## **Electronic Supplementary Information**

Glutathione-degradable polydopamine nanoparticles as a versatile platform for fabrication of advanced photosensitisers for anticancer therapy

Gaole Dai,<sup>a</sup> Chun Kit K. Choi,<sup>b</sup> Chung Hang Jonathan Choi,<sup>c</sup> Wing-Ping Fong<sup>d</sup> and Dennis K. P. Ng<sup>\*a</sup>

<sup>a</sup> Department of Chemistry, The Chinese University of Hong Kong, Shatin, N.T., Hong Kong, China. E-mail: dkpn@cuhk.edu.hk

<sup>b</sup> Department of Chemical Pathology, The Chinese University of Hong Kong, Shatin, N.T., Hong Kong, China

<sup>c</sup> Department of Biomedical Engineering, The Chinese University of Hong Kong, Shatin, N.T., Hong Kong, China

<sup>d</sup> School of Life Sciences, The Chinese University of Hong Kong, Shatin, N.T., Hong Kong, China



**Scheme S1.** Synthetic route for the preparation of **Pc**. DMF, *N*,*N*-dimethylformamide; DBU, 1,8-diazabicycloundec-7-ene; TFA, trifluoroacetic acid.



Fig. S1 Hydrodynamic diameter distribution of the PDA-based NPs in water measured by DLS.



Fig. S2 Zeta potential distribution of the PDA-based NPs in water measured by DLS.



**Fig. S3** Change in fluorescence spectrum ( $\lambda_{ex} = 610 \text{ nm}$ ) of PDA-Pc-QRH-1 ([Pc] = 2  $\mu$ M) in PBS with 0.5% Tween 20 upon exposure to different concentrations of GSH (0, 0.005, 0.5 and 5 mM) at 37 °C over a period of 24 h.



Fig. S4 Change in fluorescence spectra ( $\lambda_{ex} = 610 \text{ nm}$ ) of different batches of PDA-Pc-QRH ([Pc] = 2  $\mu$ M) in PBS with 0.5% Tween 20 upon exposure to 5 mM GSH at 37 °C over a period of 24 h.



Fig. S5 Fluorescence spectra ( $\lambda_{ex} = 610 \text{ nm}$ ) of PDA-Pc-QRH-1 in PBS with 0.5% Tween 20, DMEM or FBS recorded after 24 h at 37 °C and after treatment with different species at a concentration of 1 mM in PBS with 0.5% Tween 20 at 37 °C for 24 h.



**Fig. S6** (a) TEM image of PDA-QRH-1. Scale bar: 500 nm. (b) Hydrodynamic diameter distribution and (c) zeta potential distribution of PDA-QRH-1 in water measured by DLS.



Fig. S7 Photothermal effect of PDA-QRH-1 and PDA-Pc-QRH-1 ([Pc] = 10  $\mu$ M) (both with 44  $\mu$ g PDA) in deionised water (1 mL), with and without pre-treatment with GSH (5 mM) at ambient temperature for 12 h, under laser irradiation (675 nm, 0.1 W, 40 mW cm<sup>-2</sup>) over a period of 15 min. Data are reported as the mean  $\pm$  SD of three independent measurements.



**Fig. S8** Photographic images of tumour-bearing nude mice before and after the treatment with an intravenous dose of PDA-Pc-QRH-1 in PBS ( $[Pc] = 10 \ \mu\text{M}$ , 200  $\mu\text{L}$ ) with or without subsequent laser irradiation (675 nm, 20 J cm<sup>-2</sup>). The tumours are indicated by black circles. The time point given on left of each row indicates the duration after laser irradiation.



**Fig. S9** Histological images indicate the structural integrity of major internal organs that were dissected from the tumour-bearing mice after different treatments. Scale bar:  $200 \mu m$ .