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Supplementary Information

Reactive species specific RhB assisted collective photocatalytic degradation of tetracycline antibiotic with triple-layer Aurivillius perovskites

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Compounds	Lattice parameters (Å)		Bandgap (eV)	
	а	С	<i>E</i> _g (1)	<i>E</i> _g (2)
$Bi_{2,5}Sr_{1,5}Nb_2Ti_{0,5}Cr_{0,5}O_{12}$	3.886(1)	33.04(1)	1.94	2.28
$Bi_{2,5}Sr_{1,5}Nb_2Ti_{0,5}Mn_{0,5}O_{12}$	3.884(1)	32.99(1)	1.69	3.11
$Bi_{2.5}Sr_{1.5}Nb_{2}Ti_{0.5}Fe_{0.5}O_{12}$	3.895(1)	33.21(1)	2.16	2.75

Table S1 Unit cell parameters and bandgap of $Bi_{2.5}Sr_{1.5}Nb_2Ti_{0.5}M_{0.5}O_{12}$ (*M* = Cr, Mn, Fe)

Atom	x	у	Z	B _{iso}	Occ.
Bi(1)/Sr(1)	0	0	0.21379(6)	4.5	1.8/0.2
Sr(2)/Bi(2)	0	0	0.06313(9)	2.5	1.3/0.7
Ti(1)/Nb(1)/Fe(1)	0	0	0.5	0.9	0.25/0.5/0.25
Nb(2)/Ti(2)/Fe(2)	0	0	0.37268(7)	0.6	1.5/0.25/0.25
O(1)	0	0.5	0	4.4	2
O(2)	0	0.5	0.25	2.0	2
O(3)	0	0	0.44662(52)	2.0	2
O(4)	0	0	0.32157(62)	3.6	2
O(5)	0	0.5	0.11590(38)	1.5	4

Table S2. Atomic Position, Site Occupancy and Thermal Parameters of Bi25Sr15Nb2Ti05Cr05O12

Space group *I4/mmm*, *a* = 3.8949(2), c = 33.040(2) Å, $R_{\text{Bragg}} = 5.1$ %, $R_{\text{F}} = 2.0$ %, $R_{\text{p}} = 8.1$ %, = 10.0 % and $\chi^2 = 7.9$.

R_{wp}



Fig. S1 Rietveld refinement profile of $Bi_{2.5}Sr_{1.5}Nb_2Ti_{0.5}Cr_{0.5}O_{12}$ (left panel). Observed (+), calculated (-) and difference (bottom) profiles are shown with vertical bars representing Bragg positions. The crystal structure of $Bi_{2.5}Sr_{1.5}Nb_2Ti_{0.5}Cr_{0.5}O_{12}$ is represented in the right panel.



Fig. S2 FE-SEM images and corresponding EDS of (a, a') Bi_{2.5}Sr_{1.5}Nb₂Ti_{0.5}Cr_{0.5}O₁₂, b') Bi_{2.5}Sr_{1.5}Nb₂Ti_{0.5}Mn_{0.5}O₁₂ and (c, c') Bi_{2.5}Sr_{1.5}Nb₂Ti_{0.5}Fe_{0.5}O₁₂.

(b,

Photocatalyst	Surface area (m ² /g)	Pore diameter (nm)
$Bi_{2.5}Sr_{1.5}Nb_2Ti_{0.5}Cr_{0.5}O_{12}$	1.3386	14.74
$Bi_{2.5}Sr_{1.5}Nb_2Ti_{0.5}Mn_{0.5}O_{12}$	1.2844	14.56
$Bi_{2.5}Sr_{1.5}Nb_2Ti_{0.5}Fe_{0.5}O_{12}$	1.1831	14.43

Table S3. The specific surface area & pore diameter of $Bi_{2.5}Sr_{1.5}Nb_2Ti_{0.5}M_{0.5}O_{12}$ (M = Cr, Mn & Fe)



Fig. S3 (a) HR-TEM image and (b) SAED pattern of Bi_{2.5}Sr_{1.5}Nb₂Ti_{0.5}Fe_{0.5}O₁₂.



Fig. S4 Nyquist plot fitting and equivalent circuit diagram for $Bi_{2.5}Sr_{1.5}Nb_2Ti_{0.5}M_{0.5}O_{12}$ (*M* = Cr, Mn & Fe).





 $Bi_{2.5}Sr_{1.5}Nb_{2}Ti_{0.5}M_{0.5}O_{12}$ (*M* = Mn & Fe) and $Bi_{2}Sr_{2}Nb_{2}TiO_{12}$.



Fig. S6 Photocatalytic degradation of TC and RhB from TC-RhB mixture over Bi_{2.5}Sr_{1.5}Nb₂Ti_{0.5} $M_{0.5}O_{12}$ (M = Cr, Mn, Fe) and Bi₂Sr₂Nb₂TiO₁₂ at (a) pH 7 and (b) pH 11.



Fig. S7 UV-vis absorption spectra for degradation of RhB over (a) $Bi_{2.5}Sr_{1.5}Nb_2Ti_{0.5}Cr_{0.5}O_{12}$, (b) $Bi_{2.5}Sr_{1.5}Nb_2Ti_{0.5}Mn_{0.5}O_{12}$ and (c) $Bi_{2.5}Sr_{1.5}Nb_2Ti_{0.5}Fe_{0.5}O_{12}$ at pH 2 under MP-MVL irradiation.



Fig. S8 Photocatalytic degradation of RhB with time over $Bi_{2.5}Sr_{1.5}Nb_2Ti_{0.5}M_{0.5}O_{12}$ (*M* = Cr, Mn, Fe) at (a) pH 7 and (b) pH 11.



Fig. S9 UV-vis absorption spectra of TC degradation at (a) pH 2, (b) pH 7 and (c) pH 11 over the catalyst, $Bi_{2,5}Sr_{1,5}Nb_2Ti_{0,5}Cr_{0,5}O_{12}$ under 150 minutes of light irradiation. (d) C/C₀ plot for TC degradation over the catalyst, $Bi_{2,5}Sr_{1,5}Nb_2Ti_{0,5}Cr_{0,5}O_{12}$ at different pH values.



Bi_{2.5}Sr_{1.5}Nb₂Ti_{0.5}Fe_{0.5}O₁₂ before and after photodegradation of individual RhB and TC-RhB mixture in the acidic medium.



Fig. S11 Catalyst stability tests of Bi_{2.5}Sr_{1.5}Nb₂Ti_{0.5}Cr_{0.5}O₁₂ with (a) UV-vis DRS and (b) Raman spectroscopy.



Fig. S12 High-resolution XPS spectra of (a) Bi 4f, (b) Sr 3d, (c) Nb 3d, (d) Ti 2p, (e) Mn/Fe 2p and (f) O 1s for Bi_{2.5}Sr_{1.5}Nb₂Ti_{0.5}M_{0.5}O₁₂ (Mn & Fe).



Fig. S13 HR-TEM (a, a') and SAED pattern (b, b') of $Bi_{2.5}Sr_{1.5}Nb_2Ti_{0.5}Cr_{0.5}O_{12}$ before (in yellow) and after (in red) photocatalysis.



Fig. S14 (a-c) Mott-Schottky plots of $Bi_{2.5}Sr_{1.5}Nb_2Ti_{0.5}M_{0.5}O_{12}$ (M = Cr, Mn & Fe) (recorded at 1 kHz with an amplitude of 10 mV in 0.1 M Na₂SO₄ solution of pH = 2.0). (d) Cyclic voltammogram of TC.



Fig. S15 (a) C/C₀ plot and (b) bar graph depicting TC degradation from TC-RhB mixture over $Bi_{2.5}Sr_{1.5}Nb_2Ti_{0.5}Cr_{0.5}O_{12}$ at pH 2 in 180 min of light irradiation with different concentrations of RhB dye.

Electron Paramagnetic Resonance (EPR) Measurement:

The role of RhB in the generation of active species was identified by comparing the EPR signal obtained with catalyst suspension in distilled water and in Rhodamine B. The sample for EPR experiment is prepared by dispersing the catalyst powder (10 mg) in 1.5 ml of acidic distilled water (pH 2) followed by the addition of 1.5 ml methanol. Then, 100 μ l of prepared suspension is introduced to the EPR tube and analyzed without and with light irradiation (450W xenon lamp). The same procedure was repeated with 1×10⁻⁵ M RhB solution of pH 2.



Fig. S16 EPR spectra of $Bi_{2.5}Sr_{1.5}Nb_2Ti_{0.5}Cr_{0.5}O_{12}$ (with and without RhB) before and after irradiation by 450 Watt Xenon lamp at 100 K.