

Supporting Information

Anisotropic expansion effect of Sr doping on crystal structure of hydroxyapatite

Ming Wang^a, Yunli Wang^a, Yue Tian^a, Yingchun Zhu^{a,b,}*

a Key Lab of Inorganic Coating Materials CAS, Shanghai Institute of Ceramics, Chinese Academy of Sciences, Shanghai 200050, China

b Center of Materials Science and Optoelectronics Engineering, University of Chinese Academy of Science, Beijing 100049, China

Table S1. The quantities of reactants of Sr-HA samples.

Samples	x	Formula	SrO (mol)	MCPM (mol)	Ca(OH) ₂ (mol)
Sr2-HA	2	Ca ₈ Sr ₂ (PO ₄) ₆ (OH) ₂	0.008	0.012	0.02
Sr1-HA	1	Ca ₉ Sr(PO ₄) ₆ (OH) ₂	0.004	0.012	0.024
Sr0.1-HA	0.1	Ca _{9.9} Sr _{0.1} (PO ₄) ₆ (OH) ₂	0.0004	0.012	0.0276
Sr0.01-HA	0.01	Ca _{9.99} Sr _{0.01} (PO ₄) ₆ (OH) ₂	0.00004	0.012	0.02796
Sr0.001-HA	0.001	Ca _{9.999} Sr _{0.001} (PO ₄) ₆ (OH) ₂	0.000004	0.012	0.027996
HA	0	Ca ₁₀ (PO ₄) ₆ (OH) ₂	0	0.012	0.028

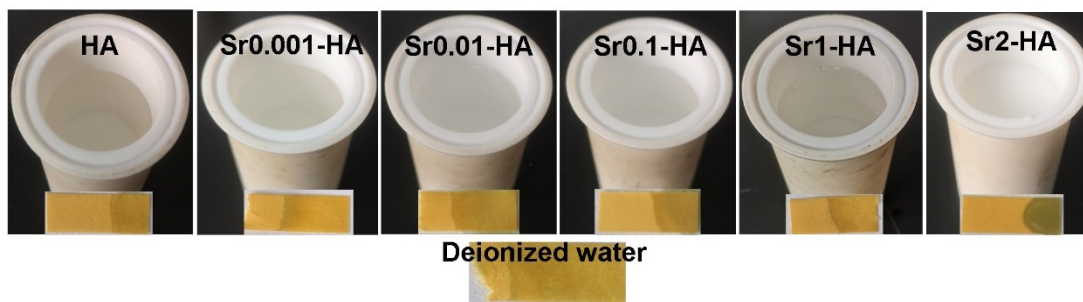


Figure S1. The appearance and pH level measurement of supernatant after synthesis of Sr-HA by pH indicator strips.

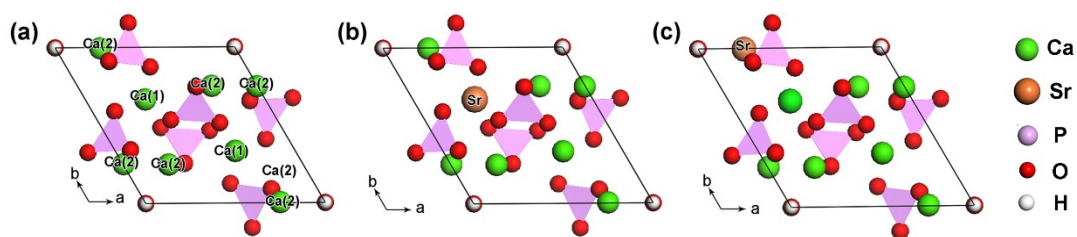


Figure S2. (a) The crystal structure of HA and two Ca positions observed along c-axis: Ca(1) at 4f site and Ca(2) at 6h site. (b) The crystal structure of Sr1-HA $[\text{Ca}_9\text{Sr}(\text{PO}_4)_6(\text{OH})_2]$ with Sr substituted for Ca(1) site. (c) The crystal structure of Sr1-HA with Sr substituted for Ca(2) site.

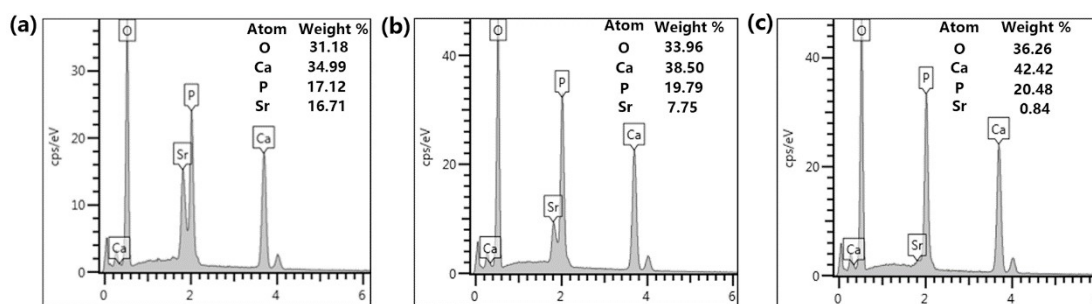


Figure S3. EDX spectrum and chemical composition of (a) Sr2-HA, (b) Sr1-HA and (c) Sr0.1-HA.

Table S2. Sr contents in Sr-HA samples measured by AAS and EDX.

Samples	Sr contents
Sr0.001-HA	75.58 ± 9.91 ppm
Sr0.01-HA	708.58 ± 26.62 ppm
Sr0.1-HA	0.71 ± 0.13 wt%
Sr1-HA	7.84 ± 0.53 wt%
Sr2-HA	16.54 ± 0.44 wt%

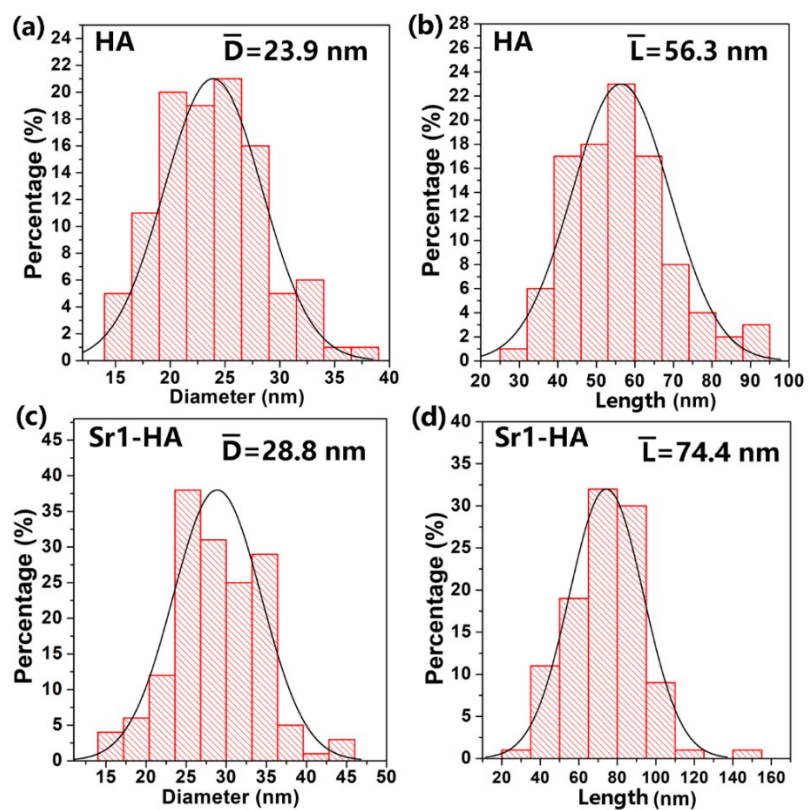


Figure S4. Particle Size Distribution of HA and Sr1-HA samples. (a) Diameter and (b) length of HA particles. (c) Diameter and (d) length of Sr1-HA particles.