

Supplementary Information

Iridium-catalyzed enantioselective addition of an *N*-methyl C–H bond to α -trifluoromethylstyrenes via C–H activation

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1. General method

All manipulations of oxygen- and moisture-sensitive materials were carried out using standard Schlenk techniques under a nitrogen atmosphere. NMR spectra were recorded on a JEOL JNM ECZ-400 spectrometer (400 MHz for ^1H , 100 MHz for ^{13}C) or Bruker DMX NMR spectrometer (400 MHz for ^1H , 100 MHz for ^{13}C , 376 MHz for ^{19}F). Chemical shifts are reported in δ (ppm) referenced to the residual peaks of CDCl_3 (δ 7.26) for ^1H NMR, CDCl_3 (δ 77.00) for ^{13}C NMR, and $\text{CF}_3\text{CO}_2\text{H}$ as an external standard (δ -76.0) for ^{19}F NMR. The following abbreviations are used; s, singlet: d, doublet: t, triplet: q, quartet: sext, sextet: m, multiplet: br, broad. High-resolution mass spectra were obtained with JEOL AccuTOF LC-plus 4G spectrometer. Optical rotations were measured on JASCO P-2200 polarimeter. Flash column chromatography was performed with Silica Gel 70 PF₂₅₄ (Wako). Preparative thin-layer chromatography was performed with Wakogel® B-5F (Wako).

2. Materials

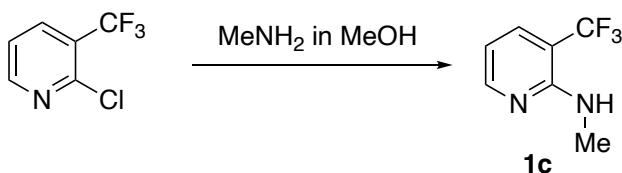
Dehydrated 1,2-dichloroethane, toluene, DMF, and 1,4-dioxane were purchased and used after deoxygenated by bubbling N_2 . Iridium complexes, $[\text{IrCl}(\text{cod})]_2$ ¹ and $[\text{IrCl}(\text{coe})_2]_2$,² were prepared according to the reported procedures. $\text{NaBAr}^{\text{F}}_4$ was prepared according to the reported procedures.³ Ligands, (*R*)-binap, (*R*)-tol-binap, (*R*)-DM-binap, (*S*)-segphos, (*S,S*)-QuinoxP*, (*S,S*)-chiraphos, were purchased from commercial suppliers and used as received. The corresponding racemic products were prepared by using racemic binap as a ligand. Other chemicals were purchased from commercial suppliers and used as received.

3. Preparation of methylamine derivatives **1** and alkenes **2**

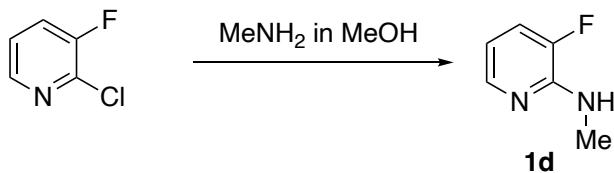
Compound **1g** (CAS: 4597-87-9) was purchased from commercial suppliers and used as received. Compounds **1a** (CAS: 103976-61-0),⁴ **1b** (CAS: 468718-67-4),⁵ **1e** (CAS: 902837-10-9),⁶ and **1f** (CAS: 156267-13-9)⁵ were prepared according to the reported procedures.

Alkenes **2x** was purchased from commercial suppliers and used as received. **2a** (CAS: 384-64-5),⁷ **2b** (CAS: 69843-09-0),⁷ **2c** (CAS: 185140-55-0),⁷ **2d** (CAS: 69843-08-9),⁷ **2e** (CAS: 1601477-35-3),⁷ **2f** (CAS: 655-29-8),⁷ **2g** (CAS: 69843-10-3),⁷ **2h** (CAS: 155855-37-1),⁷ **2i** (CAS: 946614-13-7),⁷ **2j** (CAS: 2369617-16-1),⁷ **2k** (CAS: 1261137-92-1),⁷ **2l** (CAS: 1989676-91-6),⁷ **2m** (CAS: 437552-55-1),⁷ **2n** (CAS: 185140-57-2),⁷ **2o** (CAS: 2358848-30-1),⁸ **2p** (CAS: 136476-29-4),⁷ **2q** (CAS: 1422521-62-7),⁷ **2r** (CAS: 1541177-26-7),⁷ **2s** (CAS: 2071669-70-8),⁷ **2t** (CAS: 437552-58-4),⁹ **2u** (CAS: 112298-41-6),⁹ **2v** (CAS: 1808992-30-4),¹⁰ **2w** (CAS: 1352954-05-2),¹¹ **2y** (CAS: 17498-71-4),¹² and **2z** (CAS: 1865-29-8)¹³ were prepared according to the reported procedure.

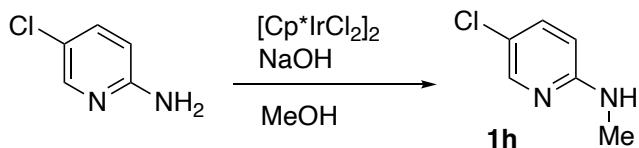
Procedures for the preparation of compounds **1c** (CAS: 1036584-14-1), **1d** (CAS: 220714-69-2), **1h** (CAS: 4214-80-6),¹⁴ **1i** (CAS: 1882650-38-5), **2n** (CAS: 185140-57-2), **2n-d₂**, and **2r-d₂** were shown below.



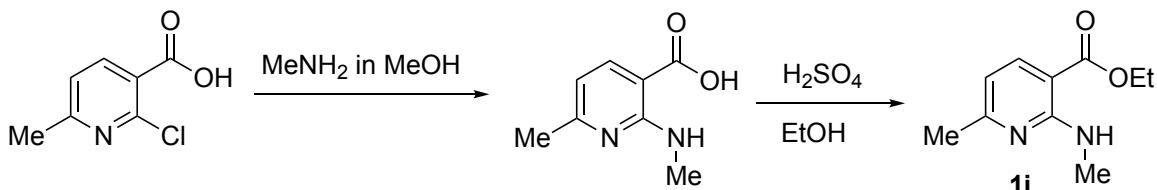
Compound 1c: To a 2-chloro-3-trifluoromethylpyridine (3.63 g, 20 mmol) in a pressure bottle with a Teflon valve was added MeNH_2 (9.8 M in MeOH , 20 mL, 200 mmol). The mixture was heated at 80 °C for 3 days with stirring. The mixture was concentrated on a rotary evaporator, and the residue was subjected to flash column chromatography on silica gel (hexane: $\text{EtOAc} = 10:1$) to give **1c** as a colorless oil (2.46 g, 70% yield). ^1H NMR (CDCl_3) δ 8.29 (d, $J = 4.8$ Hz, 1H), 7.63 (d, $J = 6.8$ Hz, 1H), 6.60 (dd, $J = 6.8, 4.8$ Hz, 1H), 4.96–4.83 (br, 1H), 3.04 (d, $J = 5.2$ Hz, 3H); ^{13}C NMR (CDCl_3) δ 155.2, 151.6, 134.8 (d, $J_{\text{F-C}} = 5$ Hz), 124.5 (q, $J_{\text{F-C}} = 271$ Hz), 111.0, 108.6 (q, $J_{\text{F-C}} = 32$ Hz), 28.5; ^{19}F NMR (CDCl_3) δ -64.0. HRMS (DART) m/z: [M + H]⁺ Calcd for $\text{C}_7\text{H}_8\text{N}_2\text{F}_3$ 177.0640; Found 177.0628.



Compound 1d: 2-Chloro-3-fluoropyridine (575 mg, 5.0 mmol) in a pressure bottle with a Teflon valve was added MeNH₂ (9.8 M in MeOH, 5.1 mL, 50 mmol). The mixture was heated at 80 °C for 3 days with stirring. The mixture was concentrated on a rotary evaporator, and the residue was subjected to flash column chromatography on silica gel (hexane: EtOAc = 2:1) to give **1d** as a colorless oil (318 mg, 50% yield). ¹H NMR (CDCl₃) δ 7.91 (d, *J* = 4.8 Hz, 1H), 7.11 (dd, *J* = 11.4, 7.8 Hz, 1H), 6.54–6.46 (m, 1H), 4.74–4.54 (br, 1H), 3.05 (d, *J* = 4.4 Hz, 3H); ¹³C NMR (CDCl₃) δ 149.3 (d, *J*_{F-C} = 11 Hz), 147.3 (d, *J*_{F-C} = 252 Hz), 142.7 (d, *J*_{F-C} = 7 Hz), 119.6 (d, *J*_{F-C} = 15 Hz), 111.4, 27.8; ¹⁹F NMR (CDCl₃) δ –141.9. HRMS (DART) m/z: [M + H]⁺ Calcd for C₆H₈N₂F₁ 127.0672; Found 127.0665.

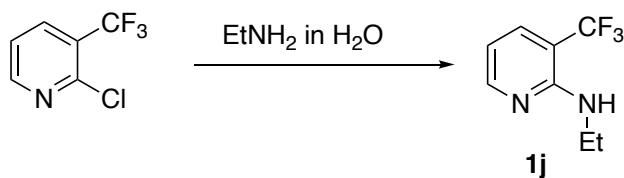


Compound 1h (CAS: 4214-80-6): A mixture of 2-amino-5-chloropyridine (257 mg, 2.0 mmol), methanol (1 mL), [Cp*IrCl₂]₂ (1.6 mg, 0.0020 mmol), and NaOH (80 mg, 2.0 mmol) in a pressure bottle with a Teflon valve was heated at 150 °C for 12 h. The mixture was concentrated on a rotary evaporator and the residue was subjected to flash column chromatography on silica gel (hexane: EtOAc = 3:1) to give **1h** as a colorless solid (223 mg, 78% yield). ¹H NMR (CDCl₃) δ 8.03 (d, *J* = 2.4 Hz, 1H), 7.38 (dd, *J* = 8.8, 2.4 Hz, 1H), 6.33 (d, *J* = 8.8 Hz, 1H), 4.63–4.49 (br, 1H), 2.90 (d, *J* = 4.8 Hz, 3H).

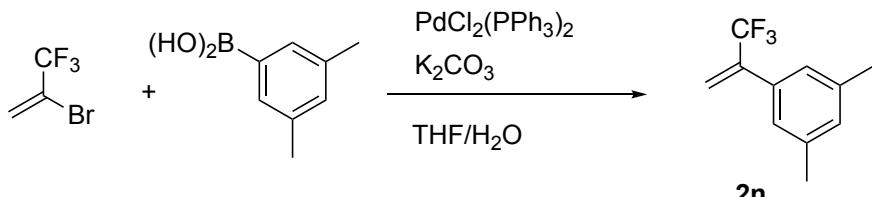


Compound 1i: To 2-chloro-6-methylnicotinic acid (858 mg, 5.0 mmol) in a pressure bottle with a Teflon valve was added MeNH₂ (9.8 M in MeOH, 5.1 mL, 50 mmol). The mixture was heated at 80 °C for 2 days with stirring, and the mixture was concentrated on a rotary evaporator. To the residue in EtOH (20 ml) was added conc. H₂SO₄ (1.4 mL) at room temperature. The mixture was stirred under reflux for 3 days. The mixture was poured into cold Na₂CO₃aq and extracted with EtOAc. The organic layer was washed with brine, dried over Na₂SO₄, filtered, and concentrated on a

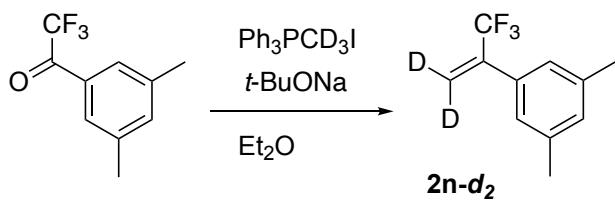
rotary evaporator. The residue was subjected to flash column chromatography on silica gel (hexane: EtOAc = 4:1) to give **1i** as a colorless solid (490 mg, 51% yield in 2 steps). ¹H NMR (CDCl₃) δ 7.98 (d, *J* = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 7.94–7.66 (br, 1H), 6.36 (d, *J* = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 4.29 (q, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 2H), 3.05 (d, *J* = 5.2 Hz, 3H), 2.42 (s, 3H), 1.36 (t, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 3H); ¹³C NMR (CDCl₃) δ 167.7, 163.4, 159.0, 139.9, 110.2, 103.1, 60.3, 27.6, 25.1, 14.3. HRMS (DART) m/z: [M + H]⁺ Calcd for C₁₀H₁₅N₂O₂ 195.1134; Found 195.1132.



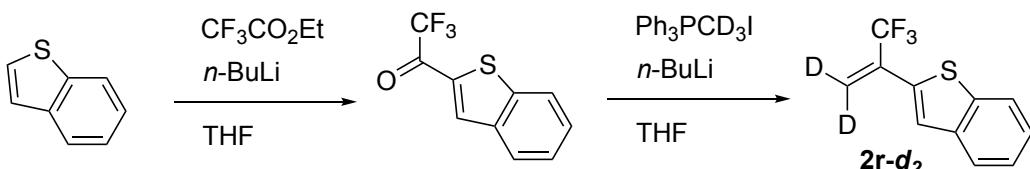
Compound 1j: To a 2-chloro-3-trifluoromethylpyridine (908 mg, 5.0 mmol) in a pressure bottle with a Teflon valve was added EtNH₂ (70% in H₂O, 3.2 mL, 50 mmol). The mixture was heated at 80 °C for 2 days with stirring. The mixture was concentrated on a rotary evaporator, and the residue was subjected to column chromatography on silica gel eluted with CH₂Cl₂ to give **1j** as a colorless oil (706 mg, 74% yield). ¹H NMR (CDCl₃) δ 8.26 (dd, *J* = 5.1, 1.2 Hz, 1H), 7.63 (dd, *J* = 6.8, 1.2 Hz, 1H), 6.59 (dd, *J* = 6.8, 5.1 Hz, 1H), 4.81 (br s, 1H), 3.52 (qd, *J* = 7.3, 5.1 Hz, 2H), 1.26 (t, *J* = 7.3 Hz, 3H); ¹³C NMR (CDCl₃) δ 154.6, 151.7, 134.9 (d, *J*_{F-C} = 5 Hz), 124.5 (q, *J*_{F-C} = 272 Hz), 111.0, 108.4 (q, *J*_{F-C} = 31 Hz), 36.3, 14.7; ¹⁹F NMR (CDCl₃) δ -64.0. HRMS (DART) m/z: [M + H]⁺ Calcd for C₈H₁₀F₃N₂ 191.0796; Found 191.0785.



Compound 2n (CAS: 185140-57-2): (3,5-Dimethylphenyl)boronic acid (1.13g, 7.5 mmol) and PdCl₂(PPh₃)₂ (158 mg, 3 mol%) were placed in a Schlenk tube under N₂. 2-Bromo-3,3,3-trifluoroprop-1-ene (2.62 g, 15 mmol) in THF (15 mL) and K₂CO₃ (4.14 g, 30 mmol) in H₂O (10 mL) were added to the tube successively, and the mixture was stirred at 60 °C for 20 h. The reaction mixture was cooled to rt and filtered through a pad of celite with Et₂O. The organic layer was separated and washed with brine. The organic layer was dried over Na₂SO₄, filtered, and concentrated on a rotary evaporator. The residue was subjected to flash column chromatography on silica gel with hexane to give **2n** as a colorless oil (725 mg, 48% yield). ¹H NMR (CDCl₃) δ 7.08 (s, 2H), 7.04 (s, 1H), 5.92 (d, *J* = 1.2 Hz, 1H), 5.74 (d, *J* = 1.2 Hz, 1H), 2.35 (s, 6H).



Compound 2n-d₂: To a solution of Ph₃PCD₃I (CAS: 1560-56-1, 449 mg, 1.1 mmol)¹⁵ in Et₂O (5 mL) was added sodium *tert*-butoxide (106 mg, 1.1 mmol) at 0 °C, and the mixture was stirred at room temperature for 30 min. After cooling the mixture to –78 °C, 1-(3,5-dimethylphenyl)-2,2,2-trifluoroethan-1-one (202 mg, 1.0 mmol)¹⁶ was added to the mixture. The reaction mixture was allowed to warm to room temperature and stirred for 20 h. The mixture was filtered and concentrated on a rotary evaporator. The residue was subjected to flash column chromatography on silica gel with hexane to give 2n-d₂ as a colorless oil (97 mg, 48% yield). Deuterium contents of 2n-d₂ was determined by ¹H NMR (1.89D/2H). ¹H NMR (CDCl₃) δ 7.08 (s, 2H), 7.04 (s, 1H), 5.69–5.58 (m, 0.11H), 2.35 (s, 6H).



Compound 2r-d₂: To a solution of benzothiophene (1.34 g, 10 mmol) in THF (20 mL) was added dropwise *n*-BuLi (1.6 M in THF, 7.5 ml, 12 mmol) at –78 °C and the mixture was stirred at the same temperature for 90 min. Then, ethyl trifluoroacetate (2.13 g, 15 mmol) was added to the mixture, and the resulting mixture was allowed to warm to room temperature and stirred for 2 h. Saturated NH₄Cl solution was added to the mixture at 0 °C, and the resulting mixture was extracted with EtOAc. The organic layer was washed with brine, dried over Na₂SO₄, filtered, and concentrated on a rotary evaporator. The residue was subjected to flash column chromatography on silica gel (hexane: EtOAc = 40:1) to give 2-benzothienyl trifluoromethyl ketone (1.51 g, 66% yield). To a solution of Ph₃PCD₃I (CAS: 1560-56-1, 470 mg, 1.15 mmol)¹⁵ in THF (5 mL) was added *n*-BuLi (0.73 ml, 1.6 M in THF, 1.2 mmol) at –78 °C, and the mixture was stirred at the same temperature for 90 min. Then, 2-benzothienyl trifluoromethyl ketone (265 mg, 1.15 mmol) was added to the mixture, and the resulting mixture was allowed to warm to room temperature and stirred for 2 h. Saturated NH₄Cl solution was added to the mixture at 0 °C, and the resulting mixture was extracted with EtOAc. The organic layer was washed with brine, dried over Na₂SO₄, filtered, and concentrated on a rotary evaporator. The residue was subjected to flash column chromatography on silica gel with hexane to give 2r-d₂ as a colorless oil (1.11 g, 73% yield). Deuterium contents of 2r-d₂ was determined by ¹H NMR (1.96D / 2H). ¹H NMR (CDCl₃) δ 7.82–7.74 (m, 2H), 7.28 (d, *J* = 0.8 Hz, 1H), 7.40–7.34 (m, 2H), 5.95–5.90 (m, 0.04H).

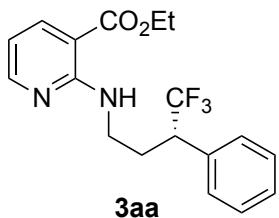
4. General procedure for Table 1

3-Ethoxycarbonyl-2-(methylamino)pyridine (**1a**: 18.0 mg, 0.10 mmol), $[\text{IrCl}(\text{cod})]_2$ (1.7 mg, 0.0025 mmol, 5 mol% of Ir), a ligand (0.0060 mmol, 6 mol%), and $\text{NaBAr}^{\text{F}_4}$ (9.2 mg, 0.010 mmol, 10 mol%) were placed in a Schlenk tube under N_2 . Toluene (0.4 mL) and α -trifluoromethylstyrene (**2a**, 16.1 mg, 0.30 mmol) were added to the mixture successively, and the mixture was stirred at 80 °C for 48 h. The mixture was concentrated on a rotary evaporator, and the residue was subjected to preparative TLC on silica gel (hexane/ CHCl_3 = 2:3) to give **3aa**.

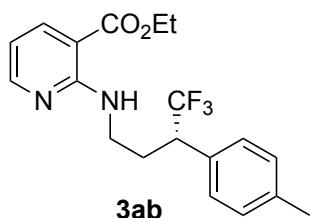
5. General procedure for Schemes 2 and 3

Methylamine derivatives **1** (0.10 mmol), $[\text{IrCl}(\text{cod})]_2$ (1.7 mg, 0.0025 mmol, 5 mol% of Ir), (*R*)-tol-binap (0.0060 mmol, 6 mol%), and $\text{NaBAr}^{\text{F}_4}$ (9.2 mg, 0.010 mmol, 10 mol%) were placed in a Schlenk tube under N_2 . Toluene (0.4 mL) and alkene **2** (0.30 mmol) were added to the mixture successively, and the mixture was stirred at 80 °C for 48 h. The solvent was removed on a rotary evaporator, and the residue was subjected to preparative TLC on silica gel to give **3**. The absolute configuration of **3aa** was determined to be (*S*)-(+) by correlation with compound **5** (see, S-25). The absolute configurations of other compounds were assigned by analogy with (*S*)-**3aa**.

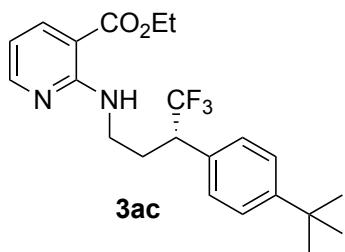
6. Characterization of the products



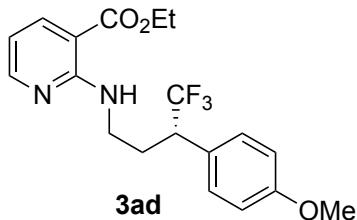
Compound 3aa (Table 1, entry 2; colorless oil, 33.0 mg, 94% yield, 88% ee; entry 11, 731 mg, 99% yield, 88% ee). A solution of hexane/CHCl₃ (2:3) was used as an eluent for preparative TLC. The ee was measured by HPLC (Chiralcel OD-H, hexane/2-propanol = 200:1, flow 0.5 mL/min, 254 nm, t₁ = 15.6 min (major), t₂ = 17.8 min (minor)); [α]²⁰_D +67.5 (*c* 1.08, CHCl₃) for 88% ee (*S*). ¹H NMR (CDCl₃) δ 8.23 (dd, *J* = 6.0, 1.8 Hz, 1H), 8.10 (dd, *J* = 11.6, 1.8 Hz, 1H), 8.20–7.90 (br, 1H), 7.39–7.30 (m, 5H), 6.52 (dd, *J* = 11.6, 6.0 Hz, 1H), 4.32 (q, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 2H), 3.56–3.45 (m, 1H), 3.45–3.28 (m, 2H), 2.49–2.39 (m, 1H), 2.24–2.14 (m, 1H), 1.38 (t, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 3H); ¹³C NMR (CDCl₃) δ 167.5, 158.5, 153.4, 139.9, 134.2, 129.1, 128.7, 128.2, 126.9 (q, *J* = 280 Hz), 111.1, 106.2, 60.8, 47.8 (q, *J* = 27 Hz), 38.0, 28.6, 14.3; ¹⁹F NMR (CDCl₃) δ –69.6. HRMS (DART) m/z: [M + H]⁺ Calcd for C₁₈H₂₀F₃N₂O₂ 353.1477; Found 353.1478.



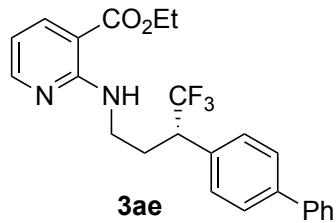
Compound 3ab (Scheme 2; colorless oil, 35.6 mg, 97% yield, 91% ee). A solution of hexane/CHCl₃ (2:3) was used as an eluent for preparative TLC. The ee was measured by HPLC (Chiralpak IC, hexane/EtOH = 500:1, flow 0.5 mL/min, 254 nm, t₁ = 19.9 min (minor), t₂ = 21.4 min (major)); [α]²⁰_D +79.6 (*c* 0.98, CHCl₃) for 91% ee (*S*). ¹H NMR (CDCl₃) δ 8.23 (dd, *J* = 4.6, 1.8 Hz, 1H), 8.10 (dd, *J* = 7.8, 1.8 Hz, 1H), 7.98–7.92 (br, 1H), 7.22 (d, *J* = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 7.16 (d, *J* = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 6.51 (dd, *J* = 7.8, 4.6 Hz, 1H), 4.32 (q, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 2H), 3.56–3.45 (m, 1H), 3.44–3.29 (m, 2H), 2.46–2.37 (m, 1H), 2.35 (s, 3H), 2.22–2.11 (m, 1H), 1.38 (t, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 3H); ¹³C NMR (CDCl₃) δ 167.5, 158.5, 153.4, 139.9, 138.0, 131.1, 129.4, 128.9, 127.0 (q, *J* = 279 Hz), 111.1, 106.2, 60.8, 47.8 (q, *J* = 27 Hz), 38.0, 28.6, 21.1, 14.3. HRMS (DART) m/z: [M + H]⁺ Calcd for C₁₉H₂₂F₃N₂O₂ 367.1633; Found 367.1640.



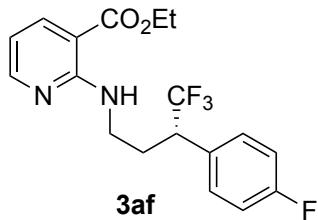
Compound 3ac (Scheme 2; colorless oil, 37.5 mg, 92% yield, 87% ee). A solution of hexane/CHCl₃ (2:3) was used as an eluent for preparative TLC. The ee was measured by HPLC (Chiralpak AD-H, hexane/2-propanol = 200:1, flow 0.5 mL/min, 254 nm, t₁ = 10.4 min (minor), t₂ = 11.1 min (major)); [α]²⁰_D +74.8 (*c* 0.99, CHCl₃) for 87% ee (*S*). ¹H NMR (CDCl₃) δ 8.23 (dd, *J* = 4.8, 2.0 Hz, 1H), 8.10 (dd, *J* = 7.4, 2.0 Hz, 1H), 8.20–7.93 (br, 1H), 7.36 (d, *J* = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 7.25 (d, *J* = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 6.51 (dd, *J* = 7.4, 4.8 Hz, 1H), 4.32 (q, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 2H), 3.57–3.46 (m, 1H), 3.44–3.29 (m, 2H), 2.48–2.38 (m, 1H), 2.23–2.12 (m, 1H), 1.38 (t, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 3H), 1.32 (s, 9H); ¹³C NMR (CDCl₃) δ 167.5, 158.5, 153.4, 151.0, 139.9, 131.1, 128.7, 127.0 (q, *J* = 285 Hz), 125.6, 111.0, 106.2, 60.7, 47.3 (q, *J* = 27 Hz), 38.1, 34.5, 31.3, 28.6, 14.2. HRMS (DART) m/z: [M + H]⁺ Calcd for C₂₂H₂₈F₃N₂O₂ 409.2103; Found 409.2099.



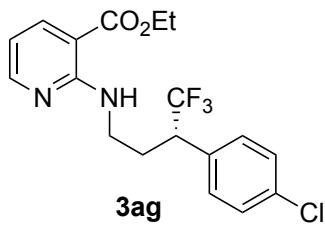
Compound 3ad (Scheme 2; colorless oil, 34.5 mg, 90% yield, 81% ee). A solution of hexane/EtOAc (10:1) was used as an eluent for preparative TLC. The ee was measured by HPLC (Chiralcel OJ-H, hexane/2-propanol = 9:1, flow 0.5 mL/min, 254 nm, t₁ = 14.3 min (major), t₂ = 16.5 min (minor)); [α]²⁰_D +77.7 (*c* 0.87, CHCl₃) for 81% ee (*S*). ¹H NMR (CDCl₃) δ 8.23 (dd, *J* = 4.8, 1.6 Hz, 1H), 8.11 (dd, *J* = 7.4, 1.6 Hz, 1H), 8.03–7.90 (br, 1H), 7.24 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 6.89 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 6.53 (dd, *J* = 7.4, 4.8 Hz, 1H), 4.32 (q, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 2H), 3.81 (s, 3H), 3.56–3.46 (m, 1H), 3.41–3.27 (m, 2H), 2.46–2.35 (m, 1H), 2.20–2.08 (m, 1H), 1.38 (t, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 3H); ¹³C NMR (CDCl₃) δ 167.5, 159.4, 158.4, 153.3, 139.9, 130.1, 127.2 (q, *J* = 237 Hz), 126.0, 114.1, 111.1, 106.2, 60.8, 55.2, 47.0 (q, *J* = 27 Hz), 38.0, 28.5, 14.3. HRMS (DART) m/z: [M + H]⁺ Calcd for C₁₉H₂₂F₃N₂O₃ 383.1583; Found 383.1579.



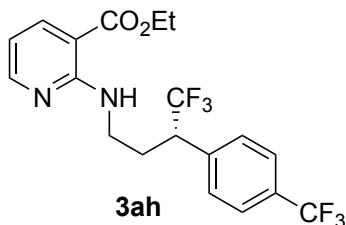
Compound 3ae (Scheme 2; pale yellow oil, 37.0 mg, 86% yield, 87% ee). A solution of hexane/EtOAc (4:1) was used as an eluent for preparative TLC. The ee was measured by HPLC (Chiralcel OD-H, hexane/2-propanol = 200:1, flow 0.5 mL/min, 254 nm, t_1 = 18.7 min (minor), t_2 = 23.2 min (major)); $[\alpha]^{20}_D +84.7$ (c 1.02, CHCl₃) for 87% ee (*S*). ¹H NMR (CDCl₃) δ 8.24 (dd, J = 4.6, 2.0 Hz, 1H), 8.10 (dd, J = 7.8, 2.0 Hz, 1H), 8.03–7.94 (br, 1H), 7.61–7.55 (m, 4H), 7.47–7.33 (m, 5H), 6.53 (dd, J = 7.8, 4.6 Hz, 1H), 4.30 (q, J = 7.2 Hz, 2H), 3.62–3.51 (m, 1H), 3.50–3.36 (m, 2H), 2.51–2.42 (m, 1H), 2.30–2.19 (m, 1H), 1.36 (t, J = 7.2 Hz, 3H); ¹³C NMR (CDCl₃) δ 167.5, 158.5, 153.4, 141.1, 140.5, 139.9, 133.2, 129.5, 128.8, 127.4, 127.1, 126.9 (q, J = 280 Hz), 111.1, 106.2, 60.8, 47.6 (q, J = 27 Hz), 38.1, 28.6, 14.2. HRMS (DART) m/z: [M + H]⁺ Calcd for C₂₄H₂₄F₃N₂O₂ 429.1790; Found 429.1801.



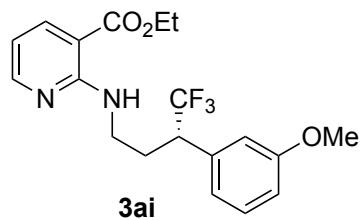
Compound 3af (Scheme 2; colorless solid, 35.5 mg, 95% yield, 87% ee). A solution of hexane/CHCl₃ (2:3) was used as an eluent for preparative TLC. The ee was measured by HPLC (Chiralcel OD-H, hexane/2-propanol = 200:1, flow 0.5 mL/min, 254 nm, t_1 = 14.1 min (minor), t_2 = 16.9 min (major)); $[\alpha]^{20}_D +52.7$ (c 0.98, CHCl₃) for 87% ee (*S*). ¹H NMR (CDCl₃) δ 8.22 (dd, J = 5.2, 2.0 Hz, 1H), 8.10 (dd, J = 7.6, 2.0 Hz, 1H), 7.97–7.88 (br, 1H), 7.29 (dd, J = 8.4, 5.2 Hz, 2H), 7.04 (t, J = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 6.52 (dd, J = 7.6, 5.2 Hz, 1H), 4.32 (q, J = 7.2 Hz, 2H), 3.56–3.46 (m, 1H), 3.46–3.29 (m, 2H), 2.46–2.37 (m, 1H), 2.21–2.11 (m, 1H), 1.38 (t, J = 7.2 Hz, 3H); ¹³C NMR (CDCl₃) δ 167.5, 162.6 (d, J = 247 Hz), 158.4, 153.4, 139.9, 130.7 (d, J = 7.7 Hz), 130.0, 126.7 (q, J = 280 Hz), 115.7 (d, J = 22 Hz), 111.2, 106.2, 60.8, 47.2 (q, J = 27 Hz), 37.9, 28.6, 14.2; ¹⁹F NMR (CDCl₃) δ -70.0, -114.0. HRMS (DART) m/z: [M + H]⁺ Calcd for C₁₈H₁₉F₄N₂O₂ 371.1383; Found 371.1378.



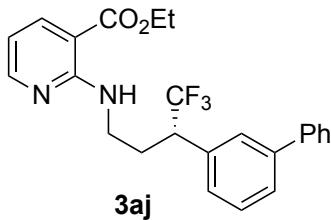
Compound 3ag (Scheme 2; colorless oil, 37.1 mg, 96% yield, 86% ee). A solution of hexane/CHCl₃ (2:3) was used as an eluent for preparative TLC. The ee was measured by HPLC (Chiralcel OD-H, hexane/2-propanol = 200:1, flow 0.5 mL/min, 254 nm, t₁ = 14.0 min (minor), t₂ = 16.2 min (major)); [α]²⁰_D +79.4 (*c* 1.07, CHCl₃) for 86% ee (*S*). ¹H NMR (CDCl₃) δ 8.22 (dd, *J* = 4.6, 2.2 Hz, 1H), 8.10 (dd, *J* = 7.8, 2.2 Hz, 1H), 7.96–7.85 (br, 1H), 7.32 (d, *J* = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 7.25 (d, *J* = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 6.52 (dd, *J* = 7.8, 4.6 Hz, 1H), 4.32 (q, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 2H), 3.57–3.47 (m, 1H), 3.46–3.30 (m, 2H), 2.46–2.36 (m, 1H), 2.23–2.12 (m, 1H), 1.38 (t, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 3H); ¹³C NMR (CDCl₃) δ 167.5, 158.4, 153.4, 139.9, 134.2, 132.7, 130.4, 128.9, 126.6 (q, *J* = 278 Hz), 111.2, 106.2, 60.8, 47.4 (q, *J* = 26 Hz), 37.9, 28.5, 14.3. HRMS (DART) m/z: [M + H]⁺ Calcd for C₁₈H₁₉³⁵ClF₃N₂O₂ 387.1087; Found 387.1081.



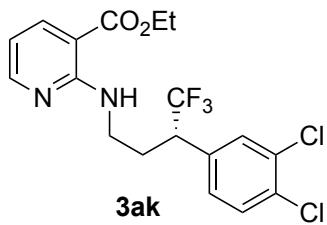
Compound 3ah (Scheme 2; colorless oil, 37.6 mg, 89% yield, 78% ee). A solution of hexane/CHCl₃ (2:3) was used as an eluent for preparative TLC. The ee was measured by HPLC (Chiralcel OD-H, hexane/2-propanol = 200:1, flow 0.5 mL/min, 254 nm, t₁ = 13.5 min (minor), t₂ = 16.7 min (major)); [α]²⁰_D +50.4 (*c* 1.05, CHCl₃) for 78% ee (*S*). ¹H NMR (CDCl₃) δ 8.21 (dd, *J* = 4.6, 2.0 Hz, 1H), 8.09 (dd, *J* = 7.6, 2.0 Hz, 1H), 7.99–7.90 (br, 1H), 7.59 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 7.44 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 6.53 (dd, *J* = 7.6, 4.6 Hz, 1H), 4.31 (q, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 2H), 3.58–3.45 (m, 2H), 3.43–3.32 (m, 1H), 2.49–2.40 (m, 1H), 2.30–2.19 (m, 1H), 1.38 (t, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 3H); ¹³C NMR (CDCl₃) δ 167.5, 158.3, 153.3, 140.0, 138.4, 130.5 (q, *J* = 33 Hz), 129.5, 126.6 (q, *J* = 265 Hz), 125.6, 123.9 (q, *J* = 256 Hz), 111.3, 106.3, 60.8, 47.9 (q, *J* = 28 Hz), 37.9, 28.5, 14.2; ¹⁹F NMR (CDCl₃) δ -62.7, -69.5. HRMS (DART) m/z: [M + H]⁺ Calcd for C₁₉H₁₉F₆N₂O₂ 421.1351; Found 421.1345.



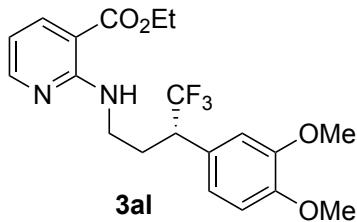
Compound 3ai (Scheme 2; colorless oil, 36.8 mg, 96% yield, 86% ee). A solution of hexane/EtOAc (10:1) was used as an eluent for preparative TLC. The ee was measured by HPLC (Chiralpak AD-H, hexane/2-propanol = 200:1, flow 0.5 mL/min, 254 nm, t_1 = 20.0 min (minor), t_2 = 21.7 min (major)); $[\alpha]^{20}_D +82.4$ (c 0.37, CHCl₃) for 86% ee (*S*). ¹H NMR (CDCl₃) δ 8.22 (dd, J = 4.6, 2.2 Hz, 1H), 8.09 (dd, J = 7.6, 2.2 Hz, 1H), 8.01–7.91 (br, 1H), 7.26 (dd, J = 9.4, 6.0 Hz, 1H), 6.91 (d, J = 9.4 Hz, 1H), 6.86 (s, 1H), 6.85 (d, J = 6.0 Hz, 1H), 6.51 (dd, J = 7.6, 4.6 Hz, 1H), 4.31 (q, J = 7.2 Hz, 2H), 3.80 (s, 3H), 3.56–3.47 (m, 1H), 3.43–3.28 (m, 2H), 2.45–2.36 (m, 1H), 2.21–2.11 (m, 1H), 1.37 (t, J = 7.2 Hz, 3H); ¹³C NMR (CDCl₃) δ 167.5, 159.7, 158.5, 153.4, 139.9, 135.7, 129.7, 127.0 (q, J = 281 Hz), 121.4, 114.8, 113.6, 111.1, 106.2, 60.8, 55.2, 47.9 (q, J = 27 Hz), 38.0, 28.6, 14.3. HRMS (DART) m/z: [M + H]⁺ Calcd for C₁₉H₂₂F₃N₂O₃ 383.1583; Found 383.1589.



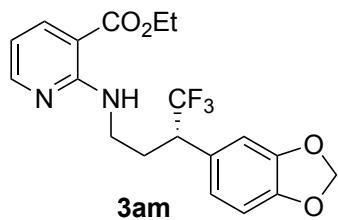
Compound 3aj (Scheme 2; colorless oil, 35.6 mg, 83% yield, 88% ee). A solution of hexane/CHCl₃ (2:3) was used as an eluent for preparative TLC. The ee was measured by HPLC (Chiralcel OD-H, hexane/2-propanol = 200:1, flow 1.0 mL/min, 254 nm, t_1 = 9.1 min (major), t_2 = 17.9 min (minor)); $[\alpha]^{20}_D +79.4$ (c 1.09, CHCl₃) for 88% ee (*S*). ¹H NMR (CDCl₃) δ 8.22 (dd, J = 4.6, 1.8 Hz, 1H), 8.10 (dd, J = 7.8, 1.8 Hz, 1H), 8.06–7.98 (br, 1H), 7.61 (d, J = 7.8 Hz, 2H), 7.57 (d, J = 7.8 Hz, 2H), 7.48–7.42 (m, 3H), 7.37 (t, J = 7.8 Hz, 1H), 7.33 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 6.51 (dd, J = 7.8, 4.6 Hz, 1H), 4.32 (q, J = 7.0 Hz, 2H), 3.64–3.54 (m, 1H), 3.54–3.46 (m, 1H), 3.45–3.34 (m, 1H), 2.53–2.42 (m, 1H), 2.34–2.22 (m, 1H), 1.38 (t, J = 7.0 Hz, 3H); ¹³C NMR (CDCl₃) δ 167.5, 158.5, 153.4, 141.7, 140.7, 139.9, 134.7, 129.1, 128.7, 128.1, 127.9, 127.4, 127.3, 127.1, 127.0 (q, J = 280 Hz), 111.1, 106.2, 60.8, 47.9 (q, J = 27 Hz), 38.0, 28.5, 14.3. HRMS (DART) m/z: [M + H]⁺ Calcd for C₂₄H₂₄F₃N₂O₂ 429.1790; Found 429.1787.



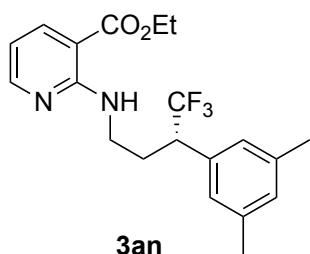
Compound 3ak (Scheme 2; pale yellow oil, 38.5 mg, 89% yield, 82% ee). A solution of hexane/CHCl₃ (2:3) was used as an eluent for preparative TLC. The ee was measured by HPLC (Chiralcel OD-Hx2, hexane/2-propanol = 100:1, flow 0.5 mL/min, 254 nm, t₁ = 36.0 min (minor), t₂ = 45.1 min (major)); [α]²⁰_D +52.2 (*c* 0.98, CHCl₃) for 82% ee (*S*). ¹H NMR (CDCl₃) δ 8.23 (dd, *J* = 4.8, 2.0 Hz, 1H), 8.09 (dd, *J* = 7.8, 2.0 Hz, 1H), 7.96–7.87 (br, 1H), 7.41 (s, 1H), 7.40 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 7.15 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 6.53 (dd, *J* = 7.8, 4.8 Hz, 1H), 4.31 (q, *J* = 7.1 Hz, 2H), 3.57–3.48 (m, 1H), 3.45–3.32 (m, 2H), 2.43–2.33 (m, 1H), 2.25–2.14 (m, 1H), 1.38 (t, *J* = 7.1 Hz, 3H); ¹³C NMR (CDCl₃) δ 167.5, 158.4, 153.3, 139.9, 134.5, 132.8, 132.5, 131.1, 130.5, 128.5, 126.4 (q, *J* = 279 Hz), 111.4, 106.2, 60.8, 47.3 (q, *J* = 27 Hz), 37.8, 28.4, 14.2. HRMS (DART) m/z: [M + H]⁺ Calcd for C₁₈H₁₈F₃N₂O₂Cl₂ 421.0697; Found 421.0697.



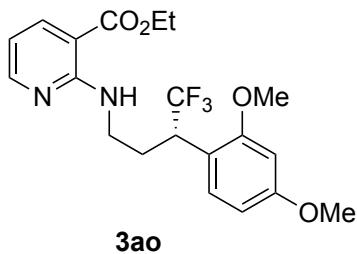
Compound 3al (Scheme 2; colorless solid, 37.0 mg, 90% yield, 87% ee). A solution of hexane/EtOAc (4:1) was used as an eluent for preparative TLC. The ee was measured by HPLC (Chiralcel OJ-H, hexane/2-propanol = 9:1, flow 0.5 mL/min, 254 nm, t₁ = 17.9 min (major), t₂ = 22.9 min (minor)); [α]²⁰_D +80.9 (*c* 1.24, CHCl₃) for 87% ee (*S*). ¹H NMR (CDCl₃) δ 8.23 (dd, *J* = 4.8, 2.0 Hz, 1H), 8.10 (dd, *J* = 8.0, 2.0 Hz, 1H), 8.02–7.91 (br, 1H), 6.88 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 6.84 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 6.82 (s, 1H), 6.52 (dd, *J* = 8.0, 4.8 Hz, 1H), 4.31 (q, *J* = 7.0 Hz, 2H), 3.88 (s, 3H), 3.87 (s, 3H), 3.61–3.50 (m, 1H), 3.41–3.27 (m, 2H), 2.45–2.34 (m, 1H), 2.20–2.09 (m, 1H), 1.38 (t, *J* = 7.0 Hz, 3H); ¹³C NMR (CDCl₃) δ 167.5, 158.4, 153.4, 149.0, 148.9, 139.9, 127.0 (q, *J* = 280 Hz), 126.5, 121.4, 111.9, 111.14, 111.05, 106.2, 60.7, 55.8, 47.4 (q, *J* = 27 Hz), 37.9, 28.5, 14.2. HRMS (DART) m/z: [M + H]⁺ Calcd for C₂₀H₂₄F₃N₂O₄ 413.1688; Found 413.1697.



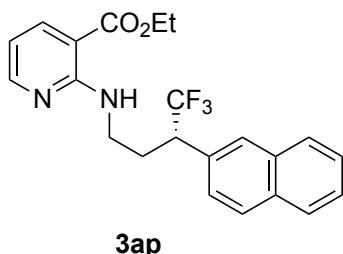
Compound 3am (Scheme 2; pale yellow oil, 38.8 mg, 98% yield, 88% ee). A solution of hexane/EtOAc (10:1) was used as an eluent for preparative TLC. The ee was measured by HPLC (Chiralcel OD-H, hexane/2-propanol = 200:1, flow 0.5 mL/min, 254 nm, t_1 = 21.5 min (minor), t_2 = 24.2 min (major)); $[\alpha]^{20}_D +82.3$ (c 1.40, CHCl₃) for 88% ee (*S*). ¹H NMR (CDCl₃) δ 8.23 (dd, J = 5.0, 2.0 Hz, 1H), 8.10 (dd, J = 7.8, 1.8 Hz, 1H), 7.99–7.90 (m, 1H), 6.82 (s, 1H), 6.77 (s, 2H), 6.52 (dd, J = 7.8, 5.0 Hz, 1H), 5.96 (s, 2H), 4.32 (q, J = 7.2 Hz, 2H), 3.57–3.47 (m, 1H), 3.40–3.27 (m, 2H), 2.43–2.33 (m, 1H), 2.16–2.04 (m, 1H), 1.38 (t, J = 7.2 Hz, 3H); ¹³C NMR (CDCl₃) δ 167.5, 158.5, 153.4, 148.0, 147.5, 139.9, 127.7, 126.8 (q, J = 279 Hz), 123.0, 111.1, 108.9, 108.3, 106.2, 101.2, 60.8, 47.5 (q, J = 27 Hz), 37.9, 28.6, 14.2. HRMS (DART) m/z: [M + H]⁺ Calcd for C₁₉H₂₀F₃N₂O₄ 397.1375; Found 397.1370.



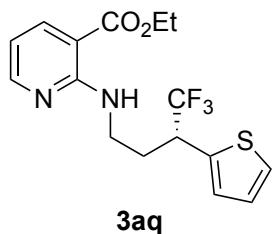
Compound 3an (Scheme 2; colorless oil, 35.0 mg, 92% yield, 88% ee). A solution of hexane/CHCl₃ (2:3) was used as an eluent for preparative TLC. The ee was measured by HPLC (Chiralcel OD-H, hexane/2-propanol = 200:1, flow 0.5 mL/min, 254 nm, t_1 = 9.8 min (minor), t_2 = 11.3 min (major)); $[\alpha]^{20}_D +66.5$ (c 1.02, CHCl₃) for 88% ee (*S*). ¹H NMR (CDCl₃) δ 8.23 (dd, J = 4.8, 2.0 Hz, 1H), 8.10 (dd, J = 7.6, 2.0 Hz, 1H), 7.99–7.92 (br, 1H), 6.95 (s, 1H), 6.92 (s, 2H), 6.51 (dd, J = 7.6, 4.8 Hz, 1H), 4.32 (q, J = 7.1 Hz, 2H), 3.53–3.43 (m, 1H), 3.42–3.26 (m, 2H), 2.47–2.34 (m, 1H), 2.31 (s, 6H), 2.22–2.12 (m, 1H), 1.38 (t, J = 7.1 Hz, 3H); ¹³C NMR (CDCl₃) δ 167.5, 158.5, 153.4, 139.9, 138.1, 134.0, 129.9, 127.0 (q, J = 279 Hz), 126.9, 111.0, 106.2, 60.7, 47.8 (q, J = 27 Hz), 38.1, 28.6, 21.3, 14.3. HRMS (DART) m/z: [M + H]⁺ Calcd for C₂₀H₂₄F₃N₂O₂ 381.1790; Found 381.1794.



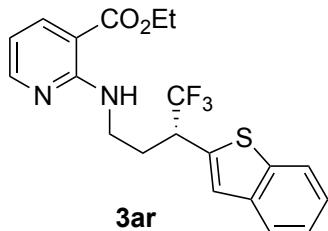
Compound 3ao (Scheme 2; colorless solid, 30.6 mg, 74% yield, 82% ee). A solution of hexane/EtOAc (10:1) was used as an eluent for preparative TLC. The ee was measured by HPLC (Chiralcel OD-H, hexane/2-propanol = 200:1, flow 0.5 mL/min, 254 nm, t_1 = 23.4 min (minor), t_2 = 32.4 min (major)); $[\alpha]^{20}_D +62.8$ (c 0.95, CHCl₃) for 82% ee (*S*). ¹H NMR (CDCl₃) δ 8.22 (dd, J = 4.8, 2.0 Hz, 1H), 8.09 (dd, J = 7.6, 2.0 Hz, 1H), 8.02–7.95 (br, 1H), 7.25 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 6.51–6.46 (m, 2H), 6.45 (d, J = 2.8 Hz, 1H), 4.31 (q, J = 7.2 Hz, 2H), 4.13–4.01 (m, 1H), 3.80 (s, 3H), 3.79 (s, 3H), 3.63–3.51 (m, 1H), 3.30–3.19 (m, 1H), 2.41–2.31 (m, 1H), 2.09–1.99 (m, 1H), 1.37 (t, J = 7.2 Hz, 3H); ¹³C NMR (CDCl₃) δ 167.3, 160.3, 158.9, 158.4, 153.3, 139.9, 128.7, 127.4 (q, J = 280 Hz), 115.1, 110.8, 106.1, 104.6, 98.4, 60.7, 55.5, 55.3, 37.8, 37.7 (q, J = 19 Hz), 28.7, 14.3. HRMS (DART) m/z: [M + H]⁺ Calcd for C₂₀H₂₄F₃N₂O₄ 413.1688; Found 413.1688.



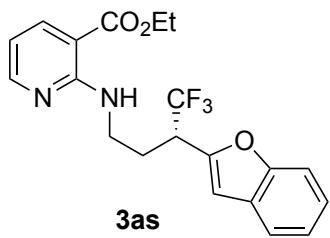
Compound 3ap (Scheme 2; pale yellow oil, 37.5 mg, 93% yield, 87% ee). A solution of hexane/EtOAc (10:1) was used as an eluent for preparative TLC. The ee was measured by HPLC (Chiralcel OD-H, hexane/2-propanol = 200:1, flow 0.5 mL/min, 254 nm, t_1 = 19.7 min (major), t_2 = 24.7 min (minor)); $[\alpha]^{20}_D +90.2$ (c 0.82, CHCl₃) for 87% ee (*S*). ¹H NMR (CDCl₃) δ 8.22 (dd, J = 4.4, 2.0 Hz, 1H), 8.09 (dd, J = 8.0, 2.0 Hz, 1H), 8.01–7.95 (br, 1H), 7.90–7.77 (m, 4H), 7.56–7.42 (m, 3H), 6.51 (dd, J = 8.0, 4.4 Hz, 1H), 4.28 (q, J = 7.2 Hz, 2H), 3.67–3.50 (m, 2H), 3.45–3.35 (m, 1H), 2.58–2.46 (m, 1H), 2.41–2.29 (m, 1H), 1.37 (t, J = 7.2 Hz, 3H); ¹³C NMR (CDCl₃) δ 167.4, 158.4, 153.4, 139.8, 133.2, 133.1, 131.6, 128.8, 128.44, 128.38, 127.9, 127.6, 127.0 (q, J = 280 Hz), 126.24, 126.17, 111.1, 106.2, 60.7, 148.1 (q, J = 27 Hz), 38.1, 28.6, 14.2. HRMS (DART) m/z: [M + H]⁺ Calcd for C₂₂H₂₂F₃N₂O₂ 403.1633; Found 403.1638.



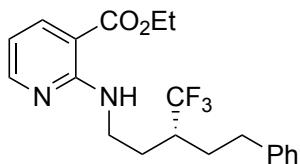
Compound 3aq (Scheme 2; colorless solid, 33.9 mg, 95% yield, 98% ee). A solution of hexane/CHCl₃ (2:3) was used as an eluent for preparative TLC. The ee was measured by HPLC (Chiralcel OJ-H, hexane/2-propanol = 9:1, flow 0.5 mL/min, 254 nm, t₁ = 12.3 min (major), t₂ = 13.8 min (minor)); [α]²⁰_D +92.5 (*c* 0.91, CHCl₃) for 98% ee (*R*). ¹H NMR (CDCl₃) δ 8.25 (dd, *J* = 4.8, 2.0 Hz, 1H), 8.11 (dd, *J* = 7.8, 2.0 Hz, 1H), 8.04–7.95 (br, 1H), 7.30 (d, *J* = 5.4 Hz, 1H), 7.07 (d, *J* = 3.2 Hz, 1H), 7.01 (dd, *J* = 5.4, 3.2 Hz, 1H), 6.53 (dd, *J* = 7.8, 4.8 Hz, 1H), 4.33 (q, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 2H), 3.81–3.69 (m, 1H), 3.64–3.55 (m, 1H), 3.44–3.35 (m, 1H), 2.52–2.43 (m, 1H), 2.16–2.05 (m, 1H), 1.38 (t, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 3H); ¹³C NMR (CDCl₃) δ 167.5, 158.5, 153.4, 139.9, 136.1, 127.8, 127.0 (q, *J* = 279 Hz), 126.9, 125.7, 111.2, 106.3, 60.8, 43.2 (q, *J* = 28 Hz), 37.9, 30.0, 14.3. HRMS (DART) m/z: [M + H]⁺ Calcd for C₁₆H₁₈F₃N₂O₂S 359.1041; Found 359.1047.



Compound 3ar (Scheme 2; pale yellow oil, 23.9 mg, 59% yield, 96% ee). A solution of hexane/CHCl₃ (2:3) was used as an eluent for preparative TLC. The ee was measured by HPLC (Chiralcel OJ-H, hexane/2-propanol = 9:1, flow 0.5 mL/min, 254 nm, t₁ = 15.2 min (major), t₂ = 18.5 min (minor)); [α]²⁰_D +123.1 (*c* 1.04, CHCl₃) for 96% ee (*R*). ¹H NMR (CDCl₃) δ 8.24 (dd, *J* = 4.6, 1.8 Hz, 1H), 8.10 (dd, *J* = 7.8, 1.8 Hz, 1H), 8.06–7.98 (br, 1H), 7.81 (dd, *J* = 6.8, 2.0 Hz, 1H), 7.75 (dd, *J* = 6.8, 2.4 Hz, 1H), 7.38–7.31 (m, 2H), 7.30 (s, 1H), 6.53 (dd, *J* = 7.8, 4.6 Hz, 1H), 4.29 (q, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 2H), 3.88–3.77 (m, 1H), 3.70–3.61 (m, 1H), 3.52–3.42 (m, 1H), 2.56–2.47 (m, 1H), 2.25–2.15 (m, 1H), 1.37 (t, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 3H); ¹³C NMR (CDCl₃) δ 167.5, 158.5, 153.4, 139.9, 139.8, 139.2, 137.0, 126.1 (q, *J* = 280 Hz), 124.9, 124.5, 124.4, 123.6, 122.2, 111.3, 106.3, 60.8, 44.2 (q, *J* = 29 Hz), 37.9, 29.7, 14.2. HRMS (DART) m/z: [M + H]⁺ Calcd for C₂₀H₂₀F₃N₂O₂S 409.1198; Found 409.1191.

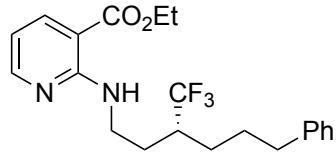


Compound 3as (Scheme 2; pale yellow oil, 24.6 mg, 63% yield, 90% ee). A solution of hexane/CHCl₃ (2:3) was used as an eluent for preparative TLC. The ee was measured by HPLC (Chiralcel OJ-H, hexane/2-propanol = 9:1, flow 0.5 mL/min, 254 nm, t₁ = 11.9 min (major), t₂ = 14.6 min (minor)); [α]²⁰_D +108.1 (*c* 0.98, CHCl₃) for 90% ee (*S*). ¹H NMR (CDCl₃) δ 8.23 (dd, *J* = 4.8, 2.0 Hz, 1H), 8.08 (dd, *J* = 7.8, 2.0 Hz, 1H), 8.06–7.97 (br, 1H), 7.54 (d, *J* = 6.8 Hz, 1H), 7.46 (d, *J* = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 7.29 (td, *J* = 8.4, 1.5 Hz, 1H), 7.22 (td, *J* = 6.8, 1.5 Hz, 1H), 6.74 (s, 1H), 6.52 (dd, *J* = 7.8, 4.8 Hz, 1H), 4.27 (q, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 2H), 3.79–3.61 (m, 2H), 3.55–3.45 (m, 1H), 2.48–2.32 (m, 2H), 1.36 (t, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 3H); ¹³C NMR (CDCl₃) δ 167.4, 158.5, 155.0, 153.4, 150.8, 139.9, 128.0, 125.7 (q, *J* = 278 Hz), 124.4, 122.9, 121.0, 111.3, 111.2, 106.6, 106.3, 60.7, 42.5 (q, *J* = 29 Hz), 38.0, 27.1, 14.2. HRMS (DART) m/z: [M + H]⁺ Calcd for C₂₀H₂₀F₃N₂O₃ 393.1426; Found 393.1433.



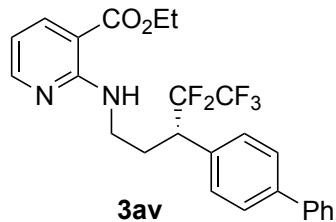
3at

Compound 3at (Scheme 2; colorless oil, 36.2 mg, 95% yield, 65% ee). A solution of hexane/CHCl₃ (2:3) was used as an eluent for preparative TLC. The ee was measured by HPLC (Chiralcel OJ-H, hexane/2-propanol = 19:1, flow 0.5 mL/min, 254 nm, t₁ = 11.7 min (major), t₂ = 14.0 min (minor)); [α]²⁰_D -5.8 (*c* 0.79, CHCl₃) for 65% ee (*R*). ¹H NMR (CDCl₃) δ 8.29 (dd, *J* = 4.4, 1.2 Hz, 1H), 8.14 (dd, *J* = 7.0, 1.2 Hz, 1H), 8.10–7.96 (br, 1H), 7.26 (t, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 7.17 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 7.16 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 6.56 (dd, *J* = 7.0, 4.4 Hz, 1H), 4.33 (q, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 2H), 3.74–3.64 (m, 1H), 3.64–3.52 (m, 1H), 2.79–2.65 (m, 2H), 2.30–2.16 (m, 1H), 2.04–1.86 (m, 3H), 1.86–1.76 (m, 1H), 1.38 (t, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 3H); ¹³C NMR (CDCl₃) δ 167.5, 158.4, 153.4, 141.2, 139.9, 128.5 (q, *J* = 270 Hz), 128.4, 128.3, 126.0, 111.1, 106.2, 60.8, 39.8 (q, *J* = 25 Hz), 38.3, 32.7, 29.7, 27.7, 14.3; ¹⁹F NMR (CDCl₃) δ -69.9. HRMS (DART) m/z: [M + H]⁺ Calcd for C₂₀H₂₄F₃N₂O₂ 381.1790; Found 381.1785.

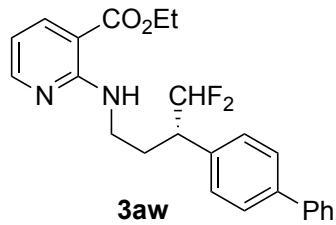


3au

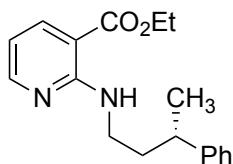
Compound 3au (Scheme 2; colorless oil, 26.0 mg, 66% yield, 65% ee). A solution of hexane/CHCl₃ (2:3) was used as an eluent for preparative TLC. The ee was measured by HPLC (Chiralcel OD-H, hexane/2-propanol = 200:1, flow 1.0 mL/min, 254 nm, t₁ = 8.3 min (minor), t₂ = 10.3 min (major)); [α]²⁰_D -7.9 (*c* 1.31, CHCl₃) for 65% ee (*R*). ¹H NMR (CDCl₃) δ 8.26 (dd, *J* = 4.6, 2.0 Hz, 1H), 8.13 (dd, *J* = 7.6, 2.0 Hz, 1H), 8.09–7.99 (br, 1H), 7.27 (t, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 2H), 7.22–7.13 (m, 3H), 6.54 (dd, *J* = 7.6, 4.6 Hz, 1H), 4.32 (q, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 2H), 3.72–3.52 (m, 2H), 2.61 (t, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 2H), 2.30–2.14 (m, 1H), 2.01–1.91 (m, 1H), 1.84–1.65 (m, 4H), 1.62–1.50 (m, 1H), 1.38 (t, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 3H); ¹³C NMR (CDCl₃) δ 167.5, 158.5, 153.37, 153.35, 141.8, 140.0, 128.5 (q, *J* = 279 Hz), 128.3, 125.8, 111.1, 106.2, 60.8, 40.4 (q, *J* = 25 Hz), 38.5, 35.8, 28.4, 27.9, 27.7, 14.3. HRMS (DART) m/z: [M + H]⁺ Calcd for C₂₁H₂₆F₃N₂O₂ 395.1946; Found 395.1946.



Compound 3av (Scheme 2; colorless oil, 44.5 mg, 93% yield, 92% ee). A solution of hexane/CHCl₃ (2:3) was used as an eluent for preparative TLC. The ee was measured by HPLC (Chiralpak IC, hexane/EtOH = 500:1, flow 0.8 mL/min, 254 nm, t₁ = 16.2 min (minor), t₂ = 21.9 min (major)); [α]²⁰_D +97.4 (*c* 1.11, CHCl₃) for 92% ee (*S*). ¹H NMR (CDCl₃) δ 8.24 (dd, *J* = 4.8, 2.0 Hz, 1H), 8.10 (dd, *J* = 7.6, 2.0 Hz, 1H), 8.00–7.91 (br, 1H), 7.60 (d, *J* = 6.8 Hz, 2H), 7.58 (d, *J* = 8.8 Hz, 2H), 7.45 (t, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 2H), 7.40–7.33 (m, 3H), 6.52 (dd, *J* = 7.6, 4.8 Hz, 1H), 4.30 (q, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 2H), 3.56–3.40 (m, 2H), 3.40–3.29 (m, 1H), 2.59–2.49 (m, 1H), 2.28–2.18 (m, 1H), 1.36 (t, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 3H); ¹³C NMR (CDCl₃) δ 167.5, 158.5, 153.4, 141.0, 140.4, 139.9, 132.7 (d, *J* = 6 Hz), 129.7, 128.8, 127.4, 127.3, 127.0, 120.7–113.1 (m, CF₃–CF₂–), 111.1, 106.2, 60.8, 45.3 (t, *J* = 21 Hz), 38.1, 27.7, 14.2; ¹⁹F NMR (CDCl₃) δ -81.2, -115.5 (d, *J* = 273 Hz), -120.5 (d, *J* = 273 Hz). HRMS (DART) m/z: [M + H]⁺ Calcd for C₂₅H₂₄F₅N₂O₂ 479.1758; Found 479.1764.

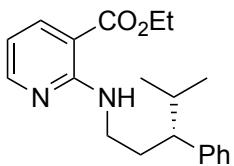


Compound 3aw (Scheme 2; colorless oil, 31.2 mg, 76% yield, 63% ee). A solution of hexane/EtOAc (10:1) was used as an eluent for preparative TLC. The ee was measured by HPLC (Chiralcel OD-H, hexane/2-propanol = 200:1, flow 0.5 mL/min, 254 nm, t_1 = 35.0 min (minor), t_2 = 40.5 min (major)); $[\alpha]^{20}_D +62.4$ (c 1.00, CHCl₃) for 63% ee (*S*). ¹H NMR (CDCl₃) δ 8.24 (dd, J = 4.4, 2.0 Hz, 1H), 8.10 (dd, J = 7.8, 2.0 Hz, 1H), 8.04–7.95 (br, 1H), 7.59 (d, J = 7.6 Hz, 2H), 7.57 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 7.44 (t, J = 7.6 Hz, 2H), 7.38–7.32 (m, 3H), 6.51 (dd, J = 7.8, 4.4 Hz, 1H), 5.92 (td, J = 56.4, 3.6 Hz, 1H), 4.30 (q, J = 7.2 Hz, 2H), 3.63–3.54 (m, 1H), 3.49–3.40 (m, 1H), 3.28–3.16 (m, 1H), 2.41–2.31 (m, 1H), 2.20–2.09 (m, 1H), 1.36 (t, J = 7.2 Hz, 3H); ¹³C NMR (CDCl₃) δ 167.5, 158.5, 153.4, 140.7, 140.6, 139.9, 135.3, 129.3, 128.7, 127.4, 127.3, 127.1, 117.8 (t, J = 244 Hz), 111.0, 106.2, 60.7, 47.4 (t, J = 20 Hz), 38.3, 28.2, 14.2; ¹⁹F NMR (CDCl₃) δ –118.8 (d, J = 278 Hz), –121.9 (d, J = 278 Hz). HRMS (DART) m/z: [M + H]⁺ Calcd for C₂₄H₂₅F₂N₂O₂ 411.1884; Found 411.1873.



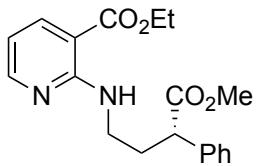
3ax

Compound 3ax (Scheme 2; pale yellow oil, 25.1 mg, 79% yield, 49% ee). A solution of hexane/EtOAc (10:1) was used as an eluent for preparative TLC. The ee was measured by HPLC (Chiralcel OJ-H, hexane/2-propanol = 30:1, flow 0.5 mL/min, 254 nm, t_1 = 12.8 min (minor), t_2 = 13.9 min (major)); $[\alpha]^{20}_D -25.2$ (c 0.86, CHCl₃) for 49% ee (*S*). ¹H NMR (CDCl₃) δ 8.25 (dd, J = 4.4, 2.0 Hz, 1H), 8.12 (dd, J = 7.4, 2.0 Hz, 1H), 8.06–7.93 (br, 1H), 7.32–7.15 (m, 5H), 6.50 (dd, J = 7.4, 4.4 Hz, 1H), 4.32 (q, J = 7.2 Hz, 2H), 3.52–3.34 (m, 2H), 2.88 (sext, J = 7.2 Hz, 1H), 2.04–1.88 (m, 2H), 1.38 (t, J = 7.2 Hz, 3H), 1.30 (d, J = 7.2 Hz, 3H); ¹³C NMR (CDCl₃) δ 167.5, 158.5, 153.4, 146.8, 139.9, 128.4, 127.0, 126.0, 110.6, 105.9, 60.7, 39.3, 37.8, 37.6, 22.5, 14.3. HRMS (DART) m/z: [M + H]⁺ Calcd for C₁₈H₂₃N₂O₂ 299.1760; Found 299.1755.



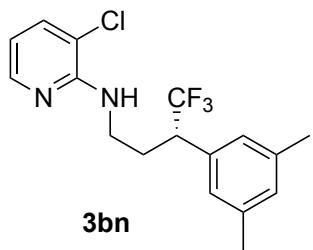
3ay

Compound 3ay (Scheme 2; pale yellow oil, 23.8 mg, 72% yield, 38% ee). A solution of hexane/CHCl₃ (2:3) was used as an eluent for preparative TLC. The ee was measured by HPLC (Chiralcel OD-H, hexane/2-propanol = 200:1, flow 0.5 mL/min, 254 nm, t₁ = 13.6 min (major), t₂ = 18.5 min (minor)); [α]²⁰_D −17.4 (*c* 1.08, CHCl₃) for 38% ee (*R*). ¹H NMR (CDCl₃) δ 8.22 (dd, *J* = 5.2, 2.0 Hz, 1H), 8.10 (dd, *J* = 7.6, 2.0 Hz, 1H), 8.02–7.82 (br, 1H), 7.27 (t, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 2H), 7.17 (t, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 7.16 (d, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 2H), 6.48 (dd, *J* = 7.6, 5.2 Hz, 1H), 4.32 (q, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 2H), 3.39–3.20 (m, 2H), 2.47–2.37 (m, 1H), 2.23–2.13 (m, 1H), 1.96–1.78 (m, 2H), 1.38 (t, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 3H), 0.95 (d, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 3H), 0.73 (d, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 3H); ¹³C NMR (CDCl₃) δ 167.5, 158.5, 153.4, 143.6, 139.9, 128.5, 128.0, 125.9, 110.5, 105.8, 60.6, 50.6, 39.6, 33.5, 32.6, 20.9, 20.5, 14.3. HRMS (DART) m/z: [M + H]⁺ Calcd for C₂₀H₂₇N₂O₂ 327.2073; Found 327.2075.

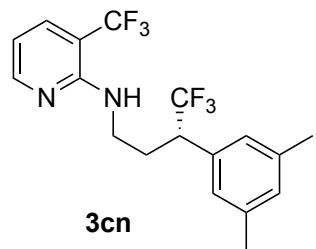


3az

Compound 3az (Scheme 2; colorless solid, 24.7 mg, 72% yield, 36% ee). A solution of hexane/EtOAc (10:1) was used as an eluent for preparative TLC. The ee was measured by HPLC (Chiralpak AD-H, hexane/2-propanol = 30:1, flow 0.5 mL/min, 254 nm, t₁ = 9.9 min (major), t₂ = 14.6 min (minor)); [α]²⁰_D +27.9 (*c* 0.83, CHCl₃) for 36% ee (*S*). ¹H NMR (CDCl₃) δ 8.24 (d, *J* = 3.6 Hz, 1H), 8.12 (d, *J* = 6.8 Hz, 1H), 8.08–7.95 (br, 1H), 7.36–7.29 (m, 4H), 7.29–7.22 (m, 1H), 6.52 (dd, *J* = 6.8, 3.6 Hz, 1H), 4.33 (q, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 2H), 3.79–3.66 (m, 1H), 3.64 (s, 3H), 3.60–3.49 (m, 1H), 3.49–3.38 (m, 1H), 2.53–2.41 (m, 1H), 2.18–2.07 (m, 1H), 1.38 (t, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 3H); ¹³C NMR (CDCl₃) δ 174.1, 167.5, 158.4, 153.3, 140.0, 138.6, 128.7, 127.9, 127.3, 110.9, 106.2, 60.7, 52.1, 49.1, 38.8, 33.0, 14.3. HRMS (DART) m/z: [M + H]⁺ Calcd for C₁₉H₂₃N₂O₄ 343.1658; Found 343.1655.

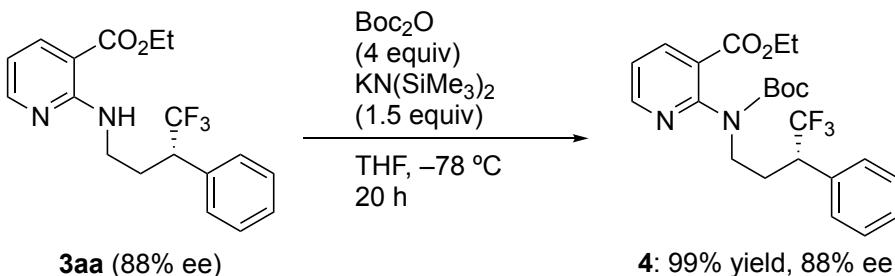


Compound 3bn (Scheme 3; pale yellow oil, 30.4 mg, 99% yield, 88% ee). A solution of hexane/EtOAc (10:1) was used as an eluent for preparative TLC. The ee was measured by HPLC (Chiralcel OD-H, hexane/2-propanol = 200:1, flow 0.5 mL/min, 254 nm, t_1 = 21.2 min (major), t_2 = 26.9 min (minor)); $[\alpha]^{20}_D +67.9$ (c 1.05, CHCl₃) for 88% ee (*S*). ¹H NMR (CDCl₃) δ 7.99 (dd, J = 5.2 Hz, 1H), 7.42 (d, J = 7.8 Hz, 1H), 6.97 (s, 1H), 6.92 (s, 2H), 6.52 (dd, J = 7.8, 5.2 Hz, 1H), 4.90–4.82 (br, 1H), 3.45–3.38 (m, 2H), 3.36–3.25 (m, 1H), 2.48–2.35 (m, 1H), 2.31 (s, 6H), 2.22–2.10 (m, 1H); ¹³C NMR (CDCl₃) δ 153.6, 145.9, 138.3, 135.9, 134.0, 130.0, 126.9 (q, J = 280 Hz), 126.8, 115.3, 112.9, 47.9 (q, J = 27 Hz), 38.9, 28.5, 21.3. HRMS (DART) m/z: [M + H]⁺ Calcd for C₁₇H₁₉³⁵ClF₃N₂ 343.1189; Found 343.1187.

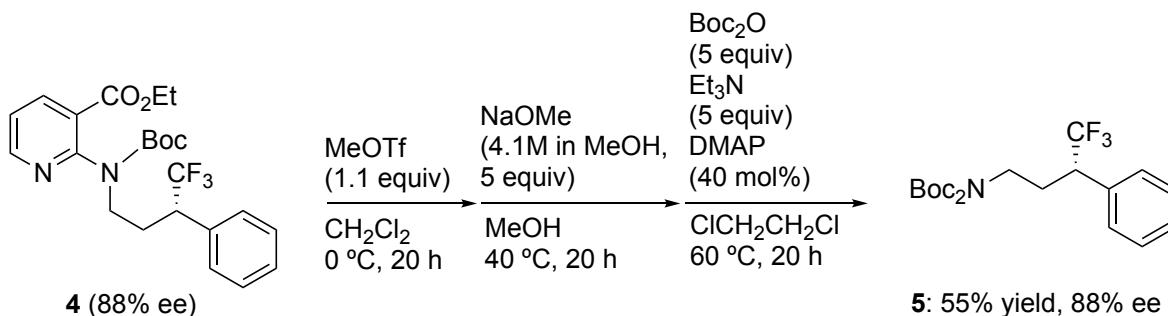


Compound 3cn (Scheme 3; colorless oil, 31.5 mg, 84% yield, 81% ee). A solution of hexane/EtOAc (20:1) was used as an eluent for preparative TLC. The ee was measured by HPLC (Chiraldak IB x 2, hexane/2-propanol = 500:1, flow 0.5 mL/min, 254 nm, t_1 = 20.3 min (major), t_2 = 20.9 min (minor)); $[\alpha]^{20}_D +71.7$ (c 0.96, CHCl₃) for 81% ee (*S*). ¹H NMR (CDCl₃) δ 8.23 (dd, J = 5.0 Hz, 1H), 7.63 (d, J = 7.0 Hz, 1H), 6.98 (s, 1H), 6.91 (s, 2H), 6.62 (dd, J = 7.0, 5.0 Hz, 1H), 4.83–4.75 (br, 1H), 3.53–3.43 (m, 1H), 3.41–3.22 (m, 2H), 2.48–2.37 (m, 1H), 2.32 (s, 6H), 2.18–2.07 (m, 1H); ¹³C NMR (CDCl₃) δ 154.3, 151.6, 138.3, 135.0 (q, J = 5 Hz), 133.9, 130.1, 126.9 (q, J = 279 Hz), 124.4 (q, J = 272 Hz), 126.8, 111.5, 108.6 (q, J = 31 Hz), 47.7 (q, J = 27 Hz), 38.7, 28.3, 21.3; ¹⁹F NMR (CDCl₃) δ -63.9, -69.6. HRMS (DART) m/z: [M + H]⁺ Calcd for C₁₈H₁₉F₆N₂ 377.1452; Found 377.1450.

7. Removal of a pyridyl group (Scheme 4)

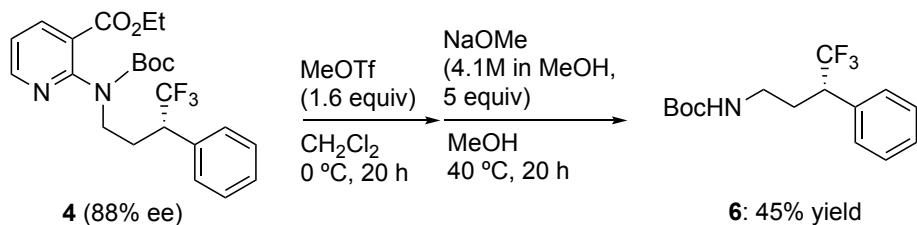


Transformation of 3aa into 4: To a solution of **1aa** (88% ee, 705 mg, 2.0 mmol) in THF (8.0 mL) was added potassium bis(trimethylsilyl)amide solution (8.0 mL, 0.5 M in toluene, 4.0 mmol) at $-78\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$ under N_2 . After stirring the mixture at $-78\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$ for 1 h, di-*tert*-butyl dicarbonate (352 mg, 8.0 mmol) was added to the mixture, and the reaction mixture was stirred at the same temperature for 20 h. H_2O was added to the mixture at $-78\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$ and the resulting mixture was allowed to warm to room temperature. The resulting solution was extracted with EtOAc and the organic layer was washed with brine, dried over Na_2SO_4 , filtered, and concentrated on a rotary evaporator. The residue was subjected to flash column chromatography on silica gel with hexane to give **4** as a colorless oil (725 mg, 99% yield). The ee was measured by HPLC (Chiraldapak AD-H, hexane/2-propanol = 19:1, flow 0.5 mL/min, 254 nm, $t_1 = 10.8$ min (major), $t_2 = 11.7$ min (minor)); $[\alpha]^{20}_{\text{D}} +5.3$ (c 1.08, CHCl_3) for 88% ee (*S*). ^1H NMR (CDCl_3) δ 8.54–8.33 (m, 1H), 8.22–8.04 (m, 1H), 7.36–7.08 (m, 6H), 4.35 (q, $J = 7.4$ Hz, 2H), 3.99–3.38 (m, 3H), 2.55–2.05 (m, 2H), 1.52–1.26 (m, 9H), 1.38 (t, $J = 7.4$ Hz, 3H); ^{13}C NMR (CDCl_3) δ 166.0, 150.6, 150.0, 139.5, 138.6, 134.1, 129.1, 128.5, 128.1, 126.9 (q, $J = 279$ Hz), 124.5, 120.7, 120.3, 81.5, 61.5, 47.9–46.7 (m), 46.1–44.9 (m), 28.1, 14.1. HRMS (DART) m/z: $[\text{M} + \text{H}]^+$ Calcd for $\text{C}_{23}\text{H}_{28}\text{F}_3\text{N}_2\text{O}_4$ 453.2001; Found 453.2012.



Transformation of 4 into 5: To a solution of **4** (88% ee, 87.5 mg, 0.19 mmol) in CH_2Cl_2 (0.8 mL) was added methyl trifluoromethanesulfonate (23 μL , 0.21 mmol) at $0\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$, and the mixture was stirred at the same temperature for 20 h. The solvent was removed on a rotary evaporator, and the residue was dissolved in methanol (0.8 mL). Sodium methoxide (4.1 M in methanol, 225 μL , 0.97 mmol) was added to the mixture, and the resulting mixture was stirred at $40\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$ for 20 h. The mixture was passed through a short column of alumina with CH_2Cl_2 as an eluent, and the solvent

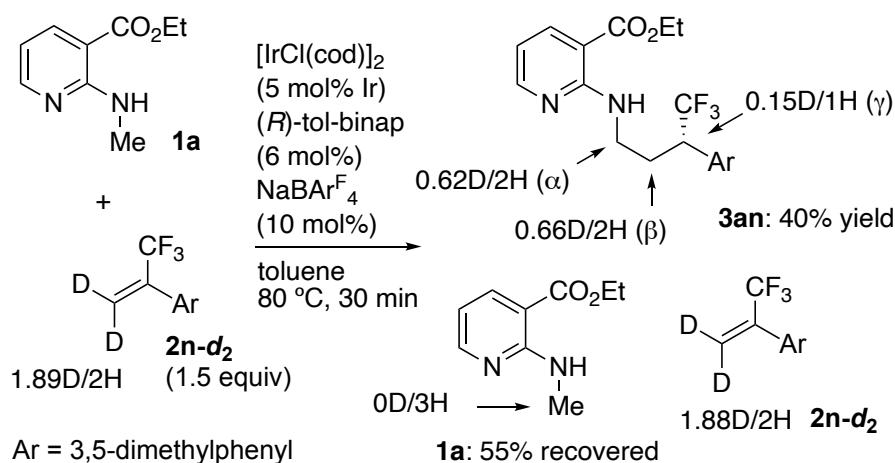
was removed on a rotary evaporator. After dissolving the residue in dichloroethane (0.8 mL), di-*tert*-butyl dicarbonate (211 mg, 0.97 mmol), triethylamine (135 μ L, 0.97 mmol), and 4-dimethylaminopyridine (9.4 mg, 0.080 mmol) were added to the mixture, and the reaction mixture was stirred at 60 °C for 20 h. The solvent was removed on a rotary evaporator, and the residue was subjected to preparative TLC on silica gel (hexane/EtOAc = 10:1) to give **5** as a colorless oil (42.7 mg, 55% yield in 3 steps). The ee was measured by HPLC (Chiralpak AD-H x 3, hexane/2-propanol = 200:1, flow 0.5 mL/min, 254 nm, t_1 = 26.7 min (major), t_2 = 27.7 min (minor)); $[\alpha]^{20}_D$ +15.4 (*c* 0.60, CHCl₃) for 88% ee (*S*). ¹H NMR (CDCl₃) δ 7.39–7.29 (m, 5H), 3.55–3.38 (m, 2H), 3.34–3.22 (m, 1H), 2.33–2.15 (m, 2H), 1.47 (s, 18H); ¹³C NMR (CDCl₃) δ 152.2, 134.0, 129.3, 128.9, 128.7, 128.3, 126.6 (q, *J* = 279 Hz), 82.5, 48.1 (q, *J* = 27 Hz), 44.3, 28.0, 27.9; ¹⁹F NMR (CDCl₃) δ -69.9. HRMS (DART) m/z: [M + H]⁺ Calcd for C₂₀H₂₉F₃N₁O₄ 404.2049; Found 404.2046. The absolute configuration of **5** was determined to be *S*-(+) by comparison of its specific rotation with the value reported previously.¹⁷ The previously reported structure of **5** has been wrongly assigned to be **6**.¹⁷ The reported NMR data and specific rotation value are in good agreement with the data obtained for compound **5** in our hands. We also prepared compound **6** and characterized as shown below.



Transformation of 4 into 6: To a solution of **4** (88% ee, 49.8 mg, 0.11 mmol) in CH₂Cl₂ (0.4 mL) was added methyl trifluoromethanesulfonate (19 μ L, 0.18 mmol) at 0 °C, and the mixture was stirred at the same temperature for 20 h. The solvent was removed on a rotary evaporator, and the residue was dissolved in methanol (0.4 mL). Sodium methoxide (4.1 M in methanol, 134 μ L, 0.55 mmol) was added to the mixture, and the resulting mixture was stirred at 40 °C for 20 h. The mixture was passed through a short column of alumina with CH₂Cl₂ as an eluent, and the solvent was removed on a rotary evaporator. The residue was subjected to preparative TLC on silica gel (hexane/EtOAc = 5:1) to give **6** as a colorless oil (15.3 mg, 45% yield in 2 steps). $[\alpha]^{20}_D$ +49.0 (*c* 0.77, CHCl₃). ¹H NMR (CDCl₃) δ 7.39–7.33 (m, 3H), 7.31–7.27 (m, 2H), 4.50–4.40 (br, 1H), 3.38–3.25 (m, 1H), 3.05–2.92 (m, 2H), 2.28–2.18 (m, 1H), 2.05–1.99 (m, 1H), 1.42 (s, 9H); ¹³C NMR (CDCl₃) δ 155.7, 134.0, 128.9, 128.8, 128.4, 126.8 (q, *J* = 279 Hz), 79.4, 47.7 (q, *J* = 26 Hz), 38.0, 29.3, 28.3; ¹⁹F NMR (CDCl₃) δ -69.7. HRMS (DART) m/z: [M + H]⁺ Calcd for C₁₅H₂₁F₃N₁O₂ 304.1524; Found 304.1532.

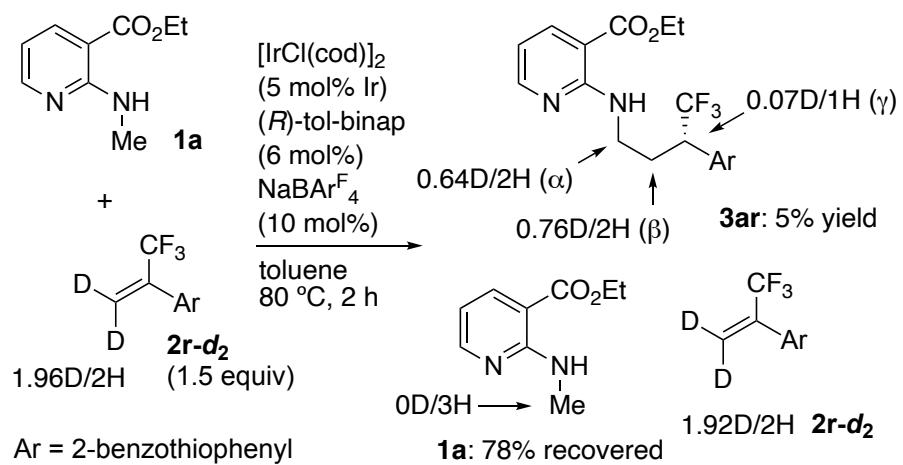
8. Deuterium-labeling experiments

In order to gain some mechanistic insights into the present hydroalkylation reaction, deuterium-labeling experiments were performed (Schemes S1 and S2). The reaction of **1a** with deuterated styrene **2n-d₂** (1.89D/2H) at 80 °C for 30 min gave **3an** in 40% yield, where deuterium incorporation was observed at the α- and γ-positions of **3an** (Scheme S1). In contrast, H/D exchange at the methyl group of recovered **1a** was not observed. The similar trend was observed for the addition to **2r-d₂**, which has lower reactivity than **2n**. Treatment of **1a** with **2r-d₂** in the presence of the Ir catalyst at 80 °C for 2 hours gave 5% yield of the addition product **3ar**, involving migration of deuterium from β- to α- and γ-positions (Scheme S2). In addition, no racemization of **3an** (88% ee) was observed in the presence of an Ir/(S)-binap catalyst.



Scheme S1 The reaction of **1a** with **2n-d₂**.

A mixture of **1a** (18.0 mg, 0.10 mmol), **2n-d₂** (30.3 mg, 0.15 mmol, 1.5 equiv), $[\text{IrCl}(\text{cod})]_2$ (1.7 mg, 0.0025 mmol, 5 mol% of Ir), (R)-tol-binap (4.1 mg, 0.0060 mmol, 6 mol%), and $\text{NaBAr}^{\text{F}_4}$ (9.2 mg, 0.010 mmol, 10 mol%) were placed in a Schlenk tube under N_2 . Toluene (0.4 mL) was added to the mixture, and the resulting mixture was stirred at 80 °C for 30 min. The solvent was removed on a rotary evaporator, and the residue was subjected to preparative TLC on silica gel. The yields and deuterium contents of **1a**, **2n-d₂**, and **3an** were determined by ¹H NMR.

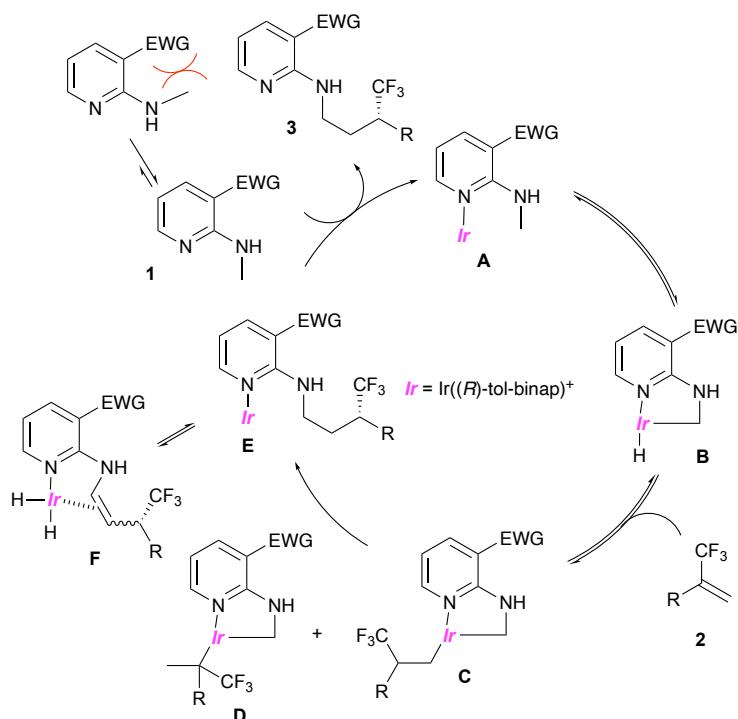


Scheme S2 The reaction of **1a** with **2r-d₂**.

A mixture of **1a** (18.0 mg, 0.10 mmol), **2r-d₂** (32.9 mg, 0.15 mmol, 1.5 equiv), [IrCl(cod)]₂ (1.7 mg, 0.0025 mmol, 5 mol% of Ir), (*R*)-tol-binap (4.1 mg, 0.0060 mmol, 6 mol%), and NaBAr^{F₄} (9.2 mg, 0.010 mmol, 10 mol%) were placed in a Schlenk tube under N₂. Toluene (0.4 mL) was added to the mixture, and the mixture was stirred at 80 °C for 2 h. The solvent was removed on a rotary evaporator, and the residue was subjected to preparative TLC on silica gel. The yields and deuterium contents of **1a**, **2r-d₂**, and **3ar** were determined by ¹H NMR.

9. A plausible catalytic cycle

Based on the deuterium-labeling experiments, a proposed catalytic cycle of the present hydroalkylation reaction of the 1,1'-disubstituted alkenes is shown in Scheme S3. Linear-selective insertion of **2** to hydridoiridium species **B**, which is formed from species **A**, occurs to give **C**, and successive irreversible reductive elimination gives **E**. Ligand exchange of **E** with **1** gives the product **3** and regenerates **A**. The H/D exchange observed at the α - and γ -positions may occur by way of species **D**, which did not lead to the addition products. In addition, species **F**, which is formed by C–H activation of **E** and successive β -elimination, may lead to the H/D exchange at the α -position.¹⁸

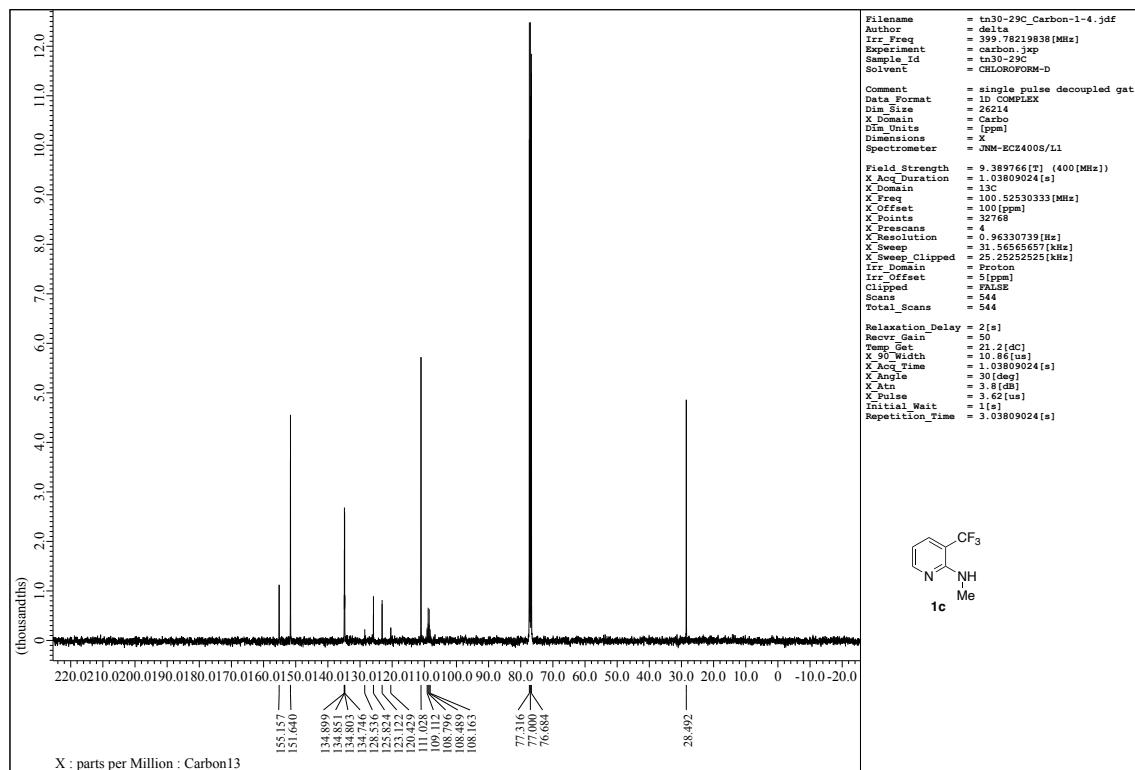
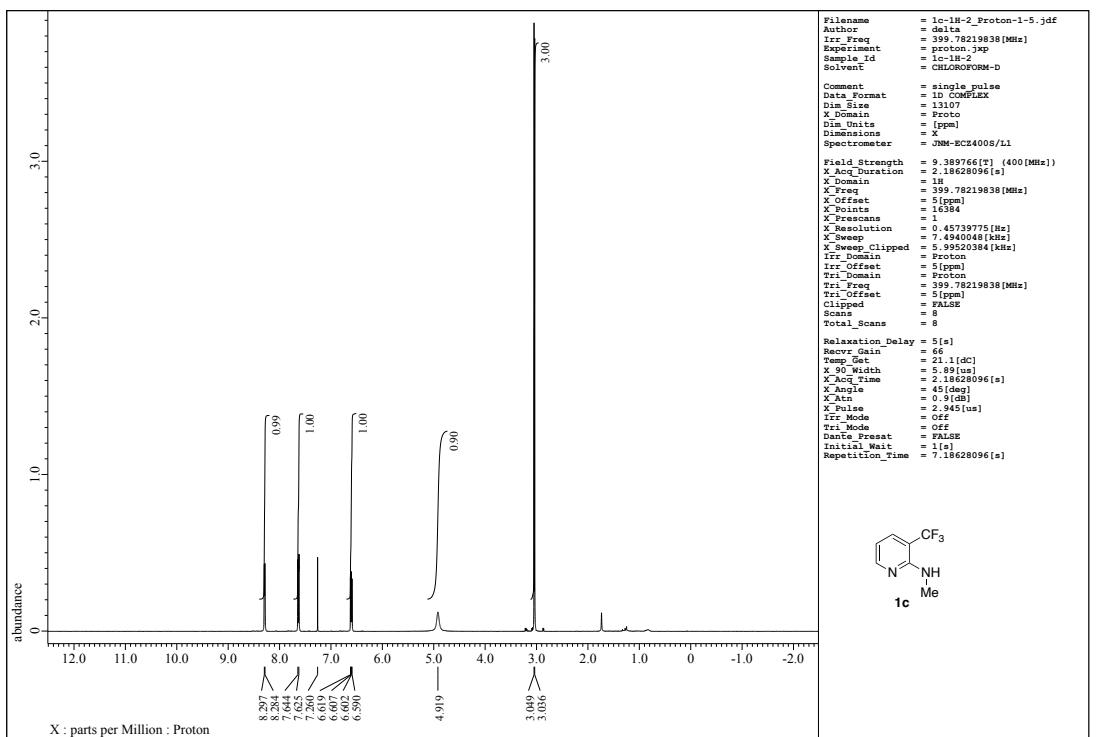


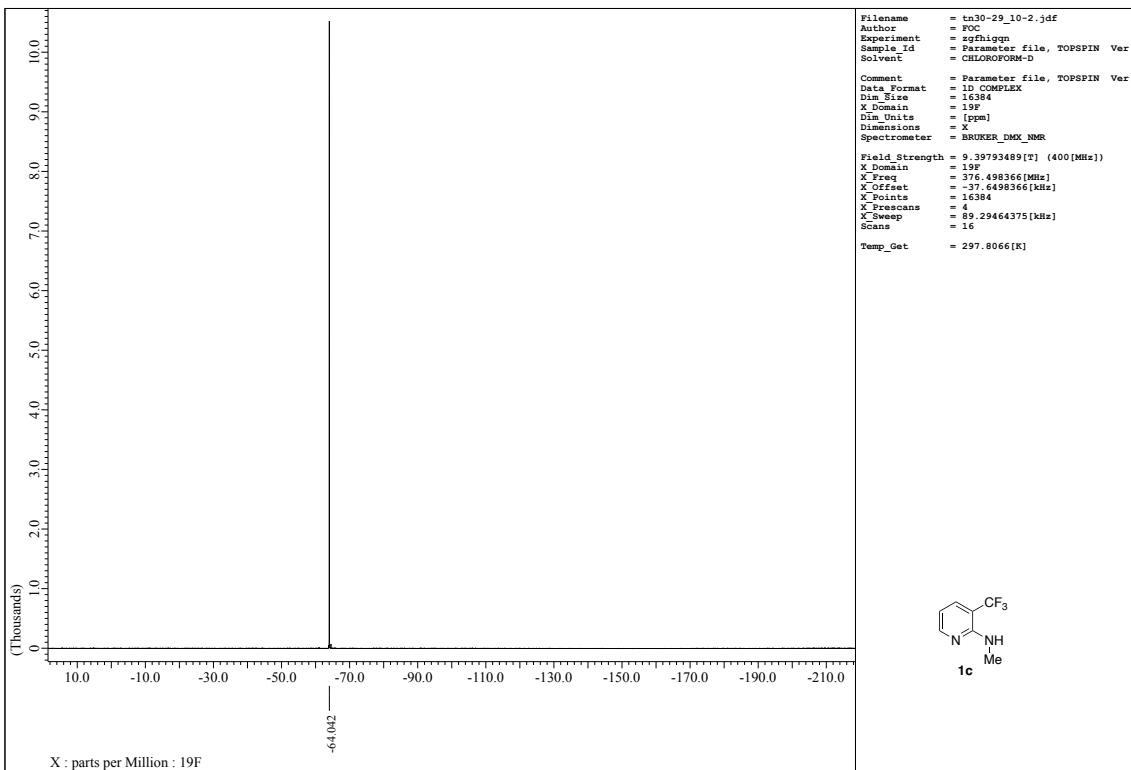
Scheme S3 A plausible catalytic cycle.

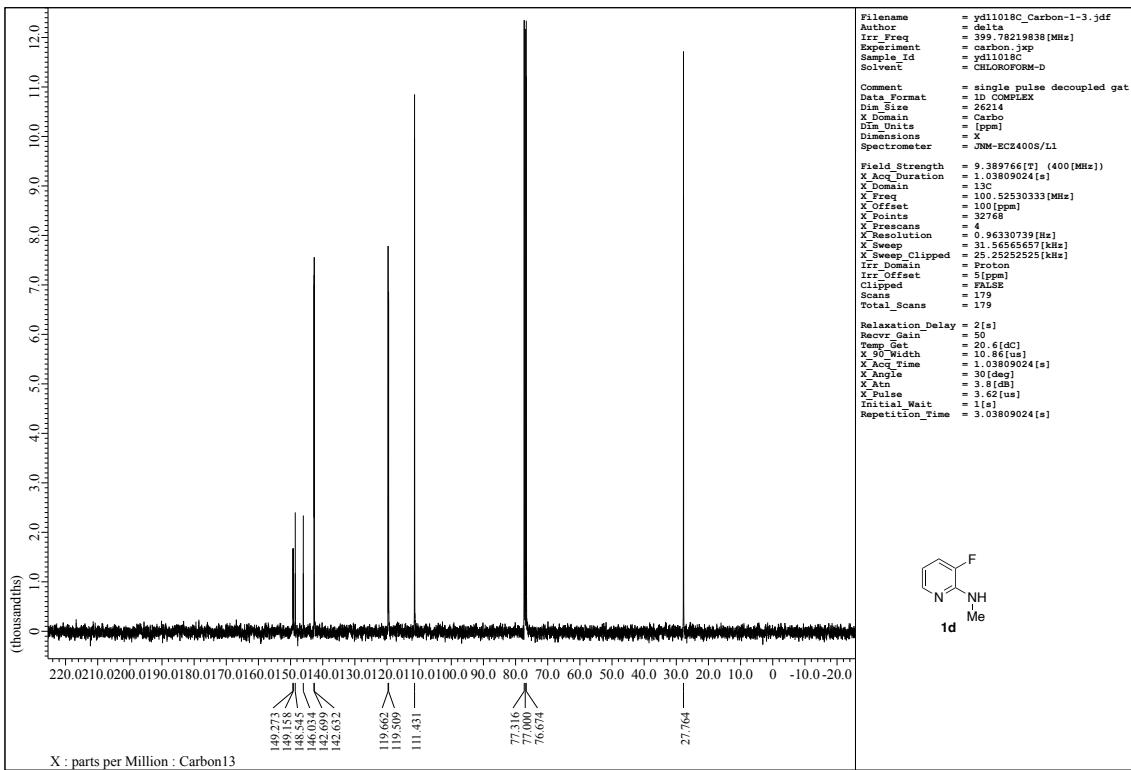
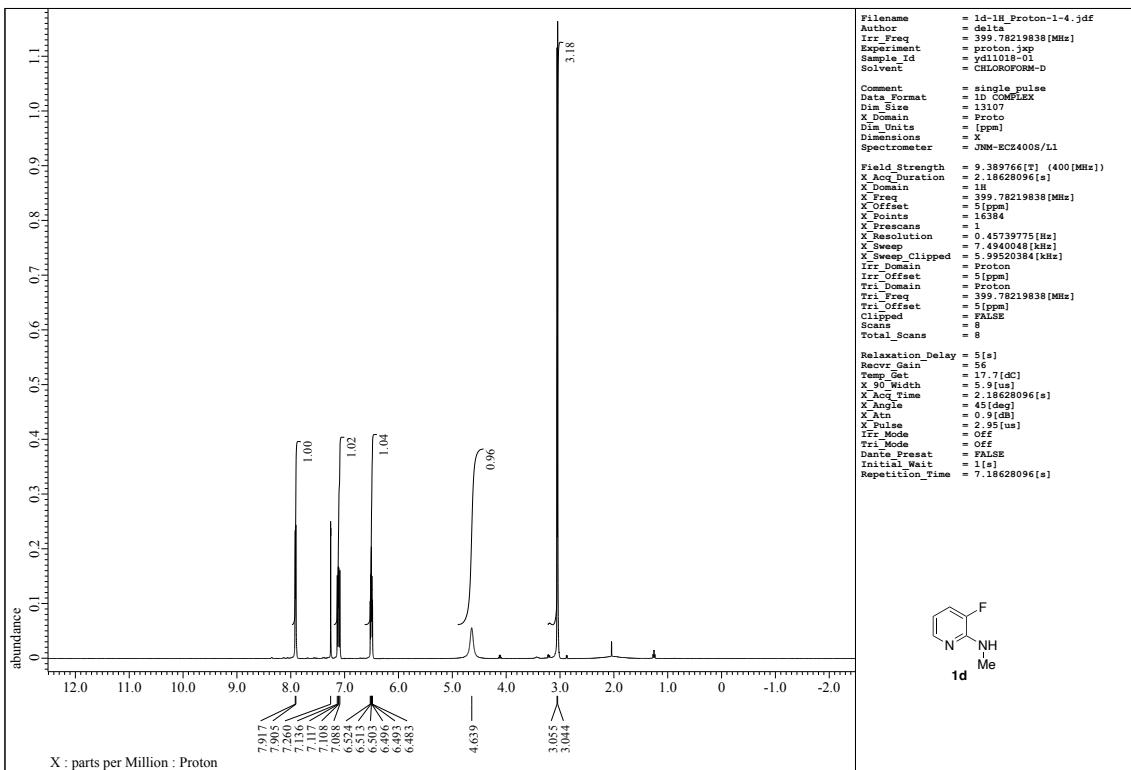
10. References

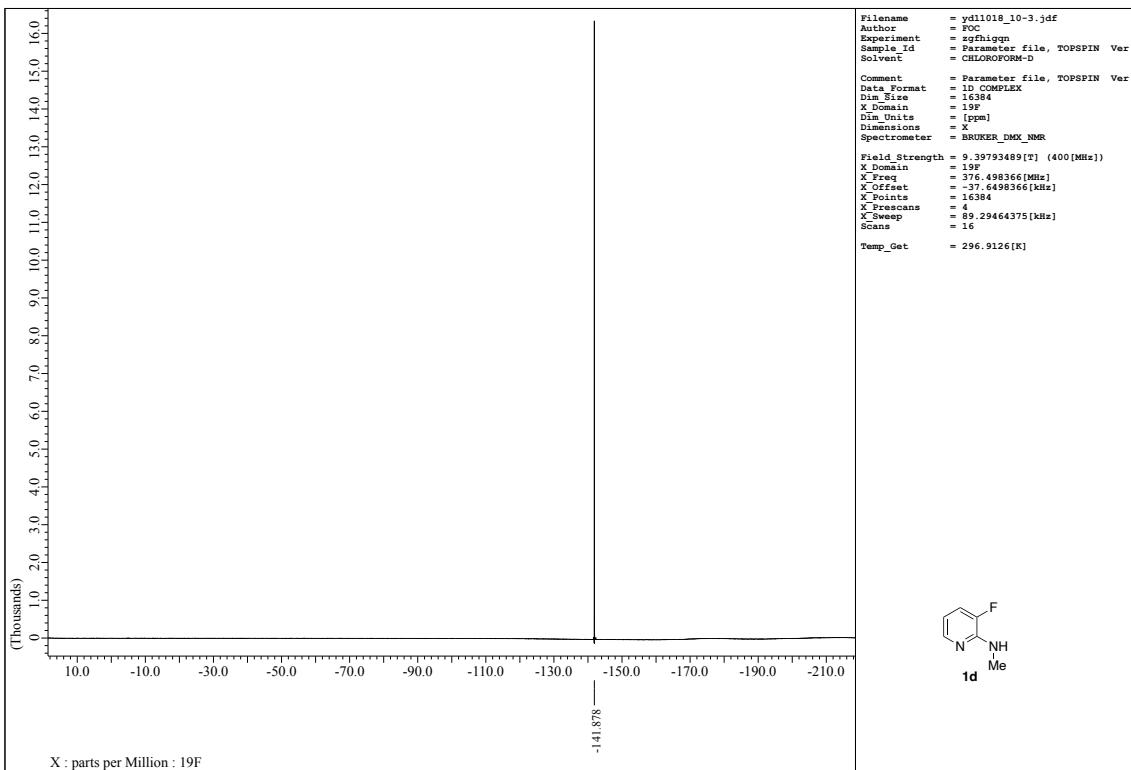
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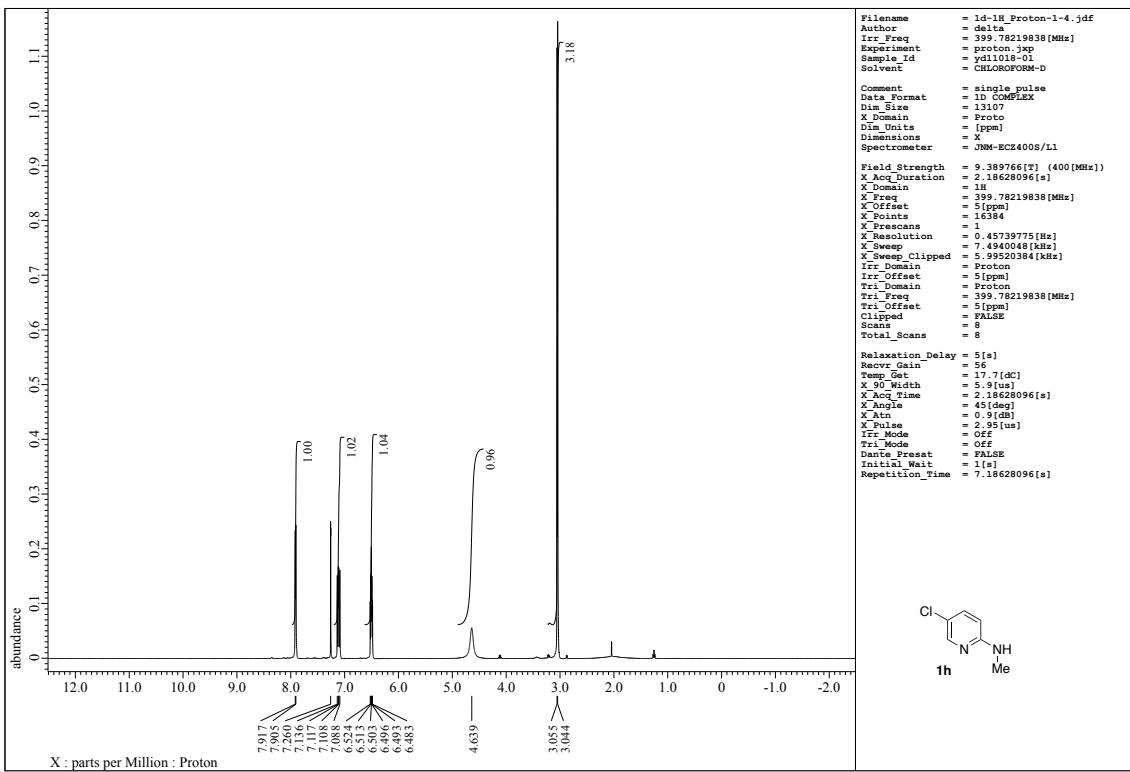
11. NMR spectra and chiral HPLC charts

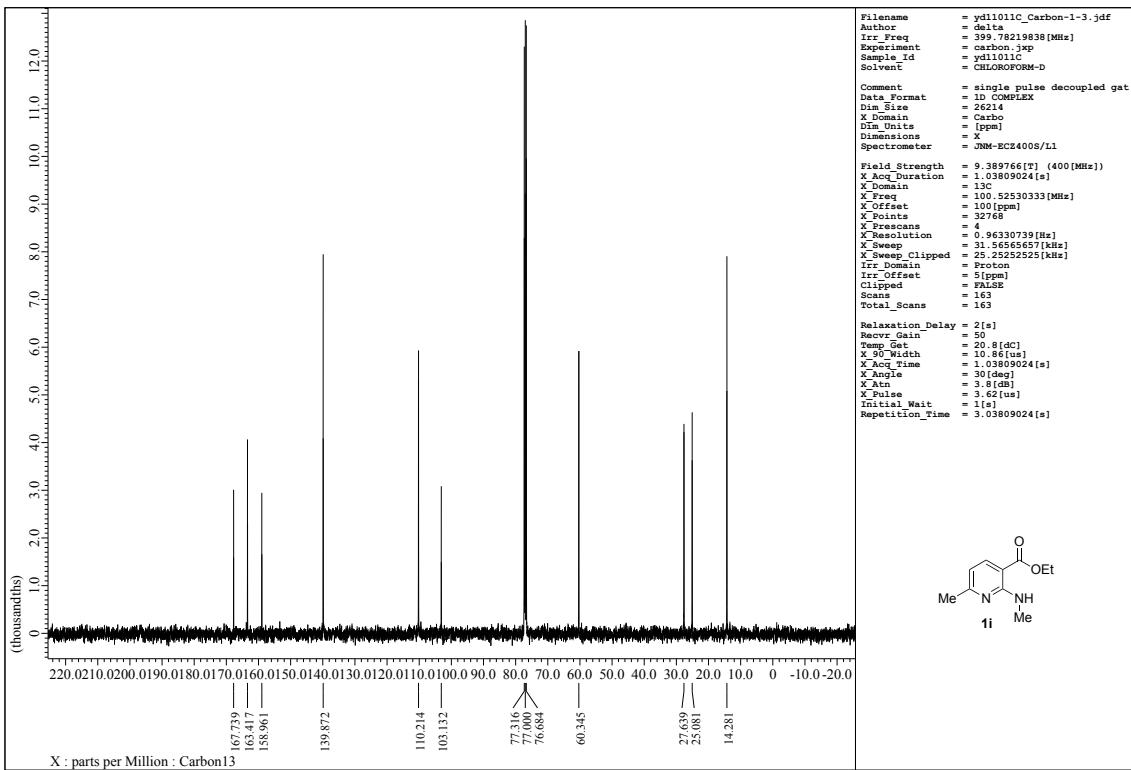
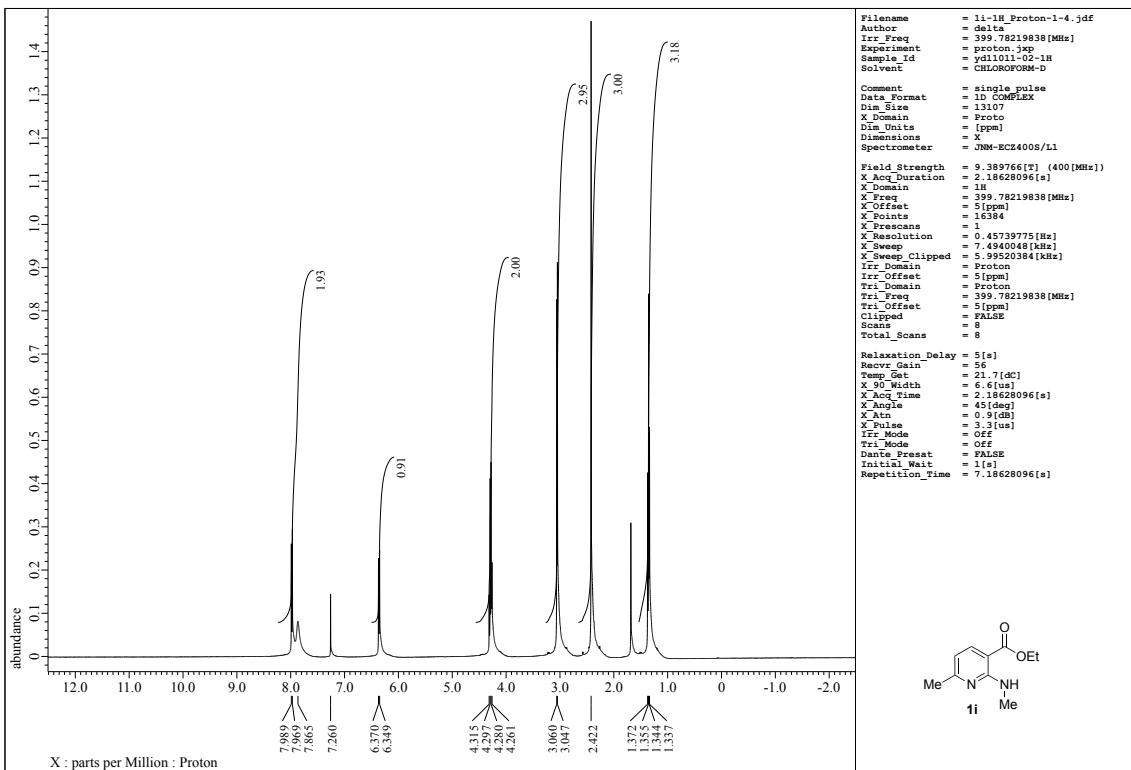


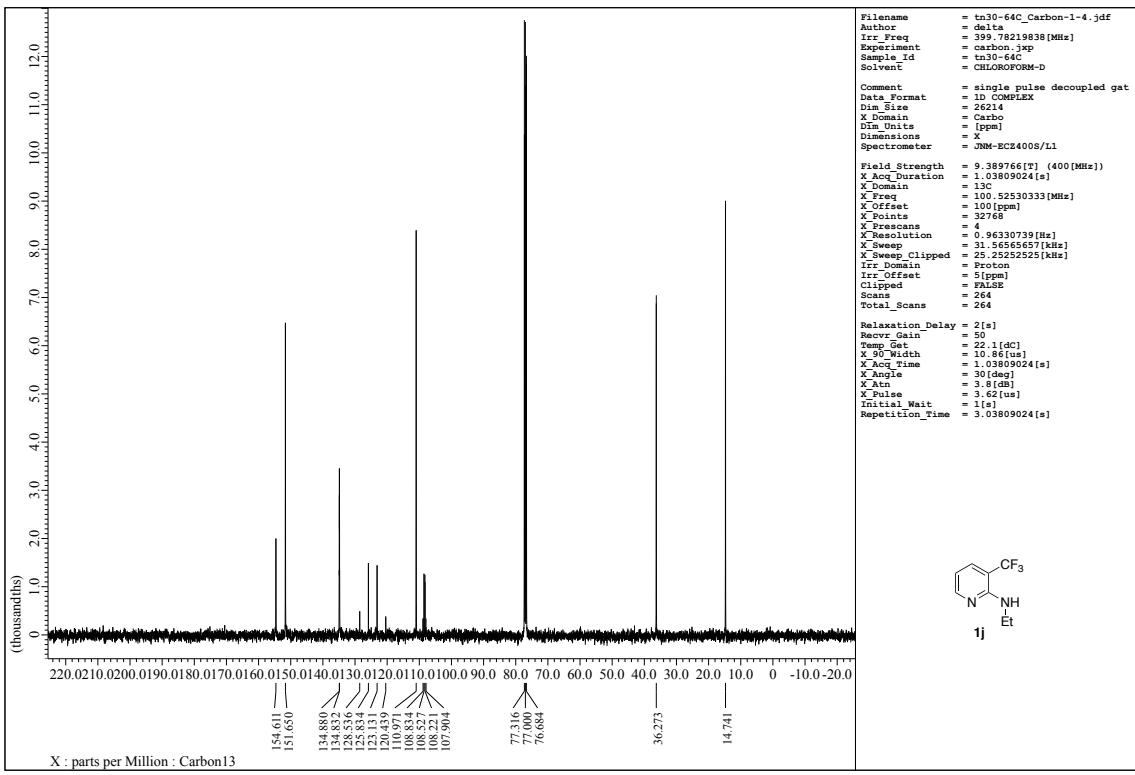
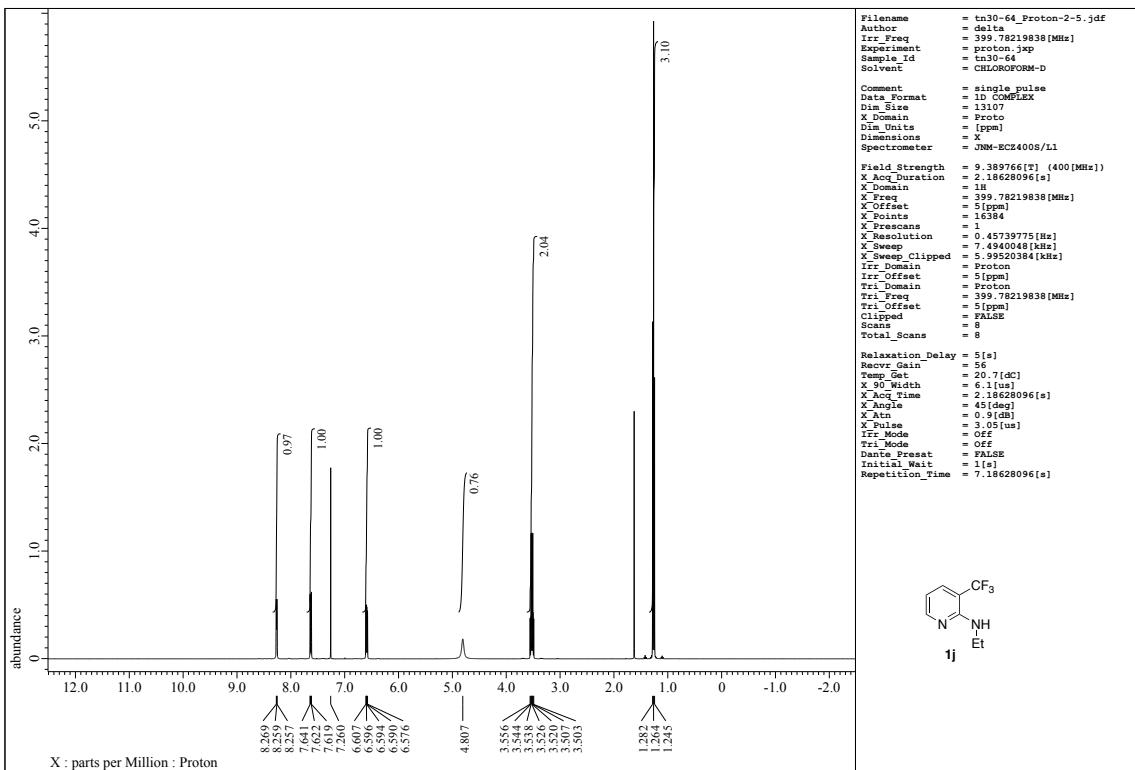


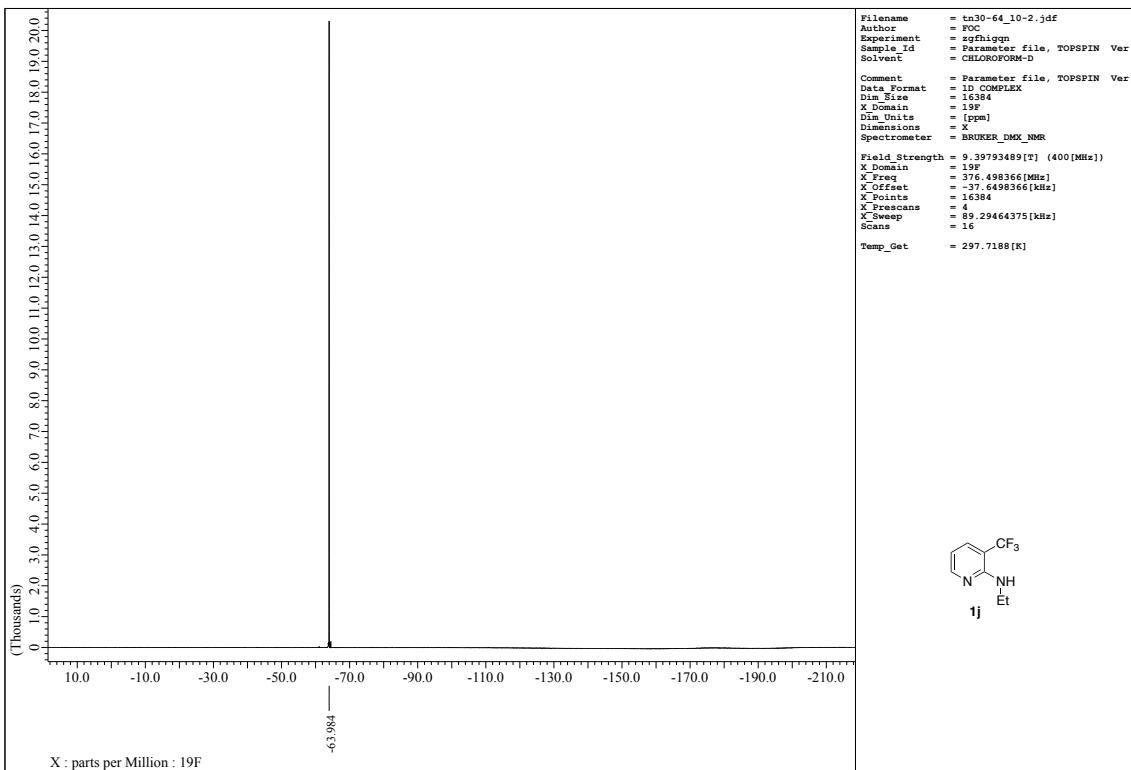


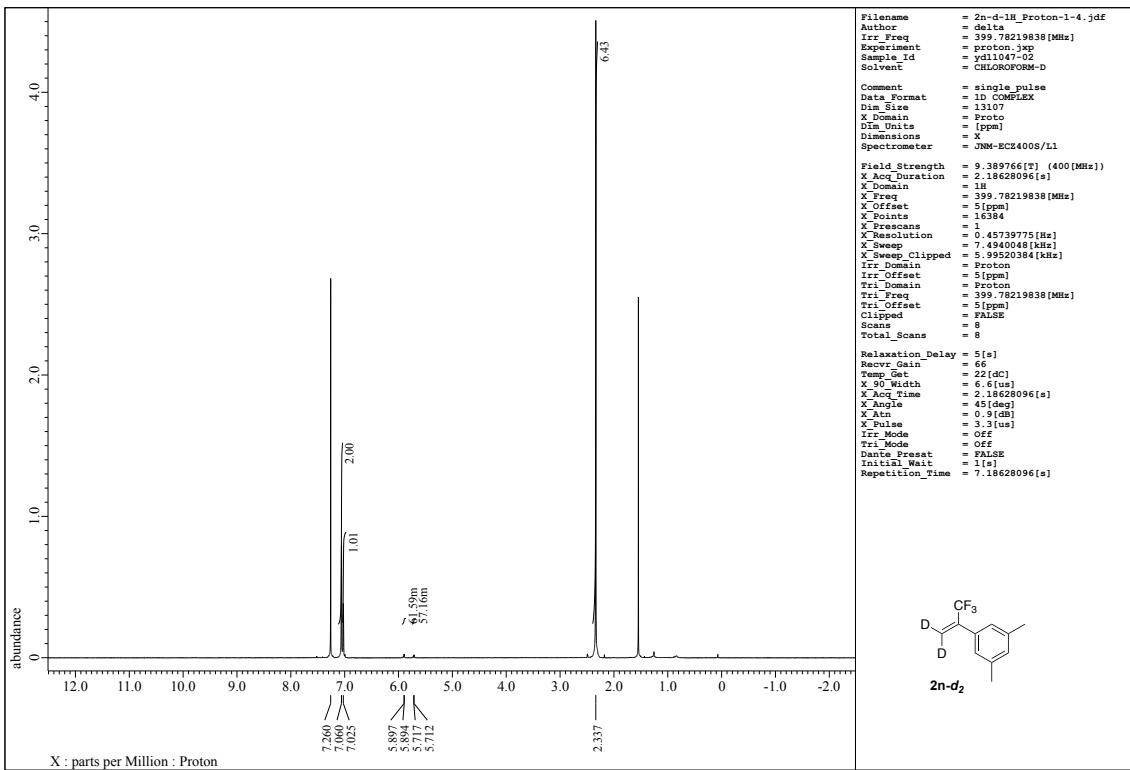
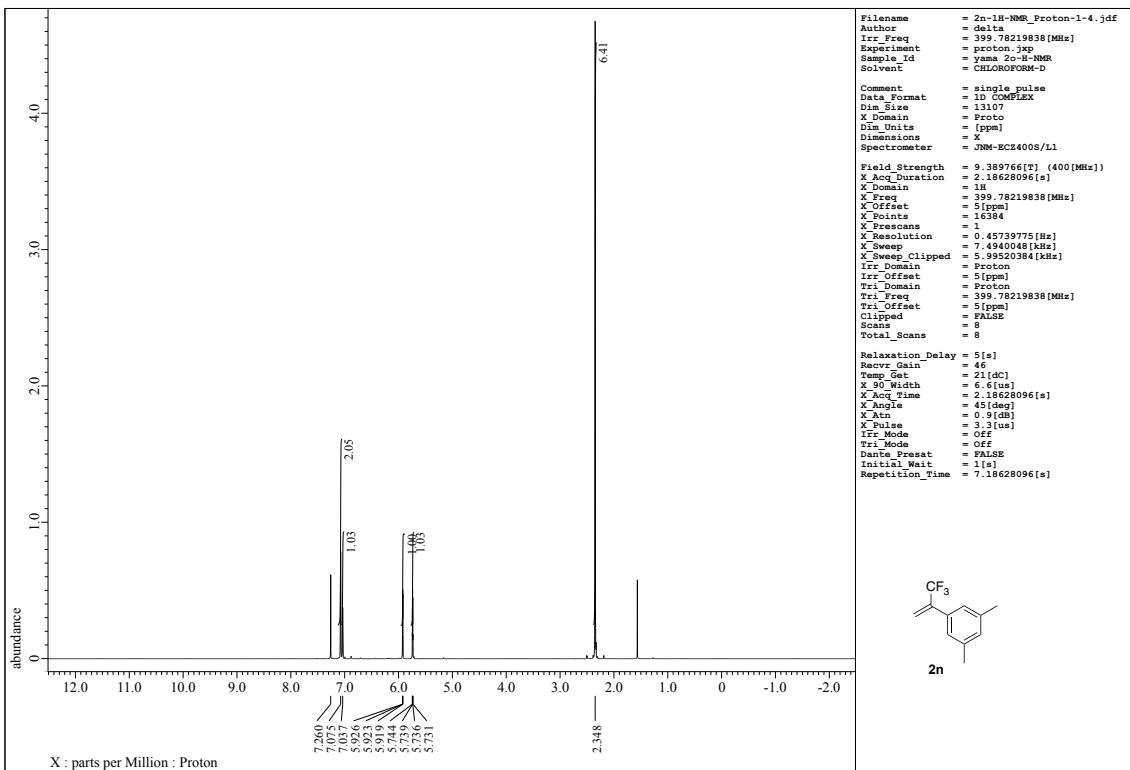


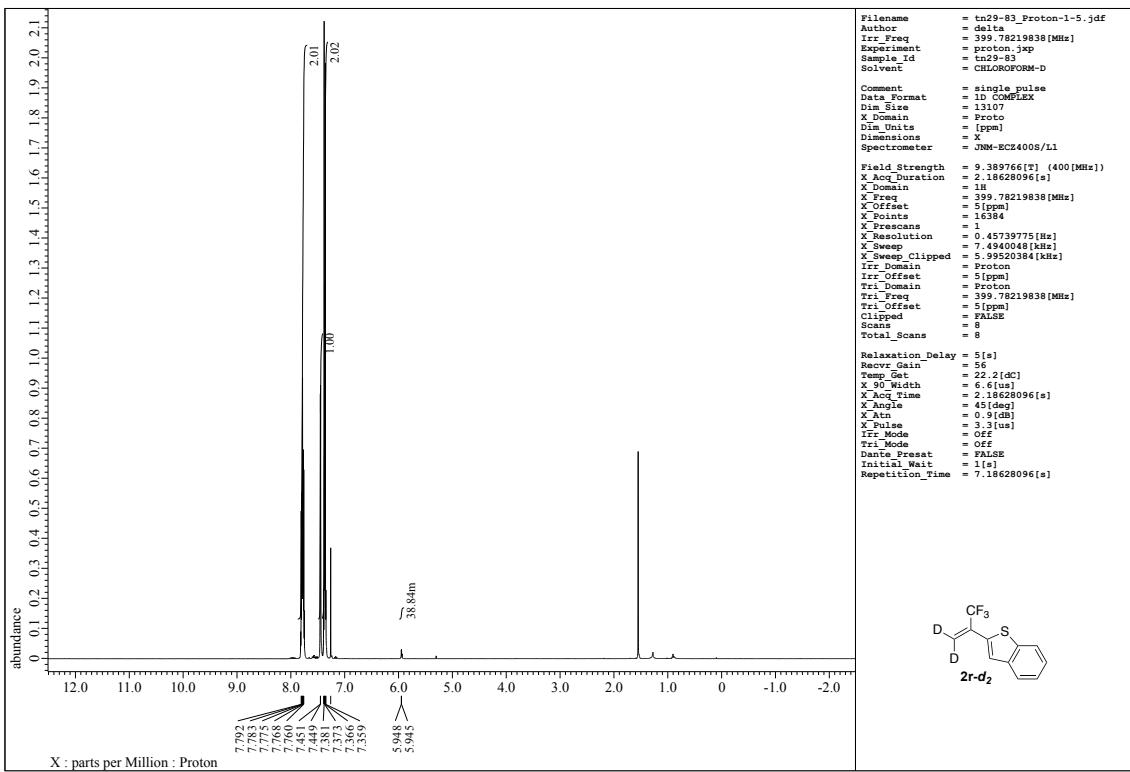


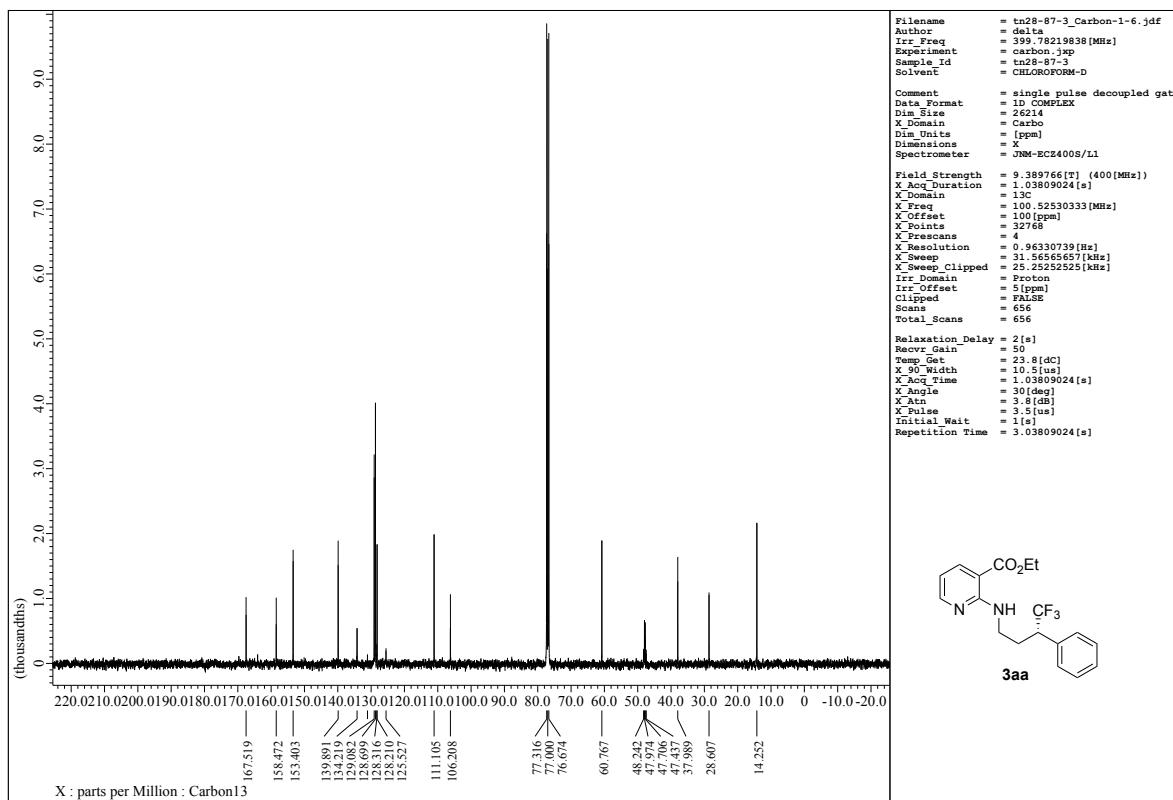
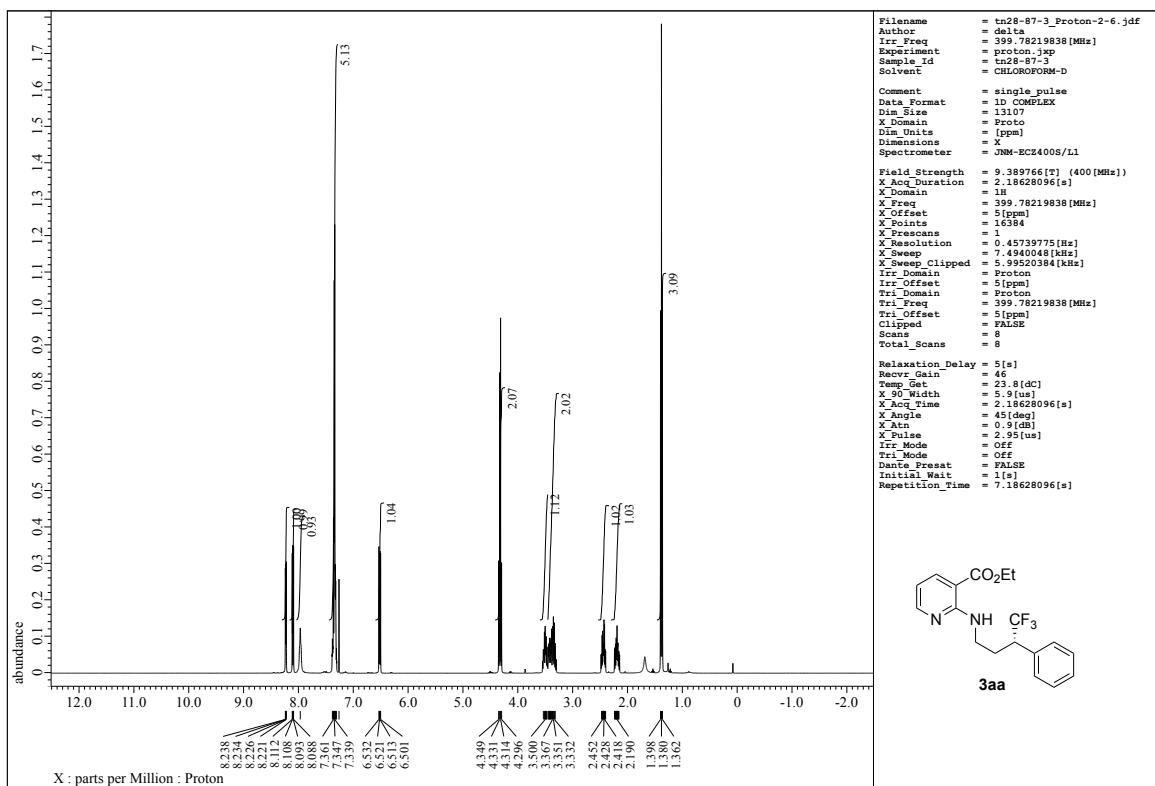


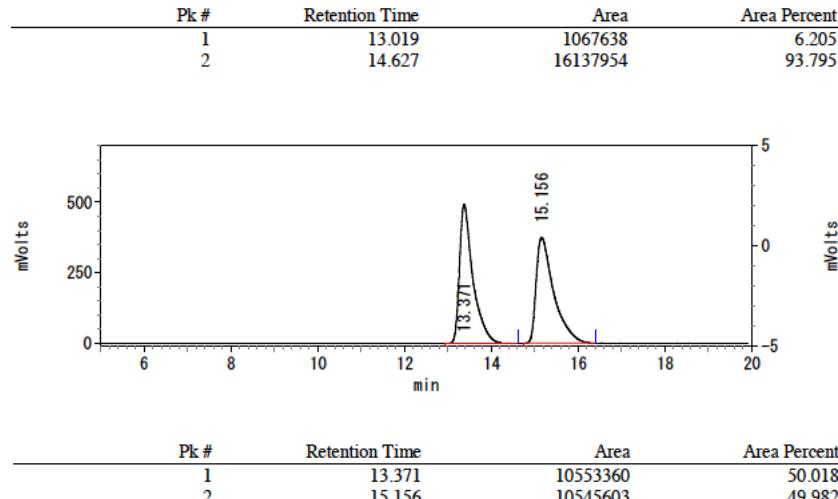
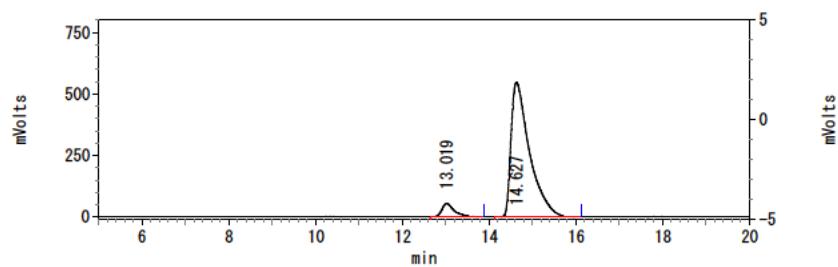
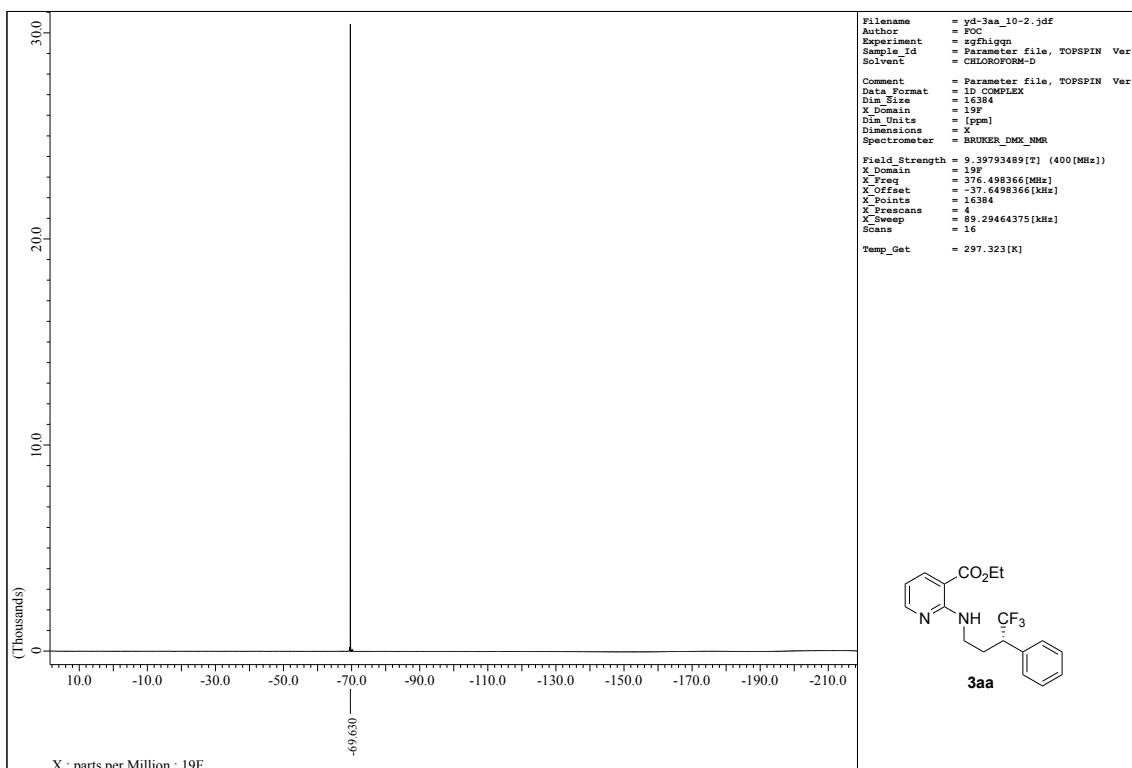


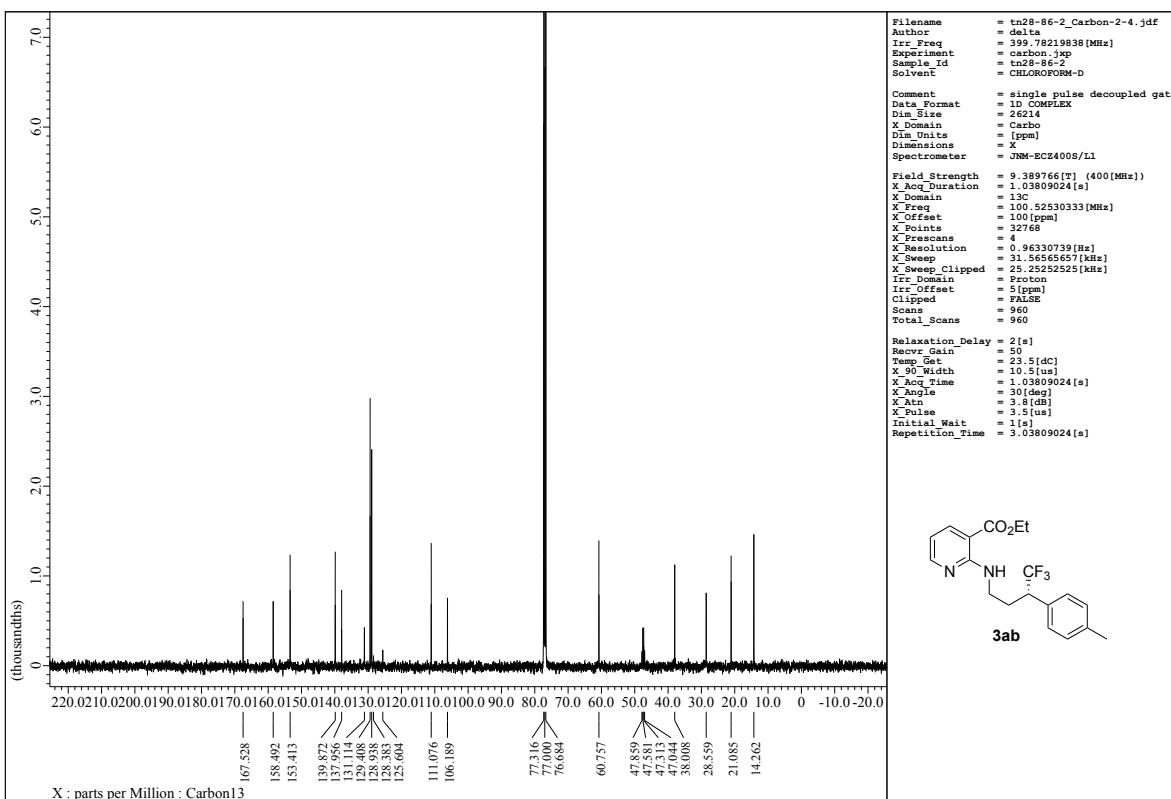
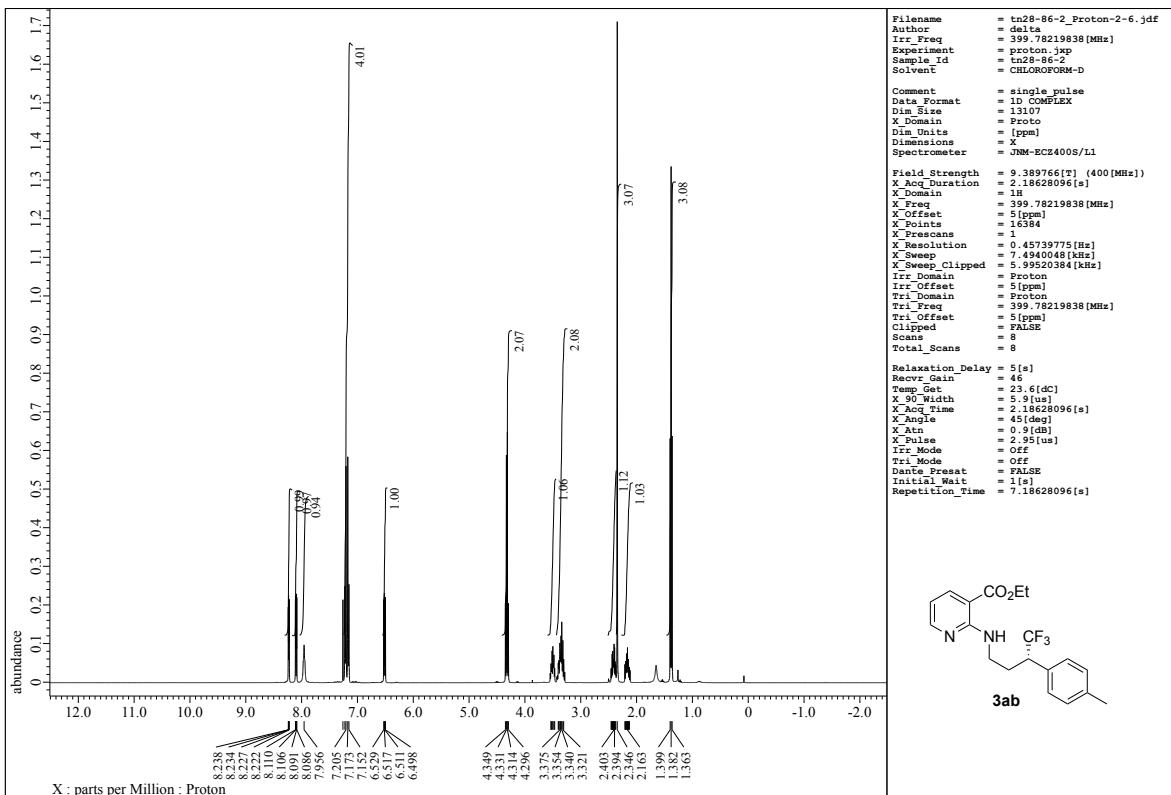


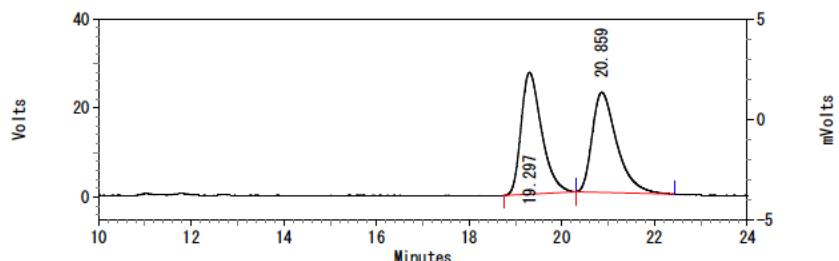
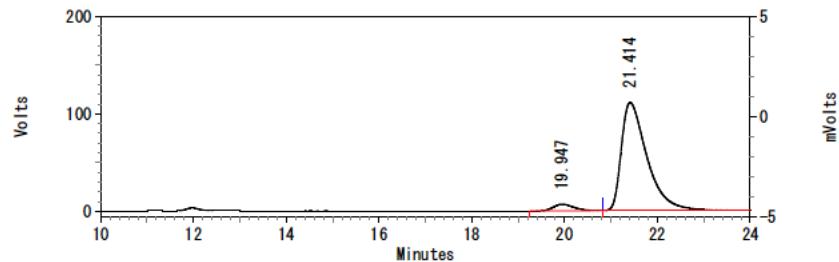
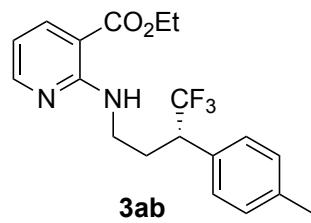


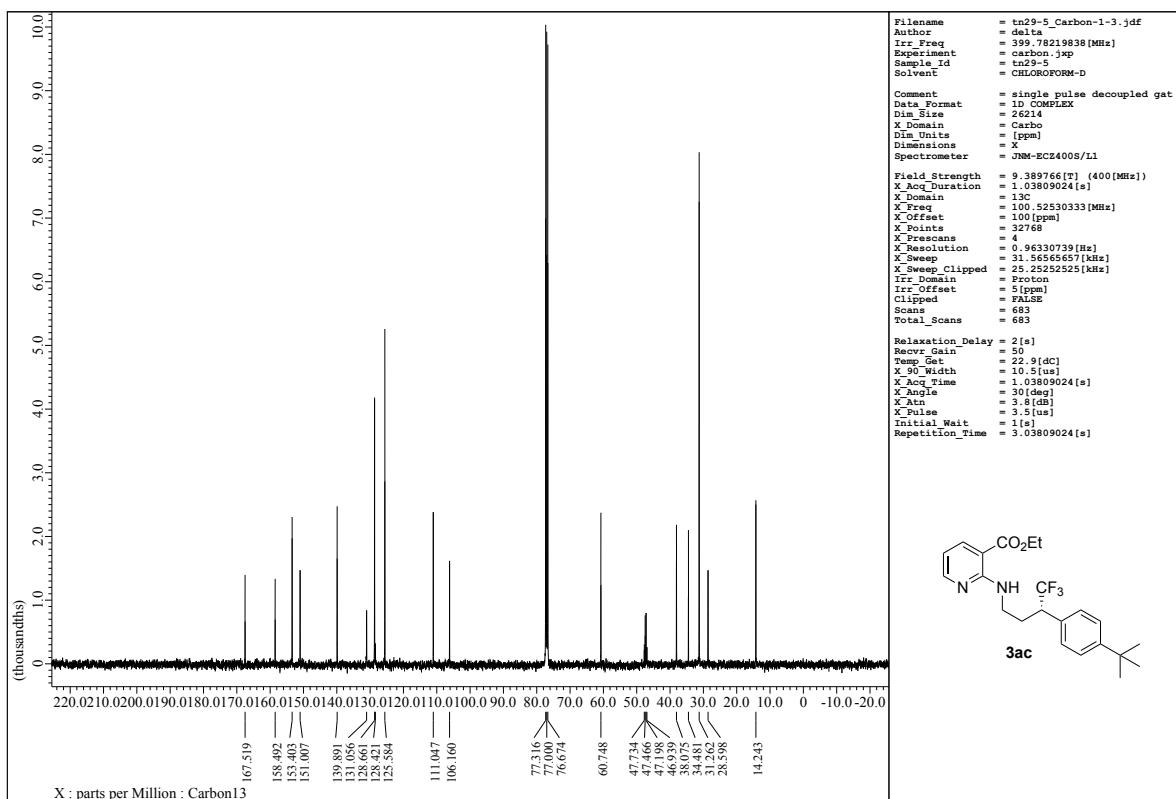
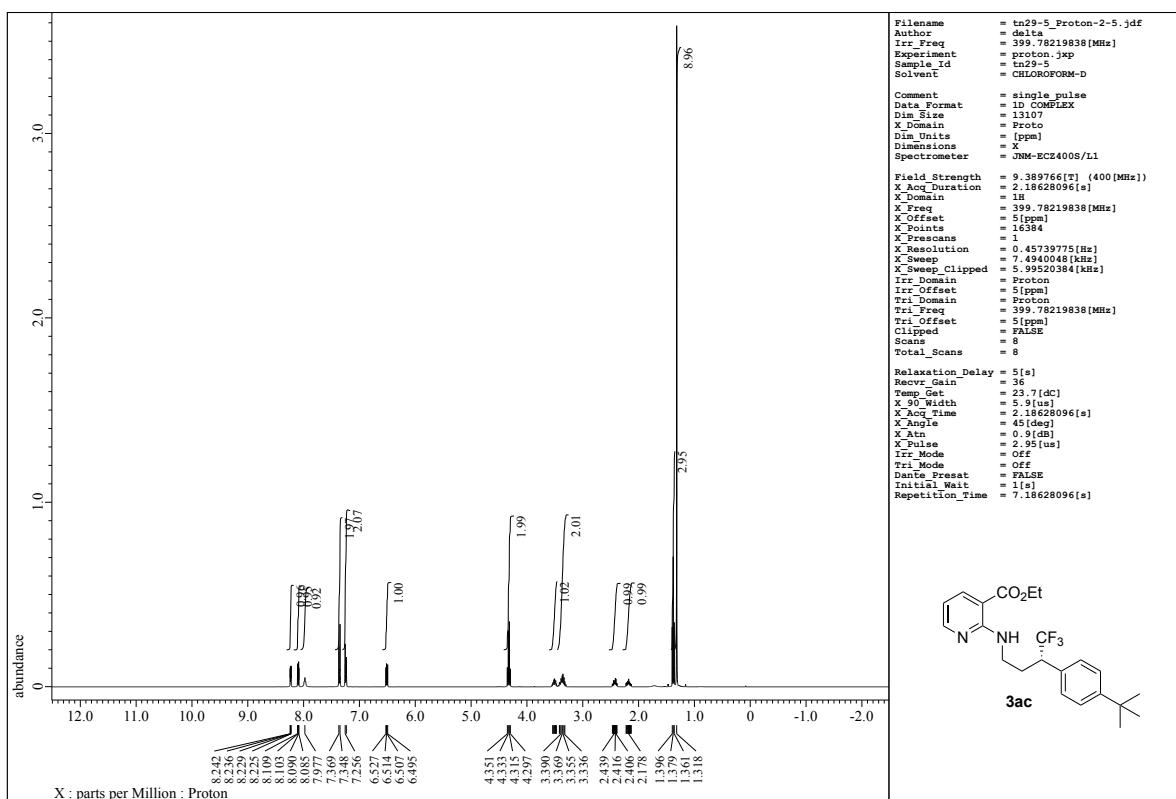


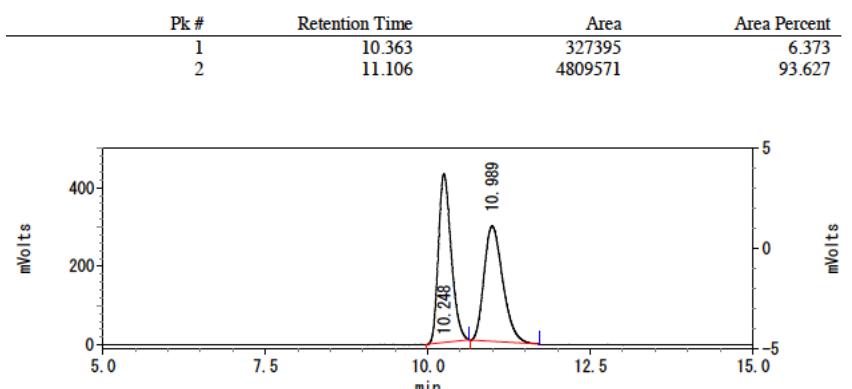
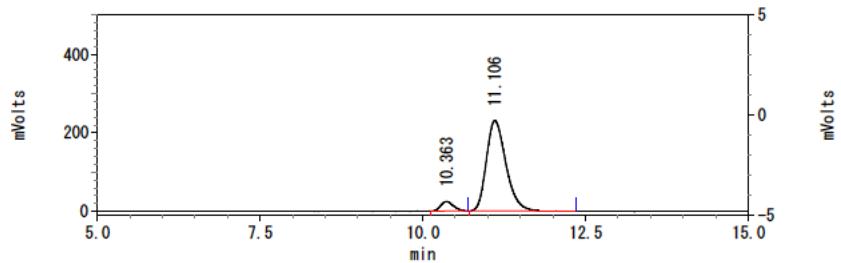
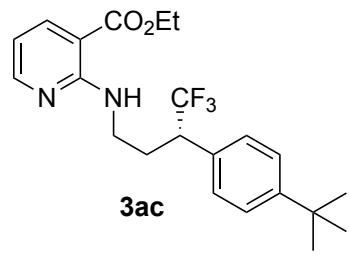


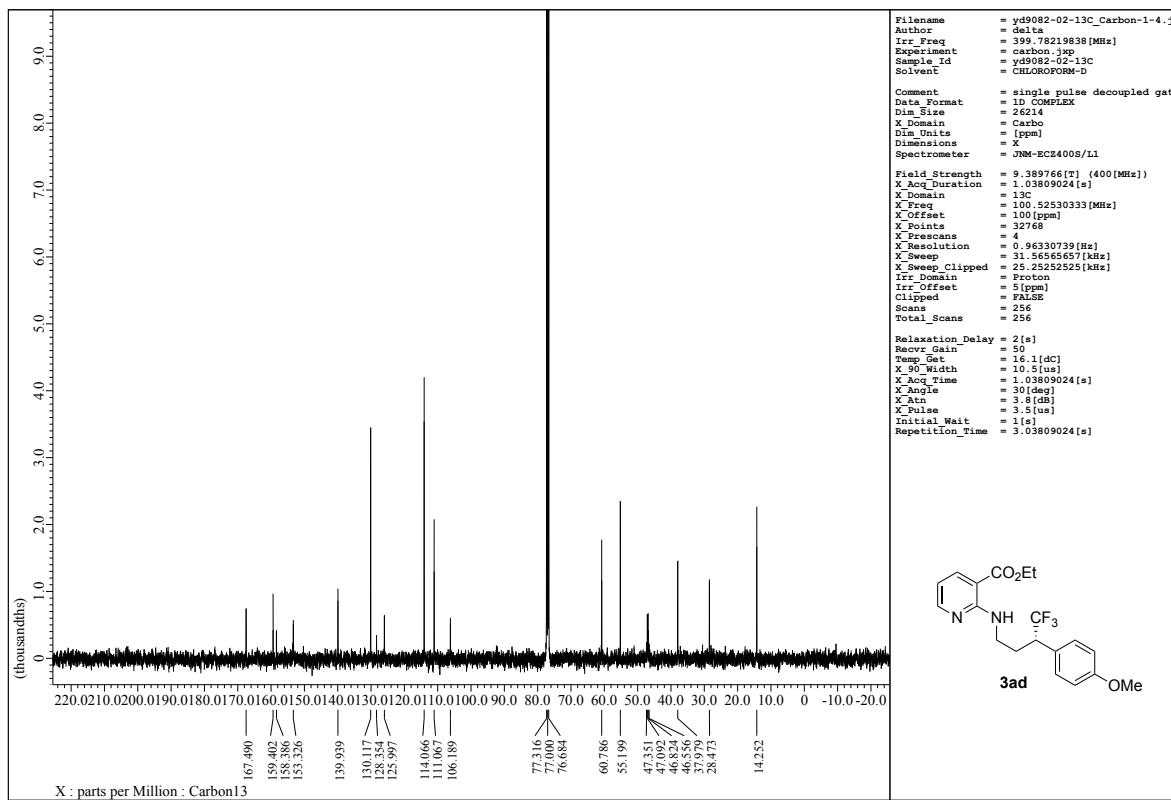
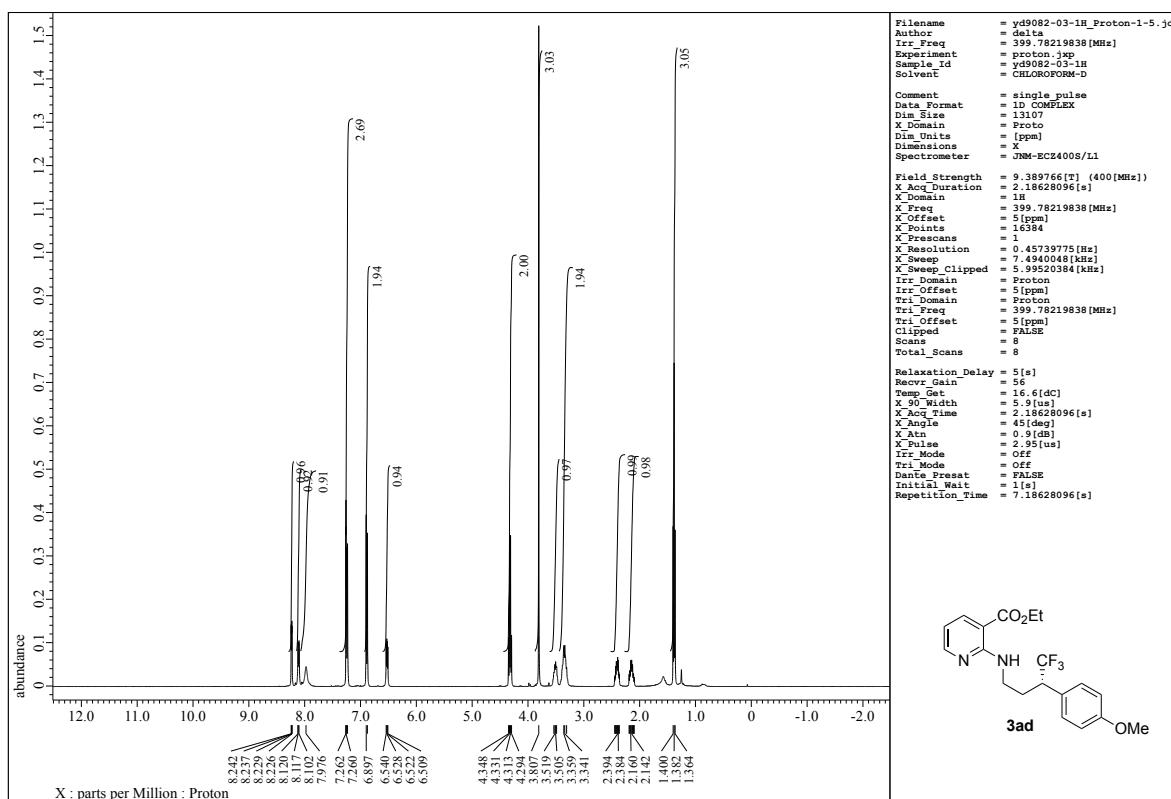


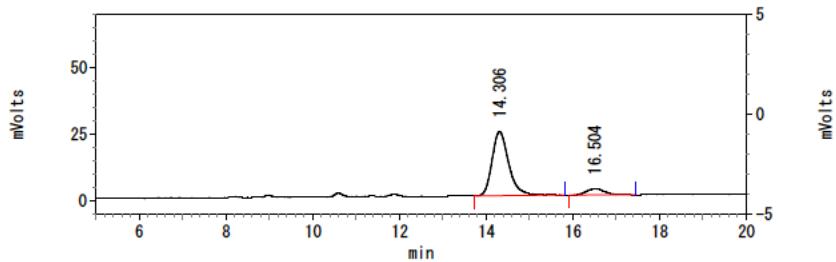
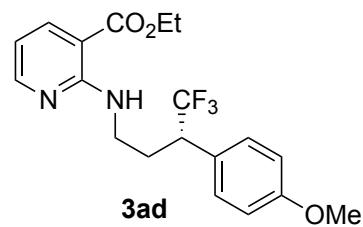




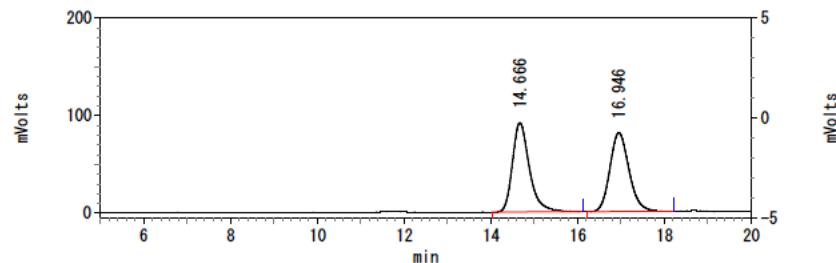




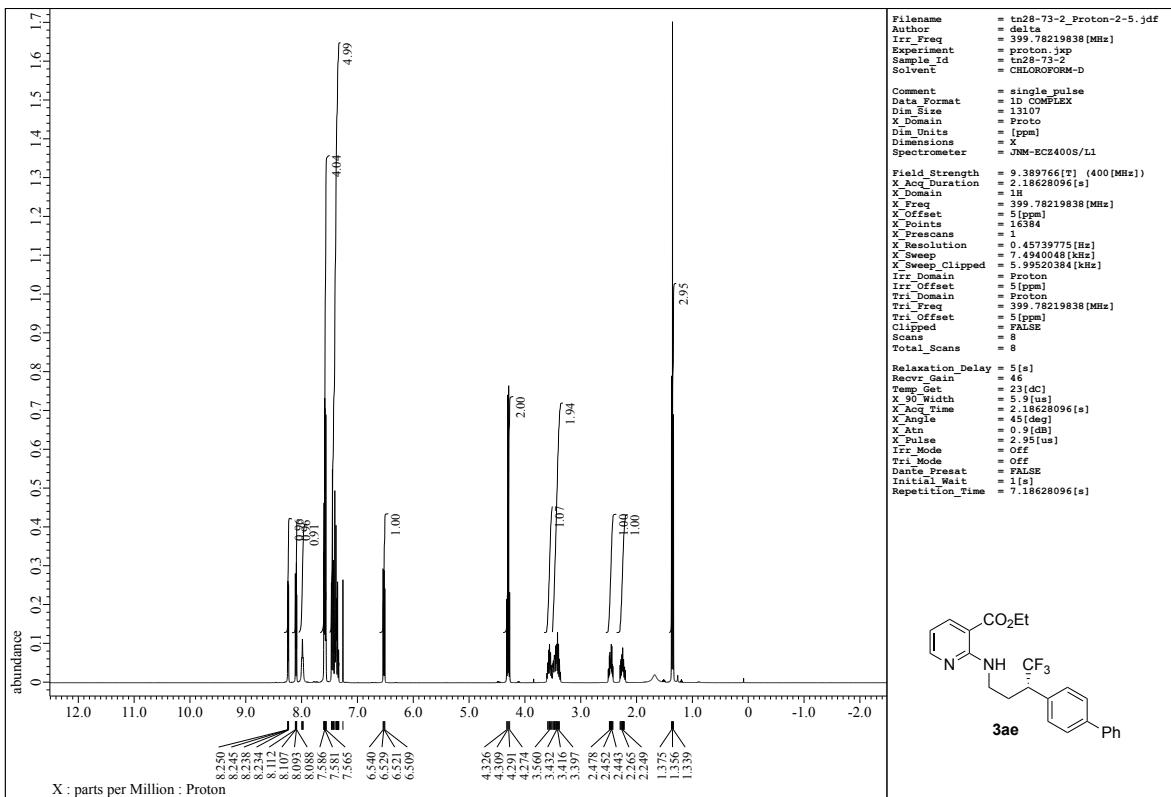


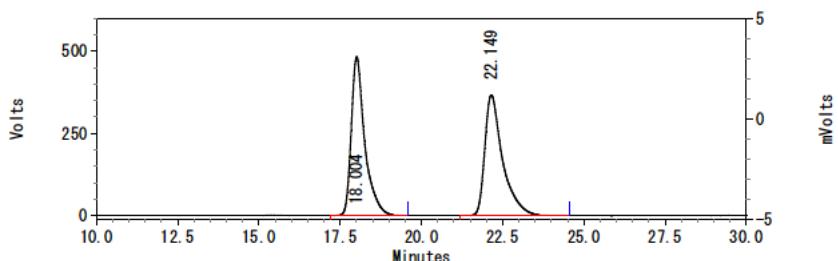
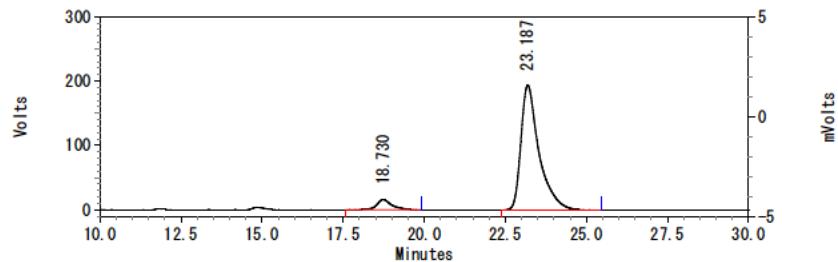
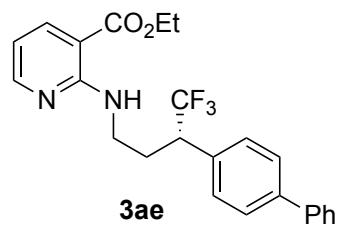


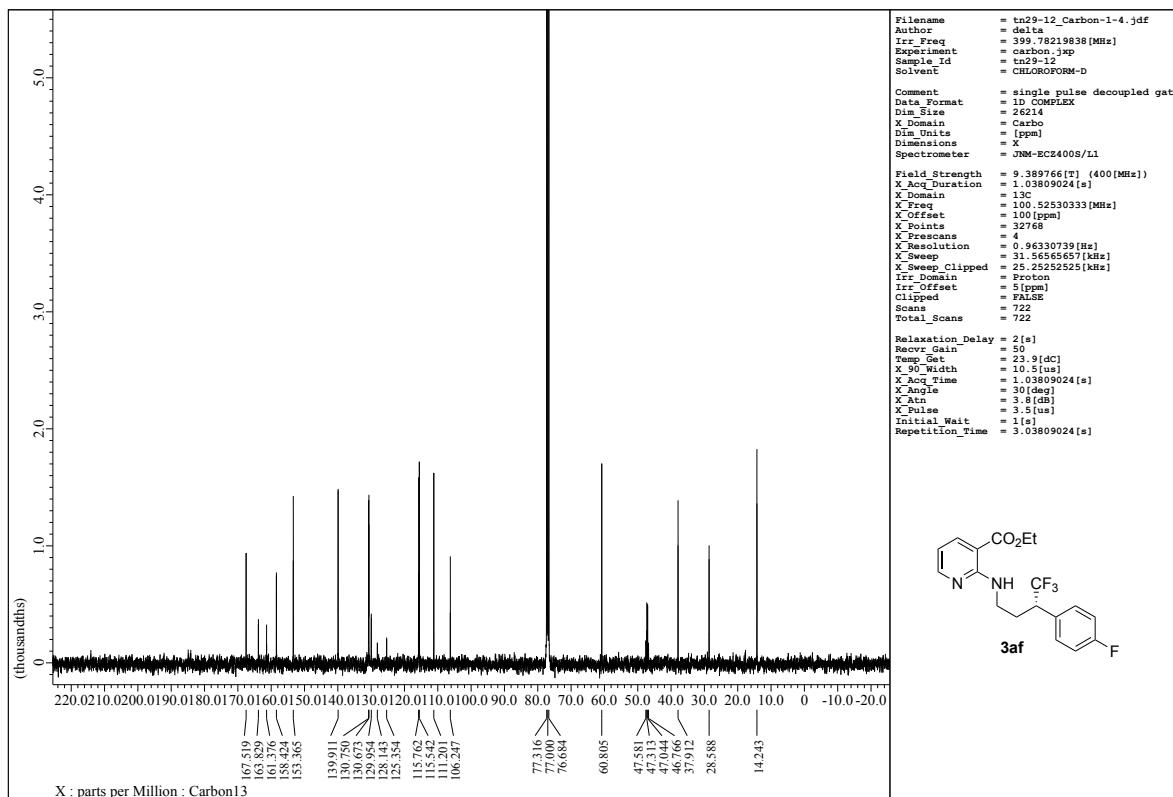
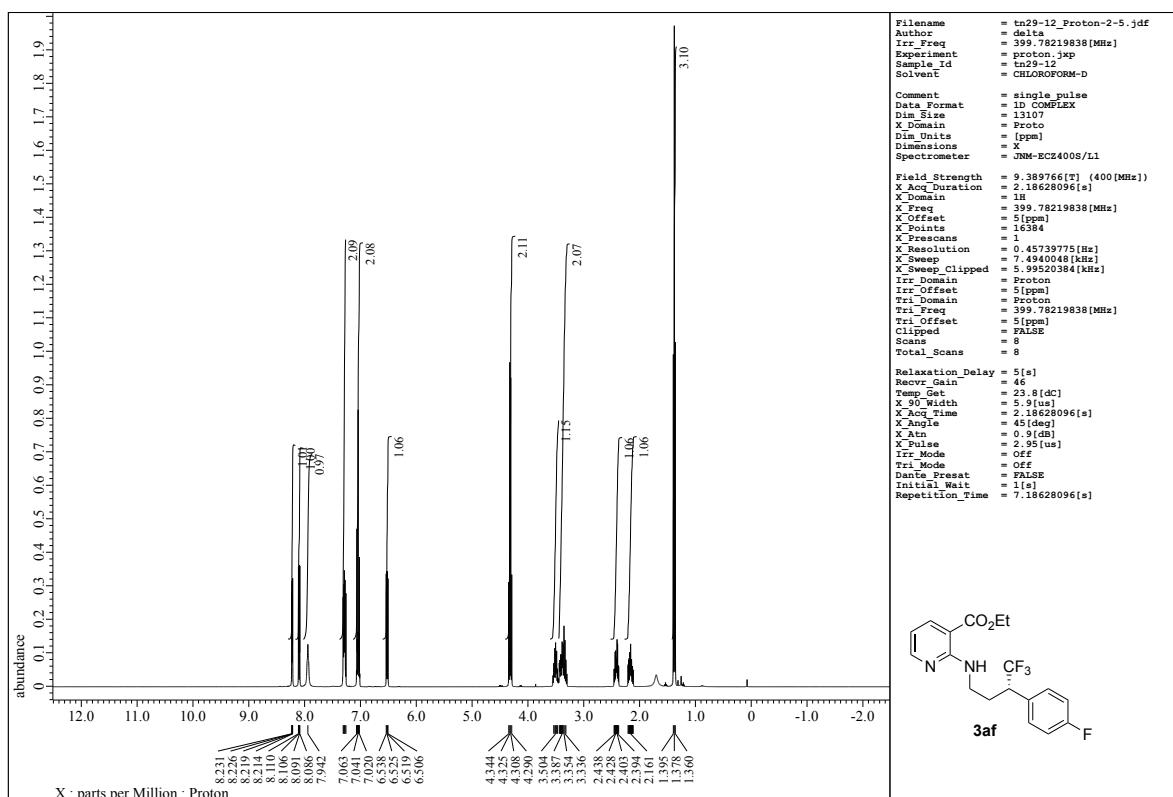
Pk #	Retention Time	Area	Area Percent
1	14.306	647973	90.350
2	16.504	69208	9.650

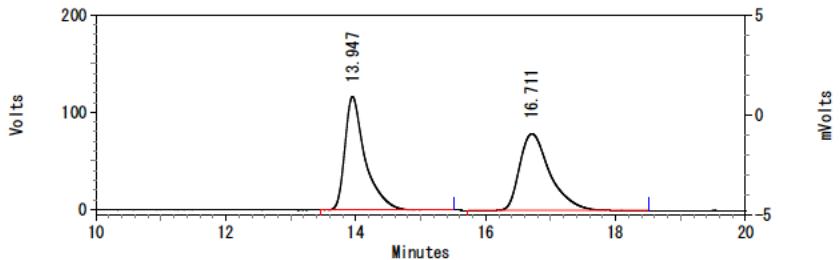
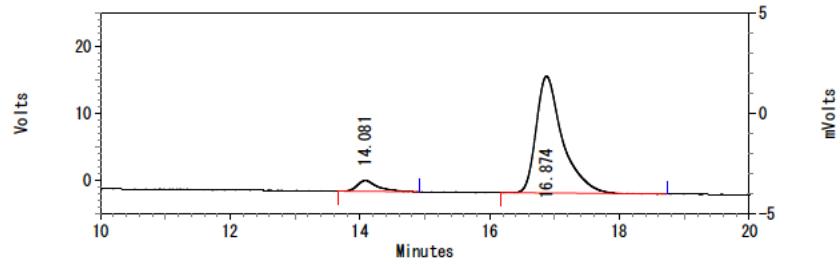
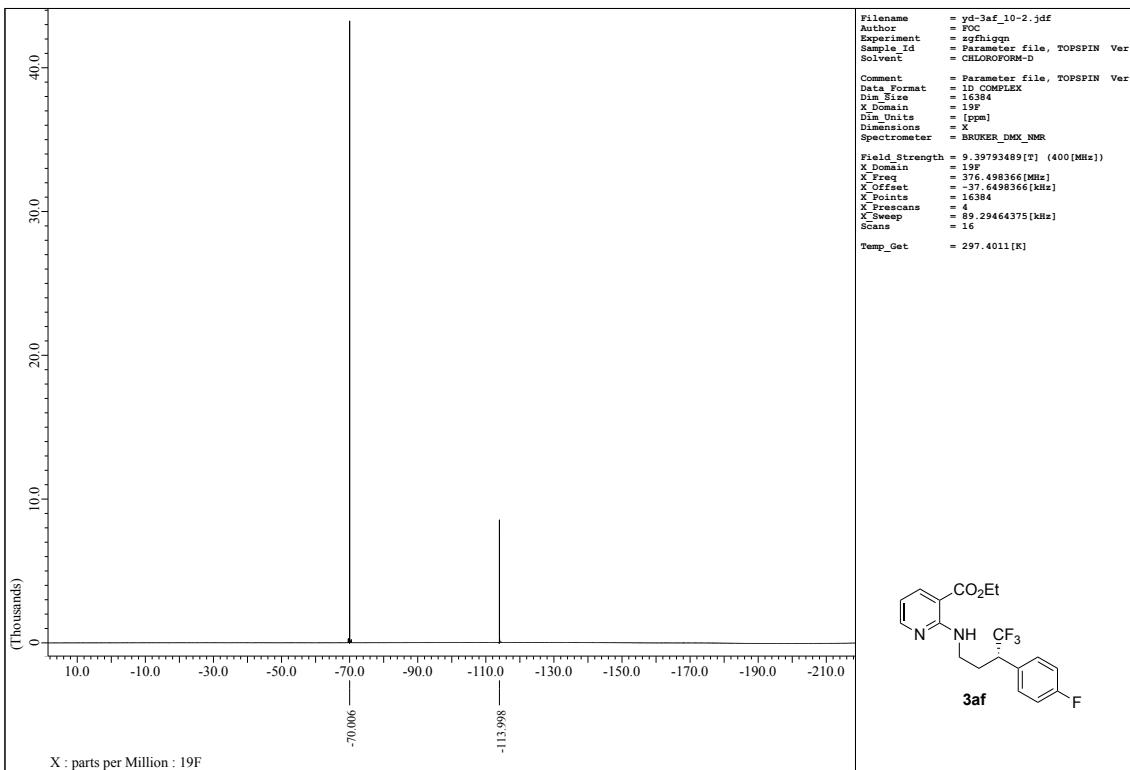


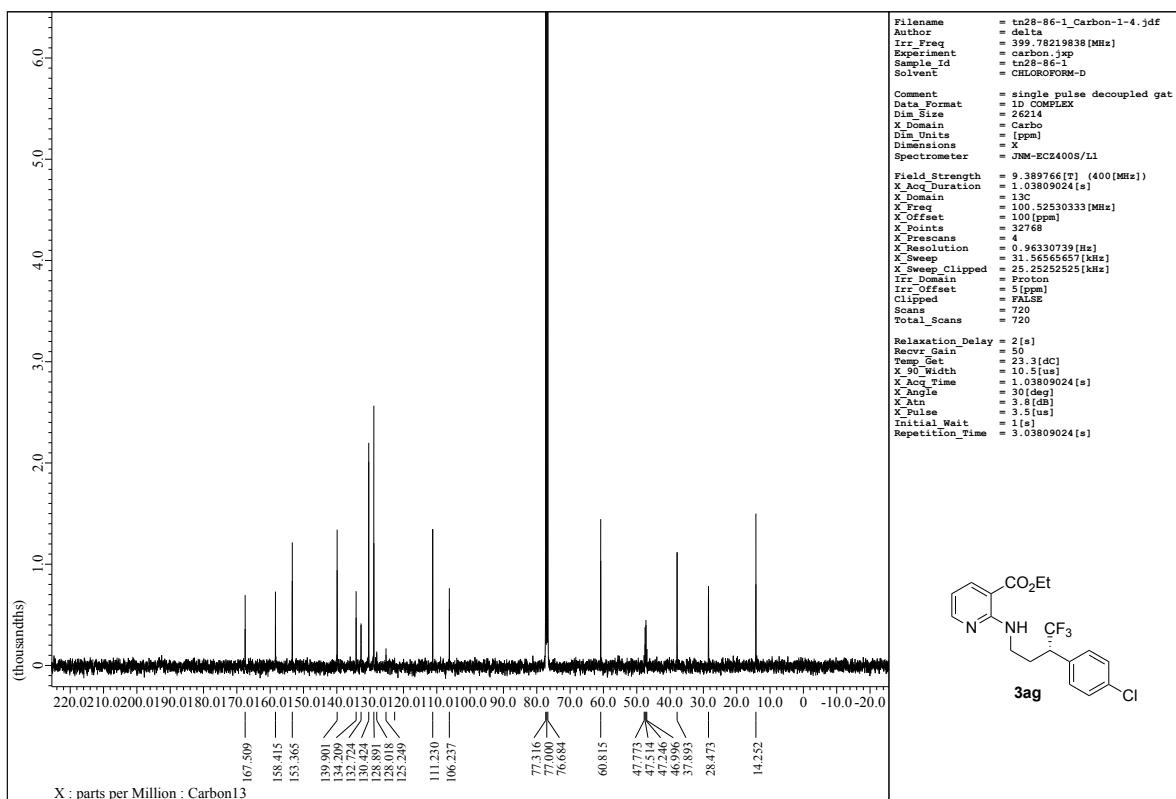
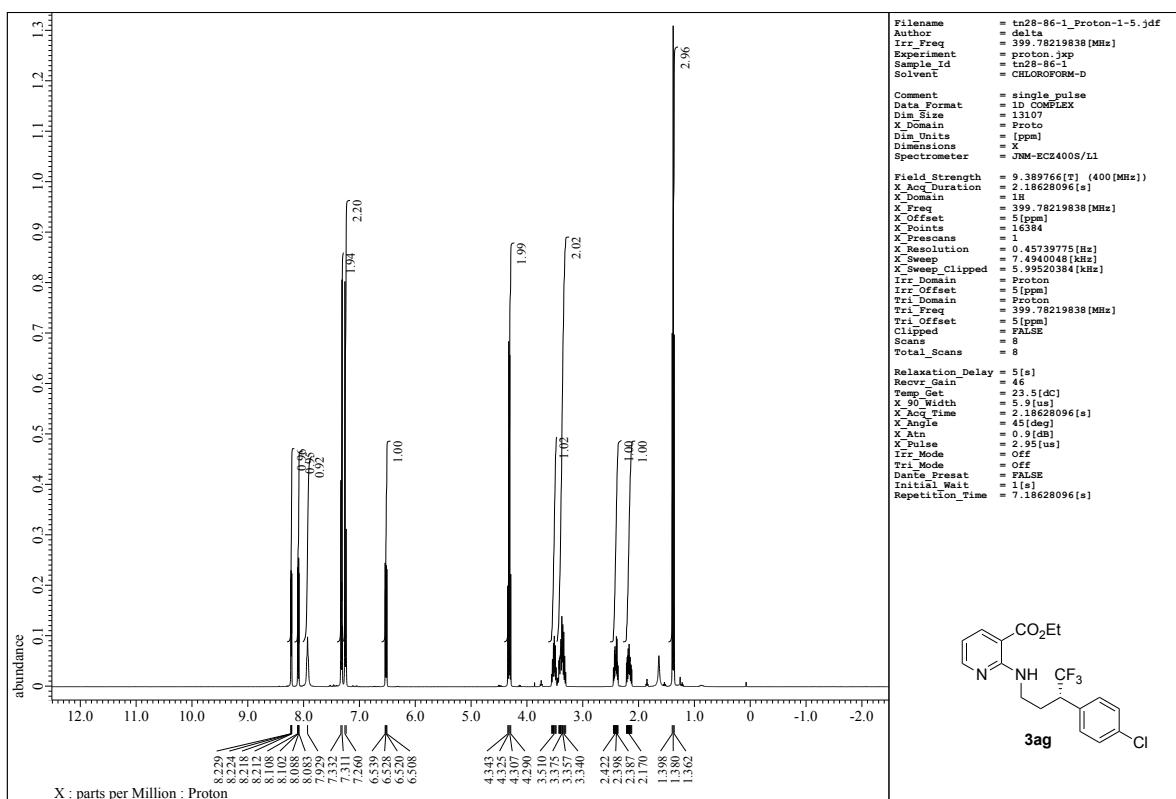
Pk #	Retention Time	Area	Area Percent
1	14.666	2487062	50.155
2	16.946	2471708	49.845

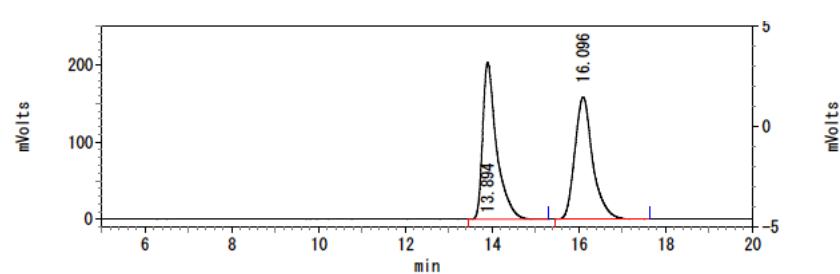
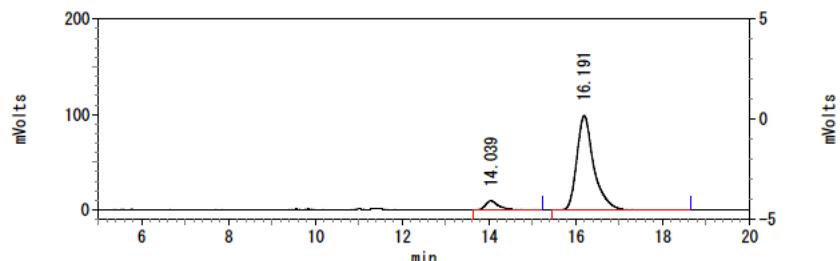
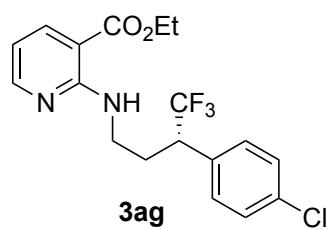


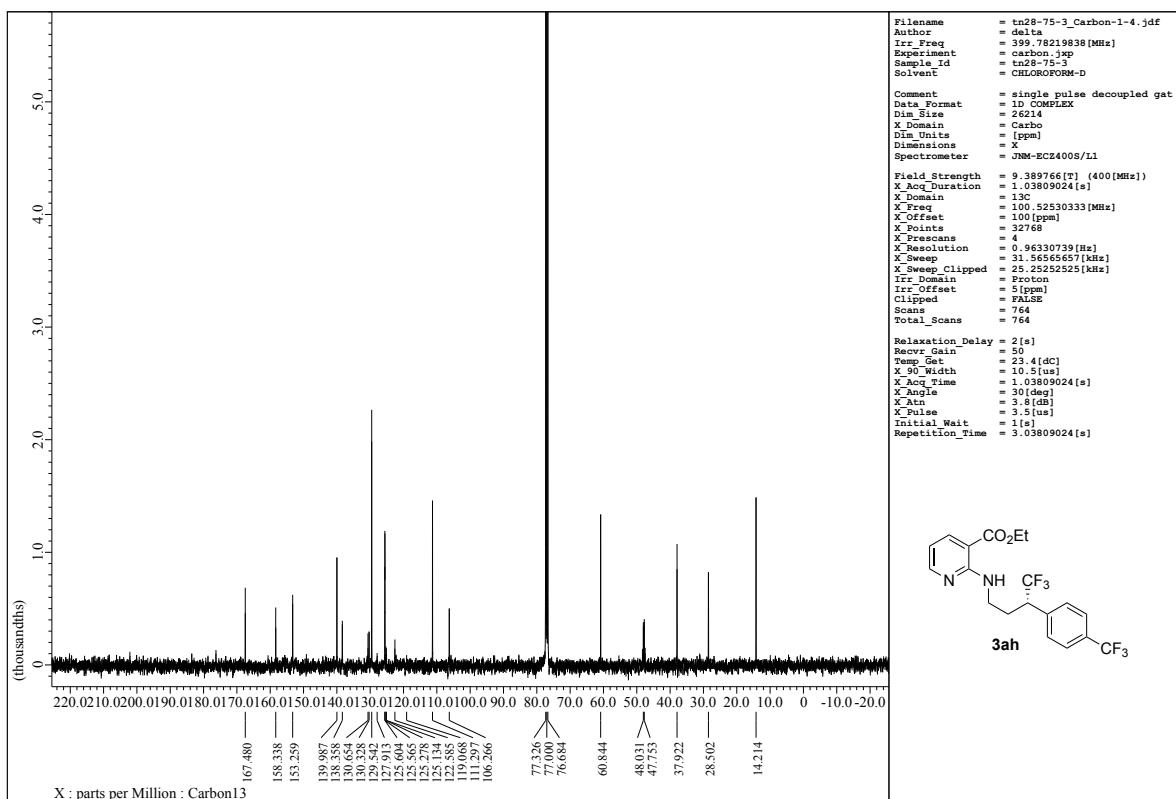
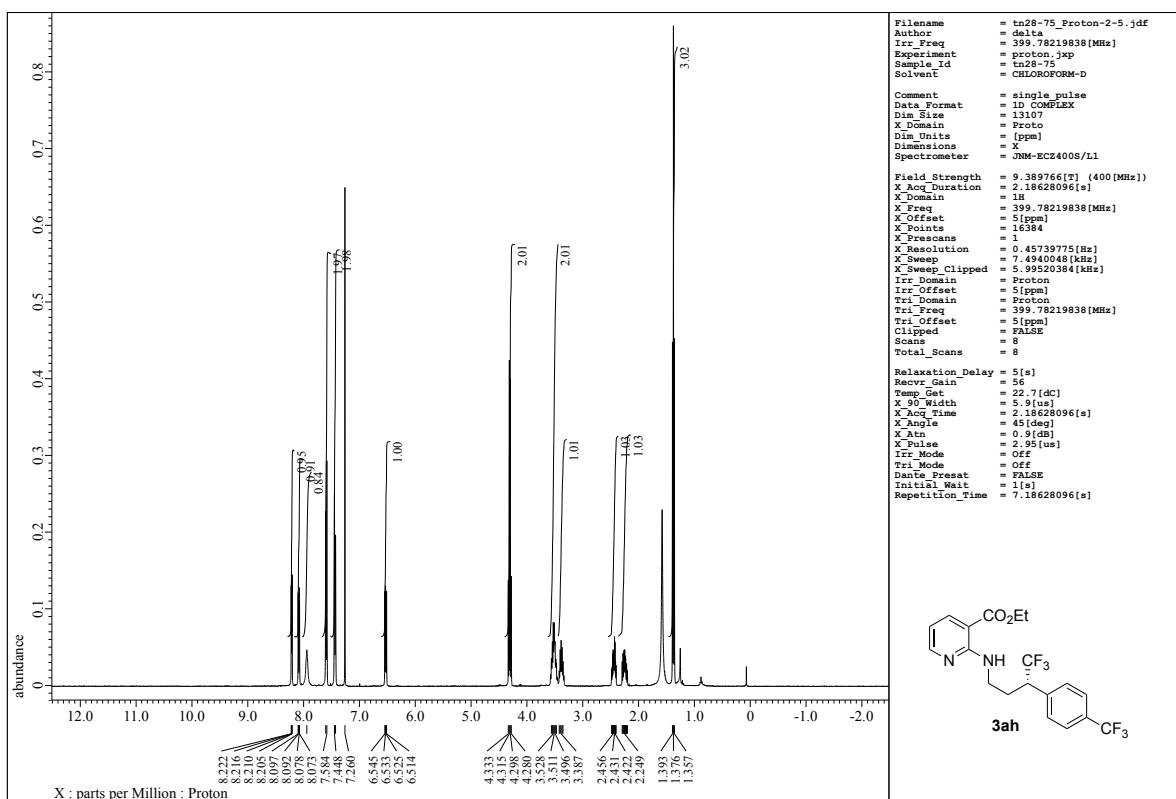


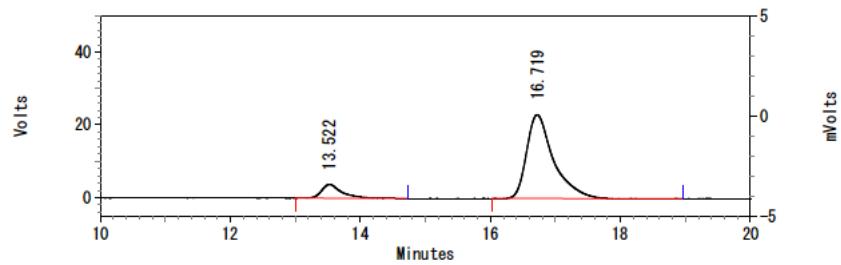
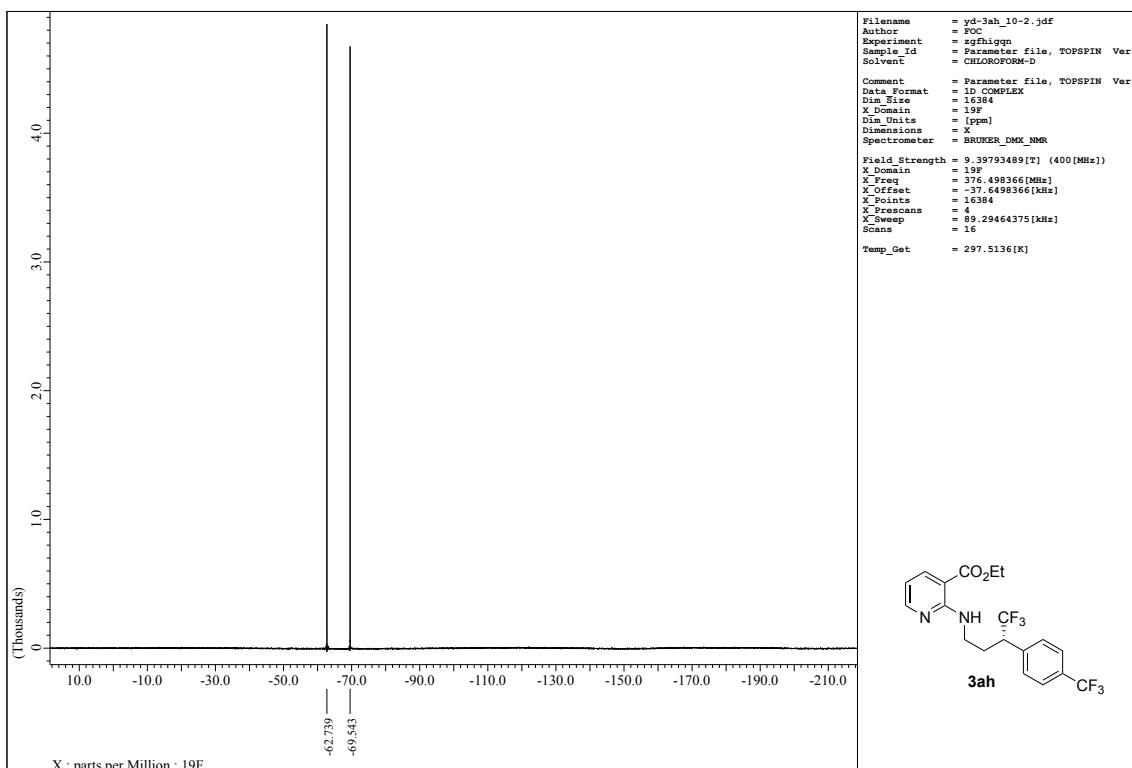




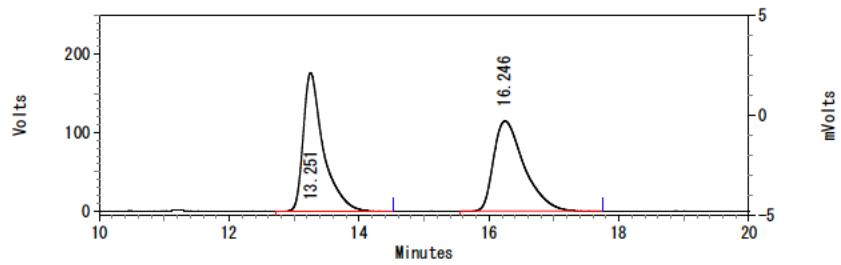




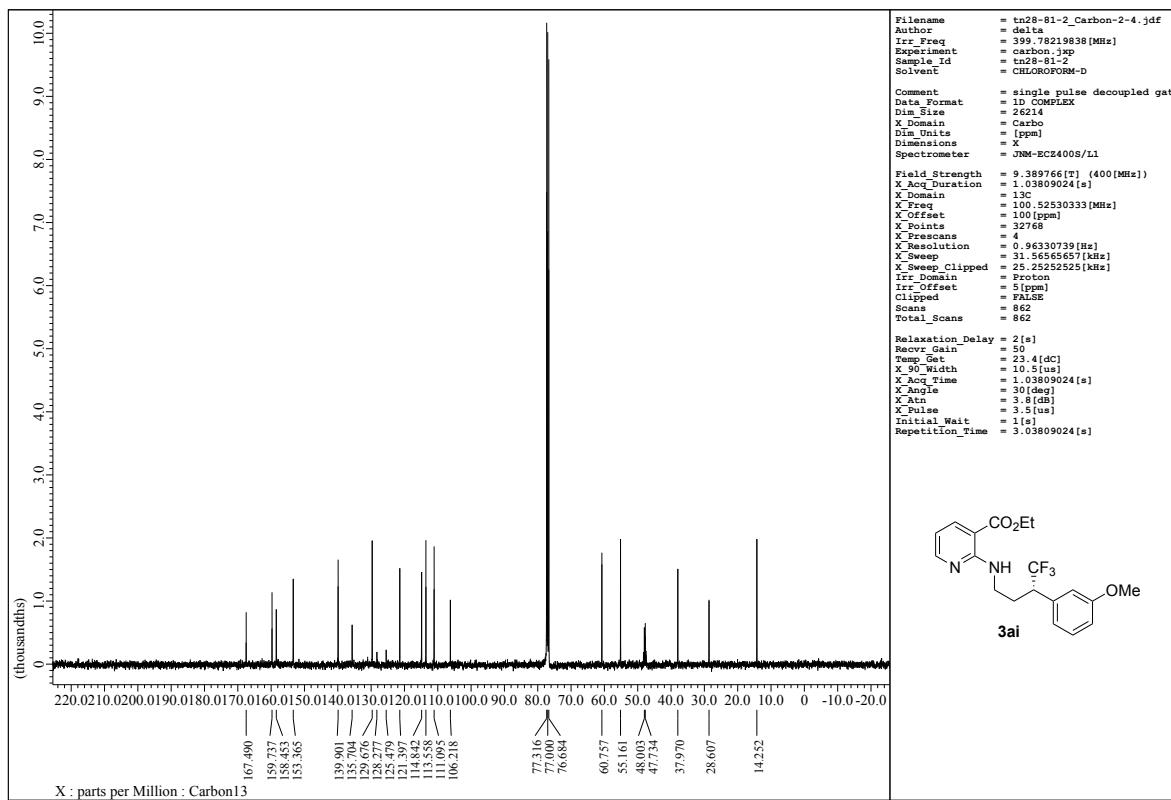
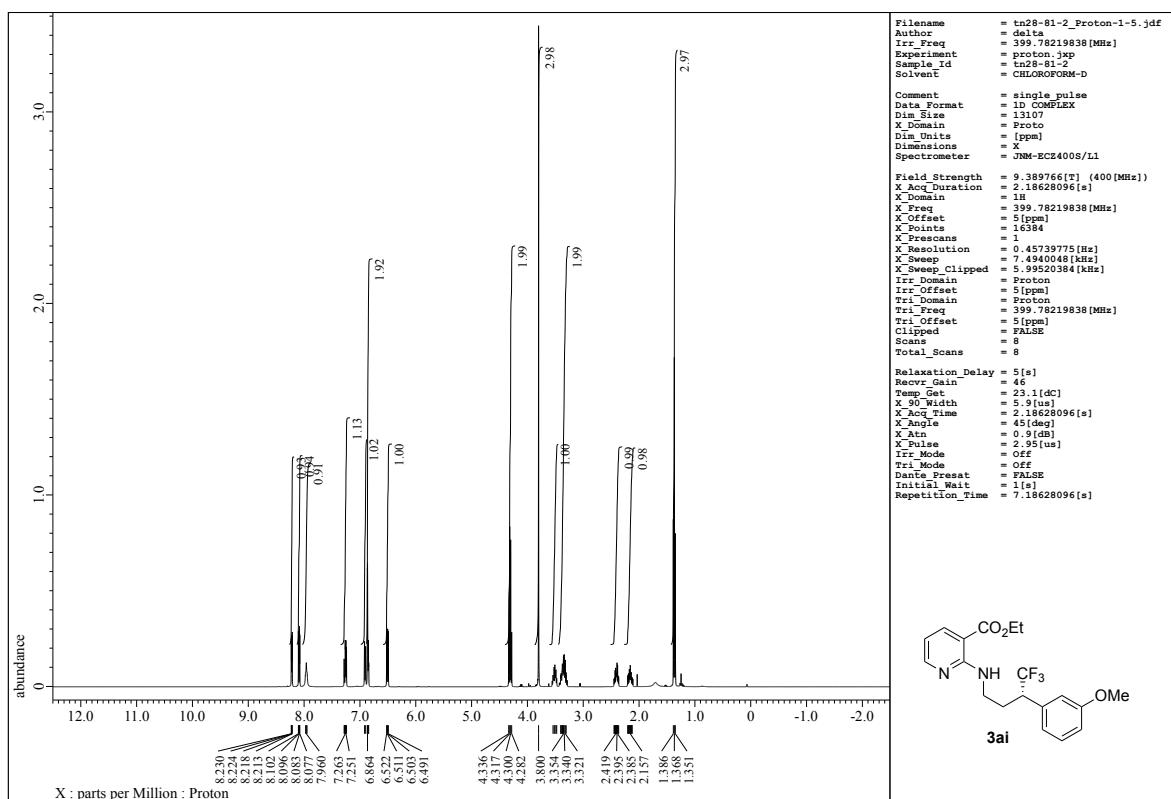


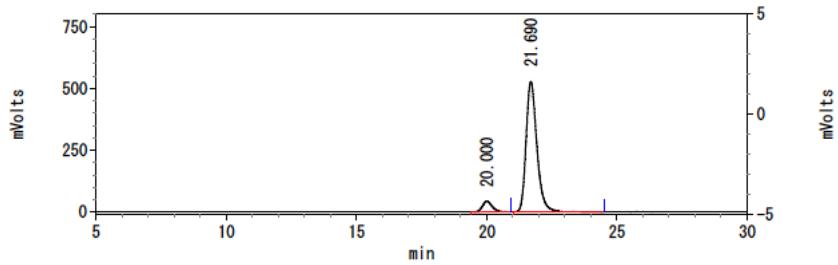
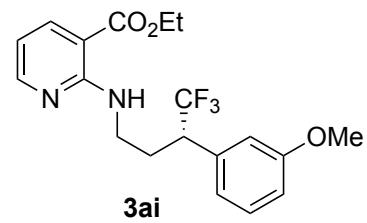


UV Results				
Pk #	Retention Time	Area	Area Percent	Height
1	13.522	81146	10.933	3769
2	16.719	661086	89.067	23005

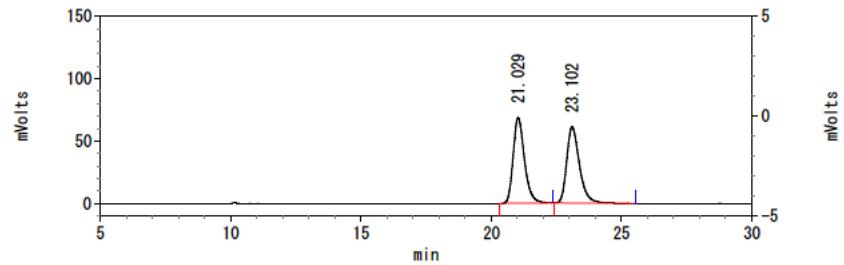


UV Results				
Pk #	Retention Time	Area	Area Percent	Height
1	13.251	3762136	50.175	176133
2	16.246	3735921	49.825	114577

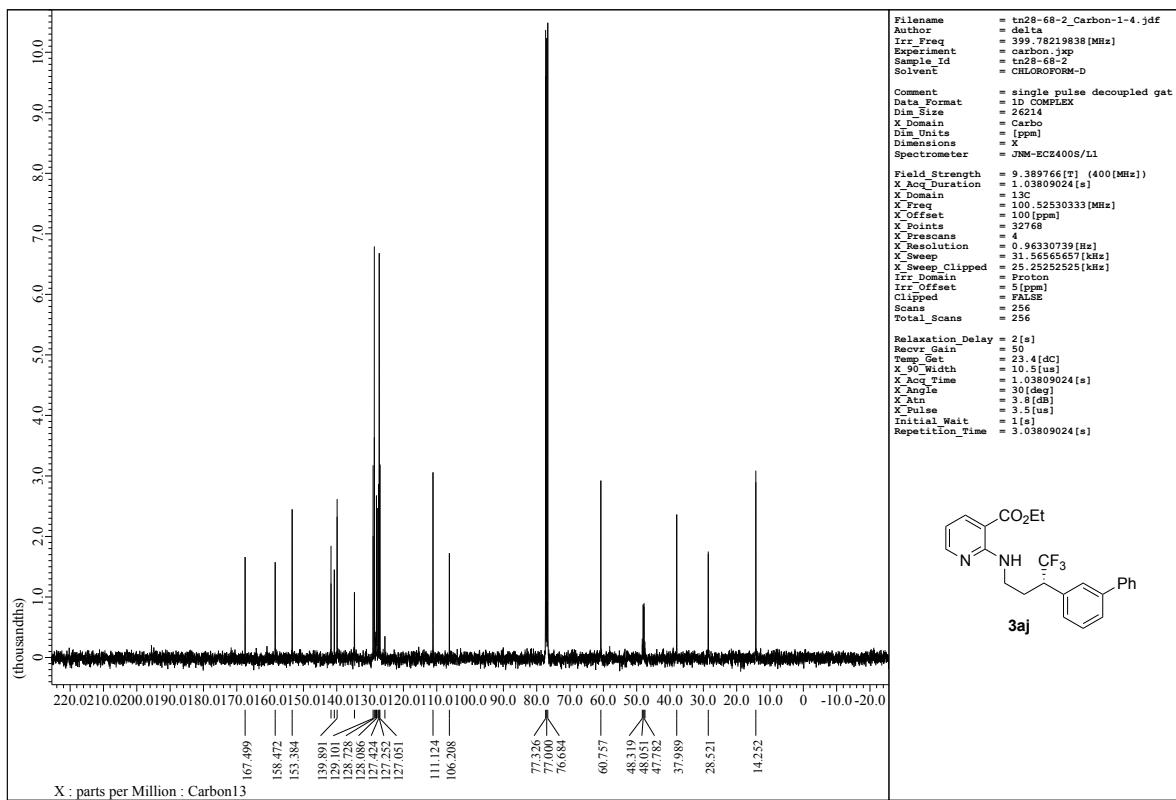
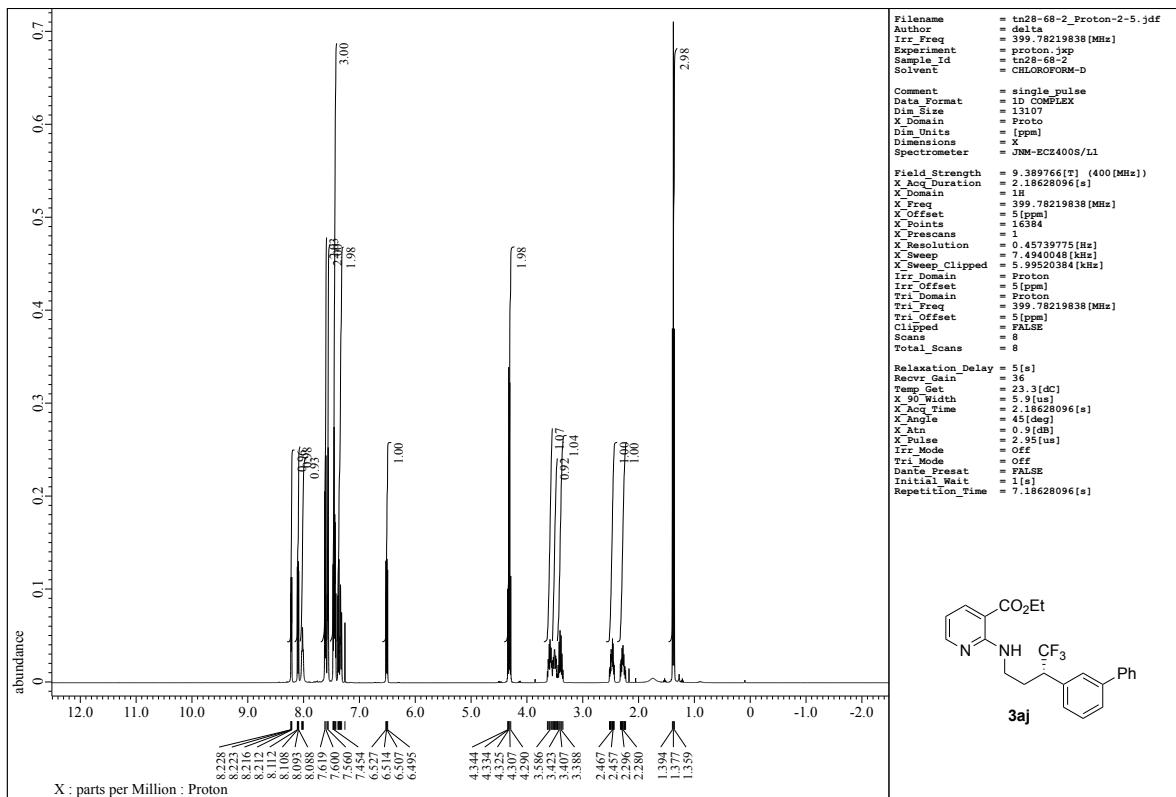


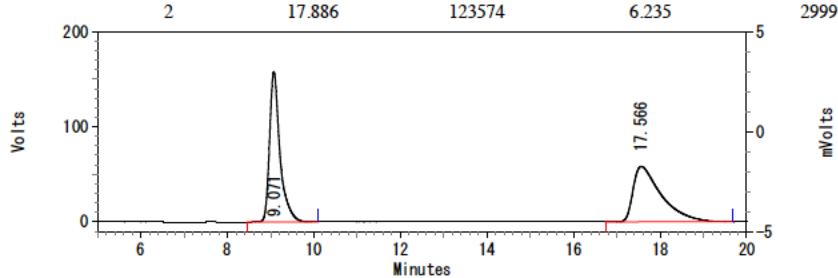
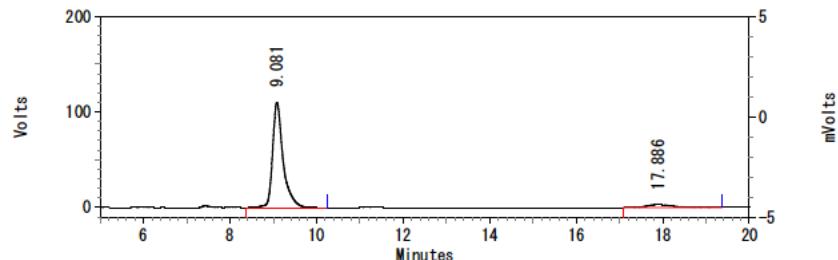
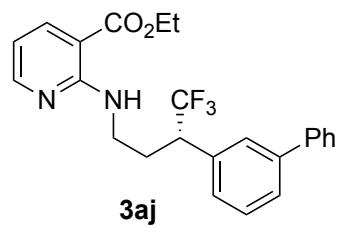


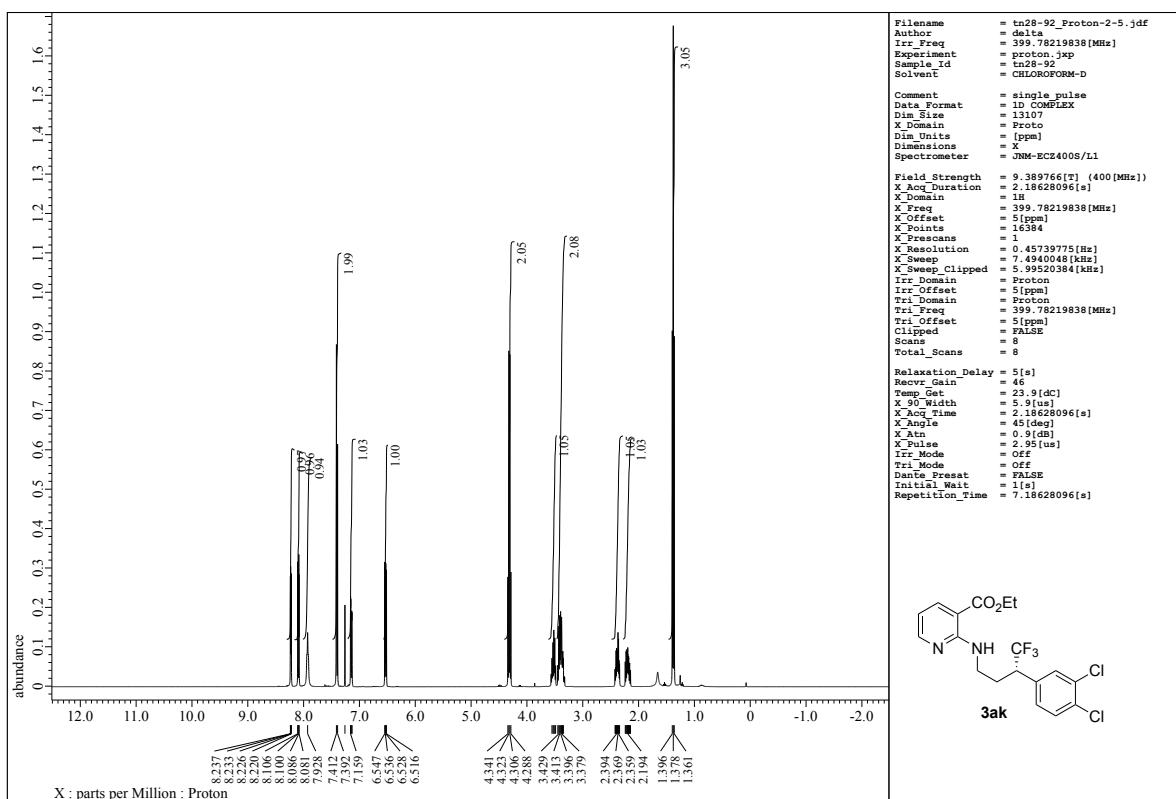
Pk #	Retention Time	Area	Area Percent
1	20.000	1111825	6.830
2	21.690	15167840	93.170

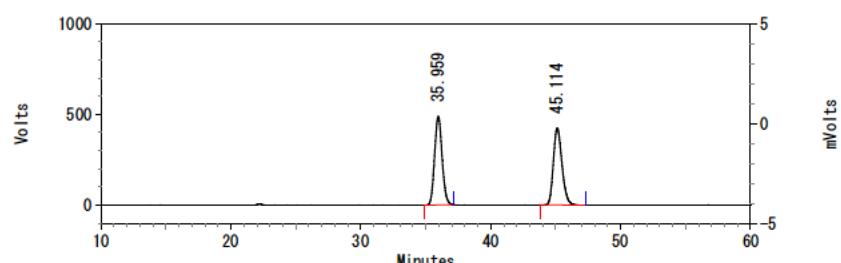
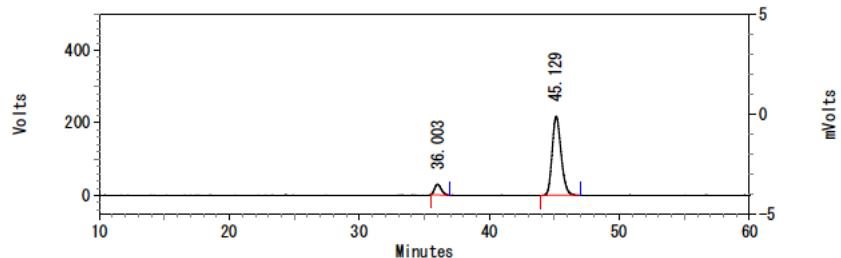
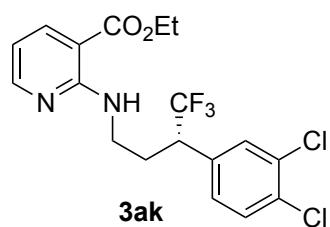


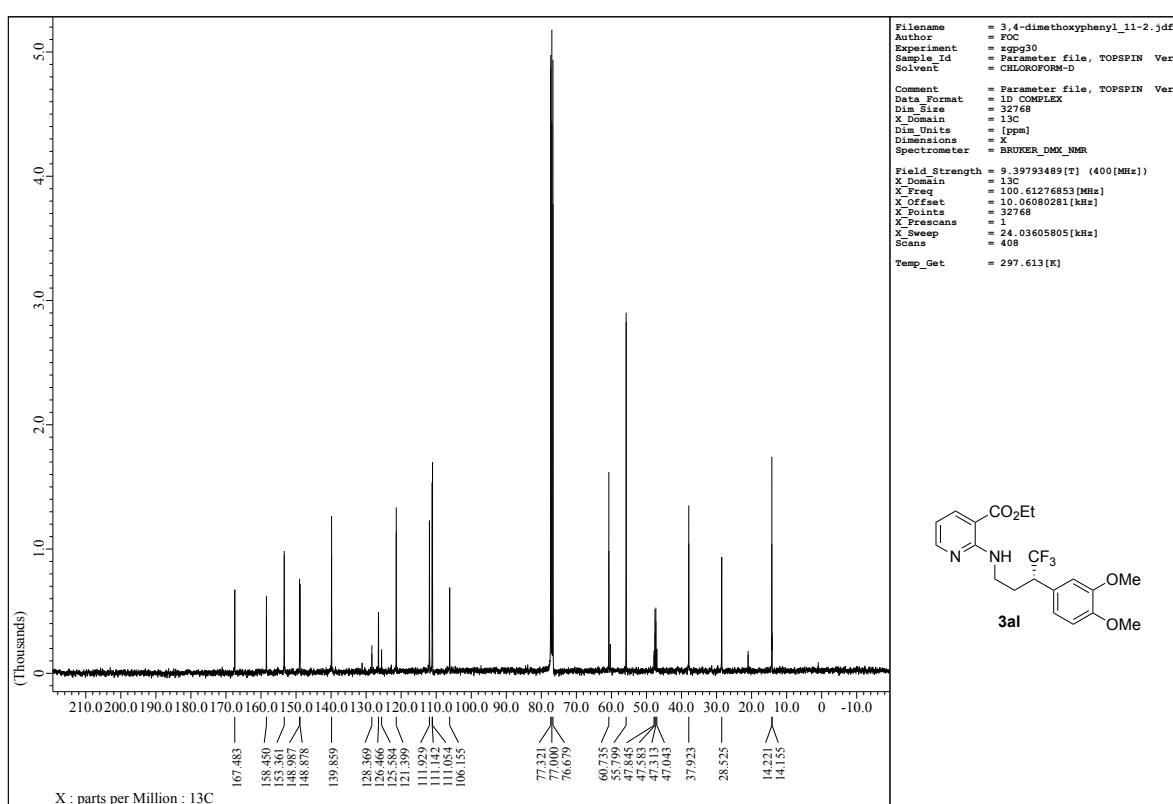
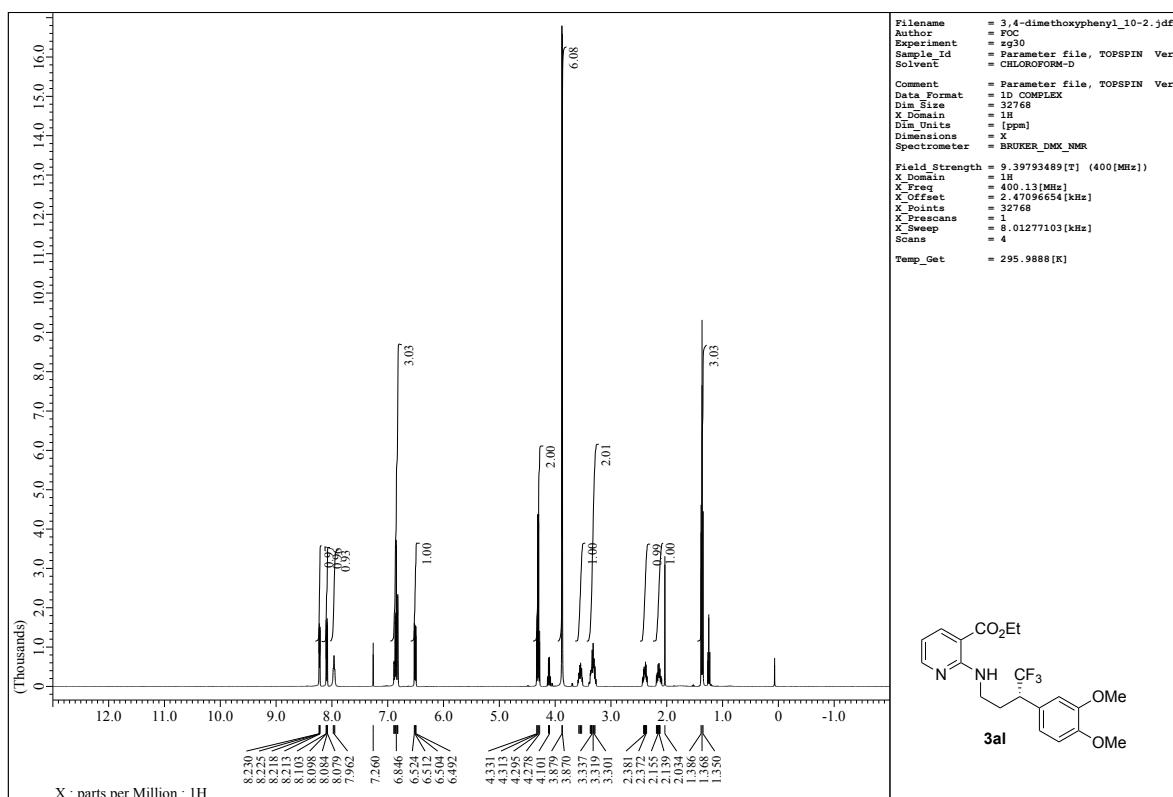
Pk #	Retention Time	Area	Area Percent
1	21.029	2070126	50.000
2	23.102	2070145	50.000

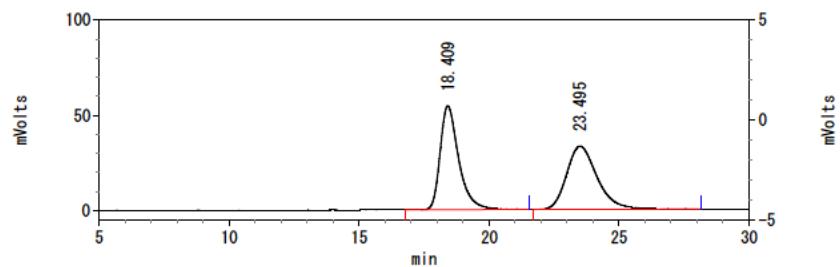
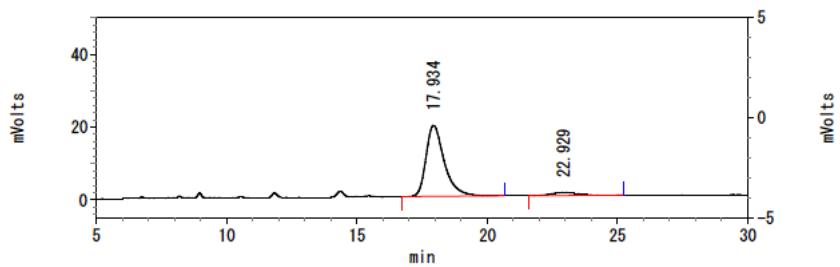
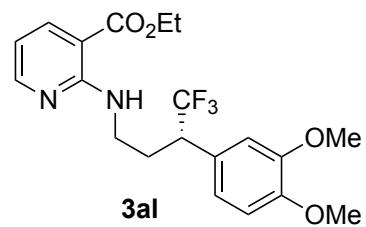


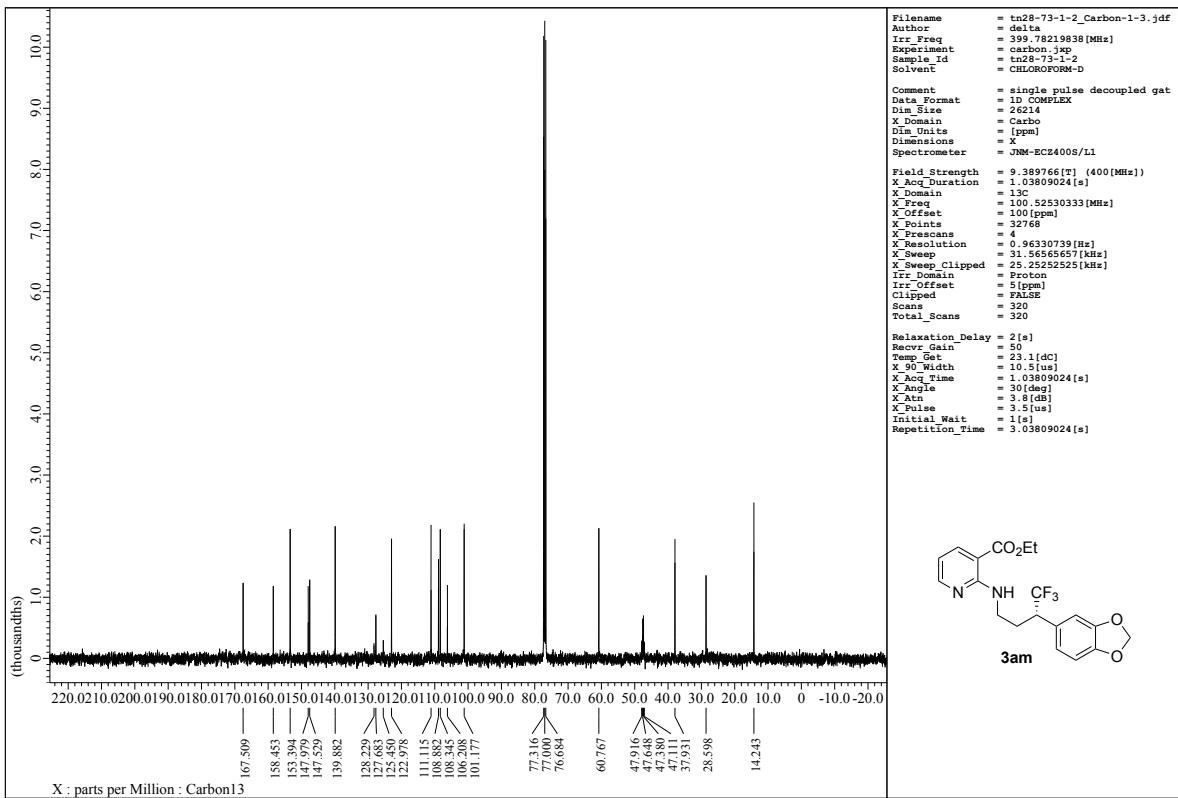
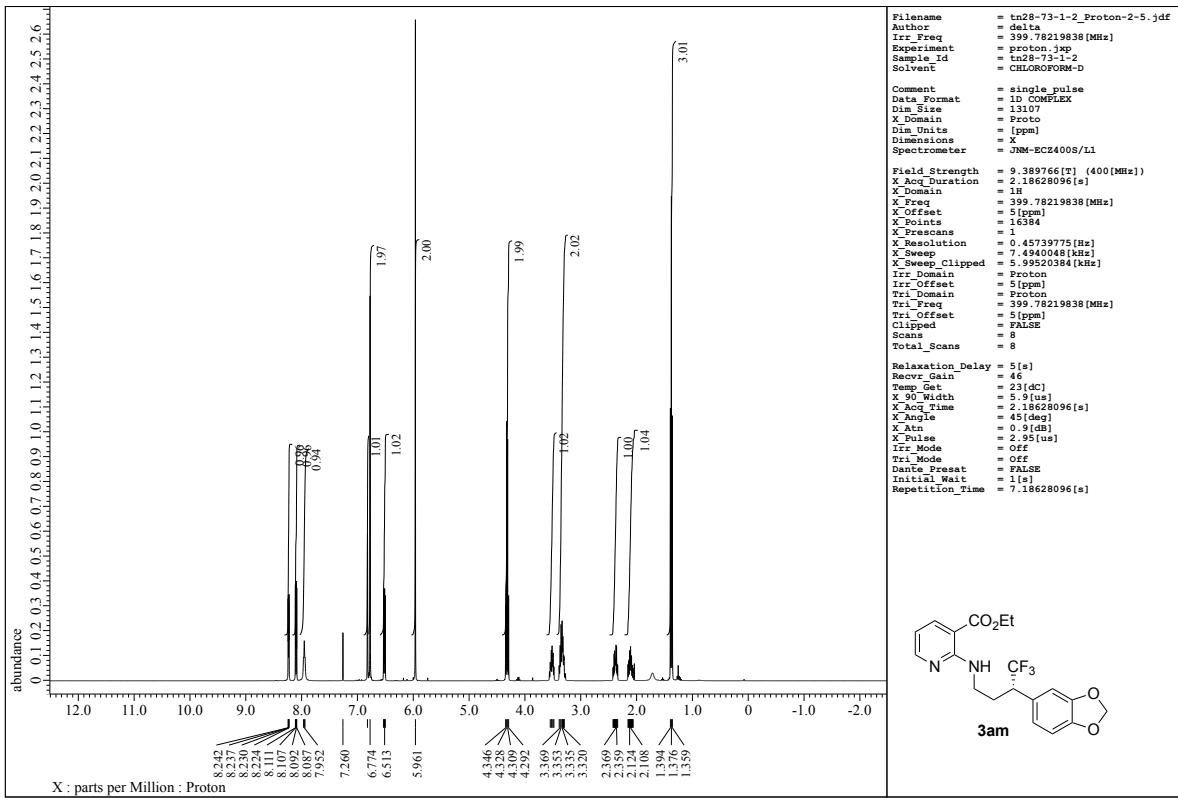


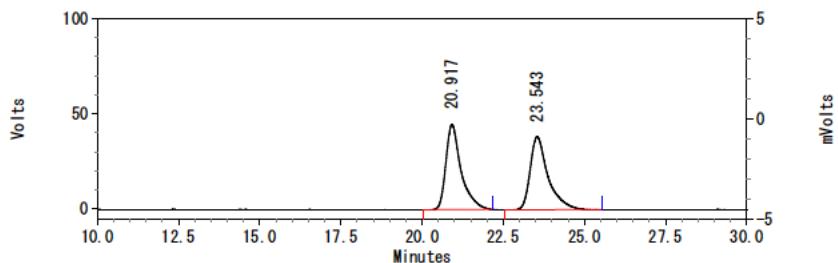
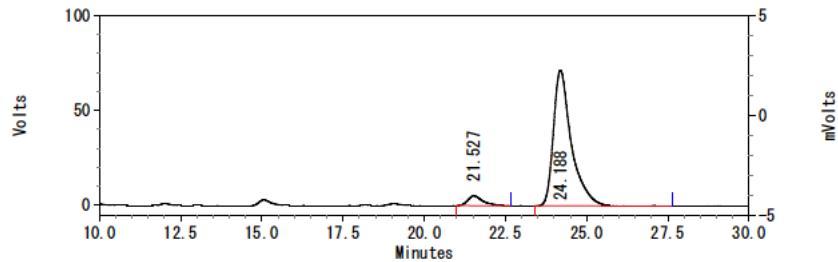
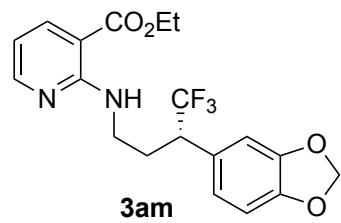


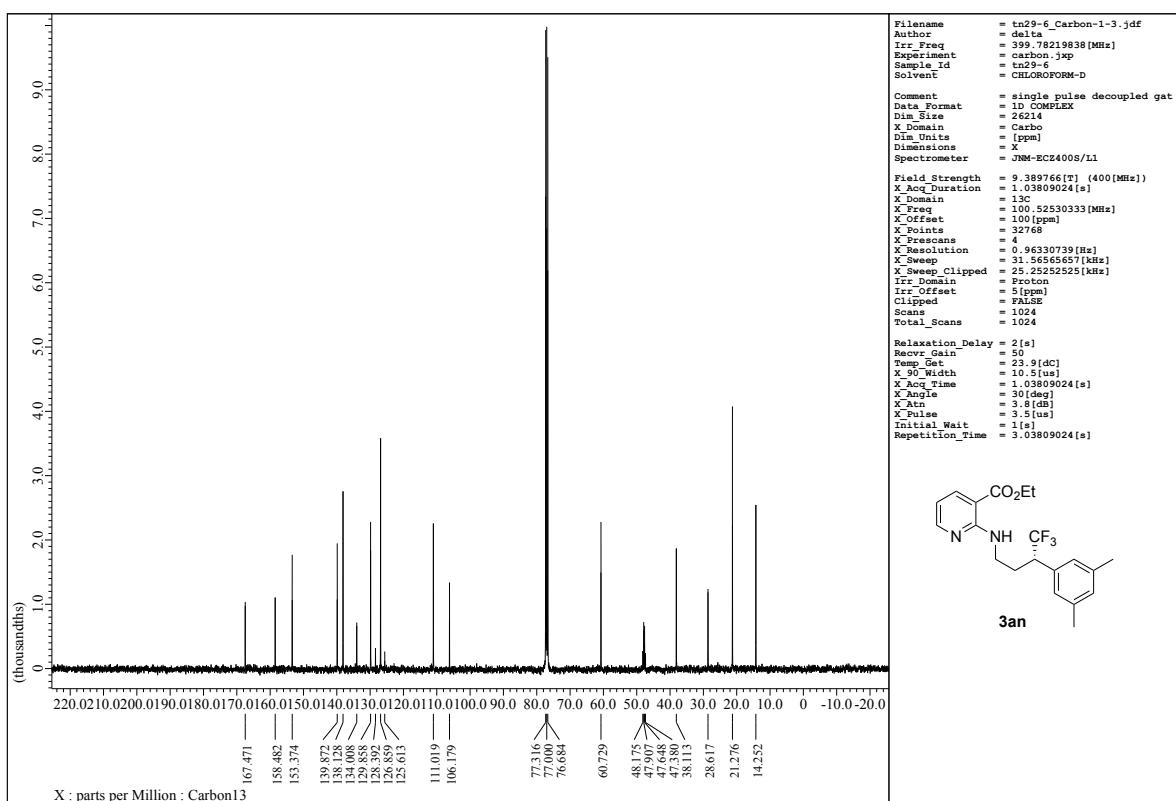
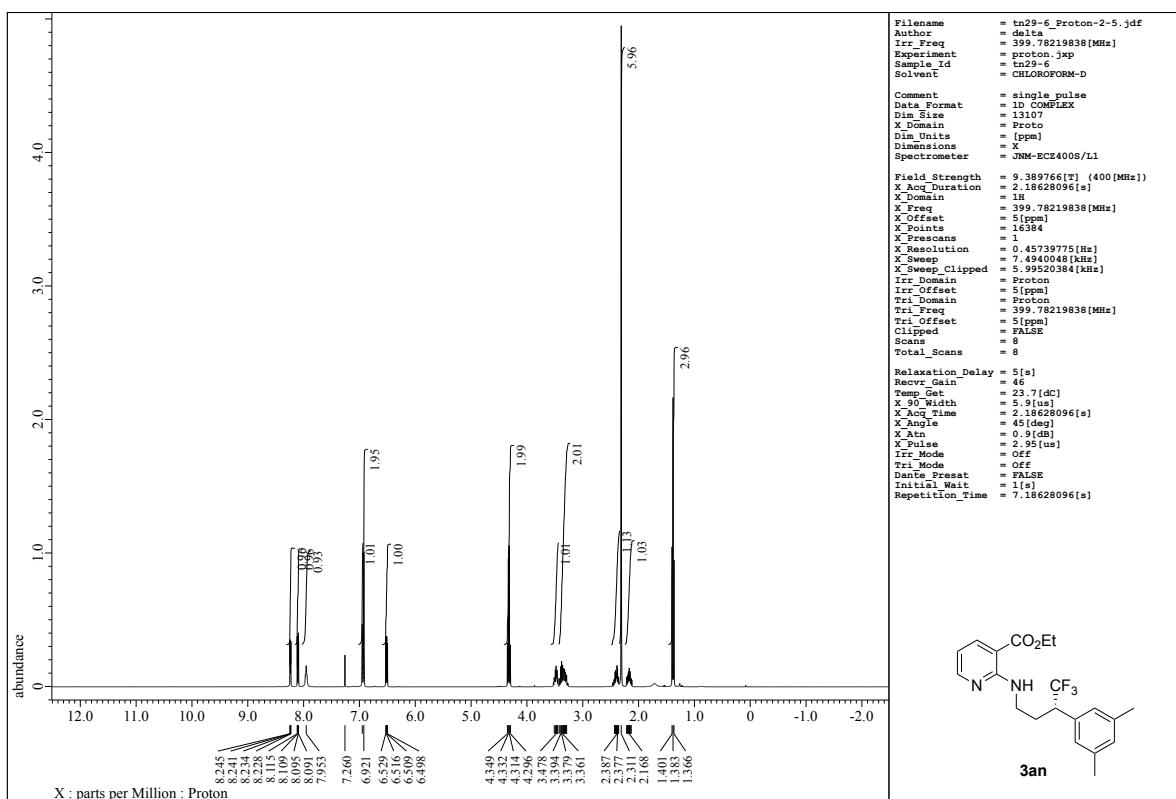


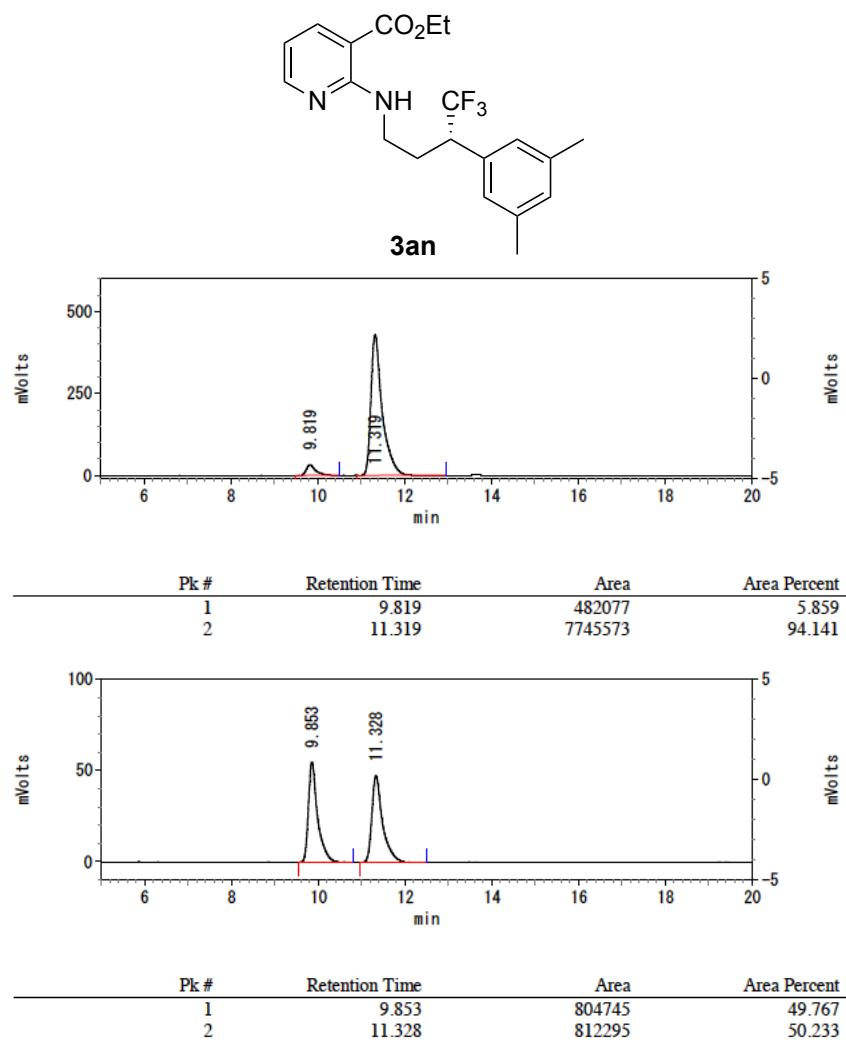


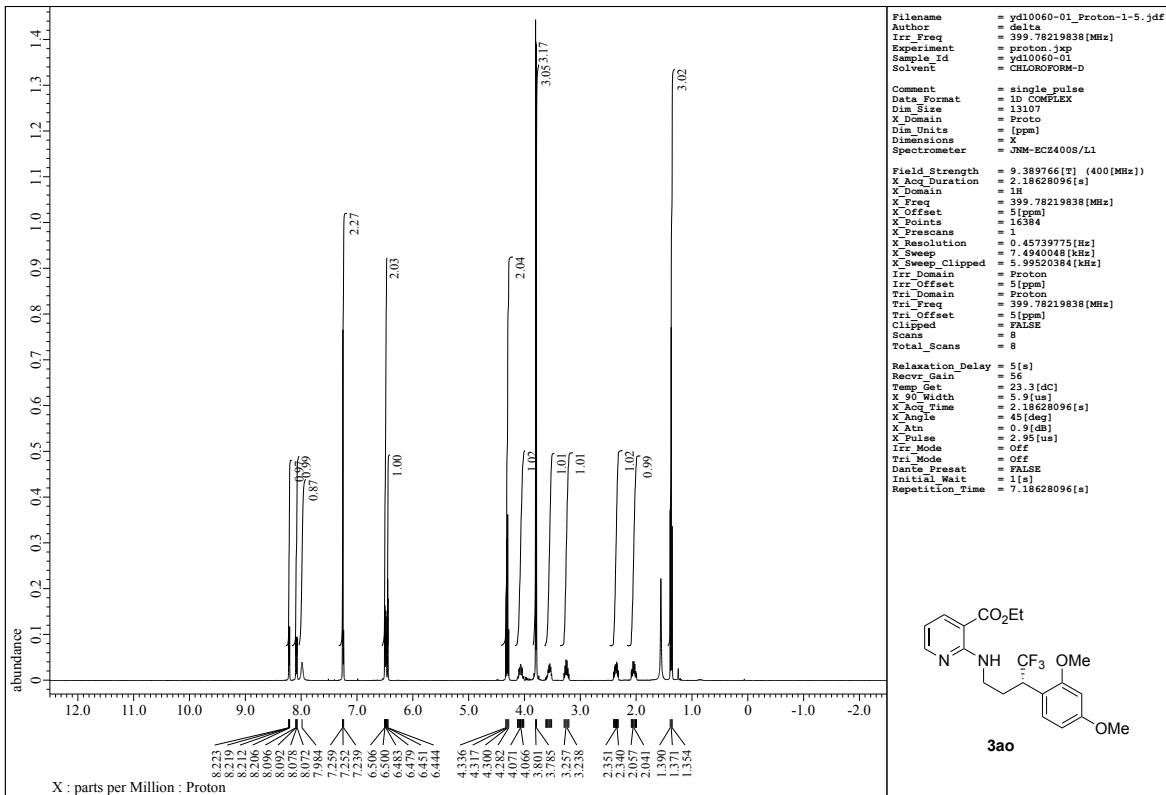


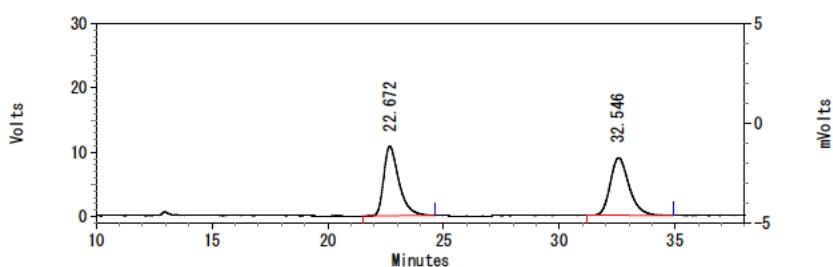
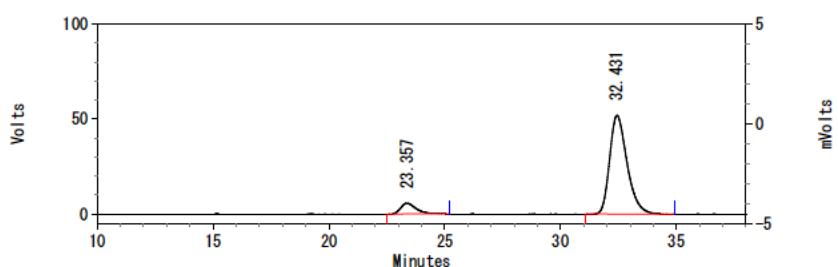
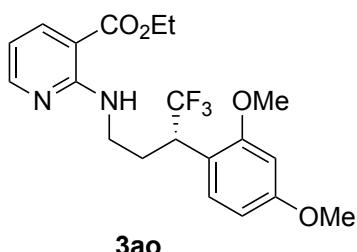


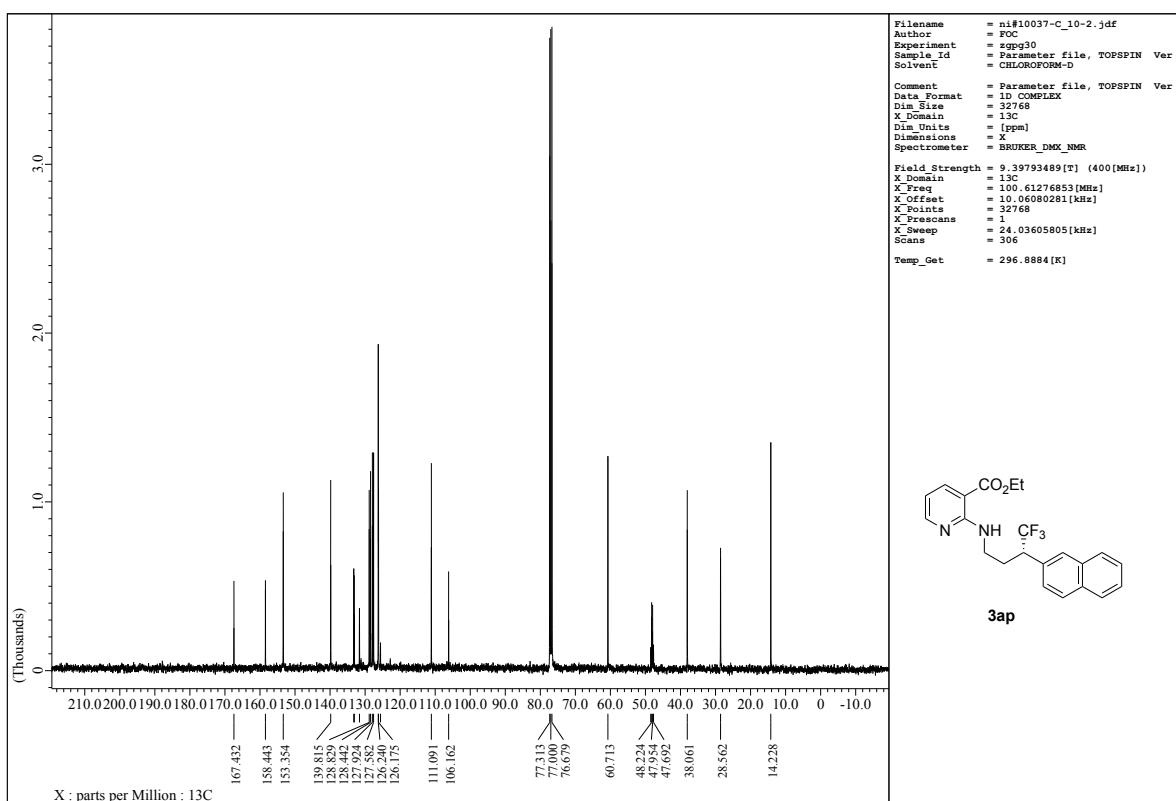
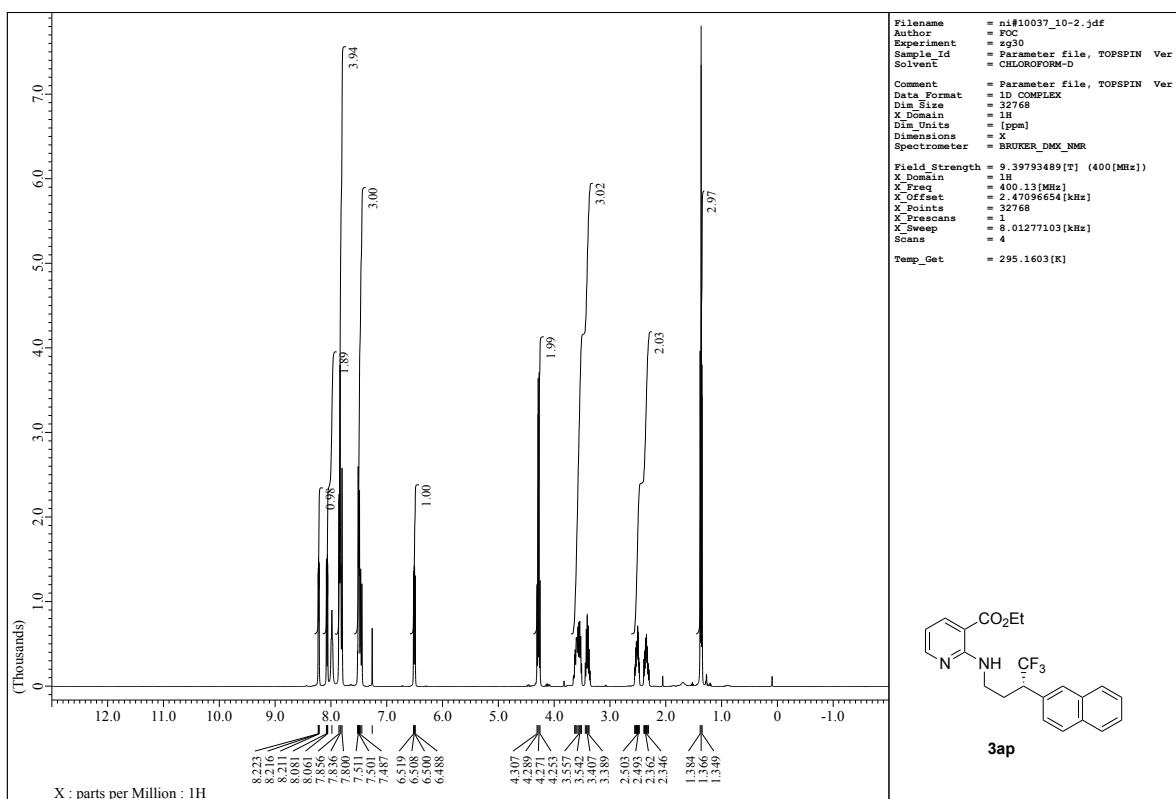


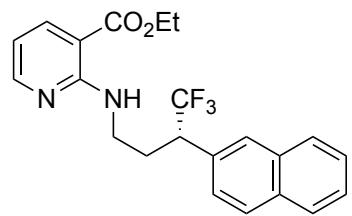




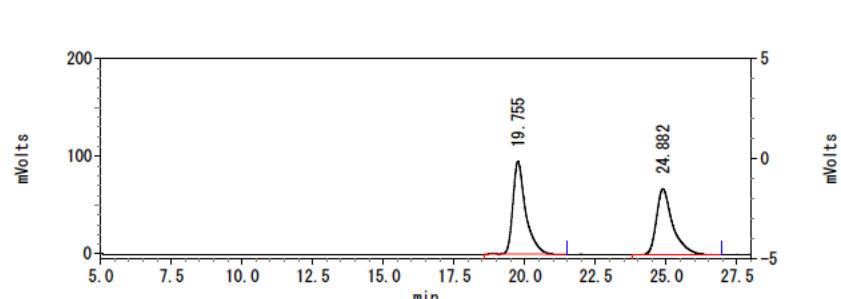
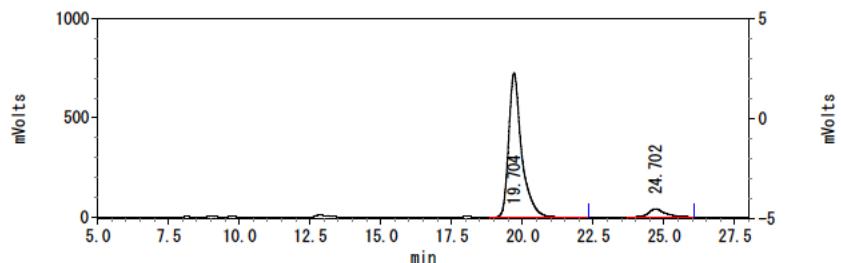


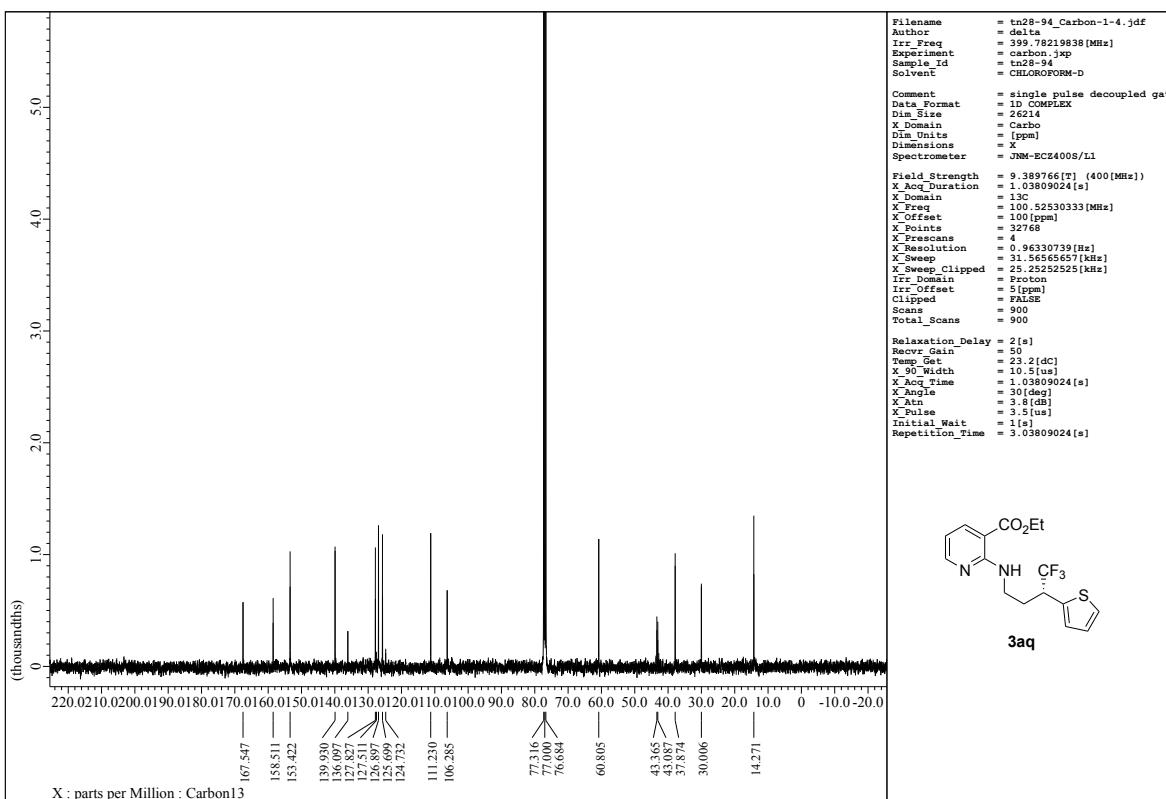
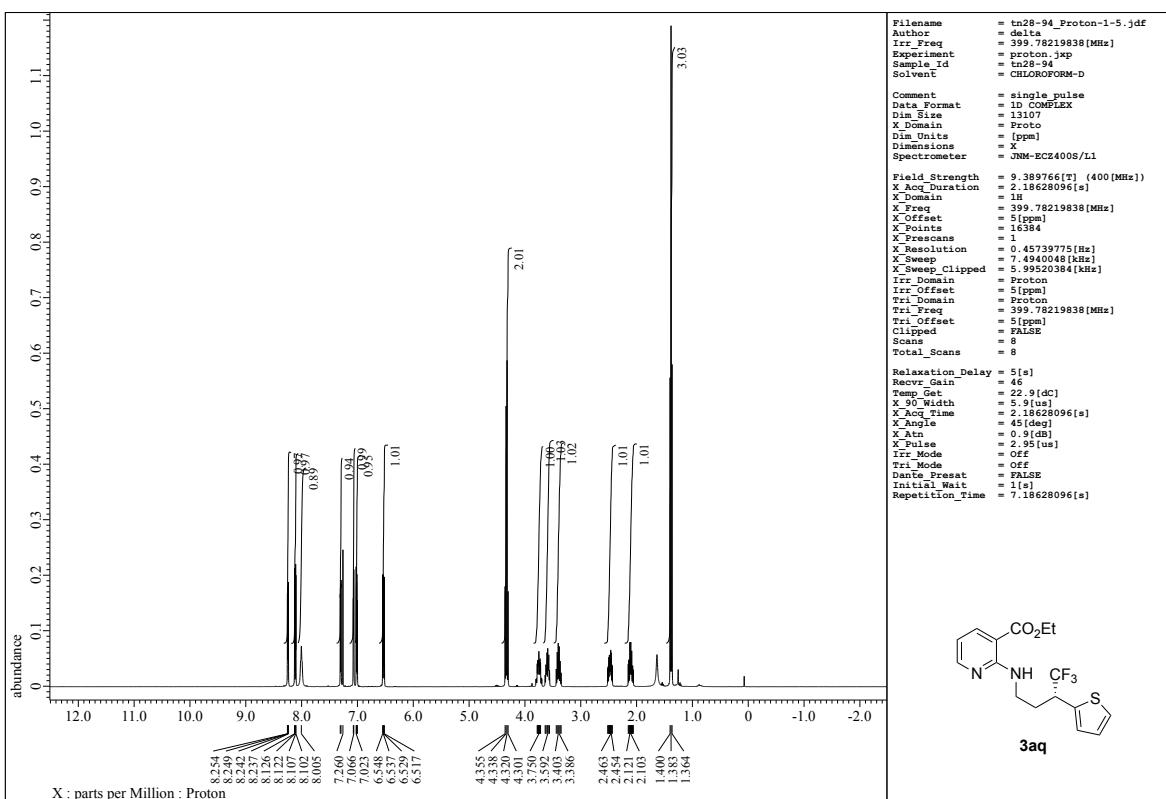


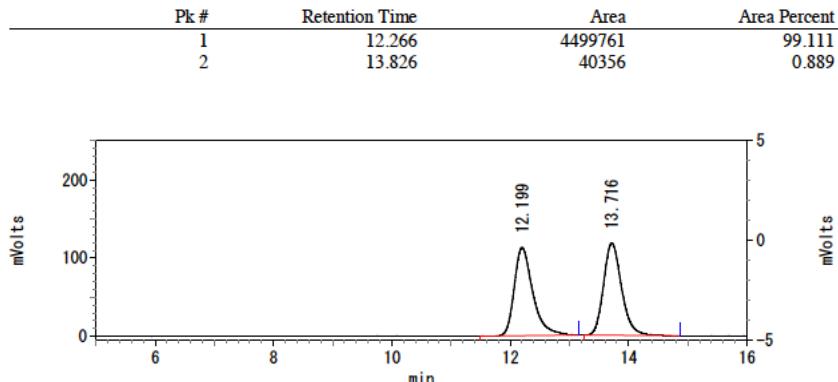
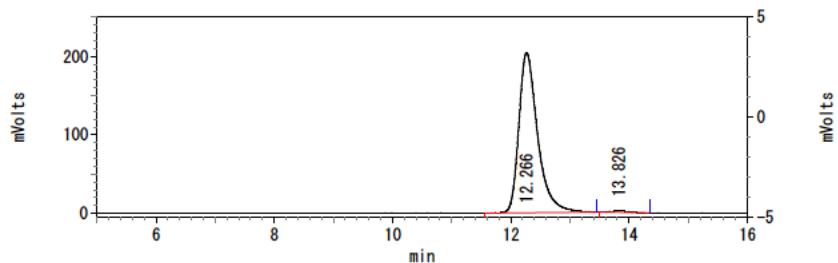
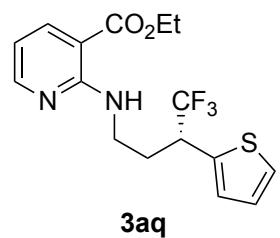


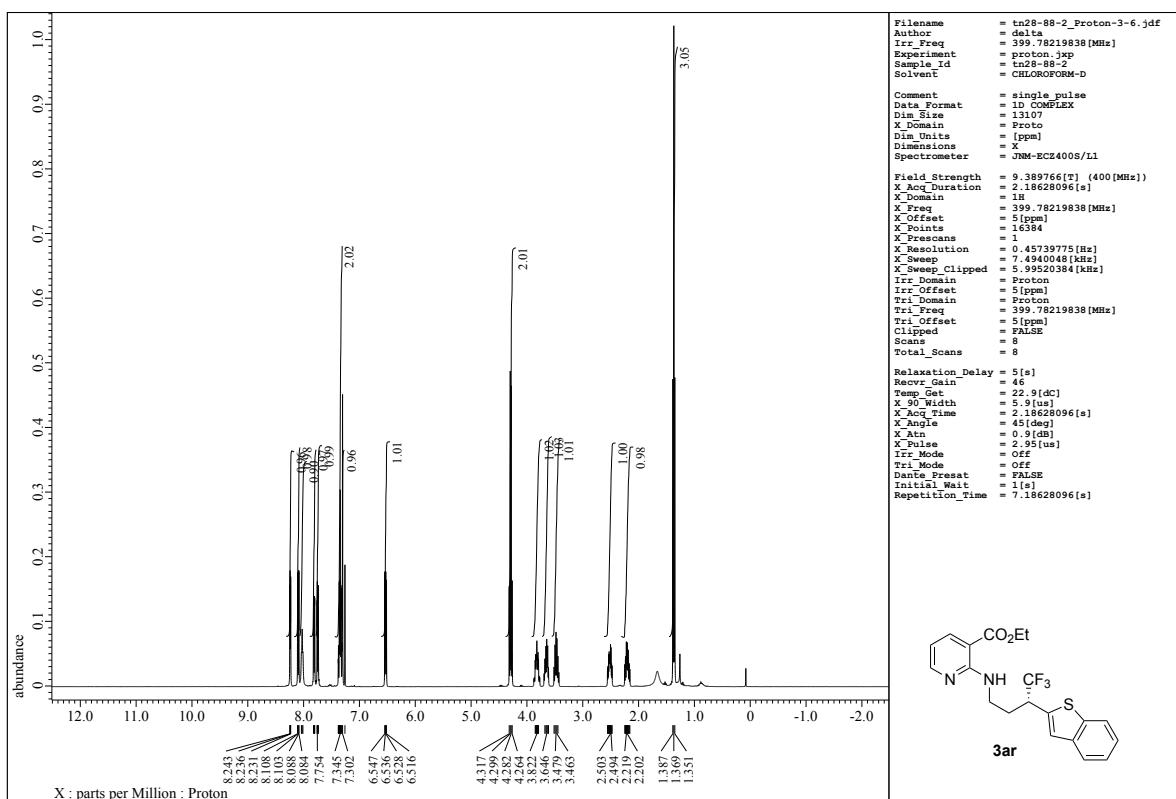


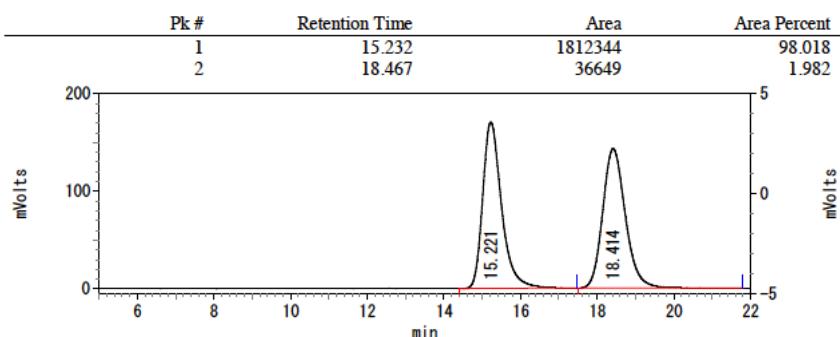
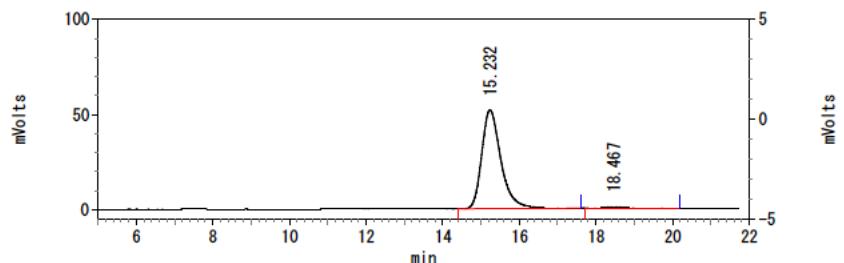
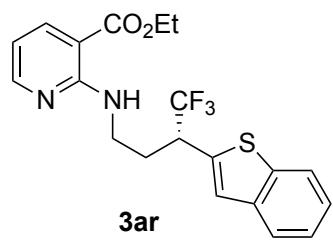
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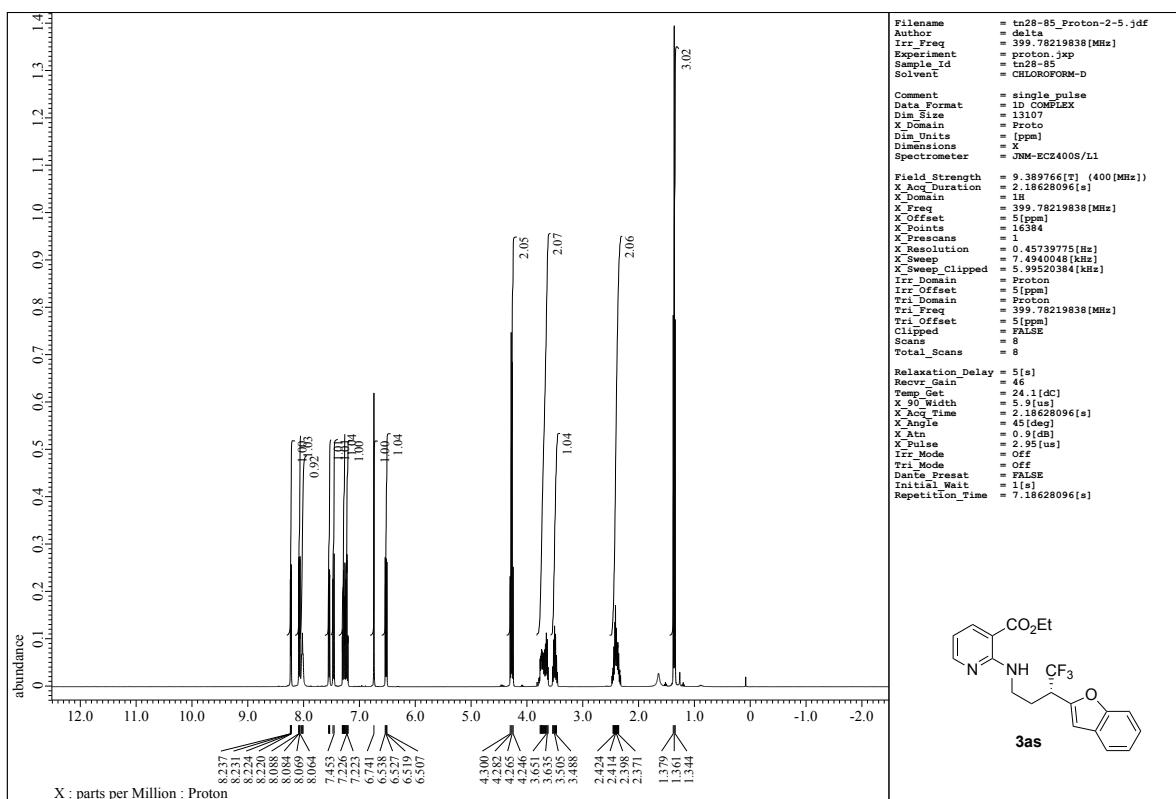


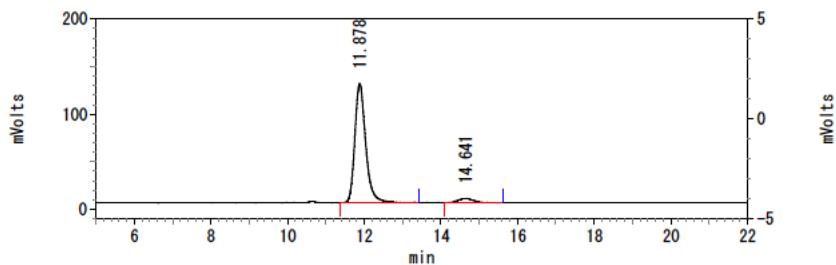
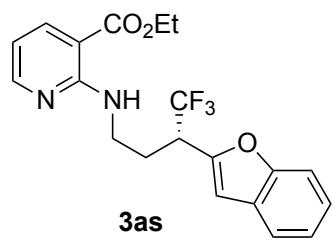




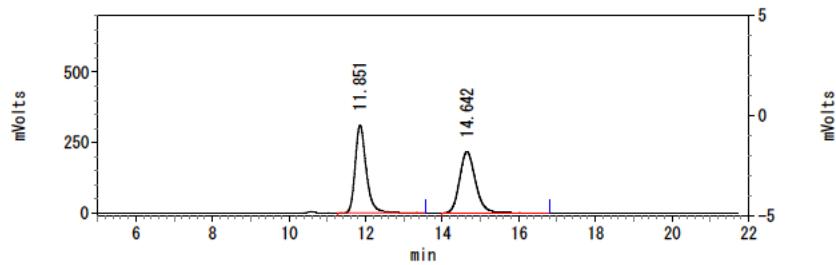




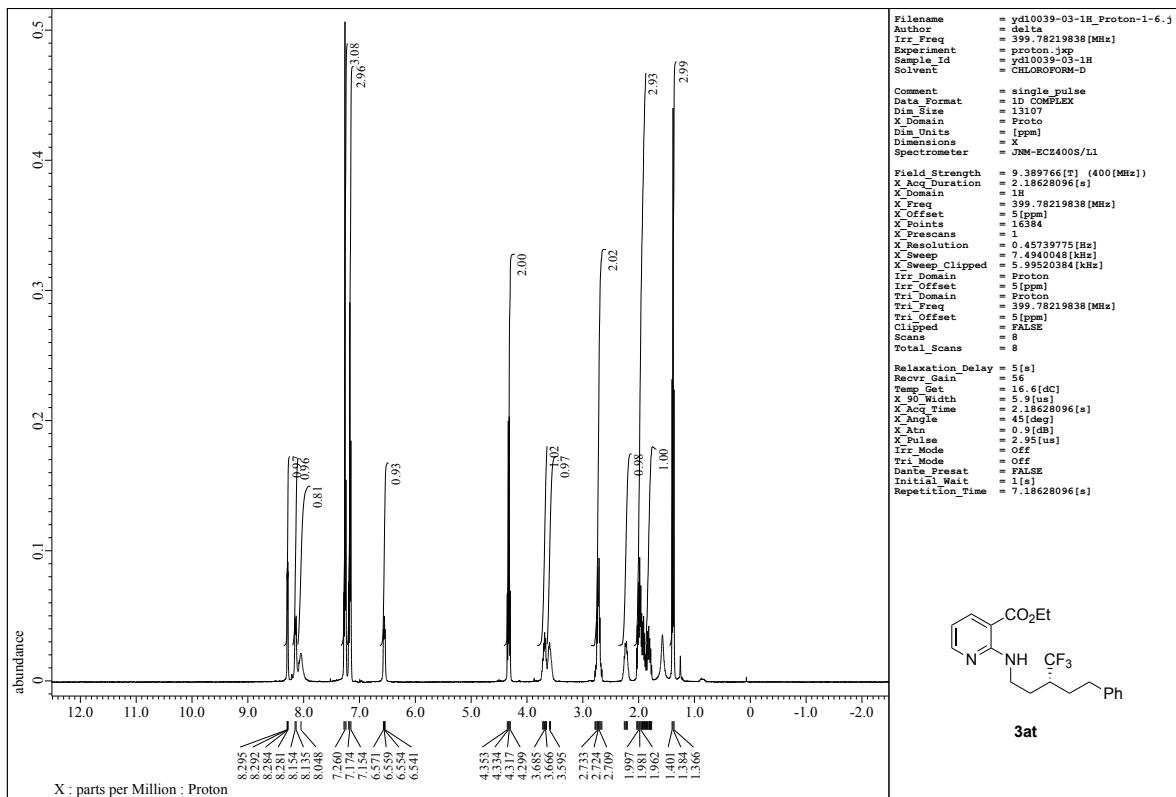


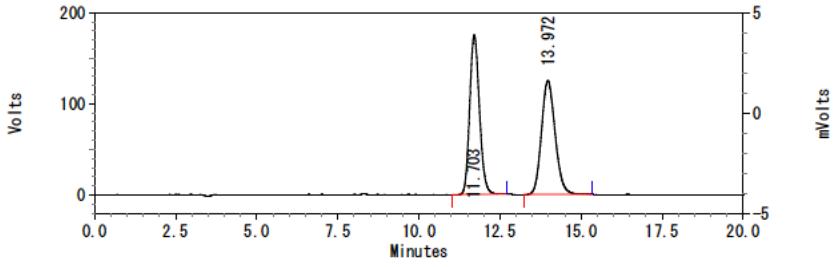
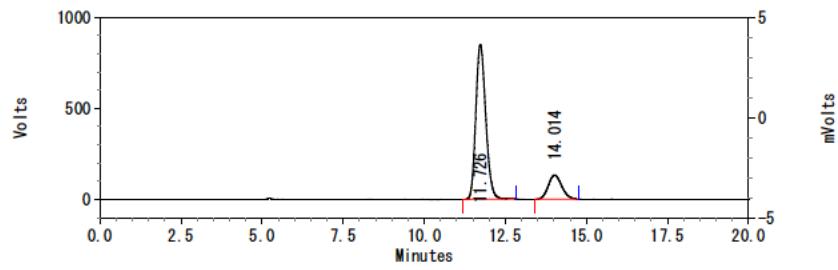
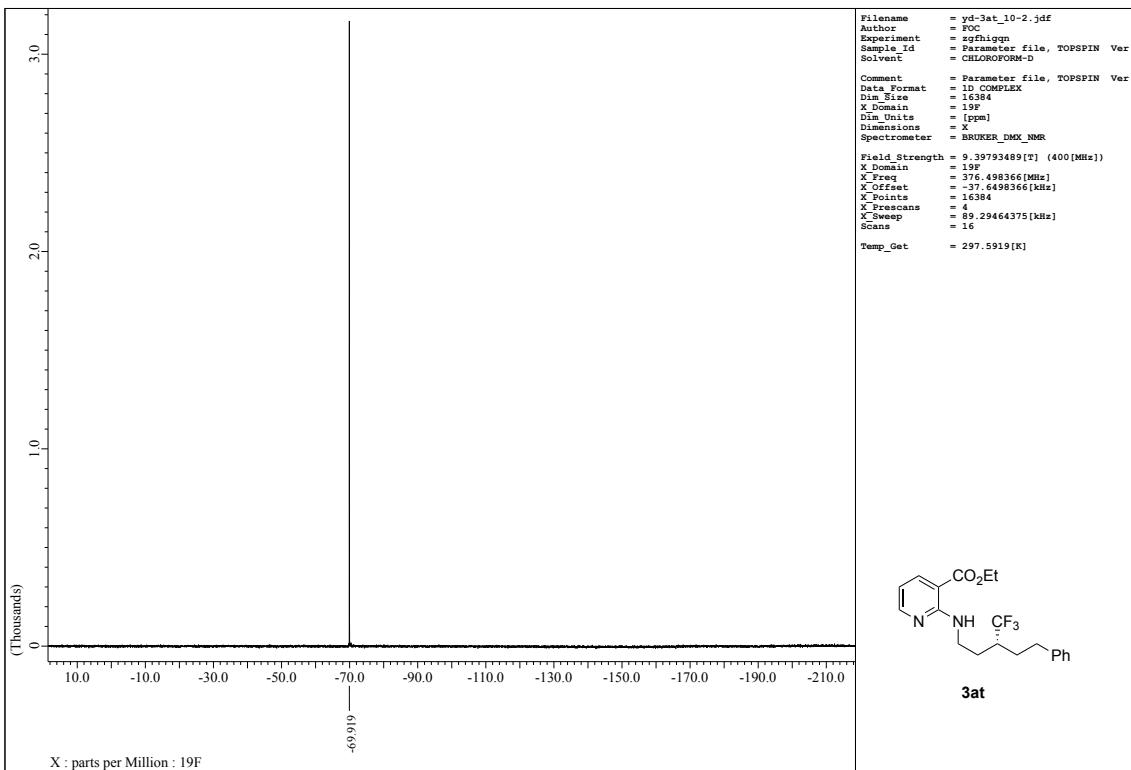


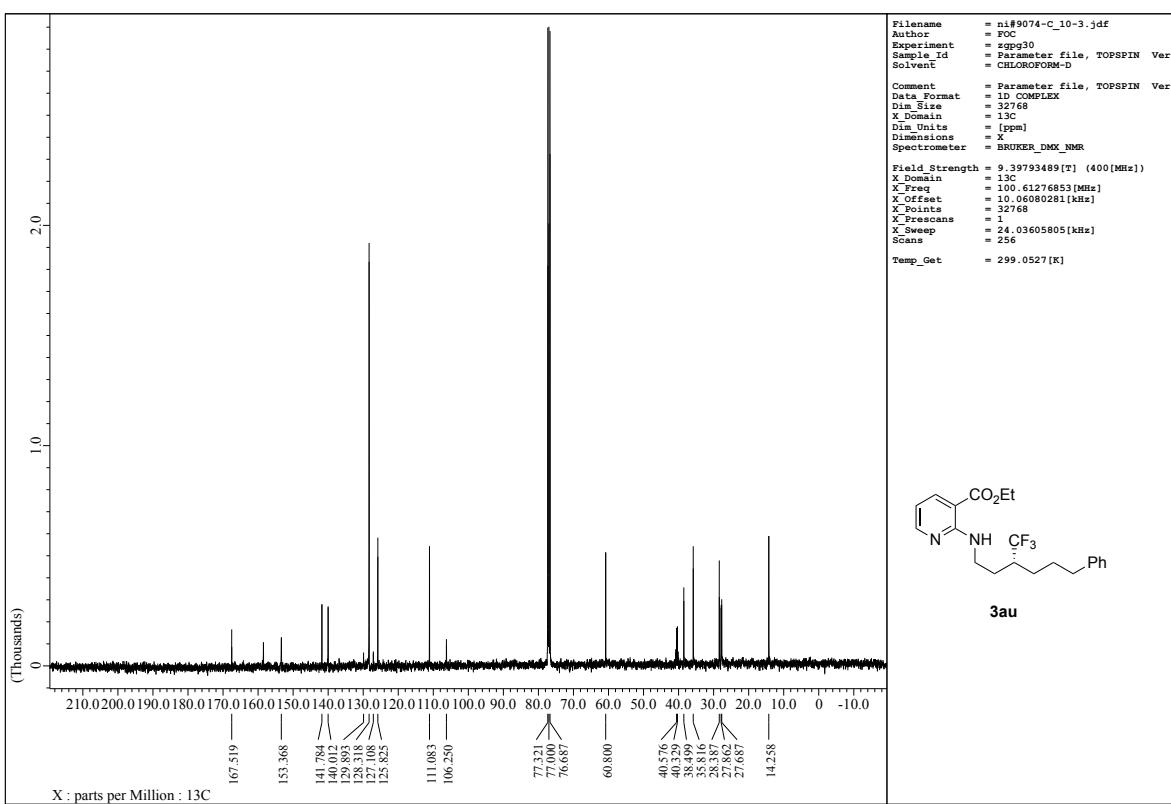
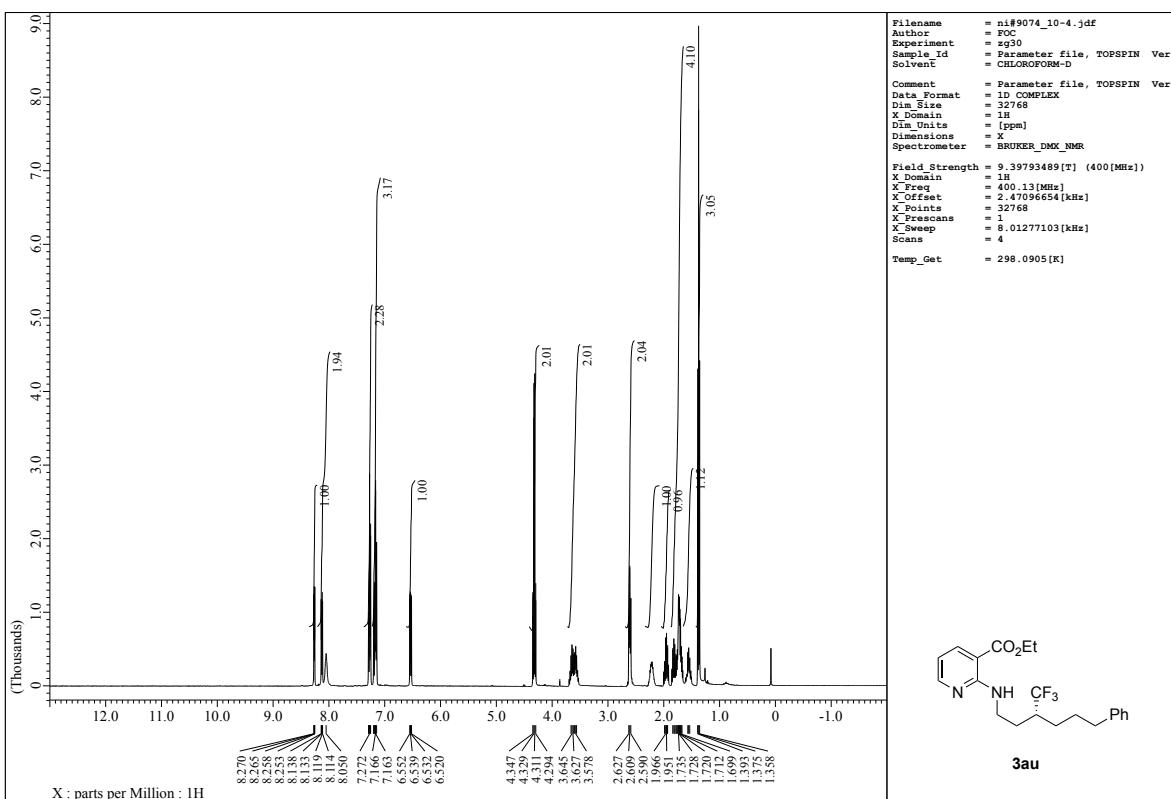
Pk #	Retention Time	Area	Area Percent
1	11.878	2476374	95.134
2	14.641	126666	4.866

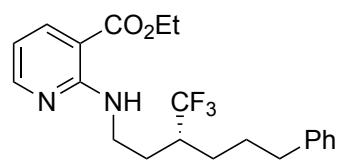


Pk #	Retention Time	Area	Area Percent
1	11.851	6238768	50.083
2	14.642	6218121	49.917

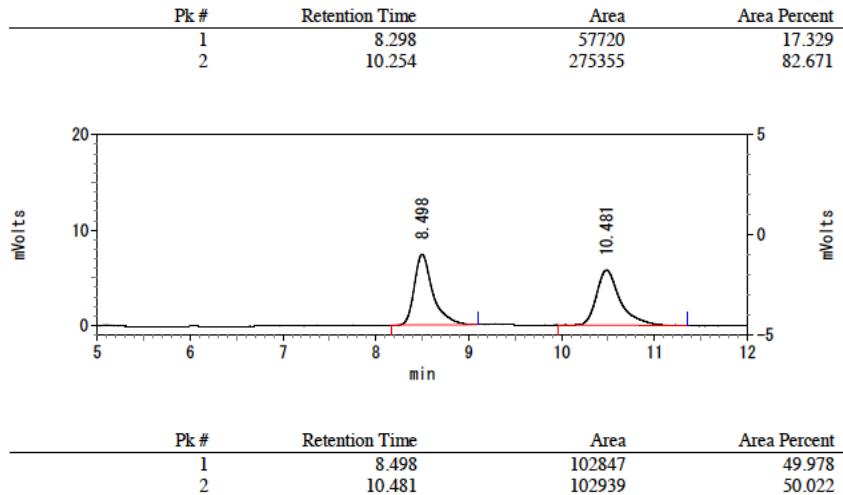
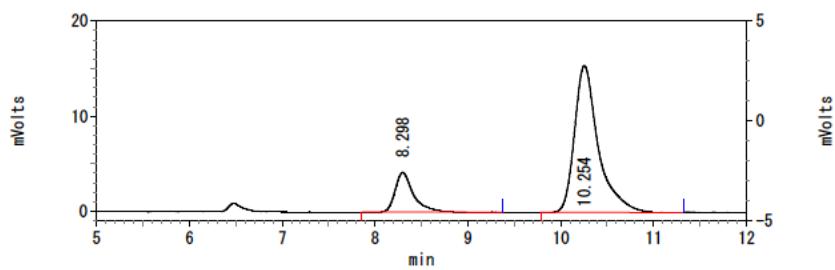


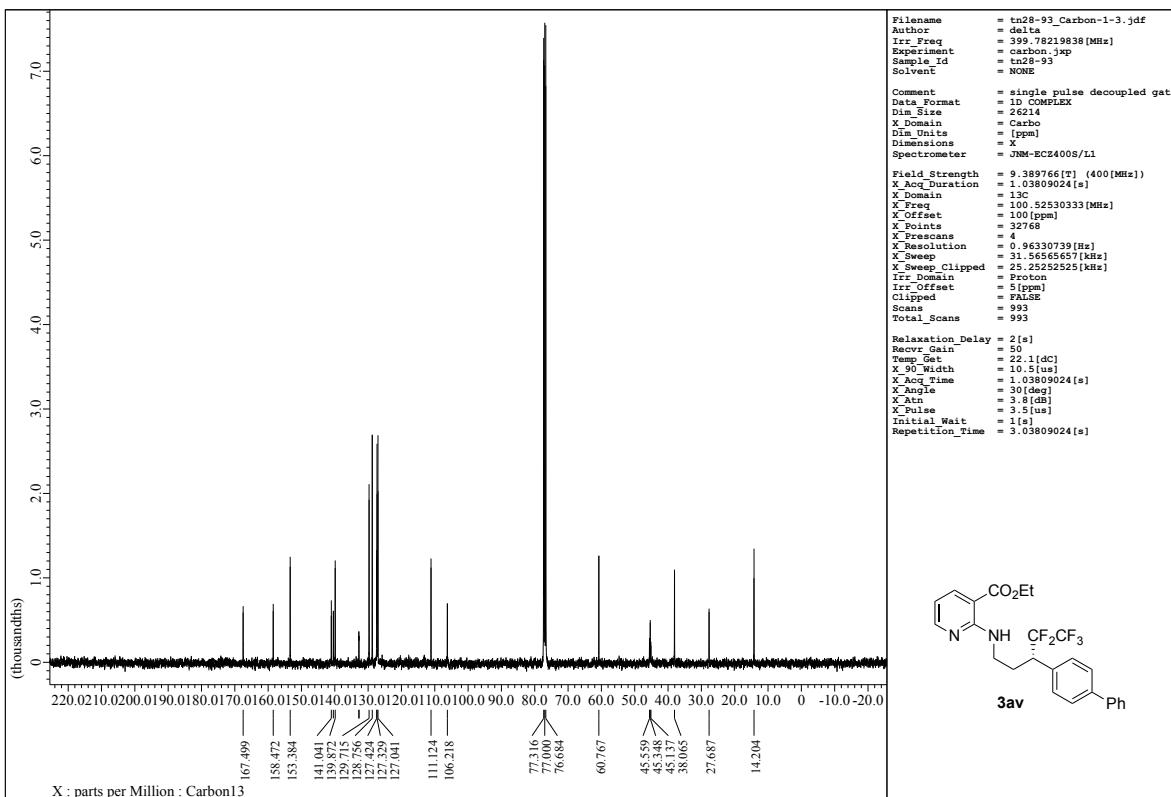
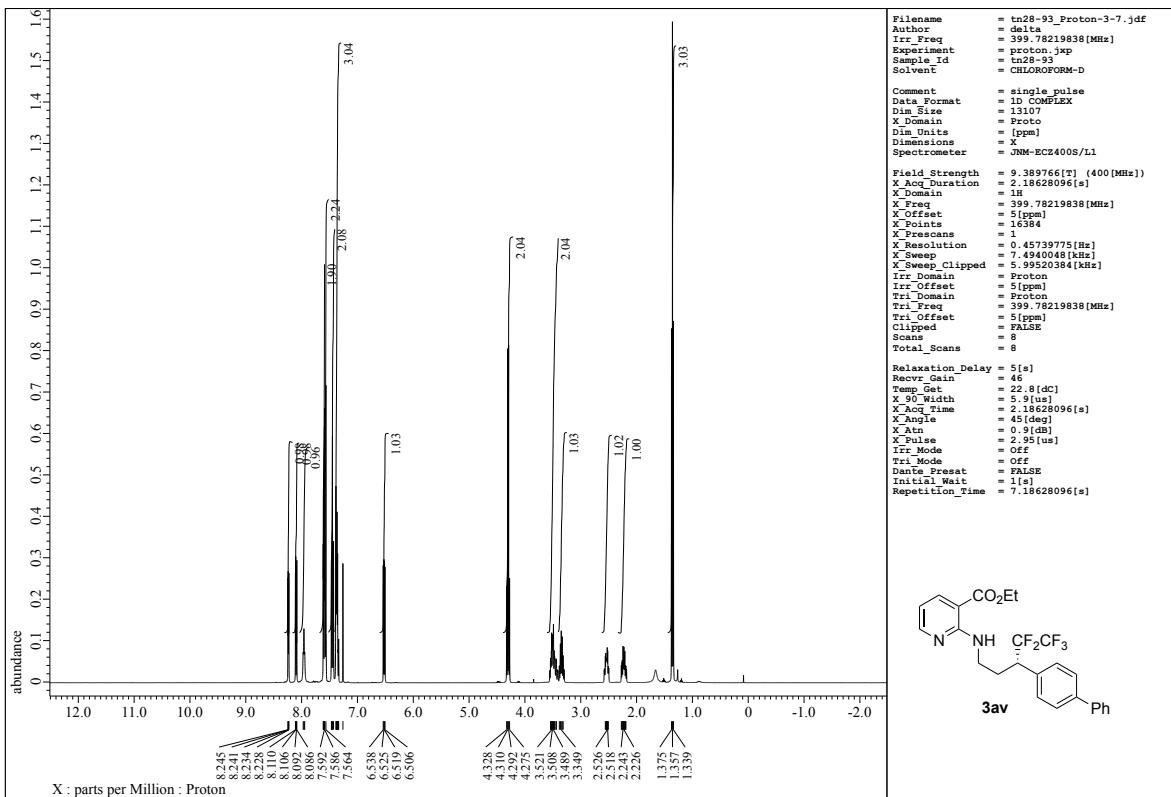


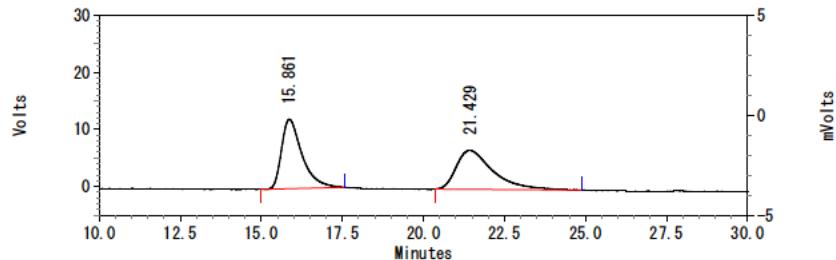
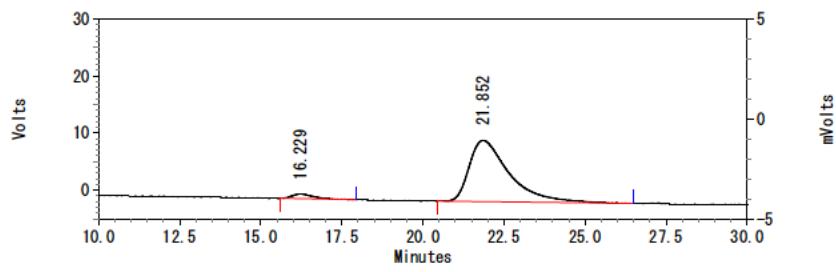
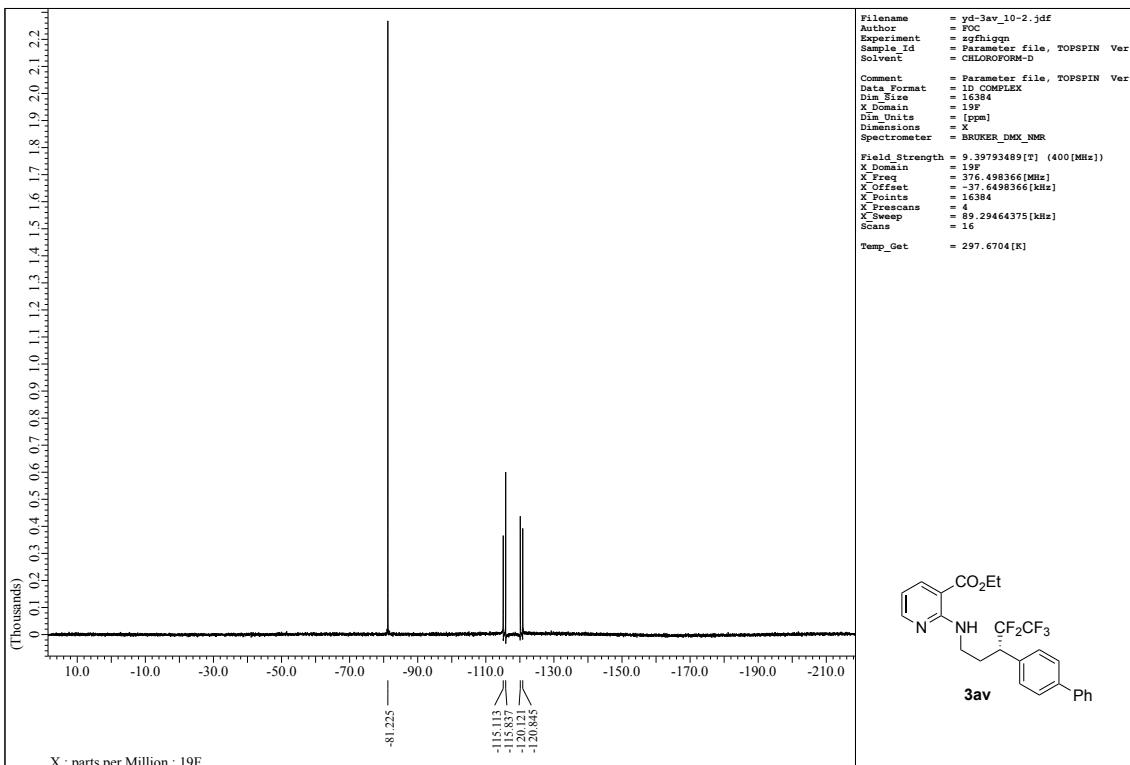


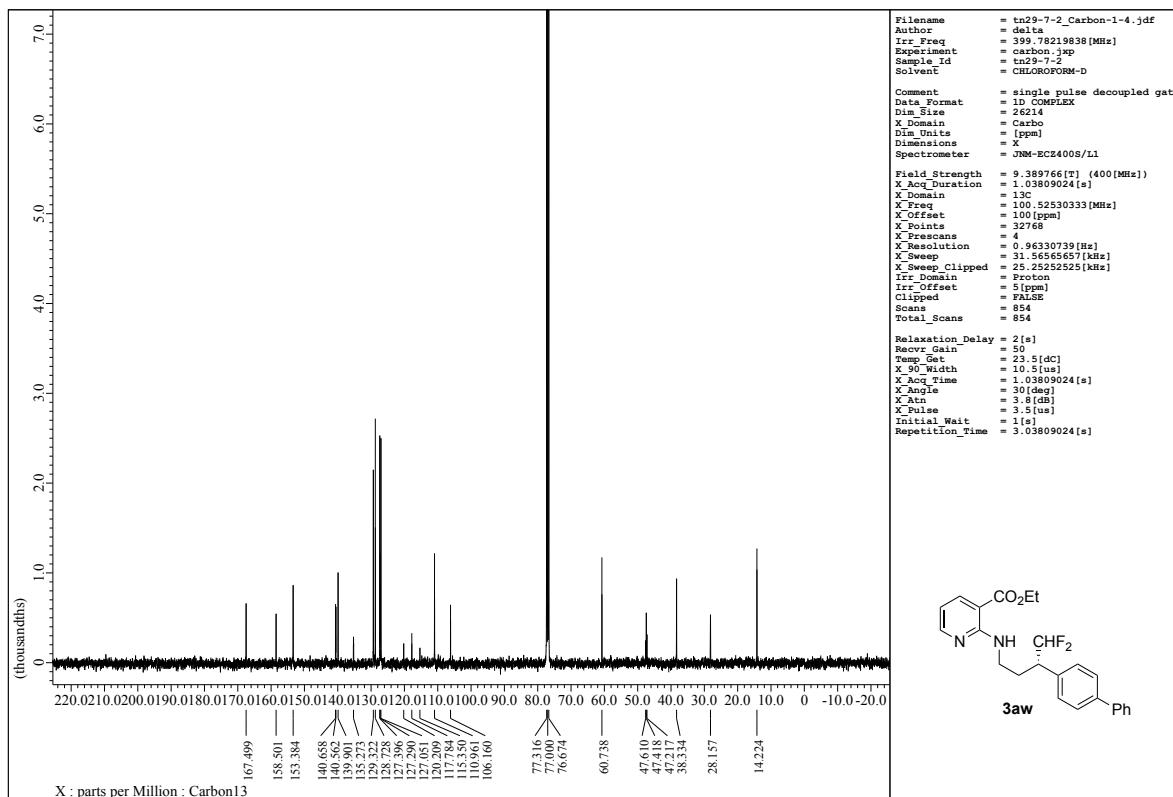
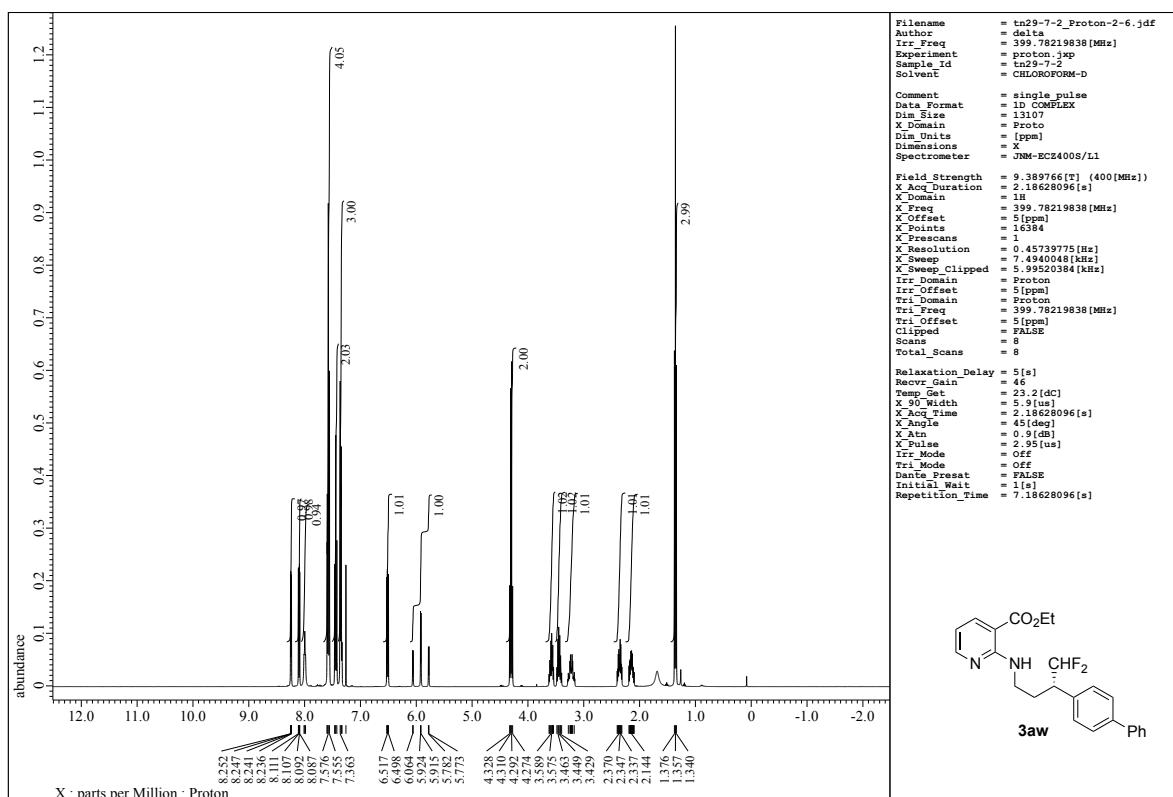


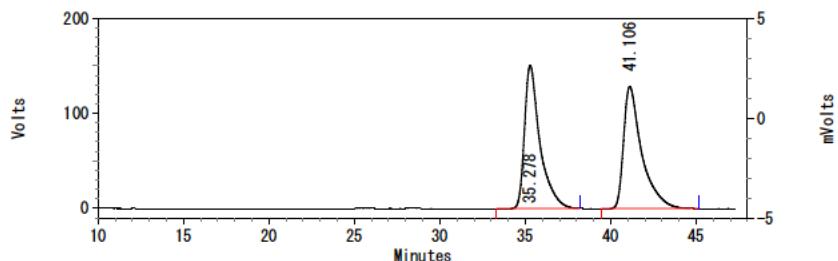
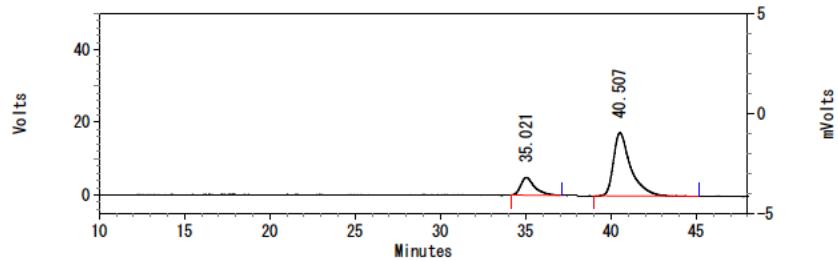
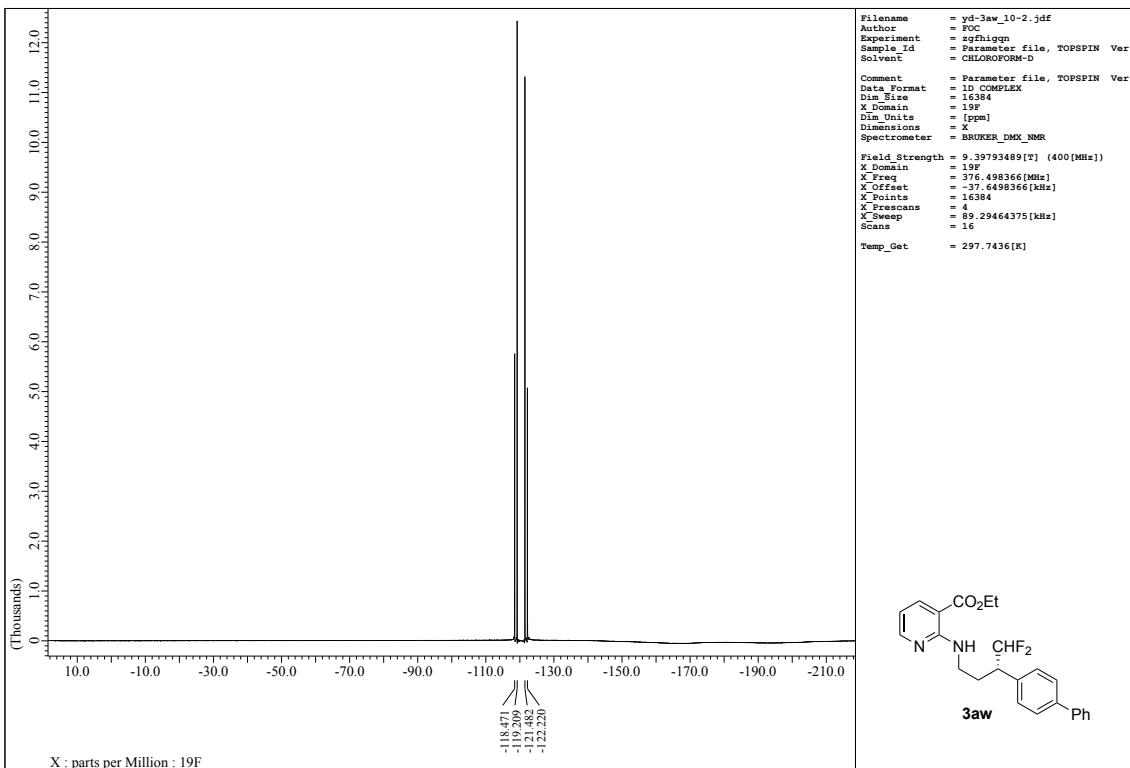
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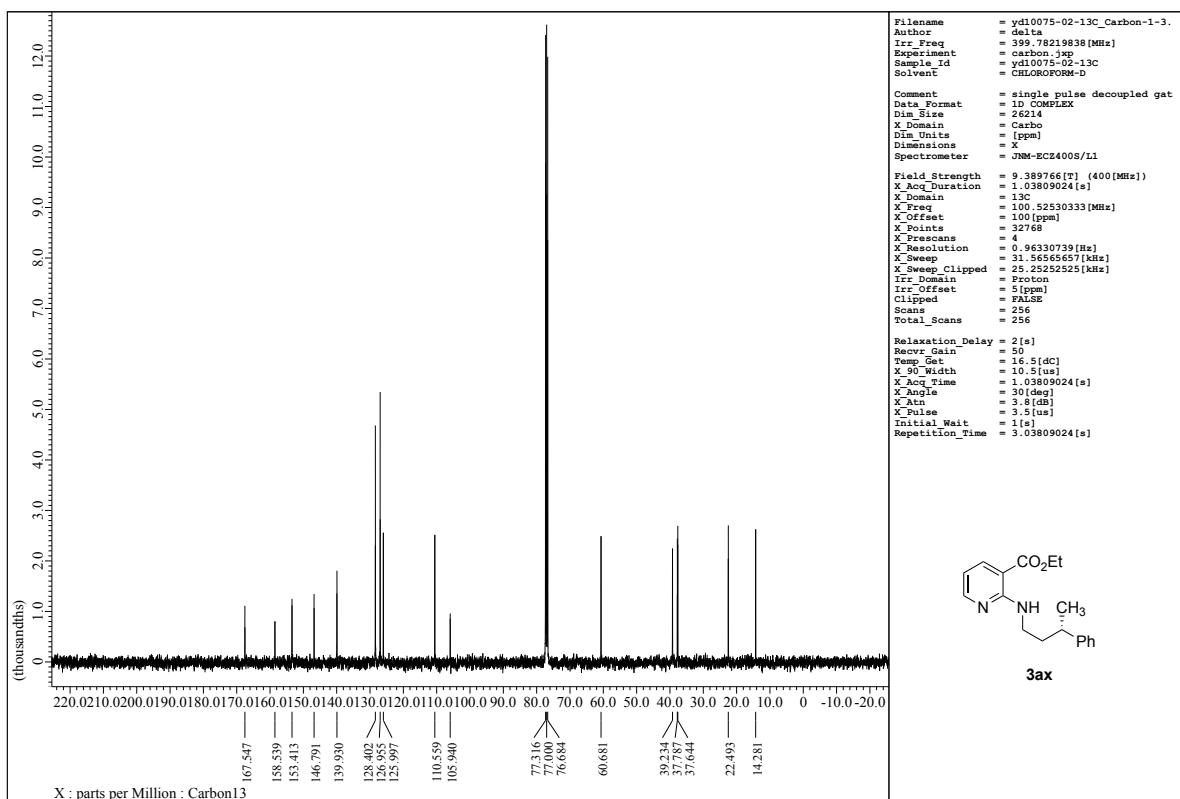
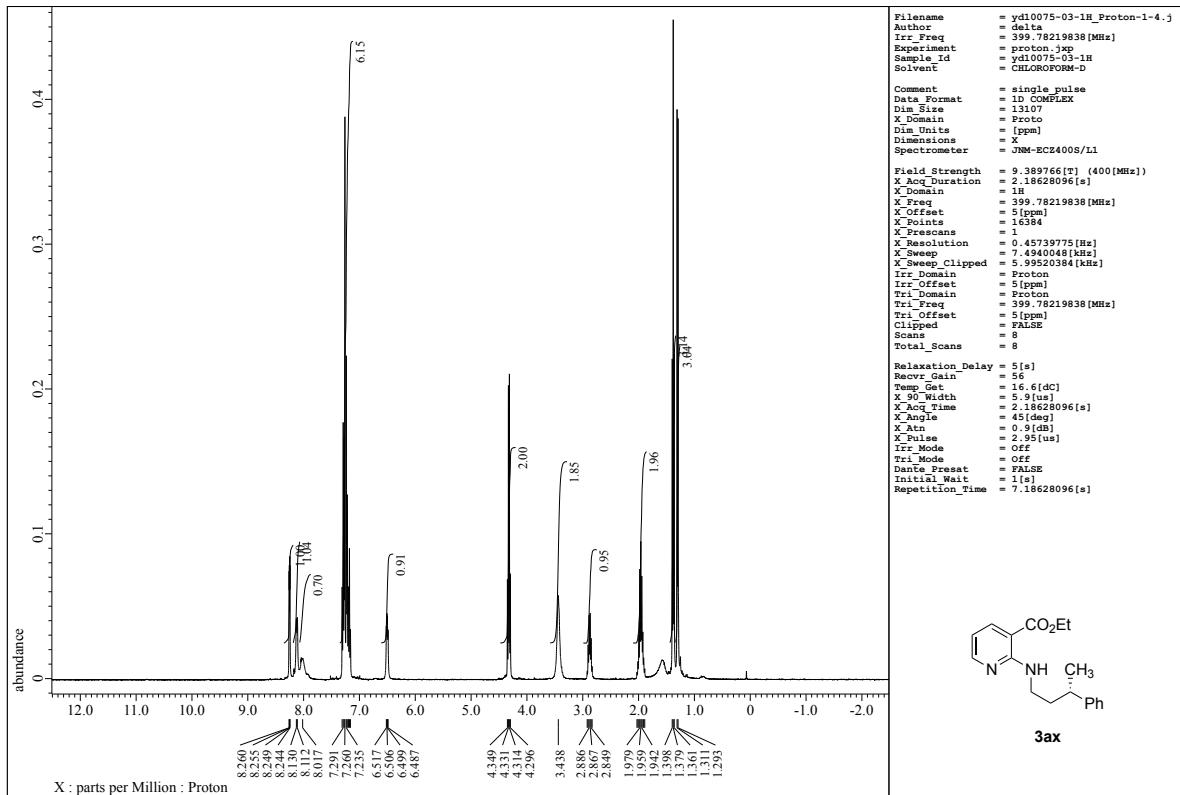


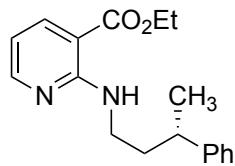




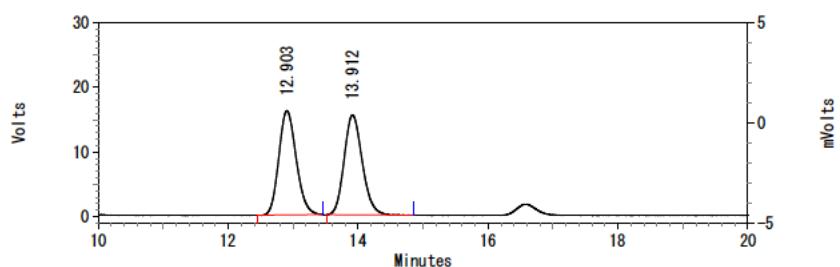
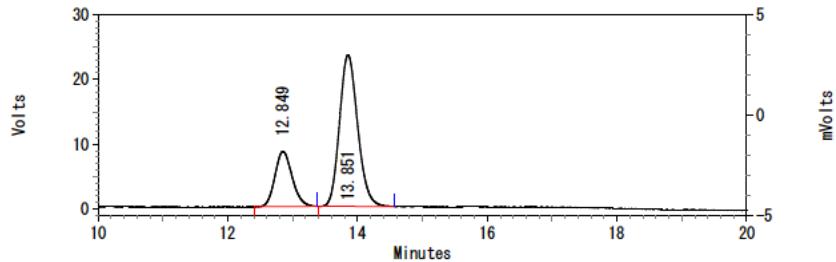


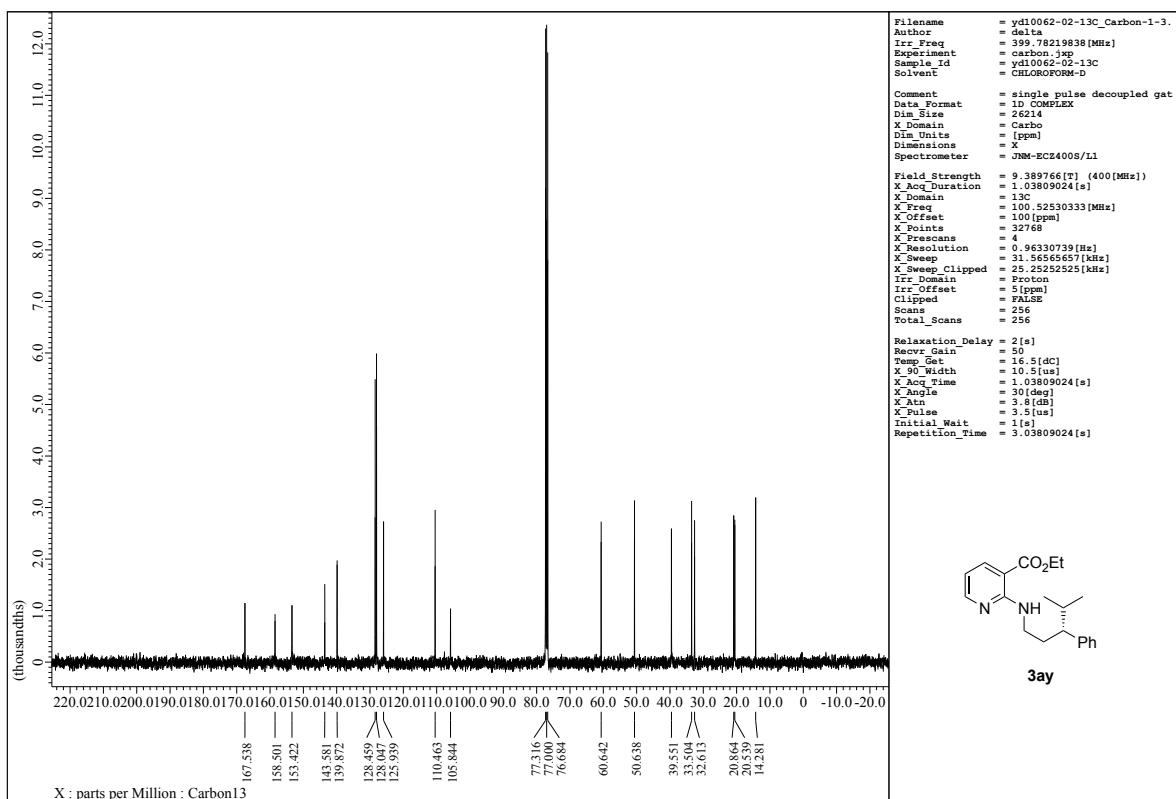
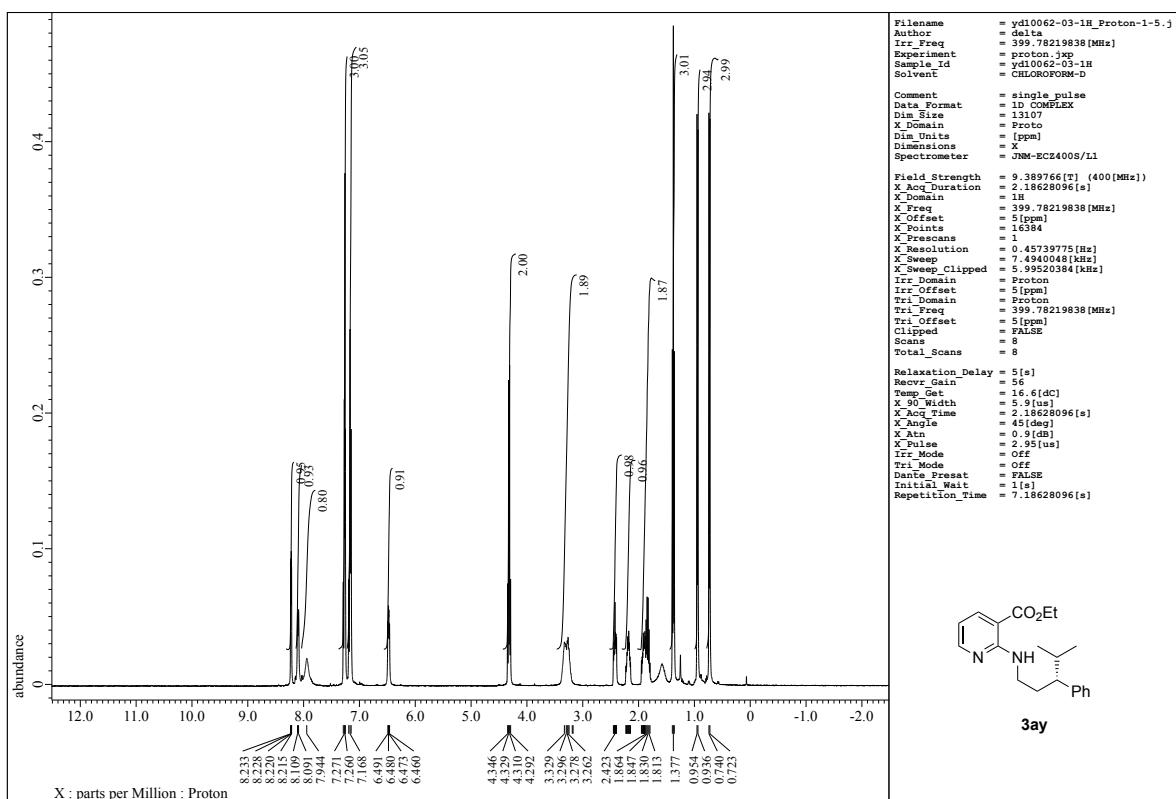


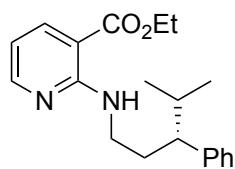




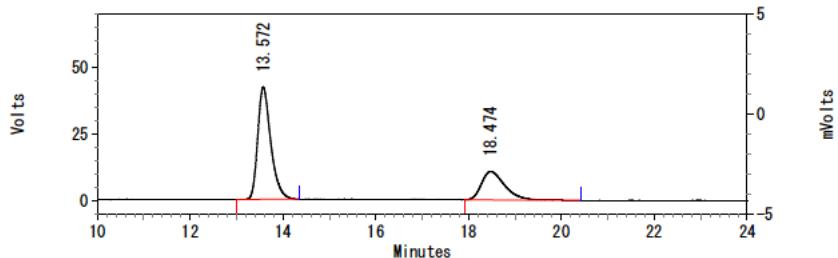
3ax





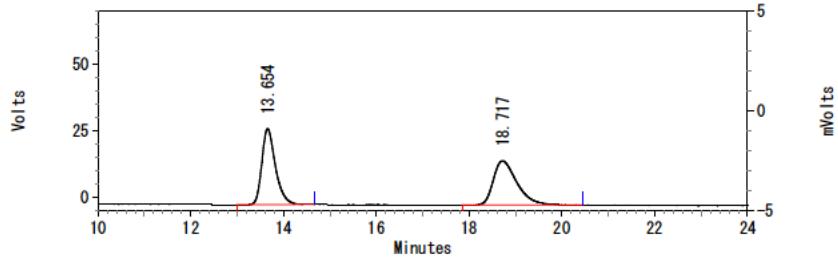


3ay



UV Results

Pk #	Retention Time	Area	Area Percent	Height
1	13.572	823358	68.803	42070
2	18.474	373325	31.197	10669



UV Results

Pk #	Retention Time	Area	Area Percent	Height
1	13.654	579664	49.898	28495
2	18.717	582041	50.102	16531

