

Hydrophobic magnetic nanoparticles assisted cationic surfactant supramolecular solvent microextraction of multiresidue antibiotics in water samples

Jia Xu,^{ab} Cao Li,^a Xiao Li^a and Yuxiu Xiao^{*a}

^a Key Laboratory of Combinatorial Biosynthesis and Drug Discovery (Ministry of Education), and School of Pharmaceutical Sciences, Wuhan University, Wuhan, 430071, China

^b Institute of Maternal and Child Health, Wuhan Children's Hospital (Wuhan Maternal and Child Healthcare Hospital), Tongji Medical College, Huazhong University of Science & Technology, Wuhan, 430016, China

Corresponding author: Yuxiu Xiao

E-mail address: yuxiuxiao2011@whu.edu.cn, 99783508@qq.com

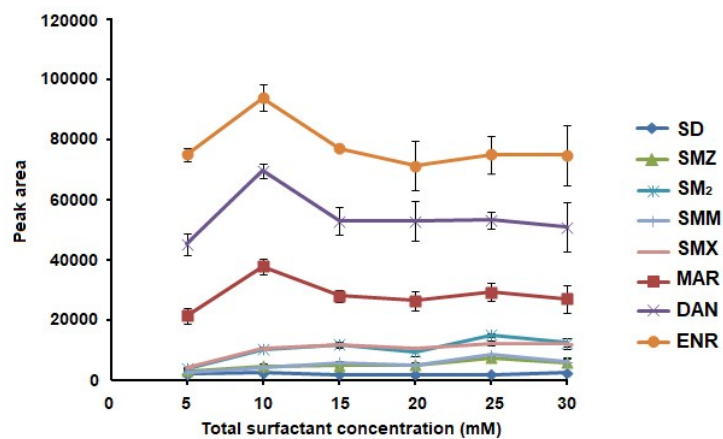


Fig. S1 Effect of total surfactant concentration on the peak area of FQs and SAs. Conditions: LA:DTAOH=5:5 mol/mol, HFIP=5% (v/v), SUPRAS microextraction for 5 min, 10 mg Fe₃O₄@SiO₂@C18 nanoparticles, the adsorption of SUPRAS by MNPs for 10 s vortex, elution with 1 mL methanol for 10 s vortex, sample volume 10 mL.

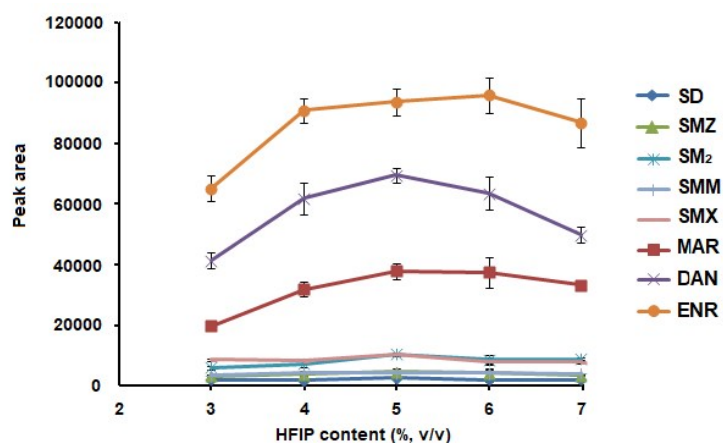


Fig. S2 Effect of HFIP content on the peak area of FQs and SAs. Conditions: LA:DTAOH=5:5 mol/mol, $C_{\text{total surfactant}}=10$ mM, SUPRAS microextraction for 5 min, 10 mg Fe₃O₄@SiO₂@C18 nanoparticles, the adsorption of SUPRAS by MNPs for 10 s vortex, elution with 1 mL methanol for 10 s vortex, sample volume 10 mL.

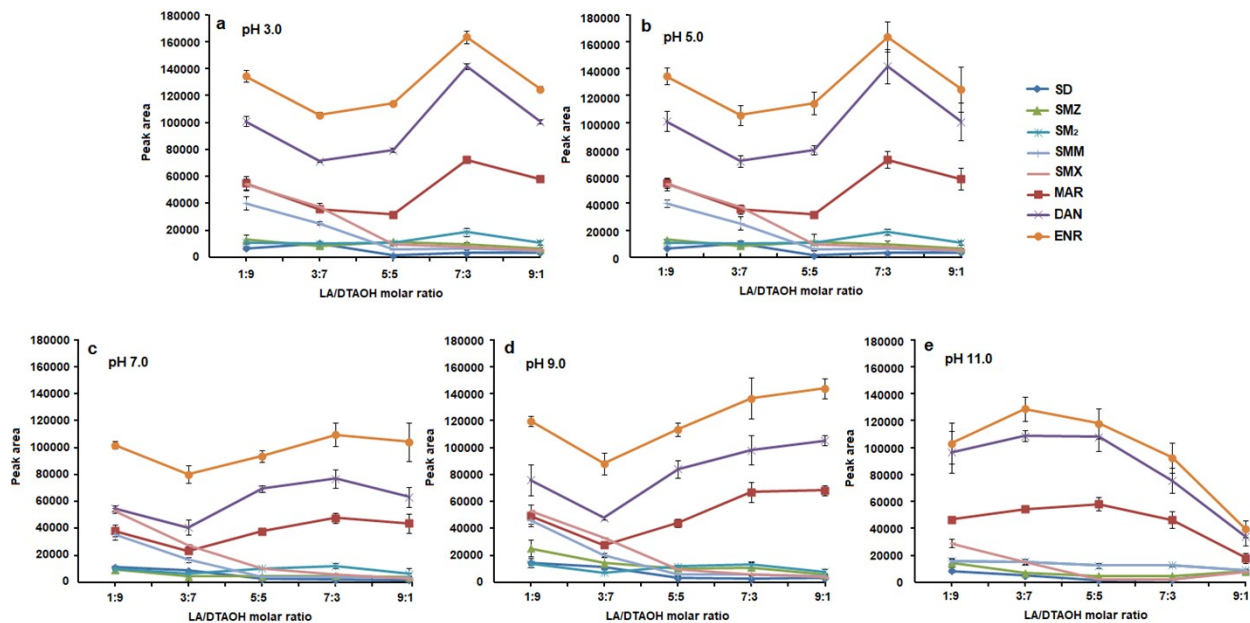


Fig. S3 Effects of LA/DTAOH molar ratio and sample pH on the peak area of FQs and SAs. (a) pH 3.0, (b) pH 5.0, (c) 7.0, (d) 9.0 and (e) 11.0. Conditions: HFIP=5% (v/v), $C_{\text{total surfactant}} = 10$ mM, SUPRAS microextraction for 5 min, 10 mg $\text{Fe}_3\text{O}_4@Si\text{O}_2@C18$ nanoparticles, the adsorption of SUPRAS by MNPs for 10 s vortex, elution with 1 mL methanol for 10 s vortex, sample volume 10 mL.

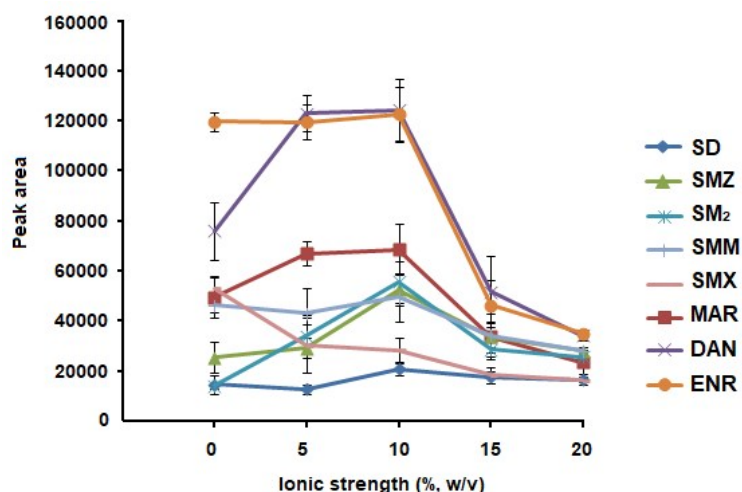


Fig. S4 Effect of ionic strength on the peak area of FQs and SAs. Conditions: HFIP=5% (v/v), $C_{\text{total surfactant}} = 10 \text{ mM}$, LA:DTAOH=1:9 (mol/mol), sample pH 9.0, SUPRAS microextraction for 5 min, 10 mg $\text{Fe}_3\text{O}_4@\text{SiO}_2@\text{C}18$ nanoparticles, the adsorption of SUPRAS by MNPs for 10 s vortex, elution with 1 mL methanol for 10 s vortex, sample volume 10 mL.

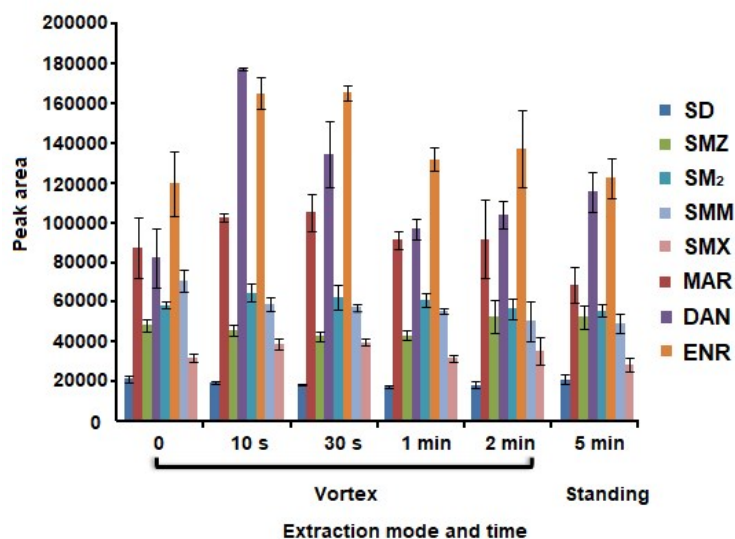
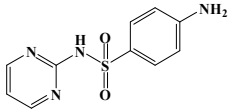
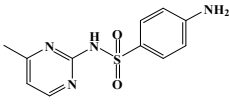
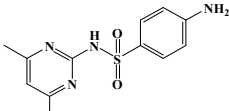
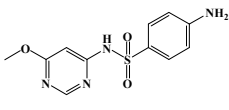
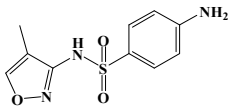
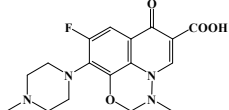
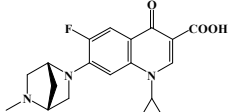
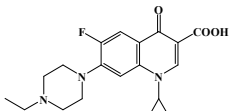


Fig. S5 Effects of extraction mode and time on the peak area of FQs and SAs. Conditions: HFIP=5% (v/v), $C_{\text{total surfactant}} = 10 \text{ mM}$, LA:DTAOH =1:9 (mol/mol), sample pH 9.0, 10 mg $\text{Fe}_3\text{O}_4@\text{SiO}_2@\text{C}18$ nanoparticles, the adsorption of SUPRAS by MNPs for 10 s vortex, elution with 1 mL methanol for 10 s vortex, sample volume 10 mL, 10% (g/mL) NaCl.

Table S1 Chemical structures and physical properties of sulfonamides (SAs) and fluoroquinolones (FQs)^a.

Analyte	Abbreviation	Chemical structure	pK_a	$\log P$
Sulfadiazine	SD		1.64±0.10 6.81±0.10	-0.074±0.255
Sulfamerazine	SMZ		1.64±0.10 7.35±0.10	0.107±0.267
Sulfadimidine	SM ₂		1.69±0.10 7.89±0.10	0.296±0.278
Sulfamonomethoxine	SMM		2.81±0.10 6.67±0.30	1.032±0.398
Sulfamethoxazole	SMX		1.39±0.10 5.81±0.10	0.659±0.409
Marbofloxacin	MAR		6.02±0.20 7.34±0.42	0.641±0.921
Danofloxacin	DAN		6.43±0.41 9.00±0.20	1.811±0.909
Enrofloxacin	ENR		6.43±0.41 7.76±0.10	2.306±0.819

^a The values of pK_a and $\log P$ were found in the SciFinder website.