

## Novel peroxosolvates of tetraalkylammonium halides: first case of hydrogen bonded peroxide-containing layers.

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Experimental data sets were collected on a Bruker SMART APEX II diffractometer (for **1**, **3** and **4**) and Bruker D8 Venture machine for **2** using graphite monochromatized Mo- $K\alpha$  radiation ( $\lambda = 0.71073 \text{ \AA}$ ). Absorption corrections based on measurements of equivalent reflections were applied.<sup>1</sup> The structures were solved by direct methods and refined by full matrix least-squares on  $F^2$  with anisotropic thermal parameters for all non-hydrogen atoms.<sup>2</sup> All hydrogen atoms were found from difference Fourier synthesis and refined with isotropic thermal parameters. In all structures, partial substitutional disorder of hydrogen peroxide by water molecules<sup>3-6</sup> was not observed since no residual peaks with an intensity more than  $0.17 \text{ e}\cdot\text{\AA}^{-3}$  were seen in the hydrogen peroxide molecule regions.

**Table S1.** Crystal data and details of X-ray analysis.

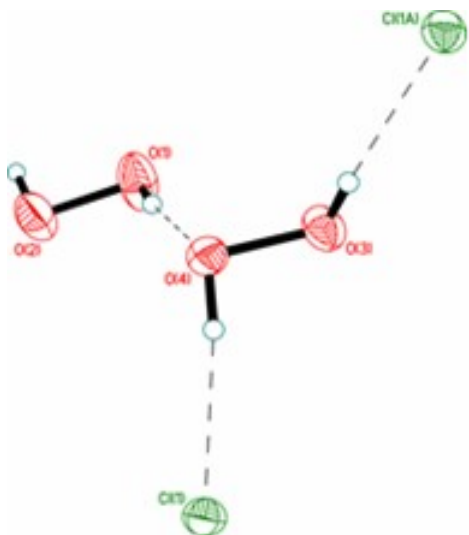
	<b>1</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>4</b>
Empirical formula	C <sub>8</sub> H <sub>24</sub> Cl <sub>1</sub> N <sub>1</sub> O <sub>4</sub>	C <sub>8</sub> H <sub>24</sub> Br <sub>1</sub> N <sub>1</sub> O <sub>4</sub>	C <sub>5</sub> H <sub>15</sub> Cl <sub>2</sub> N <sub>1</sub> O <sub>2</sub>	C <sub>9</sub> H <sub>16</sub> Cl <sub>1</sub> N <sub>1</sub> O <sub>2</sub>
<i>F</i> <sub>w</sub>	233.73	278.19	192.08	205.68
colour, habit	colourless, prism	colourless, prism	colourless, unshapen	colourless, prism
cryst size (mm)	0.30 × 0.20 × 0.10	0.30 × 0.15 × 0.05	0.40 × 0.30 × 0.25	0.45 × 0.20 × 0.10
temperature (K)	150	150	150	120
crystal system	orthorhombic	orthorhombic	orthorhombic	monoclinic
space group	<i>Pna</i> 2 <sub>1</sub>	<i>Pna</i> 2 <sub>1</sub>	<i>P</i> 2 <sub>1</sub> 2 <sub>1</sub> 2 <sub>1</sub>	<i>P</i> 2 <sub>1</sub> / <i>c</i>
<i>a</i> (Å)	11.8741(5)	12.0887(6)	7.5628(2)	7.2420(3)
<i>b</i> (Å)	8.4164(3)	8.5504(5)	9.9033(3)	10.0690(4)
<i>c</i> (Å)	12.6736(6)	12.7308(7)	25.3929(7)	14.7992(6)
$\beta$ (deg)	90	90	90	100.379(2)
<i>V</i> (Å <sup>3</sup> )	1266.56(9)	1315.90(12)	1901.84(9)	1061.50(7)
<i>Z</i>	4	4	8	4
<i>D</i> <sub>c</sub> (g·cm <sup>-3</sup> )	1.226	1.404	1.342	1.287
$\mu$ (mm <sup>-1</sup> )	0.295	3.118	0.634	0.330
<i>F</i> (000)	512	584	816	440
$\theta$ range (deg)	2.91 to 28.98	2.87 to 29.00	2.21 to 29.99	2.46 to 26.99
refl collcd	14169	22397	35364	10629
indep reflns / <i>R</i> <sub>int</sub>	3342 / 0.0328	3496 / 0.0398	5462 / 0.0188	2287 / 0.0200
reflns <i>I</i> > 2 $\sigma$ ( <i>I</i> )	3271	3324	5422	2080
No of param	223	224	302	182
Goof on <i>F</i> <sup>2</sup>	1.041	1.023	1.063	1.045
<i>R</i> <sub>1</sub> ( <i>I</i> > 2 $\sigma$ ( <i>I</i> ))	0.0359	0.0198	0.0187	0.0270
<i>wR</i> <sub>2</sub> (all data)	0.1013	0.0429	0.0493	0.0735
Flack parameter	0.09(5)	0.184(9)	0.01(3)	—
largest diff peak / hole (e·Å <sup>-3</sup> )	0.263 / -0.156	0.277 / -0.283	0.304 / -0.232	0.288 / -0.188

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**Fig. S1** H-bonds formed by H1–O1–O2–H2 molecule in the structure **1**. Symmetry operation: (A)  $x, -1+y, z$ .



**Fig. S2** H-bonds formed by H3–O3–O4–H4 molecule in the structure **1**. Symmetry operation: (A)  $0.5-x, 1.5+y, 0.5+z$ .