

Supporting Information

Probing the electronic structure and Au–C bonding in AuC_{2n}H (n = 4-7)
using photoelectron imaging spectroscopy and quantum chemical
calculations

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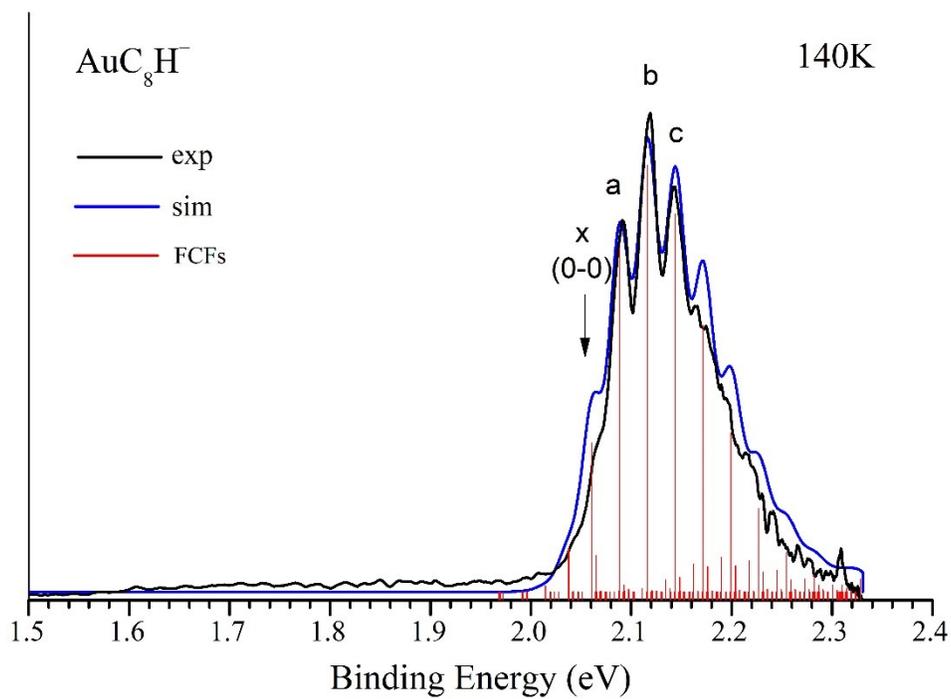


Fig.S1 The PE spectrum (black) at 532 nm, FC simulated curve (blue), and calculated FC factors (red stick) for Au-C stretching vibrational transition, using CAM-B3LYP geometries, frequencies, and of ground anionic and neutral AuC₈H are shown to make comparison. The assignment of 0-0 transition peak at 2.063 eV is given.

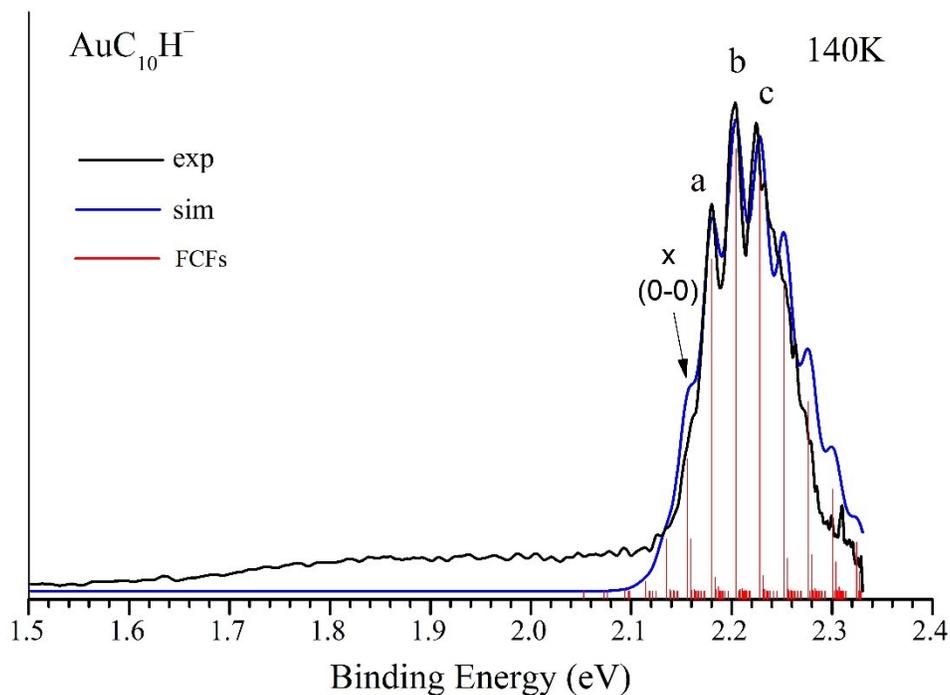


Fig.S2 The PE spectrum (black) at 532 nm, FC simulated curve (blue), and calculated FC factors (red stick) for Au-C stretching vibrational transition, using CAM-B3LYP geometries, frequencies, and of ground anionic and neutral AuC₁₀H are shown to make comparison. The assignment of 0-0 transition peak at 2.157 eV is given.

Since electronic bonding energy is close to the detachment photo energy, the PE spectra for AuC₁₂H⁻ and AuC₁₄H⁻ are incomplete and difficult to give the FC simulation. For AuC₁₂H⁻ and AuC₁₄H⁻, the 0-0 transition (labeled as *x*) are extrapolated to the position at the lower energy of peak *a* by one vibrational quantum of Au-C stretching mode in the neutral ground state.

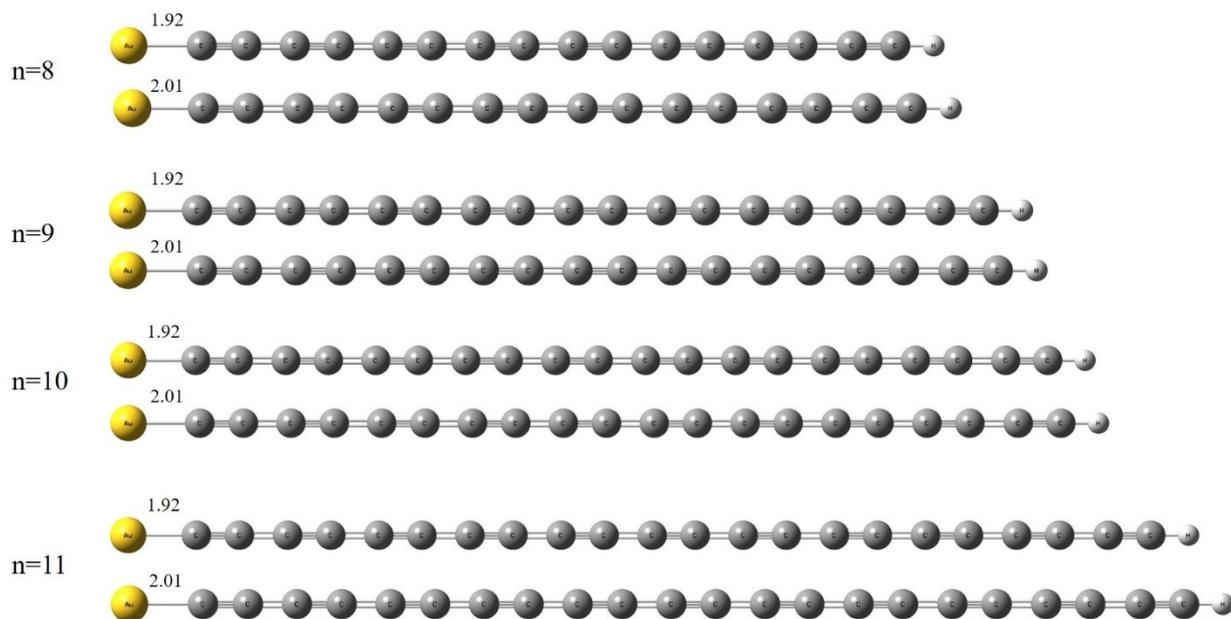


Fig.S3 Optimized molecule structures of $\text{AuC}_{2n}\text{H}^-$ ($n = 8-11$) and their corresponding neutrals at the CAM-B3LYP/AVTZ level. For each n , the bottom shows the anion structure, while the top structure is for the neutral. All bond lengths are shown in Å.

Table S1. The theoretical ADEs of $\text{AuC}_{2n}\text{H}^-$ ($n = 8-11$) at CAM-B3LYP/AVTZ level.

Number of n	CAM-B3LYP (eV)
8	2.301
9	2.325
10	2.346
11	2.357