Supporting Information

Mass Spectrometry Guided Surface Modification of the Tellurate Ion Templated 36-Nucleus Silver Alkynl Nanocluster

Lin-Lin Hou¹, Hong-Jing Li¹, Dong-Nan Yu¹, Xun Cheng¹, Zi-Xuan Yao¹, Kuan-Guan Liu¹*, Xiao-Wei Yan²*

¹State Key Laboratory of High-efficiency Coal Utilization and Green Chemical Engineering, and Ningxia Key Laboratory of Photovoltaic Materials, Ningxia University, Yin-Chuan 750021, China
²College of Food and Bioengineering, Research Institute of Food Science and Engineering Technology, Hezhou University, Hezhou 542899, China

liukuanguan@nxu.edu.cn / yanxiaoweizb@163.com

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Experiment details

Materials and Physical Measurements.

All of the reagents and solvents employed were commercially available and used as received without further purification. The FT-IR spectra were recorded from KBr pellets in the range 4000-400 cm⁻¹ with a WQF-520A FT-IR spectrometer. The powder X-ray diffraction (PXRD) pattern was recorded with DX-2700 X-ray diffractometer. The solid UV-vis diffuse reflectance spectra were recorded on a Canry-5000 spectrophotometer at room temperature. Luminescence was measured with a Hitachi F-7000 spectrometer. X-ray photoelectron spectroscopy (XPS) data were acquired by using ESCALAB 250Xi. The sample was put under UHV to reach the 10^{-8} Pa range. The non-monochromatized Al K α source was used at 10 kV and 10 mA. All binding energies were calibrated using the C (1s) carbon peak (284.6 eV), which was applied as an internal standard. ESI-MS was performed on an Agilent Technologies ESI-TOF-MS. Qualitative analysis was carried out using GCMS-QP2010 Plus with EI ion source, EI-MS standard database, and an RTX-5 quartz capillary column.

Characterizations

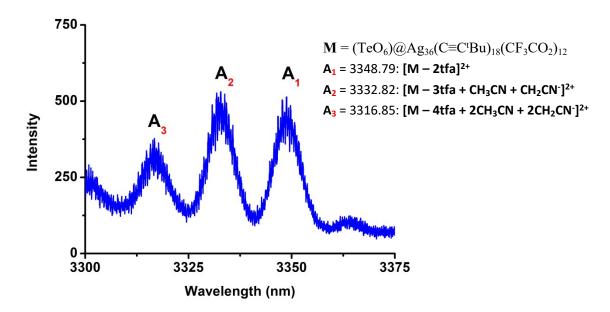


Figure S1. The ESI-MS spectrum of cluster 1 for species A. Note: $\mathbf{M} = (\text{TeO}_6) @Ag_{36}(C \equiv C^tBu)_{18}(CF_3CO_2)_{12}$

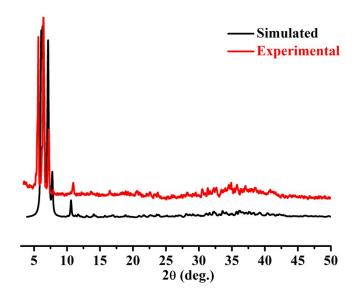


Figure S2. The PXRD pattern of 2.

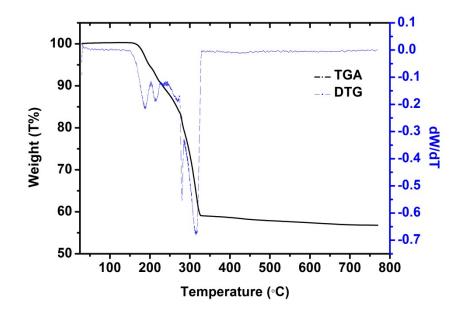


Figure S3. The TGA curve of 2.

The TGA studies on the as-synthesized powder sample reveal that the sample goes through four decomposed process. The sample begins decomposition at 160 °C, with the carboxylates (weight loss of 12.3%, calculated 12.4%) lost in the first two steps during 160 °C to 245 °C with phase inversion temperature 187°C and 215 °C based on the DTG curve, respectively. The last two steps during the decomposition of the whole cluster occur between 245 °C and 327 °C, with phase inversion temperature 279°C and 312 °C, respectively. The residue may be Ag₂O with the total weight loss of 43.2 % (the calculated value of 42.9 %).

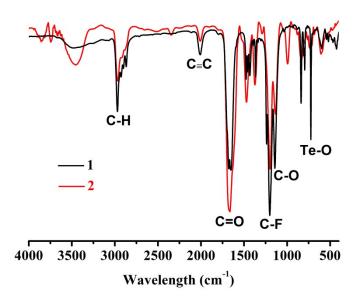
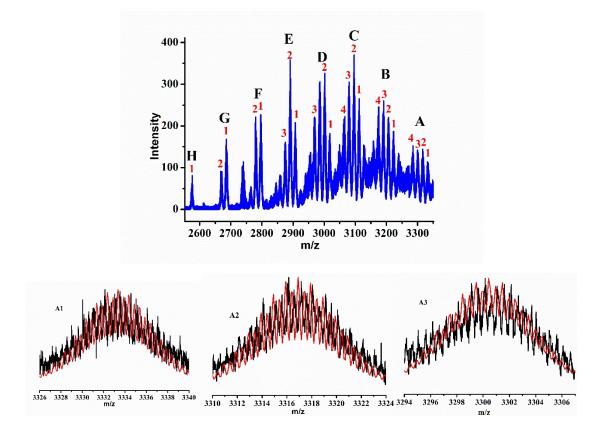
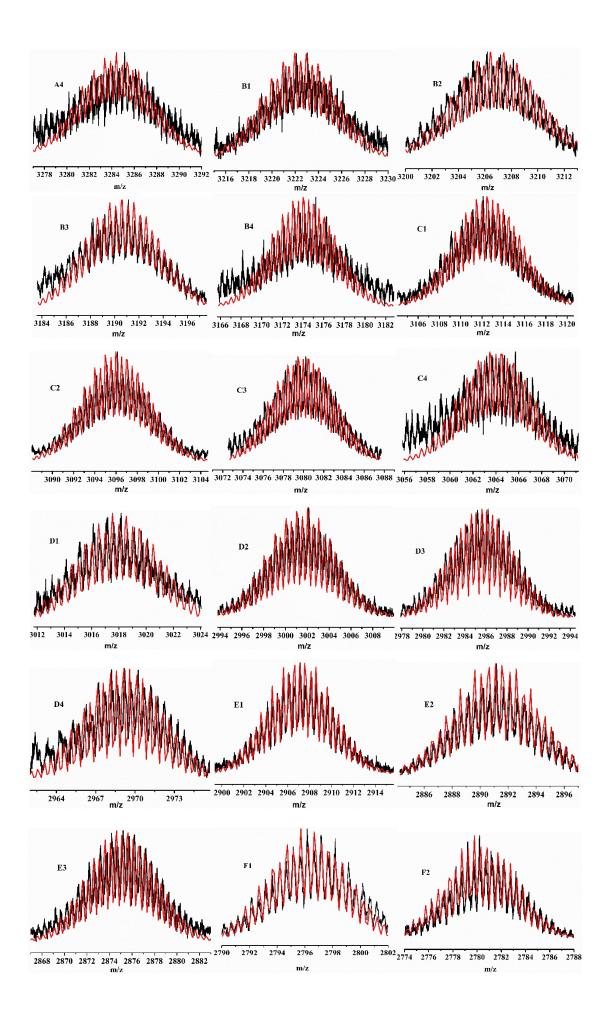


Figure S4. The comparison IR spectra of 1 and 2.





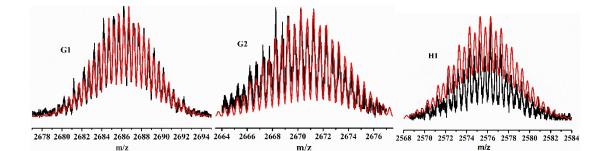


Figure S5. The full ESI-MS spectrum with the experimental (blackline) and simulated (red line) isotopic patterns for species A-H. Note: $\mathbf{M} = (\text{TeO}_6) @Ag_{36} (C \equiv C^{\text{t}} \text{Bu})_{18} (\text{tfa})_8 (F_5 \text{PhCO}_2)_4$ $A_1 = 3333.15$: [M - 4F₅PhCO₂ + CH₃CN + 2CH₂CN⁻]²⁺ $A_2 = 3316.50$: [M - 4F₅PhCO₂ - tfa + CH₃CN + 3CH₂CN⁻]²⁺ $A_3 = 3300.68$: [M - 4F₅PhCO₂ - 2tfa + CH₃CN + 4CH₂CN⁻]²⁺ $A_4 = 3284.66: [M - 4F_5PhCO_2 - tfa + 2CH_3CN + 3CH_2CN^-]^{2+}$ $B_1 = 3222.54$: [M - Ag - 4F₅PhCO₂ - tfa + 2CH₃CN + 2CH₂CN]²⁺ $B_2 = 3206.52$: [M - Ag - 4F₅PhCO₂ - tfa + CH₃CN + 2CH₂CN]²⁺ $B_3 = 3190.64$: [M - Ag - 4F₅PhCO₂ - 2tfa + 2CH₃CN + 3CH₂CN]²⁺ $B_4 = 3174.20$: [M - Ag - 4F₅PhCO₂ - 2tfa + 3CH₂CN]²⁺ $C_1 = 3112.10$: [M - 2Ag - 4F₅PhCO₂ - 3tfa + 3CH₃CN + 3CH₂CN]²⁺ $C_2 = 3096.19$: [M - 2Ag - 4F₅PhCO₂ - 3tfa + 2CH₃CN + 3CH₂CN]²⁺ $\mathbf{C_3} = 3080.21: \ [\mathbf{M} - \mathbf{2Ag} - \mathbf{4F_5PhCO_2} - \mathbf{3tfa} + \mathbf{CH_3CN} + \mathbf{3CH_2CN}]^{2+}$ $C_4 = 3064.26$: [M - 2Ag - 4F₅PhCO₂ - 4tfa + 3CH₃CN + 4CH₂CN]²⁺ $D_1 = 3017.67$: [M - 3Ag - 4F₅PhCO₂ - 4tfa + 3CH₃CN + 3CH₂CN]²⁺ $D_2 = 3001.67$: [M - 3Ag - 4F₅PhCO₂ - 4tfa + 3CH₃CN + 3CH₂CN]²⁺ $D_3 = 2985.71$: [M - 3Ag - 4F₅PhCO₂ - 4tfa + 2CH₃CN + 3CH₂CN]²⁺ $D_4 = 2969.19$: [M - 3Ag - 4F₅PhCO₂ - 4tfa + CH₃CN + 3CH₂CN]²⁺ $E_1 = 2907.14$: [M - 4Ag - 4F₅PhCO₂ - 5tfa + 4CH₃CN + 3CH₂CN]²⁺ $E_2 = 2891.15$: [M - 4Ag - 4F₅PhCO₂ - 5tfa + 3CH₃CN + 3CH₂CN]²⁺ $E_3 = 2875.12$: [M - 4Ag - 4F₅PhCO₂ - 5tfa + 2CH₃CN + 3CH₂CN]²⁺ $F_1 = 2796.72$: [M - 5Ag - 4F₅PhCO₂ - 5tfa + 2CH₃CN + 2CH₂CN]²⁺ $F_2 = 2780.61$: [M - 5Ag - 4F₅PhCO₂ - 5tfa + 2CH₃CN + 2CH₂CN]²⁺ $G_1 = 2686.23$: [M - 6Ag - 4F₅PhCO₂ - 6tfa + 2CH₃CN + 2CH₂CN]²⁺ $G_2 = 2670.71$: [M - 6Ag - 4F₅PhCO₂ - 6tfa + CH₃CN + 2CH₂CN]²⁺ $H_1 = 2575.76$: [M - 7Ag - 4F₅PhCO₂ - 7tfa + 2CH₃CN + 2CH₂CN]²⁺ The ESI-MS spectrum is in good agreement with the nanocluster composition. One important

molecular ion peaks were observed. The peaks at 3333.15, 3316.50, 3300.68 m/z are assigned to the $[M - 4F_5PhCO_2 + CH_3CN + 2CH_2CN^-]^{2+}, [M - 4F_5PhCO_2 - tfa + CH_3CN + 3CH_2CN^-]^{2+}, [M - 4F_5PhCO_2 - tfa + CH_3CN^-]^{2+}, [M$ +[M 4F₅PhCO₂ 2tfa CH₃CN +4CH₂CN⁻ $]^{2+}, (M = [(TeO_6) @Ag_{36} (C = C^tBu)_{18} (tfa)_8 (F_5 PhCO_2)_4]),$ $CH_2CN=$ singly deprotonated acetonitrile (the deprotonated acetonitrile species are produced under the ionization condition and can be also obtained through the C-H activation by coinage metal clusters under mild conditions. Interestingly, other seven groups of fragment peaks (B to H) were significantly observed, and the whole structure was decomposed bit by bit under the ionization condition.

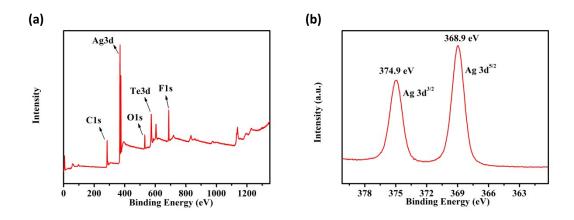


Figure S6. a) XPS spectra of 2. b) Ag 3d.