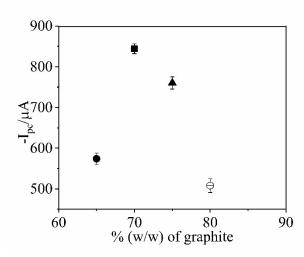
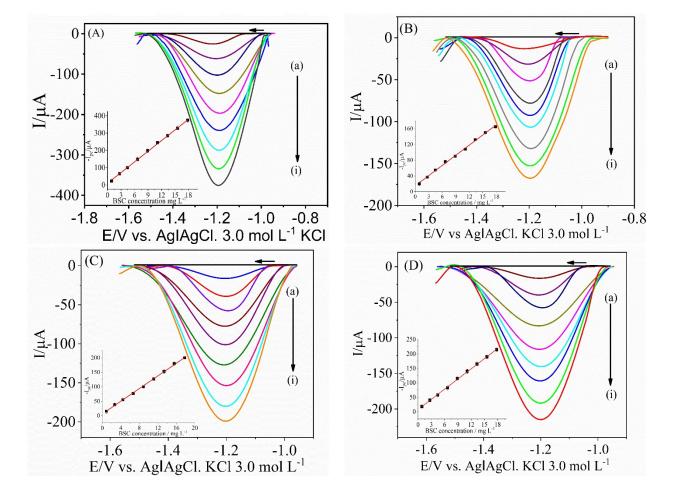
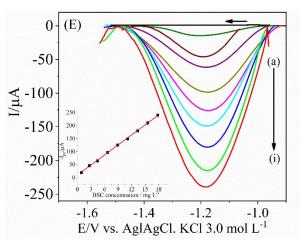
Electronic Supplementary Material (ESI) for Analytical Methods. This journal is © The Royal Society of Chemistry 2021

## Supplementary material

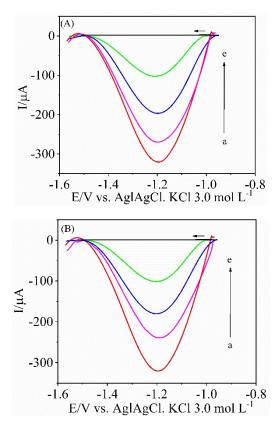


**Figure 1S.** Averages values with standard deviations of  $I_{pc}$  in 1.00 mmol  $L^{-1}$  of BSC using CPE in the following proportions of graphite/binder: ( $\bullet$ ) 65:35 (w/w); ( $\blacksquare$ ) 70:30; (w/w); ( $\blacktriangle$ ) 75:25 (w/w) and ( $\Theta$ ) 80:20 (w/w) in 0.100 mol  $L^{-1}$  of HCl/acetone 70:30 (v/v).





**Figure 2S.** DPV voltammograms for different concentrations of BSC in: (A) deionized water; (B) red grape 100% juice; (C) peel extracts; (D) pulp; (E) grape seed. Insert: variation of  $I_{pc}$  with concentration of BSC. The concentrations of BSC were (a) 0.900 mg  $L^{-1}$ ; (b) 2.67 mg  $L^{-1}$ ; (c) 4.44 mg  $L^{-1}$ ; (d) 6.67 mg  $L^{-1}$ ; (e) 8.89 mg  $L^{-1}$ ; (f) 11.12 mg  $L^{-1}$ ; (g) 13.32 mg  $L^{-1}$ ; (h) 15.60 mg  $L^{-1}$  and (i) 18.00 mg  $L^{-1}$ .



**Figure 3S.** Effect on the voltammetric response of 12.00 mg L<sup>-1</sup> of BSC using CPE in the presence of the interferents (A) citric acid and (B) tartaric acid at concentrations of: (a) 0; (b) 120.0 mg L<sup>-1</sup>; (c) 600.0 mg L<sup>-1</sup>; (d) 1,200 mg <sup>-1</sup> and (e) absence of BSC and interferents.