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Supplementary Information

## Surface ligands enhance the catalytic activity of supported Au nanoparticles for the aerobic $\alpha$ -oxidation of amines to amides

Puranjan Chatterjee, Hsin Wang, J. Sebastián Manzano, Uddhav Kanbur, Aaron D. Sadow and Igor I.

Slowing\*

U.S. Department of Energy, Ames Laboratory, Ames, Iowa 50011-3020, United States Department of Chemistry, Iowa State University, Ames, Iowa 50011-3111, United States

**Table S1.** Physicochemical properties of MSN supports.

Support	SA <sub>BET</sub> <sup>a</sup> (m²/g)	W <sub>вյн</sub> а (nm)	Group Loading <sup>b</sup> (mmol/g)
MSN	1320	2.6	-
MP-MSN	1015	2.4	1.4
PyEt-MSN	702	2.1	0.94
PyEt-MSN-0.7	795	2.4	0.65
PyEt-MSN-1.4	771	2.1	1.4

<sup>a</sup> Measured by N<sub>2</sub> physisorption.

<sup>b</sup> Determined by CHNS elemental analysis.

Fig. S1  $N_2$  sorption isotherms of MSN supports.





Fig. S2 Small angle XRD patterns of MSN supports.



**Fig. S3** DRIFT spectra of MP-MSN showing bands in the a) 2900-2950 cm<sup>-1</sup> region assigned to C-H stretches and b) at 2582 cm<sup>-1</sup> assigned to S-H stretch. The parent MSN did not show any absorption in these regions.



**Fig. S4** DRIFT spectra of PyEt-MSN (blue traces) showing signals in the a) 3000-3100 cm<sup>-1</sup> and 2800-3000 cm<sup>-1</sup> regions indicating presence of aromatic and aliphatic C-H vibrations respectively. b) The additional intense band at ~1612 cm<sup>-1</sup> is assigned to the C=N stretch of pyridine and the band at 1562 cm<sup>-1</sup> peak is attributed to protonated pyridine. The parent MSN (black trace) presented an absorption at 1618 cm<sup>-1</sup> assigned to physisorbed water.









Fig. S6 Small angle XRD patterns of supported Au catalysts.

**Fig. S7** Sample <sup>1</sup>H NMR spectra of reaction mixtures obtained from the Au/PyEt-MSN catalyzed oxidation of pyrrolidine (top) and N-methyl pyrrolidine (bottom).



Catalyst	SA <sub>BET</sub> (m²/g)ª	W <sub>влн</sub> (nm)ª	Au Loading (wt.%) <sup>b</sup>	% Dispersion <sup>c</sup>
Au/MP-MSN (0.5 wt %)	964	2.3	$0.46 \pm 0.02$	52
Au/MP-MSN (4.8 wt %)	899	2.4	4.8 ± 0.1	47
Au/PyEt-MSN (0.5 wt %)	716	2.0	0.50 ± 0.07	44
Au/PyEt-MSN-0.7 (0.5 wt %)	746	2.3	0.50 ± 0.02	43
Au/PyEt-MSN-1.4 (0.5 wt %)	716	2.4	$0.49 \pm 0.04$	30
Au/PyEt-MSN (3.9 wt %)	849	2.3	3.9 ± 0.2	15

**Table S2.** Physicochemical properties of the catalysts.

<sup>a</sup> Measured by  $N_2$  physisorption.

<sup>b</sup> Determined by ICP-OES analysis.

<sup>c</sup> Estimated by CO pulsed chemisorption.

**Fig. S8** Comparison of DRIFT spectra in the 1450 – 1700 cm<sup>-1</sup> region of PyEt-MSN (blue), Au/PyEt-MSN (0.5 wt % Au) (yellow) and Au/PyEt-MSN (3.9 wt % Au) (brown). New bands are indicative of pyridyl-Au interaction.



**Fig. S9** Thermogravimetric analyses of a) Au/MP-MSN and b) Au/PyEt MSN. Losses below 200 °C correspond to water. Evolution of  $CO_2$  and  $SO_2$  indicative of organic group decomposition were observed in the 200 to 700 °C range.





**Fig. S10** Particle aggregation upon exposure of Au/MSN to the electron beam in the TEM. Scale bar is 10 nm in all images except for the bottom left (50 nm).



**Fig. S11** Representative STEM images of fresh (left) and spent (right) Au/MP-MSN (top) and Au/PyEt-MSN (bottom). Scale bar 20 nm in all images. Due to the small particle size of Au/MP-MSN it was not possible to reliably determine size distribution, however no large Au aggregates were observed upon inspection of the full field. Particle size distribution histograms of Au/PyEt-MSN are below their images. Average particle sizes were  $2.1 \pm 0.6$  nm for the fresh and  $2.3 \pm 0.6$  nm for the spent catalyst, based on 100 counts.



**Fig. S12** Representative STEM images and Au particle size histogram (based on 100 particle counts) of Au/MP-MSN with a 4.8 wt % metal loading.



**Fig. S13** Comparison between the activities of Au/MP-MSN with different particle sizes. The different particle sizes were obtained using different Au wt %. 0.5 wt % of Au gave particles smaller than 1 nm, and 4.8 wt % of Au gave particles averaging 1.6 nm.



**Fig. S14** Representative STEM images and Au particle size histogram (based on 100 particle counts) of Au/PyEt-MSN with a 3.9 wt. % metal loading.



**Fig. S15** Comparison between the catalytic activities of Au/PyEt-MSN with different particle sizes. The different particle sizes were obtained using different Au wt %. 0.5 wt % of Au gave particles of ca. 2.1 nm, and 3.9 wt % of Au gave particles averaging 3.2 nm.



**Fig. S16** Variation in catalyst properties as a function of PyEt group loading. a) Catalytic activity for the oxidation of N-methylpyrrolidine to N-methylpyrrolidone using Au/PyEt-MSN with 0.65, 0.94 and 1.4 mmol PyEt groups per g of material (conditions: 0.25 mol % Au, 2 mL H<sub>2</sub>O, 100 °C, 6 h, 3 min O<sub>2</sub> overhead flow). b) STEM images of Au/PyEt-MSN with 0.65 mmol PyEt/g and the corresponding particle size histogram. c) STEM images of Au/PyEt-MSN with 1.4 mmol PyEt/g and the corresponding particle size histogram.



**Fig. S17** Deconvolution of N 1s XPS of Au/PyEt-MSN shows ca. 41% N coordinated with Au (400 eV, red line), 42% pyridinic N (398.9 eV, green line), 11% protonated N (401.9 eV, light blue line) and 6 % pyridine N-oxide (402.9 eV, orange line).



**Fig. S18** EPR spectra of a) Au/PyEt-MSN in air, b) DMPO-Toluene mixture in air, and c) Au/PyEt-MSN with DMPO-Toluene under  $N_2$ , d) Au/MP-MSN with DMPO in air, and e) Au/PyEt-MSN with DMPO in air. All



samples contain the same amount of DMPO (0.62 mmol), and the same amount of catalyst (ca. 20 mg, except sample b that has no catalyst).

Fig. S19 Recycling of Au/PyEt-MSN.



**Fig. S20** XP spectrum of the spent Au/PyEt-MSN catalyst (bottom) compared to that of the fresh catalyst. A small shift of the Au 4f  $_{7/2}$  peak to higher binding energy is observed. However, the spent catalyst still has a lower binding energy than bulk Au (discontinuous line at 83.9 eV) indicating that the it remains electron rich.



**Fig. S21** Amines with different functional groups investigated as substrates for the Au/PyEt-MSN catalyzed aerobic oxidation. None of these substrates was converted to the corresponding amides under the standard reaction conditions (0.25 mol % catalyst, 2 mL H<sub>2</sub>O, 100 °C, 6 h, 3 min O<sub>2</sub> overhead flow).



**Characterization of Products.** 

**Product 1**. <sup>N</sup><sup>1</sup>H-NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>): δ = 3.61 (t, J = 7.0 Hz, 2H), 3.34 (t, 4H), 2.46 (t, J = 8.1

Hz, 2H), 1.92 (dt, J = 16.0, 7.6 Hz, 2H), 1.84 (t, 6.7 Hz, 4H). MS (EI): m/z = 138 [M<sup>+</sup>].



Product of reaction of 2.

 $^1\text{H-NMR}$  (600 MHz, D\_2O):  $\delta$  = 3.16 (s, 6H), 2.15 (t, J = 7.4 Hz, 2H),

1.76 (m, 2H), 0.94 (t, J = 7.4 Hz, 3H). MS (ESI): m/z = 118.1 [MH<sup>+</sup>].

**Product of reaction 5.**  $\stackrel{O}{\overset{}_{H}}_{H}$  <sup>1</sup>H-NMR (600 MHz, D<sub>2</sub>O): δ = 1.91 (s, 3H), 1.31 (s, 9H). MS (ESI): m/z =

118 [MH+].

**Product of reaction 6.** <sup>1</sup>H-NMR (600 MHz, D<sub>2</sub>O): δ = 3.05 (s, 3H), 2.85 (q, J = 7.2 Hz, 2H), 1.91

(s, 3H), 1.18 (t, J = 7.2 Hz, 3H). MS (EI): m/z = 101 [M<sup>+</sup>].



**Product of reaction 15.**  $\stackrel{N}{\longrightarrow} O$  <sup>1</sup>H-NMR (600 MHz, D<sub>2</sub>O):  $\delta$  = 3.49 (t, 2H), 2.81 (s, 3H), 2.41 (t, J = 8.1 Hz, 2H), 2.03 (qd, J = 8.1, 6.9 Hz, 2H). MS (ESI): m/z = 100.1 [MH<sup>+</sup>].

**Product of reaction 16.** <sup>1</sup>H-NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>): δ = 3.30 (t, 2H), 2.96 (s, 3H), 2.39 (t, J = 6.1 Hz, 2H), 1.82 (m, 4H). MS (EI): m/z = 113 [M<sup>+</sup>].

**Product 17.** 1H-NMR (600 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>): δ = 7.26-7.36 (m, 2H), 7.18-7.22 (m, 3H), 4.08 (q, 1H), 3.25-3.33 (m, 2H), 1.05-1.33 (m, 15H). <sup>13</sup>C-NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ = 20.45, 24.17, 26.66, 125.1, 127.68, 128.31, 131.57. MS (ESI): m/z = 230.2 [MH<sup>+</sup>].

Product 18. N
Product 18.  $N = \frac{1}{1} + NMR (600 \text{ MHz}, \text{CDCl}_3): \delta = 7.25 - 7.43 \text{ (m, 5H)}, 3.52 \text{ (t, 1H)}, 2.60 \text{ (t, 1H)}, 2.36 \text{ (s, 3H)}, 2.34 \text{ (t, 1H)}, 1.86 \text{ (t, 1H)}, 1.79 \text{ (t, 1H)}, 1.64 \text{ (t, 1H)}, 1.57 \text{ (m, 2H)}, 1.43 \text{ (t, 1H)}. 1^3 \text{C-NMR} (400 \text{ MHz}, \text{CDCl}_3): \delta = 20.84, 25.72, 31.80, 44.43, 52.02, 54.81, 77.15, 86.35, 87.33, 123.4, 127.7, 128.2, 131.8.$ MS (EI): m/z = 199 [M<sup>+</sup>].

Product 19.
Product 19.
<sup>1</sup>H-NMR (600 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>): δ = 7.26-7.50 (m, 5H), 3.36 (t, J = 7.1 Hz, 1H),
2.94 (dt, J = 8.8 Hz and 3.9 Hz, 1H), 2.50 (s, 3H), 2.45 (q, J= 8.8 Hz, 1H), 2.18-2.23 (m, 1 H), 1.96-2.06 (m, 1 H), 1.79-1.83 (m, 1H).
<sup>13</sup>C-NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>): δ = 22.42, 32.26, 39.69, 54.70, 57.11, 83.67, 88.8, 123.1,
128.1, 128.3, 131.7. MS (EI): m/z = 185 [M<sup>+</sup>].

**Product 20.** <sup>N</sup> <sup>1</sup>H-NMR (600 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>): δ = 7.46 (s, 4H), 3.38 (t, 1H), 3.18 (s, 1H), 2.31-2.26 (m, 2H), 2.18 (s, 3H), 2.09-1.94 (m, 4H).<sup>13</sup>C-NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>): δ = 22.56, 30.94, 40.88, 54.88, 57.18, 77.97, 79.91, 82.40, 89.36, 122.7, 131.8. MS (ESI): m/z = 210 [MH<sup>+</sup>].

 Product 21.
 <sup>1</sup>H-NMR (600 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>): δ = 7.44 (d, 2H), 6.84 (d, 2H), 3.92 (s,

 3H), 3.47 (t, 1H), 2.72 (t, 1H), 2.56 (t, 1H), 2.35 (m, 1H), 2.22 (m, 1H), 2.12 (m, 1H), 1.96 (m, 1H). <sup>13</sup>C-NMR

 (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>): δ = 22.46, 33.66, 39.91, 54.56, 54.87, 57.18, 84.67, 87.17, 114.2, 115.4, 133.3, 160.3.

 MS (EI): m/z = 214 [M<sup>+</sup>].