

Electronic Supplementary Materials(ESI)

Supplementary Information

Flexible Al₂O₃/ZrO₂ nanofibrous membranes for thermal insulation

Shouzhen Li ^a, Fan Wu ^b, Xuan Zhang ^a, Guangting Han ^{*a}, Yang Si ^{*b}, Jianyong Yu ^b,
and Bin Ding ^{*b}

^aCollege of Textiles and Clothing, Qingdao University, Shandong, Qingdao, 266071,
China.

^bInnovation Center for Textile Science and Technology, Donghua University, Shanghai
200051, China

Corresponding authors: Dr. Bin Ding (Email: binding@dhu.edu.cn)

Dr. Guangting Han (Email: kychgt@qdu.edu.cn)

Dr. Yang Si (Email: yangsi@dhu.edu.cn)



Figure S1 Precursor fibers

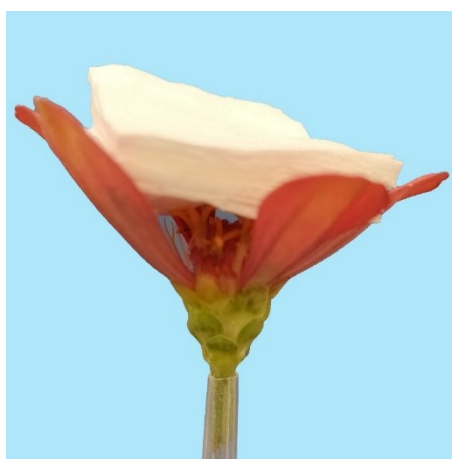


Figure S2 The $\text{Al}_2\text{O}_3/\text{ZrO}_2$ nanofibrous membranes stand on the flower

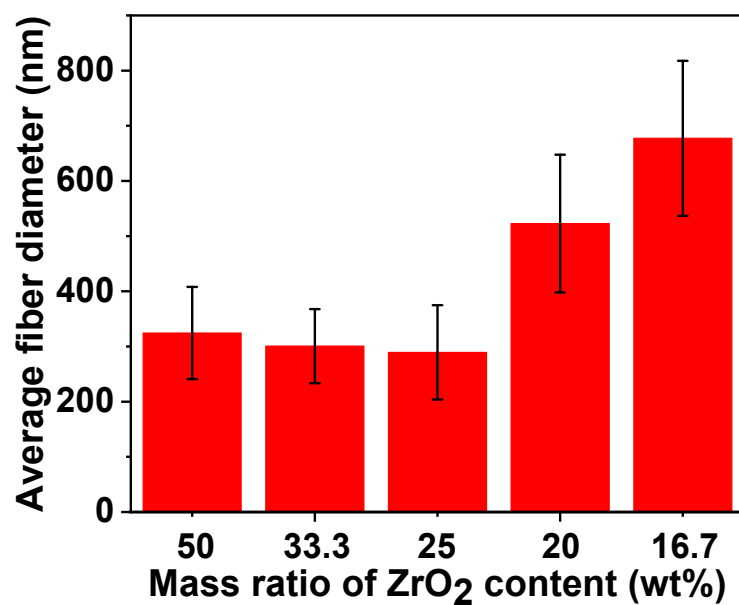


Figure S3 The average diameter of Al₂O₃/ZrO₂ nanofibers calcined at 1200 °C

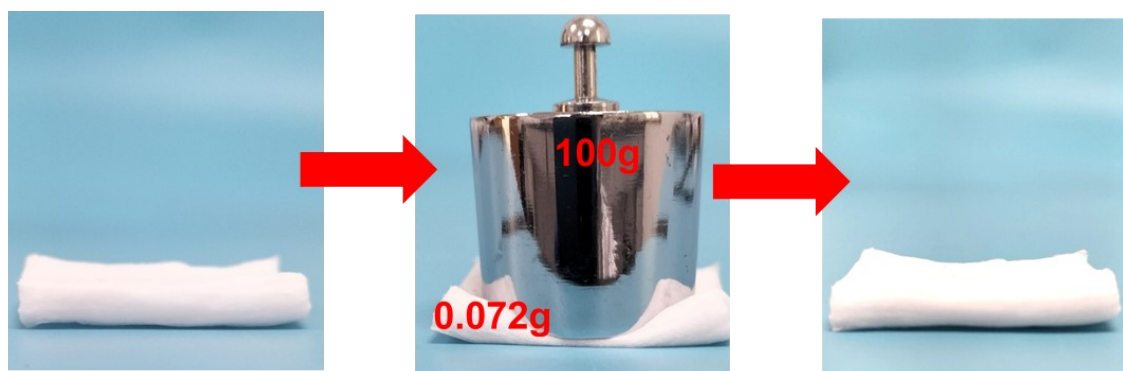


Figure S4 The compressed performance of the Al₂O₃/ZrO₂ nanofibrous membranes

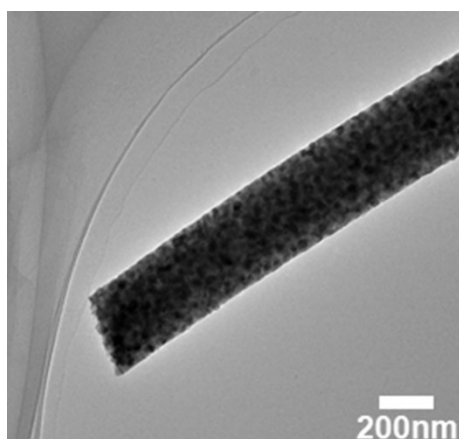
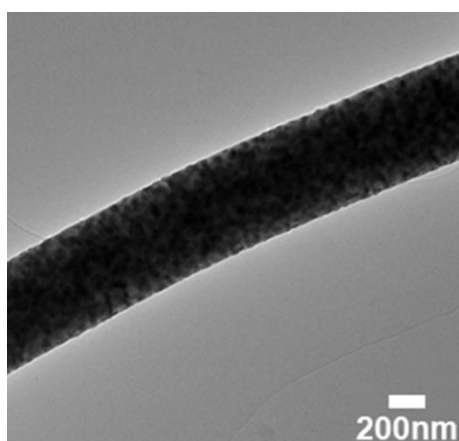


Figure S5 TEM of the $\text{Al}_2\text{O}_3/\text{ZrO}_2$ nanofiber calcined at 1200 °C



FigureS6 TEM of the $\text{Al}_2\text{O}_3/\text{ZrO}_2$ nanofiber calcined at 1300 °C

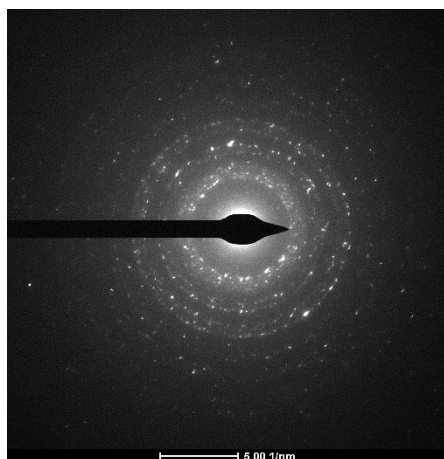


Figure S7 The SAED photo of $\text{Al}_2\text{O}_3/\text{ZrO}_2$ nanofiber calcined at 1200 °C

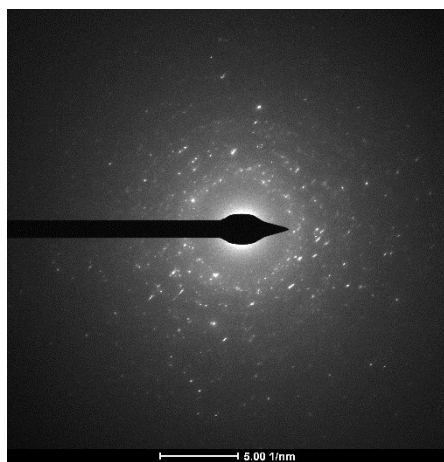


Figure S8 The SAED photo of $\text{Al}_2\text{O}_3/\text{ZrO}_2$ nanofiber calcined at 1300 °C