

Supporting Information

Synthesis of Morphology-Improved Single-Crystalline Iron Silicide Nanowires with Enhanced Physical Characteristics

Wei-Jie Huang, Shu-Meng Yang, Tzu-Ting Liao and Kuo-Chang Lu^{1,2*}

1 Department of Materials Science and Engineering, National Cheng Kung University, Tainan 701, Taiwan

2 Center for Micro/Nano Science and Technology, National Cheng Kung University, Tainan 701, Taiwan

* Correspondence: gkclu@mail.ncku.edu.tw; Tel: +886-6-275-7575 (ext. 62920)

S1. Experimental preparation flow chart

The flow chart indicates the details of synthesizing the β -FeSi₂ nanowires.

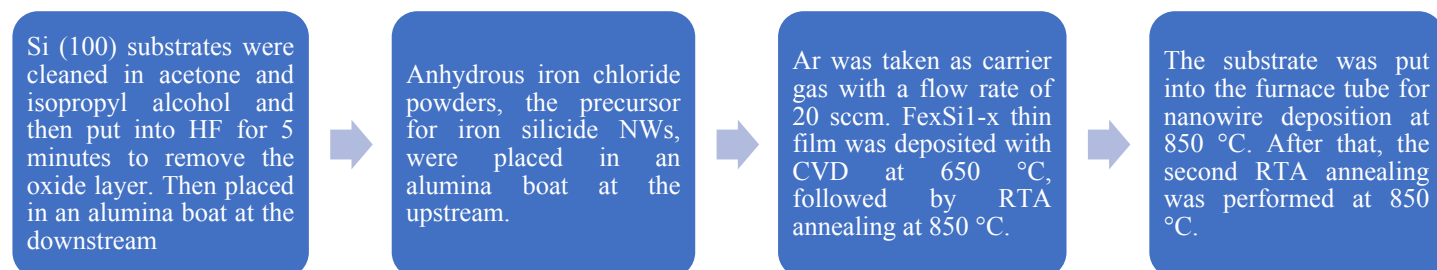


Figure S1. The preparation flow chart of the experiment.

S2. XRD patterns of the nanowires after the second RTA annealing

The peaks of FeSi disappeared, while the peaks of β -FeSi₂ remained, demonstrating that all the FeSi nanowires were transformed into β -FeSi₂ nanowires after the second RTA annealing.

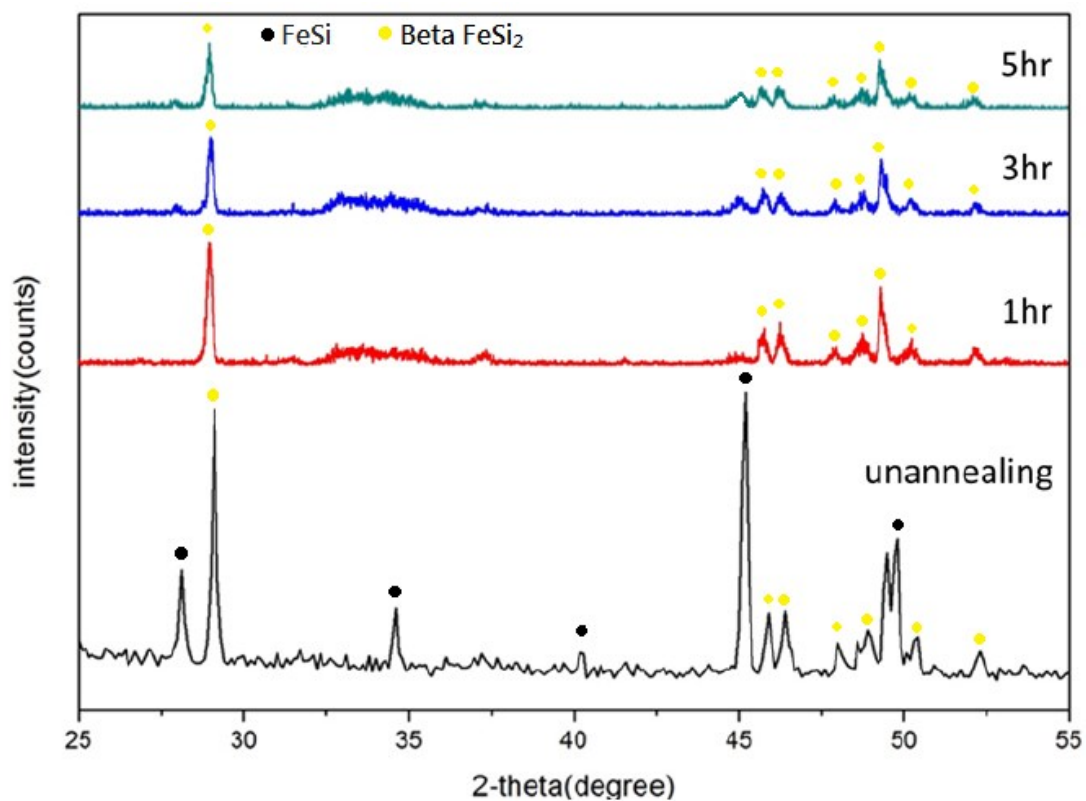


Figure S2. X-ray diffraction patterns of the nanowires which went through the second RTA annealing process in 1, 3, 5 hrs

S3. SEM images of the β -FeSi₂ nanowires with different annealing times

Based on XRD patterns of Figure S2, the peaks of β -FeSi₂ nanowires became weaker with longer annealing time; if the annealing process was too long, the nanowires would be clumped and the crystallinity decreased. Also, scanning electron microscopy studies show the clumping phenomenon clearly in Figure S3(a)-(c).

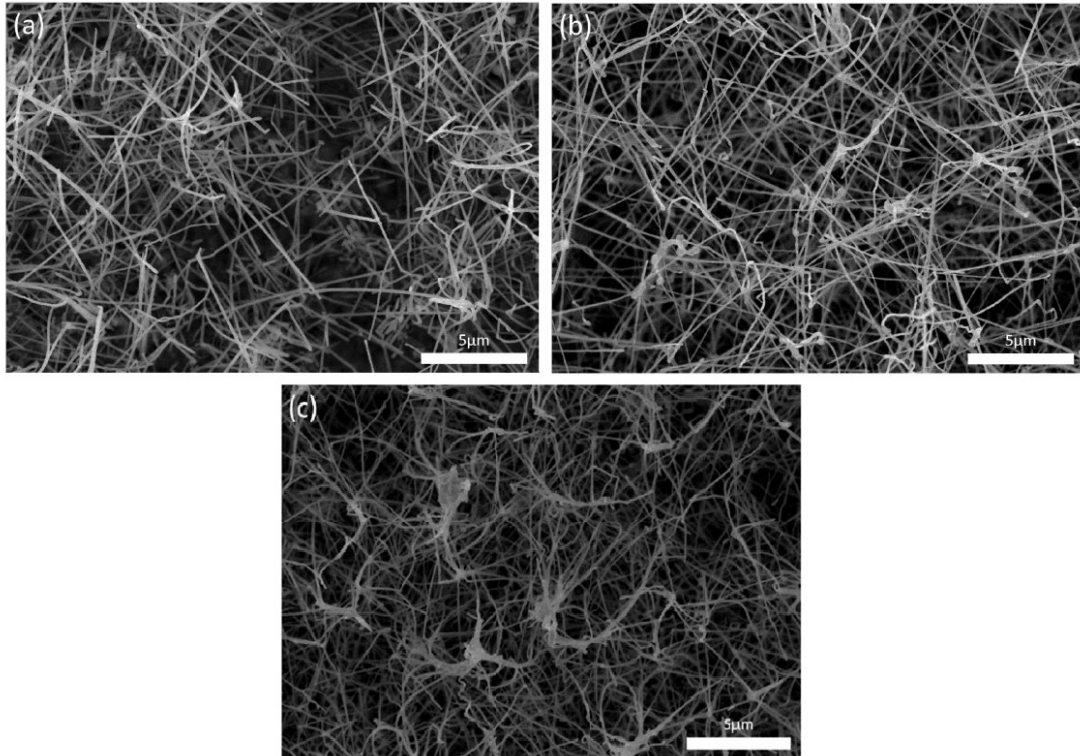


Figure S3. SEM images of the β -FeSi₂ nanowires with different annealing times of (a)1 hr (b)3 hrs (c)5 hrs