Supporting Information

Dopant-free Polymeric Hole Transport Materials for Efficient CsPbI₂Br Perovskite Cells with a Fill Factor Exceeding 84%

Pang Wang^{ab}, Hui Wang^{ab}, Mingyu Jeong^c, Sang Myeon Lee^c, Baocai Du^{ab}, Yuchao Mao^{ab}, Fanghao Ye^{ab}, Huijun Zhang^{ab}, Donghui Li^{ab}, Dan Liu^{ab}, Changduk Yang^{*c} and Tao Wang^{*ab}

^aSchool of Materials Science and Engineering, Wuhan University of Technology, Wuhan, 430070, China *E-mail: twang@whut.edu.cn

^bState Key Laboratory of Silicate Materials for Architectures, Wuhan University of Technology, Wuhan, 430070, China

^cDepartment of Energy Engineering, School of Energy and Chemical Engineering, Perovtronics Research Center, Low Dimensional Carbon Materials Center, Ulsan National Institute of Science and Technology (UNIST), 50 UNIST-gil, Ulju-gun, Ulsan, 44919, Republic of Korea E-mail: yang@unist.ac.kr



Figure S1. The dihedral angle from one repeating unit of polymeric HTMs: (a) PBDB-T, (b) PBDB-T-2Cl, (c) PBDB-T-2F and (d) PBDB-T-Si.



Figure S2. The best J-V curves of inorganic CsPbI₂Br PSCs from forward and reverse scans using different HTMs: (a) PBDB-T, (b) PBDB-T-2Cl, (c) PBDB-T-2F, (d) PBDB-T-Si.



ZnO/CsPbI₂Br/PBDB-T, (c) ZnO/CsPbI₂Br/PBDB-T-2Cl, (d) ZnO/CsPbI₂Br/PBDB-T-2F and (e) ZnO/CsPbI₂Br/PBDB-T-Si films upon continuous 1 sun illumination under 20-25% RH in ambient atmosphere. (f) Evolution of PL emission peak of various ZnO/CsPbI₂Br/HTM films.