# **Supporting Information**

# Design of hierarchical SnSe<sub>2</sub> for efficient trace detection of NO<sub>2</sub> at room-

## temperature

Tingting Wang<sup>a</sup>, You Wang<sup>a,b,\*</sup> Shengliang Zheng<sup>b</sup>, Quan Sun<sup>b</sup>, Ruozhen Wu<sup>b</sup> and Juanyuan Hao<sup>b,\*</sup>

<sup>a</sup> School of Chemistry and Chemical Engineering, Harbin Institute of Technology, Harbin 150001, People's Republic of

China

<sup>b</sup> School of Materials Science and Engineering, Harbin Institute of Technology, Harbin 150001, People's Republic of China

### \*Corresponding Author

E-mail: y-wang@hit.edu.cn

E-mail: jyhao@hit.edu.cn



Fig. S1 Fabricated technological process diagram of gas sensor.



Fig. S2 (a) SEM and (b-c) TEM images of SnSe<sub>2</sub>-36h sample.



Fig. S3 SEM images of (a)  $SnSe_2$ -48h and (b)  $SnSe_2$ -60h samples.



Fig. S4 Survey XPS spectrum of the SnSe<sub>2</sub> hierarchical nanostructures.



Fig. S5 Response/recovery curves of SnSe<sub>2</sub>-36h and SnSe<sub>2</sub>-60h to 10 ppm NO<sub>2</sub>.



Fig. S6 Selectivity response of SnSe<sub>2</sub> sensor toward 100 ppm VOCs (ethanol, methanol, isopropanol, acetone, and formaldehyde).



Fig. S7 The resistance variations and sensing response (inset) of the  $SnSe_2$  hierarchical structures toward 10 ppm  $NO_2$  on 5 different sensing devices.



Fig. S8 The response and recovery curve of the  $SnSe_2$  sensor after aging 0.5 month and 5 months to 10 ppm  $NO_2$  at room-temperature.



Fig. S9 Sensing mechanism of SnSe<sub>2</sub> exposed to NO<sub>2</sub>.



Fig. S10 Nitrogen adsorption/desorption isotherms of (a) SnSe<sub>2</sub>-36h, (b) SnSe<sub>2</sub>-48h and (c) SnSe<sub>2</sub>-60h samples.



Fig. S11 EPR spectra of SnSe<sub>2</sub>-36h and SnSe<sub>2</sub>-60h samples.



**Fig. S12** (a) XRD patterns and XPS spectra of (b) Sn 3d orbital and (c) O 1s orbital of the SnSe<sub>2</sub> sensor after aging 0.5 month and 5 months.

Two peaks in the Sn  $3d_{5/2}$  spectrum can be seen at 486.1 and 486.8 eV, belonging to the Sn–Se bond of SnSe<sub>2</sub> and Sn–O bond of SnO<sub>2</sub>, respectively.<sup>1,2</sup> The peak at 532.1 eV in the O 1s spectra can be attributed to the chemically adsorbed oxygen,<sup>3</sup> and the peak at 531.2 eV can be correlated to the Sn–O–Sn lattice oxygen.<sup>4</sup> These results indicate that SnSe<sub>2</sub> is slightly oxidized after 5 months.

#### References

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