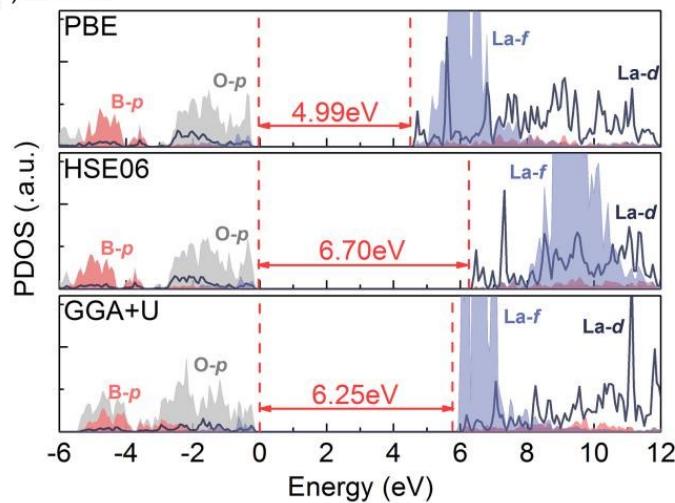
(a) YCOB



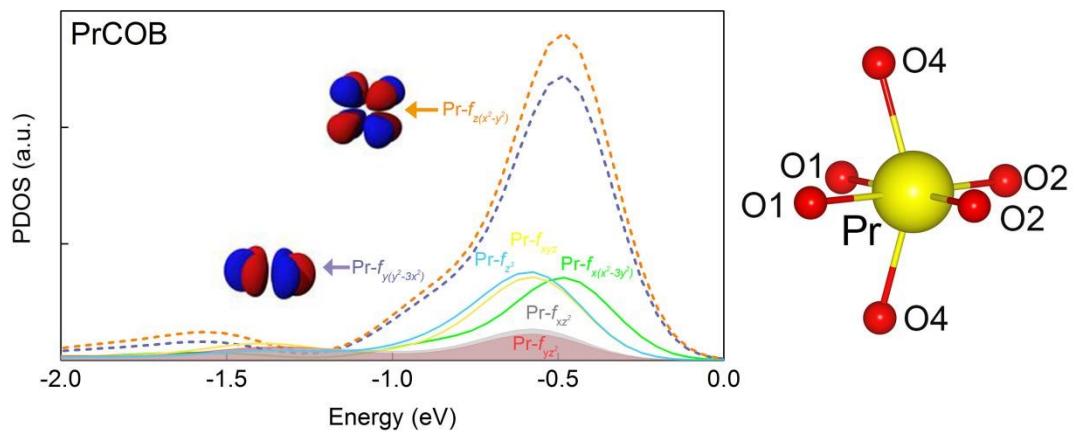
(b) PrCOB



(c) LaCOB



**Figure S2** Partial density of states (PDOSs) of YCOB (a), PrCOB (b), and LaCOB (c) within GGA-PBE, HSE06 and GGA+U methods.



**Figure S3** Density of states of decomposed Pr 4f orbitals (left) and the structural of  $\text{PrO}_6$  (right).

**Table S2** Atomic coordinates and equivalent isotropic displacement for ReCOB (Re = Y, Pr, La).  $U_{\text{eq}}$  is defined as one third of the trace of the orthogonalized  $U_{ij}$  tensor.

Atom	x	y	z	$U_{\text{eq}}$
YCa <sub>4</sub> O(BO <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>3</sub>				
L*	0.1703(8)	0.5000	0.1253(14)	0.004(15)
M*	0.5310(10)	0.3877(5)	-0.1991(19)	0.004(19)
Ca(1)	-0.0863(11)	0.3186(6)	0.4776(2)	0.006(2)
O (1)	-0.0253(6)	0.5000	0.5259(13)	0.009(11)
O (2)	0.3445(6)	0.5000	0.7094(14)	0.006(9)
O (3)	0.7117(4)	0.4256(19)	-0.6210(8)	0.007(7)
O (4)	0.0909(4)	0.3589(19)	0.0569(8)	0.006(6)
O (5)	0.7028(4)	0.2691(19)	-0.1498(8)	0.008(6)
O (6)	0.3852(4)	0.3259(18)	0.2475(8)	0.007(6)
B (1)	-0.1992(9)	0.5000	0.4300(2)	0.004(13)
B (2)	0.2257(7)	0.3055(3)	0.0506(14)	0.005(10)

\* $L=0.87Y+0.13Ca; M=0.07Y+0.93Ca$

Atom	x	y	z	$U_{\text{eq}}$
PrCa <sub>4</sub> O(BO <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>3</sub>				
Pr	0.3593(3)	0.5000	0.1535(4)	0.008(9)
Ca(1)	0.6284(9)	0.3187(5)	-0.1839(19)	0.010(17)
Ca(2)	0.0041(9)	0.3863(4)	0.4858(19)	0.007(17)
O (1)	0.5686(6)	0.5000	-0.2363(14)	0.014(12)
O (2)	0.1843(6)	0.5000	0.5679(13)	0.006(9)
O (3)	0.8276(3)	0.5739(16)	-0.0899(7)	0.011(6)
O (4)	0.455(3)	0.3542(17)	0.2405(8)	0.011(6)
O (5)	0.3290(3)	0.2304(16)	0.4338(7)	0.013(6)
O (6)	0.6613(3)	0.1700(16)	0.0449(7)	0.012(6)
B (1)	0.7427(7)	0.5000	-0.1379(16)	0.008(12)
B (2)	0.3146(5)	0.3057(3)	0.2408(12)	0.007(8)

LaCa <sub>4</sub> O(BO <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>3</sub>				
L*	0.3380(4)	0.5000	0.1699(5)	0.010(12)
M*	0.0660(10)	0.3196(5)	0.5030(2)	0.012(3)
Ca(1)	0.6911(10)	0.3860(5)	-0.1650(2)	0.007(2)
O (1)	0.1228(6)	0.5000	0.5602(15)	0.016(13)
O (2)	0.5157(6)	0.5000	-0.2453(15)	0.010(11)
O (3)	0.8650(4)	0.4257(17)	-0.5898(8)	0.012(6)
O (4)	0.2386(4)	0.3524(18)	0.0782(8)	0.013(7)
O (5)	0.3683(4)	0.2295(17)	-0.1104(8)	0.015(6)
O (6)	0.5320(4)	0.3307(18)	0.2749(8)	0.014(7)
B (1)	0.9493(8)	0.5000	-0.5415(17)	0.006(13)
B (2)	0.3799(6)	0.3049(3)	0.0806(12)	0.008(9)

\* $L=0.96La+0.04Ca; M=0.02La+0.98Ca$

**Table S3** Calculated dielectric constants ( $\varepsilon_{ij}$ ), and their electronic ( $\varepsilon_{\infty,ij}$ ) and phonon ( $\varepsilon_{ph,ij}$ ) contributions for the neutral defects in ReCOB and the charged defects in LaCOB. The calculated values for the pristine crystals and the experimental values are also listed for comparison.

		ij		
		11	22	33
YCOB				
	$\varepsilon_{\infty,ij}$	2.31	2.31	2.26
Ca <sub>Y</sub>	$\varepsilon_{ph,ij}$	6.92	9.49	7.23
	$\varepsilon_{ij}$	9.23	11.80	9.49
	$\varepsilon_{\infty,ij}$	3.55	3.74	2.98
Y <sub>Ca2</sub>	$\varepsilon_{ph,ij}$	6.93	8.80	6.66
	$\varepsilon_{ij}$	10.48	12.54	9.64
Pristine		8.10	9.74	7.72
Expt.		9.65	12.00	9.55
PrCOB				
	$\varepsilon_{\infty,ij}$	3.89	3.43	3.45
Ca <sub>Pr</sub>	$\varepsilon_{ph,ij}$	4.81	7.35	6.06
	$\varepsilon_{ij}$	8.70	10.78	9.51
	$\varepsilon_{\infty,ij}$	4.92	4.82	3.94
Pr <sub>Ca1</sub>	$\varepsilon_{ph,ij}$	6.58	11.70	7.55
	$\varepsilon_{ij}$	11.50	16.52	11.49
	$\varepsilon_{\infty,ij}$	4.19	3.86	3.72
Pr <sub>Ca2</sub>	$\varepsilon_{ph,ij}$	5.95	6.88	5.47
	$\varepsilon_{ij}$	10.14	10.74	9.19
Pristine		9.25	16.69	8.41
Expt.		9.60	15.30	10.00
LaCOB				
Neutral	Ca <sub>La</sub>	$\varepsilon_{\infty,ij}$	2.57	2.57
				2.58

		$\varepsilon_{\text{ph},ij}$	9.22	15.78	11.04
		$\varepsilon_{ij}$	11.79	18.35	13.62
		$\varepsilon_{\infty,ij}$	2.95	2.87	2.85
La <sub>Ca1</sub>		$\varepsilon_{\text{ph},ij}$	5.37	6.51	5.31
		$\varepsilon_{ij}$	8.32	9.38	8.16
La <sub>Ca2</sub>		$\varepsilon_{\infty,ij}$	3.93	3.18	3.09
		$\varepsilon_{\text{ph},ij}$	8.65	8.69	6.48
		$\varepsilon_{ij}$	12.58	11.87	9.57
Ca <sub>La</sub> <sup>-</sup>		$\varepsilon_{\infty,ij}$	2.63	2.69	2.61
		$\varepsilon_{\text{ph},ij}$	9.52	14.67	13.72
		$\varepsilon_{ij}$	12.15	17.36	16.33
Charged		$\varepsilon_{\infty,ij}$	2.60	2.61	2.60
	La <sub>Ca1</sub> <sup>+</sup>	$\varepsilon_{\text{ph},ij}$	8.78	12.27	10.09
		$\varepsilon_{ij}$	11.38	14.88	12.69
		$\varepsilon_{\infty,ij}$	2.60	2.61	2.59
La <sub>Ca2</sub> <sup>+</sup>		$\varepsilon_{\text{ph},ij}$	9.15	12.73	10.13
		$\varepsilon_{ij}$	11.75	15.34	12.72
Pristine			8.68	10.26	8.24
Expt.			9.40	15.00	9.60