Mn^{2+}/Mn^{4+} co-doped $LaM_{1-x}Al_{11-y}O_{19}$ (M = Mg, Zn) luminescent materials: electronic structure, energy transfer and optical thermometry properties

Dayu Huang,^{a,b} Qiuyun Ouyang^{a,*} Bin Liu,^{a,b} Bingkun Chen,^a Yuting

Wang,^a Chenggang Yuan,^a Hui Xiao,^b Hongzhou Lian,^{b,*} and Jun Lin^{b,*}

^a Key Laboratory of In-Fiber Integrated Optics, Ministry Education of China, and College of Physics and Opotoelectronic Engineering, Harbin Engineering University, Harbin 150001, China

^b State Key Laboratory of Rare Earth Resource Utilization, Changchun Institute of Applied Chemistry, Chinese Academy of Sciences, Changchun 130022, P. R. China



Figure S1. Unit cell of $LaZnAl_{11}O_{19}$ and the illustrated polyhedrons.



Figure S2. (a-b) Powder XRD patterns of $LaM_{1-x}Al_{11-y}O_{19}:xMn^{2+},yMn^{4+}$ (M = Mg, Zn). Rietveld refinement XRD data of the representative (c) $LaZnAl_{11}O_{19}:0.04Mn^{2+},0.03Mn^{4+}$, (d) $LaMgAl_{11}O_{19}:0.04Mn^{2+},0.04Mn^{4+}$, (e-f) Powder XRD patterns of representative $LaM_{1-x}Al_{11-},yO_{19}:0.04Mn^{2+},yMn^{4+}$ (M = Mg, Zn) in the range of 50~200 °C.



Figure S3. Temperature-dependent Raman spectra of LaZnAl₁₁O₁₉ in the 20-200 °C range.



Figure S4. The La 3d, Zn 2p, Al 2p, O 1s, Mn 2p/3p and C 1s XPS spectra of $LaZnAl_{11}O_{19}:Mn^{2+},Mn^{4+}$.



Figure S5. PL spectra of LaZnAl₁₁O₁₉ phosphors single-doped with (a) Mn^{2+} ($\lambda_{ex} = 365 \text{ nm}$), (b) Mn^{4+} ($\lambda_{ex} = 365 \text{ nm}$). PL spectra of LaMgAl₁₁O₁₉ phosphors single-doped with (c) Mn^{2+} ($\lambda_{ex} = 365 \text{ nm}$), (d) Mn^{4+} ($\lambda_{ex} = 365 \text{ nm}$).



Figure S6. PLE of (a) LZAO:0.04Mn²⁺,0.03Mn⁴⁺ and (b) LMAO:0.04Mn²⁺,0.04Mn⁴⁺sample ($\lambda_{em} = 677 \text{ nm}$).



Figure S7. Decay curves of Mn^{2+} in (a-b) $LaZnAl_{11}O_{19}:xMn^{2+}$ and (c-d) $LaMgAl_{11}O_{19}:xMn^{2+}$ ($\lambda_{ex} = 460 \text{ nm}$, $\lambda_{em} = 514 \text{ nm}$). PL decay curves of Mn^{4+} in (e-f) $LaZnAl_{11}O_{19}:yMn^{4+}$ and (g-h) $LaMgAl_{11}O_{19}:yMn^{4+}$ ($\lambda_{ex} = 365 \text{ nm}$, $\lambda_{em} = 677 \text{ nm}$).



Figure S8. Decay curves of Mn^{4+} in (a-b) LaZnAl₁₁O₁₉:0.04Mn²⁺, yMn^{4+} and (c-d) LaMgAl₁₁O₁₉:0.04Mn²⁺, $yMn^{4+}(\lambda_{ex} = 365 \text{ nm}, \lambda_{em} = 677 \text{ nm})$. Decay curves of Mn²⁺ in (e-f) LaZnAl₁₁O₁₉:0.04Mn²⁺, yMn^{4+} and (g-h) LaMgAl₁₁O₁₉:0.04Mn²⁺, $yMn^{4+}(\lambda_{ex} = 365 \text{ nm}, \lambda_{em} = 514 \text{ nm})$.



Figure S9. (a-b) Dependence of energy transfer efficiencies (η_T) on Mn^{4+} concentration in LaM₁. _xAl_{11-y}O₁₉:0.04Mn²⁺, yMn⁴⁺ (M = Mg, Zn) phosphors.



Figure S10. (a-b) Dependence of I_{S0}/I_S of Mn^{2+} on $C^{6/3}$, $C^{8/3}$ and $C^{10/3}$ in $LaM_{1-x}Al_{11-y}O_{19}$; 0.04 Mn^{2+} , yMn^{4+} (M = Mg, Zn).



Figure S11. (a) Decay curves of LaMgAl₁₁O₁₉:0.04Mn²⁺,0.04Mn⁴⁺ in -50~200 °C. (b) Changing tendency of the fitted decay lifetimes with temperature. (c) Correlation between $1/\tau$ vs 1/T and the exponential fitting line. (d) Calculated S_r LaMgAl₁₁O₁₉:0.04Mn²⁺,0.04Mn⁴⁺ temperature probe derived from lifetime readout in -50~200 °C.

TableS1.RefinedcrystallographicdataandreliabilityfactorforLaMAl11O19:0.04Mn2+,0.03Mn4+/0.04Mn4+ (M = Mg, Zn).

formula	symmetry	Space group	a=b/Å	c/Å	V/Å	Ζ	Rwp (%)	R _p (%)
LaZnAl ₁₁ O ₁₉	Hexagonal	P63/mmc	5.59	21.96	594.3	2	7.4	8.6
LaMgAl ₁₁ O ₁₉	Hexagonal	P63/mmc	5.57	21.93	589.2	2	6.9	7.5

Temperature (°C)	$LaZnAl_{11}O_{19}:0.04Mn^{2+},0.03Mn^{4+}$		LaMgAl ₁₁ O ₁₉ :0.04Mr	n ²⁺ ,0.04Mn ⁴⁺
	x	У	x	у
-175	0.46	0.45	0.43	0.45
-100	0.40	0.50	0.40	0.47
-50	0.37	0.51	0.38	0.50
0	0.34	0.55	0.37	0.52
50	0.30	0.58	0.35	0.55
100	0.28	0.60	0.32	0.57
150	0.25	0.62	0.29	0.60
200	0.21	0.64	0.25	0.65
250	0.16	0.67	0.19	0.70

Table S2. The CIE coordinates of the LaMAl₁₁O₁₉: $0.04Mn^{2+}$, $0.03Mn^{4+}$ / $0.04Mn^{4+}$ (M = Mg, Zn) at different temperatures.