

Supporting Information

Enantioselective synthesis of *cis*-hexahydro- γ -carboline derivatives via Ir-catalysed asymmetric hydrogenation

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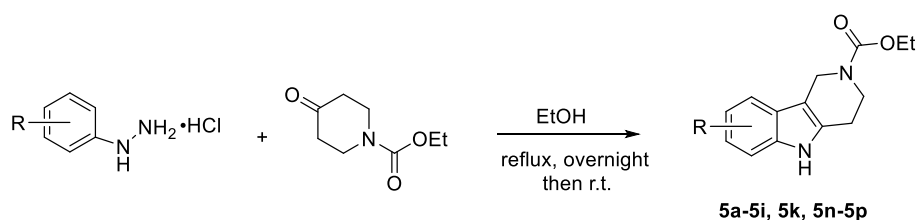
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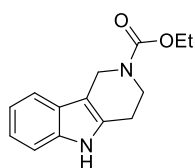
I. General Information

Unless otherwise mentioned, all experiments were carried out under an atmosphere of argon in a glovebox or using standard Schlenk techniques. Solvents were dried with standard procedures and degassed with argon gas. Flash column chromatography was performed using Tsingdao silica gel (particle size 300-400 mesh). NMR spectra were recorded on a Bruker DPX 400 spectrometer at 400 MHz for ^1H NMR, 101 MHz for ^{13}C NMR, 376 MHz for ^{19}F NMR or a Bruker DPX 600 spectrometer at 600 MHz for ^1H NMR, 151 MHz for ^{13}C NMR, 565 MHz for ^{19}F NMR in CDCl_3 or d^6 -DMSO with tetramethyl silane (TMS) as internal standard. Chemical shifts are reported in ppm and coupling constants are given in Hz. Chemical shifts were reported relative to TMS (0.00 ppm), d^6 -DMSO (2.50 ppm) or CDCl_3 (7.26 ppm) for ^1H NMR and relative to CDCl_3 (77.16 ppm) or d^6 -DMSO (39.52 ppm) for ^{13}C NMR. LC-MS analysis was carried out on Agilent 1200 Series instrument using a reversed phase column (Athena C18, 120 Å, 4.6 *150 mm, 5 µm). The starting materials aryl hydrazine and 1-carbethoxy-4-piperidone were purchased from commercial suppliers and used without further purification. High resolution mass spectra (HRMS) were obtained on Thermo Scientific Q Exactive hybrid quadrupole-Orbitrap mass spectrometer. PE refers to petroleum ether, DCE refers to 1,2-dichloroethane, DCM refers to dichloromethane.

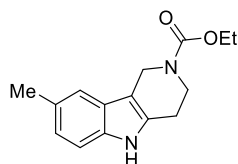
II. General Procedure for Preparation of Substrates 5a-5i, 5k, 5n-5p



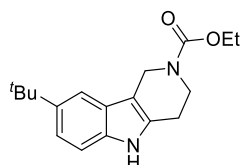
Following a literature procedure¹, aryl hydrazine hydrochloride (3.6 mmol) and 1-carbethoxy-4-piperidone (3 mmol) were suspended in EtOH (5 mL) and heated to reflux for overnight, then cooled down to room temperature. The resulting mixture was concentrated, filtered and washed with 50% aqueous EtOH to afford the desired product. The residue was purified by flash column.



Ethyl 1,3,4,5-tetrahydro-2H-pyrido[4,3-b]indole-2-carboxylate (5a)²: white solid, 659 mg, 90% yield. ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.96 (s, 1H), 7.46 (d, *J* = 7.8 Hz, 1H), 7.31 (d, *J* = 7.8 Hz, 1H), 7.16 (t, *J* = 7.5 Hz, 1H), 7.11 (t, *J* = 7.4 Hz, 1H), 4.70 (s, 2H), 4.22 (q, *J* = 7.1 Hz, 2H), 3.88 (s, 2H), 2.84 (s, 2H), 1.31 (t, *J* = 7.1 Hz, 3H). ¹³C NMR (151 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 156.3, 134.7, 133.0, 126.8, 124.1, 120.9, 116.8, 108.5, 104.4, 61.8, 41.3, 23.5, 14.9. The resulting data is according to the reported literature.

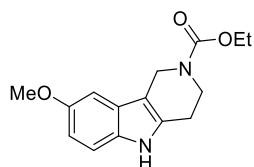


Ethyl 8-methyl-1,3,4,5-tetrahydro-2H-pyrido[4,3-b]indole-2-carboxylate (5b)³ : white solid, 666 mg, 86% yield. ¹H NMR (600 MHz, *d*⁶-DMSO) δ 10.76 (s, 1H), 7.20 – 7.18 (m, 2H), 6.89 – 6.84 (m, 1H), 4.57 (s, 2H), 4.11 (q, *J* = 7.1 Hz, 2H), 3.75 (t, *J* = 5.5 Hz, 2H), 2.78 (t, *J* = 5.5 Hz, 2H), 2.36 (s, 3H), 1.23 (t, *J* = 7.1 Hz, 3H). ¹³C NMR (151 MHz, *d*⁶-DMSO) δ 155.6, 134.7, 133.0, 127.4, 125.8, 122.6, 117.4, 111.1, 105.4, 61.3, 41.4, 23.4, 21.6, 15.1. ¹³C NMR (151 MHz, *d*⁶-DMSO) δ 155.2, 134.2, 132.5, 127.0, 125.4, 122.1, 116.9, 110.6, 105.0, 60.8, 41.00, 22.9, 21.2, 14.7. HRMS (ESI/ion trap) *m/z*: [M + H]⁺ calcd for C₁₅H₁₉N₂O₂⁺: 259.1441, found: 259.1441. The resulting data is according to the reported literature.

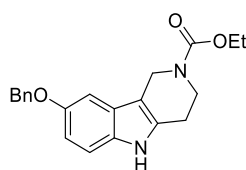


Ethyl 8-(tert-butyl)-1,3,4,5-tetrahydro-2H-pyrido[4,3-b]indole-2-carboxylate (5c): white solid,

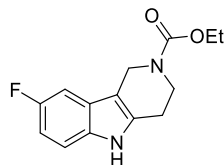
630 mg, 70% yield. ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 7.79 (s, 1H), 7.44 (s, 1H), 7.25 (s, 2H), 4.70 (s, 2H), 4.22 (q, $J = 7.1$ Hz, 2H), 3.86 (s, 2H), 2.83 (s, 2H), 1.39 (s, 9H), 1.32 (t, $J = 7.1$ Hz, 3H). ^{13}C NMR (101 MHz, d^6 -DMSO) δ 155.2, 140.8, 134.0, 132.4, 124.9, 118.7, 112.9, 110.4, 105.4, 60.8, 41.1, 34.2, 31.9, 23.0, 14.7. HRMS (ESI/ion trap) m/z : $[\text{M} + \text{H}]^+$ calcd for $\text{C}_{18}\text{H}_{25}\text{N}_2\text{O}_2^+$: 301.1911, found: 301.1912.



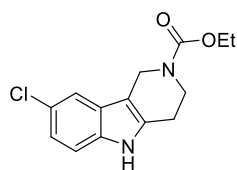
Ethyl 8-methoxy-1,3,4,5-tetrahydro-2H-pyrido[4,3-b]indole-2-carboxylate (5d)⁴ : white solid, 477 mg, 58% yield. ^1H NMR (600 MHz, d^6 -DMSO) δ 10.72 (s, 1H), 7.17 (d, $J = 8.6$ Hz, 1H), 6.93 (s, 1H), 6.67 (d, $J = 8.6$ Hz, 1H), 4.55 (s, 2H), 4.10 (q, $J = 7.0$ Hz, 2H), 3.80 – 3.70 (m, 5H), 2.77 (s, 2H), 1.22 (t, $J = 7.0$ Hz, 3H). ^{13}C NMR (151 MHz, d^6 -DMSO) δ 155.2, 153.1, 133.2, 130.8, 125.4, 111.5, 110.3, 105.3, 99.5, 60.8, 55.3, 41.1, 23.3, 23.0, 14.7. HRMS (ESI/ion trap) m/z : $[\text{M} + \text{H}]^+$ calcd for $\text{C}_{15}\text{H}_{19}\text{N}_2\text{O}_3^+$: 275.1390, found: 275.1391. The resulting data is according to the reported literature.



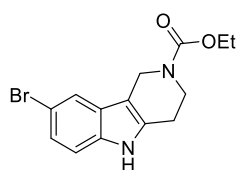
Ethyl 8-(benzyloxy)-1,3,4,5-tetrahydro-2H-pyrido[4,3-b]indole-2-carboxylate (5e)⁵ : white solid, 714 mg, 68% yield. ^1H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 8.10 – 8.07 (brs, 1H), 7.78 (d, $J = 7.4$ Hz, 2H), 7.69 (t, $J = 7.5$ Hz, 2H), 7.62 (t, $J = 7.2$ Hz, 1H), 7.50 (d, $J = 8.3$ Hz, 1H), 7.30 (d, $J = 1.5$ Hz, 1H), 7.19 (d, $J = 8.6$ Hz, 1H), 5.40 (s, 2H), 4.95 (s, 2H), 4.51 (q, $J = 7.1$ Hz, 2H), 4.17 (s, 2H), 3.12 (s, 2H), 1.61 (t, $J = 7.1$ Hz, 3H). ^{13}C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 155.2, 152.2, 137.9, 133.3, 131.1, 128.3, 127.6, 127.6, 125.5, 111.6, 111.0, 105.5, 101.1, 69.8, 60.9, 41.1, 23.3, 14.7. HRMS (ESI/ion trap) m/z : $[\text{M} + \text{H}]^+$ calcd for $\text{C}_{21}\text{H}_{23}\text{N}_2\text{O}_3^+$: 351.1703, found: 351.1705.



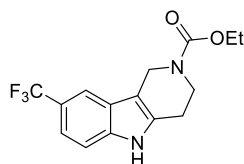
Ethyl 8-fluoro-1,3,4,5-tetrahydro-2H-pyrido[4,3-b]indole-2-carboxylate (5f)⁶ : white solid, 652 mg, 83% yield. ^1H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 8.04 (s, 1H), 7.20 (s, 1H), 7.09 (d, $J = 8.7$ Hz, 1H), 6.89 (t, $J = 8.2$ Hz, 1H), 4.64 (s, 2H), 4.21 (q, $J = 7.1$ Hz, 2H), 3.86 (s, 2H), 2.83 (s, 2H), 1.31 (t, $J = 7.1$ Hz, 3H). ^{13}C NMR (101 MHz, d^6 -DMSO) δ 156.8 (d, $J = 231.0$ Hz), 155.1, 134.8, 125.3 (d, $J = 10.1$ Hz), 111.7 (d, $J = 9.8$ Hz), 108.4 (d, $J = 25.9$ Hz), 106.0, 102.3 (d, $J = 23.4$ Hz), 60.9, 40.9, 23.0, 14.7. ^{19}F NMR (376 MHz, CDCl_3) δ -124.4. HRMS (ESI/ion trap) m/z : $[\text{M} + \text{H}]^+$ calcd for $\text{C}_{14}\text{H}_{14}\text{N}_2\text{O}_2^+$: 261.1039, found: 261.1044.



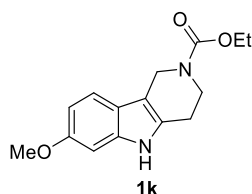
Ethyl 8-chloro-1,3,4,5-tetrahydro-2H-pyrido[4,3-b]indole-2-carboxylate (5g)⁵ : white solid, 678 mg, 81% yield. ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.97 (s, 1H), 7.41 (s, 1H), 7.21 (d, *J* = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 7.14 – 7.06 (m, 1H), 4.64 (s, 2H), 4.20 (q, *J* = 7.1 Hz, 2H), 3.87 (s, 2H), 2.84 (s, 2H), 1.30 (t, *J* = 7.1 Hz, 3H). ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, *d*⁶-DMSO) δ 155.1, 134.5, 134.3, 126.2, 123.2, 120.5, 116.7, 112.3, 105.6, 60.9, 40.8, 22.9, 14.6. HRMS (ESI/ion trap) *m/z*: [M - H]⁻ calcd for C₁₄H₁₄ClN₂O₂⁻ : 277.0744, found: 277.0747.



Ethyl 8-bromo-1,3,4,5-tetrahydro-2H-pyrido[4,3-b]indole-2-carboxylate (5h)⁵ : white solid, 844 mg, 87% yield. ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.96 (s, 1H), 7.57 (s, 1H), 7.23 (dd, *J* = 8.5, 1.6 Hz, 1H), 7.17 (d, *J* = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 4.64 (s, 2H), 4.20 (q, *J* = 7.1 Hz, 2H), 3.86 (s, 2H), 2.84 (s, 2H), 1.30 (t, *J* = 7.1 Hz, 3H). ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, *d*⁶-DMSO) δ 155.1, 134.5, 126.9, 123.0, 119.7, 112.8, 111.1, 105.6, 60.9, 40.8, 22.9, 14.6. HRMS (ESI/ion trap) *m/z*: [M + H]⁺ calcd for C₁₄H₁₆BrN₂O₂⁺ : 323.0390, found: 323.0392.

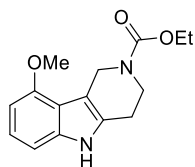


Ethyl 8-(trifluoromethyl)-1,3,4,5-tetrahydro-2H-pyrido[4,3-b]indole-2-carboxylate (5i): white solid, 805 mg, 86% yield. ¹H NMR (600 MHz, *d*⁶-DMSO) δ 11.42 (d, *J* = 6.7 Hz, 1H), 7.85 (d, *J* = 7.1 Hz, 1H), 7.59 – 7.39 (m, 1H), 7.34 (t, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 4.64 (s, 2H), 4.22 – 4.04 (m, 2H), 3.90 – 3.68 (m, 2H), 2.83 (s, 2H), 1.36 – 1.05 (m, 3H). ¹³C NMR (151 MHz, *d*⁶-DMSO) δ 155.6, 137.9, 135.6, 126.2 (q, *J* = 271.1 Hz), 124.9, 119.9 (q, *J* = 31.3 Hz), 117.6, 115.5, 111.9, 107.2 (m), 61.4, 41.24, 23.3, 15.1. ¹⁹F NMR (565 MHz, *d*⁶-DMSO) δ -58.3. HRMS (ESI/ion trap) *m/z*: [M + H]⁺ calcd for C₁₅H₁₆F₃N₂O₂⁺ : 313.1158, found: 313.1154.

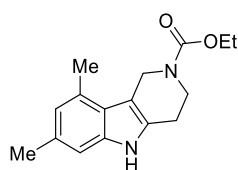


Ethyl 7-methoxy-1,3,4,5-tetrahydro-2H-pyrido[4,3-b]indole-2-carboxylate (5k): following the general procedure, the crude product was purified by flash column (EtOAc : hexane, 2:1), afforded

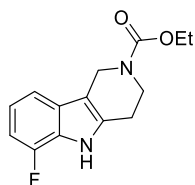
the desired product (30% yield, 247 mg). ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.85 (s, 1H), 7.32 (d, *J* = 8.5 Hz, 1H), 6.82 (s, 1H), 6.77 (dd, *J* = 8.5, 2.0 Hz, 1H), 4.65 (s, 2H), 4.20 (q, *J* = 7.1 Hz, 2H), 3.84 (d, *J* = 10.7 Hz, 5H), 2.80 (s, 2H), 1.30 (t, *J* = 7.1 Hz, 3H). ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, *d*⁶-DMSO) δ 155.1, 153.1, 137.1, 130.5, 121.5, 115.4, 105.1, 104.5, 99.0, 60.8, 55.1, 42.4, 40.8, 22.8, 14.7. HRMS (ESI/ion trap) *m/z*: [M + H]⁺ calcd for C₁₅H₁₉N₂O₃⁺: 275.1390, found: 275.1391.



Ethyl 9-methoxy-1,3,4,5-tetrahydro-2H-pyrido[4,3-*b*]indole-2-carboxylate (5n): following the general procedure, the crude product was purified by flash column (EtOAc : hexane, 2:1), afforded the desired product (16% yield, 132 mg). ¹H NMR (600 MHz, *d*⁶-DMSO) δ 10.86 (s, 1H), 6.92 (t, *J* = 7.8 Hz, 1H), 6.88 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 6.44 (d, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 4.70 (s, 2H), 4.10 (d, *J* = 6.6 Hz, 2H), 3.83 (s, 3H), 3.71 (t, *J* = 5.6 Hz, 2H), 2.74 (d, *J* = 5.0 Hz, 2H), 1.21 (t, *J* = 7.0 Hz, 3H). ¹³C NMR (151 MHz, *d*⁶-DMSO) δ 155.1, 153.1, 137.1, 130.5, 121.5, 115.4, 105.3, 104.5, 99.0, 60.8, 55.1, 42.3, 23.1, 22.8, 14.7. HRMS (ESI/ion trap) *m/z*: [M + H]⁺ calcd for C₁₅H₁₉N₂O₃⁺: 275.1390, found: 275.1391.



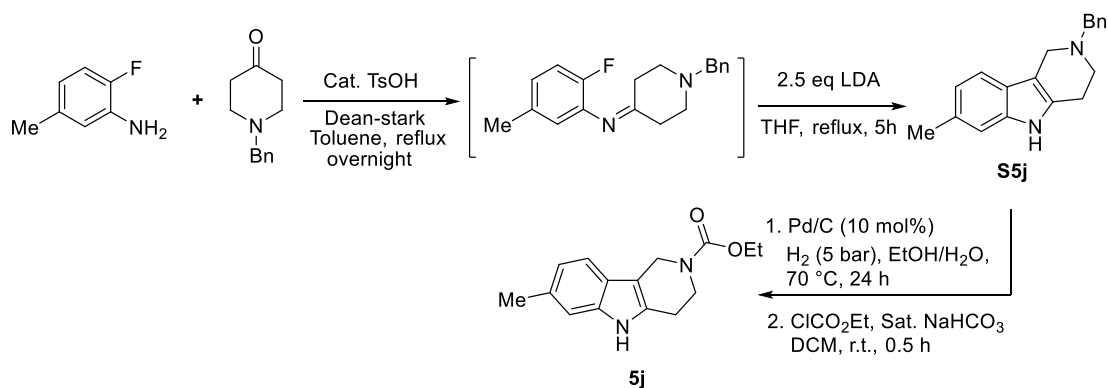
Ethyl 7,9-dimethyl-1,3,4,5-tetrahydro-2H-pyrido[4,3-*b*]indole-2-carboxylate (5o)⁷: white solid, 685 mg, 84% yield. ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.73 (s, 1H), 6.91 (s, 1H), 6.68 (s, 1H), 4.90 (s, 2H), 4.21 (q, *J* = 7.1 Hz, 2H), 3.83 (s, 2H), 2.80 (s, 2H), 2.58 (s, 3H), 2.39 (s, 3H), 1.31 (t, *J* = 7.1 Hz, 3H). ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, *d*⁶-DMSO) δ 155.1, 136.3, 130.9, 129.6, 127.9, 122.6, 121.3, 108.7, 105.8, 60.8, 42.5, 40.8, 40.2, 23.2, 21.2, 19.4, 14.7. HRMS (ESI/ion trap) *m/z*: [M + H]⁺ calcd for C₁₆H₂₁N₂O₂⁺: 273.1598, found: 273.1599.



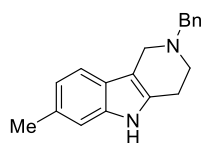
Ethyl 6-fluoro-1,3,4,5-tetrahydro-2H-pyrido[4,3-*b*]indole-2-carboxylate (5p): white solid, 597 mg, 76% yield. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.20 (s, 1H), 7.21 (d, *J* = 7.8 Hz, 1H), 7.01 (td, *J* = 7.9, 4.8 Hz, 1H), 6.87 (dd, *J* = 11.1, 8.0 Hz, 1H), 4.69 (s, 2H), 4.22 (q, *J* = 7.1 Hz, 2H), 3.87 (s, 2H), 2.86 (s, 2H), 1.31 (t, *J* = 7.1 Hz, 3H). ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, *d*⁶-DMSO) δ 155.1, 148.9 (d, *J* = 241.9 Hz), 134.9, 129.0 (d, *J* = 3.4 Hz), 123.4 (d, *J* = 13.0 Hz), 119.0 (d, *J* = 6.3 Hz), 113.5 (d, *J* = 2.5 Hz),

106.6, 105.8 (d, $J = 16.3$ Hz), 60.9, 40.9, 22.9, 14.6. ^{19}F NMR (376 MHz, CDCl_3) δ -135.1. HRMS (ESI/ion trap) m/z : $[\text{M} + \text{H}]^+$ calcd for $\text{C}_{14}\text{H}_{16}\text{FN}_2\text{O}_2^+$: 263.1190, found: 263.1191.

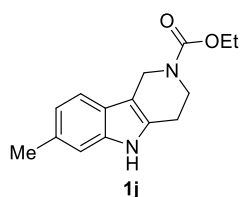
III. Procedure for Preparation of Substrate 5j



Following the general procedure,⁸ *N*-Benzyl-4-piperidone (2.9 g, 17 mmol), 2-fluoro-5-methylaniline (1.88 g, 15 mmol) and catalytic *p*-TsOH (50 mg) were combined in toluene (80 mL) and heated at reflux with removal of H₂O using a Dean–Stark trap. After 15 h the reaction was cooled to r.t. washed with sat. NaHCO₃ and concentrated in vacuo. The crude reaction mixture was then purified under vacuum under heating to remove unreacted starting materials, to give the imine as a bright yellow oil (1.69 g, 90%). This material was sufficiently pure to be used without further purification.

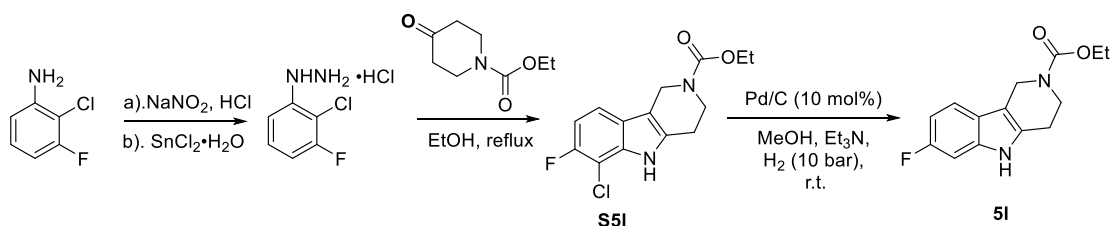


2-Benzyl-7-methyl-2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-1H-pyrido[4,3-*b*]indole (S5j): The imine (1.39 g, 5 mmol) was dissolved in anhydrous THF (15 mL) under Ar in an oven dried flask equipped with a reflux condenser. The solution was cooled to -78 °C and a fresh prepared LDA (0.69 M, 12.5 mmol) in THF (18 mL) was added via syringe. The reaction was stirred at -78 °C for 15 min, then warmed to r.t. and heated to reflux under an atmosphere of argon gas. TLC analysis showed a quantitative conversion to a new product after 5 h at reflux and the reaction was cooled to rt, quenched with H₂O (2 mL) and filtrated through celite, washed with CH₂Cl₂ (20 mL). The mixture was dried over anhydrous Na₂SO₄ and evaporated in vacuo. The residue was purified by flash chromatography (EtOAc : hexane, 1:1) to give **S5j** as a yellow solid (1.27 g, 92% yield). ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.74 (s, 1H), 7.41 (d, $J = 7.6$ Hz, 2H), 7.33 (t, $J = 7.5$ Hz, 2H), 7.27 (t, $J = 7.1$ Hz, 1H), 7.23 (d, $J = 7.8$ Hz, 1H), 6.94 (s, 1H), 6.87 (d, $J = 8.0$ Hz, 1H), 3.78 (s, 2H), 3.70 (s, 2H), 2.85 (t, $J = 5.7$ Hz, 2H), 2.71 (t, $J = 5.5$ Hz, 2H), 2.40 (s, 3H). ¹³C NMR (151 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 138.6, 136.5, 131.3, 130.7, 129.2, 128.3, 127.1, 124.0, 120.8, 117.1, 110.7, 108.5, 62.4, 50.2, 49.8, 23.7, 21.7. HRMS (ESI/ion trap) m/z : [M + H]⁺ calcd for C₁₉H₂₀N₂: 277.1699, found: 277.1689.

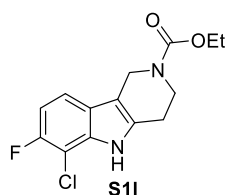


Ethyl 7-methyl-1,3,4,5-tetrahydro-2H-pyrido[4,3-b]indole-2-carboxylate (5j) : Following the literature procedure, **S5j** (1.0 g, 3.6 mmol) and 10 mol% Pd/C (5 wt%) (766 mg) were suspended in a 70% EtOH/ H₂O solution (20 mL) and placed under hydrogen at atmospheric pressure. The reaction was heated to 70 °C and stirred for 24 h, after which the reaction was filtered through filter paper before cooling to remove Pd/C. The filter cake was washed with 70% EtOH/H₂O (3 × 50 mL) and the combined washes and filtrate were concentrated in vacuo. The crude product was recrystallized from a 70% EtOH/H₂O solution, and the precipitate was isolated by filtration, washed with cold MeOH, and dried in vacuo. The resulted product was used directly in next step. The crude product was dissolved in DCM (20 mL), and saturated NaHCO₃ (10 mL) was added, then the resulted mixture was cold at ice-water bath. Ethyl chloroformate (1.3 eq.) was added dropwise to the mixture. After completion, the organic phase was separated and dried over anhydrous Na₂SO₄, concentrated under vacuum. The resulted residue was purified by flash column (EtOAc : hexane, 2:1), afford product **5j** (817 mg, 88% yield). ¹H NMR (400 MHz, *d*⁶-DMSO) δ 10.73 (s, 1H), 7.26 (d, *J* = 7.9 Hz, 1H), 7.08 (s, 1H), 6.79 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 4.54 (s, 2H), 4.09 (q, *J* = 7.1 Hz, 2H), 3.74 (t, *J* = 5.6 Hz, 2H), 2.76 (t, *J* = 5.1 Hz, 2H), 2.37 (s, 3H), 1.21 (t, *J* = 7.1 Hz, 3H). ¹³C NMR (151 MHz, *d*⁶-DMSO) δ 155.1, 136.3, 131.7, 129.6, 123.0, 120.1, 116.9, 110.9, 105.2, 60.8, 41.0, 40.1, 22.9, 21.4, 14.7. HRMS (ESI/ion trap) *m/z*: [M + H]⁺ calcd for C₁₅H₁₉N₂O₂: 259.1441, found: 259.1440.

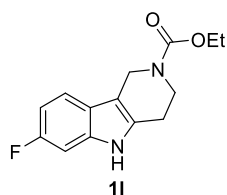
IV. Procedure for Preparation of Substrate 5l and 5m



To a suspension of 2-chloro-3-fluoroaniline (5.0 g, 33.3 mmol) in water (8.4 mL) and concentrated HCl (8.4 mL) at 0 °C, a solution of sodium nitrite (3.68 g, 53.3 mmol) in water (8 mL) was added dropwise. After the mixture was stirred at the same temperature for 0.5 h, a solution of tin(II) chloride hydrate (13.6 g, 60 mmol) in concentrated hydrochloric acid (15 mL) was added dropwise at 0 °C, and the mixture was stirred at ambient temperature overnight. The reaction mixture was filtered, and the filtrate was extracted with EA, the organic phase was discarded and the water phase was neutralized by NaOH (12 M) solution, extracted with DCM, and dried under reduced pressure, the residue was formed as hydrochloride salt in 1,4-dioxane to give the (2-chloro-3-fluorophenyl) hydrazine hydrochloride as a white powder (2.7 g, yield 42%). ¹H NMR (600 MHz, *d*⁶-DMSO) δ 10.52 (brs, 3H), 8.41 (s, 1H), 7.35 (dd, *J* = 14.5, 8.3 Hz, 1H), 6.98 (t, *J* = 7.3 Hz, 2H). ¹³C NMR (151 MHz, *d*⁶-DMSO) δ 157.8 (d, *J* = 244.8 Hz), 143.4, 128.5 (d, *J* = 9.5 Hz), 110.1, 108.8 (d, *J* = 21.3 Hz), 106.5 (d, *J* = 20.9 Hz). ¹⁹F NMR (565 MHz, *d*⁶-DMSO) δ -115.6.

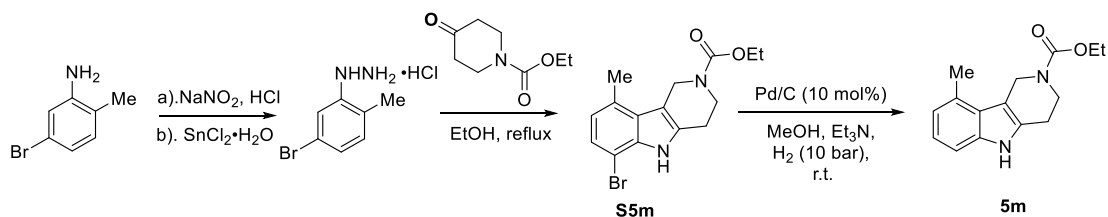


Ethyl 6-chloro-7-fluoro-1,3,4,5-tetrahydro-2H-pyrido[4,3-*b*]indole-2-carboxylate (S11): (2-chloro-3-fluorophenyl)hydrazine hydrochloride (1.96 g, 10 mmol) and 1-carbethoxy-4-piperidone (1.54 g, 9 mmol) were suspended in EtOH (15 mL) and heated to reflux for overnight, then cooled down to room temperature. The resulting mixture was concentrated, filtered and washed with 50% aqueous EtOH to afford the desired product **S11** (1.5 g, 56% yield). ¹H NMR (600 MHz, *d*⁶-DMSO) δ 11.43 (s, 1H), 7.39 (dd, *J* = 8.0, 4.5 Hz, 1H), 7.04 – 6.94 (m, 1H), 4.56 (s, 2H), 4.09 (q, *J* = 7.1 Hz, 2H), 3.74 (t, *J* = 5.7 Hz, 2H), 2.80 (t, *J* = 5.5 Hz, 2H), 1.21 (t, *J* = 7.1 Hz, 3H). ¹³C NMR (151 MHz, *d*⁶-DMSO) δ 155.1, 153.5 (d, *J* = 236.5 Hz), 134.7, 133.2, 123.1, 116.7 (d, *J* = 9.1 Hz), 107.7 (d, *J* = 23.5 Hz), 106.9, 101.9 (d, *J* = 21.9 Hz), 60.9, 40.7, 40.1, 23.2, 14.6. ¹⁹F NMR (565 MHz, *d*⁶-DMSO) δ -128.8. HRMS (ESI/ion trap) *m/z*: [*M* – H][–] calcd for C₁₄H₁₃ClFN₂O₂[–]: 295.0655, found: 295.0652.

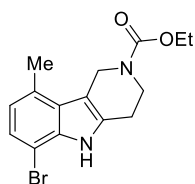


Ethyl 7-fluoro-1,3,4,5-tetrahydro-2H-pyrido[4,3-*b*]indole-2-carboxylate (5I): A mixture of **S11** (1.2 g, 4.0 mmol), 5 mol% Pd/C (824 mg, 10 mol%) and Et₃N (1.44 g, 12.1 mmol) in MeOH (10 mL) and THF (3 mL) was stirred under hydrogen atmosphere (10 bar) at room temperature overnight. The mixture was filtered and the filtrate was concentrated to afford the crude product. After removing the ammonium salt through extraction, product **5I** (0.99 g, 95% yield) was afforded. ¹H NMR (600 MHz, *d*⁶-DMSO) δ 11.01 (s, 1H), 7.39 (s, 1H), 7.08 (d, *J* = 10.1 Hz, 1H), 6.81 (t, *J* = 9.2 Hz, 1H), 4.57 (s, 2H), 4.10 (q, *J* = 7.0 Hz, 2H), 3.74 (t, *J* = 5.4 Hz, 2H), 2.77 (s, 2H), 1.21 (t, *J* = 7.0 Hz, 3H). ¹³C NMR (151 MHz, *d*⁶-DMSO) δ 158.6 (d, *J* = 233.3 Hz), 155.1, 135.8 (d, *J* = 12.1 Hz), 133.2, 121.2, 118.0 (d, *J* = 10.1 Hz), 106.7 (d, *J* = 24.1 Hz), 105.8, 97.2 (d, *J* = 25.5 Hz), 60.9, 40.9, 40.1, 23.1, 14.6. ¹⁹F NMR (565 MHz, *d*⁶-DMSO) δ -122.5. HRMS (ESI/ion trap) *m/z*: [*M* – H][–] calcd for C₁₄H₁₄FN₂O₂[–]: 261.1045, found: 261.1042.

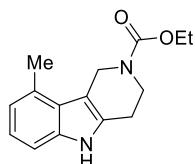
Following the procedure for preparation of **5I**, substrate **5m** was prepared as follows:



Followed by the procedure of synthesis of **5I**, using 2-bromo-5-methylaniline (5 g, 25 mmol) as starting material, (2-bromo-5-methyl)hydrazine hydrochloride (2.8 g, 48% yield) was afforded.

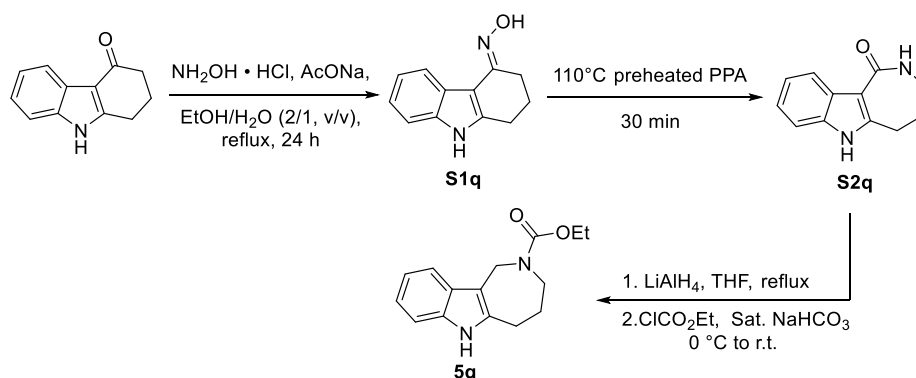


Ethyl 6-bromo-9-methyl-1,3,4,5-tetrahydro-2H-pyrido[4,3-b]indole-2-carboxylate (S5m) : prepared using (2-bromo-5-methyl)hydrazine hydrochloride (2.0 g, 8.4 mmol) and 1-carbethoxy-4-piperidone (1.28 g, 7.5 mmol), afford 1.82 g, 72% yield. ^1H NMR (600 MHz, d^6 -DMSO) δ 11.04 (s, 1H), 7.10 (d, $J = 7.7$ Hz, 1H), 6.66 (d, $J = 7.8$ Hz, 1H), 4.81 (s, 2H), 4.11 (q, $J = 7.1$ Hz, 2H), 3.72 (t, $J = 5.7$ Hz, 2H), 2.81 (t, $J = 5.5$ Hz, 2H), 2.50 (s, 3H), 1.22 (t, $J = 7.0$ Hz, 3H). ^{13}C NMR (151 MHz, d^6 -DMSO) δ 155.1, 133.9, 133.4, 128.2, 126.2, 123.0, 121.0, 107.5, 101.2, 60.9, 42.2, 40.6, 23.3, 19.1, 14.6. HRMS (ESI/ion trap) m/z : $[\text{M} + \text{H}]^+$ calcd for $\text{C}_{15}\text{H}_{18}\text{BrN}_2\text{O}_2^+$: 337.0546, found: 337.0544.



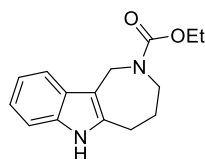
Ethyl 9-methyl-1,3,4,5-tetrahydro-2H-pyrido[4,3-b]indole-2-carboxylate (5m) : prepared by using **S5m** (1.35 g, 4.0 mmol), afford **5m** with 1.01 g, 98% yield. ^1H NMR (600 MHz, d^6 -DMSO) δ 10.84 (s, 1H), 7.09 (d, $J = 8.0$ Hz, 1H), 6.92 – 6.85 (m, 1H), 6.69 (d, $J = 7.1$ Hz, 1H), 4.82 (s, 2H), 4.10 (q, $J = 7.1$ Hz, 2H), 3.72 (t, $J = 5.8$ Hz, 2H), 2.77 (t, $J = 5.7$ Hz, 2H), 2.52 (s, 3H), 1.22 (t, $J = 7.1$ Hz, 3H). ^{13}C NMR (151 MHz, d^6 -DMSO) δ 155.1, 135.8, 131.8, 128.3, 124.6, 120.7, 119.5, 108.7, 106.0, 60.8, 54.9(CH_2Cl_2), 42.5, 40.7, 23.2, 19.6, 14.6. HRMS (ESI/ion trap) m/z : $[\text{M} + \text{H}]^+$ calcd for $\text{C}_{15}\text{H}_{19}\text{N}_2\text{O}_2^+$: 259.1441, found: 259.1441.

V. Procedure for Preparation of Substrate 5q



Following the procedure of literature⁹, sodium acetate (1.98 g, 24.2 mmol) and hydroxylamine hydrochloride (1.68 g, 24.2 mmol) were added to commercially available 1,2,3,9-tetrahydro-4H-carbazol-4-one (2.98 g, 16.1 mmol), in 40 mL of EtOH/water 2/1 v/v, and the mixture was refluxed 24 h under nitrogen atmosphere. After cooling, the solvent was removed and the residue was suspended in 150 mL of water and triturated, until precipitation of the desired oxime product as brown solid (**S1q**), which was collected by filtration and recrystallized from EtOH and water (2.74 g, yield 85%). Analytical and spectral data were in agreement with those of literature. ¹H NMR (600 MHz, *d*⁶-DMSO) δ 11.41 (s, 1H), 8.17 (d, $J = 7.9$ Hz, 1H), 7.38 (t, $J = 5.0$ Hz, 1H), 7.28 (d, $J = 8.0$ Hz, 1H), 7.09 – 7.03 (m, 1H), 7.04 – 6.96 (m, 1H), 3.33 (s, 1H), 3.20 (dd, $J = 9.6, 5.0$ Hz, 2H), 3.10 (t, $J = 6.7$ Hz, 2H), 1.99 (dt, $J = 11.0, 7.4$ Hz, 2H).

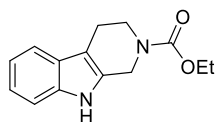
Compound **S1q** (2.6 g, 13 mmol) of was added portionwise to 97 g of preheated (110 °C) PPA under vigorous stirring, and the mixture was stirred at this temperature for 30 min. Then, 200 g of ice were carefully poured into the mixture and triturated until complete dissolution of PPA and formation of a grey precipitate, which was collected by filtration under reduced pressure, washed with 100 mL of water, 10 mL of 5% diluted ammonia and further 100 mL of water. The solid was then suspended into 50 mL of MeOH and, after addition of 1.0 g of vegetal carbon, refluxed for 1 h. After cooling, the suspension was filtered on a Celite pad and the solvent removed to furnish **S2q** as pale brown solid (1.1 g) without further purification.



Ethyl 3,4,5,6-tetrahydroazepino[4,3-*b*]indole-2(*1H*)-carboxylate (**5q**) :

LiAlH_4 (1.25 g, 33 mmol) was added to a solution of **S2q** (0.6 g, 3 mmol) in 100 mL of dry 1,4-dioxane, and the mixture was refluxed until disappearance of the starting material (TLC). After cooling, the reaction was quenched by adding 10 mL of a saturated solution of sodium sulfate (Na_2SO_4) and stirred at rt for 30 min. The mixture was then filtered and the precipitate was washed with 20 mL of 1,4-dioxane. The collected filtrates were concentrated and the residue, suspended in 80 mL of distilled water, was extracted with 3×50 mL of CH_2Cl_2 . The organic fractions were dried (Na_2SO_4), filtered and concentrated under reduced pressure, afforded an oil residue (0.5 g) without further purification. Then the residue was dissolved in CH_2Cl_2 (20 mL) and 10 mL saturated

NaHCO₃ at an ice bath, ethyl chloroformate (1.3 eq.) was added dropwise, then warmed the reaction to room temperature, after 0.5 h traced by TLC until disappearance of the starting material. Separation of the organic phase and the water phase was extracted with CH₂Cl₂ (20 mL x3), combined the organic phase and washed with saturated brine, dried over anhydrous Na₂SO₄, concentrated under evaporator, afforded the crude residue. Then crude product was purified through flash column (EtOAc/PE, 1:2), afforded compound **5q** as white solid. (558 mg, 72% yield). ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CD₂Cl₂) δ 8.54 – 8.07 (m, 1H), 7.52 (d, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 1H), 7.41 – 7.17 (m, 1H), 7.18 – 6.96 (m, 2H), 4.87 – 4.62 (m, 2H), 4.24 – 3.95 (m, 2H), 3.96 – 3.67 (m, 2H), 2.93 (s, 2H), 2.03 – 1.80 (m, 2H), 1.32 – 0.95 (m, 3H). ¹³C NMR (151 MHz, CD₂Cl₂) δ 156.3, 137.1, 134.8, 128.1, 121.3, 119.7, 117.8, 111.6, 110.9, 61.6, 49.7, 43.2, 27.8, 27.2, 14.9. **rotamer** ¹³C NMR (151 MHz, CD₂Cl₂) δ 156.3, 137.7, 134.8, 128.0, 121.1, 119.7, 117.6, 111.8, 110.8, 61.6, 50.4, 45.0, 44.2, 42.9, 27.8, 26.8, 14.8. HRMS (ESI/ion trap) *m/z*: [M + H]⁺ calcd for C₁₅H₁₉N₂O₂⁺: 259.1441, found: 259.1440.



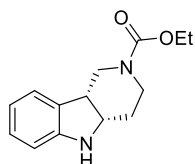
Ethyl 1,3,4,9-tetrahydro-2H-pyrido[3,4-b]indole-2-carboxylate (**5r**)¹⁰: Following the reported literature, to a solution of 1,2,3,4-Tetrahydro-β-carboline (344 mg, 2 mmol) in CH₂Cl₂ (6 mL) was added slowly ethyl carbonochloridate (245 mg, 2.3 mmol) and Et₃N (607 mg, 6 mmol) at 0 °C. After the addition was completed, the reaction mixture was allowed to reach room temperature and stirred for 3 h. And then the solvent was evaporated to get the crude product, which was crystallized from water to give the desired product (450 mg, 92%) as a white solid.

¹H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO) δ 10.83 (s, 1H), 7.39 (d, *J* = 7.7 Hz, 1H), 7.31 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 7.10 – 7.02 (m, 1H), 7.00 – 6.91 (m, 1H), 4.61 (s, 2H), 4.10 (q, *J* = 7.1 Hz, 2H), 3.72 (t, *J* = 5.7 Hz, 2H), 2.70 (t, *J* = 5.6 Hz, 2H), 1.22 (t, *J* = 7.1 Hz, 3H). ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, DMSO) δ 155.1, 135.9, 131.1, 126.5, 120.8, 118.5, 117.5, 111.0, 106.7, 61.0, 41.8, 21.0, 14.6.

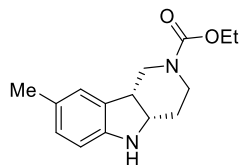
HRMS (ESI/ion trap) *m/z*: [M + H]⁺ calcd for C₁₄H₁₇N₂O₂⁺: 245.1285, found: 245.1286.

VI. General Procedure for the Asymmetric Hydrogenation Reaction

In the argon-filled glovebox, a solution of $[\text{Ir}(\text{COD})\text{Cl}]_2$ (6.72 mg, 0.01 mmol) and ZhaoPhos (18.2 mg, 0.021 mmol) in 2.0 mL anhydrous solvent was stirred at room temperature for 20 min. A specified volume of the resulting solution (100 μL , 1 mol% Ir-ZhaoPhos catalyst) was transferred by syringe to a score-break ampule charged with substrate (0.1 mmol in 1.0 mL dichloromethane) and TsOH (1.2 eq.) as acid additive. The ampule was placed into an autoclave, which was then charged with desired pressure of hydrogen gas. The autoclave was stirred at desired temperature for the indicated period of time. After release of H_2 , saturated sodium bicarbonate solution and dichloromethane was added and the mixture was stirred for 10 min. The organic layer was dried with anhydrous Na_2SO_4 . After removal of solvent, the crude product was analyzed by ^1H NMR to determine the conversion. Purification was performed by silica gel column chromatography, eluted with Petrol ether / EtOAc, to give the desired product. The enantiomeric excess was determined by HPLC analysis.

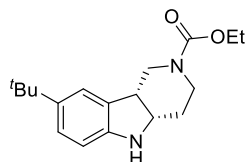


Ethyl (4a*S*,9b*R*)-1,3,4,4a,5,9b-hexahydro-2*H*-pyrido[4,3-*b*]indole-2-carboxylate (6a): purified by flash chromatography (silica, petroleum ether/ethyl acetate = 2/1, v/v), oily solid, 24.2 mg, 98% yield, 93% ee, $[\alpha]_{\text{D}}^{23} + 75.5$ (*c* 1.0, CHCl_3). ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 7.13 (d, $J = 7.2$ Hz, 1H), 7.05 (td, $J = 7.6, 1.2$ Hz, 1H), 6.73 (td, $J = 7.4, 0.8$ Hz, 1H), 6.66 (d, $J = 7.8$ Hz, 1H), 4.20 – 4.06 (m, 2H), 3.97 (dt, $J = 6.8, 4.9$ Hz, 1H), 3.96 – 3.64 (m, 2H), 3.63 – 3.53 (m, 1H), 3.49 – 3.11 (m, 3H), 1.90 (ddt, $J = 14.1, 9.3, 4.6$ Hz, 1H), 1.76 (ddd, $J = 14.4, 9.3, 5.3$ Hz, 1H), 1.26 (t, $J = 6.6$ Hz, 3H). ^{13}C NMR (151 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 155.7, 150.9, 130.1, 128.1, 124.3, 119.1, 110.0, 61.3, 57.5, 43.9, 41.0, 39.8, 28.1, 14.8. The enantiomeric excess was determined by HPLC analysis on Daicel Chiralpak OD-3 column (0.46 x 25 cm), Hexane/ $^i\text{PrOH}$ = 85:15, flow rate = 1.0 mL/min, $\lambda = 210$ nm, t_{R} : 11.140 min (*R*, *S*) (minor), 12.028 min (*S*, *R*) (major). HRMS (ESI/ion trap) m/z : $[\text{M} + \text{H}]^+$ calcd for $\text{C}_{14}\text{H}_{19}\text{N}_2\text{O}_2^+$: 247.1441, found: 247.1442.

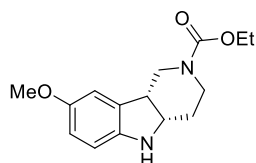


Ethyl (4a*S*,9b*R*)-8-methyl-1,3,4,4a,5,9b-hexahydro-2*H*-pyrido[4,3-*b*]indole-2-carboxylate (6b): purified by flash chromatography (silica, petroleum ether/ethyl acetate = 2/1, v/v), oily solid, 25.2 mg, 97% yield, 94% ee, $[\alpha]_{\text{D}}^{25} + 53.9$ (*c* 1.0, CHCl_3). ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 6.95 (s, 1H), 6.86 (d, $J = 7.8$ Hz, 1H), 6.58 (d, $J = 7.8$ Hz, 1H), 4.13 (dtt, $J = 10.6, 7.1, 3.6$ Hz, 2H), 3.97 – 3.92 (m, 1H), 3.91 – 3.50 (m, 3H), 3.49 – 3.04 (m, 3H), 2.25 (s, 3H), 1.89 (ddt, $J = 14.1, 9.4, 4.7$ Hz, 1H), 1.76 (td, $J = 9.2, 4.7$ Hz, 1H), 1.27 (t, $J = 6.3$ Hz, 3H). ^{13}C NMR (151 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 155.8, 148.5, 130.9, 130.5, 128.4, 125.1, 110.1, 61.3, 57.8, 44.0, 41.2, 39.9, 28.2, 20.9, 14.8. The enantiomeric excess was

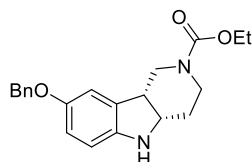
determined by HPLC analysis on Daicel Chiralpak OD-3 column (0.46 x 25 cm), Hexane/*i*PrOH = 80:20, flow rate = 1.0 mL/min, λ = 210 nm, t_R : 7.090 min (*R, S*) (minor), 9.004 min (*S, R*) (major). HRMS (ESI/ion trap) m/z : $[M + H]^+$ calcd for $C_{15}H_{21}N_2O_2^+$: 261.1598, found: 261.1599.



Ethyl (4a*S*,9b*R*)-8-(*tert*-butyl)-1,3,4,4a,5,9b-hexahydro-2*H*-pyrido[4,3-*b*]indole-2-carboxylate (6c): purified by flash chromatography (silica, petroleum ether/ethyl acetate = 2/1, v/v), oily solid, 29.5 mg, 97% yield, 91% ee, $[\alpha]_D^{25} + 35.0$ (*c* 1.0, $CHCl_3$). 1H NMR (400 MHz, $CDCl_3$) δ 7.20 (s, 1H), 7.11 (dd, $J = 8.1, 2.0$ Hz, 1H), 6.64 (d, $J = 8.1$ Hz, 1H), 4.16 (q, $J = 7.1$ Hz, 2H), 4.03 – 3.95 (m, 2H), 3.93 – 2.93 (m, 5H), 1.93 (ddt, $J = 14.2, 9.4, 4.6$ Hz, 1H), 1.80 (dd, $J = 9.6, 4.7$ Hz, 1H), 1.31 (s, 12H). ^{13}C NMR (101 MHz, $CDCl_3$) δ 155.8, 148.4, 142.4, 130.1, 124.8, 121.2, 109.6, 61.4, 57.8, 44.2, 41.2, 39.9, 34.3, 31.8, 28.2, 14.9. The enantiomeric excess was determined by HPLC analysis on Daicel Chiralpak AD-3 column (0.46 x 25 cm), Hexane/*i*PrOH = 85:15, flow rate = 1.0 mL/min, λ = 210 nm, t_R : 5.955 min (*S, R*) (major), 6.906 min (*R, S*) (minor). HRMS (ESI/ion trap) m/z : $[M + H]^+$ calcd for $C_{18}H_{27}N_2O_2^+$: 303.2067, found: 303.2070.

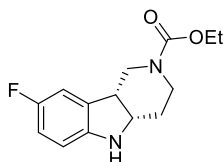


Ethyl (4a*S*,9b*R*)-8-methoxy-1,3,4,4a,5,9b-hexahydro-2*H*-pyrido[4,3-*b*]indole-2-carboxylate (6d): purified by flash chromatography (silica, petroleum ether/ethyl acetate = 2/1, v/v), oily solid, 25.7 mg, 93% yield, 92% ee, $[\alpha]_D^{25} + 42.7$ (*c* 1.0, $CHCl_3$). 1H NMR (600 MHz, $CDCl_3$) δ 6.76 (s, 1H), 6.62 (dt, $J = 14.0, 5.3$ Hz, 2H), 4.20 – 4.07 (m, 2H), 3.99 – 3.94 (m, 1H), 3.93 – 3.76 (m, 1H), 3.74 (s, 3H), 3.66 – 3.09 (m, 5H), 1.88 (ddd, $J = 18.6, 9.3, 4.5$ Hz, 1H), 1.75 (brs, 1H), 1.26 (brs, 3H). ^{13}C NMR (151 MHz, $CDCl_3$) δ 155.8, 153.8, 144.6, 131.8, 113.0, 111.2, 110.8, 61.4, 58.0, 56.1, 44.0, 41.4, 40.0, 28.2, 14.9. The enantiomeric excess was determined by HPLC analysis on Daicel Chiralpak OD-3 column (0.46 x 25 cm), Hexane/*i*PrOH = 80:20, flow rate = 1.0 mL/min, λ = 210 nm, t_R : 8.012 min (*R, S*) (minor), 21.165 min (*S, R*) (major). HRMS (ESI/ion trap) m/z : $[M + H]^+$ calcd for $C_{15}H_{21}N_2O_3^+$: 277.1547, found: 277.1548.

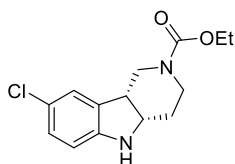


Ethyl (4a*S*,9b*R*)-8-(benzyloxy)-1,3,4,4a,5,9b-hexahydro-2*H*-pyrido[4,3-*b*]indole-2-carboxylate (6e): purified by flash chromatography (silica, petroleum ether/ethyl acetate = 2/1, v/v), oily solid, 34.8 mg, 99% yield, 94% ee, $[\alpha]_D^{25} + 28.5$ (*c* 1.0, $CHCl_3$). 1H NMR (600 MHz, $CDCl_3$) δ

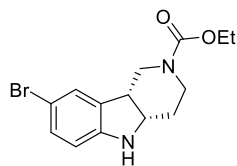
7.42 (d, $J = 7.3$ Hz, 2H), 7.37 (t, $J = 7.5$ Hz, 2H), 7.31 (t, $J = 7.3$ Hz, 1H), 6.84 (d, $J = 2.3$ Hz, 1H), 6.70 (dd, $J = 8.4, 2.5$ Hz, 1H), 6.60 (d, $J = 8.4$ Hz, 1H), 4.98 (s, 2H), 4.18 – 4.09 (m, 2H), 3.98 – 3.94 (m, 1H), 3.84 (d, $J = 94.5$ Hz, 1H), 3.67 – 3.10 (m, 5H), 1.88 (ddd, $J = 13.8, 9.3, 4.6$ Hz, 1H), 1.76 (dd, $J = 9.2, 4.2$ Hz, 1H), 1.31 – 1.25 (m, 3H). ^{13}C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 155.7, 152.9, 144.9, 137.6, 131.9, 128.6, 127.9, 127.6, 114.2, 112.3, 110.7, 71.1, 61.4, 58.0, 44.0, 41.4, 39.9, 28.1, 14.8. The enantiomeric excess was determined by HPLC analysis on Daicel Chiralpak OD-3 column (0.46 x 25 cm), Hexane/ i PrOH = 80:20, flow rate = 1.0 mL/min, $\lambda = 210$ nm, t_R : 8.050 min (*R, S*) (minor), 19.245 min (*S, R*) (major). HRMS (ESI/ion trap) m/z : $[\text{M} + \text{H}]^+$ calcd for $\text{C}_{21}\text{H}_{25}\text{N}_2\text{O}_3^+$: 353.1860, found: 353.1860.



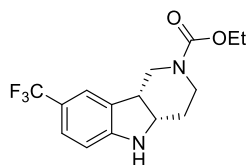
Ethyl (4a*S*,9b*R*)-8-fluoro-1,3,4,4a,5,9b-hexahydro-2*H*-pyrido[4,3-*b*]indole-2-carboxylate (6f): purified by flash chromatography (silica, petroleum ether/ethyl acetate = 2/1, v/v), oily solid, 25.8 mg, 97% yield, 90% ee, $[\alpha]_{\text{D}}^{25} + 61.4$ (c 1.0, CHCl_3). ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 6.85 (dd, $J = 8.2, 2.5$ Hz, 1H), 6.74 (td, $J = 8.9, 2.6$ Hz, 1H), 6.56 (dd, $J = 8.4, 4.3$ Hz, 1H), 4.18 – 4.09 (m, 2H), 3.98 (dt, $J = 10.1, 5.0$ Hz, 1H), 3.80 (brd, $J = 63.1$ Hz, 1H), 3.69 – 3.13 (m, 5H), 1.88 (ddd, $J = 13.8, 6.8, 4.8$ Hz, 1H), 1.80 – 1.66 (m, 1H), 1.27 (t, $J = 6.7$ Hz, 3H). ^{13}C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 157.0 (d, $J = 235.7$ Hz), 155.6, 146.8, 131.7 (d, $J = 34.0$ Hz), 114.0 (d, $J = 23.2$ Hz), 111.6 (d, $J = 23.7$ Hz), 110.2 (d, $J = 7.5$ Hz), 61.3, 58.0, 43.6, 41.2, 39.8, 27.9, 14.7. ^{19}F NMR (376 MHz, CDCl_3) δ -125.8. The enantiomeric excess was determined by HPLC analysis on Daicel Chiralpak OD-3 column (0.46 x 25 cm), Hexane/ i PrOH = 80:20, flow rate = 1.0 mL/min, $\lambda = 210$ nm, t_R : 6.487 min (*R, S*) (minor), 9.634 min (*S, R*) (major). HRMS (ESI/ion trap) m/z : $[\text{M} + \text{H}]^+$ calcd for $\text{C}_{14}\text{H}_{18}\text{FN}_2\text{O}_2^+$: 265.1347, found: 265.1349.



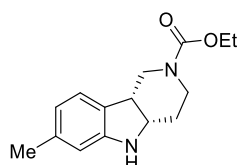
Ethyl (4a*S*,9b*R*)-8-chloro-1,3,4,4a,5,9b-hexahydro-2*H*-pyrido[4,3-*b*]indole-2-carboxylate (6g): purified by flash chromatography (silica, petroleum ether/ethyl acetate = 2/1, v/v), oily solid, 27.4 mg, 98% yield, 86% ee, $[\alpha]_{\text{D}}^{25} + 30.4$ (c 1.0, CHCl_3). ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 7.07 (s, 1H), 6.99 (dd, $J = 8.2, 2.1$ Hz, 1H), 6.55 (d, $J = 8.3$ Hz, 1H), 4.20 – 4.06 (m, 2H), 3.98 (dt, $J = 10.1, 5.0$ Hz, 1H), 3.94 – 3.65 (m, 2H), 3.62 – 3.07 (m, 4H), 1.94 – 1.83 (m, 1H), 1.72 (brs, 1H), 1.26 (t, $J = 6.3$ Hz, 3H). ^{13}C NMR (151 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 155.7, 149.5, 131.8, 127.9, 124.6, 123.6, 110.8, 61.5, 57.9, 43.6, 41.2, 39.8, 28.0, 14.8. The enantiomeric excess was determined by HPLC analysis on Daicel Chiralpak OD-3 column (0.46 x 25 cm), Hexane/ i PrOH = 80:20, flow rate = 1.0 mL/min, $\lambda = 210$ nm, t_R : 6.739 min (*R, S*) (minor), 12.626 min (*S, R*) (major). HRMS (ESI/ion trap) m/z : $[\text{M} + \text{H}]^+$ calcd for $\text{C}_{14}\text{H}_{18}\text{ClN}_2\text{O}_2^+$: 281.1051, found: 281.1053.



Ethyl (4a*S*,9b*R*)-8-bromo-1,3,4,4a,5,9b-hexahydro-2*H*-pyrido[4,3-*b*]indole-2-carboxylate (6h): purified by flash chromatography (silica, petroleum ether/ethyl acetate = 2/1, v/v), oily solid, 31.4 mg, 98% yield, 84% ee, $[\alpha]_D^{25} + 19.8$ (*c* 1.0, CHCl₃). ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.20 (d, *J* = 1.8 Hz, 1H), 7.13 (dd, *J* = 8.2, 2.0 Hz, 1H), 6.52 (d, *J* = 8.2 Hz, 1H), 4.19 – 4.07 (m, 2H), 3.97 (dt, *J* = 10.1, 5.0 Hz, 1H), 3.92 – 3.65 (m, 2H), 3.62 – 3.13 (m, 4H), 1.88 (td, *J* = 13.9, 4.8 Hz, 1H), 1.70 (s, 1H), 1.27 (brs, 3H). ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 155.7, 149.9, 132.3, 130.7, 127.3, 111.3, 110.5, 61.5, 57.8, 43.6, 41.1, 39.8, 28.0, 14.8. The enantiomeric excess was determined by HPLC analysis on Daicel Chiralpak OD-3 column (0.46 x 25 cm), Hexane/*i*PrOH = 80:20, flow rate = 1.0 mL/min, λ = 210 nm, *t_R*: 6.989 min (*R*, *S*) (minor), 13.105 min (*S*, *R*) (major). HRMS (ESI/ion trap) *m/z*: [M + H]⁺ calcd for C₁₄H₁₈BrN₂O₂⁺ : 325.0546, found: 325.0548.

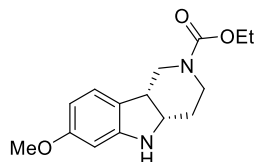


Ethyl (4a*S*,9b*R*)-8-trifluoromethyl-1,3,4,4a,5,9b-hexahydro-2*H*-pyrido[4,3-*b*]indole-2-carboxylate (6i): purified by flash chromatography (silica, petroleum ether/ethyl acetate = 2/1, v/v), oily solid, 30.4 mg, 97% yield, 66% ee, $[\alpha]_D^{25} + 18.5$ (*c* 1.0, CHCl₃). ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.33 (s, 1H), 7.30 (d, *J* = 8.2 Hz, 1H), 6.64 (d, *J* = 8.1 Hz, 1H), 4.16 – 4.08 (m, 2H), 4.08 – 4.00 (m, 2H), 3.98 – 3.11 (m, 5H), 1.92 (ddt, *J* = 13.9, 9.2, 4.7 Hz, 1H), 1.74 (s, 1H), 1.31 – 1.19 (m, 3H). ¹³C NMR (151 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 155.6, 153.7, 129.9, 126.0 (q, *J* = 3.4 Hz), 123.1 (q, *J* = 270.6 Hz), 121.4, 120.65 (d, *J* = 32.2 Hz), 108.8, 61.4, 57.6, 43.2, 40.7, 39.7, 27.8, 14.6. ¹⁹F NMR (565 MHz, CDCl₃) δ -60.8. The enantiomeric excess was determined by HPLC analysis on Daicel Chiralpak OD-3 column (0.46 x 25 cm), Hexane/*i*PrOH = 85:15, flow rate = 0.8 mL/min, λ = 254 nm, *t_R*: 8.52 min (*R*, *S*) (minor), 10.46 min (*S*, *R*) (major). HRMS (ESI/ion trap) *m/z*: [M + H]⁺ calcd for C₁₅H₁₈F₃N₂O₂⁺ : 315.1315, found: 315.1311.

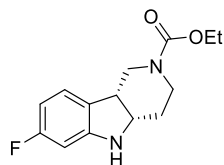


Ethyl (4a*S*,9b*R*)-7-methyl-1,3,4,4a,5,9b-hexahydro-2*H*-pyrido[4,3-*b*]indole-2-carboxylate (6j): purified by flash chromatography (silica, petroleum ether/ethyl acetate = 2/1, v/v), oily solid, 25.6 mg, 98% yield, 92% ee, $[\alpha]_D^{23} + 56.9$ (*c* 1.0, CHCl₃). ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.00 (d, *J* = 7.4 Hz, 1H), 6.55 (d, *J* = 7.4 Hz, 1H), 6.50 (s, 1H), 4.13 (p, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 2H), 4.07 – 3.63 (m, 3H), 3.57 (dt, *J* = 11.4, 5.1 Hz, 1H), 3.42 (d, *J* = 12.7 Hz, 1H), 3.25 (t, *J* = 33.4 Hz, 2H), 2.26 (s, 3H), 1.89 (ddt, *J* = 14.4, 9.6, 4.6 Hz, 1H), 1.76 (dt, *J* = 14.4, 5.2 Hz, 1H), 1.31 – 1.23 (m, 3H). ¹³C NMR (151 MHz, CDCl₃) δ

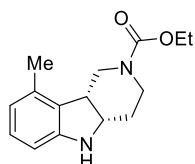
155.8, 151.1, 138.1, 127.4, 124.0, 119.9, 111.0, 61.3, 57.7, 44.1, 39.9, 28.1, 21.7, 14.9. The enantiomeric excess was determined by HPLC analysis on Daicel Chiralpak OD-3 column (0.46 x 25 cm), Hexane/*i*-PrOH = 85:15, flow rate = 1.0 mL/min, λ = 210 nm, t_R : 7.836 min (*S, R*) (major), 9.540 min (*R, S*) (minor). HRMS (ESI/ion trap) m/z : $[M + H]^+$ calcd for $C_{15}H_{21}N_2O_2^+$: 261.1598, found: 261.1596.



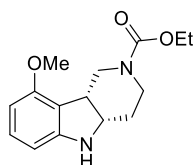
Ethyl (4*aS*,9*bR*)-7-methoxy-1,3,4,4*a*,5,9*b*-hexahydro-2*H*-pyrido[4,3-*b*]indole-2-carboxylate (6k): purified by flash chromatography (silica, petroleum ether/ethyl acetate = 2/1, v/v), oily solid, 26.2 mg, 95% yield, 90% ee, $[\alpha]_D^{25} + 79.4$ (*c* 1.0, $CHCl_3$). 1H NMR (400 MHz, $CDCl_3$) δ 7.01 (d, $J = 7.7$ Hz, 1H), 6.34 – 6.17 (m, 2H), 4.12 (dtd, $J = 10.3, 7.0, 3.6$ Hz, 2H), 3.98 (dd, $J = 11.5, 4.9$ Hz, 1H), 3.93 – 3.65 (m, 2H), 3.65 – 3.51 (m, 1H), 3.47 – 3.35 (m, 1H), 3.31 – 3.10 (m, 2H), 1.94 – 1.84 (m, 1H), 1.75 (ddd, $J = 14.3, 9.4, 5.2$ Hz, 1H), 1.26 (t, $J = 6.3$ Hz, 3H). ^{13}C NMR (101 MHz, $CDCl_3$) δ 160.4, 155.7, 152.2, 124.5, 122.7, 103.7, 96.9, 61.3, 57.9, 55.4, 44.1, 40.2, 39.8, 28.1, 14.8. The enantiomeric excess was determined by HPLC analysis on Daicel Chiralpak OD-3 column (0.46 x 25 cm), Hexane/*i*-PrOH = 80:20, flow rate = 1.0 mL/min, λ = 210 nm, t_R : 8.288 min (*S, R*) (major), 19.862 min (*R, S*) (minor). HRMS (ESI/ion trap) m/z : $[M + H]^+$ calcd for $C_{15}H_{21}N_2O_3^+$: 277.1547, found: 277.1548.



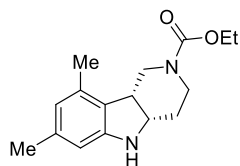
Ethyl (4*aS*,9*bR*)-7-fluoro-1,3,4,4*a*,5,9*b*-hexahydro-2*H*-pyrido[4,3-*b*]indole-2-carboxylate (6l): purified by flash chromatography (silica, petroleum ether/ethyl acetate = 2/1, v/v), oily solid, 25.9 mg, 98% yield, 82% ee, $[\alpha]_D^{25} + 3.1$ (*c* 1.0, $CHCl_3$). 1H NMR (600 MHz, $CDCl_3$) δ 7.03 – 6.97 (m, 1H), 6.40 – 6.36 (m, 1H), 6.33 (dd, $J = 9.7, 2.2$ Hz, 1H), 4.16 – 4.08 (m, 2H), 4.01 (dd, $J = 11.9, 4.9$ Hz, 1H), 3.89 – 3.68 (m, 2H), 3.58 – 3.52 (m, 1H), 3.44 – 3.18 (m, 3H), 1.89 (ddt, $J = 13.8, 9.1, 4.3$ Hz, 1H), 1.74 (ddd, $J = 14.4, 9.3, 5.3$ Hz, 1H). ^{13}C NMR (151 MHz, $CDCl_3$) δ 163.6 (d, $J = 241.9$ Hz), 155.8, 152.4 (d, $J = 11.6$ Hz), 125.7 (d, $J = 34.2$ Hz), 124.8, 105.1 (d, $J = 16.3$ Hz), 97.7 (d, $J = 26.4$ Hz), 61.4, 58.1, 43.9, 40.2, 39.7, 28.0, 14.8. ^{19}F NMR (565 MHz, $CDCl_3$) δ -114.9. The enantiomeric excess was determined by HPLC analysis on Daicel Chiralpak OD-3 column (0.46 x 25 cm), Hexane/*i*-PrOH = 85:15, flow rate = 1.0 mL/min, λ = 210 nm, t_R : 7.574 min (*S, R*) (major), 9.122 min (*R, S*) (minor). HRMS (ESI/ion trap) m/z : $[M + H]^+$ calcd for $C_{14}H_{18}FN_2O_2^+$: 265.1347, found: 265.1345.



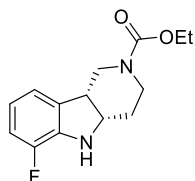
Ethyl (4a*S*,9b*R*)-9-methyl-1,3,4,4a,5,9b-hexahydro-2*H*-pyrido[4,3-*b*]indole-2-carboxylate (6m): purified by flash chromatography (silica, petroleum ether/ethyl acetate = 2/1, v/v), oily solid, 25.5 mg, 98% yield, 91% ee, $[\alpha]_{\text{D}}^{22} + 54.9$ (*c* 1.0, CHCl₃). ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 6.96 (t, *J* = 7.7 Hz, 1H), 6.55 (d, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 6.52 (d, *J* = 7.7 Hz, 1H), 4.16 (q, *J* = 7.1 Hz, 2H), 4.09 – 3.62 (m, 4H), 3.26 (d, *J* = 13.9 Hz, 1H), 2.73 (brs, 1H), 2.28 (s, 3H), 1.96 (s, 1H), 1.91 – 1.80 (m, 1H), 1.28 (t, *J* = 7.1 Hz, 3H). ¹³C NMR (151 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 155.7, 150.9, 134.4, 129.7, 128.0, 120.6, 107.6, 61.3, 57.7, 43.7, 39.6, 27.9, 18.4, 14.8. The enantiomeric excess was determined by HPLC analysis on Daicel Chiralpak OD-3 column (0.46 x 25 cm), Hexane/ⁱPrOH = 85:15, flow rate = 1.0 mL/min, λ = 210 nm, *t_R*: 9.997 min (*S*, *R*) (major), 11.021 min (*R*, *S*) (minor). HRMS (ESI/ion trap) *m/z*: [M + H]⁺ calcd for C₁₅H₂₁N₂O₂⁺: 261.1598, found: 261.1596.



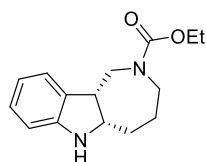
Ethyl (4a*S*,9b*R*)-9-methoxy-1,3,4,4a,5,9b-hexahydro-2*H*-pyrido[4,3-*b*]indole-2-carboxylate (6n): purified by flash chromatography (silica, petroleum ether/ethyl acetate = 2/1, v/v), oily solid, 27.3 mg, 99% yield, 95% ee, $[\alpha]_{\text{D}}^{25} + 29.1$ (*c* 1.0, CHCl₃). ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.01 (t, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 6.30 (t, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 4.27 – 3.96 (m, 4H), 3.79 (s, 3H), 3.78 – 3.66 (m, 2H), 3.40 (s, 1H), 3.37 – 3.27 (m, 1H), 3.18 – 2.76 (m, 1H), 1.95 (dd, *J* = 14.7, 9.6 Hz, 1H), 1.88 – 1.80 (m, 1H), 1.26 (t, *J* = 7.1 Hz, 3H). ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 157.0, 155.9, 152.6, 129.4, 117.3, 103.4, 101.9, 61.2, 57.4, 55.3, 43.1, 39.6, 38.8, 27.8, 14.9. The enantiomeric excess was determined by HPLC analysis on Daicel Chiralpak OD-3 column (0.46 x 25 cm), Hexane/ⁱPrOH = 80:20, flow rate = 1.0 mL/min, λ = 210 nm, *t_R*: 10.693 min (*R*, *S*) (minor), 12.109 min (*S*, *R*) (major). HRMS (ESI/ion trap) *m/z*: [M + H]⁺ calcd for C₁₅H₂₁N₂O₃⁺: 277.1547, found: 277.1548.



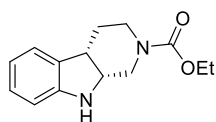
Ethyl (4a*S*,9b*R*)-7,9-dimethyl-1,3,4,4a,5,9b-hexahydro-2*H*-pyrido[4,3-*b*]indole-2-carboxylate (6o): purified by flash chromatography (silica, petroleum ether/ethyl acetate = 2/1, v/v), oily solid, 26.1 mg, 95% yield, 89% ee, $[\alpha]_{\text{D}}^{25} + 73.9$ (*c* 1.0, CHCl₃). ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 6.39 (s, 1H), 6.36 (s, 1H), 4.15 (q, *J* = 7.1 Hz, 2H), 4.10 (brs, 1H), 3.96 (dt, *J* = 7.0, 3.6 Hz, 1H), 3.93 – 3.60 (m, 2H), 3.24 (dd, *J* = 25.8, 11.8 Hz, 2H), 2.72 (brs, 1H), 2.23 (d, *J* = 1.4 Hz, 6H), 2.02 – 1.89 (m, 1H), 1.89 – 1.78 (m, 1H), 1.27 (t, *J* = 7.1 Hz, 3H). ¹³C NMR (151 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 155.6, 151.1, 137.9, 134.0, 126.9, 121.3, 108.3, 61.2, 57.8, 43.8, 39.5, 39.0, 27.9, 21.5, 18.2, 14.8. The enantiomeric excess was determined by HPLC analysis on Daicel Chiralpak OD-3 column (0.46 x 25 cm), Hexane/ⁱPrOH = 80:20, flow rate = 1.0 mL/min, λ = 210 nm, *t_R*: 5.654 min (*S*, *R*) (major), 6.425 min (*R*, *S*) (minor). HRMS (ESI/ion trap) *m/z*: [M + H]⁺ calcd for C₁₆H₂₃N₂O₂⁺: 275.1754, found: 275.1755.



Ethyl (4a*S*,9b*R*)-6-fluoro-1,3,4,4a,5,9b-hexahydro-2*H*-pyrido[4,3-*b*]indole-2-carboxylate (6p): purified by flash chromatography (silica, petroleum ether/ethyl acetate = 2/1, v/v), oily solid, 25.6 mg, 97% yield, 77% ee, $[\alpha]_D^{25} + 53.9$ (*c* 1.0, CHCl₃). ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 6.90 (d, *J* = 7.3 Hz, 1H), 6.82 (dd, *J* = 9.7, 8.4 Hz, 1H), 6.65 (ddd, *J* = 8.1, 7.5, 4.6 Hz, 1H), 4.11 (ddq, *J* = 14.3, 7.2, 3.5 Hz, 2H), 4.01 (dt, *J* = 6.8, 4.9 Hz, 1H), 3.97 – 3.66 (m, 2H), 3.60 – 3.52 (m, 1H), 3.48 – 3.38 (m, 1H), 3.36 – 3.13 (m, 2H), 1.90 (ddt, *J* = 14.1, 9.3, 4.6 Hz, 1H), 1.77 (dt, *J* = 14.2, 4.6 Hz, 1H), 1.24 (t, *J* = 6.7 Hz, 3H). ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 155.6, 149.4 (d, *J* = 240.4 Hz), 137.7 (d, *J* = 12.9 Hz), 133.9 (d, *J* = 7.5 Hz), 119.6 (d, *J* = 23.1 Hz), 114.7 (d, *J* = 17.5 Hz), 61.3, 58.2, 43.7, 41.3, 39.7, 27.9, 14.8. ¹⁹F NMR (376 MHz, CDCl₃) δ -135.5. The enantiomeric excess was determined by HPLC analysis on Daicel Chiralpak AD-3 column (0.46 x 25 cm), Hexane/ⁱPrOH = 85:15, flow rate = 1.0 mL/min, λ = 210 nm, *t_R*: 6.800 min (*R*, *S*) (minor), 7.666 min (*S*, *R*) (major). HRMS (ESI/ion trap) *m/z*: [M + H]⁺ calcd for C₁₄H₁₈FN₂O₂⁺: 265.1347, found: 265.1349.



Ethyl (5a*S*,10b*R*)-3,4,5,5a,6,10b-hexahydroazepino[4,3-*b*]indole-2(1*H*)-carboxylate (6q): purified by flash chromatography (silica, petroleum ether/ethyl acetate = 2/1, v/v), oily solid, 16.9 mg, 65% yield, 98% ee, $[\alpha]_D^{25} + 81.2$ (*c* 1.0, CHCl₃). ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.15 – 6.97 (m, 2H), 6.70 (t, *J* = 7.4 Hz, 1H), 6.57 (d, *J* = 7.9 Hz, 1H), 4.18 (dt, *J* = 22.1, 11.0 Hz, 3H), 4.02 (tt, *J* = 9.8, 4.8 Hz, 2H), 3.88 – 3.51 (m, 2H), 3.16 – 2.98 (m, 1H), 2.96 – 2.80 (m, 1H), 2.02 – 1.90 (m, 2H), 1.87 – 1.78 (m, 1H), 1.70 – 1.58 (m, 1H), 1.33 – 1.26 (m, 3H). ¹³C NMR (151 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 155.9, 150.7, 129.4, 128.1, 124.3, 118.4, 108.9, 61.3, 49.1, 48.1, 45.5, 31.7, 25.4, 14.8. **rotamer**: ¹³C NMR (151 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 155.9, 150.7, 129.6, 127.9, 124.6, 118.5, 108.8, 62.5, 49.0, 48.4, 44.7, 31.9, 25.5, 14.8. The enantiomeric excess was determined by HPLC analysis on Daicel Chiralpak AD-3 column (0.46 x 25 cm), Hexane/ⁱPrOH = 80:20, flow rate = 1.0 mL/min, λ = 210 nm, *t_R*: 6.599 min (*R*, *S*) (minor), 12.318 min (*S*, *R*) (major). HRMS (ESI/ion trap) *m/z*: [M + H]⁺ calcd for C₁₅H₂₁N₂O₂⁺: 261.1598, found: 261.1597.

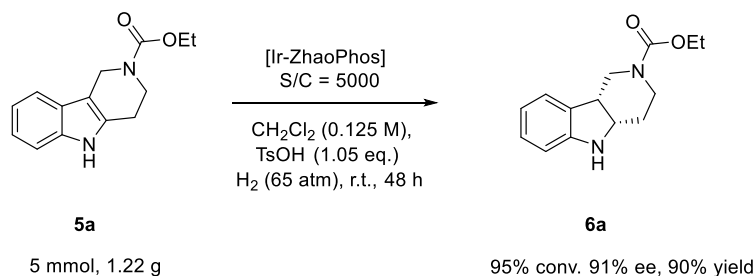


Ethyl (4a*S*,9a*R*)-1,3,4,4a,9,9a-hexahydro-2*H*-pyrido[3,4-*b*]indole-2-carboxylate (6r): purified by flash chromatography (silica, petroleum ether/ethyl acetate = 2/1, v/v), oily solid, 23.6 mg, 96% yield, 75% ee, $[\alpha]_D^{25} -60.4$ (*c* 1.0, CHCl₃). ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.04 (dd, *J* = 14.8, 7.4 Hz, 2H), 6.73 (t, *J* = 7.3 Hz, 1H), 6.63 (d, *J* = 7.7 Hz, 1H), 4.12 (dd, *J* = 13.8, 6.8 Hz, 2H), 4.00 – 3.81 (m, 1H), 3.66 – 3.47 (m, 1H), 2.00 (td, *J* = 12.3, 5.9 Hz, 1H), 1.85 (s, 1H), 1.32 – 1.13 (m, 3H). ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 155.9, 150.3, 130.9, 127.6, 123.5, 118.7, 109.6, 61.1, 57.2, 44.0, 40.8,

39.1, 26.0, 14.5. The enantiomeric excess was determined by HPLC analysis on Daicel Chiralpak OD-3 column (0.46 x 25 cm), Hexane/*i*PrOH = 80 : 20, flow rate = 1.0 mL/min, λ = 254 nm, t_R : 10.68 min (*R, S*) (minor), 11.92 min (*S, R*) (major).

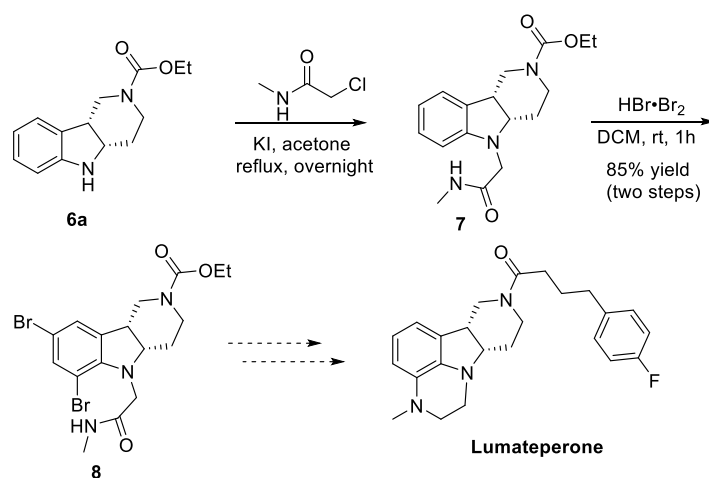
HRMS (ESI/ion trap) m/z : $[M + H]^+$ calcd for $C_{14}H_{19}N_2O_2^+$: 247.1411, found: 247.1412.

VII. Gram Scale Reaction and High Turnover Reaction



In the argon-filled glovebox, a solution of [Ir(COD)Cl]₂ (6.7 mg, 0.01 mmol) and ZhaoPhos (18.2 mg, 0.021 mmol) in 2.0 mL anhydrous solvent was stirred at room temperature for 20 min. A specified volume of the resulting solution (100 μL, 1 mol% Ir-ZhaoPhos catalyst) was transferred by syringe to a score-break ampule charged with substrate (5 mmol, 1.22 g) in 40 mL dichloromethane and TsOH (904 mg, 5.25 mmol, 1.05 eq.) as acid additive. The ampule was placed into an autoclave, which was then charged with hydrogen gas (65 atm). The autoclave was stirred at room temperature for 48 h. After release of H₂, saturated sodium bicarbonate solution and dichloromethane was added and the mixture was stirred for 10 min. The organic layer was dried with anhydrous Na₂SO₄. After removal of solvent, the crude product was analysed by ¹H NMR to determine the conversion. Purification was performed by silica gel column chromatography, eluted with Petrol ether / EtOAc, to give the desired product **6a** (90% yield, 91% ee).

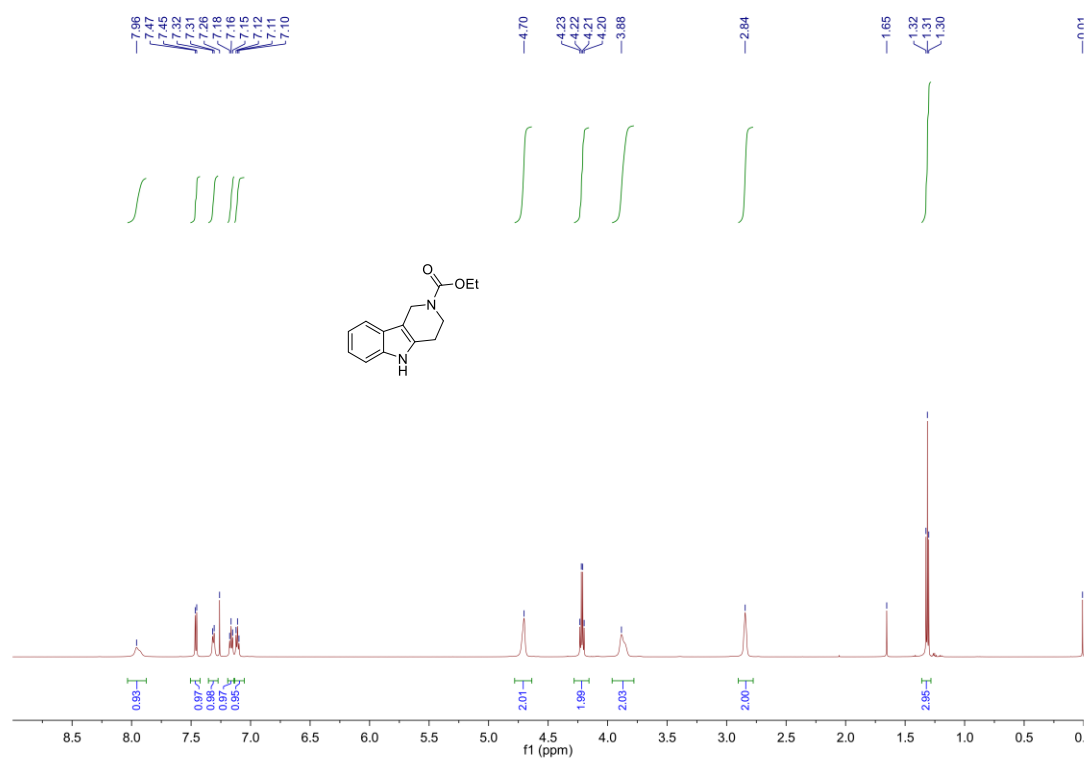
VIII. Synthetic Application from 6a to Lumateperone Intermediate



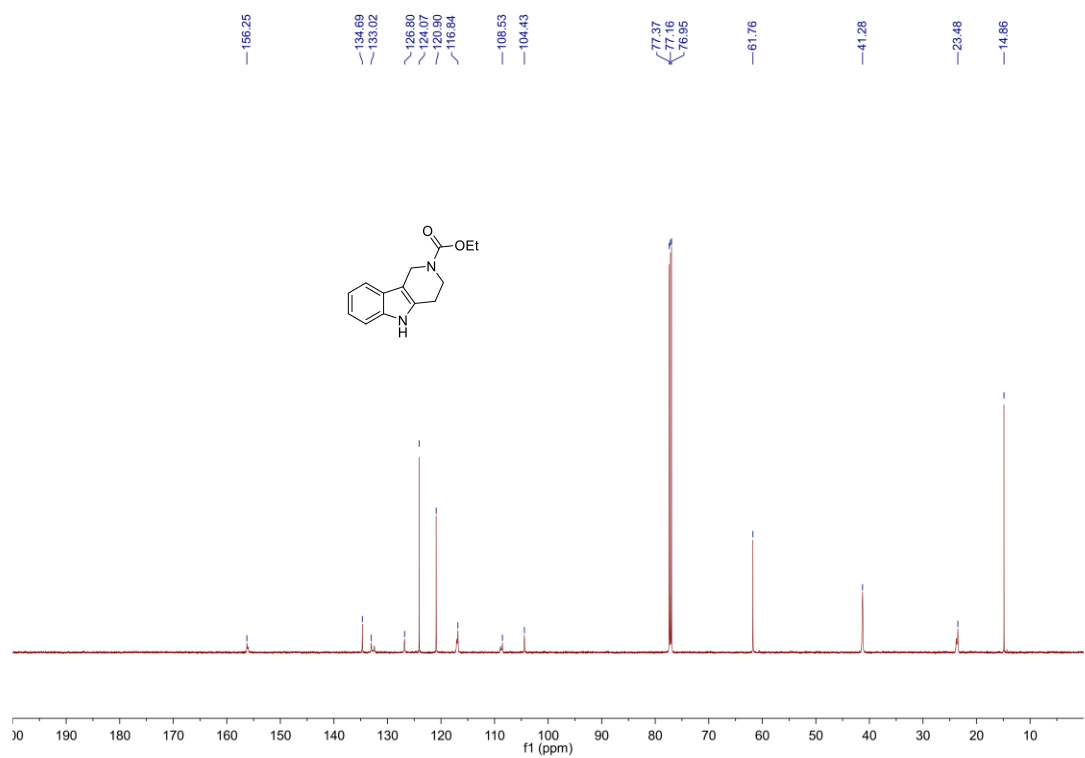
Synthesis of compound **8**: In argon atmosphere, to a solution of **2a** (739 mg, 3 mmol) in acetone (15 mL) were added 2-chloro-*N*-methylacetamide (387 mg, 3.6 mmol), KI (250 mg, 1.5 mmol), and K₂CO₃ (620 mg, 4.5 mmol). The reaction mixture was heated at 70 °C for 24 h, cooled to room temperature, and then the solid was removed by filtration through celite, and the filtrate was concentrated under vacuum. The residue was dissolved in CH₂Cl₂, washed by saturated NaCl, and then was dried over anhydrous Na₂SO₄, and the filtrate was concentrated under vacuum to give crude product **7**. Then to a solution the crude product **7** in CH₂Cl₂ (15 mL), monopyrindin-1-ium tribromide (2.11 g, 6.6 mmol) was added in portions, and the reaction was completed after 1h traced by TLC. Then the reaction mixture was diluted with CH₂Cl₂ (20 mL), quenched by aq. Na₂CO₃, separated the organic phase, washed with aq. Na₂SO₃, dried over anhydrous Na₂SO₄, then the filtrate was concentrated under vacuum to give crude residue. The residue was purified by silica gel flash column chromatography eluting with a gradient of 30–50% ethyl acetate in petrol ether to give the title compound **8** (1.21 g, 85% yield after two steps, 93% ee). ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.38 (s, 1H), 7.16 (s, 1H), 6.81 (brs, 1H), 4.32 – 4.18 (m, 1H), 4.14 – 3.96 (m, 2H), 3.89 – 3.12 (m, 7H), 2.87 (d, *J* = 4.9 Hz, 3H), 1.96 – 1.85 (m, 1H), 1.83 – 1.72 (m, 1H), 1.21 (t, *J* = 7.0 Hz, 3H). ¹³C NMR (151 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 171.1, 155.7, 147.8, 136.1, 135.4, 126.7, 113.0, 105.1, 65.6, 61.7, 54.6, 43.5, 41.1, 39.9, 26.2, 25.0, 14.7. The enantiomeric excess was determined by HPLC analysis on Daicel Chiralpak OD-3 column (0.46 x 25 cm), Hexane/ⁱPrOH = 85:15, flow rate = 1.0 mL/min, λ = 210 nm, *t*_R: 7.88 min (*R*, *S*) (minor), 8.49 min (*S*, *R*) (major). HRMS (ESI/ion trap) *m/z*: [M + H]⁺ calcd for C₁₇H₂₂Br₂N₃O₃⁺: 474.0022, found: 474.0020.

IX. NMR Spectra of Compounds 5a-5r, 6a-6r, 8

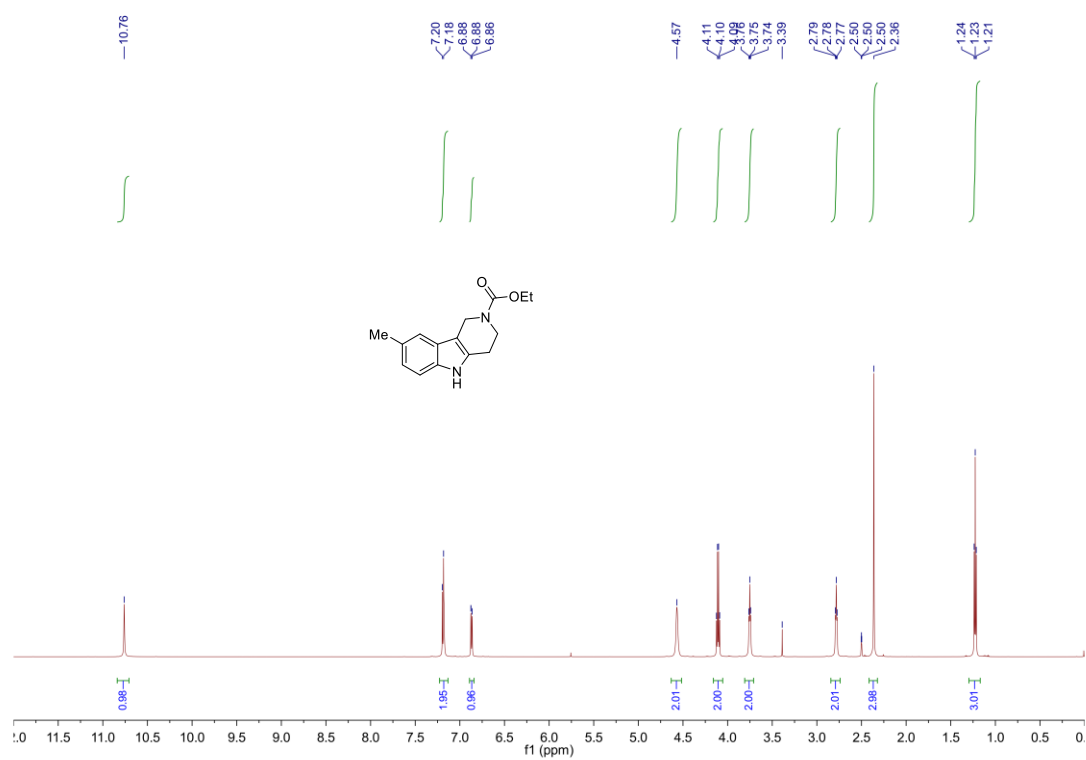
^1H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl_3) of compound 5a



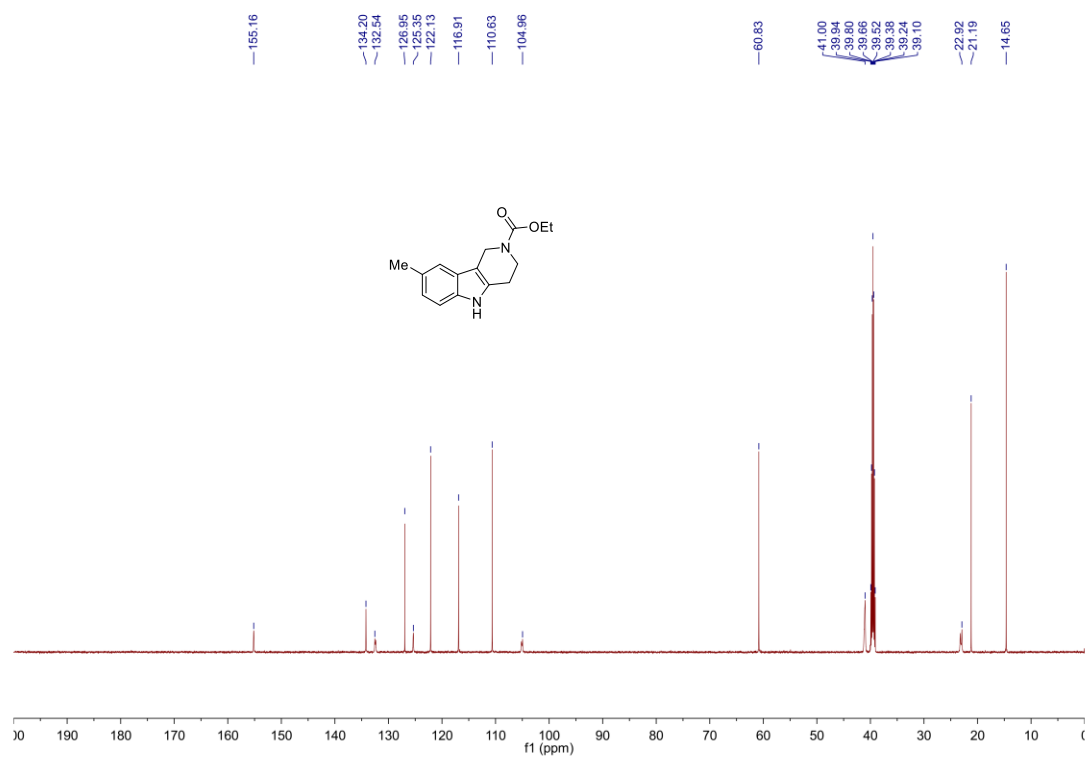
^{13}C NMR (151 MHz, CDCl_3) of compound 5a



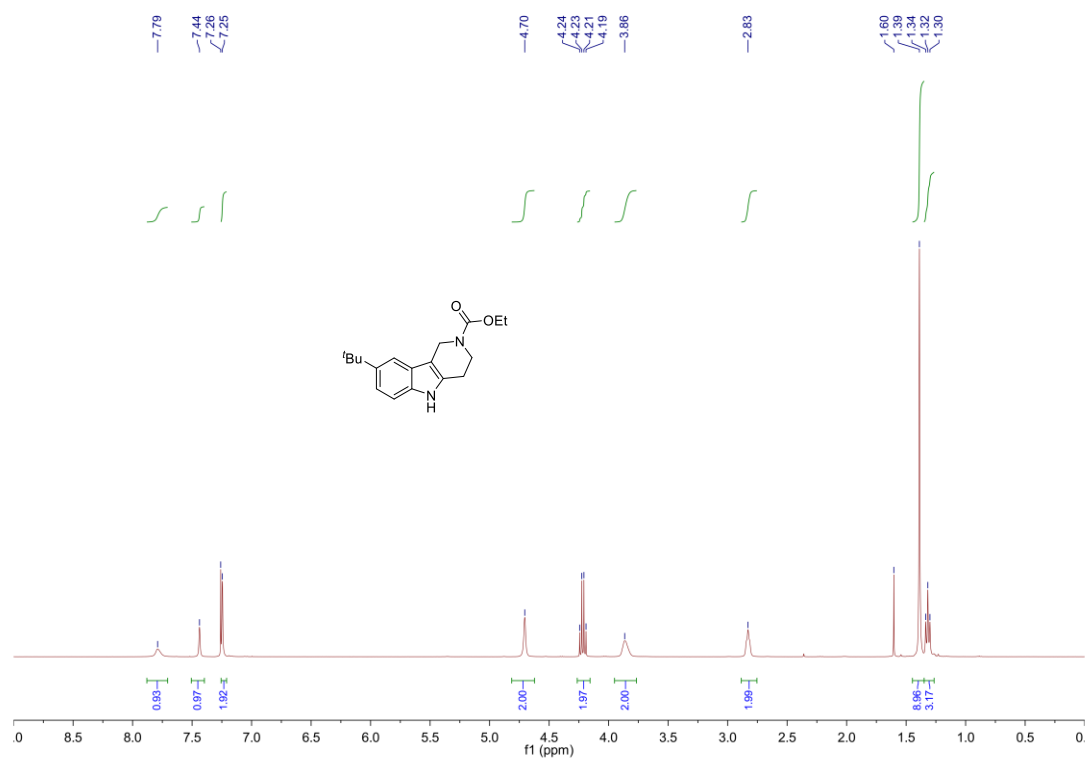
^1H NMR (600 MHz, d^6 -DMSO) of compound **5b**



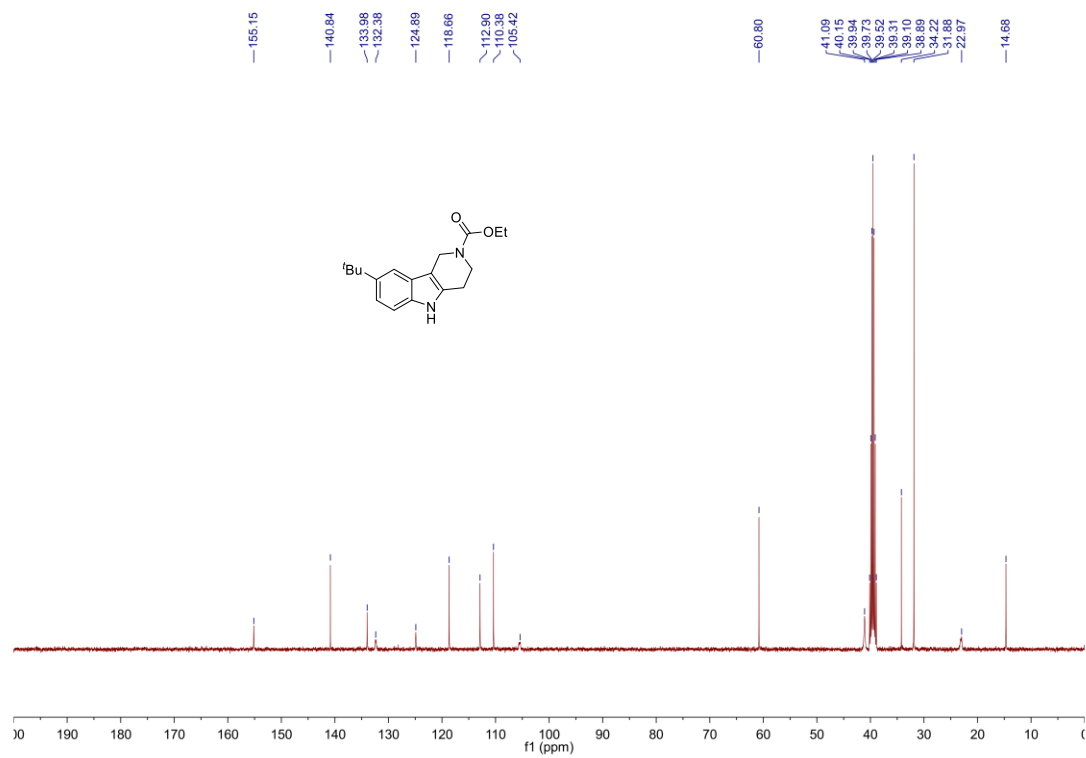
^{13}C NMR (151 MHz, d^6 -DMSO) of compound **5b**



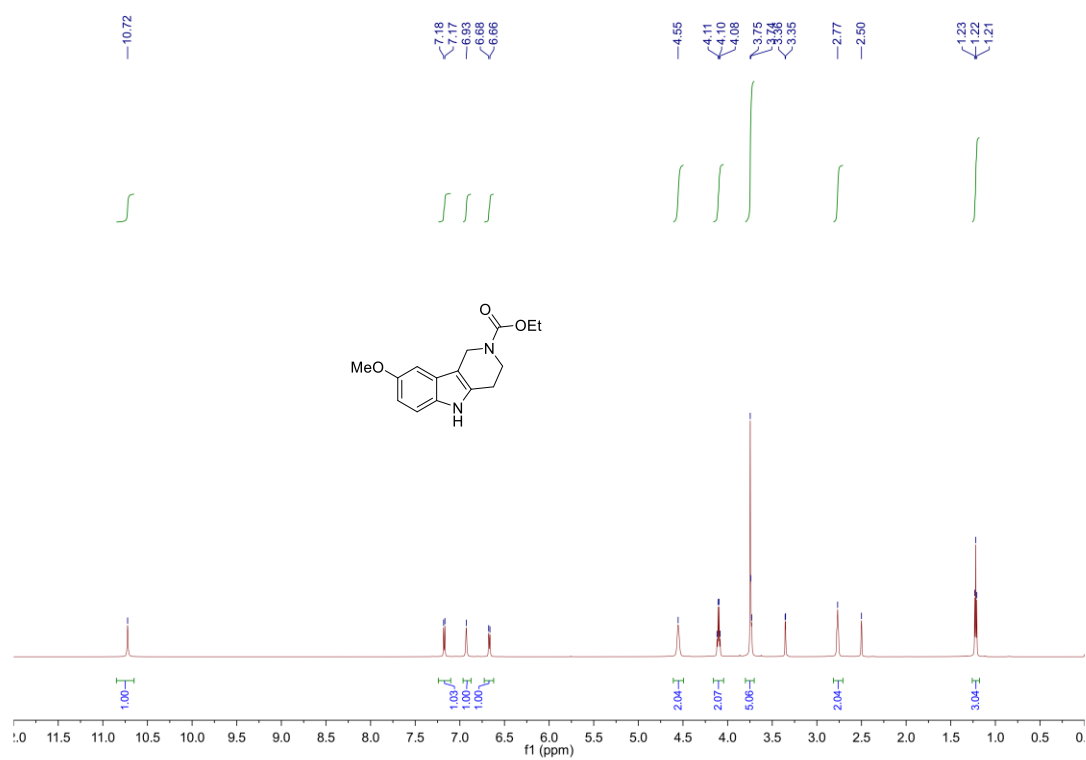
^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3) of compound **5c**



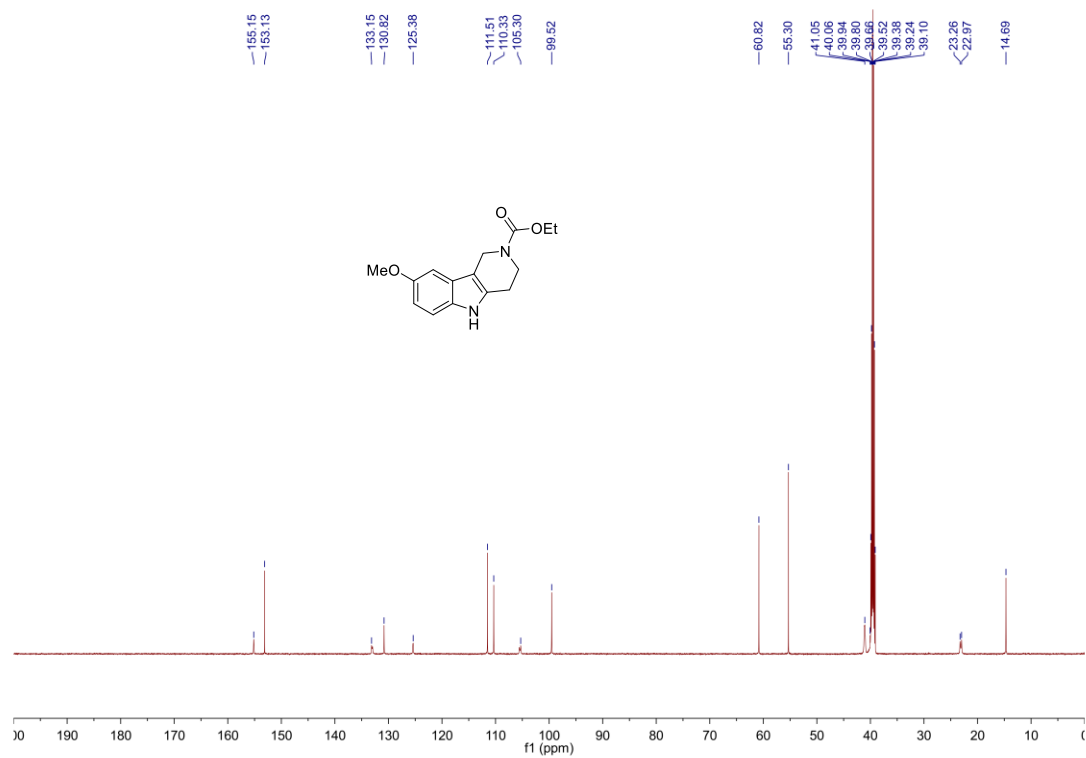
^{13}C NMR (101 MHz, d^6 -DMSO) of compound **5c**



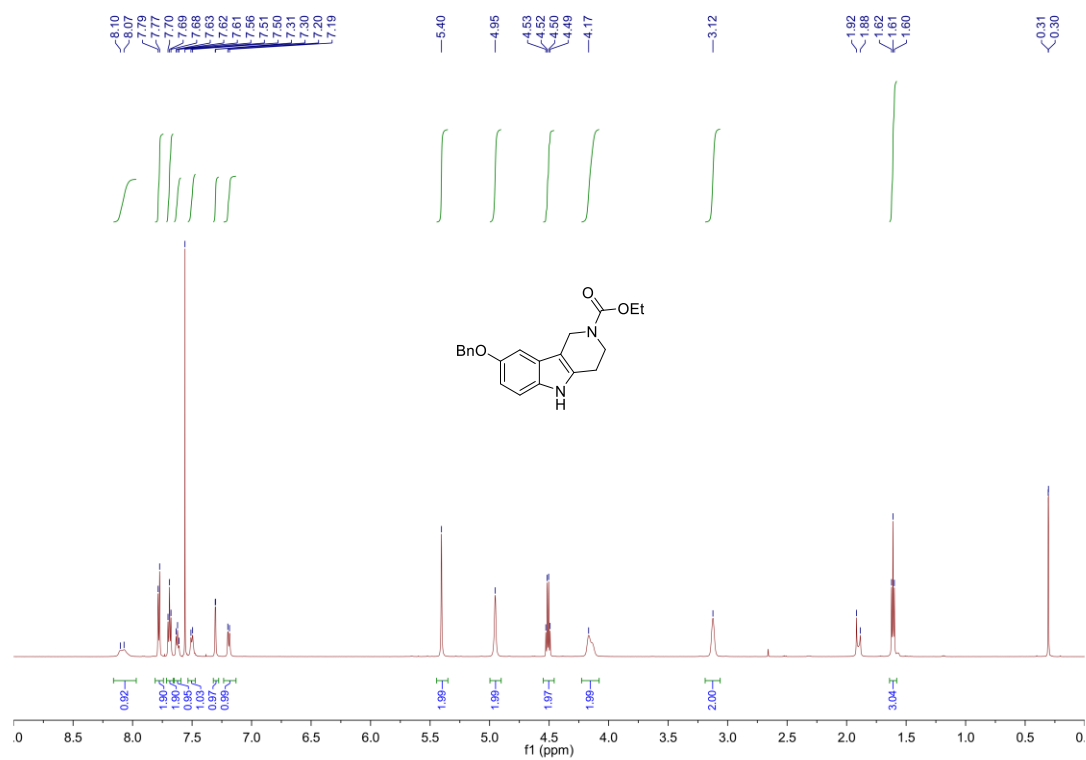
^1H NMR (600 MHz, d^6 -DMSO) of compound **5d**



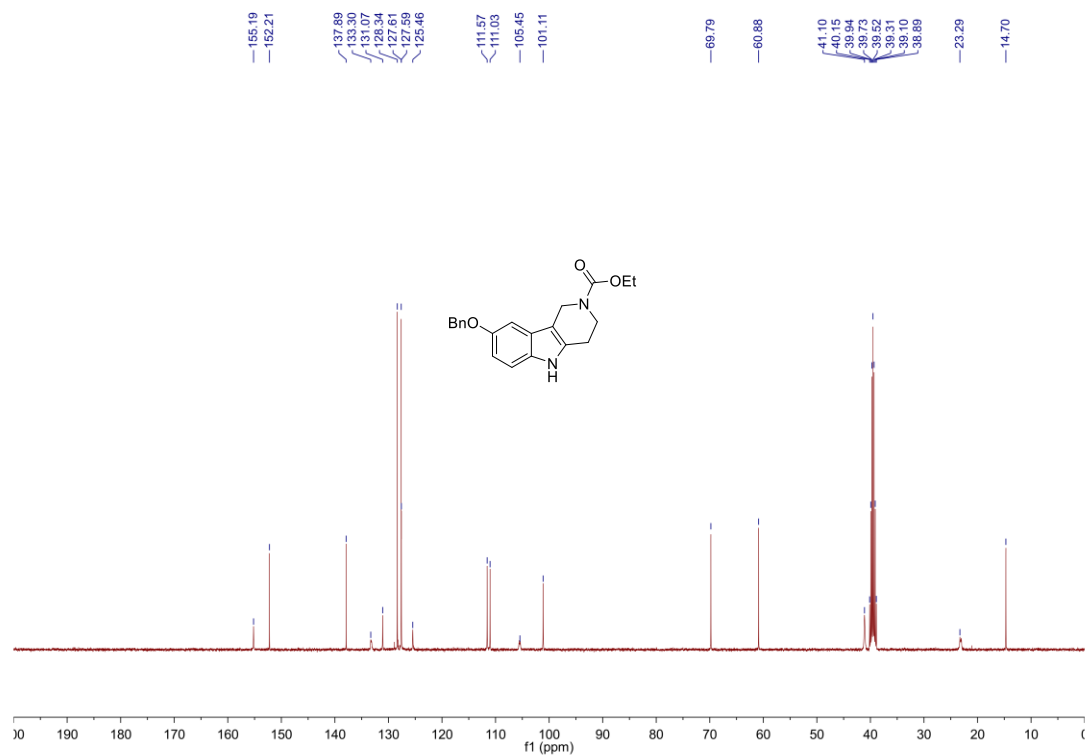
^{13}C NMR (151 MHz, d^6 -DMSO) of compound **5d**



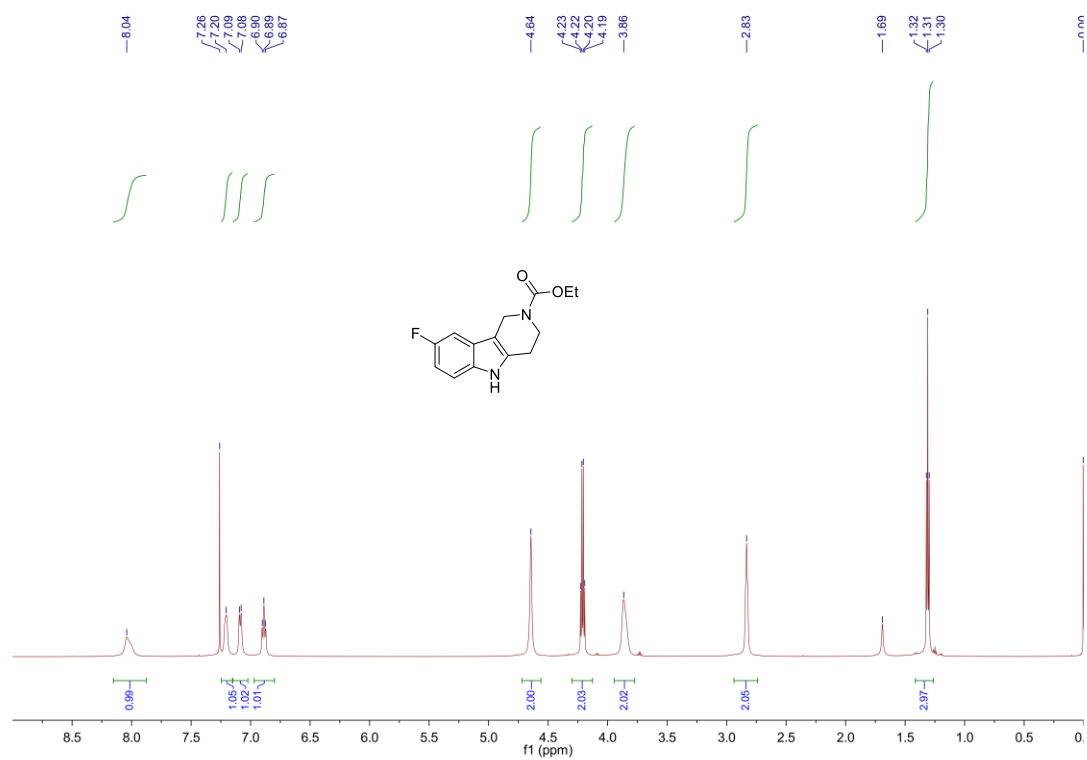
^1H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl_3) of compound **5e**



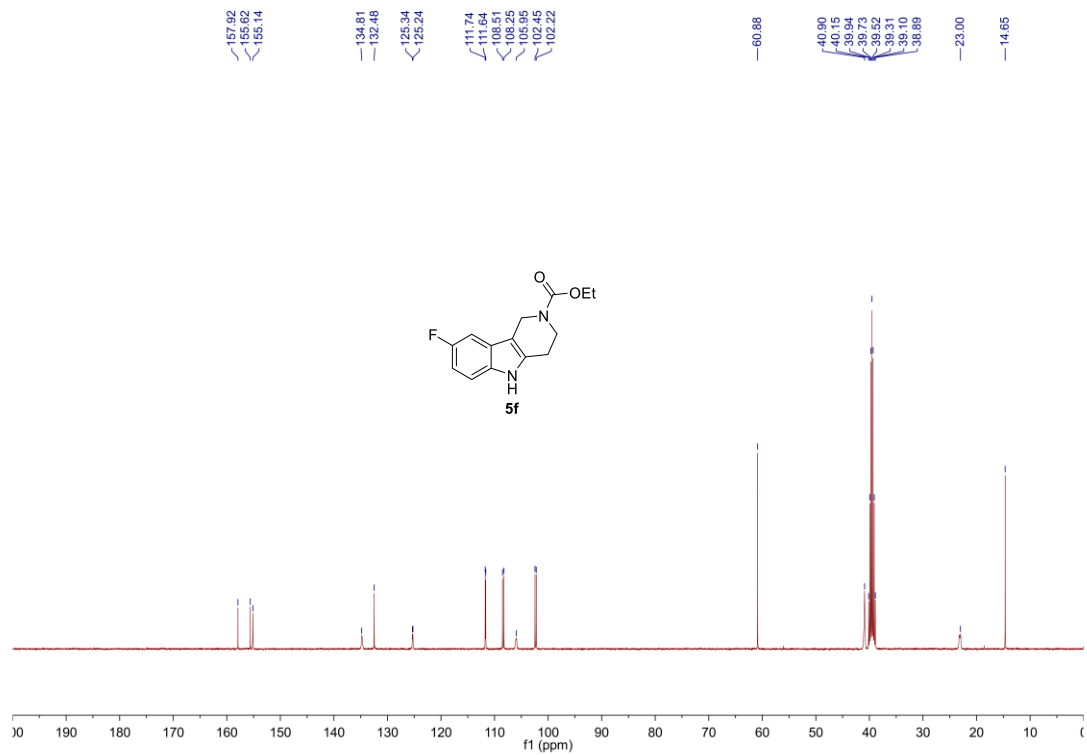
^{13}C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl_3) of compound **5e**



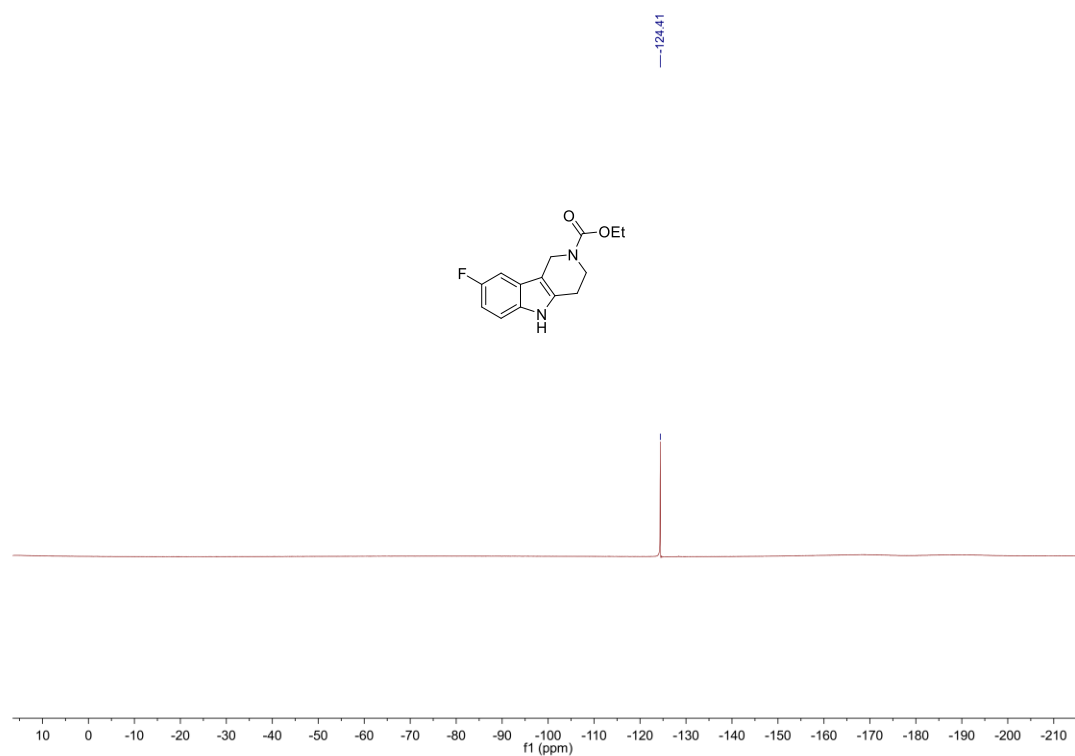
^1H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl_3) of compound **5f**



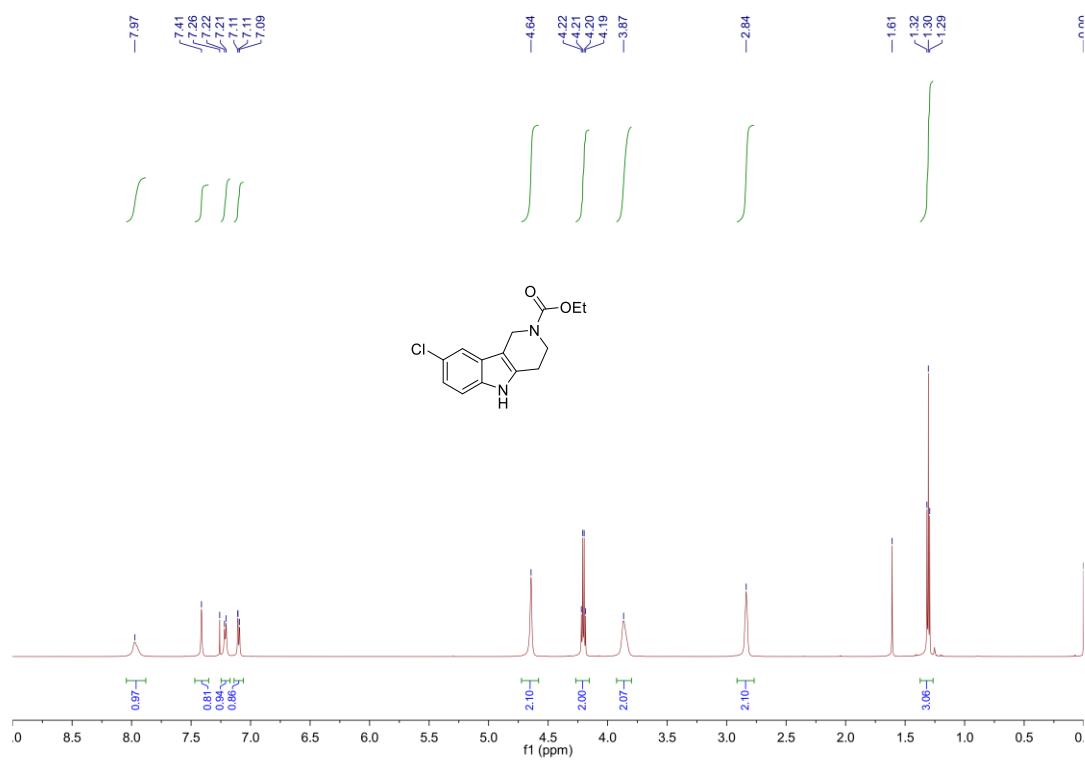
^{13}C NMR (101 MHz, d^6 -DMSO) of compound **5f**



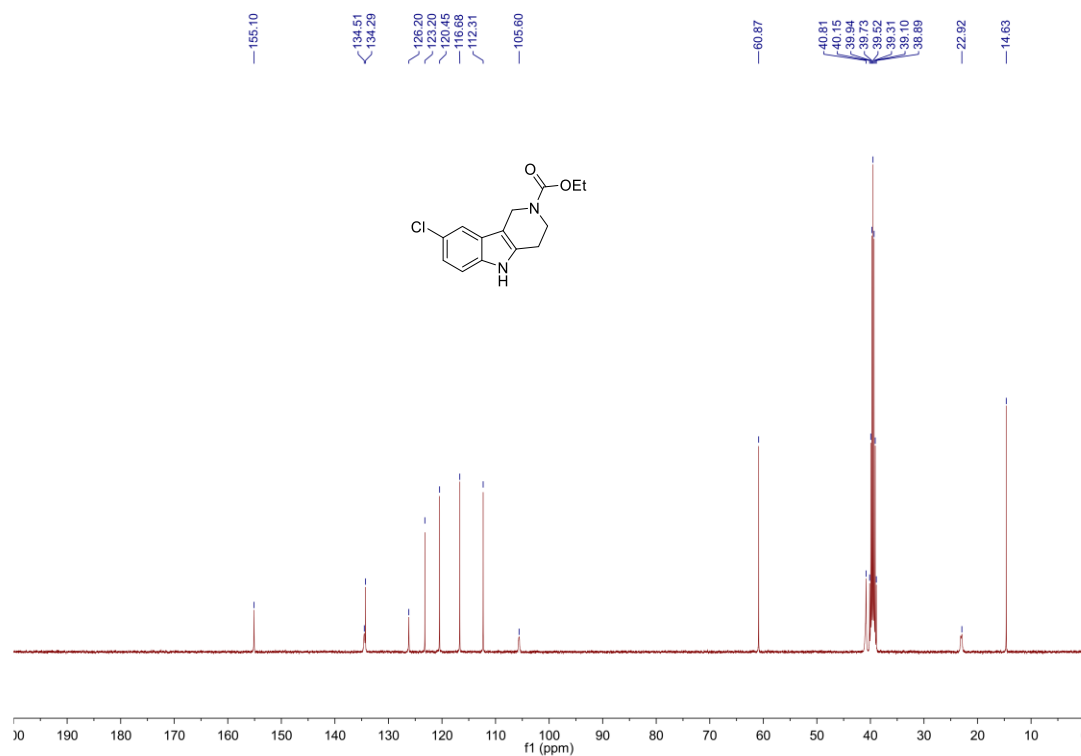
^{19}F NMR (376 MHz, CDCl_3) of compound **5f**



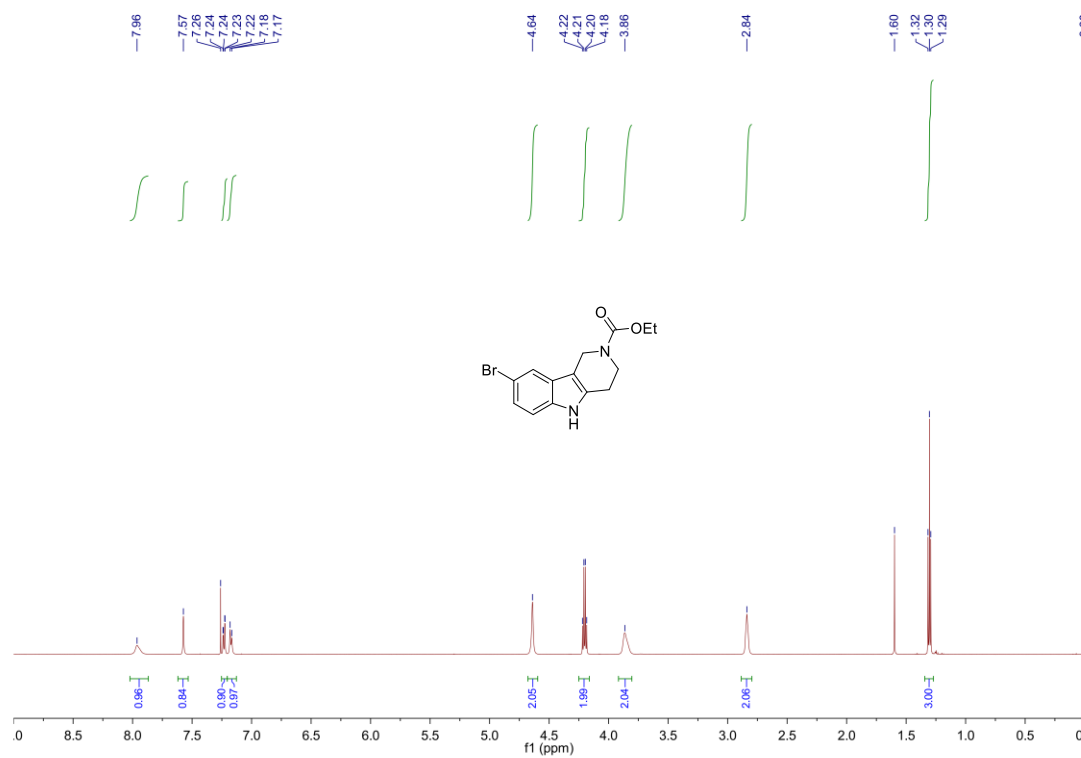
^1H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl_3) of compound **5g**



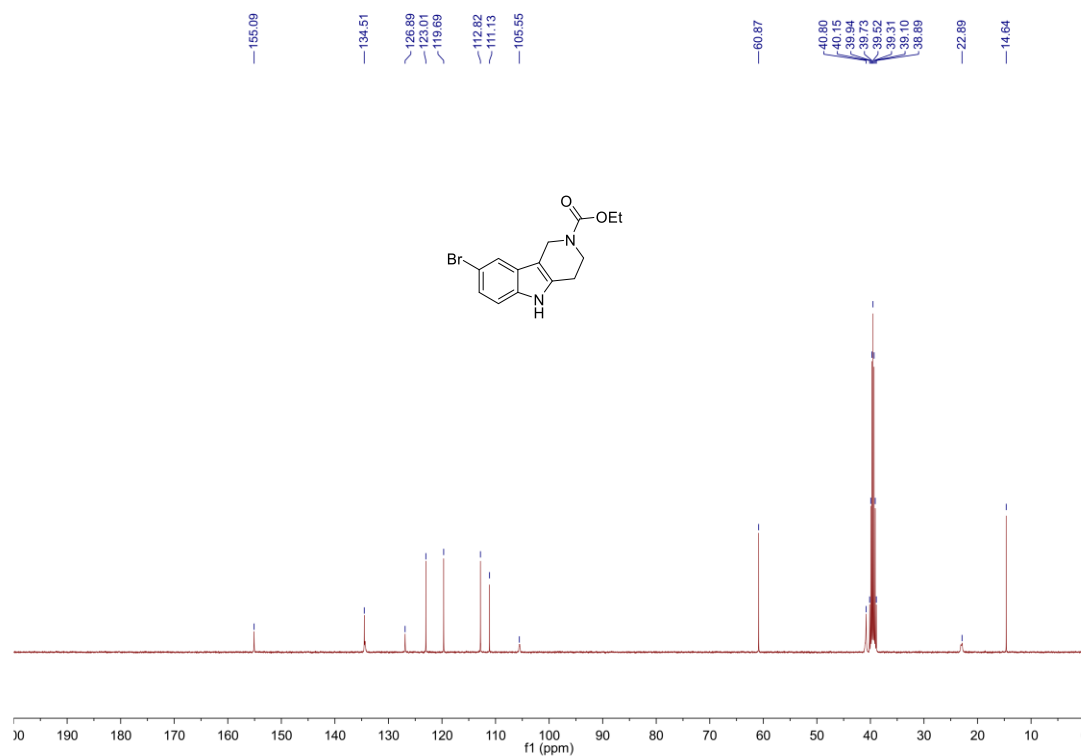
^{13}C NMR (101 MHz, d^6 -DMSO) of compound **5g**



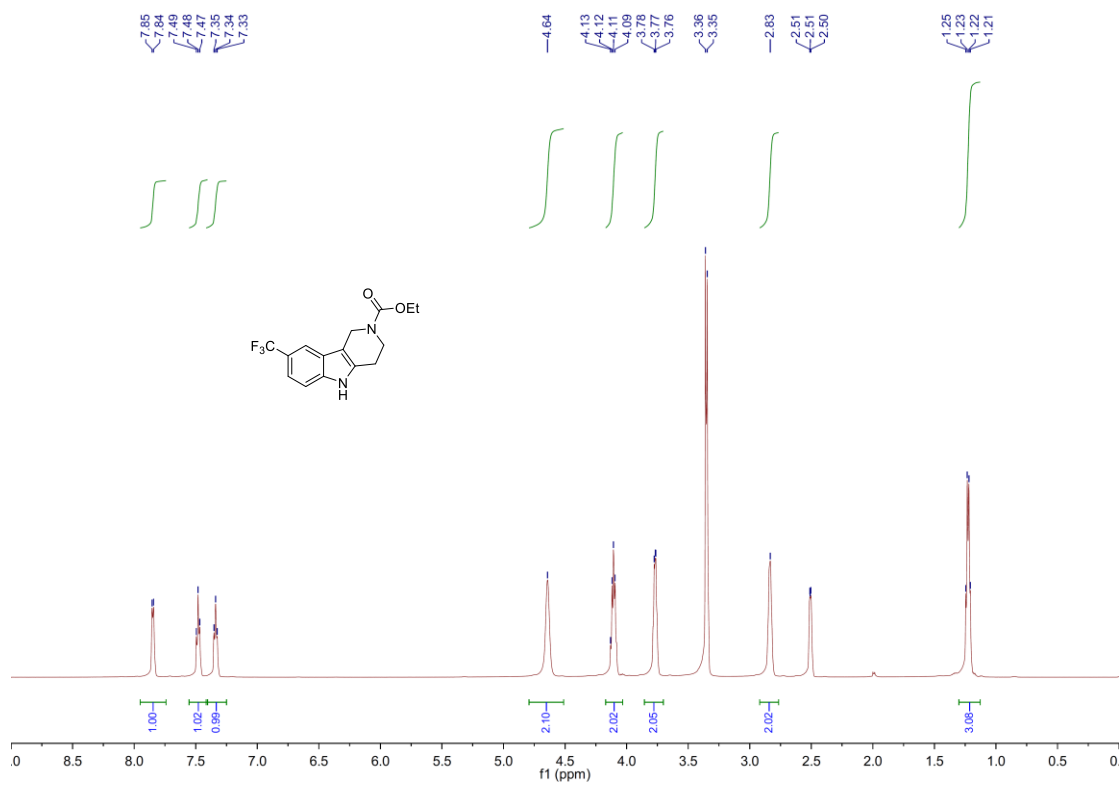
^1H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl_3) of compound **5h**



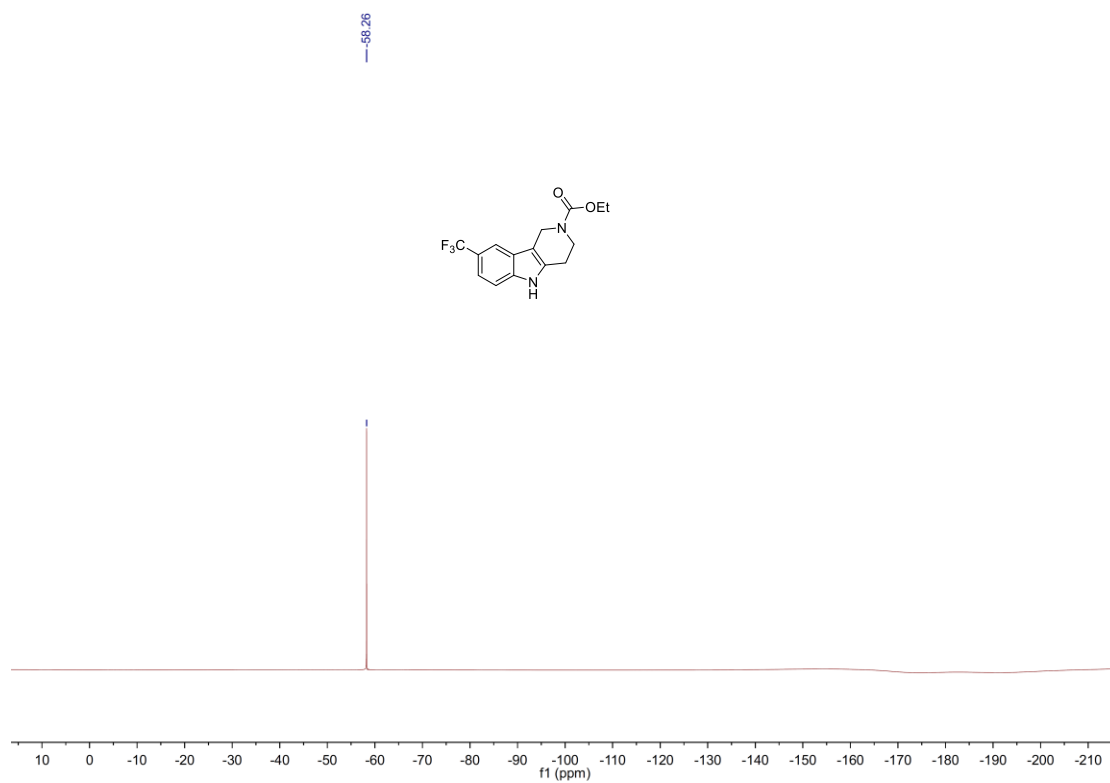
^{13}C NMR (101 MHz, d^6 -DMSO) of compound **5h**



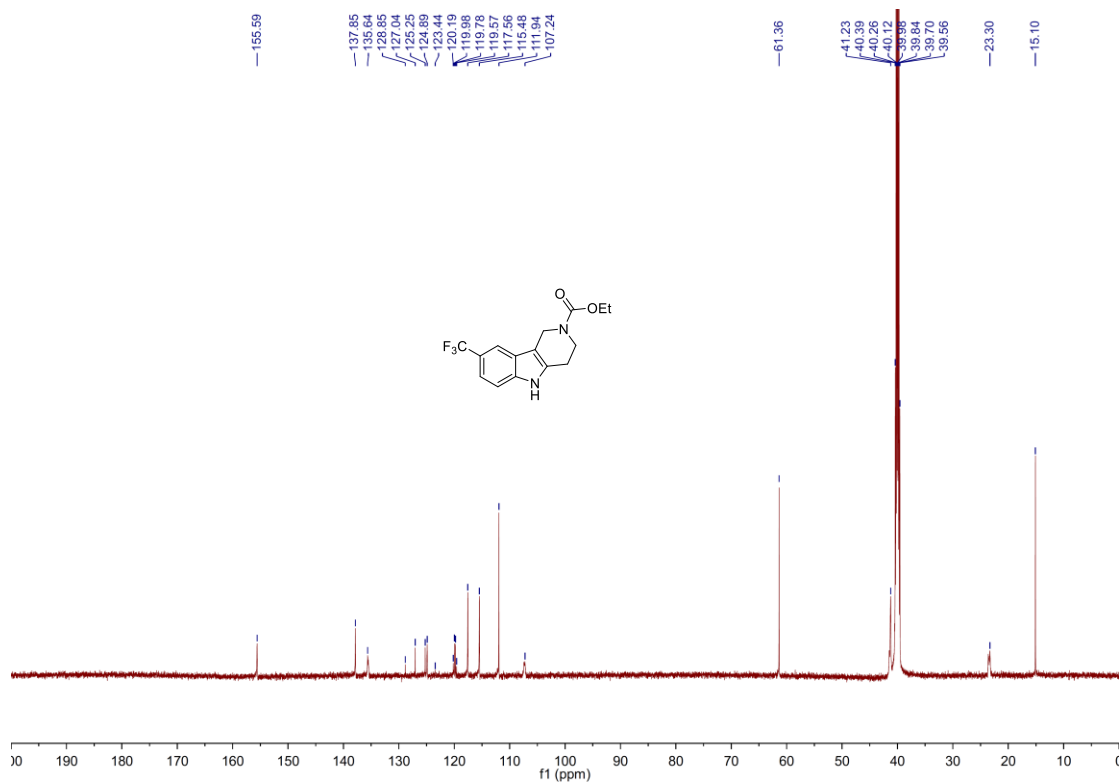
^1H NMR (600 MHz, d^6 -DMSO) of compound **5i**



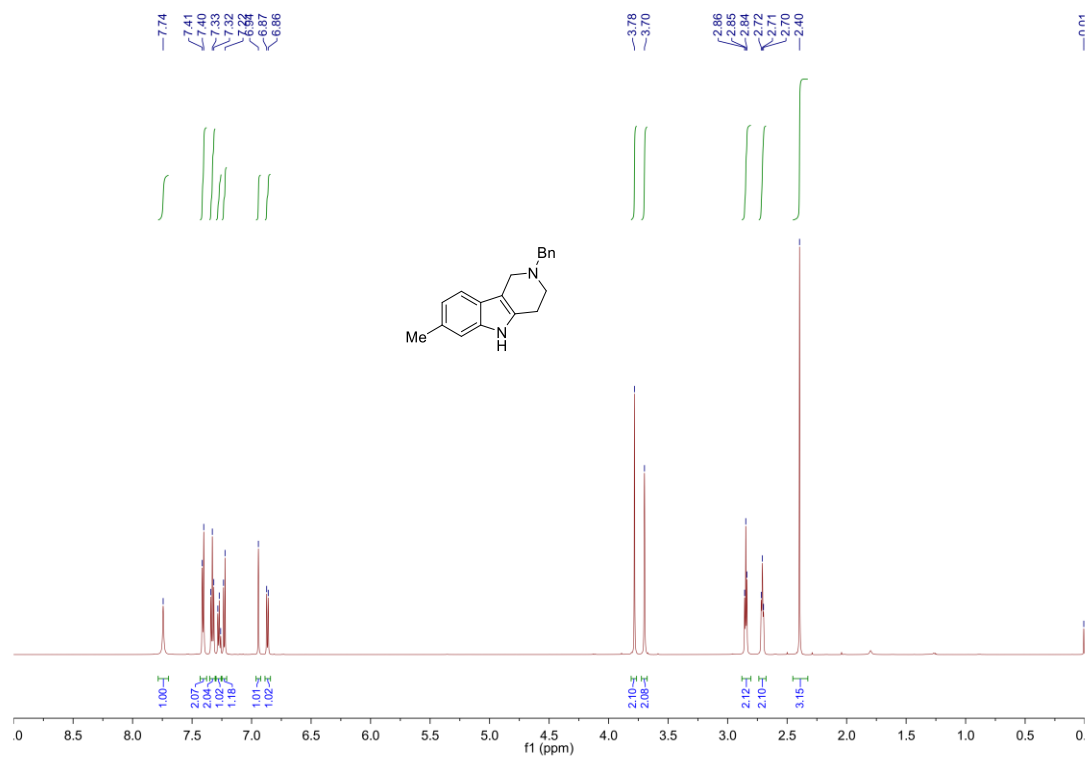
^{19}F NMR (565 MHz, d^6 -DMSO) of compound **5i**



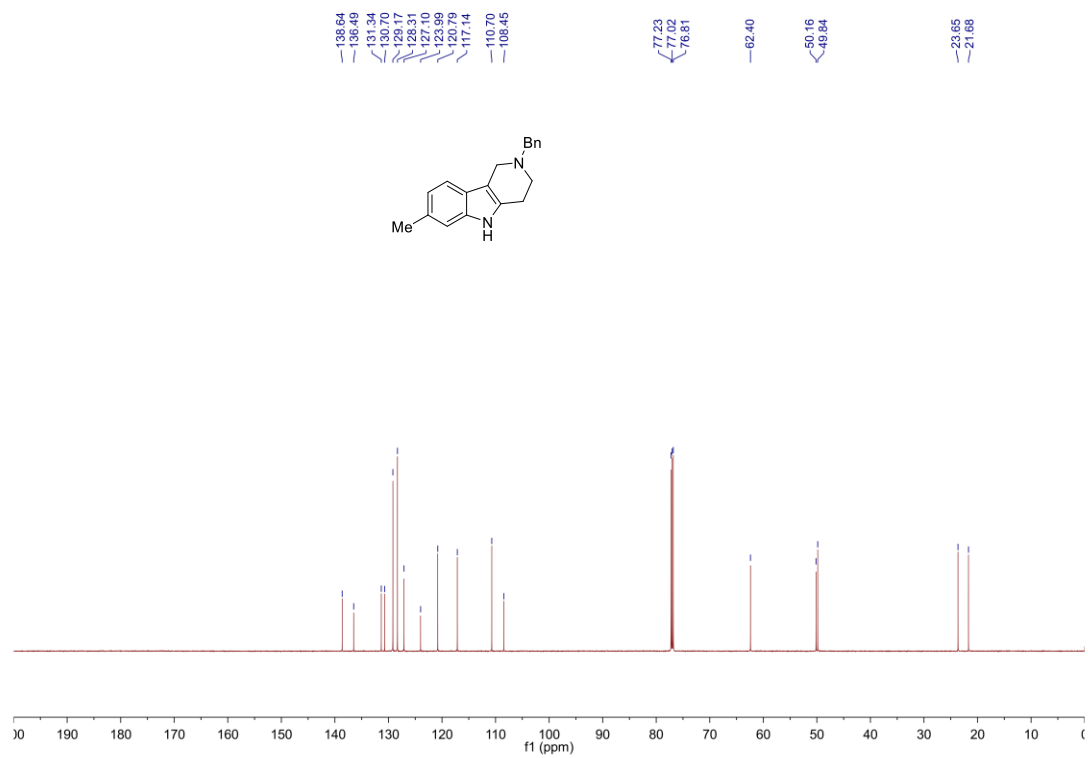
^{13}C NMR (151 MHz, d^6 -DMSO) of compound **5i**



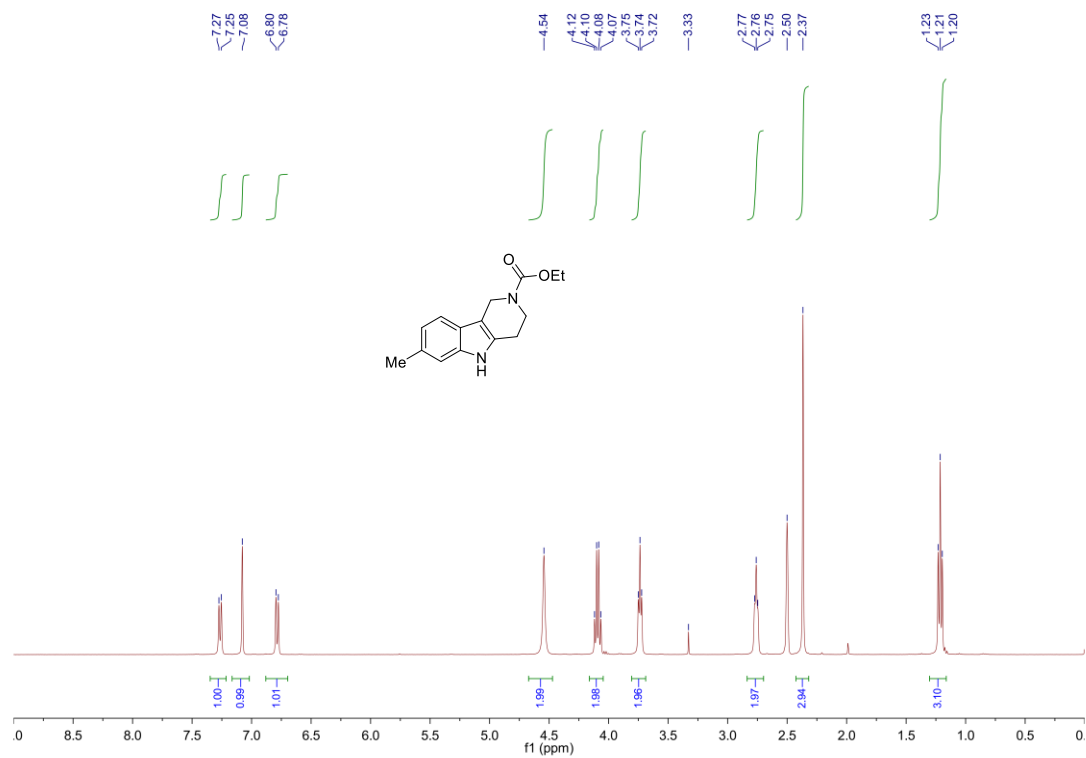
^1H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl_3) of compound **S5j**



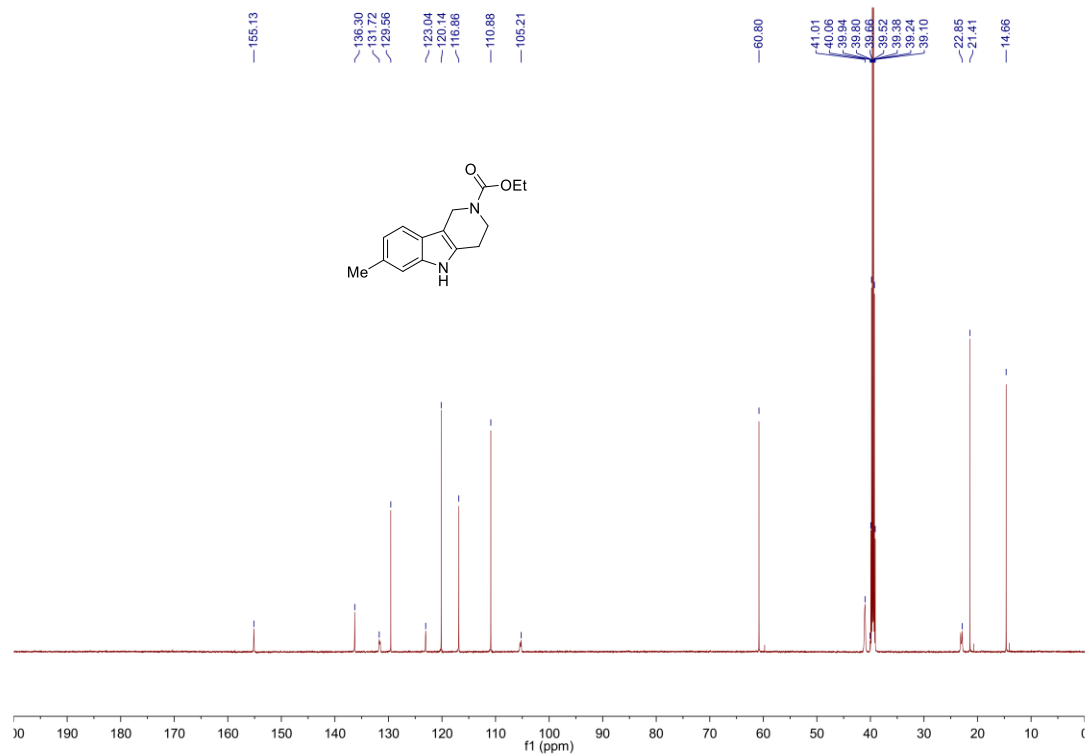
^{13}C NMR (151 MHz, CDCl_3) of compound **S5j**



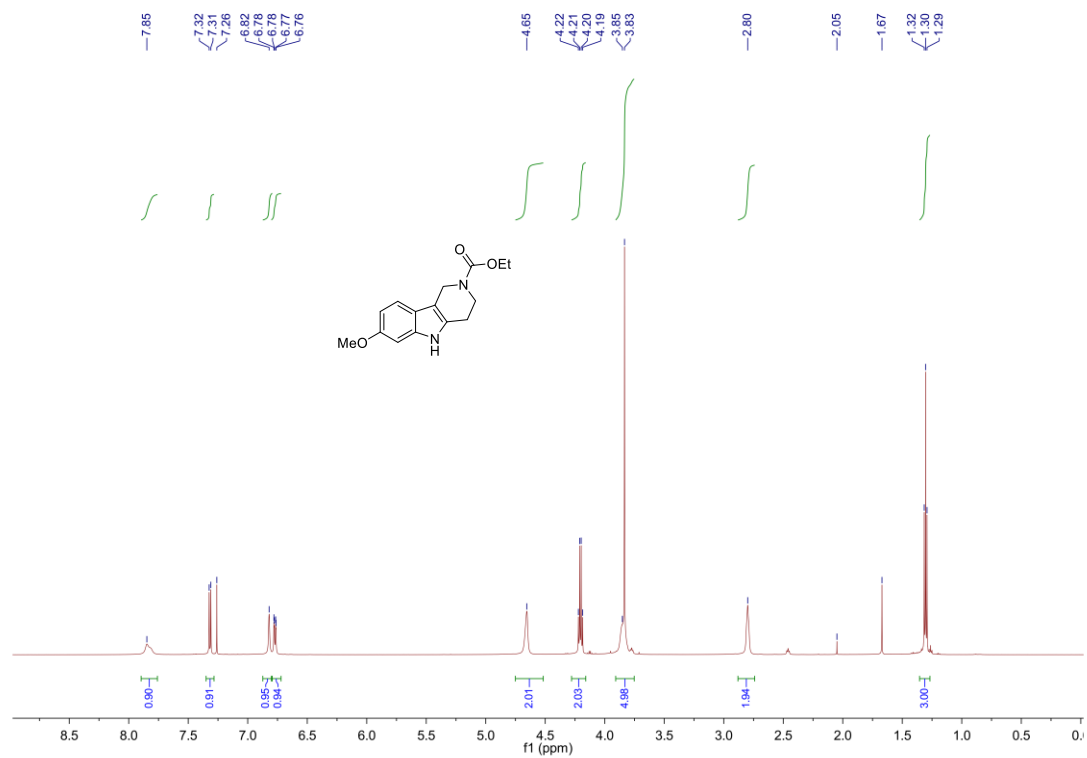
^1H NMR (400 MHz, d^6 -DMSO) of compound **5j**



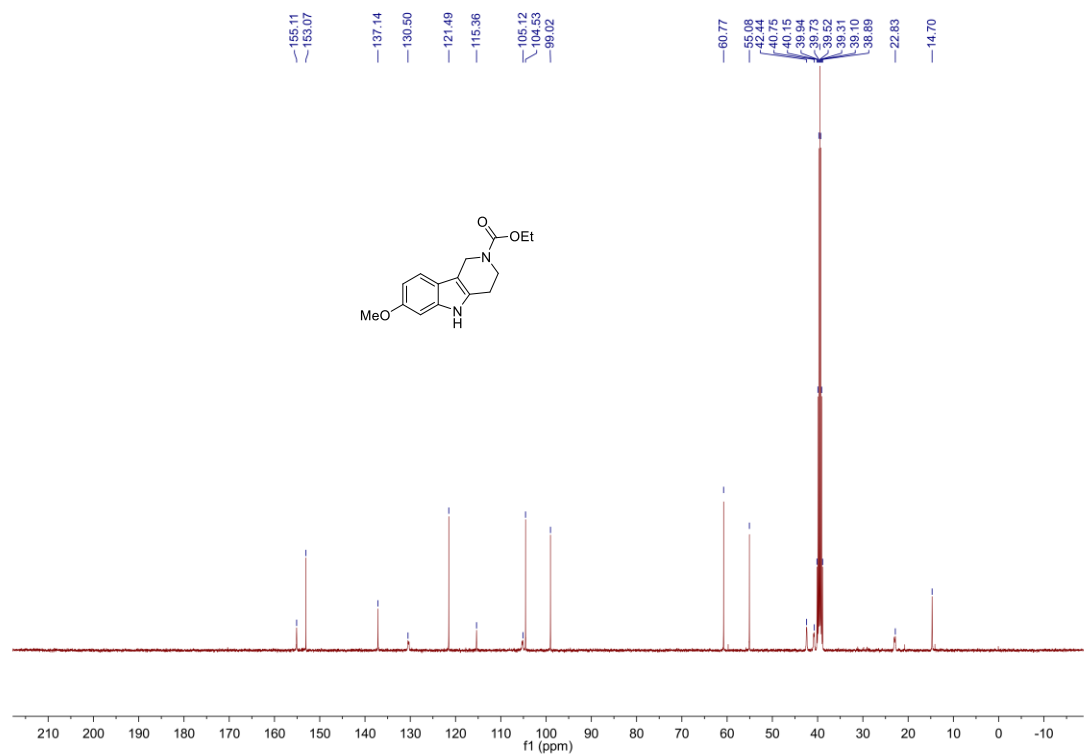
^{13}C NMR (151 MHz, d^6 -DMSO) of compound **5j**



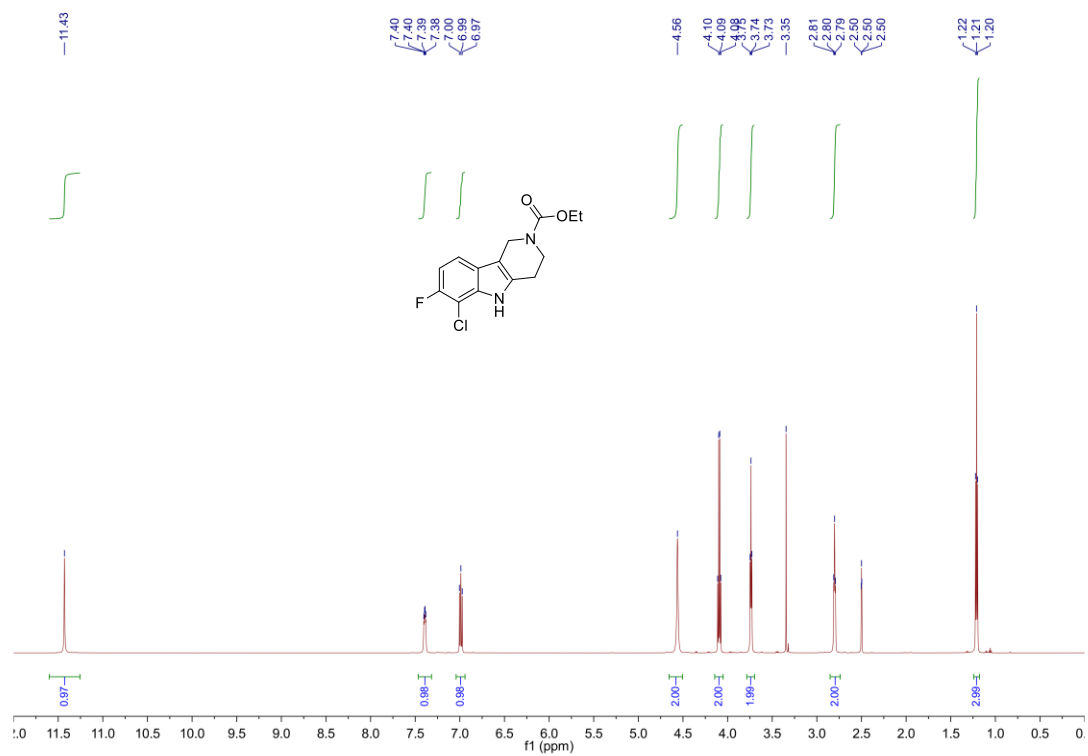
^1H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl_3) of compound **5k**



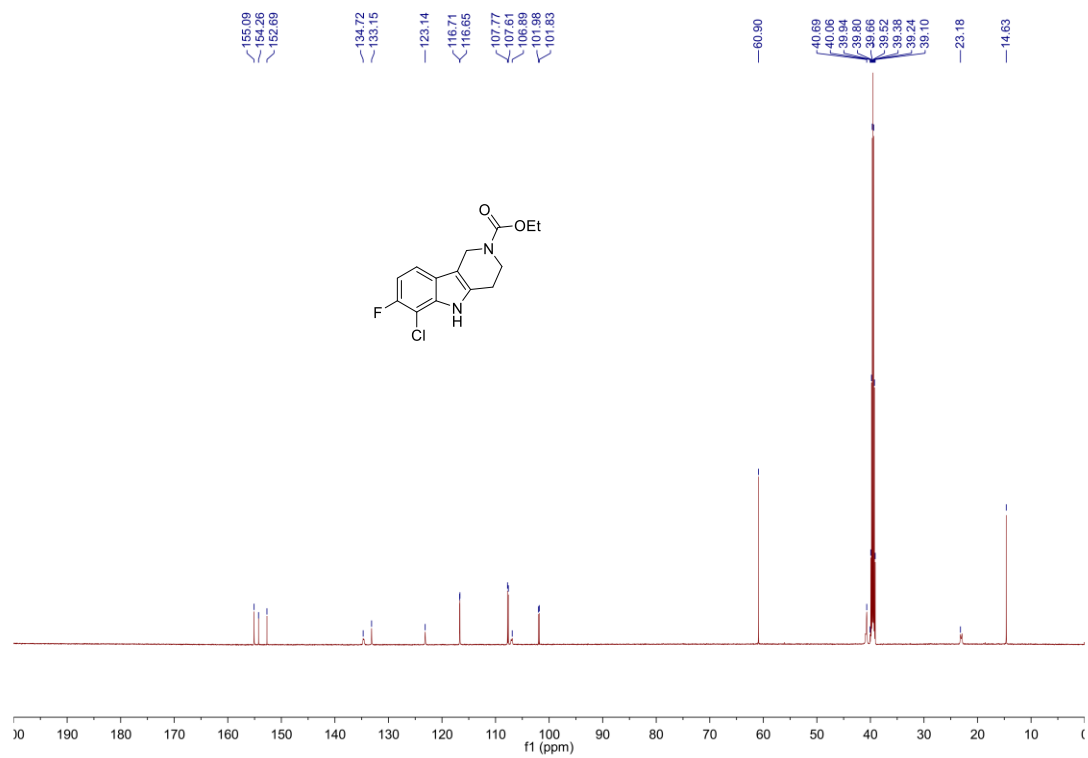
^{13}C NMR (101 MHz, d_6 -DMSO) of compound **5k**



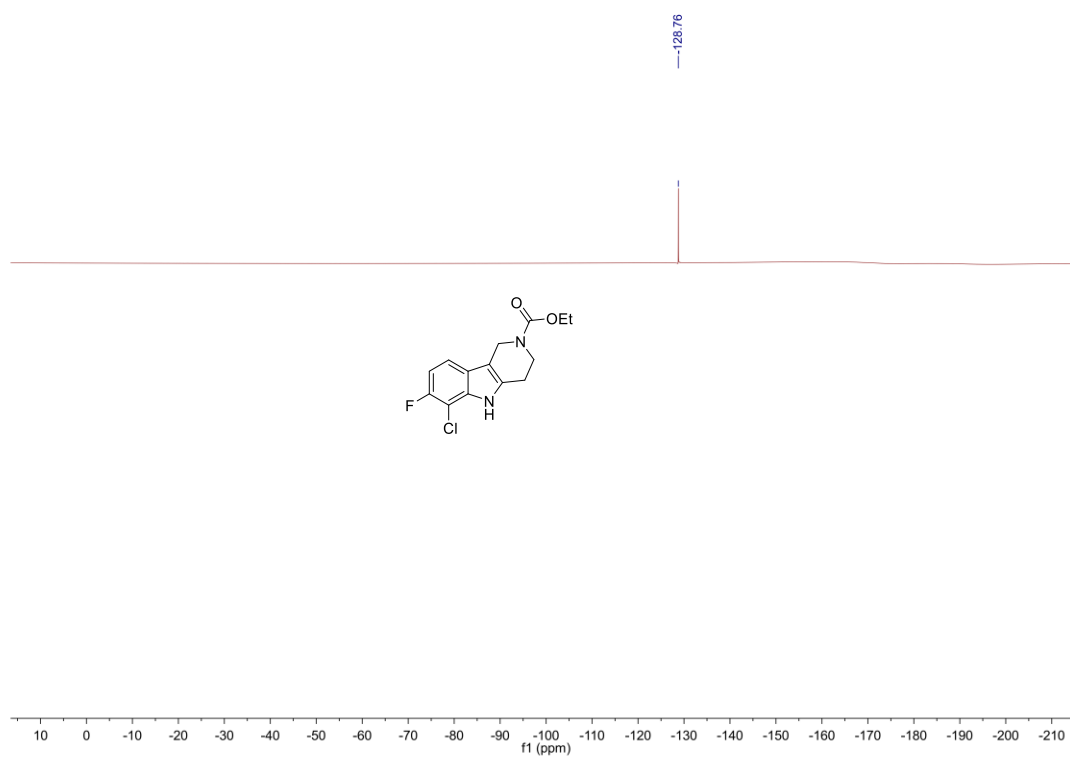
^1H NMR (600 MHz, d^6 -DMSO) of compound **S51**



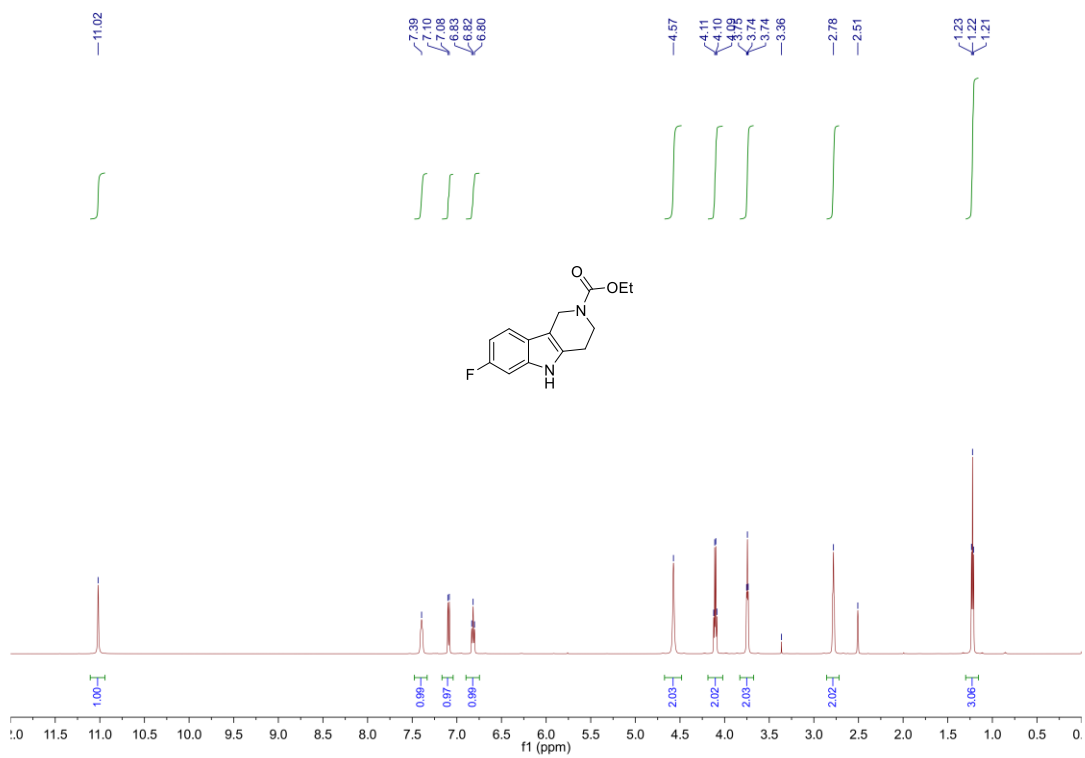
^{13}C NMR (151 MHz, d^6 -DMSO) of compound **S51**



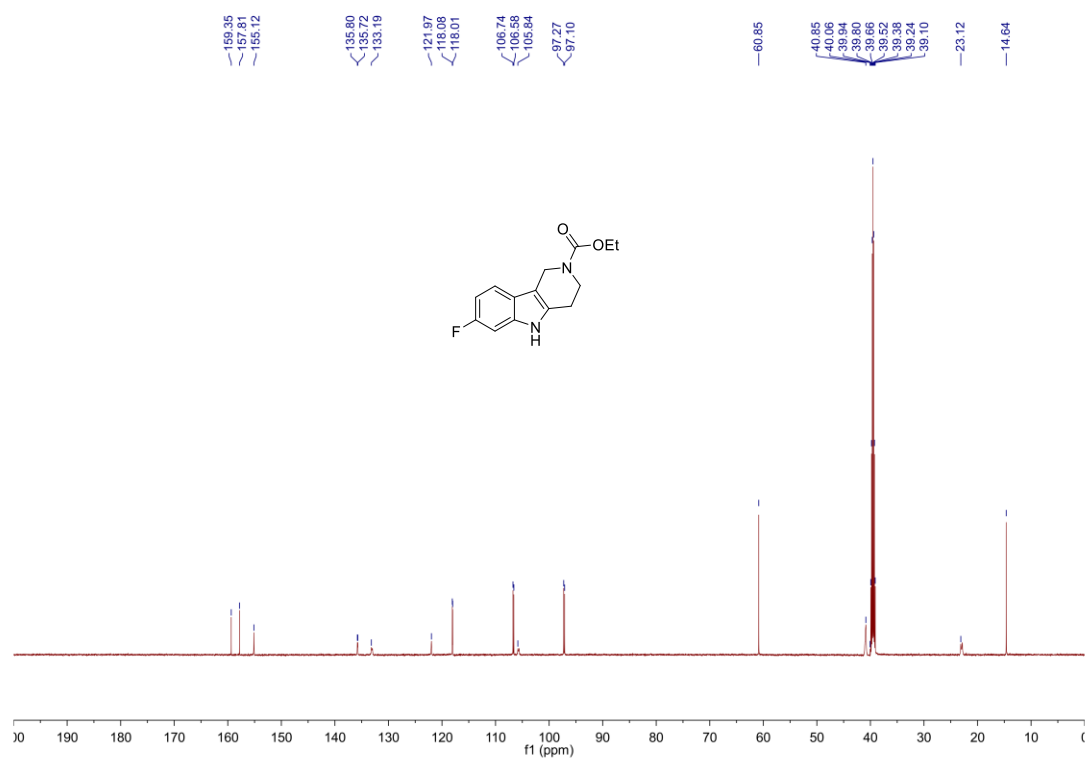
^{19}F NMR (565 MHz, d^6 -DMSO) of compound **S51**



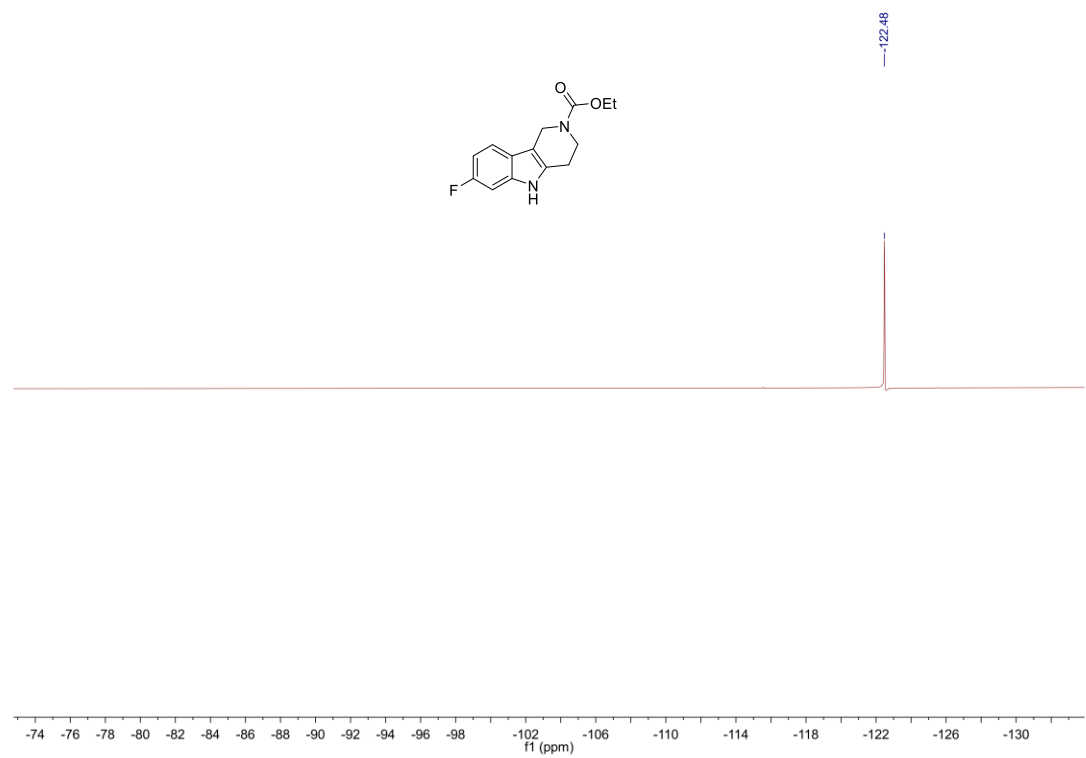
^1H NMR (600 MHz, d^6 -DMSO) of compound **51**



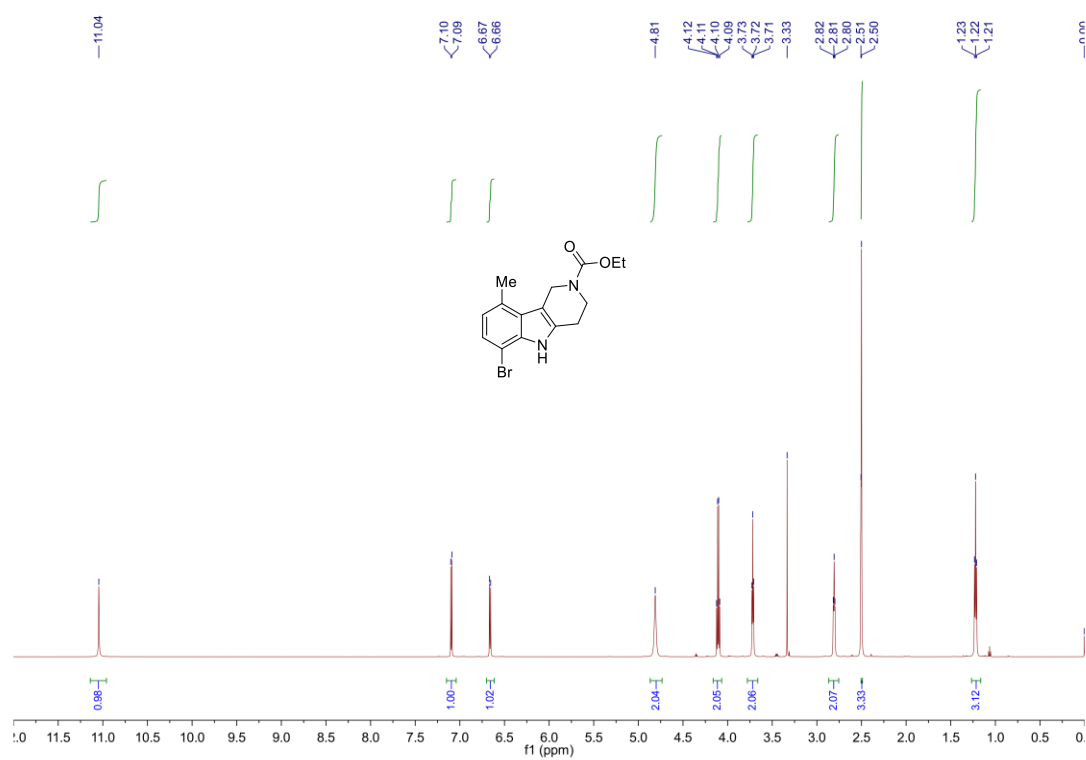
^{13}C NMR (151 MHz, d^6 -DMSO) of compound **51**



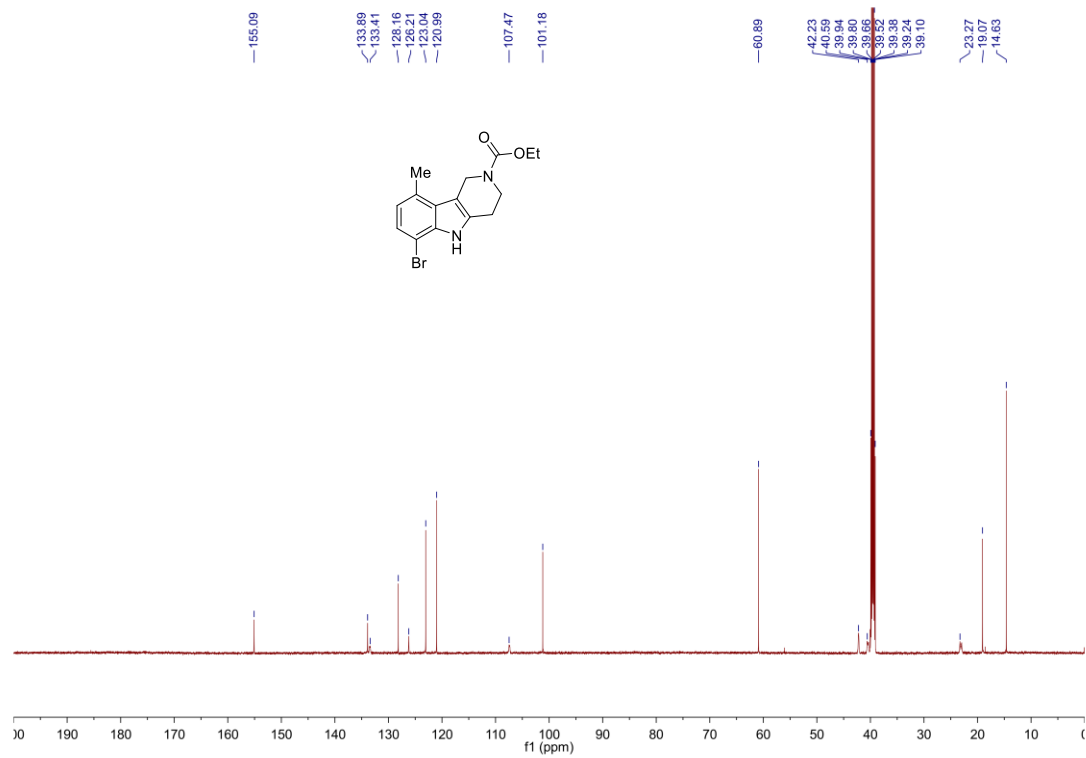
^{19}F NMR (565 MHz, d^6 -DMSO) of compound **51**



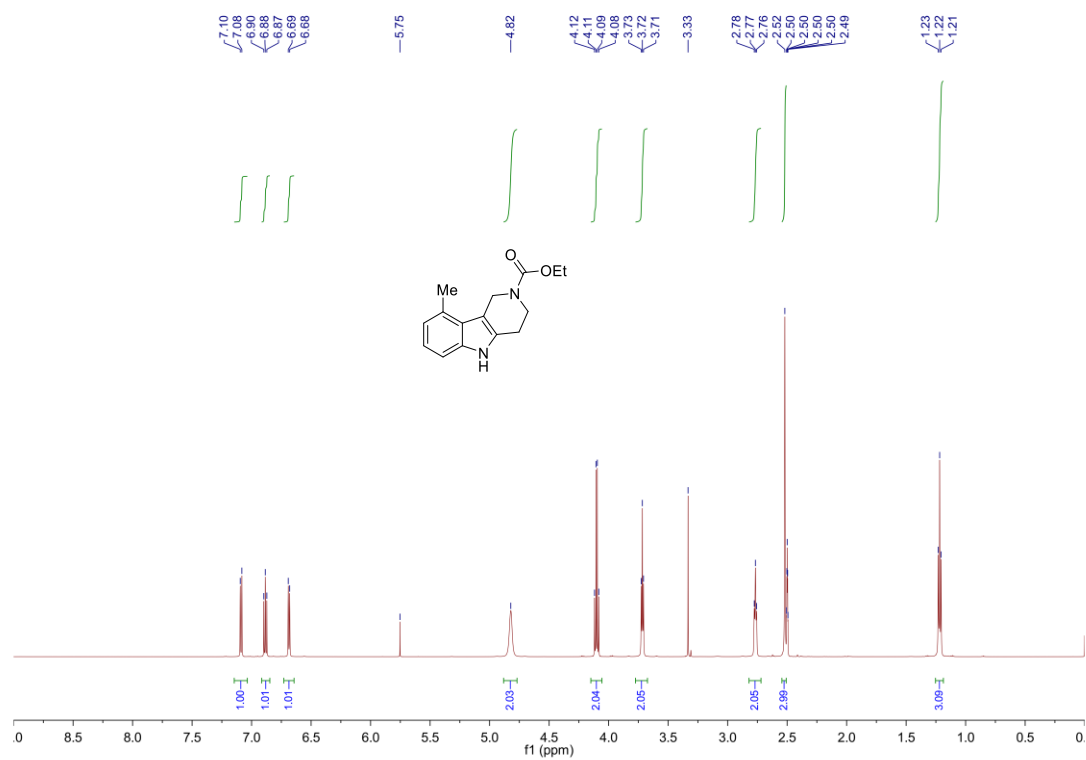
¹H NMR (600 MHz, *d*⁶-DMSO) of compound **S5m**



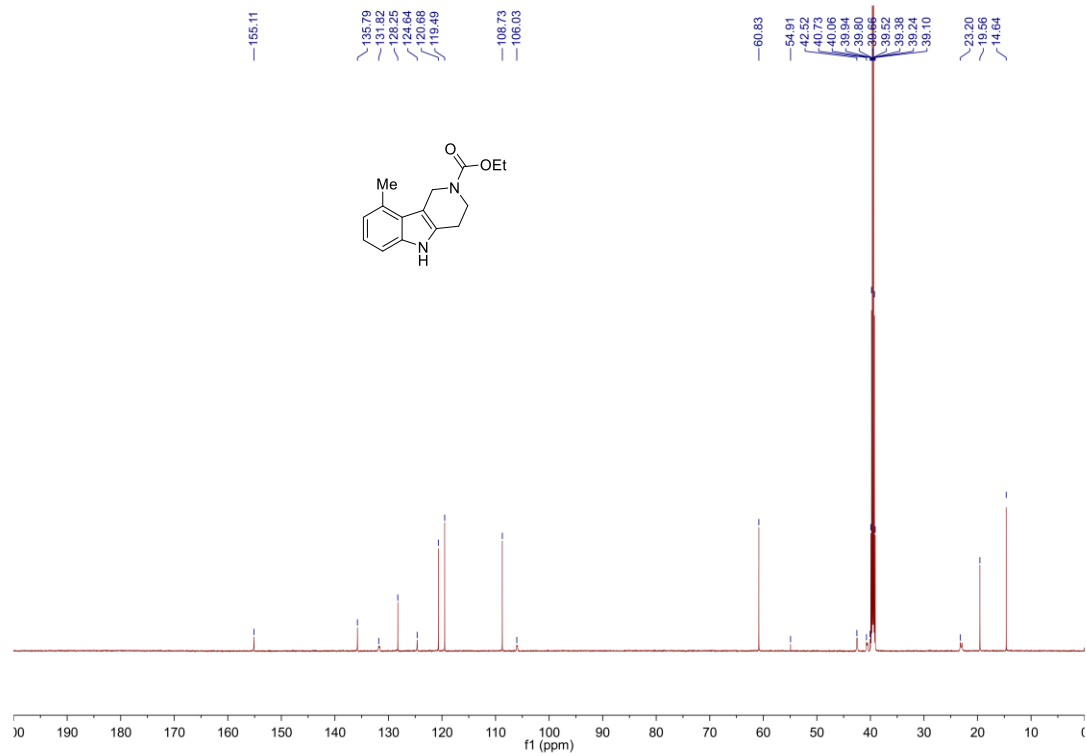
¹³C NMR (151 MHz, *d*⁶-DMSO) of compound **S5m**



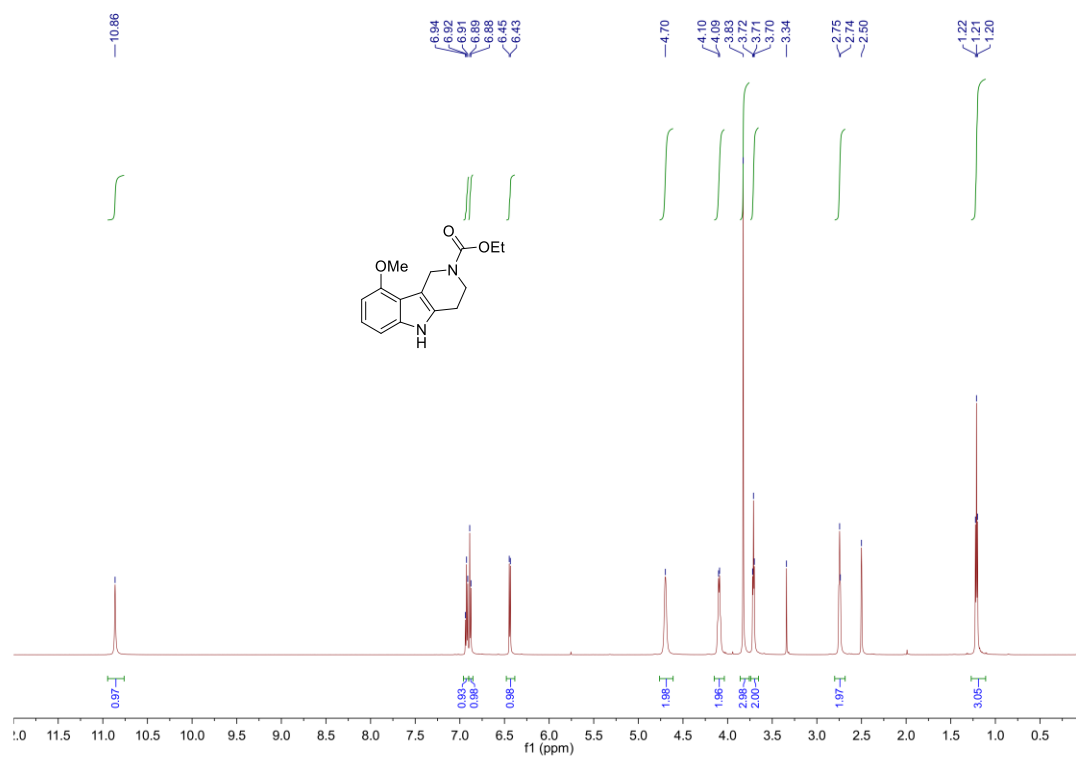
^1H NMR (600 MHz, d^6 -DMSO) of compound **5m**



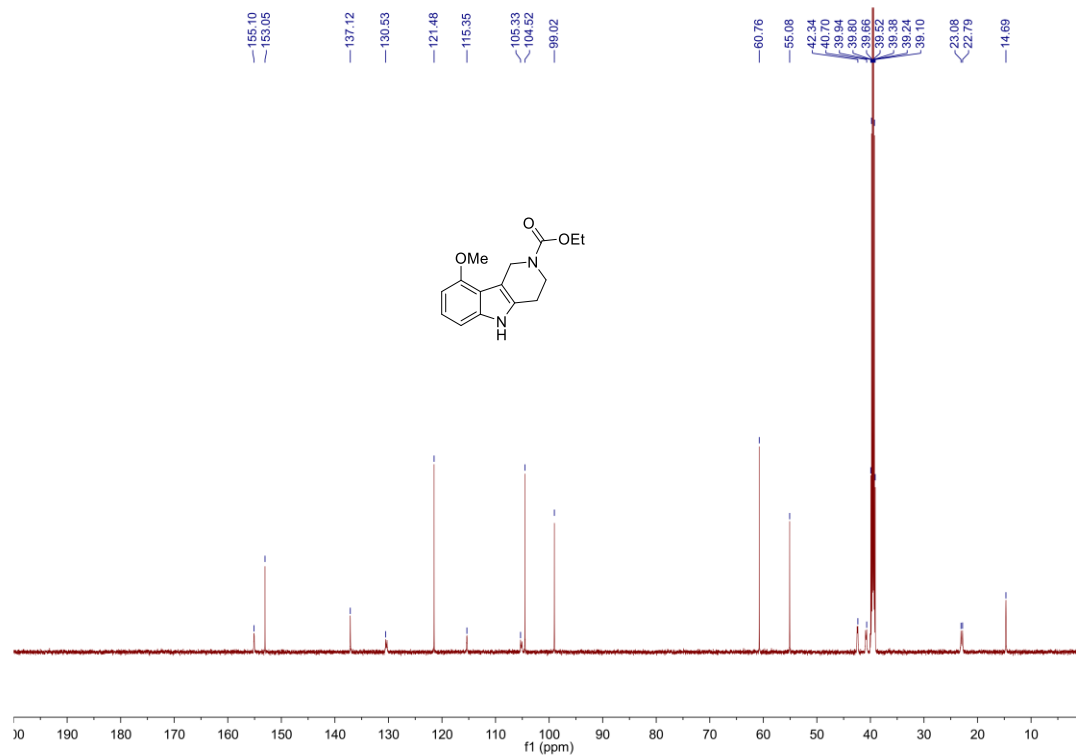
^{13}C NMR (151 MHz, d^6 -DMSO) of compound **5m**



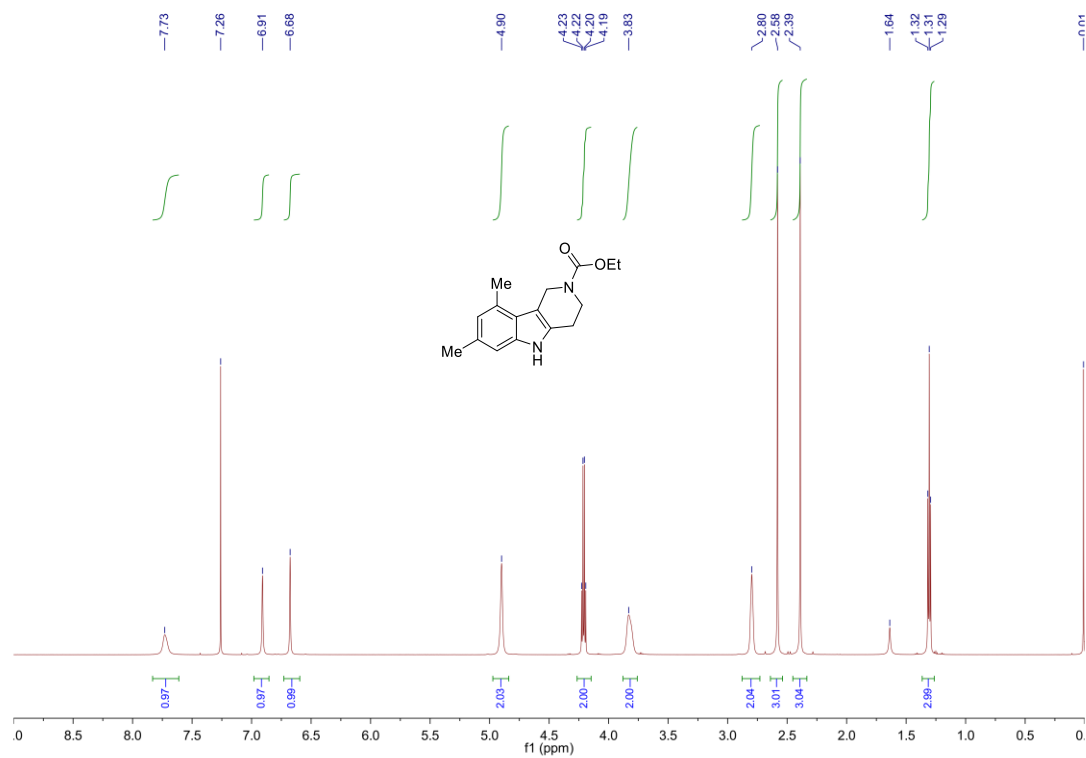
^1H NMR (600 MHz, d^6 -DMSO) of compound **5n**



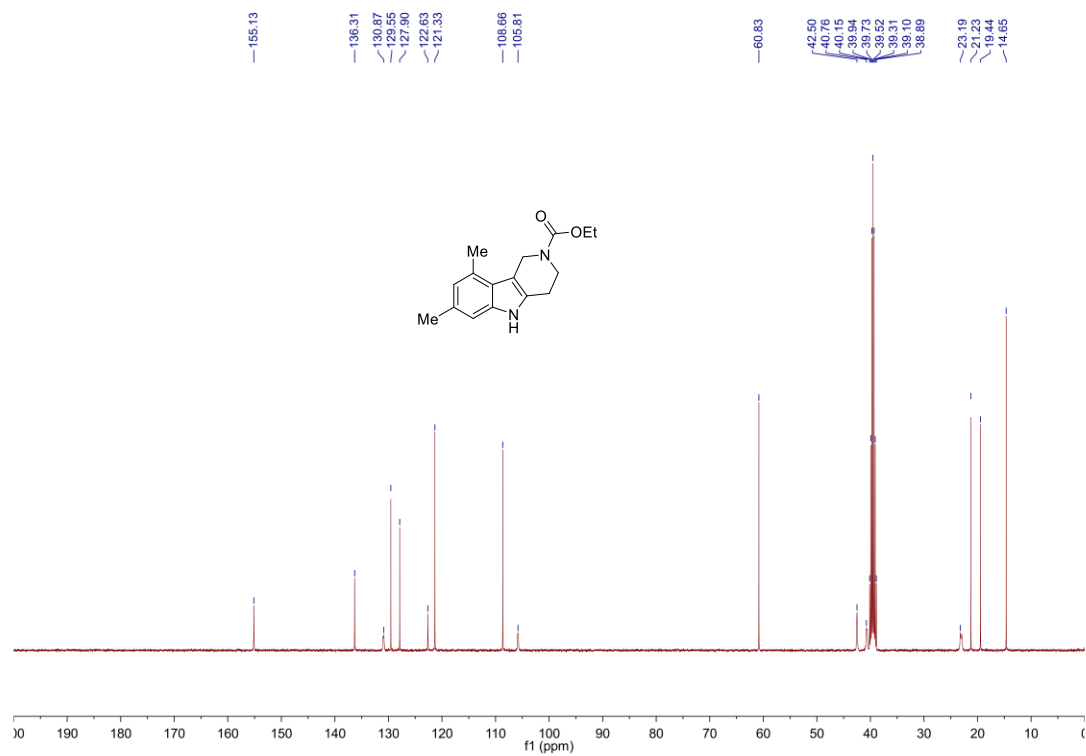
^{13}C NMR (151 MHz, d^6 -DMSO) of compound **5n**



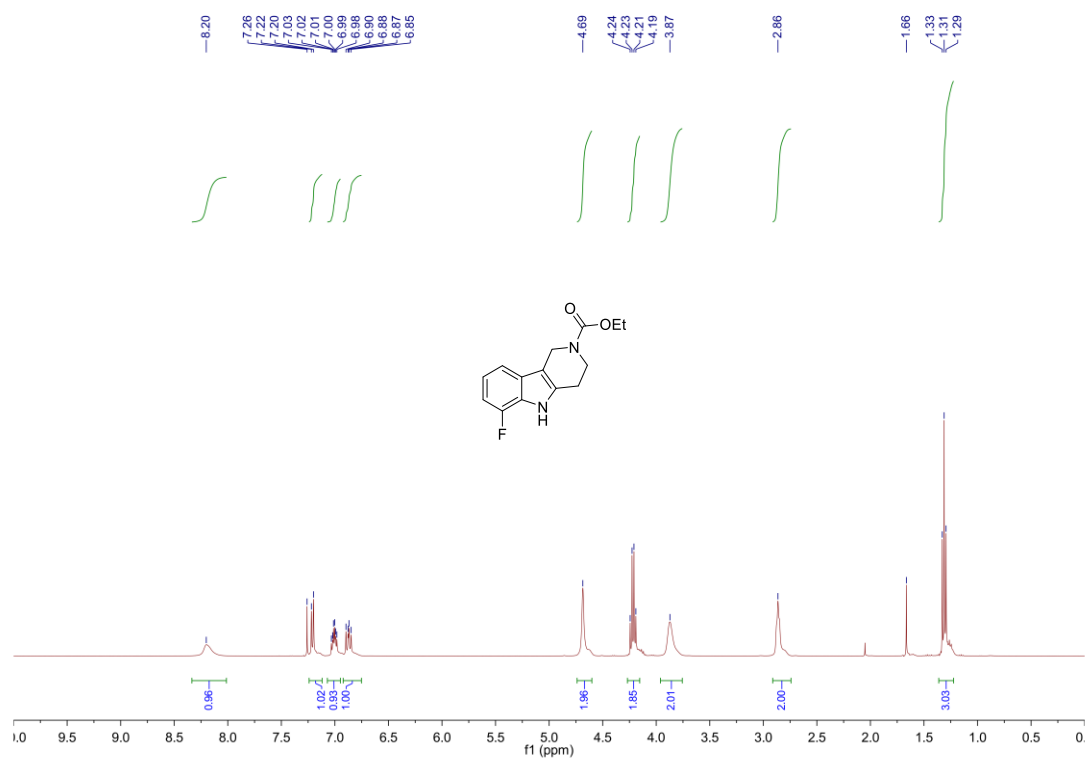
^1H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl_3) of compound **5o**



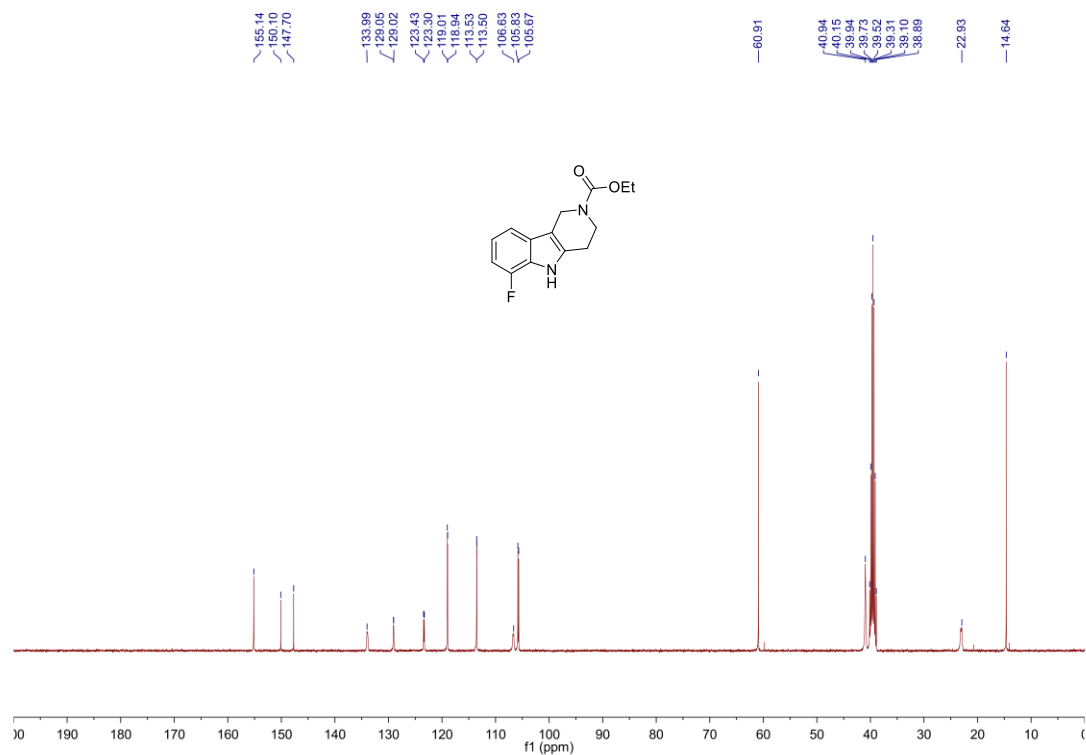
^{13}C NMR (101 MHz, d_6 -DMSO) of compound **5o**



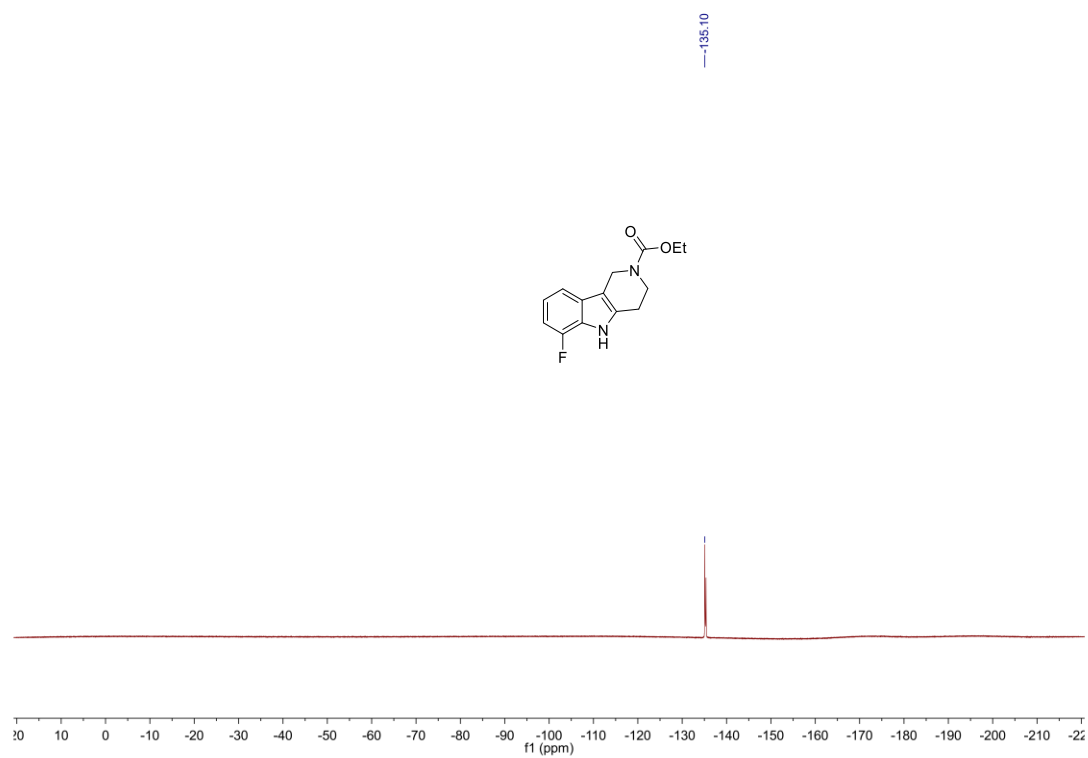
^1H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl_3) of compound **5p**



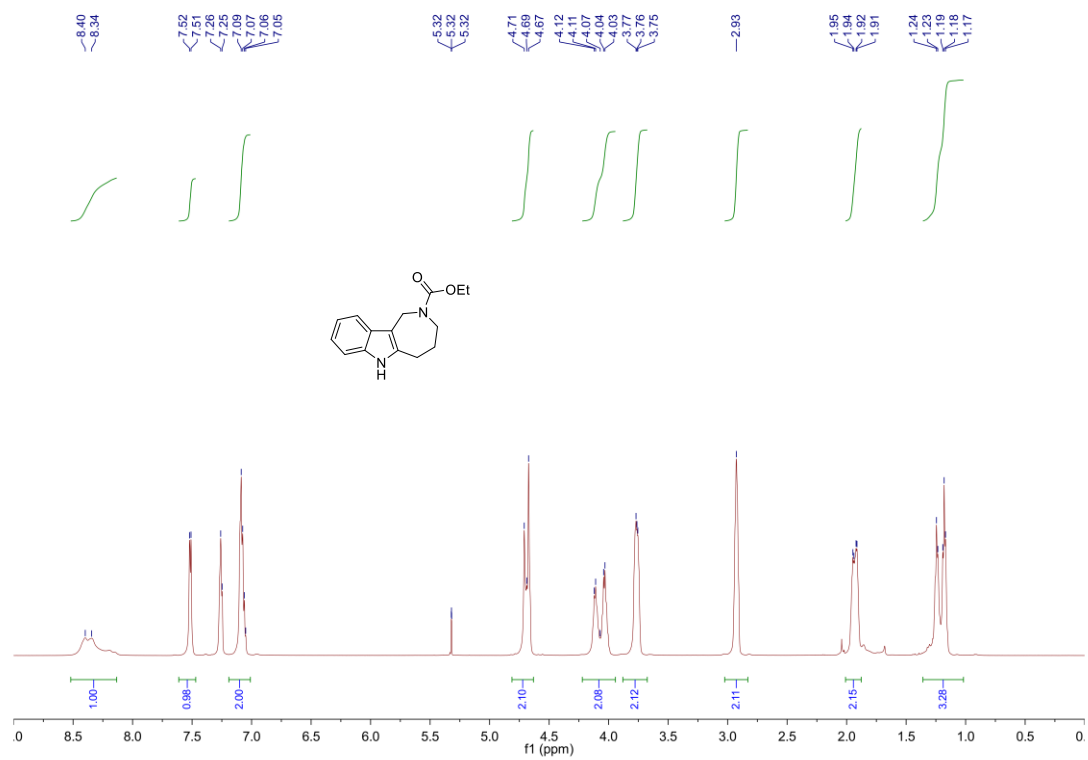
^{13}C NMR (101 MHz, d^6 -DMSO) of compound **5p**



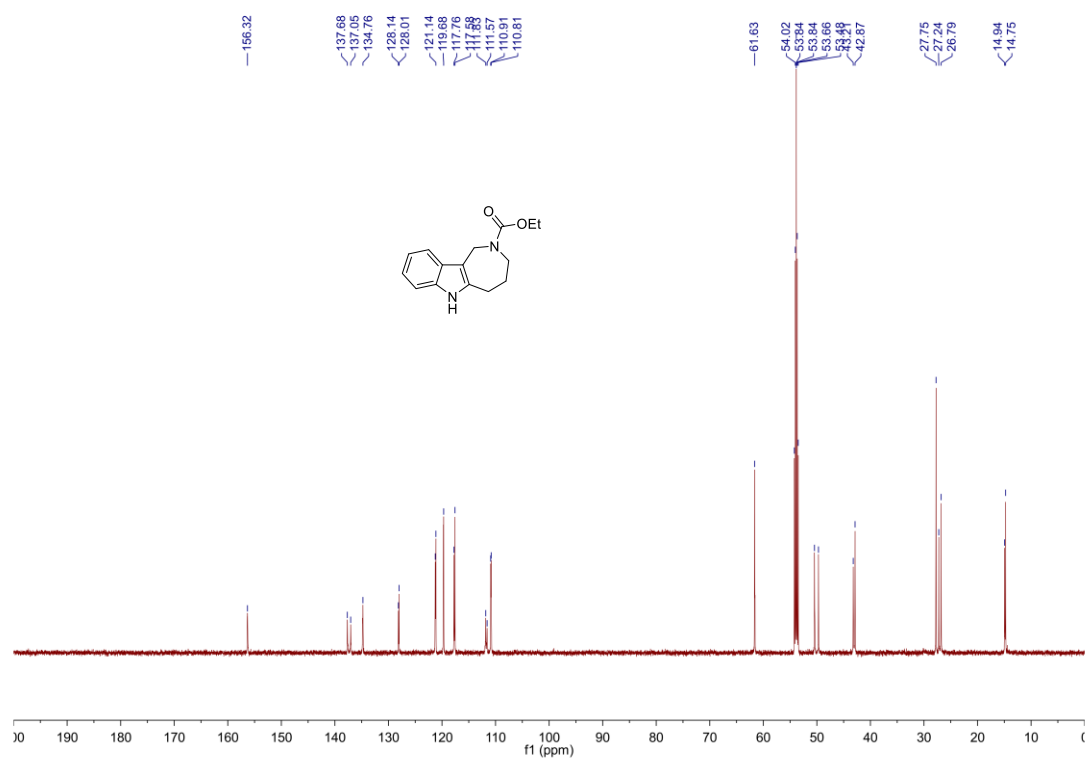
^{19}F NMR (376 MHz, CDCl_3) of compound **5p**



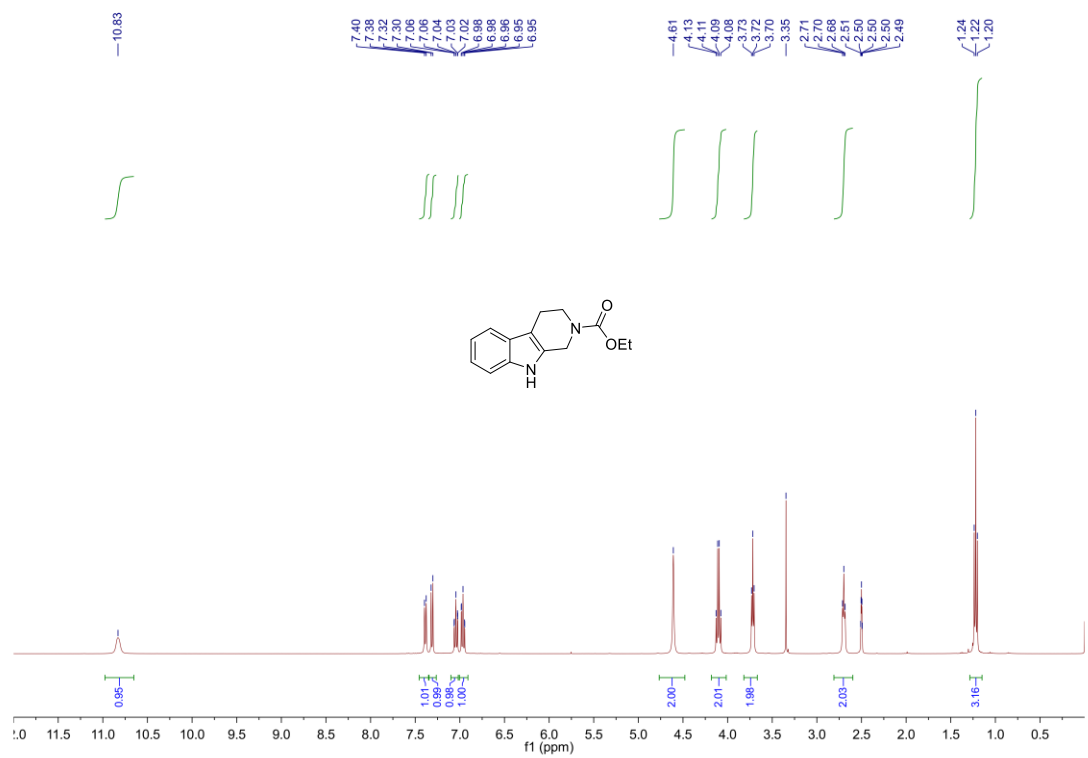
^1H NMR (600 MHz, CD_2Cl_2) of compound **5q**



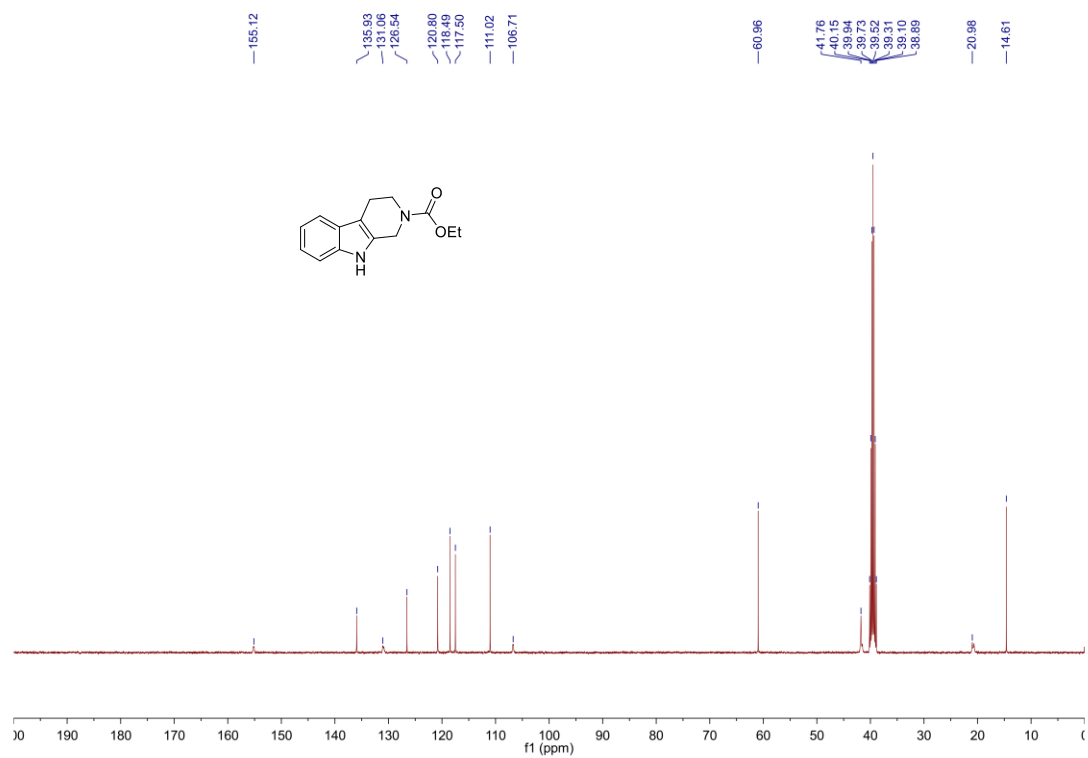
^{13}C NMR (151 MHz, CD_2Cl_2) of compound **5q**



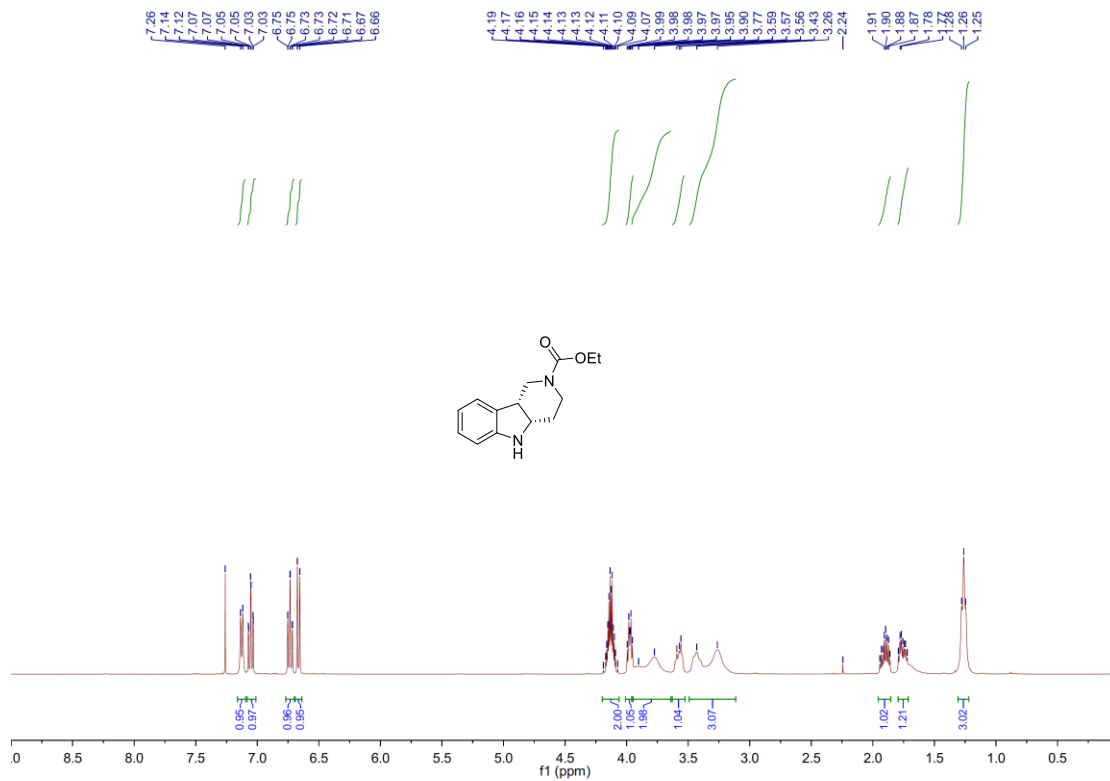
^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3) of compound **5r**



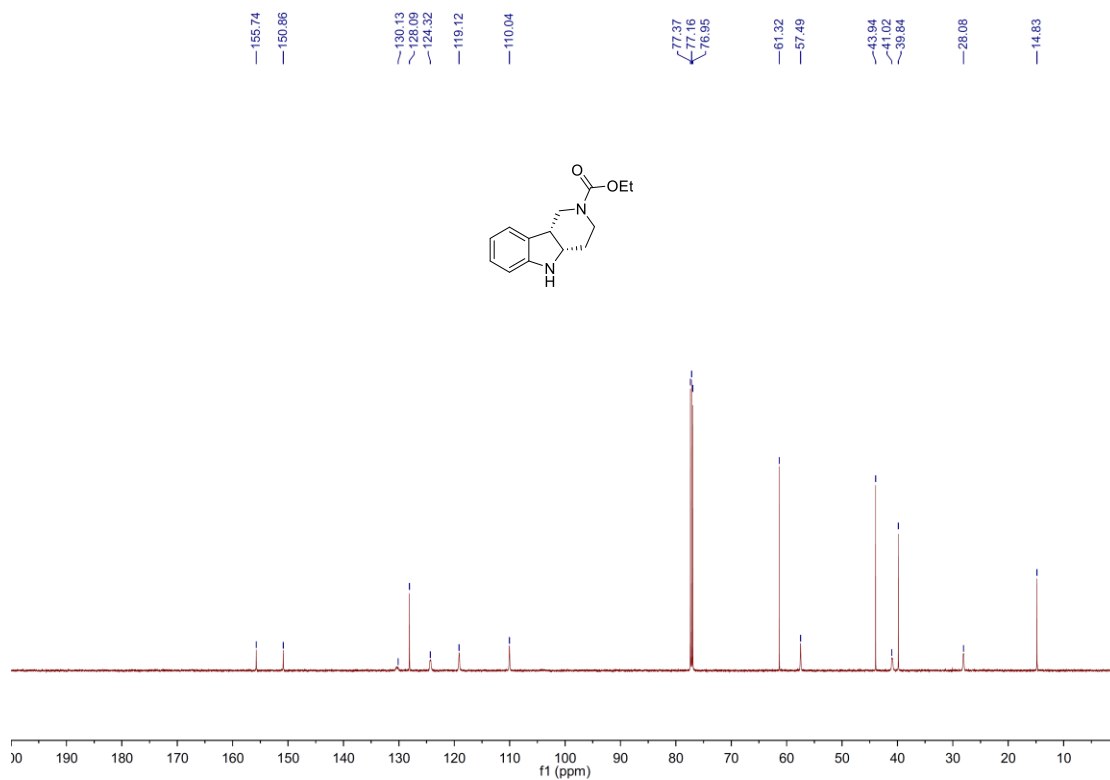
^{13}C NMR (151 MHz, CDCl_3) of compound **5r**



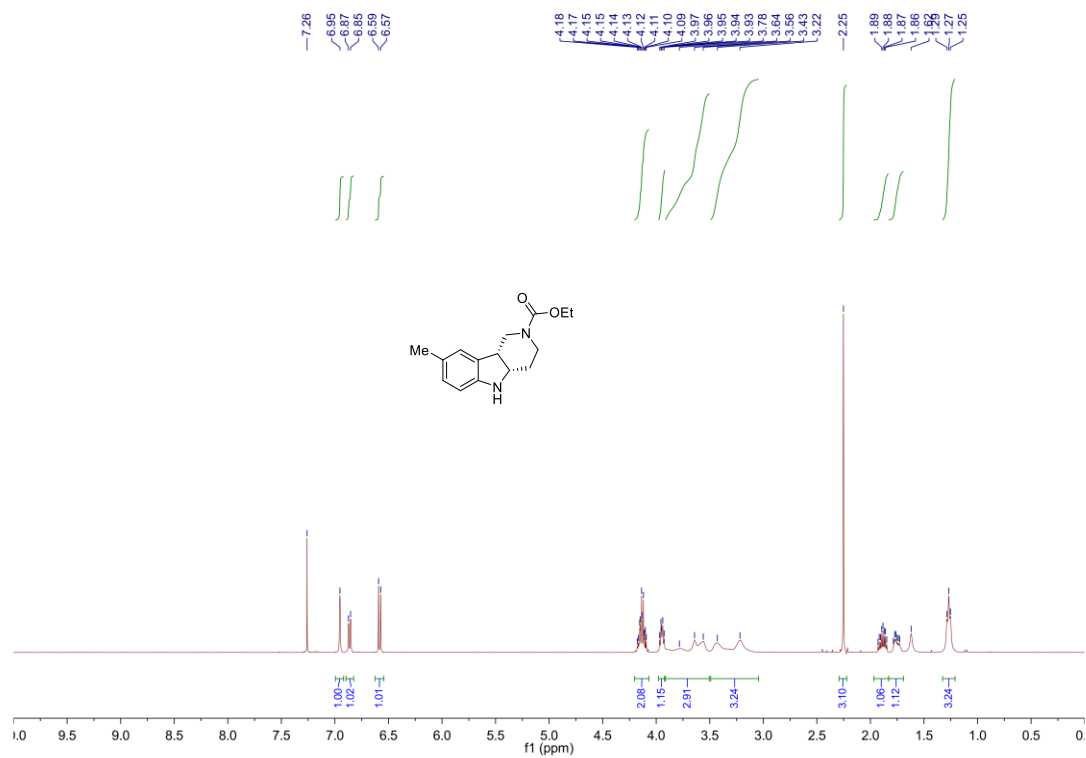
¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) of compound **6a**



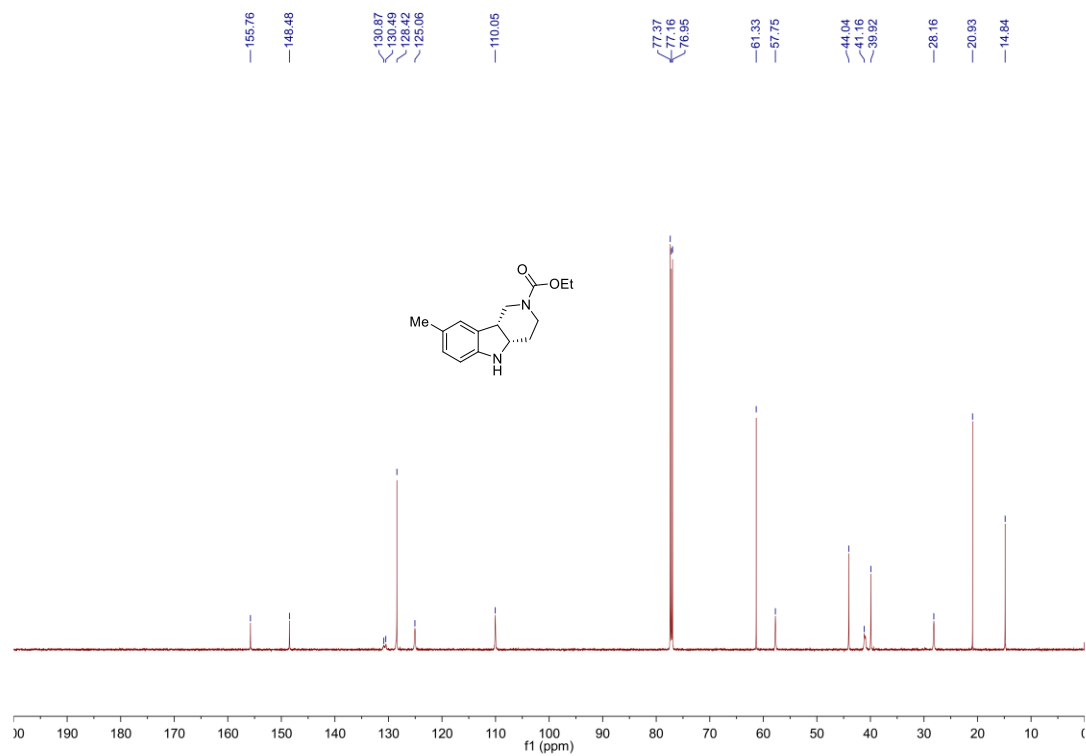
¹³C NMR (151 MHz, CDCl₃) of compound **6a**



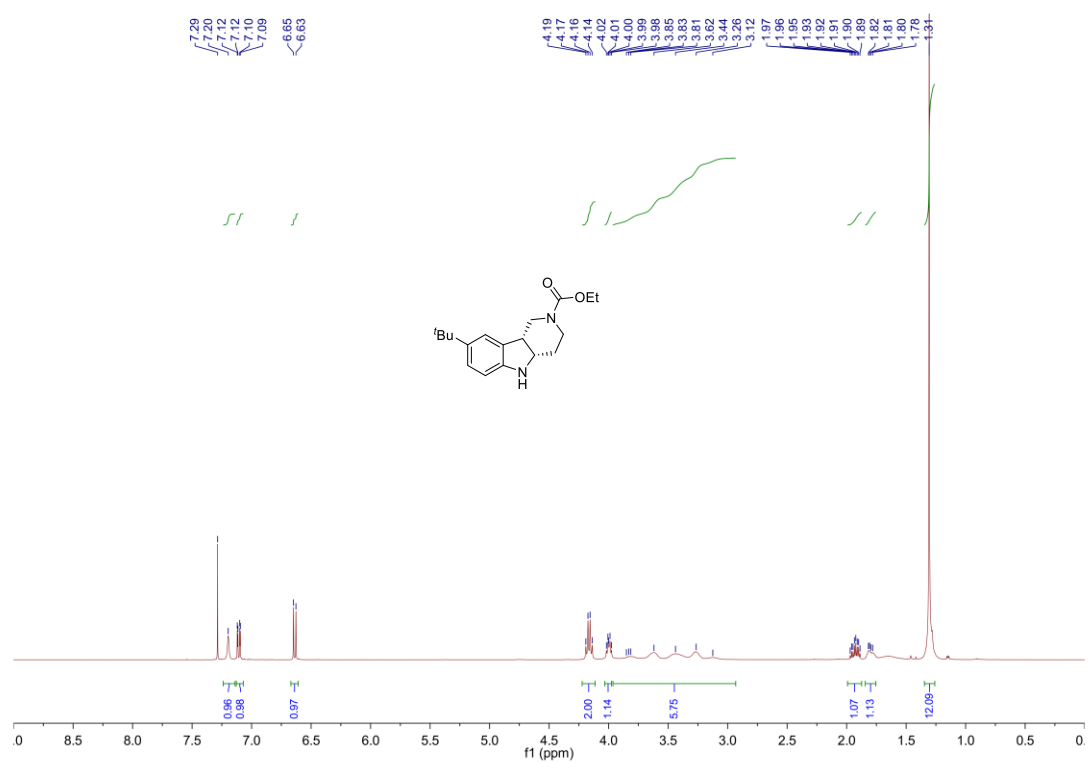
^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3) of compound **6b**



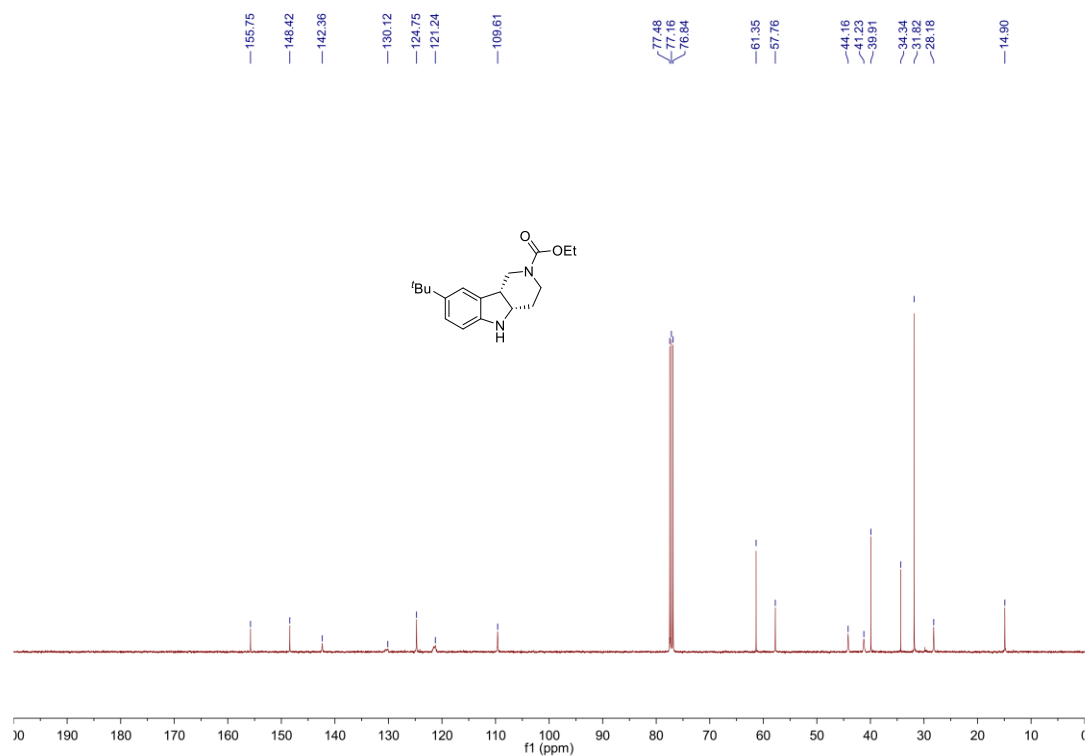
^{13}C NMR (151 MHz, CDCl_3) of compound **6b**



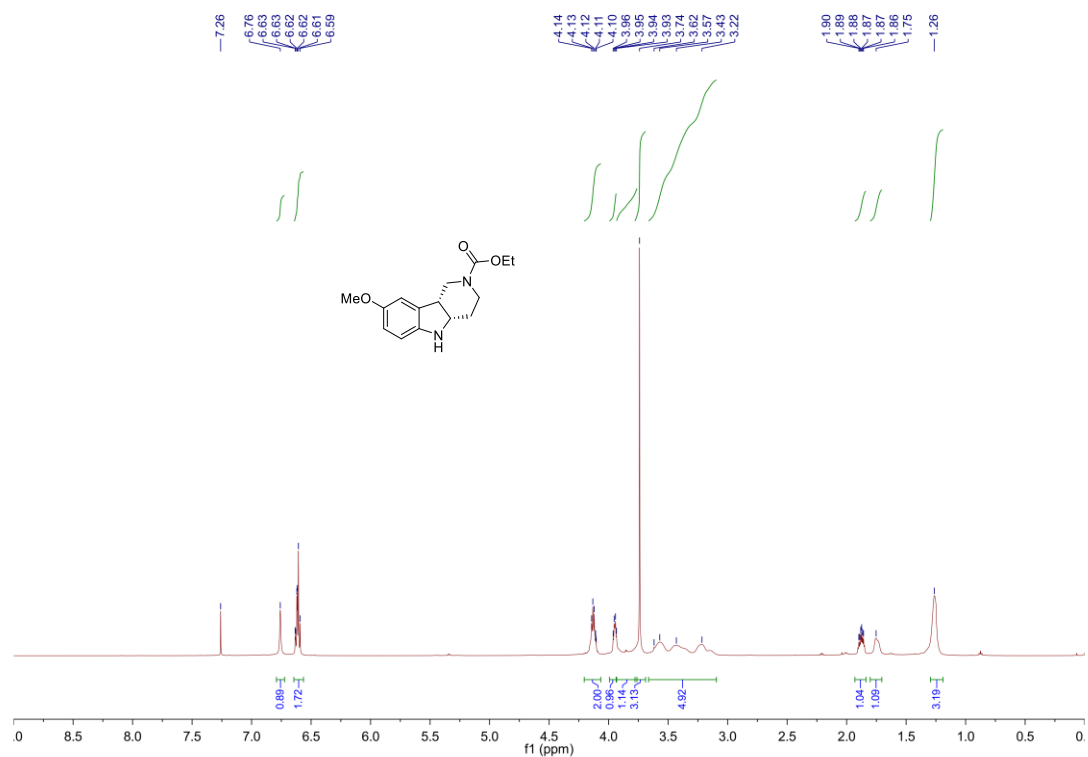
^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3) of compound **6c**



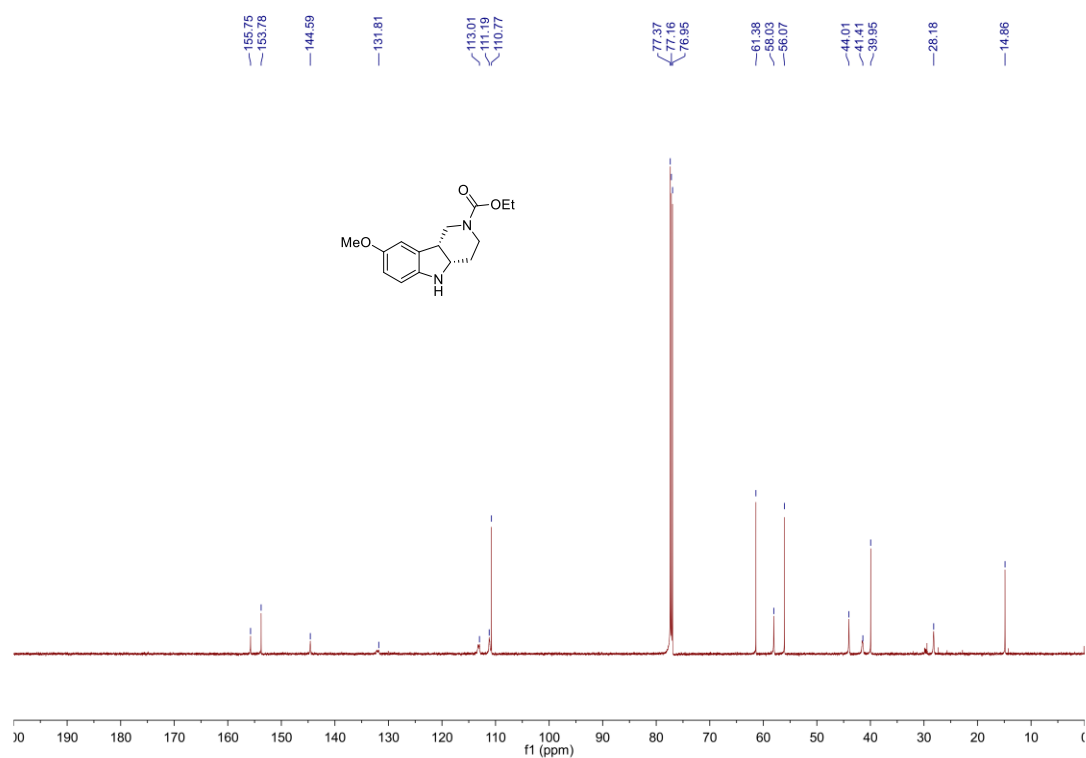
^{13}C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl_3) of compound **6c**



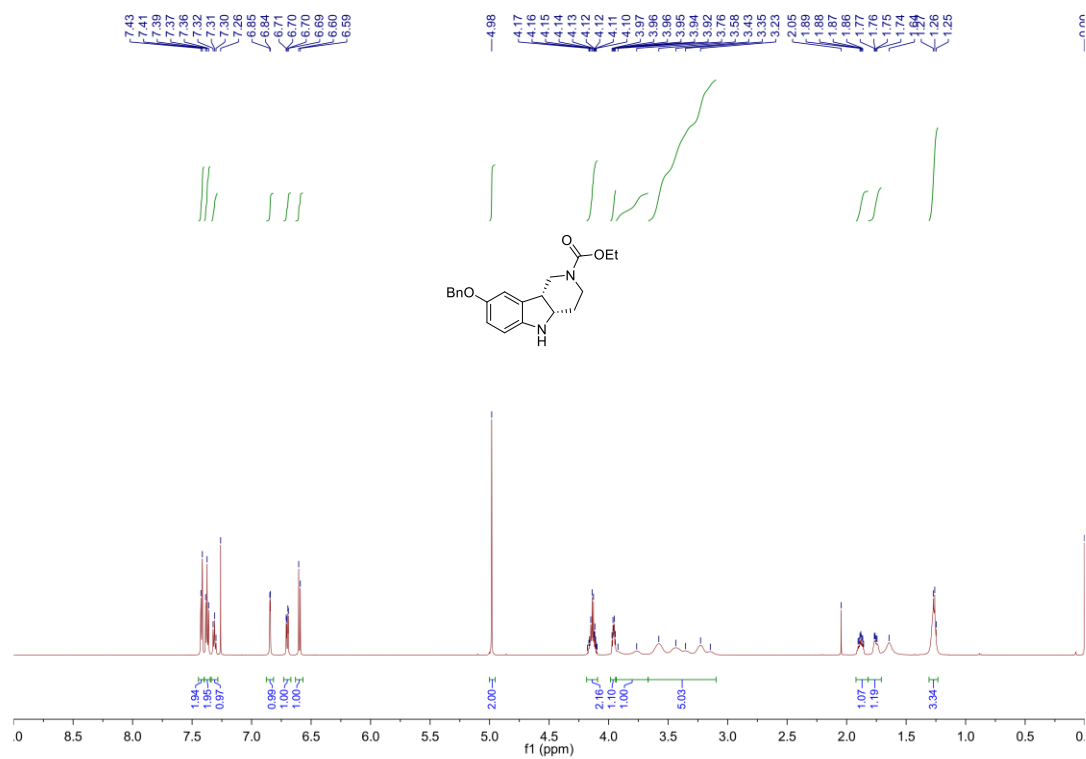
^1H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl_3) of compound **6d**



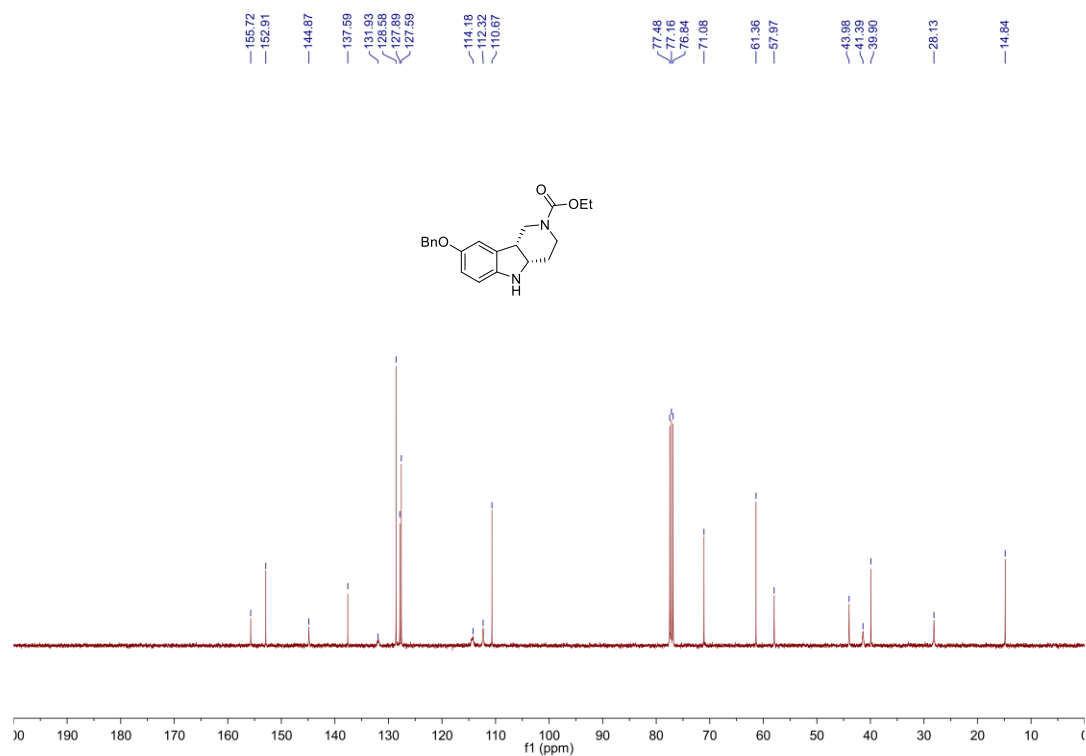
^{13}C NMR (151 MHz, CDCl_3) of compound **6d**



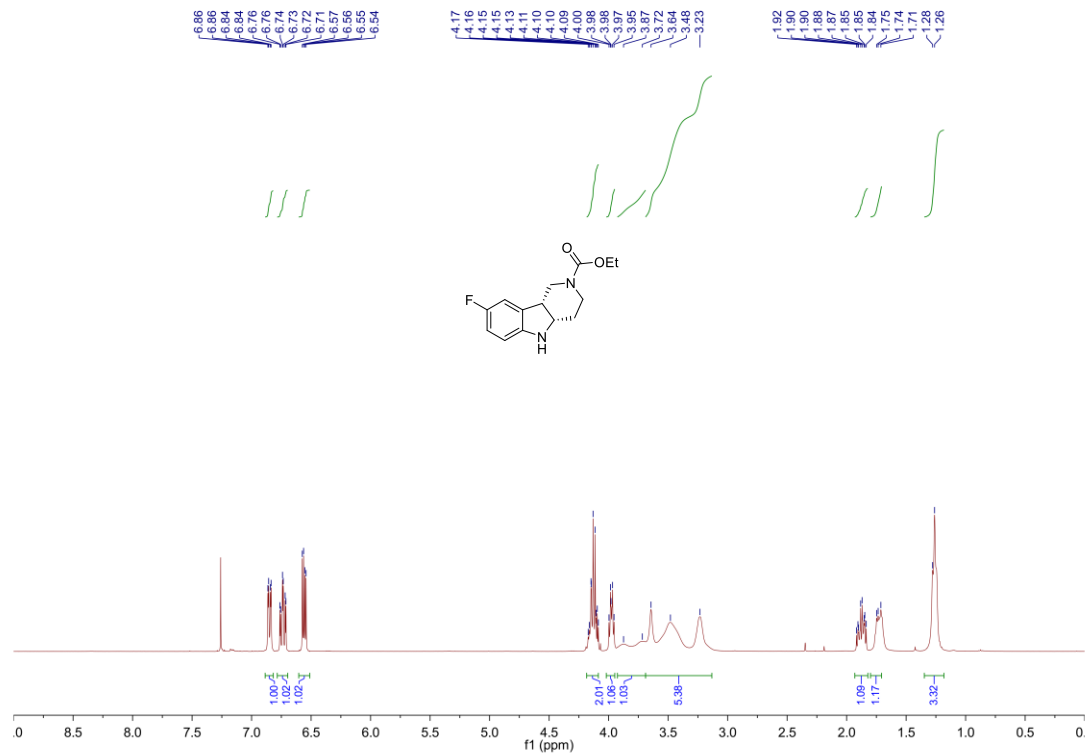
^1H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl_3) of compound **6e**



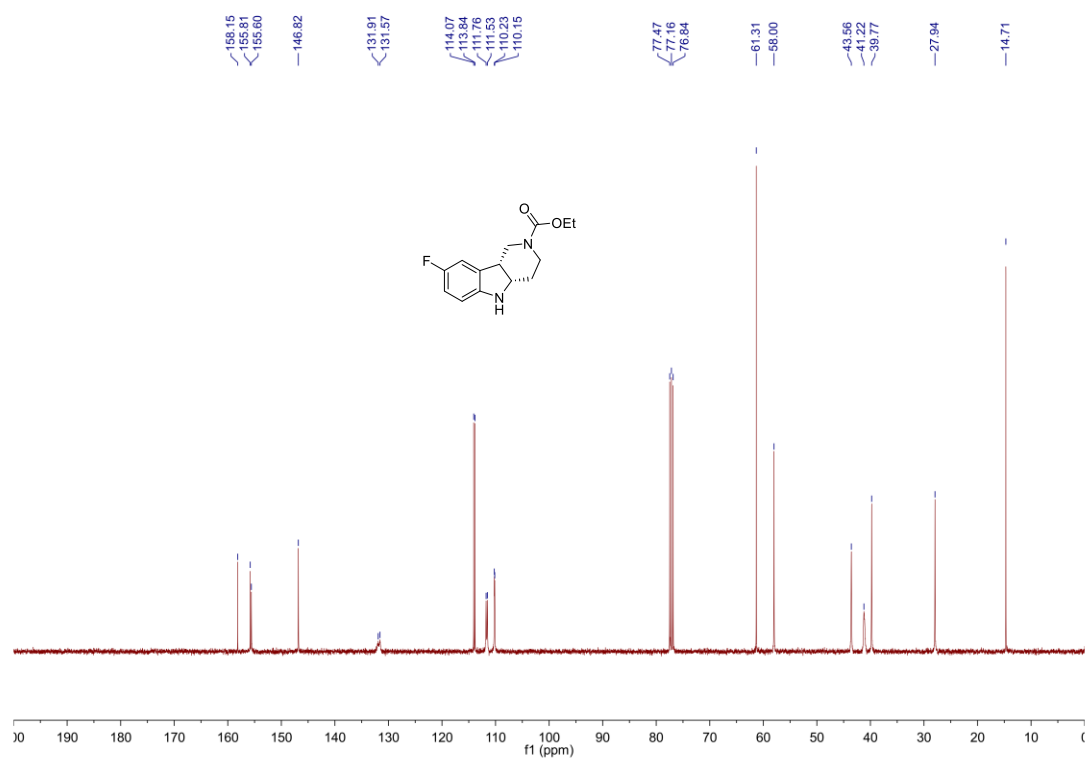
^{13}C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl_3) of compound **6e**



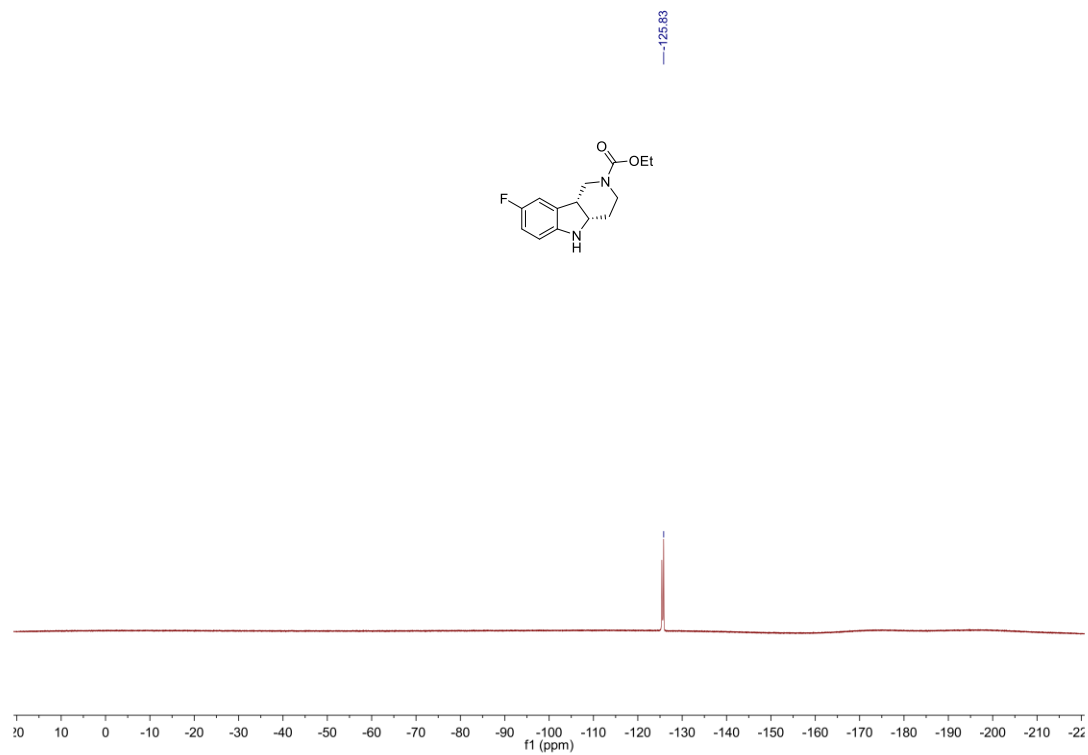
^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3) of compound **6f**



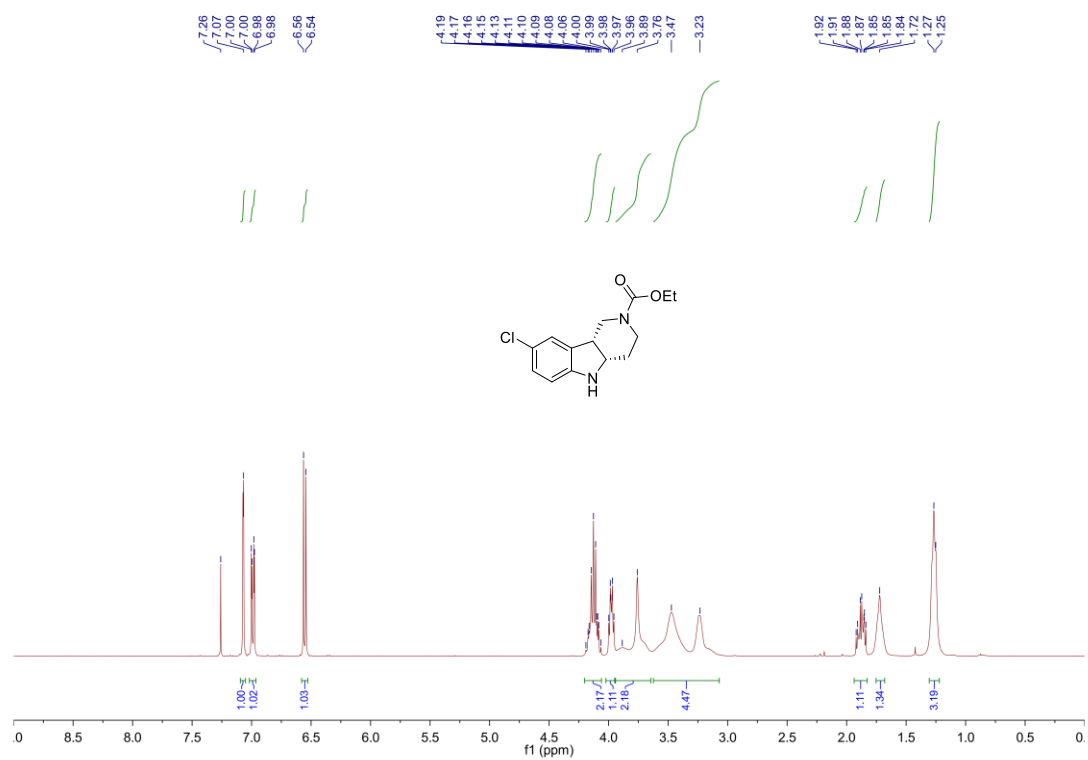
¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) of compound **6f**



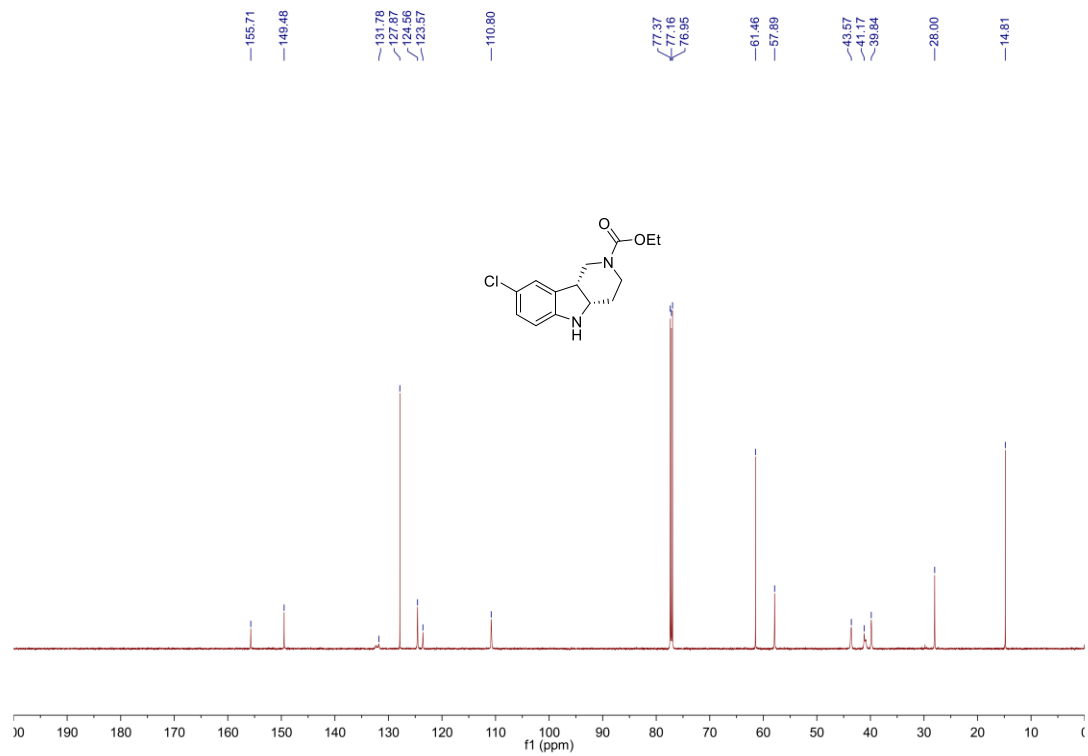
¹⁹F NMR (376 MHz, CDCl₃) of compound **6f**



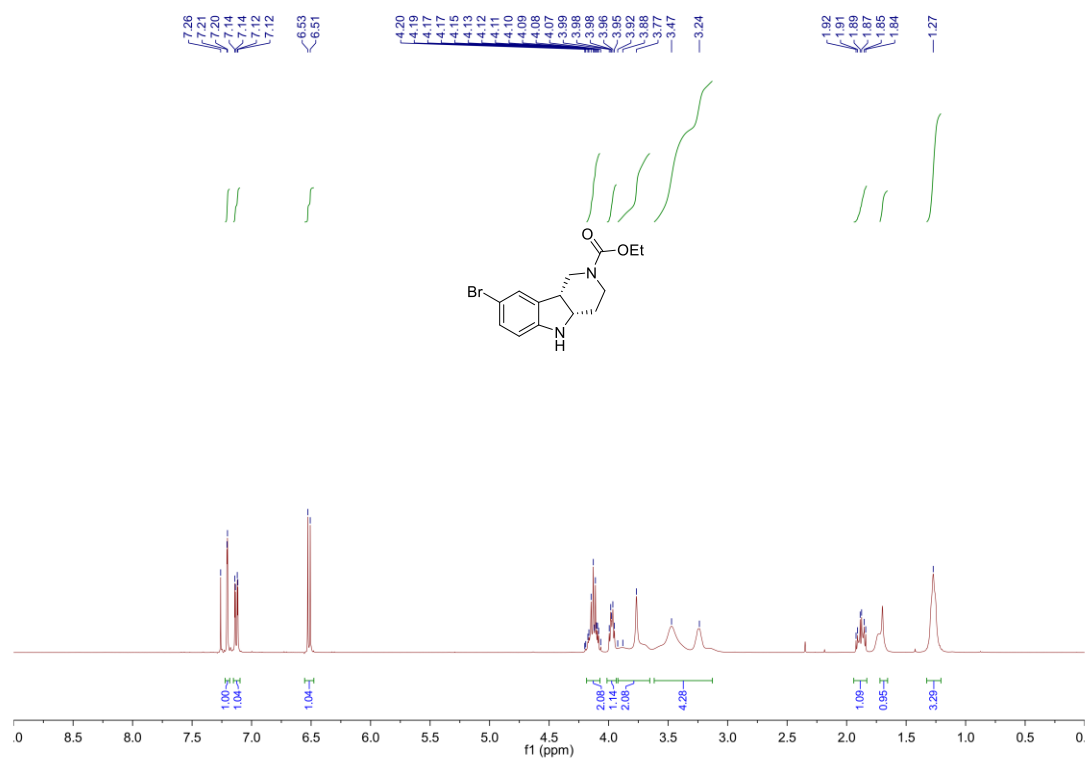
¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) of compound **6g**



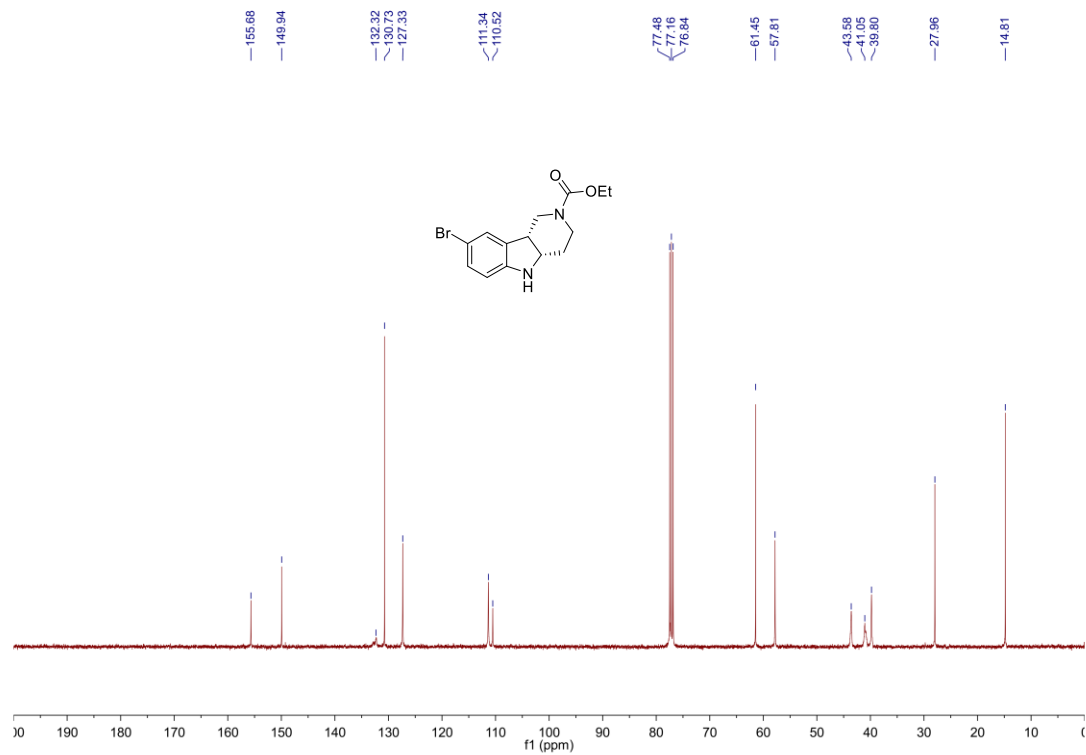
¹³C NMR (151 MHz, CDCl₃) of compound **6g**



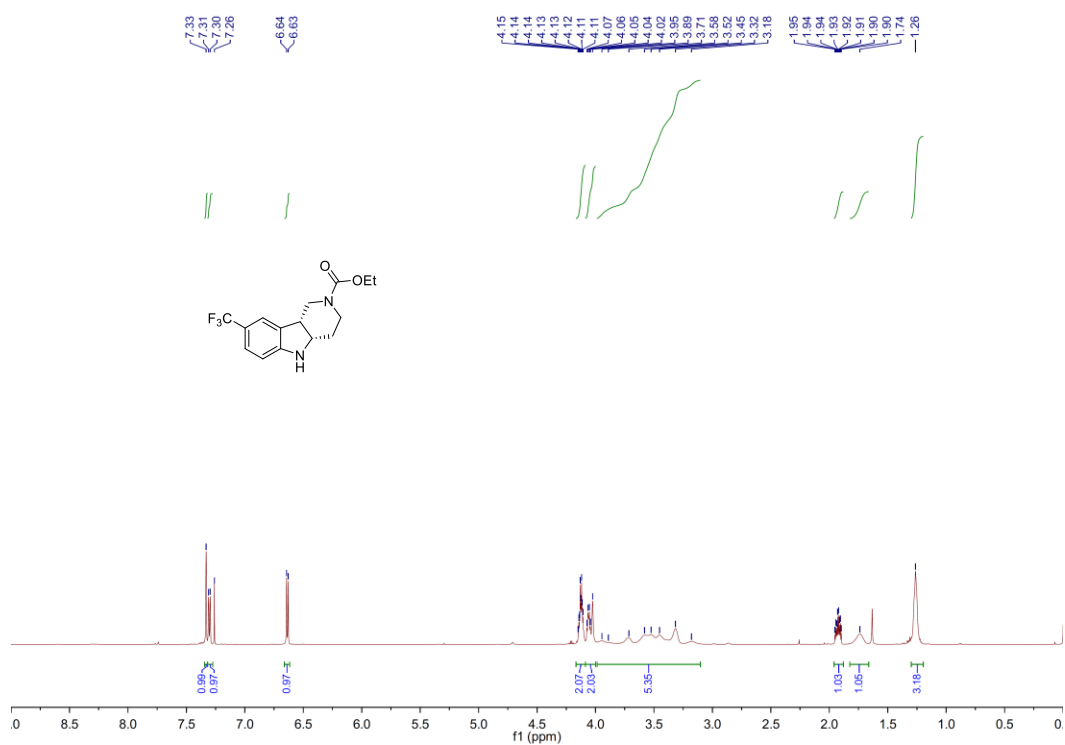
¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) of compound **6h**



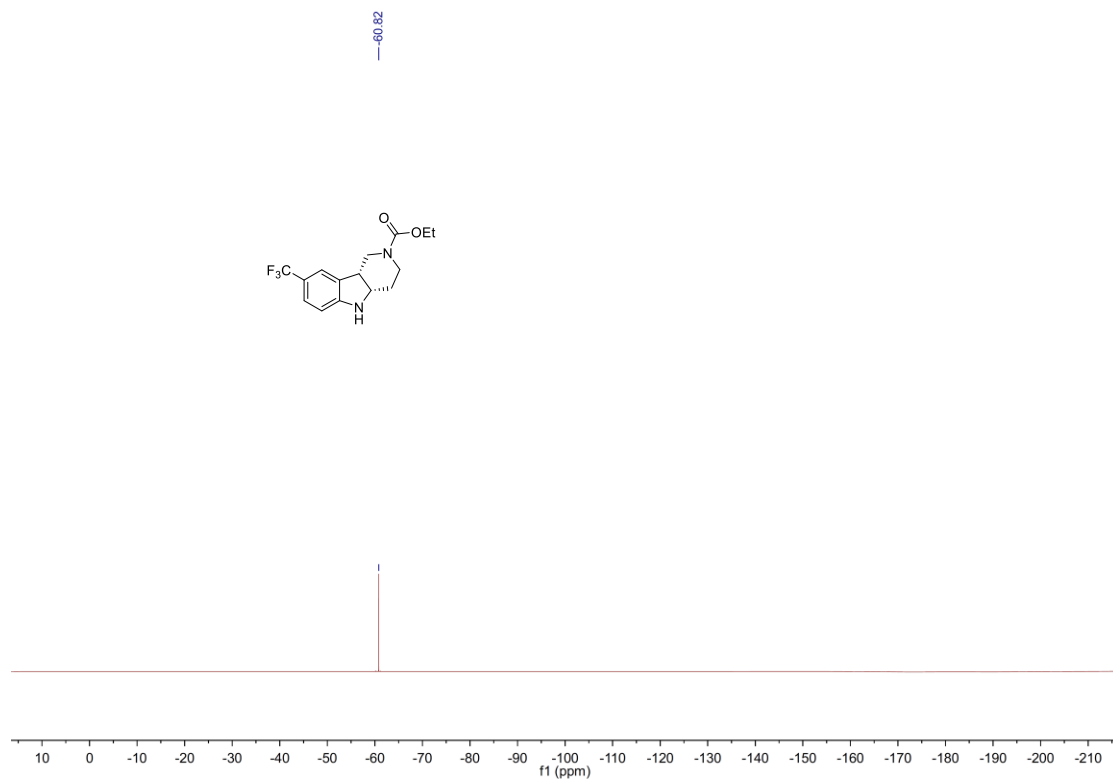
¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) of compound **6h**



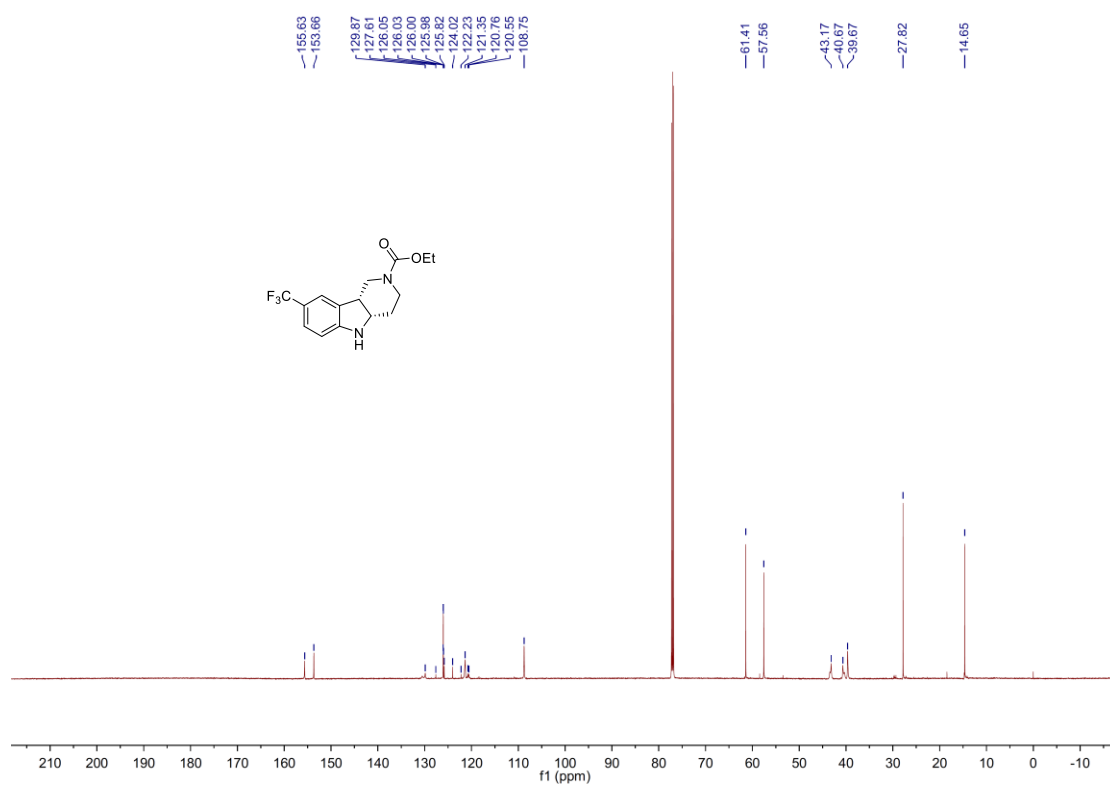
¹H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl₃) of compound **6i**



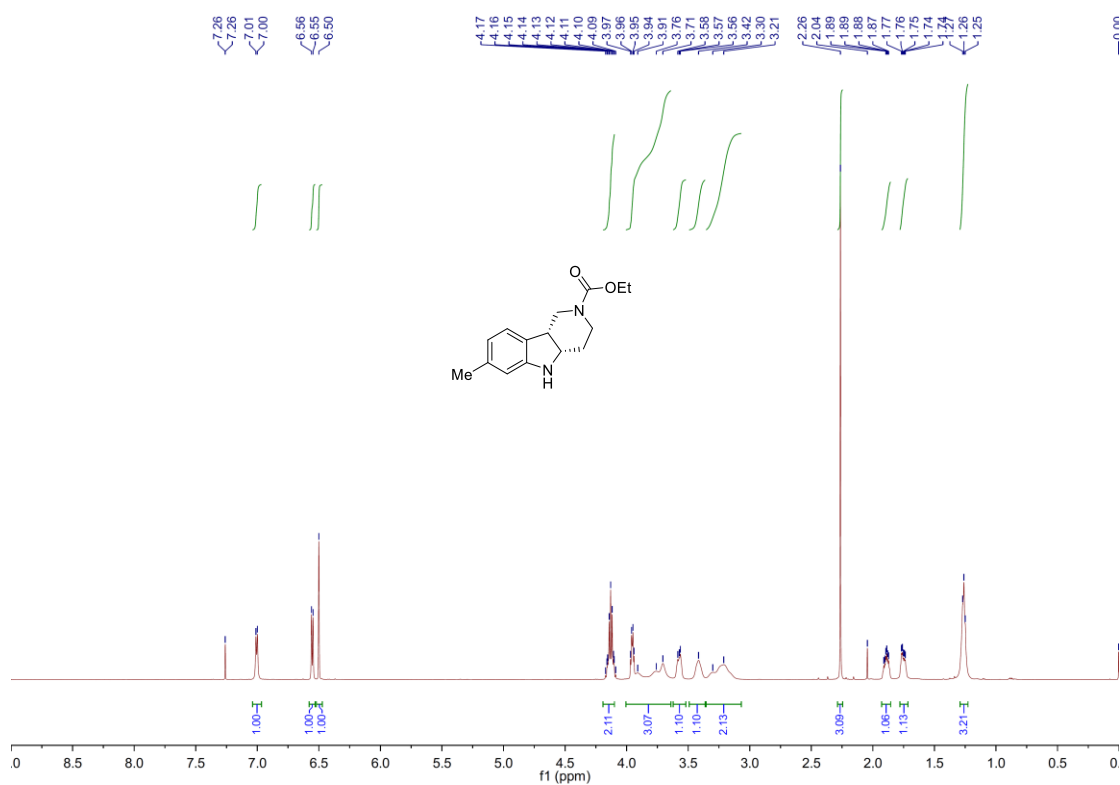
¹⁹F NMR (565 MHz, CDCl₃) of compound **6i**



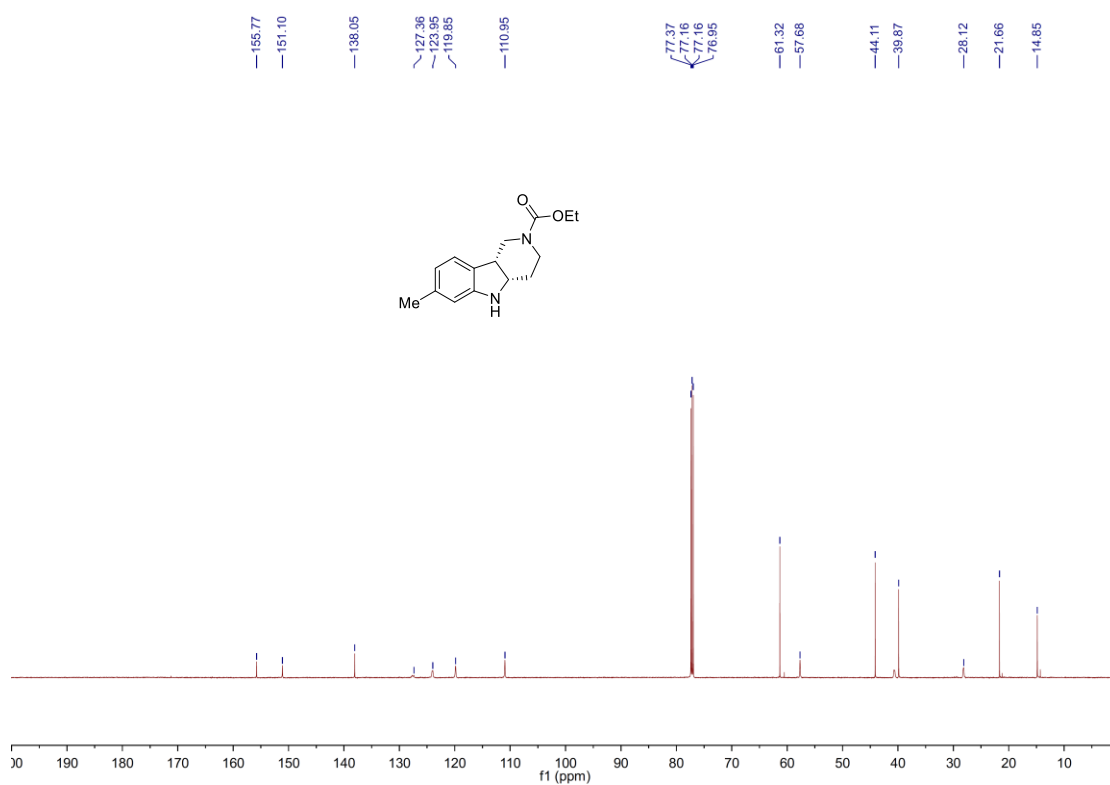
^{13}C NMR (151 MHz, CDCl_3) of compound **6i**



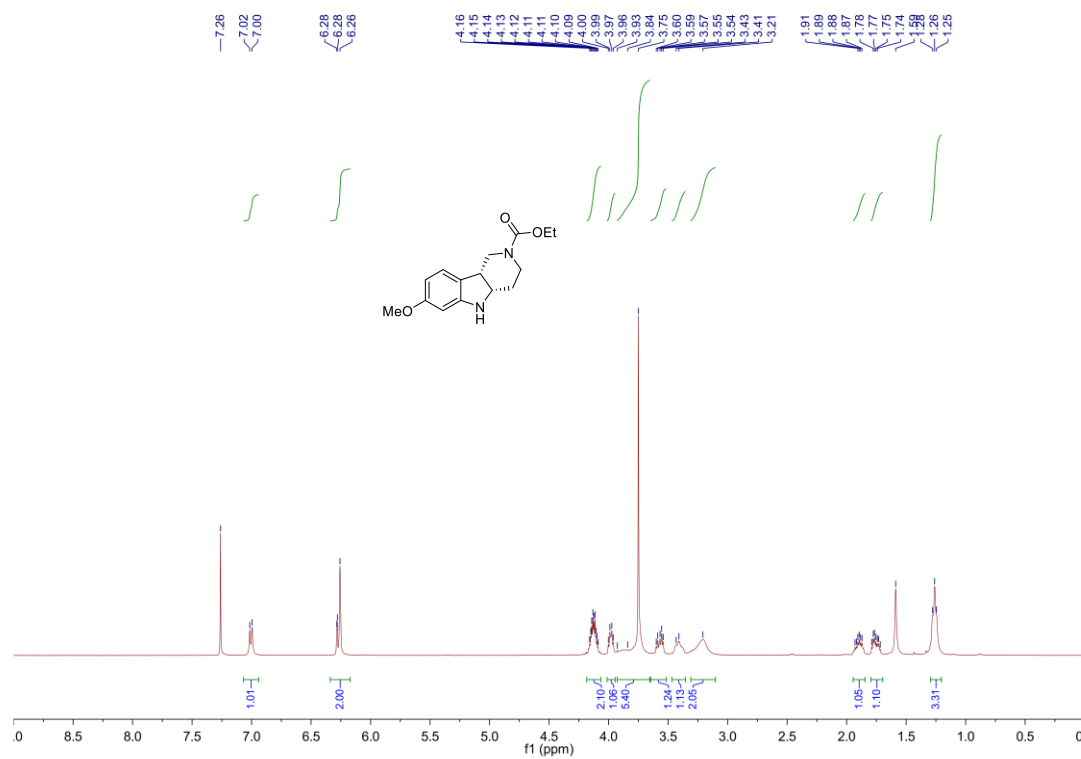
^1H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl_3) of compound **6j**



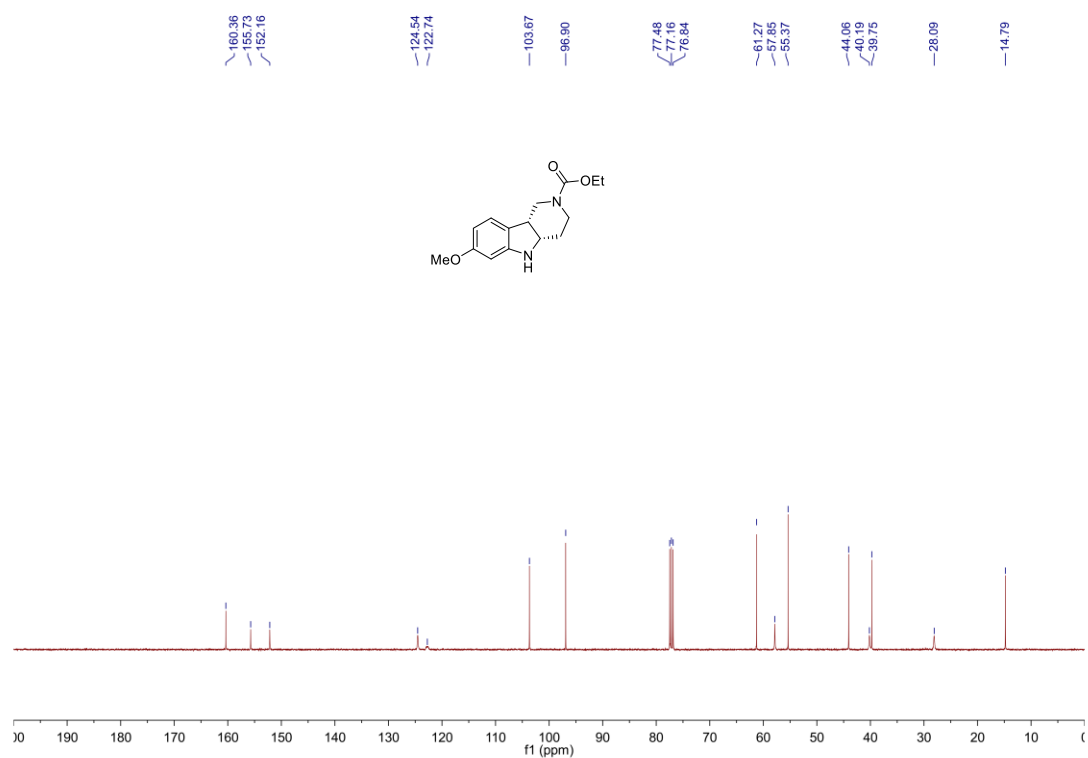
^{13}C NMR (151 MHz, CDCl_3) of compound **6j**



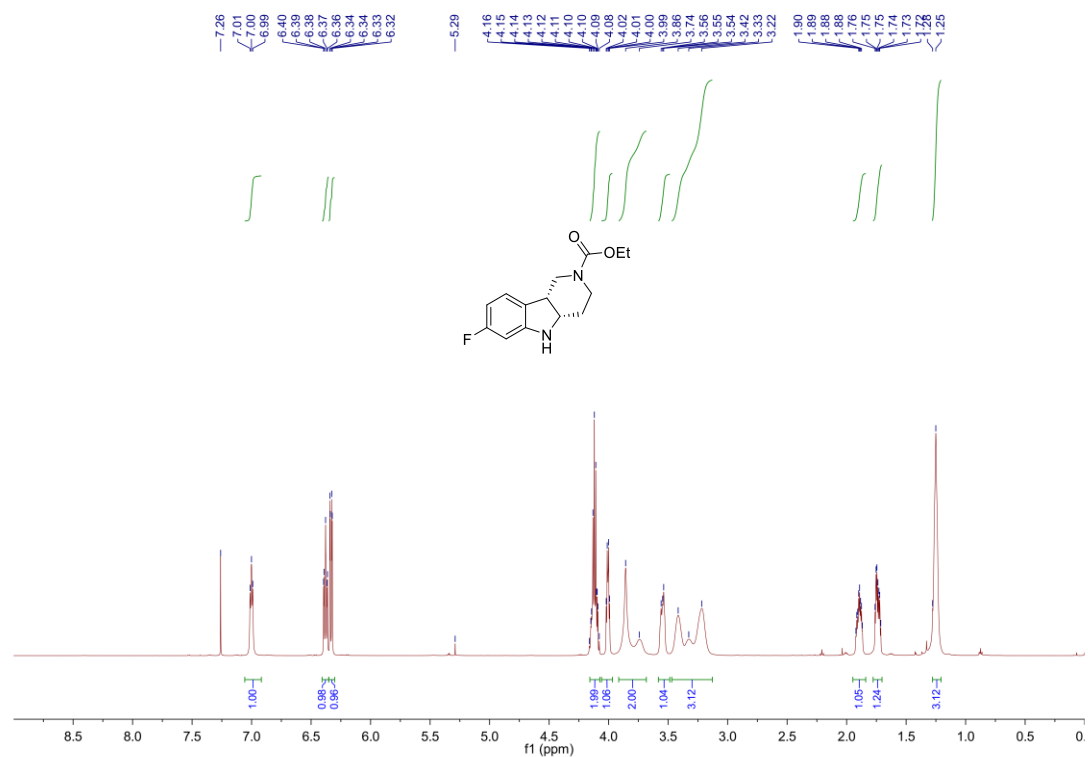
^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3) of compound **6k**



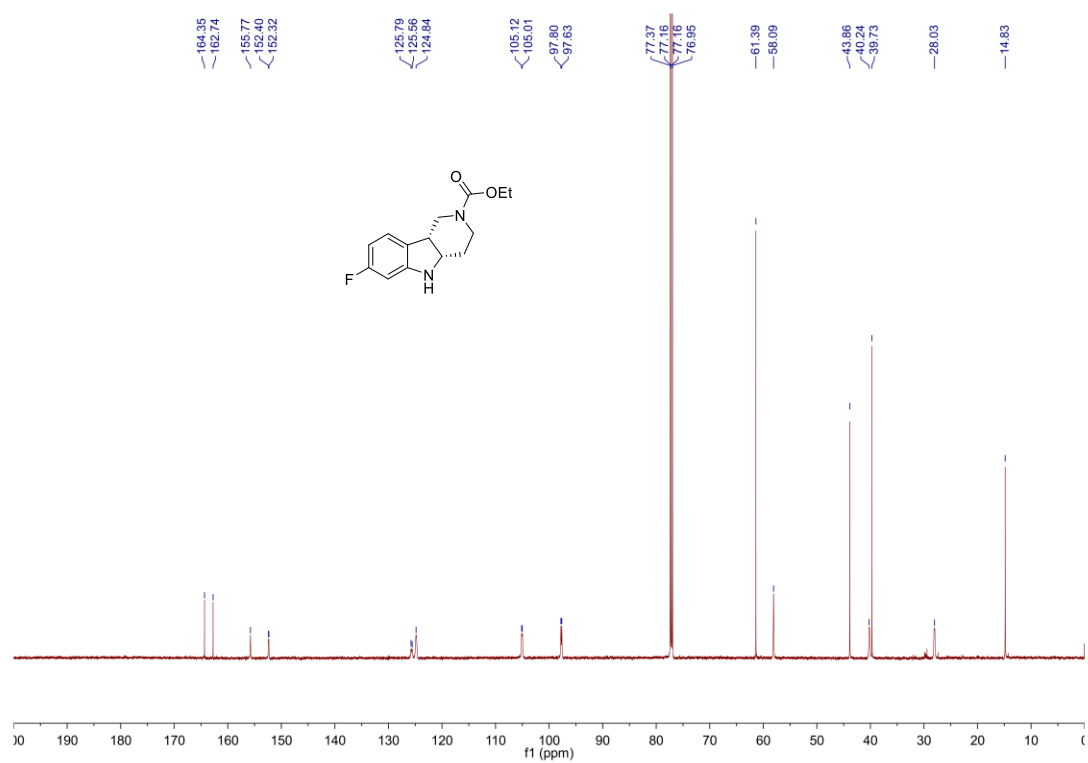
^{13}C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl_3) of compound **6k**



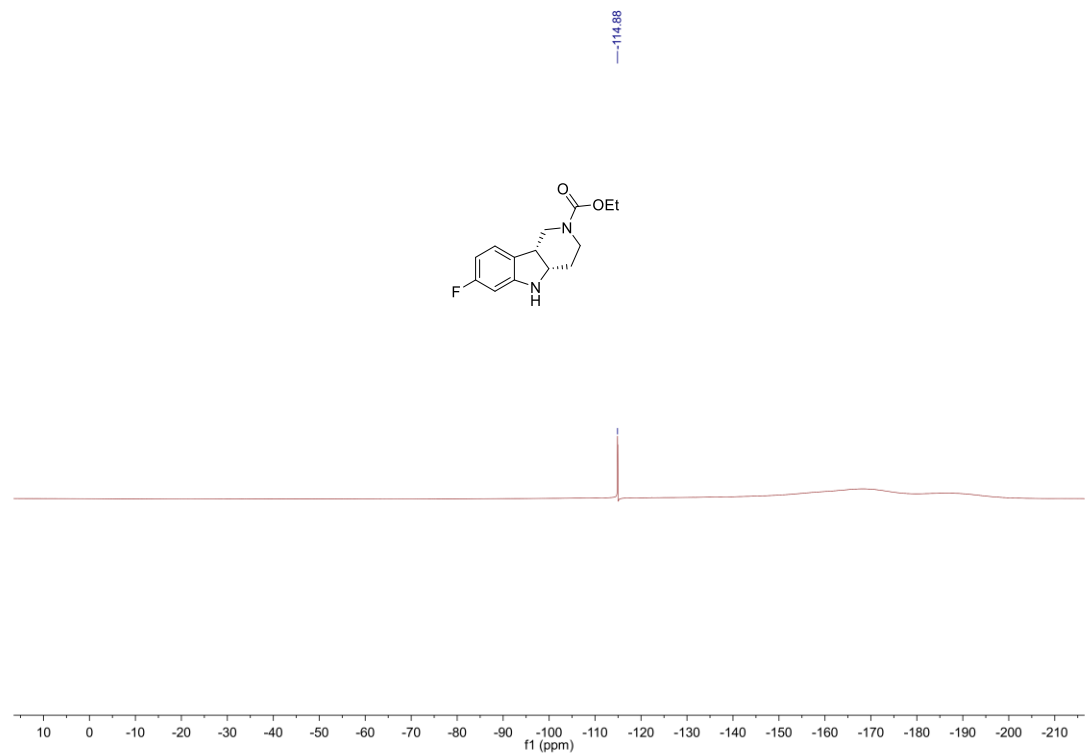
^1H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl_3) of compound **6l**



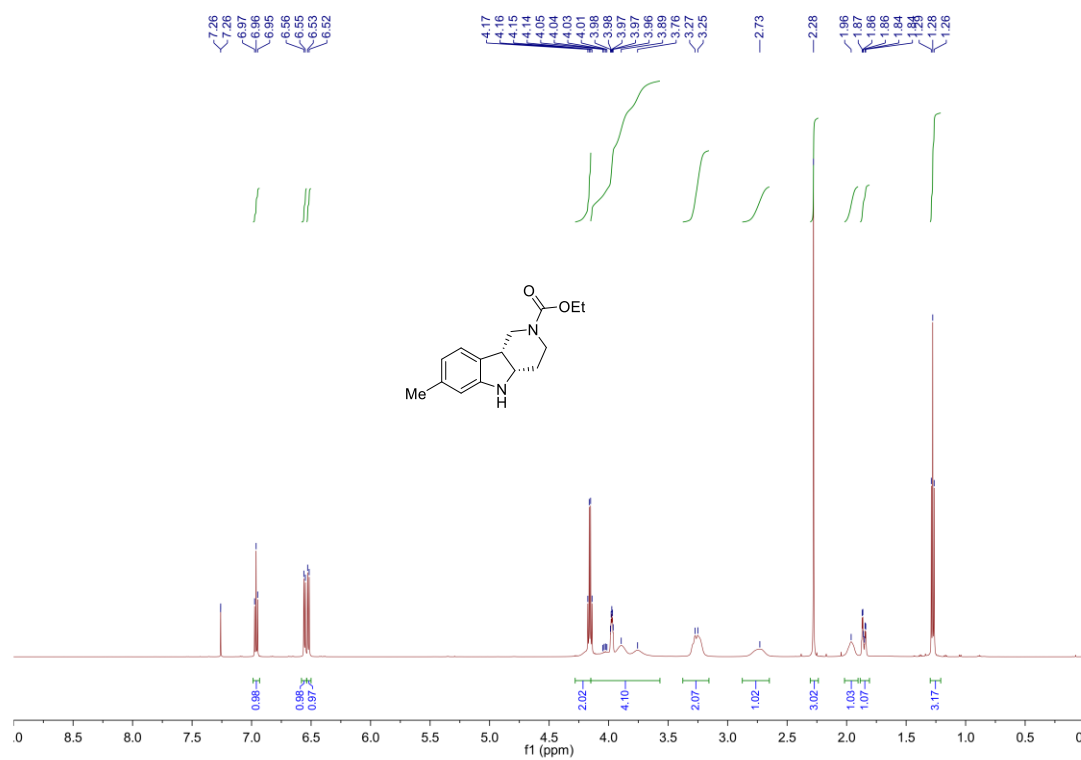
¹³C NMR (151 MHz, CDCl₃) of compound **6l**



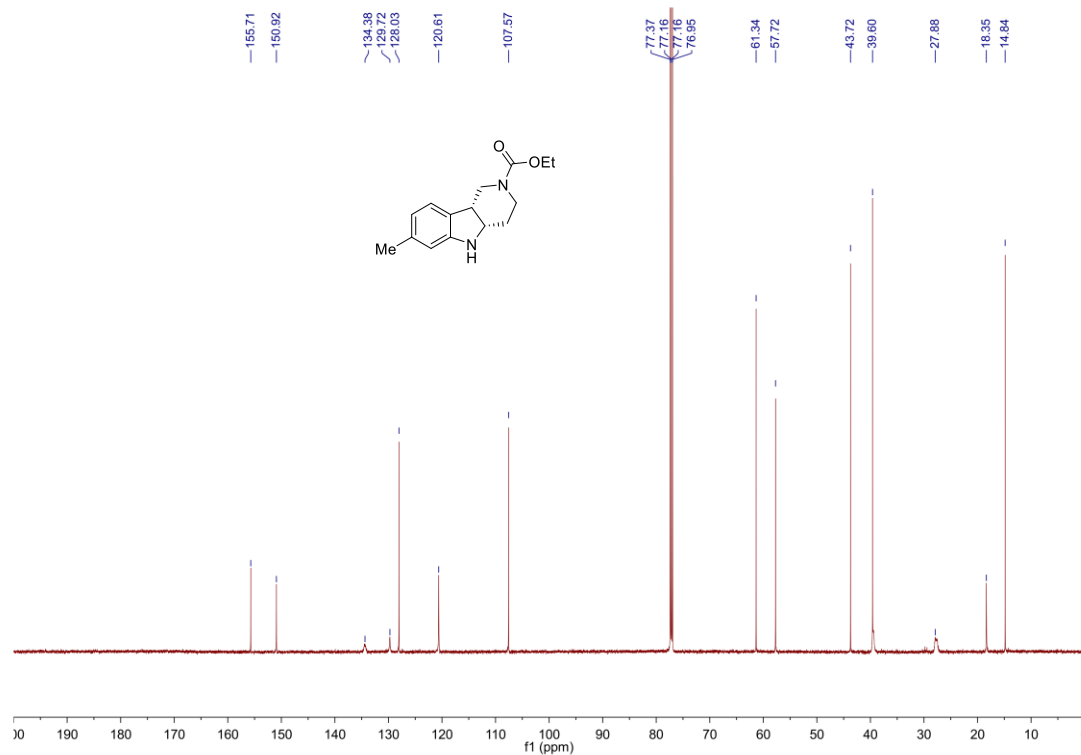
¹⁹F NMR (565 MHz, CDCl₃) of compound **6l**



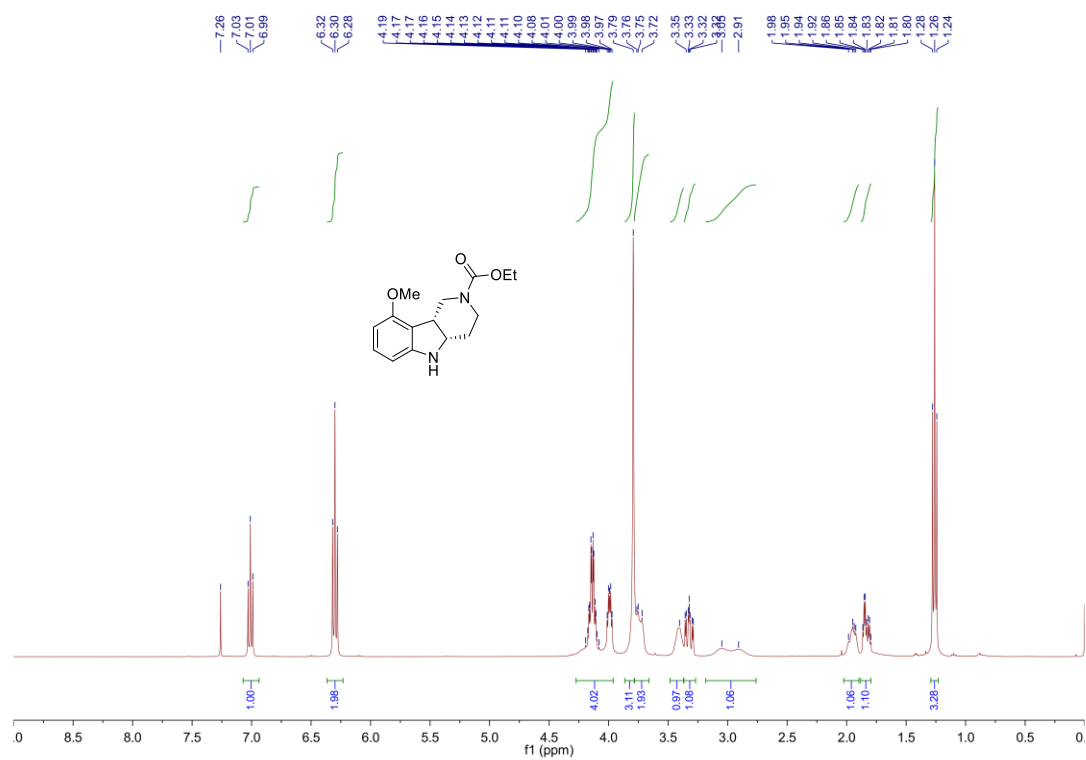
¹H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl₃) of compound **6m**



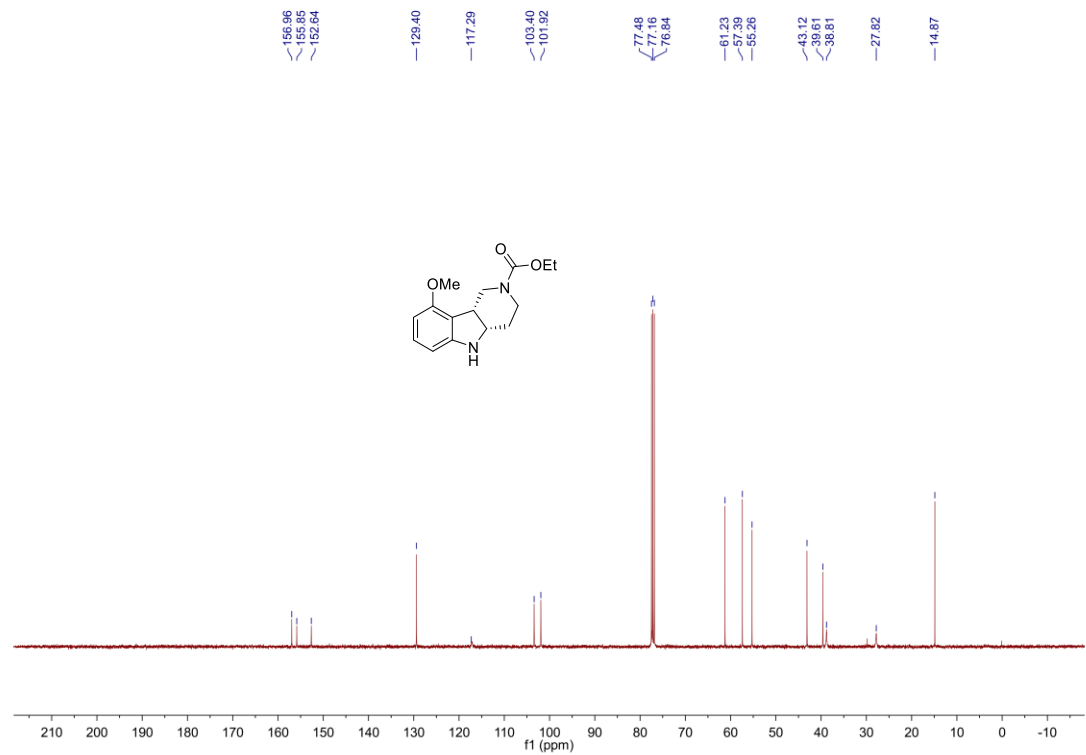
¹³C NMR (151 MHz, CDCl₃) of compound **6m**



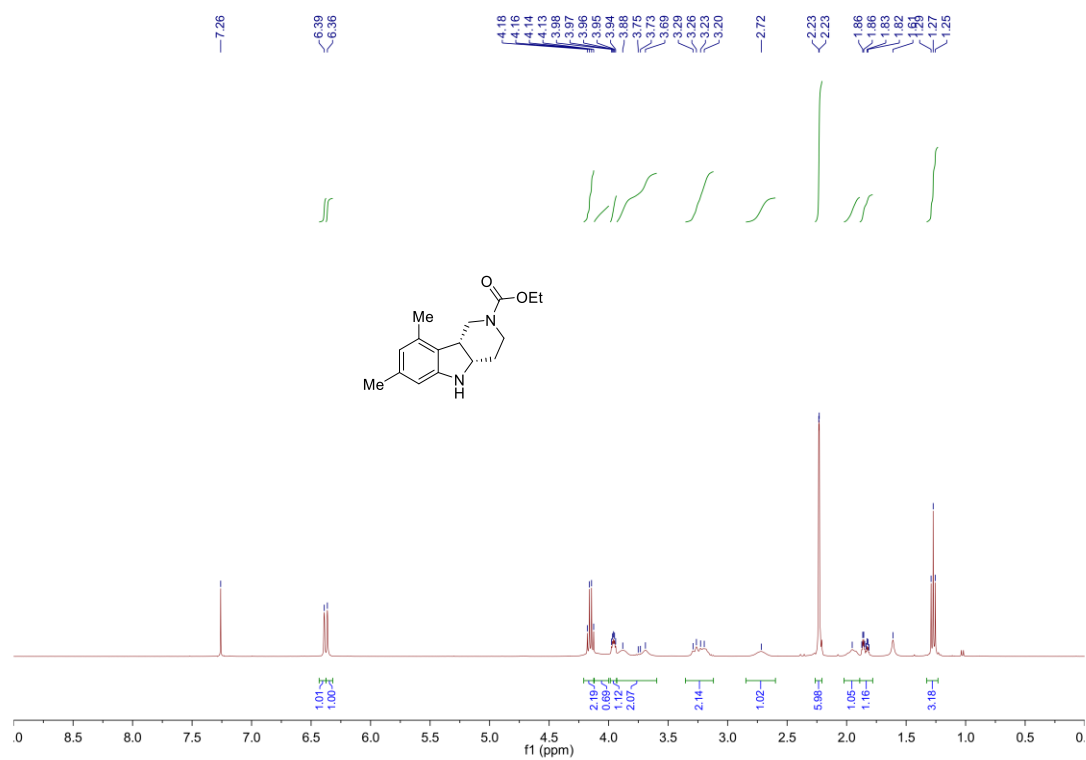
¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) of compound **6n**



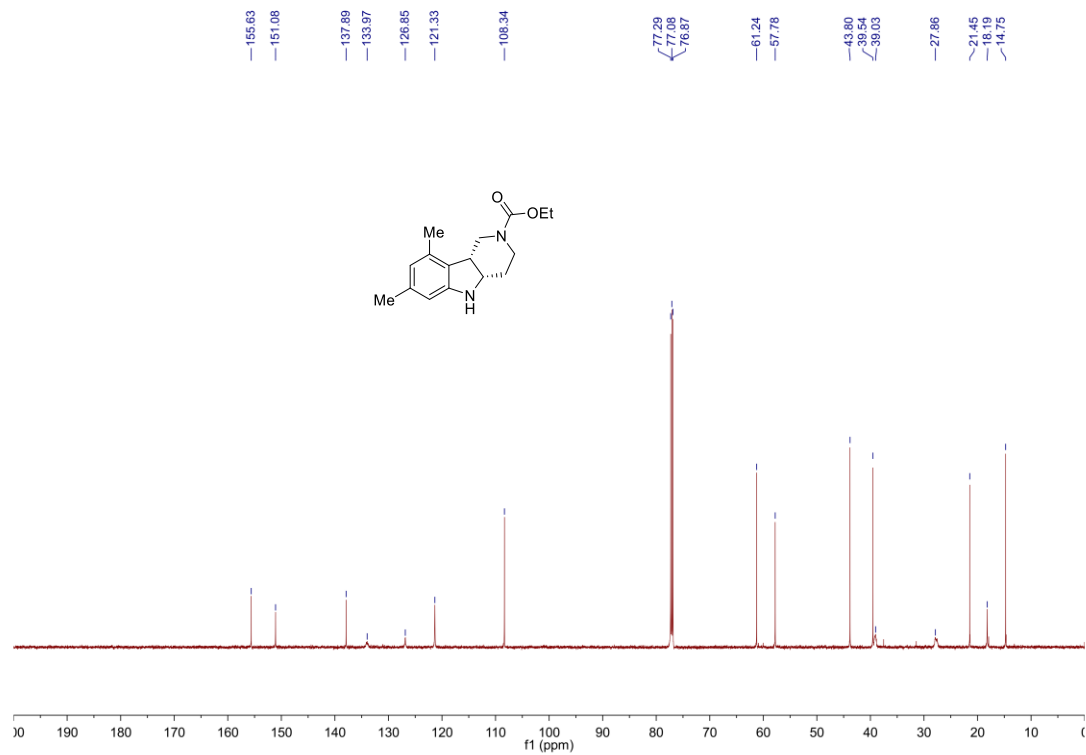
¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) of compound **6n**



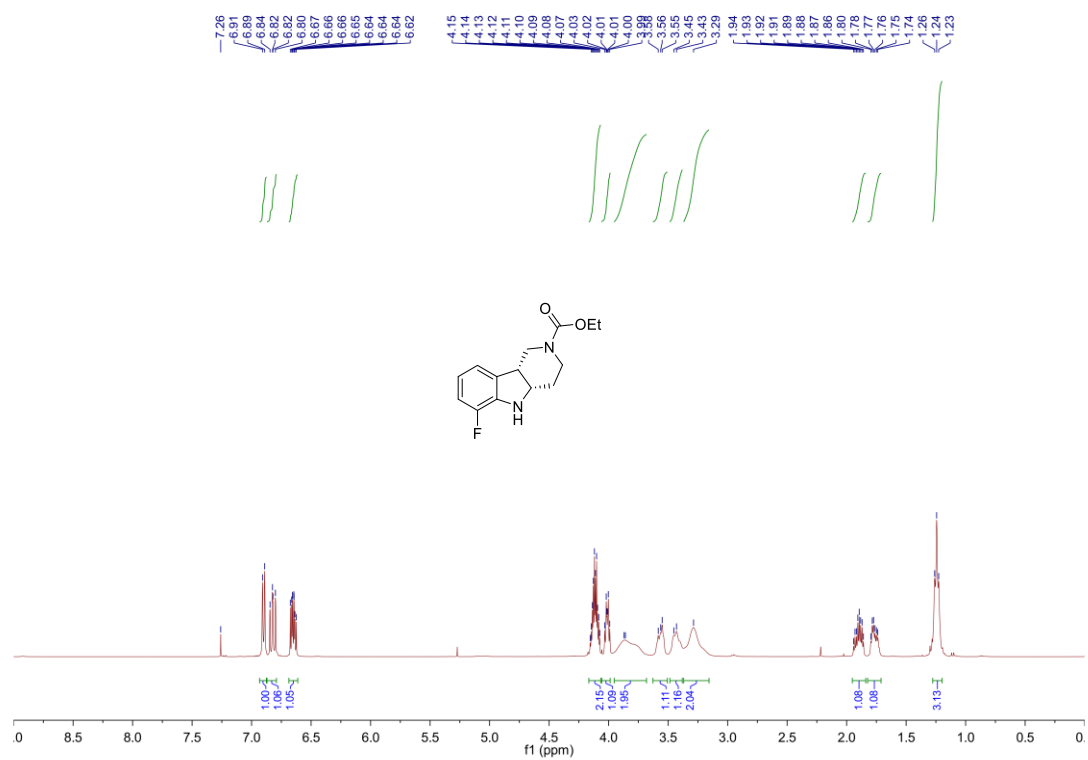
¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) of compound **60**



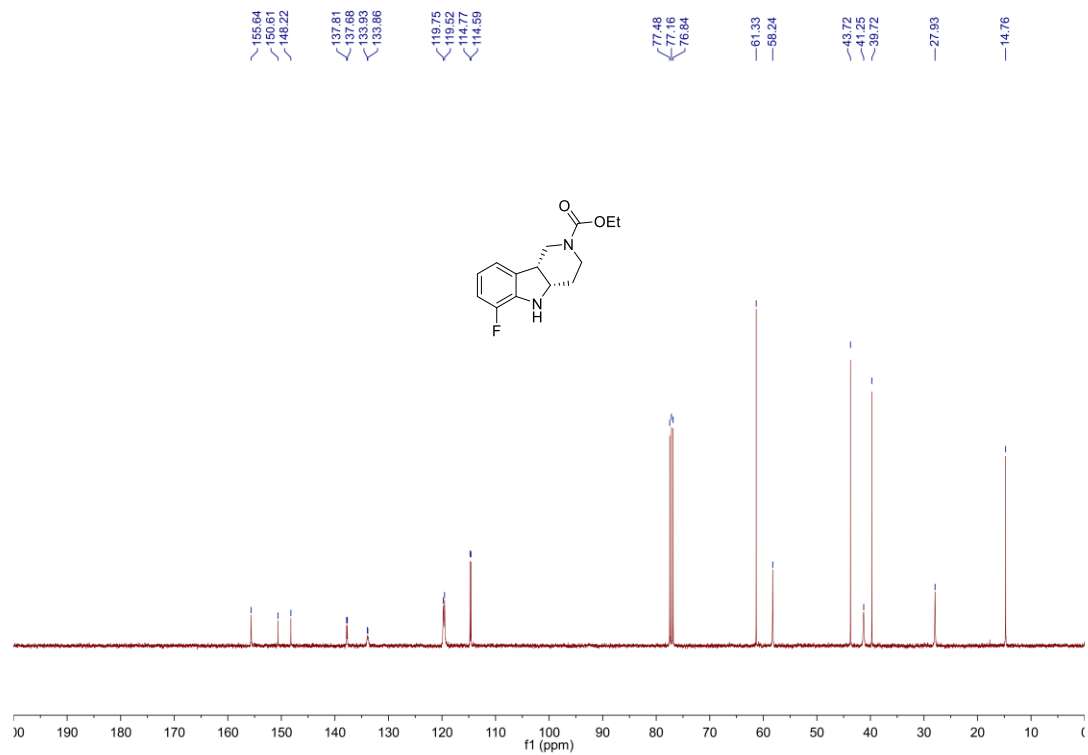
¹³C NMR (151 MHz, CDCl₃) of compound **60**



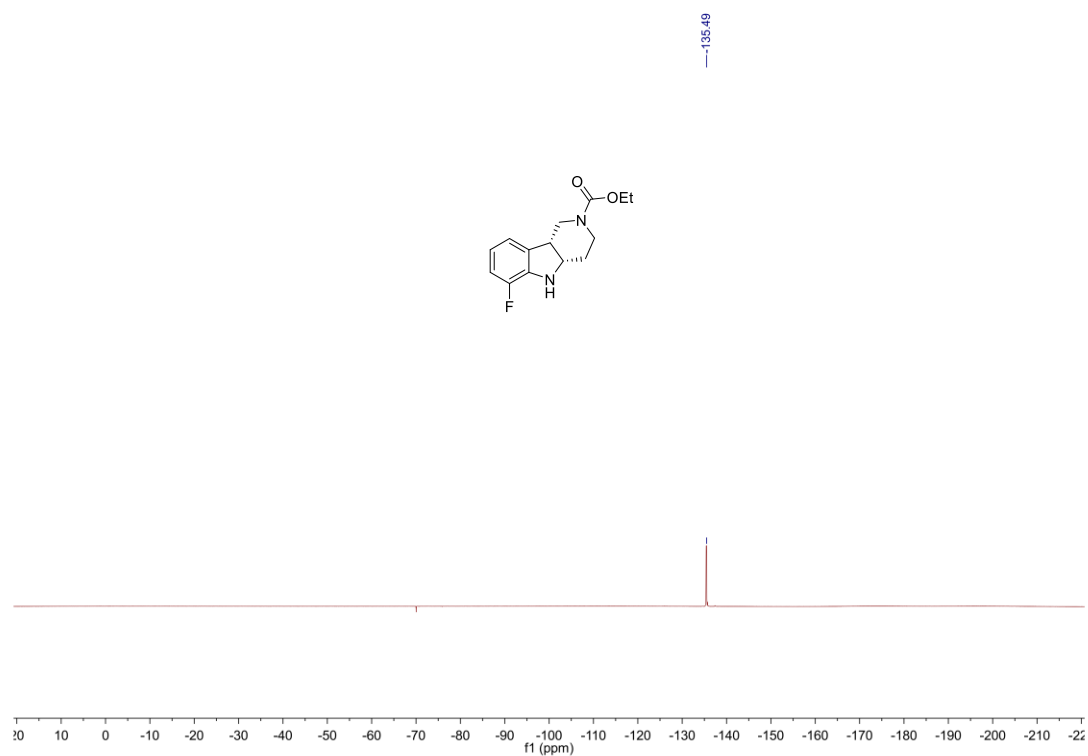
¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) of compound **6p**



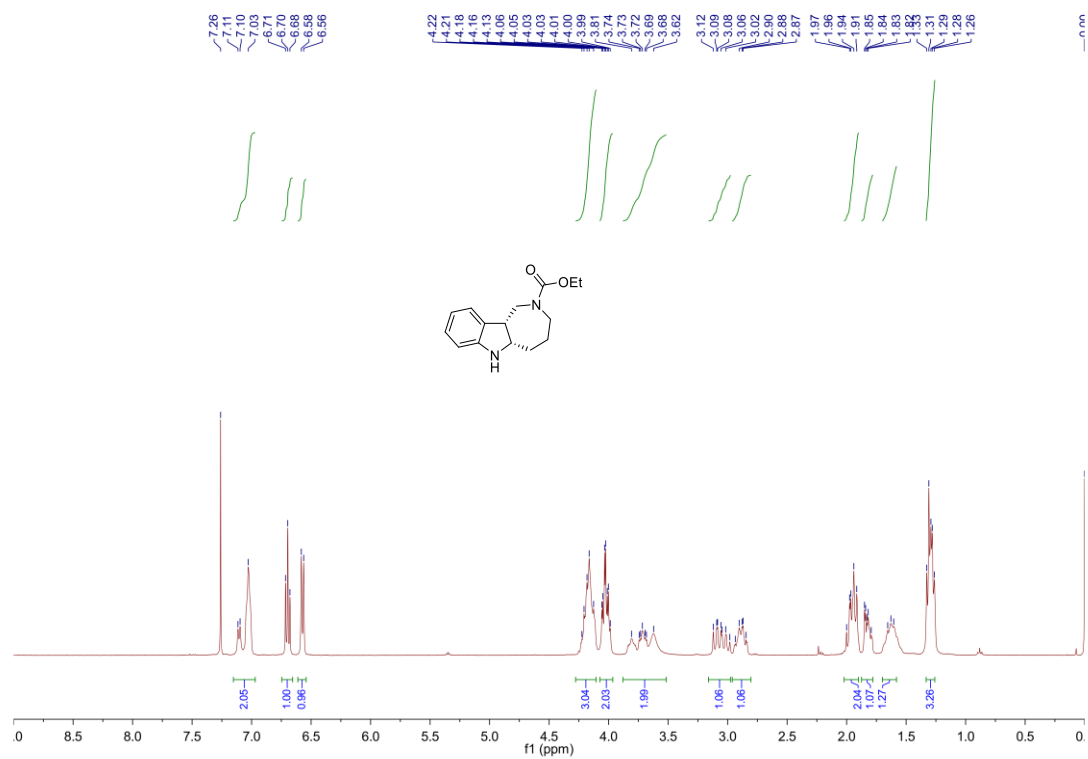
¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) of compound **6p**



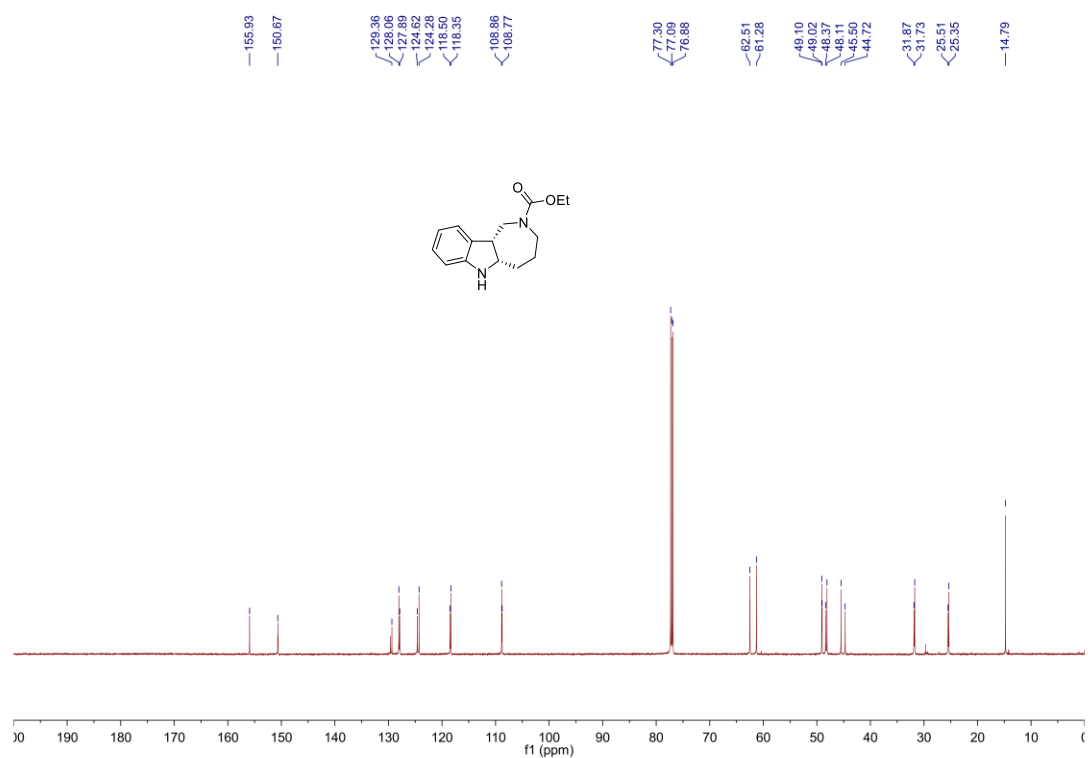
^{19}F NMR (376 MHz, CDCl_3) of compound **6p**



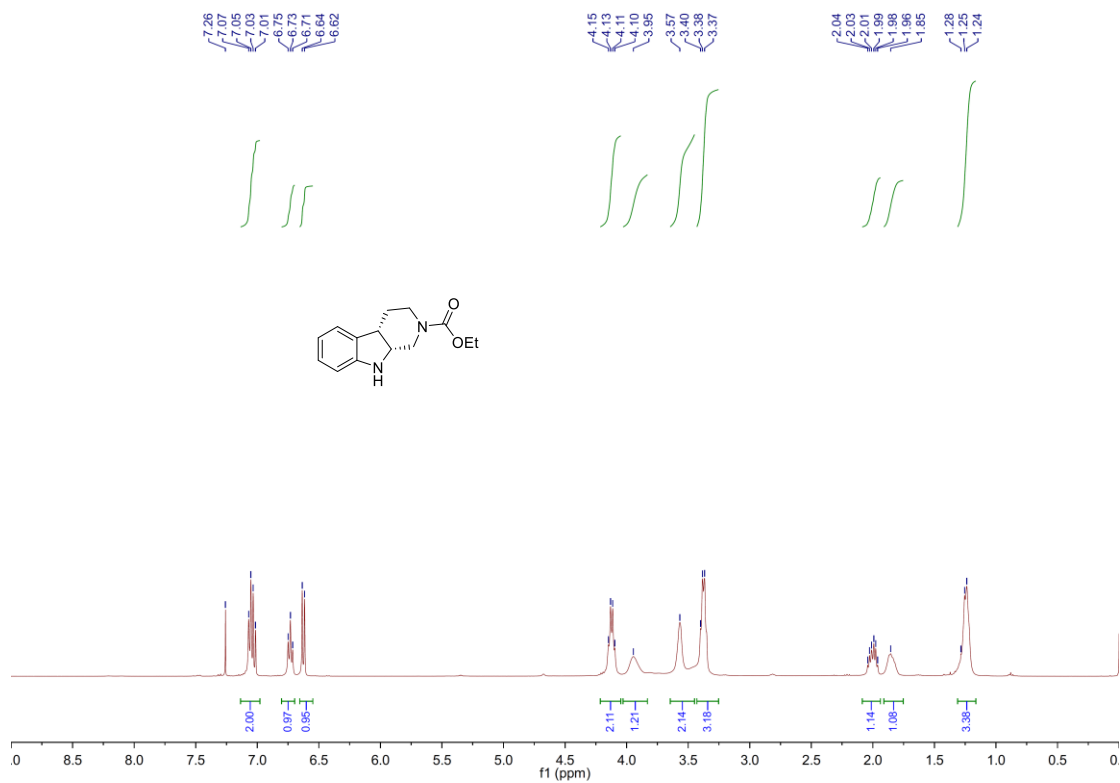
^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3) of compound **6q**



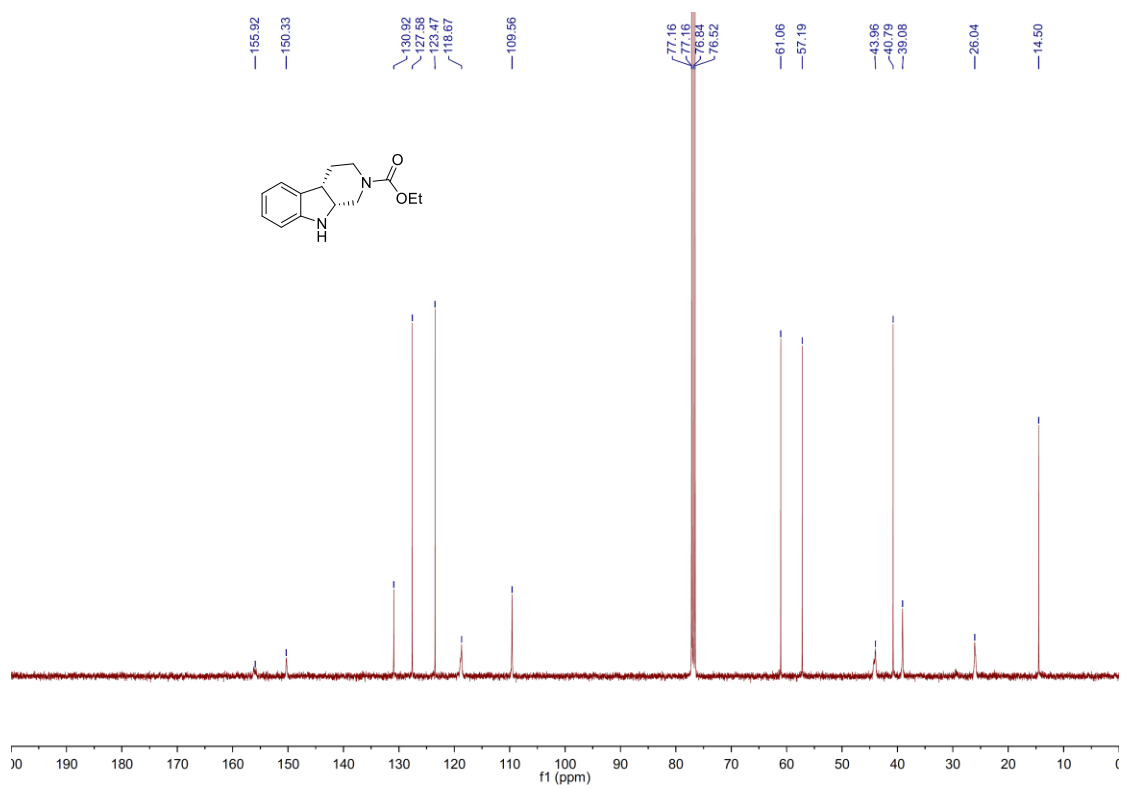
^{13}C NMR (151 MHz, CDCl_3) of compound **6q**



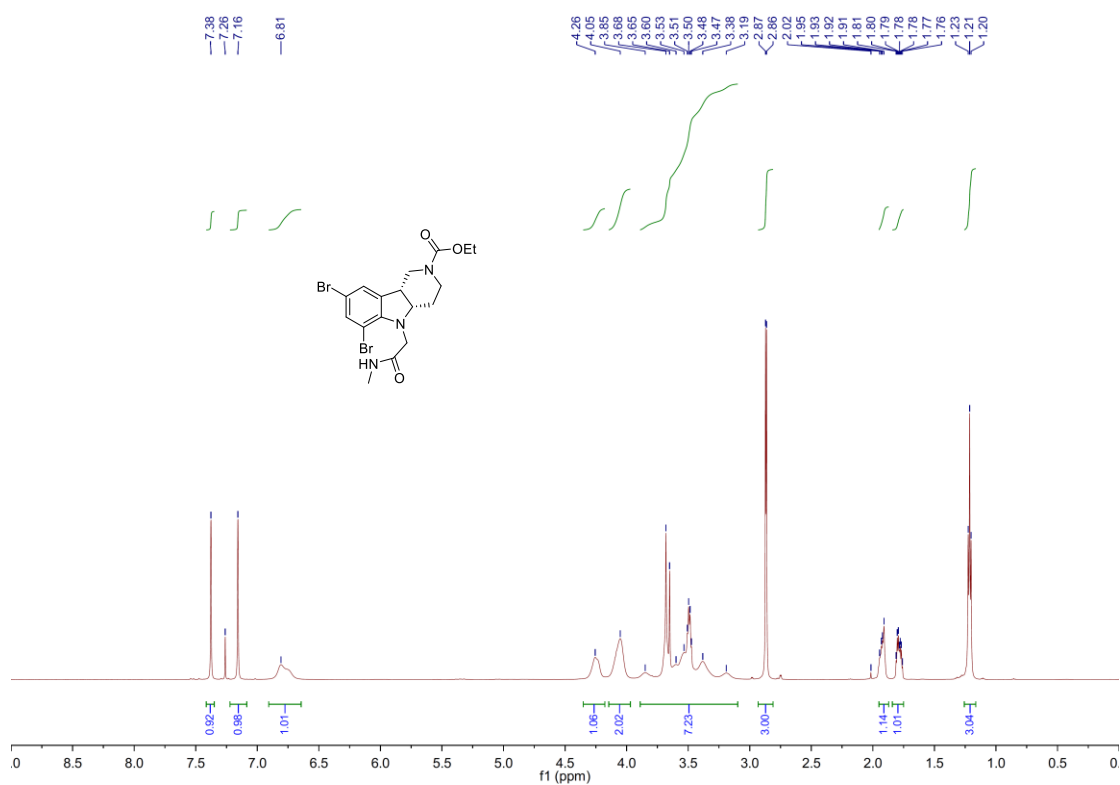
^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3) of compound **6r**



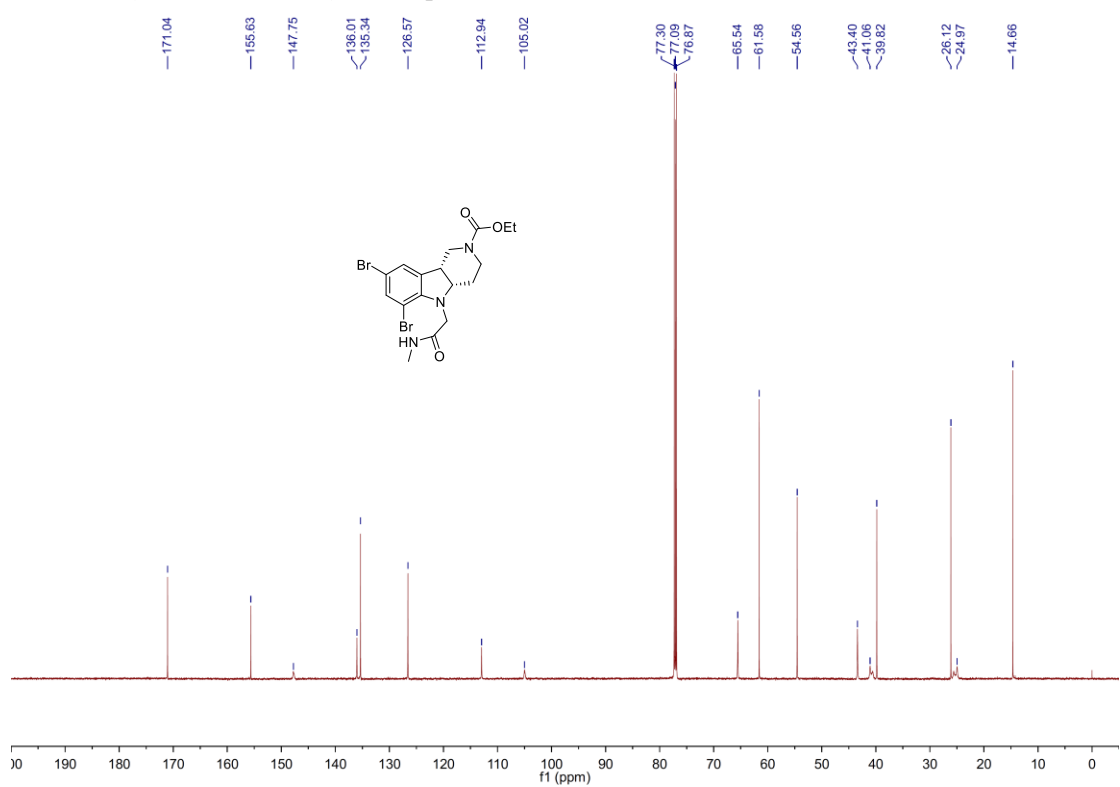
¹³C NMR (151 MHz, CDCl₃) of compound **6r**



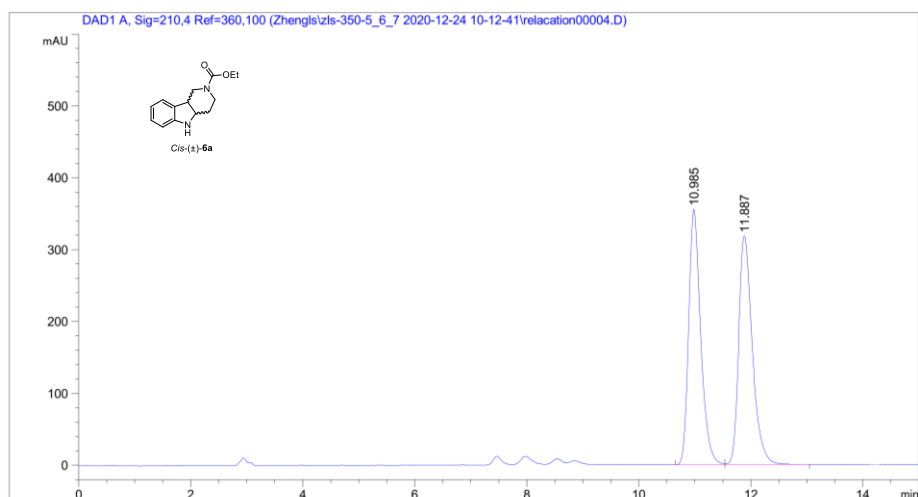
¹H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl₃) of compound **8**



¹³C NMR (151 MHz, CDCl₃) of compound **8**



X. HPLC Spectra of *cis*-(±)-6a-6r, (±)-8 and Chiral Compounds 6a-6r, 8

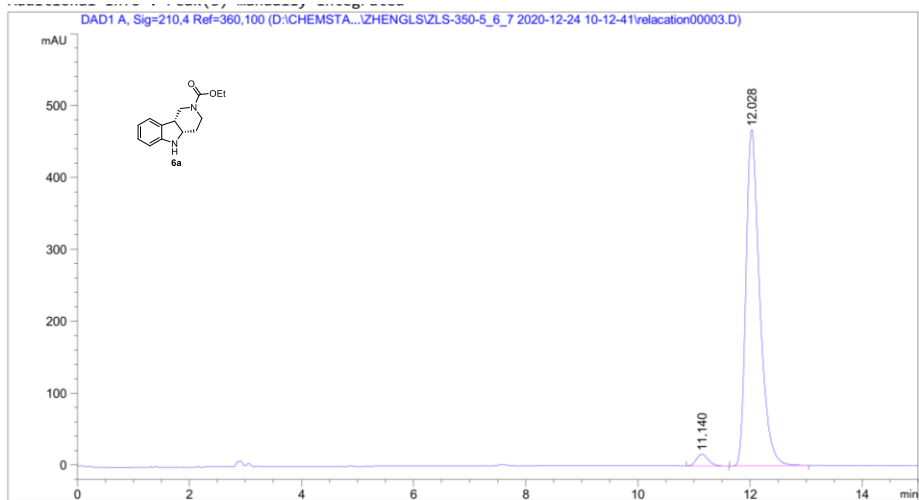


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 Area Percent Report
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Sorted By : Signal
 Multiplier : 1.0000
 Dilution : 1.0000
 Use Multiplier & Dilution Factor with ISTDs

Signal 1: DAD1 A, Sig=210,4 Ref=360,100

Peak #	RetTime [min]	Type	Width [min]	Area [mAU*s]	Height [mAU]	Area %
1	10.985	BV	0.2282	5315.38330	355.95148	49.7995
2	11.887	VB	0.2542	5358.18604	318.58466	50.2005

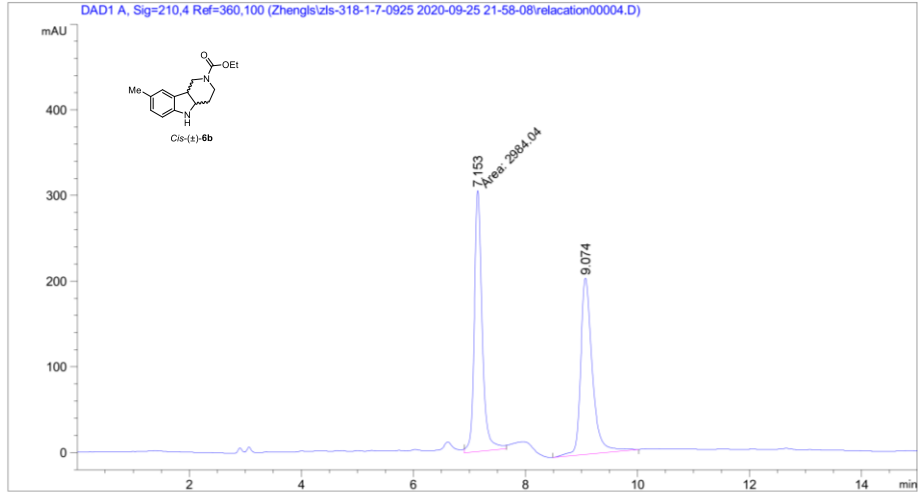


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 Area Percent Report
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Sorted By : Signal
 Multiplier : 1.0000
 Dilution : 1.0000
 Use Multiplier & Dilution Factor with ISTDs

Signal 1: DAD1 A, Sig=210,4 Ref=360,100

Peak #	RetTime [min]	Type	Width [min]	Area [mAU*s]	Height [mAU]	Area %
1	11.140	BB	0.2227	243.16959	16.43012	2.9586
2	12.028	BB	0.2589	7975.86230	467.74191	97.0414

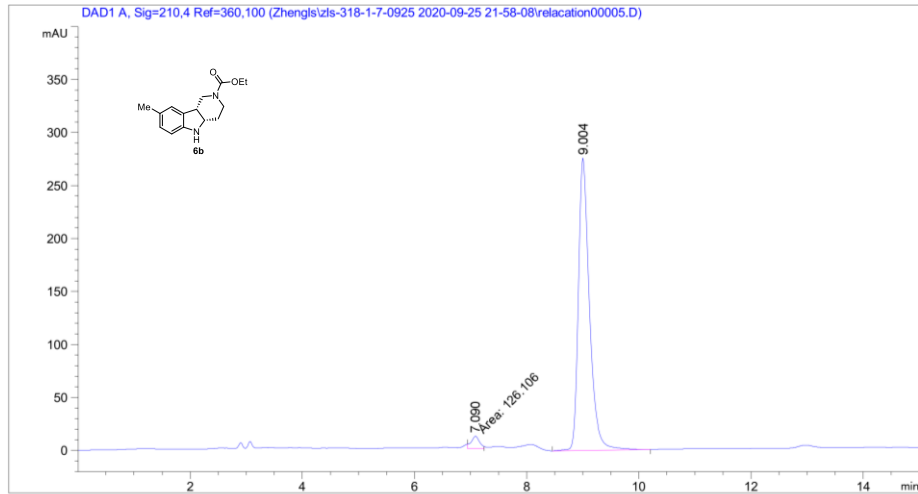


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 Area Percent Report
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Sorted By : Signal
 Multiplier : 1.0000
 Dilution : 1.0000
 Use Multiplier & Dilution Factor with ISTDs

Signal 1: DAD1 A, Sig=210,4 Ref=360,100

Peak #	RetTime [min]	Type	Width [min]	Area [mAU*s]	Height [mAU]	Area %
1	7.153	MM	0.1630	2984.04346	305.06253	50.0901
2	9.074	BB	0.2164	2973.30664	205.95201	49.9099

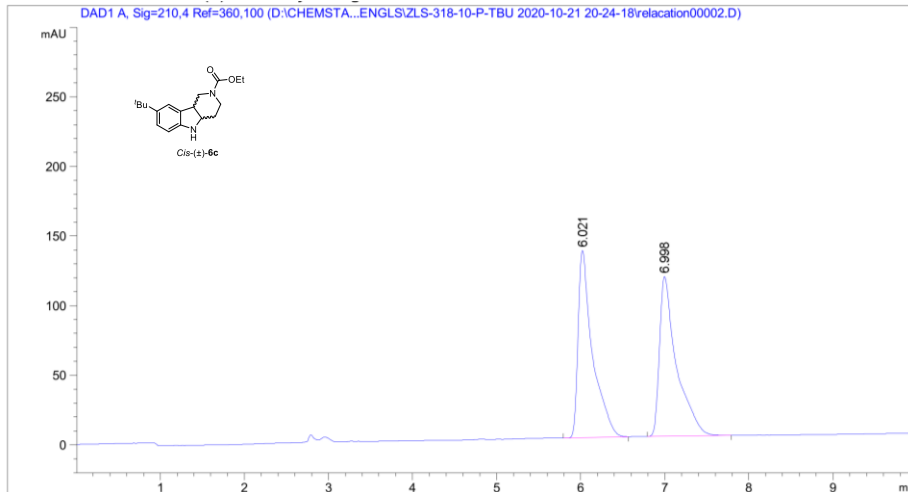


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 Area Percent Report
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Sorted By : Signal
 Multiplier : 1.0000
 Dilution : 1.0000
 Use Multiplier & Dilution Factor with ISTDs

Signal 1: DAD1 A, Sig=210,4 Ref=360,100

Peak #	RetTime [min]	Type	Width [min]	Area [mAU*s]	Height [mAU]	Area %
1	7.090	MM	0.1749	126.10619	12.01711	3.2044
2	9.004	BB	0.2091	3809.24194	275.90793	96.7956

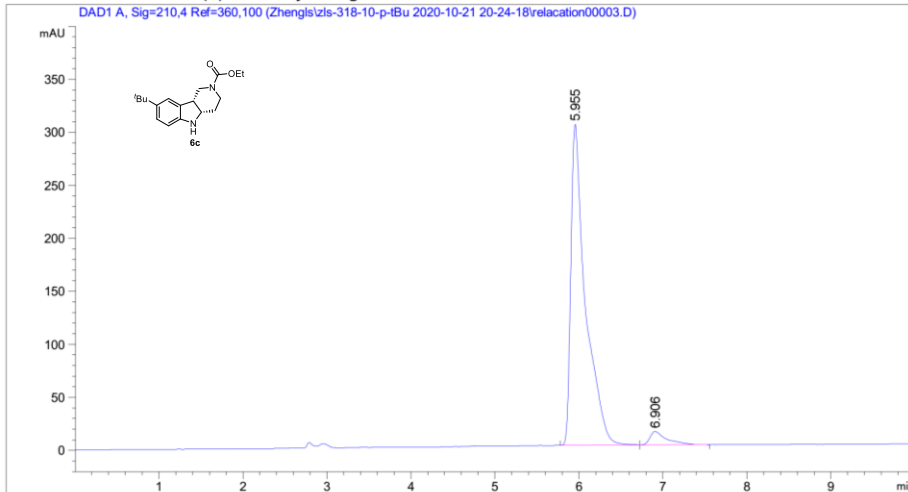


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 Area Percent Report
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Sorted By : Signal
 Multiplier : 1.0000
 Dilution : 1.0000
 Use Multiplier & Dilution Factor with ISTDs

Signal 1: DAD1 A, Sig=210,4 Ref=360,100

Peak #	RetTime [min]	Type	Width [min]	Area [mAU*s]	Height [mAU]	Area %
1	6.021	BB	0.1665	1597.44946	134.53699	49.7772
2	6.998	BB	0.1979	1611.74719	114.72469	50.2228

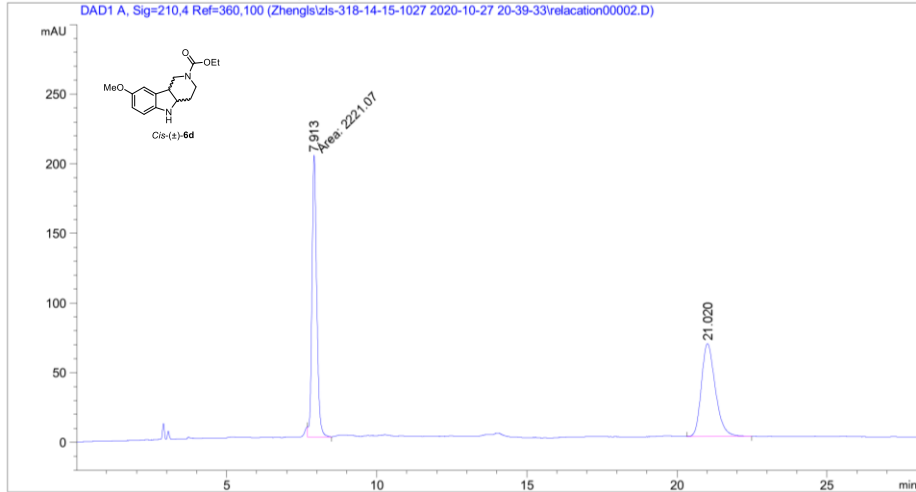


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 Area Percent Report
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Sorted By : Signal
 Multiplier : 1.0000
 Dilution : 1.0000
 Use Multiplier & Dilution Factor with ISTDs

Signal 1: DAD1 A, Sig=210,4 Ref=360,100

Peak #	RetTime [min]	Type	Width [min]	Area [mAU*s]	Height [mAU]	Area %
1	5.955	BV	0.1707	3652.96997	302.90927	95.3470
2	6.906	VB	0.1956	178.26561	12.71069	4.6530

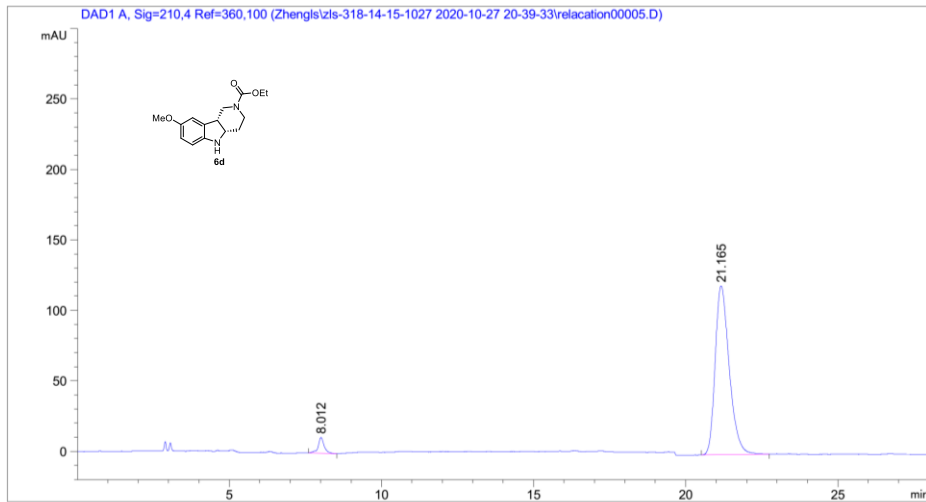


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 Area Percent Report
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Sorted By : Signal
 Multiplier : 1.0000
 Dilution : 1.0000
 Use Multiplier & Dilution Factor with ISTDs

Signal 1: DAD1 A, Sig=210,4 Ref=360,100

Peak #	RetTime [min]	Type	Width [min]	Area [mAU*s]	Height [mAU]	Area %
1	7.913	FM	0.1832	2221.07446	202.02271	50.8606
2	21.020	BB	0.4983	2145.91406	66.52642	49.1394

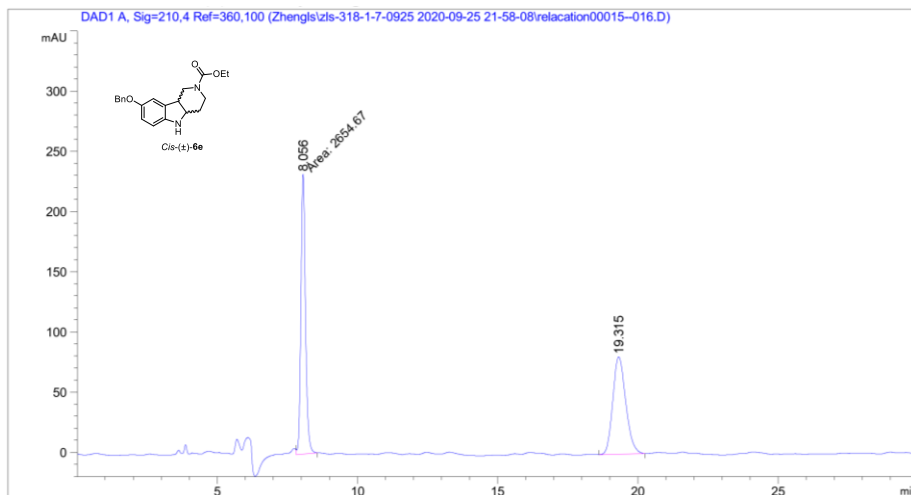


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 Area Percent Report
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Sorted By : Signal
 Multiplier : 1.0000
 Dilution : 1.0000
 Use Multiplier & Dilution Factor with ISTDs

Signal 1: DAD1 A, Sig=210,4 Ref=360,100

Peak #	RetTime [min]	Type	Width [min]	Area [mAU*s]	Height [mAU]	Area %
1	8.012	BB	0.2029	153.82138	11.15668	3.8424
2	21.165	BB	0.4908	3849.46509	119.82839	96.1576

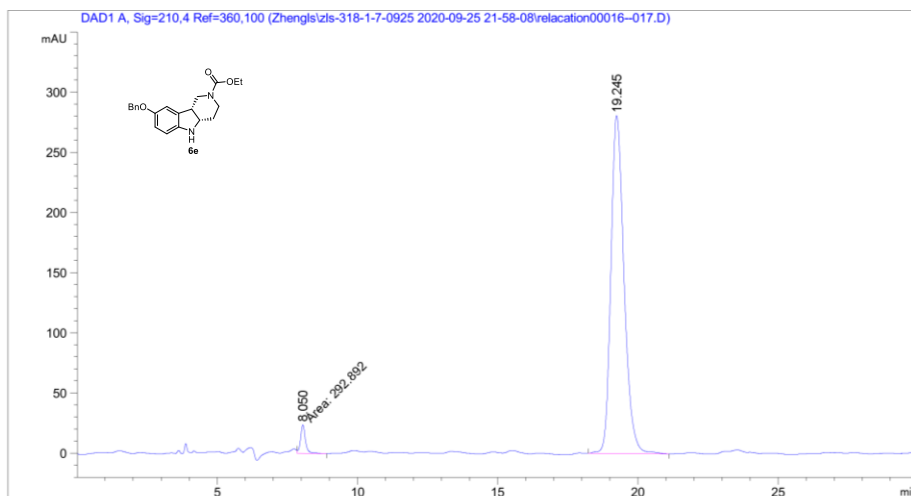


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Area Percent Report
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Sorted By : Signal
Multiplier : 1.0000
Dilution : 1.0000
Use Multiplier & Dilution Factor with ISTDs

Signal 1: DAD1 A, Sig=210,4 Ref=360,100

Peak #	RetTime [min]	Type	Width [min]	Area [mAU*s]	Height [mAU]	Area %
1	8.056	MM	0.1903	2654.66602	232.48933	50.6264
2	19.315	BB	0.4943	2588.96899	80.69235	49.3736

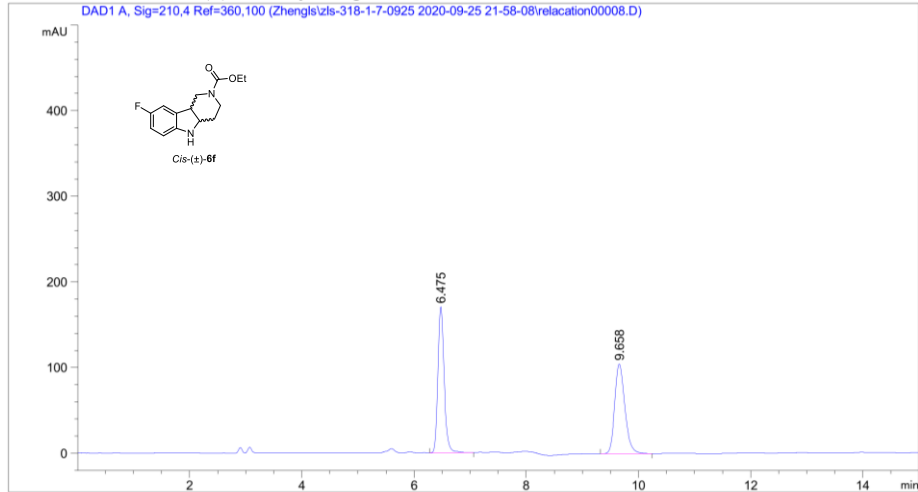


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Area Percent Report
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Sorted By : Signal
Multiplier : 1.0000
Dilution : 1.0000
Use Multiplier & Dilution Factor with ISTDs

Signal 1: DAD1 A, Sig=210,4 Ref=360,100

Peak #	RetTime [min]	Type	Width [min]	Area [mAU*s]	Height [mAU]	Area %
1	8.050	FM	0.2072	292.89197	23.56196	3.0967
2	19.245	BB	0.4986	9165.36328	280.94107	96.9033

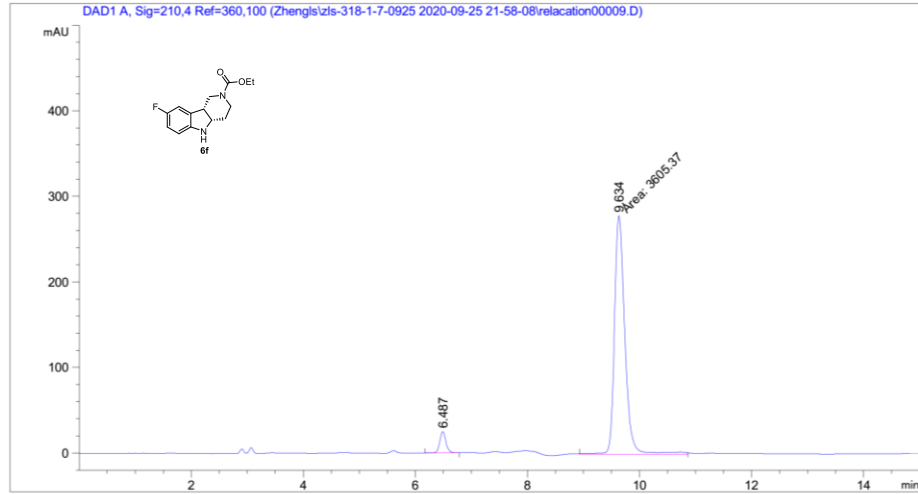


=====
 Area Percent Report
 =====

Sorted By : Signal
 Multiplier : 1.0000
 Dilution : 1.0000
 Use Multiplier & Dilution Factor with ISTDs

Signal 1: DAD1 A, Sig=210,4 Ref=360,100

Peak #	RetTime [min]	Type	Width [min]	Area [mAU*s]	Height [mAU]	Area %
1	6.475	BB	0.1177	1310.66931	170.44864	49.9947
2	9.658	BB	0.1923	1310.94775	104.55303	50.0053

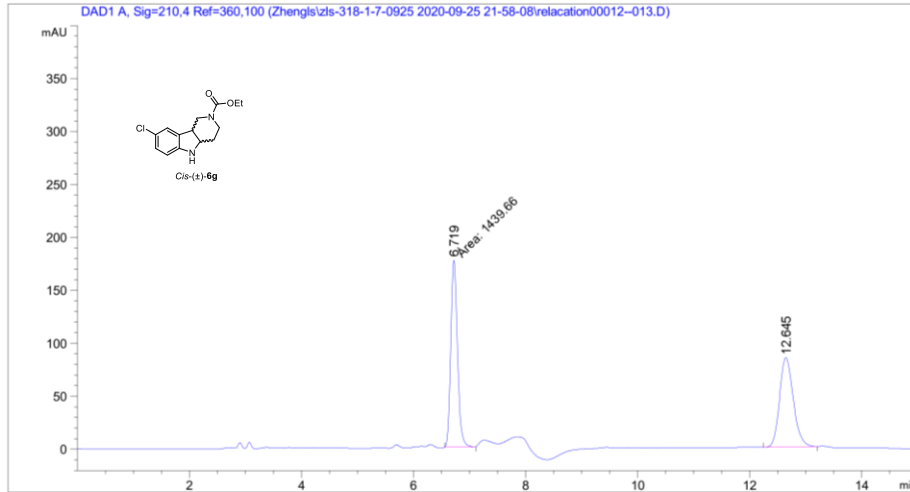


=====
 Area Percent Report
 =====

Sorted By : Signal
 Multiplier : 1.0000
 Dilution : 1.0000
 Use Multiplier & Dilution Factor with ISTDs

Signal 1: DAD1 A, Sig=210,4 Ref=360,100

Peak #	RetTime [min]	Type	Width [min]	Area [mAU*s]	Height [mAU]	Area %
1	6.487	BB	0.1176	190.54088	24.80309	5.0196
2	9.634	MM	0.2156	3605.37231	278.73877	94.9804

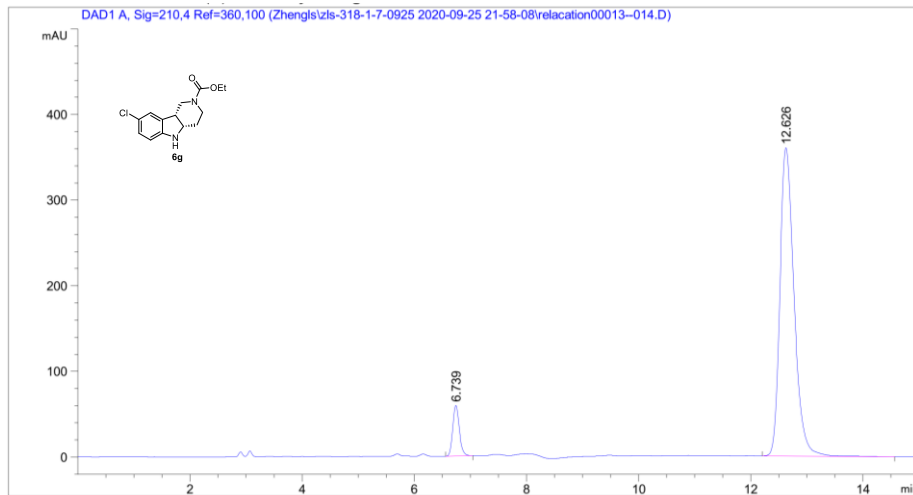


=====
Area Percent Report
=====

Sorted By : Signal
Multiplier : 1.0000
Dilution : 1.0000
Use Multiplier & Dilution Factor with ISTDs

Signal 1: DAD1 A, Sig=210,4 Ref=360,100

Peak #	RetTime [min]	Type	Width [min]	Area [mAU*s]	Height [mAU]	Area %
1	6.719	MM	0.1361	1439.65698	176.36047	50.1169
2	12.645	BB	0.2624	1432.94031	84.26061	49.8831

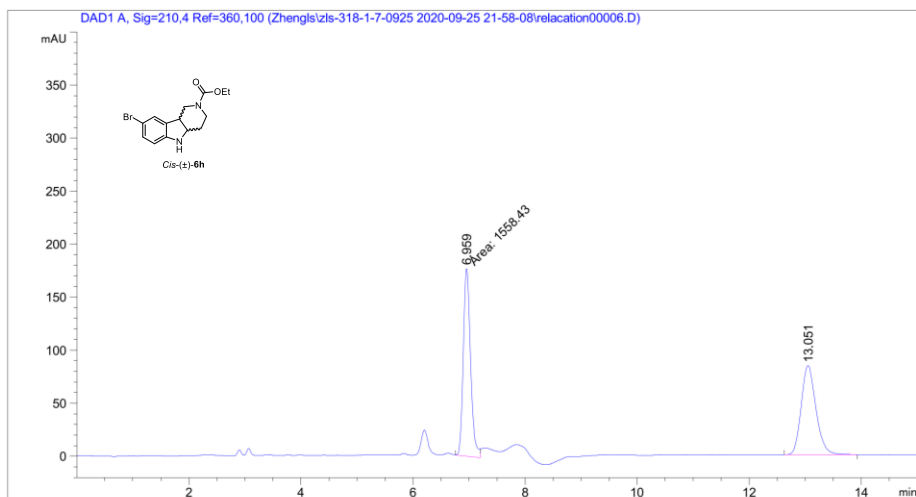


=====
Area Percent Report
=====

Sorted By : Signal
Multiplier : 1.0000
Dilution : 1.0000
Use Multiplier & Dilution Factor with ISTDs

Signal 1: DAD1 A, Sig=210,4 Ref=360,100

Peak #	RetTime [min]	Type	Width [min]	Area [mAU*s]	Height [mAU]	Area %
1	6.739	BB	0.1247	480.41342	59.17236	7.0951
2	12.626	BB	0.2660	6290.67041	359.75702	92.9049

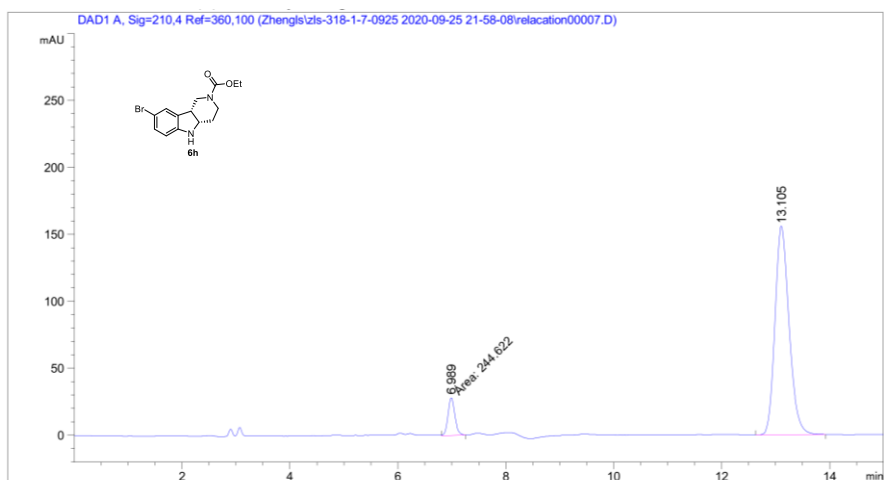


=====
 Area Percent Report
 =====

Sorted By : Signal
 Multiplier : 1.0000
 Dilution : 1.0000
 Use Multiplier & Dilution Factor with ISTDs

Signal 1: DAD1 A, Sig=210,4 Ref=360,100

Peak #	RetTime [min]	Type	Width [min]	Area [mAU*s]	Height [mAU]	Area %
1	6.959	MF	0.1467	1558.42932	176.99638	50.3561
2	13.051	BB	0.2811	1536.38818	84.12392	49.6439

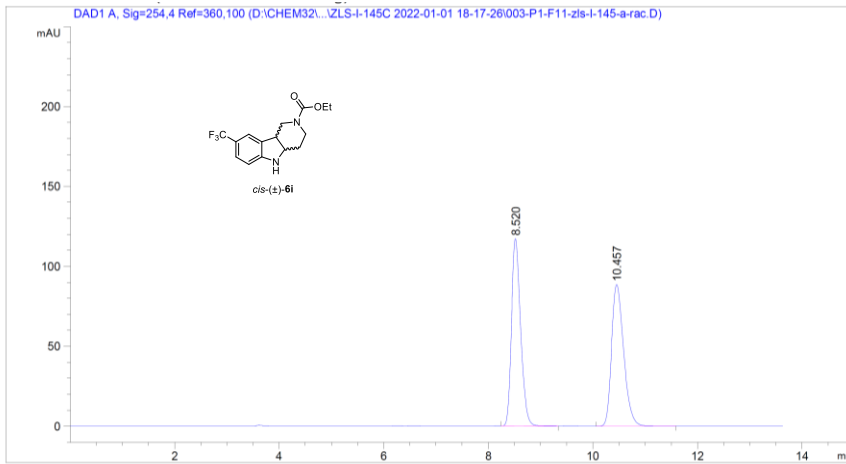


=====
 Area Percent Report
 =====

Sorted By : Signal
 Multiplier : 1.0000
 Dilution : 1.0000
 Use Multiplier & Dilution Factor with ISTDs

Signal 1: DAD1 A, Sig=210,4 Ref=360,100

Peak #	RetTime [min]	Type	Width [min]	Area [mAU*s]	Height [mAU]	Area %
1	6.989	MM	0.1448	244.62207	28.15826	7.9510
2	13.105	BB	0.2801	2832.00342	155.73909	92.0490

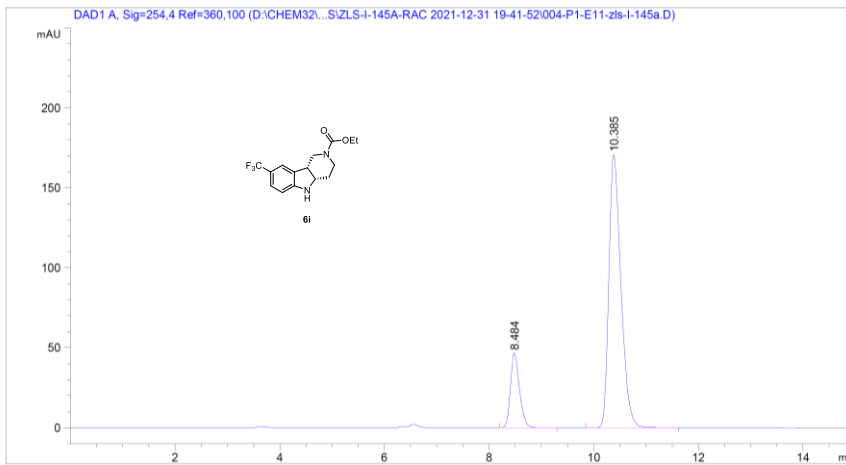


=====
Area Percent Report
=====

Sorted By : Signal
Multiplier : 1.0000
Dilution : 1.0000
Use Multiplier & Dilution Factor with ISTDs

Signal 1: DAD1 A, Sig=254,4 Ref=360,100

Peak #	RetTime [min]	Type	Width [min]	Area [mAU*s]	Height [mAU]	Area %
1	8.520	BB	0.1853	1418.84399	117.17514	49.9853
2	10.457	BB	0.2450	1419.67676	88.58092	50.0147

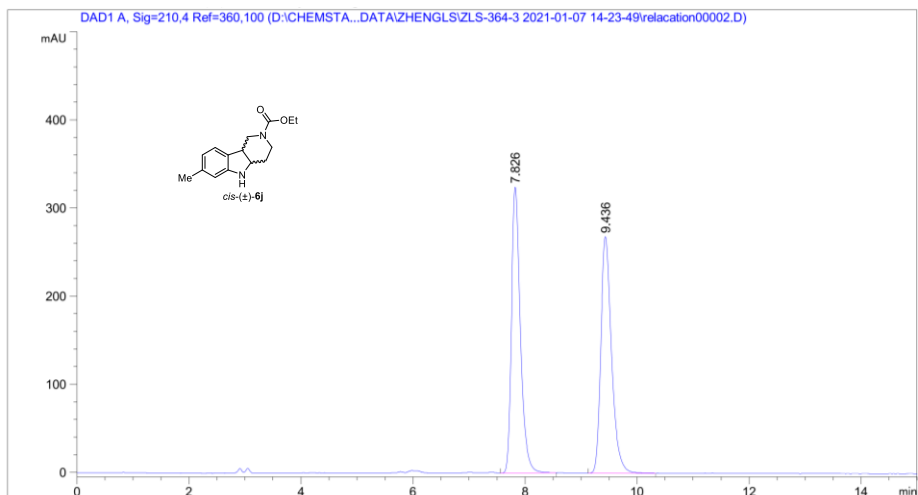


=====
Area Percent Report
=====

Sorted By : Signal
Multiplier : 1.0000
Dilution : 1.0000
Use Multiplier & Dilution Factor with ISTDs

Signal 1: DAD1 A, Sig=254,4 Ref=360,100

Peak #	RetTime [min]	Type	Width [min]	Area [mAU*s]	Height [mAU]	Area %
1	8.484	BB	0.1844	560.01794	46.54556	17.0085
2	10.385	BB	0.2450	2732.56836	170.49403	82.9915

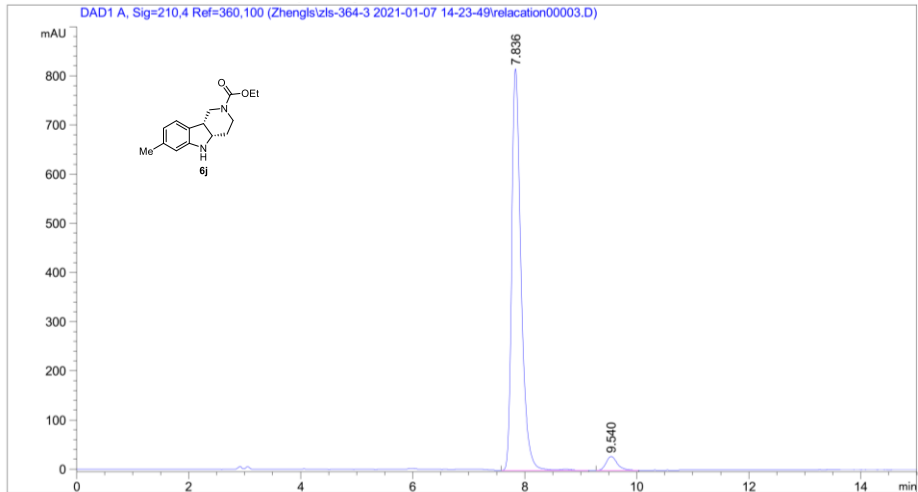


=====
 Area Percent Report
 =====

Sorted By : Signal
 Multiplier : 1.0000
 Dilution : 1.0000
 Use Multiplier & Dilution Factor with ISTDs

Signal 1: DAD1 A, Sig=210,4 Ref=360,100

Peak #	RetTime [min]	Type	Width [min]	Area [mAU*s]	Height [mAU]	Area %
1	7.826	BB	0.1667	3579.00610	324.40195	49.9409
2	9.436	BB	0.2028	3561.82275	268.36957	49.7011
3	18.483	BB	0.2397	25.65842	1.38788	0.3580

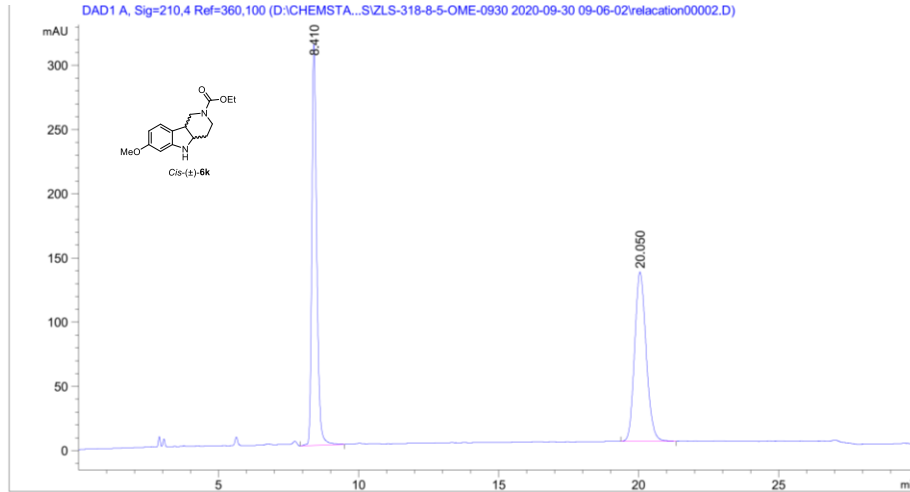


=====
 Area Percent Report
 =====

Sorted By : Signal
 Multiplier : 1.0000
 Dilution : 1.0000
 Use Multiplier & Dilution Factor with ISTDs

Signal 1: DAD1 A, Sig=210,4 Ref=360,100

Peak #	RetTime [min]	Type	Width [min]	Area [mAU*s]	Height [mAU]	Area %
1	7.836	BV R	0.1740	9413.04492	817.04395	96.0429
2	9.540	BB	0.2061	387.82751	28.25919	3.9571

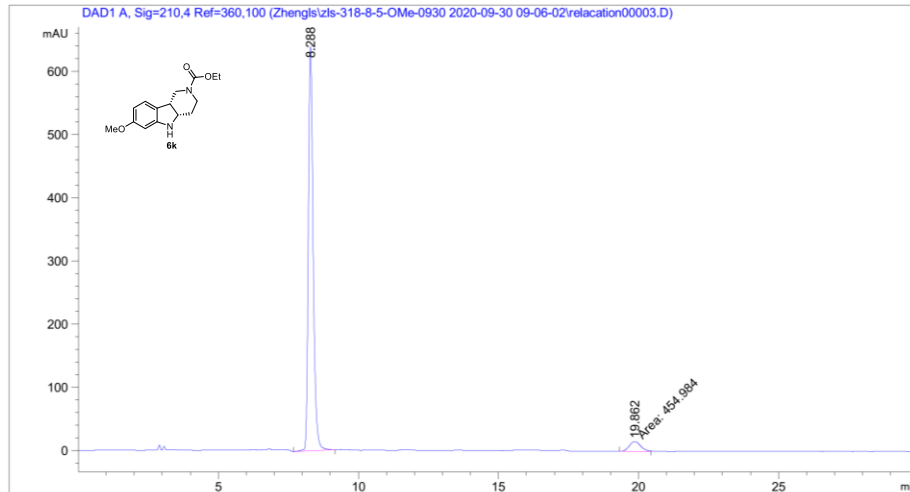


=====
 Area Percent Report
 =====

Sorted By : Signal
 Multiplier : 1.0000
 Dilution : 1.0000
 Use Multiplier & Dilution Factor with ISTDs

Signal 1: DAD1 A, Sig=210,4 Ref=360,100

Peak #	RetTime [min]	Type	Width [min]	Area [mAU*s]	Height [mAU]	Area %
1	8.410	BB	0.1869	3824.94849	312.24997	50.3719
2	20.050	BB	0.4436	3768.46826	131.80142	49.6281

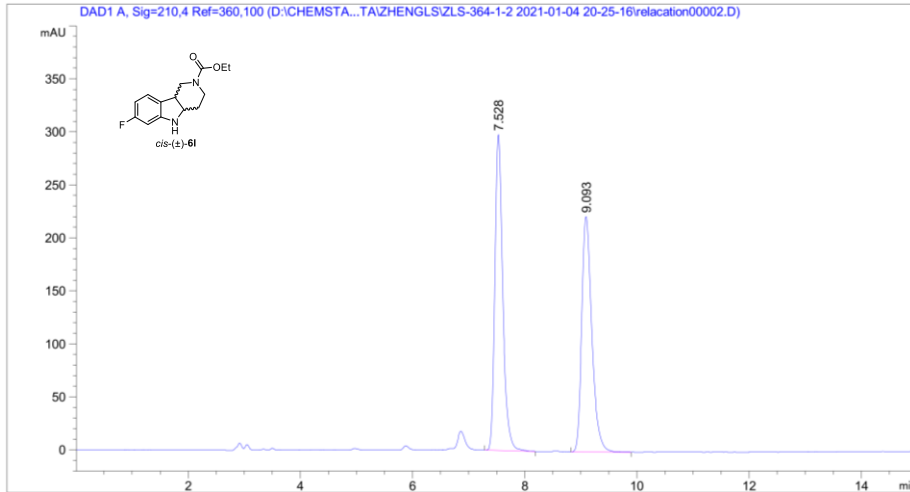


=====
 Area Percent Report
 =====

Sorted By : Signal
 Multiplier : 1.0000
 Dilution : 1.0000
 Use Multiplier & Dilution Factor with ISTDs

Signal 1: DAD1 A, Sig=210,4 Ref=360,100

Peak #	RetTime [min]	Type	Width [min]	Area [mAU*s]	Height [mAU]	Area %
1	8.288	BB	0.1831	7621.13818	639.41547	94.3663
2	19.862	MM	0.4797	454.98428	15.80853	5.6337

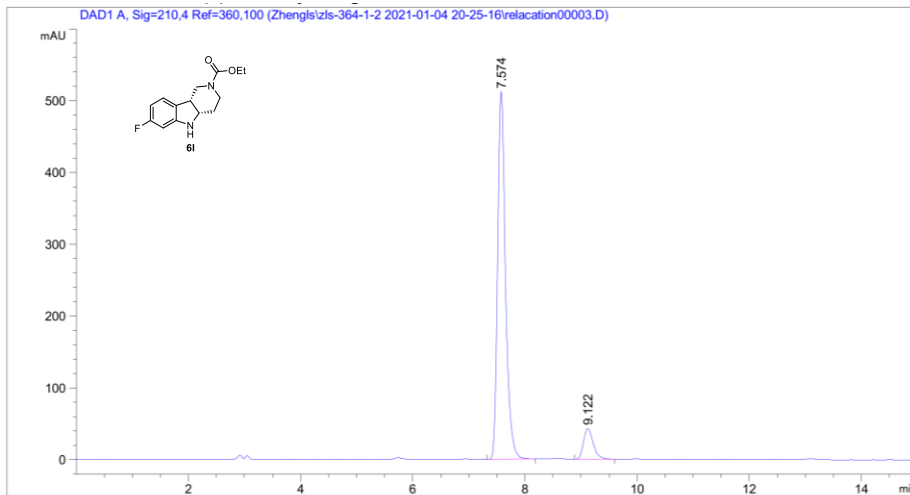


=====
Area Percent Report
=====

Sorted By : Signal
Multiplier : 1.0000
Dilution : 1.0000
Use Multiplier & Dilution Factor with ISTDs

Signal 1: DAD1 A, Sig=210,4 Ref=360,100

Peak #	RetTime [min]	Type	Width [min]	Area [mAU*s]	Height [mAU]	Area %
1	7.528	BB	0.1470	2886.17676	298.04651	51.0999
2	9.093	BB	0.1890	2761.92651	222.24333	48.9001

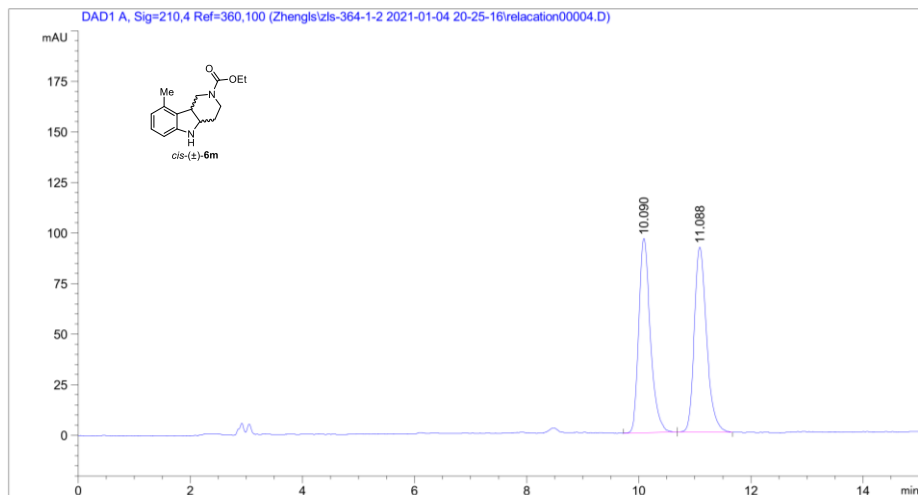


=====
Area Percent Report
=====

Sorted By : Signal
Multiplier : 1.0000
Dilution : 1.0000
Use Multiplier & Dilution Factor with ISTDs

Signal 1: DAD1 A, Sig=210,4 Ref=360,100

Peak #	RetTime [min]	Type	Width [min]	Area [mAU*s]	Height [mAU]	Area %
1	7.574	BB	0.1483	5011.94727	511.79453	90.7561
2	9.122	BB	0.1811	510.48785	42.80688	9.2439

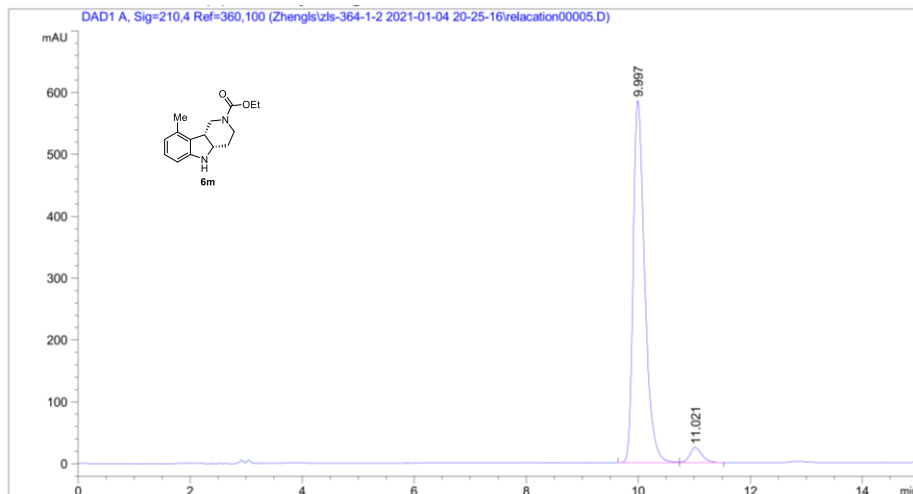


=====
Area Percent Report
=====

Sorted By : Signal
Multiplier : 1.0000
Dilution : 1.0000
Use Multiplier & Dilution Factor with ISTDs

Signal 1: DAD1 A, Sig=210,4 Ref=360,100

Peak #	RetTime [min]	Type	Width [min]	Area [mAU*s]	Height [mAU]	Area %
1	10.090	BB	0.2194	1379.77441	96.15178	49.7651
2	11.088	BB	0.2316	1392.80249	91.51515	50.2349

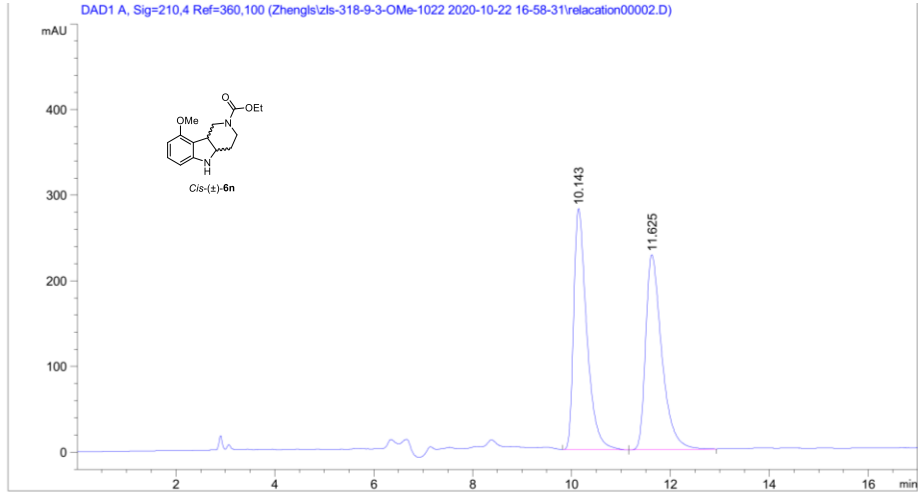


=====
Area Percent Report
=====

Sorted By : Signal
Multiplier : 1.0000
Dilution : 1.0000
Use Multiplier & Dilution Factor with ISTDs

Signal 1: DAD1 A, Sig=210,4 Ref=360,100

Peak #	RetTime [min]	Type	Width [min]	Area [mAU*s]	Height [mAU]	Area %
1	9.997	BV	0.2166	8360.83105	585.64514	95.6871
2	11.021	VB	0.2359	376.84717	24.43579	4.3129

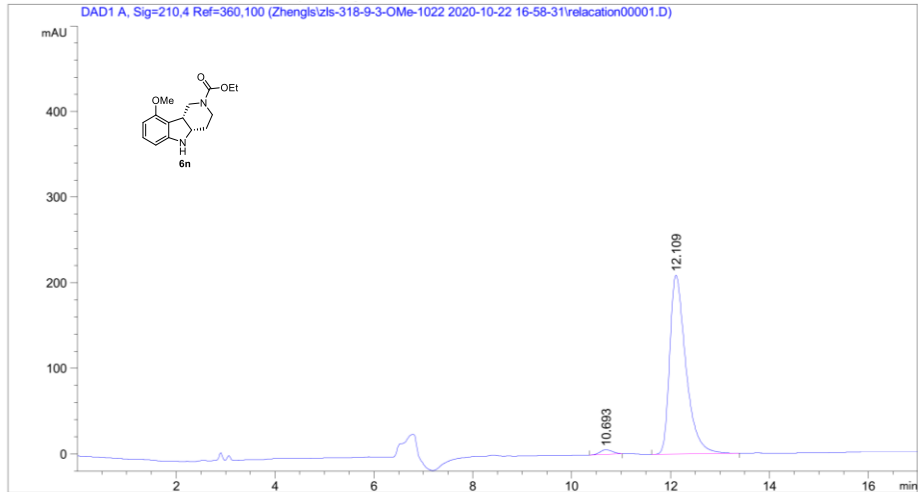


=====
Area Percent Report
=====

Sorted By : Signal
Multiplier : 1.0000
Dilution : 1.0000
Use Multiplier & Dilution Factor with ISTDs

Signal 1: DAD1 A, Sig=210,4 Ref=360,100

Peak #	RetTime [min]	Type	Width [min]	Area [mAU*s]	Height [mAU]	Area %
1	10.143	BB	0.2761	5170.24756	281.67209	50.0186
2	11.625	BB	0.3406	5166.40137	227.80244	49.9814

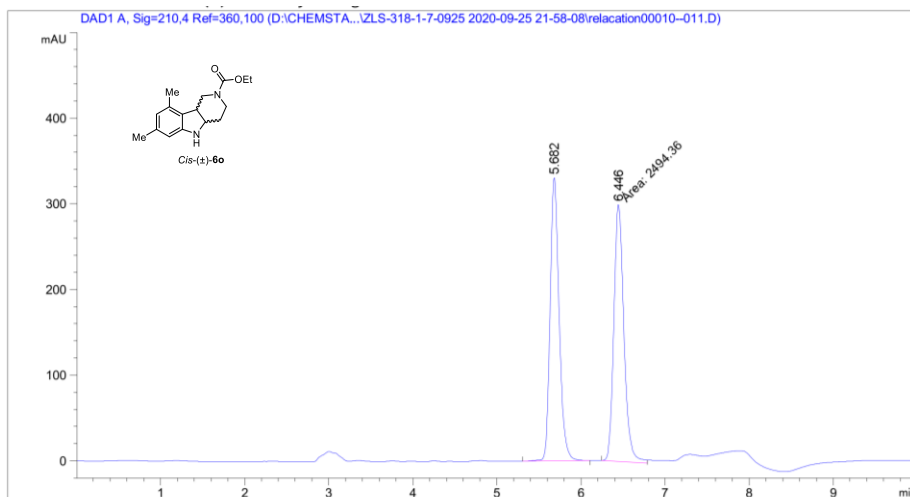


=====
Area Percent Report
=====

Sorted By : Signal
Multiplier : 1.0000
Dilution : 1.0000
Use Multiplier & Dilution Factor with ISTDs

Signal 1: DAD1 A, Sig=210,4 Ref=360,100

Peak #	RetTime [min]	Type	Width [min]	Area [mAU*s]	Height [mAU]	Area %
1	10.693	BB	0.2670	90.52303	5.30674	1.8720
2	12.109	BB	0.3405	4745.00830	209.25792	98.1280

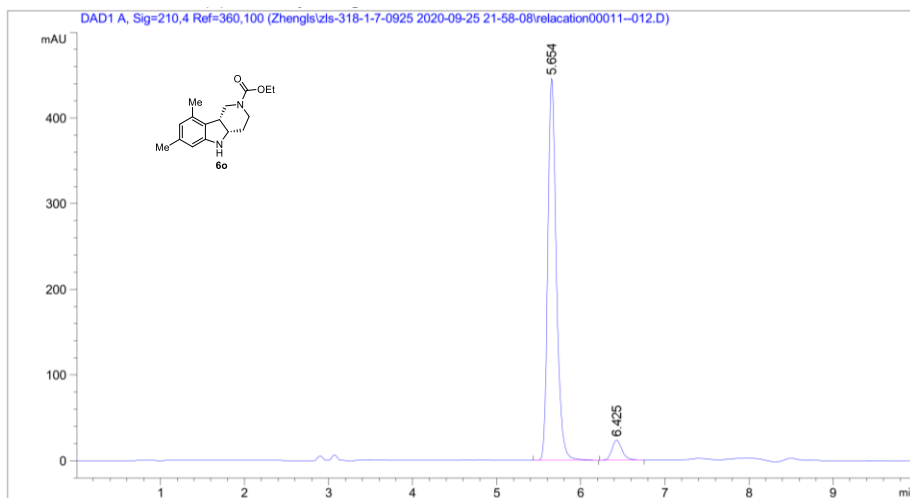


=====
Area Percent Report
=====

Sorted By : Signal
Multiplier : 1.0000
Dilution : 1.0000
Use Multiplier & Dilution Factor with ISTDs

Signal 1: DAD1 A, Sig=210,4 Ref=360,100

Peak #	RetTime [min]	Type	Width [min]	Area [mAU*s]	Height [mAU]	Area %
1	5.682	BB	0.1147	2457.88428	330.79205	49.6317
2	6.446	MF	0.1385	2494.35889	300.10770	50.3683

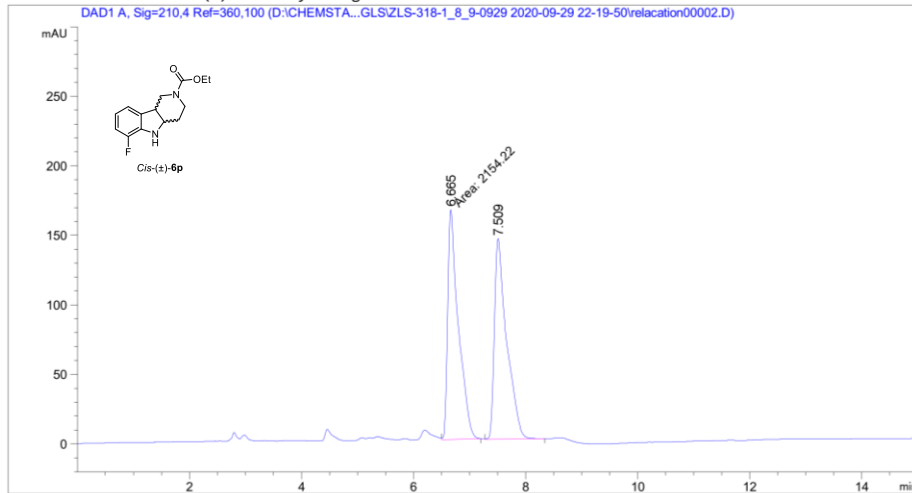


=====
Area Percent Report
=====

Sorted By : Signal
Multiplier : 1.0000
Dilution : 1.0000
Use Multiplier & Dilution Factor with ISTDs

Signal 1: DAD1 A, Sig=210,4 Ref=360,100

Peak #	RetTime [min]	Type	Width [min]	Area [mAU*s]	Height [mAU]	Area %
1	5.654	BB	0.1083	3145.87134	446.07233	94.2446
2	6.425	BB	0.1258	192.11450	23.38938	5.7554

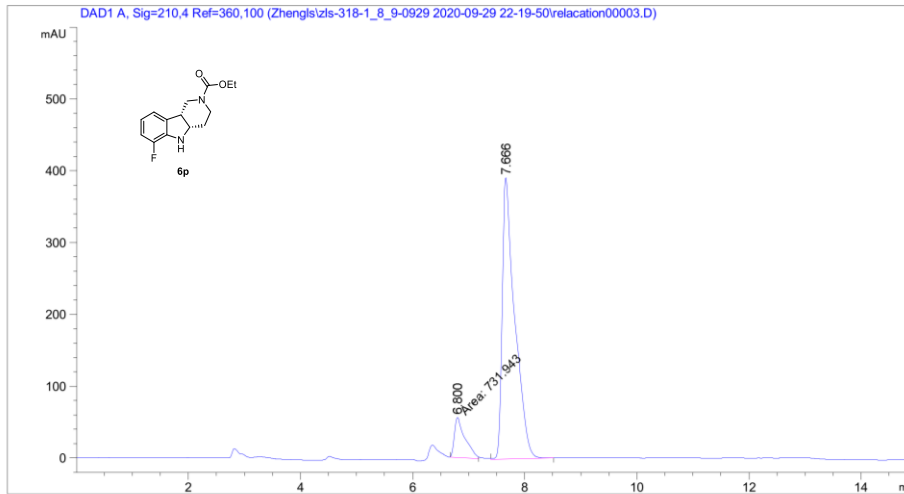


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Area Percent Report
=====

Sorted By : Signal
Multiplier : 1.0000
Dilution : 1.0000
Use Multiplier & Dilution Factor with ISTDs

Signal 1: DAD1 A, Sig=210,4 Ref=360,100

Peak #	RetTime [min]	Type	Width [min]	Area [mAU*s]	Height [mAU]	Area %
1	6.665	MM	0.2171	2154.21509	165.37106	49.7189
2	7.509	VB	0.2104	2178.57349	144.10515	50.2811

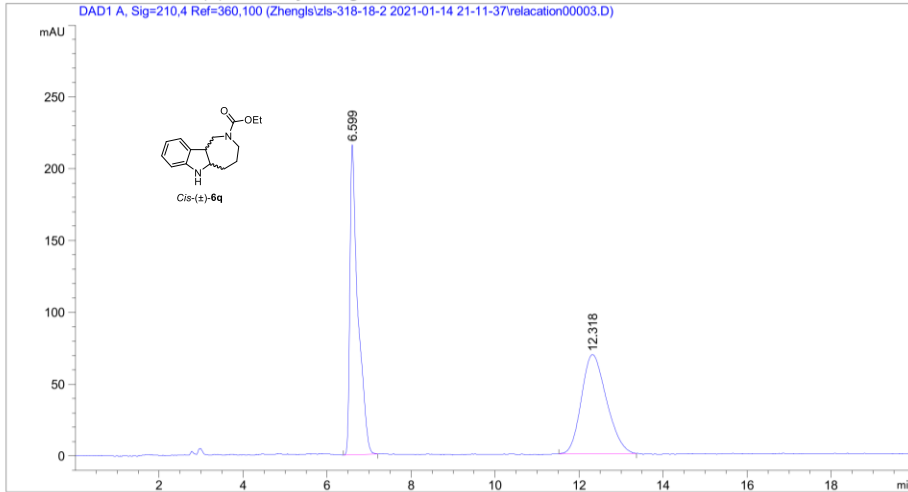


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Area Percent Report
=====

Sorted By : Signal
Multiplier : 1.0000
Dilution : 1.0000
Use Multiplier & Dilution Factor with ISTDs

Signal 1: DAD1 A, Sig=210,4 Ref=360,100

Peak #	RetTime [min]	Type	Width [min]	Area [mAU*s]	Height [mAU]	Area %
1	6.800	MM	0.2193	731.94348	55.63153	10.6925
2	7.666	VB	0.2180	6113.41797	391.89603	89.3075

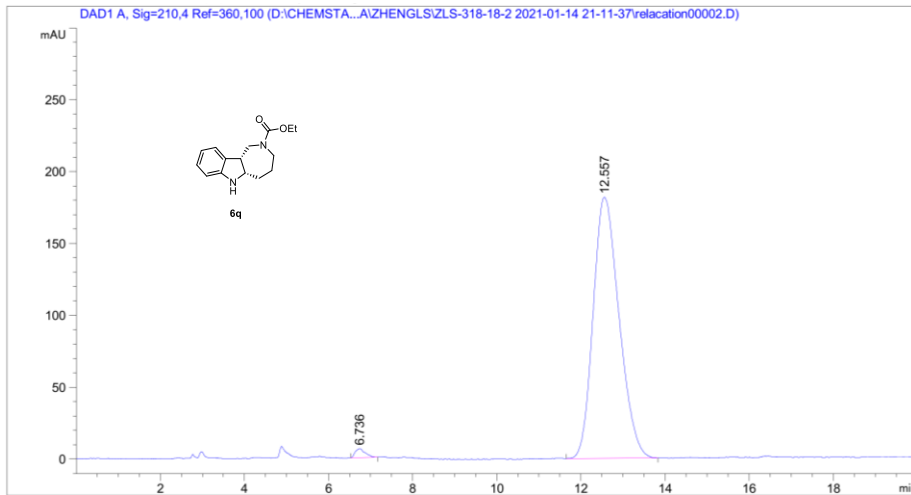


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Area Percent Report
=====

Sorted By : Signal
Multiplier : 1.0000
Dilution : 1.0000
Use Multiplier & Dilution Factor with ISTDs

Signal 1: DAD1 A, Sig=210,4 Ref=360,100

Peak #	RetTime [min]	Type	Width [min]	Area [mAU*s]	Height [mAU]	Area %
1	6.599	BB	0.1877	2880.95923	215.87976	50.1722
2	12.318	BB	0.5760	2861.18213	68.96182	49.8278

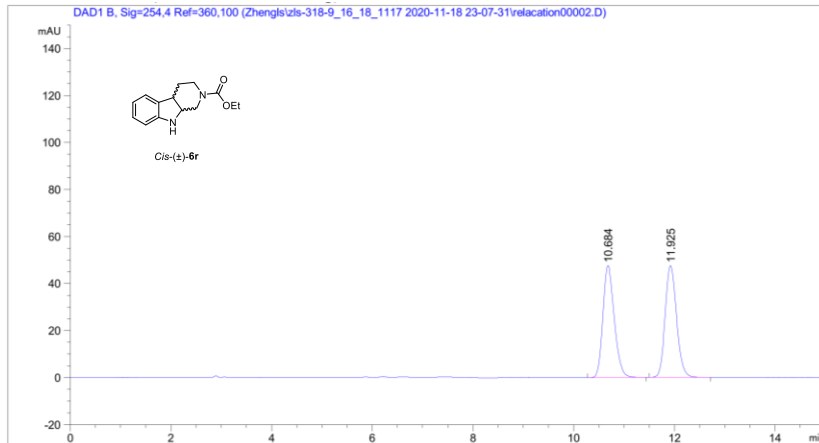


=====
Area Percent Report
=====

Sorted By : Signal
Multiplier : 1.0000
Dilution : 1.0000
Use Multiplier & Dilution Factor with ISTDs

Signal 1: DAD1 A, Sig=210,4 Ref=360,100

Peak #	RetTime [min]	Type	Width [min]	Area [mAU*s]	Height [mAU]	Area %
1	6.736	BV R	0.2166	101.48912	6.34399	1.2892
2	12.557	BV R	0.6251	7770.65674	181.65631	98.7108

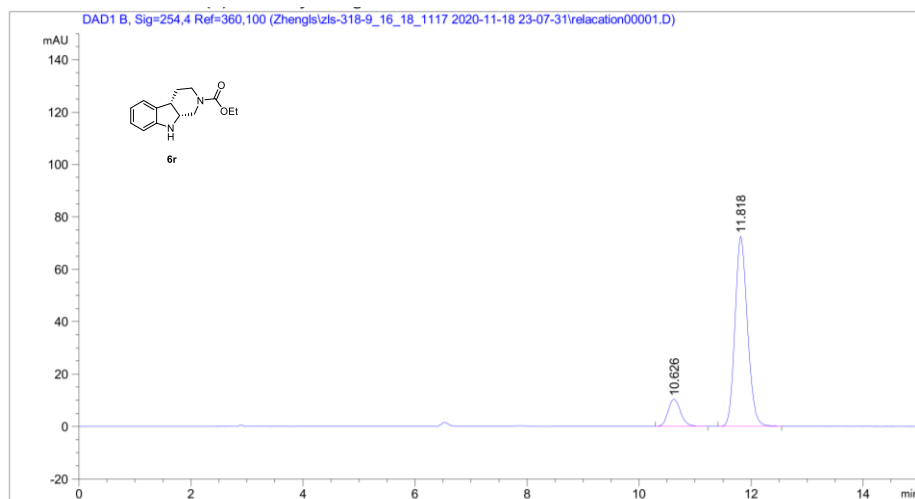


=====
 Area Percent Report
 =====

Sorted By : Signal
 Multiplier : 1.0000
 Dilution : 1.0000
 Use Multiplier & Dilution Factor with ISTDs

Signal 1: DAD1 B, Sig=254,4 Ref=360,100

Peak #	RetTime [min]	Type	Width [min]	Area [mAU*s]	Height [mAU]	Area %
1	10.684	BB	0.2427	745.30450	47.60540	49.9376
2	11.925	BB	0.2435	747.16589	47.50566	50.0624

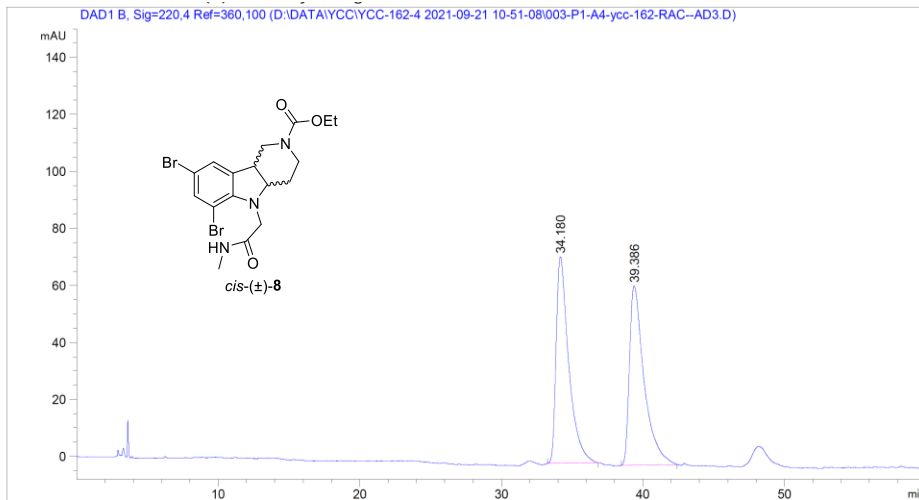


=====
 Area Percent Report
 =====

Sorted By : Signal
 Multiplier : 1.0000
 Dilution : 1.0000
 Use Multiplier & Dilution Factor with ISTDs

Signal 1: DAD1 B, Sig=254,4 Ref=360,100

Peak #	RetTime [min]	Type	Width [min]	Area [mAU*s]	Height [mAU]	Area %
1	10.626	BB	0.2370	157.53870	10.27008	12.3351
2	11.818	BB	0.2404	1119.62085	72.39935	87.6649

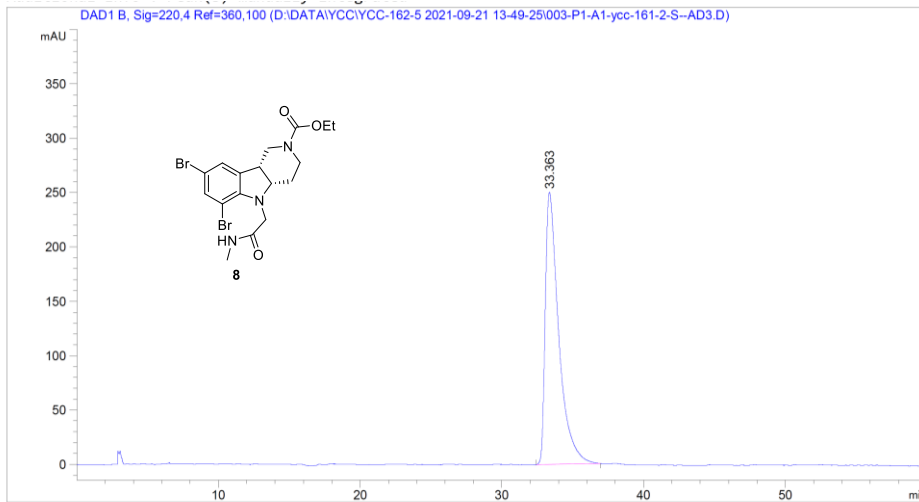


=====
 Area Percent Report
 =====

Sorted By : Signal
 Multiplier : 1.0000
 Dilution : 1.0000
 Use Multiplier & Dilution Factor with ISTDs

Signal 1: DAD1 B, Sig=220,4 Ref=360,100

Peak #	RetTime [min]	Type	Width [min]	Area [mAU*s]	Height [mAU]	Area %
1	34.180	BB	0.7498	4476.57568	72.45246	49.7472
2	39.386	BB	0.8420	4522.06592	62.91801	50.2528



=====
 Area Percent Report
 =====

Sorted By : Signal
 Multiplier : 1.0000
 Dilution : 1.0000
 Use Multiplier & Dilution Factor with ISTDs

Signal 1: DAD1 B, Sig=220,4 Ref=360,100

Peak #	RetTime [min]	Type	Width [min]	Area [mAU*s]	Height [mAU]	Area %
1	33.363	BB	0.9014	1.65043e4	250.25591	100.0000

XI. X-Ray Data of Compound 6a (CCDC 2108430)

checkCIF/PLATON report

Structure factors have been supplied for datablock(s) 1

THIS REPORT IS FOR GUIDANCE ONLY. IF USED AS PART OF A REVIEW PROCEDURE FOR

PUBLICATION, IT SHOULD NOT REPLACE THE EXPERTISE OF AN EXPERIENCED CRYSTALLOGRAPHIC REFEREE.

No syntax errors found. CIF dictionary Interpreting this report

Datablock: 1

Bond precision: C-C = 0.0028 Å Wavelength=1.54178

Cell: a=8.5260(7) b=7.7633(6) c=9.5887(8)

alpha=90 beta=98.910(3) gamma=90

Temperature: 100 K

Calculated Reported

Volume 627.02(9) 627.02(9)

Space group P 21 P 1 21 1

Hall group P 2yb P 2yb

Moiety formula C14 H18 N2 O2 C14 H18 N2 O2

Sum formula C14 H18 N2 O2 C14 H18 N2 O2

Mr 246.30 246.30

Dx,g cm⁻³ 1.305 1.305

Z 2 2

Mu (mm⁻¹) 0.710 0.710

F000 264.0 264.0

F000' 264.78

h,k,lmax 10,9,11 10,9,11

Nref 2506[1350] 2463

Tmin,Tmax 0.912,0.931 0.469,0.754

Tmin' 0.912

Correction method= # Reported T Limits: Tmin=0.469 Tmax=0.754

AbsCorr = MULTI-SCAN

Data completeness= 1.82/0.98 Theta(max)= 72.625

R(reflections)= 0.0331(2445) wR2(reflections)=

0.0859(2463)

S = 1.069 Npar= 168

The following ALERTS were generated. Each ALERT has the format

test-name_ALERT_alert-type_alert-level.

Click on the hyperlinks for more details of the test.

Alert level G

PLAT791_ALERT_4_G Model has Chirality at C7 (Sohnke SpGr) R Verify

PLAT791_ALERT_4_G Model has Chirality at C8 (Sohnke SpGr) S Verify

PLAT912_ALERT_4_G Missing # of FCF Reflections Above STh/L= 0.600 11 Note

PLAT961_ALERT_5_G Dataset Contains no Negative Intensities Please Check

PLAT978_ALERT_2_G Number C-C Bonds with Positive Residual Density. 6 Info

0 ALERT level A = Most likely a serious problem - resolve or explain

0 ALERT level B = A potentially serious problem, consider carefully

0 ALERT level C = Check. Ensure it is not caused by an omission or oversight

5 ALERT level G = General information/check it is not something unexpected

0 ALERT type 1 CIF construction/syntax error, inconsistent or missing data

1 ALERT type 2 Indicator that the structure model may be wrong or deficient

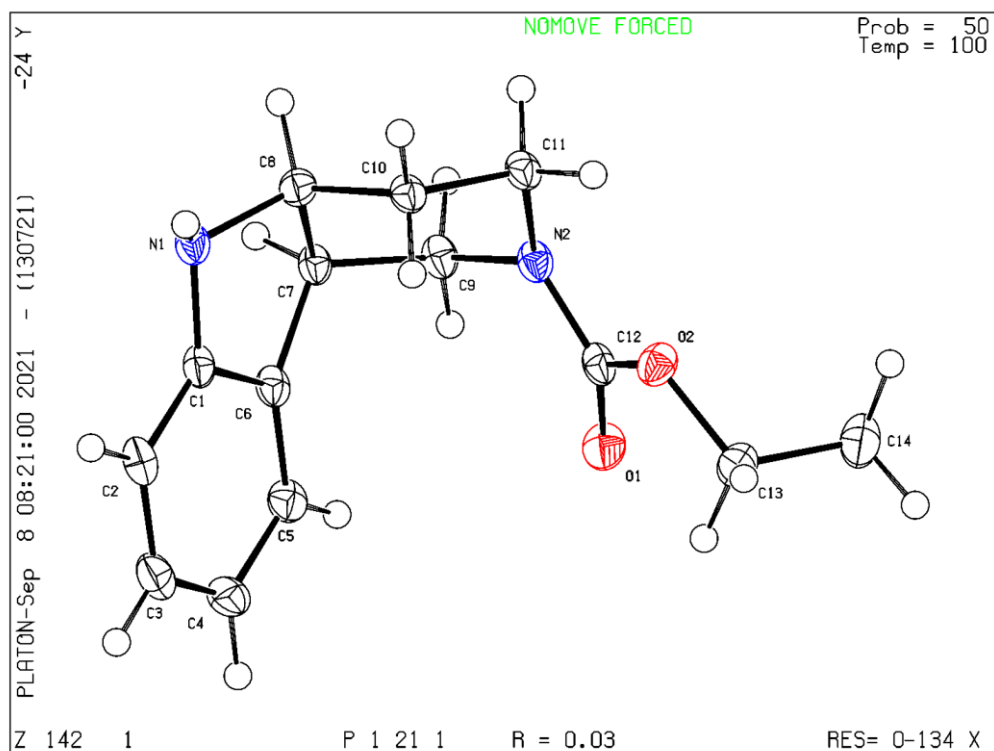
0 ALERT type 3 Indicator that the structure quality may be low

3 ALERT type 4 Improvement, methodology, query or suggestion

1 ALERT type 5 Informative message, check

PLATON version of 13/07/2021; check.def file version of 13/07/2021

Datablock 1 - ellipsoid plot



XII. References

- ¹ J. B. Hester, A. D. Rudzik, P. F. VonVoigtlander, *J. Med. Chem.* **1980**, *23*, 643–647.
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