Electronic Supporting Information

For

Point-of-care testing of melamine via gas pressure readout using polythymine-coated Au@Pt nanopartices through specific triple hydrogen-bonding recognition

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Figure S1 Pressure (P) profiles of the H_2O_2 decomposition reaction against the measure time in the presence of different platinum nanozymes. Concentrations: 200 μ L of 30% (w/v) H_2O_2 .



Figure S2 The catalytic activity determination of the Au@PtNPs between different batches. Concentration: Au@PtNPs, 4.2 μ M; 200 μ L of 30% (w/v) H₂O₂.



Figure S3 The stability of catalytic activity of the poly- T_{55} coated Au@PtNPs. Concentration: Au@PtNPs, 4.2 μ M; Poly- T_{55} , 50.0 nM; 200 μ L of 30% (w/v) H₂O₂.



Figure S4 (a) The particle size information of AuNPs before and after deposition of a thin Pt layer; (b) UV-vis absorbance spectra of the AuNPs and Au@PtNPs.



Figure S5 Pressure change profiles of the H_2O_2 decomposition reaction for 15 min with the increasing concentrations of NaCl in the absence (purplish red curve) and presence of the single-stranded DNA oligomers including polyT₅₅ (black curve), polyA₅₅ (red curve) and polyC₅₅ (blue curve). Au@PtNPs, 4.2 µM; polyT₅₅, polyA₅₅ and polyC₅₅, 50 nM; 200 µL of 30% (w/v) H₂O₂.



Figure S6 Influence of sequence length of $polyT_n$ on the pressure change profiles of the H_2O_2 decomposition reaction against the measure time in the presence of the same concentration of melamine. Concentration: melamine, 2.5 μ M; 200 μ L of 30% (w/v) H_2O_2 .