

## Supporting Information

### **Ultraviolet-C persistent luminescence from $\text{Lu}_2\text{SiO}_5\text{:Pr}^{3+}$ persistent phosphor for solar-blind optical tagging**

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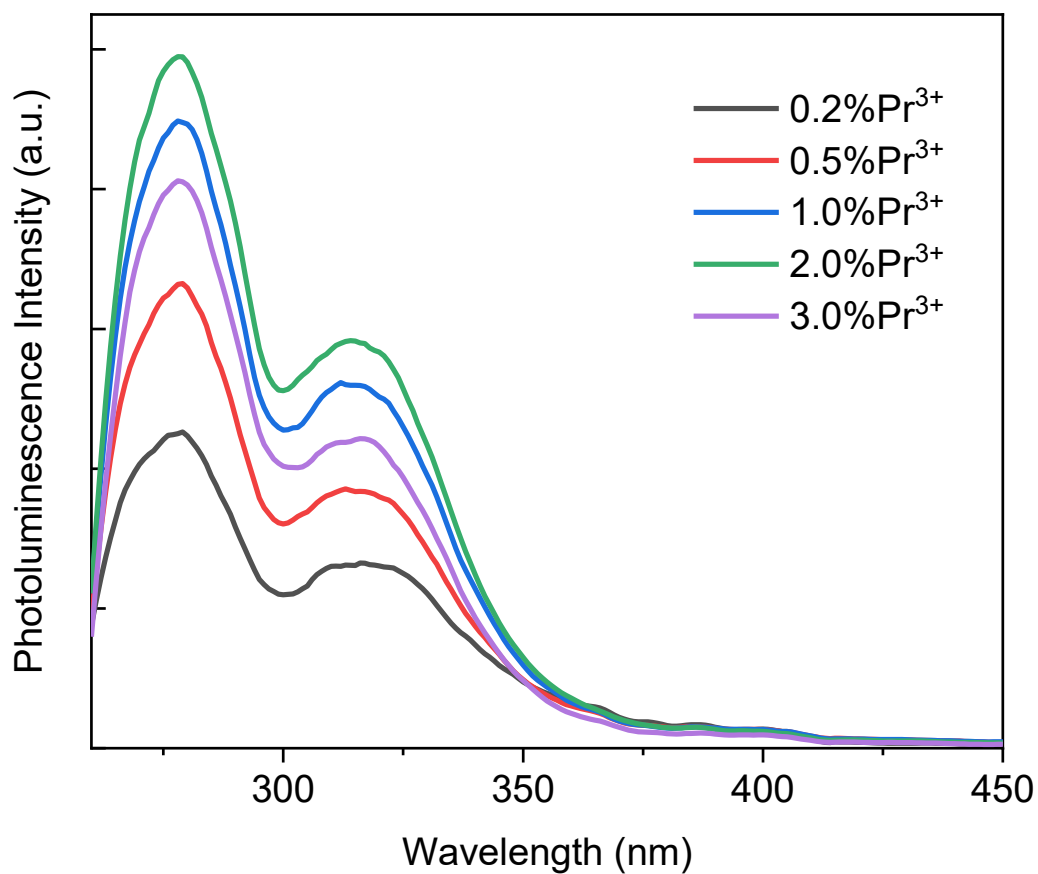
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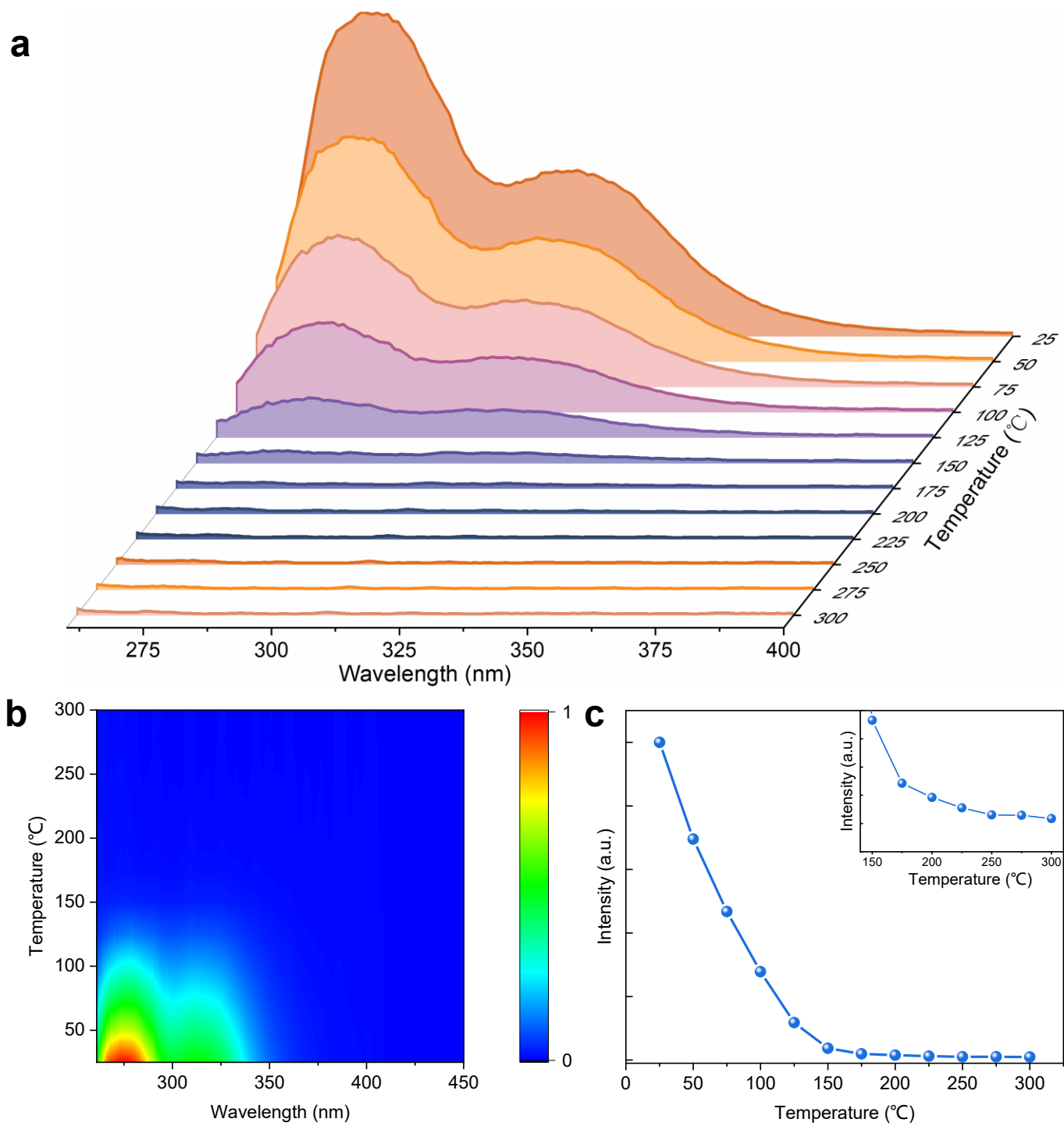
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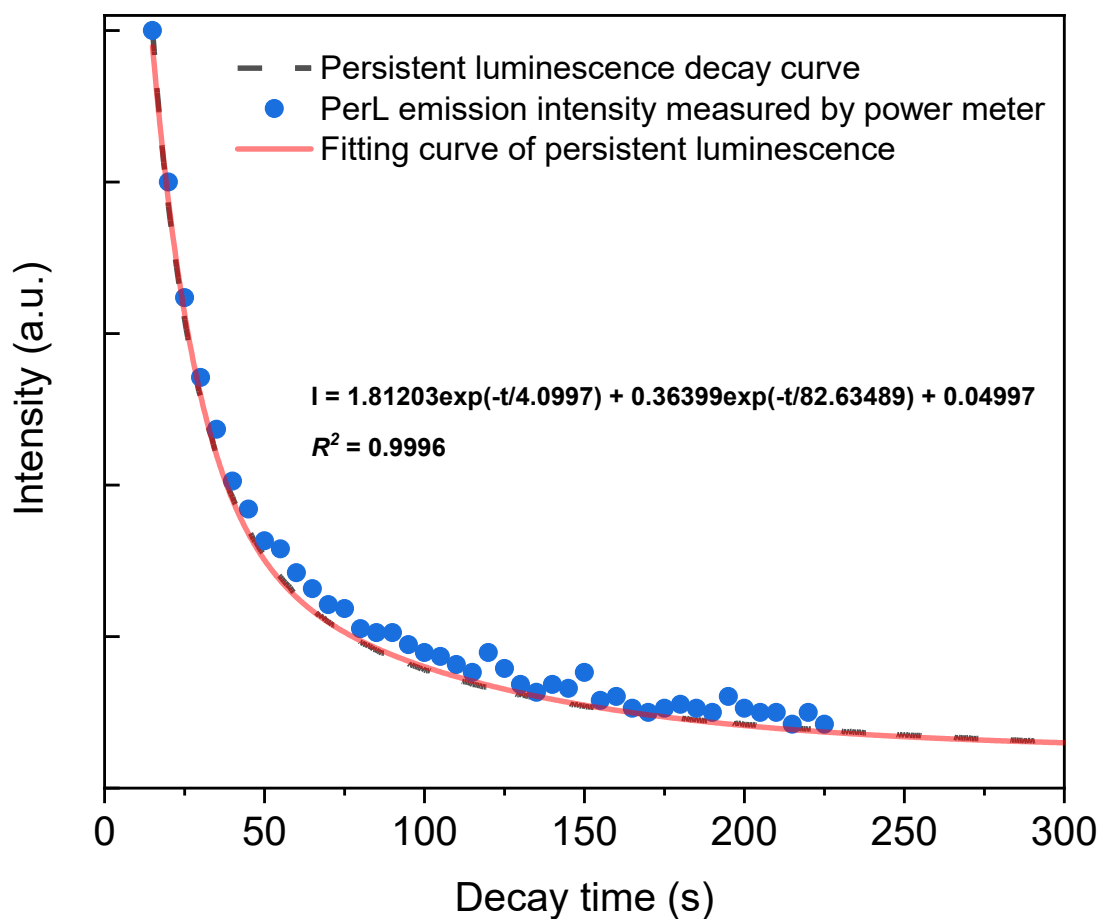
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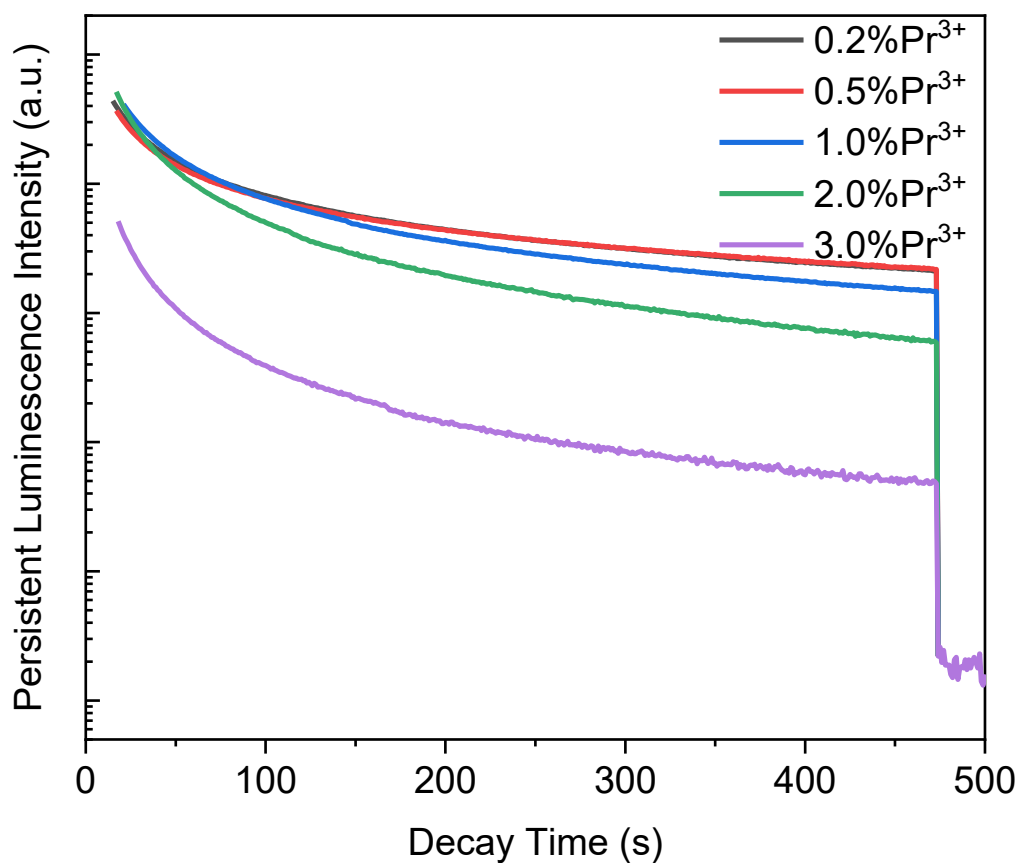
**Fig. S1.** Photoluminescence emission spectra of Lu<sub>2-x</sub>SiO<sub>5</sub>:x%Pr<sup>3+</sup> ( $x = 0.2, 0.5, 1, 2, 3$ ). The spectra are obtained under 248 nm light excitation.



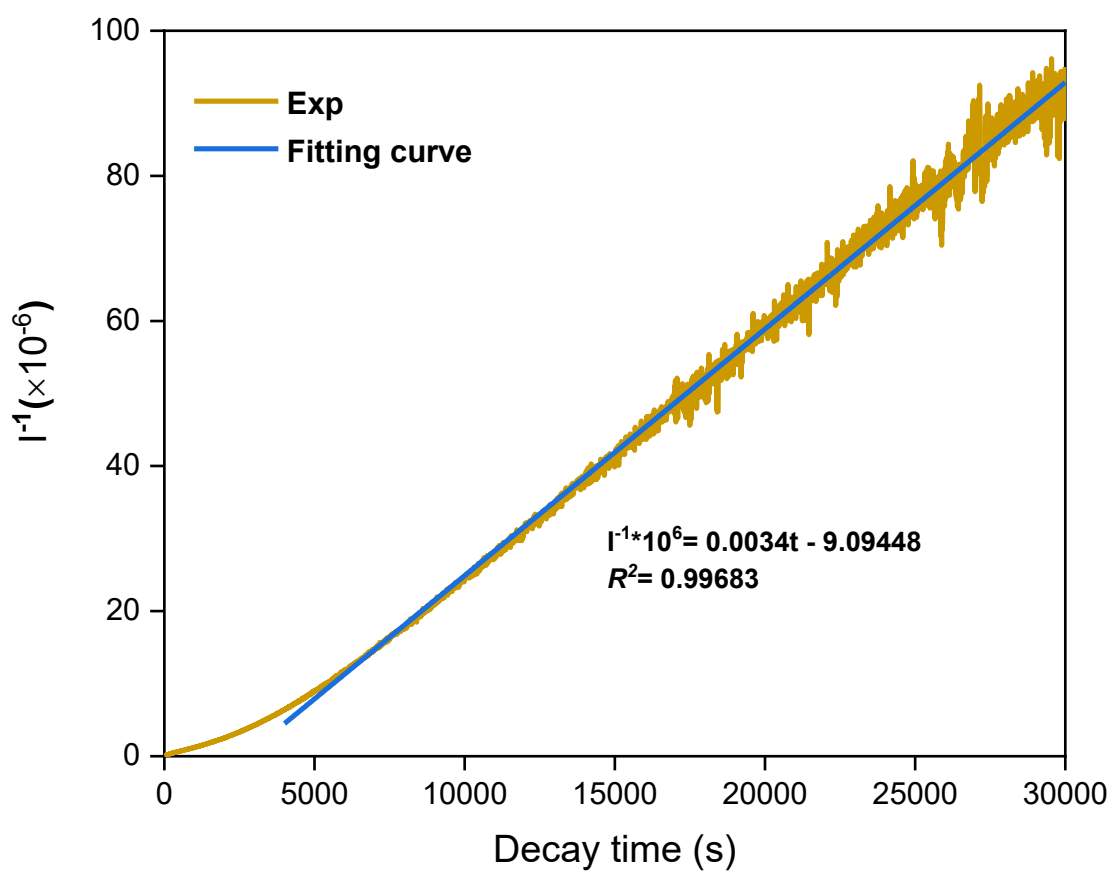
**Fig. S2.** (a) Temperature-depended emission spectra of  $\text{Lu}_2\text{SiO}_5:\text{Pr}^{3+}$ . (b) 2D color maps of temperature-dependent emission spectra of  $\text{Lu}_2\text{SiO}_5:\text{Pr}^{3+}$  phosphors. (c) Normalized emission intensities monitored at 280 nm as a function of temperature.



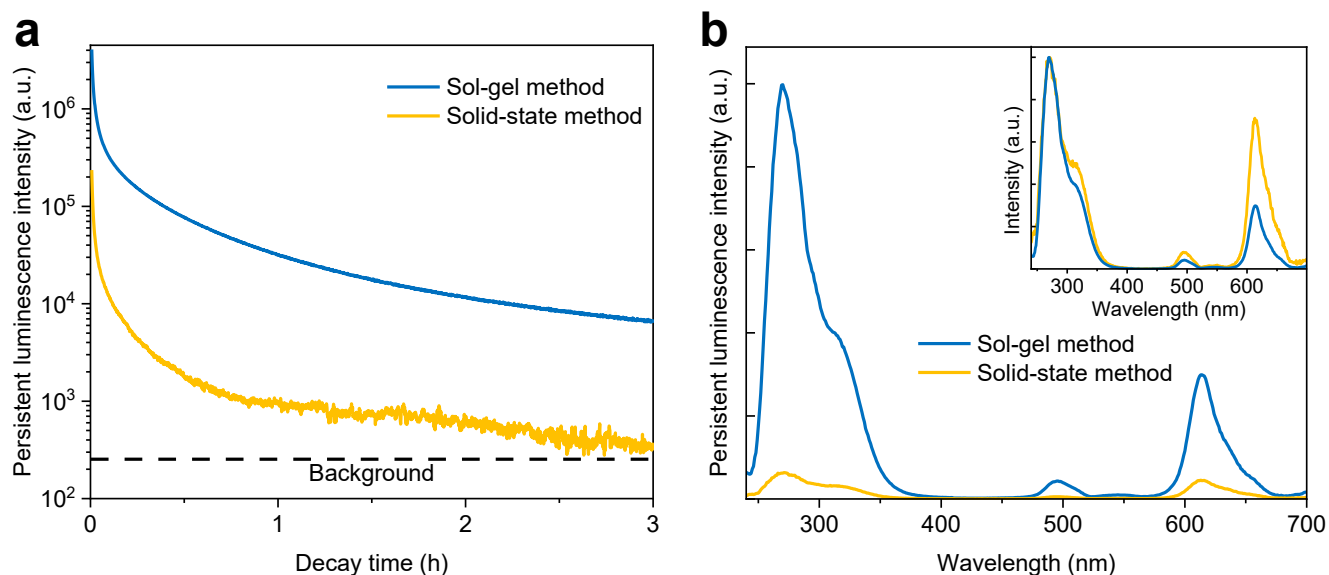
**Fig. S3.** Persistent luminescence decay curve (grey dash curve) monitored at 270 nm. The decay curve was normalized at the 15 s decay instant. The measured persistent luminescence intensity was also normalized at the 15 s decay instant and the red line is the fitting curve of persistent luminescence intensity.



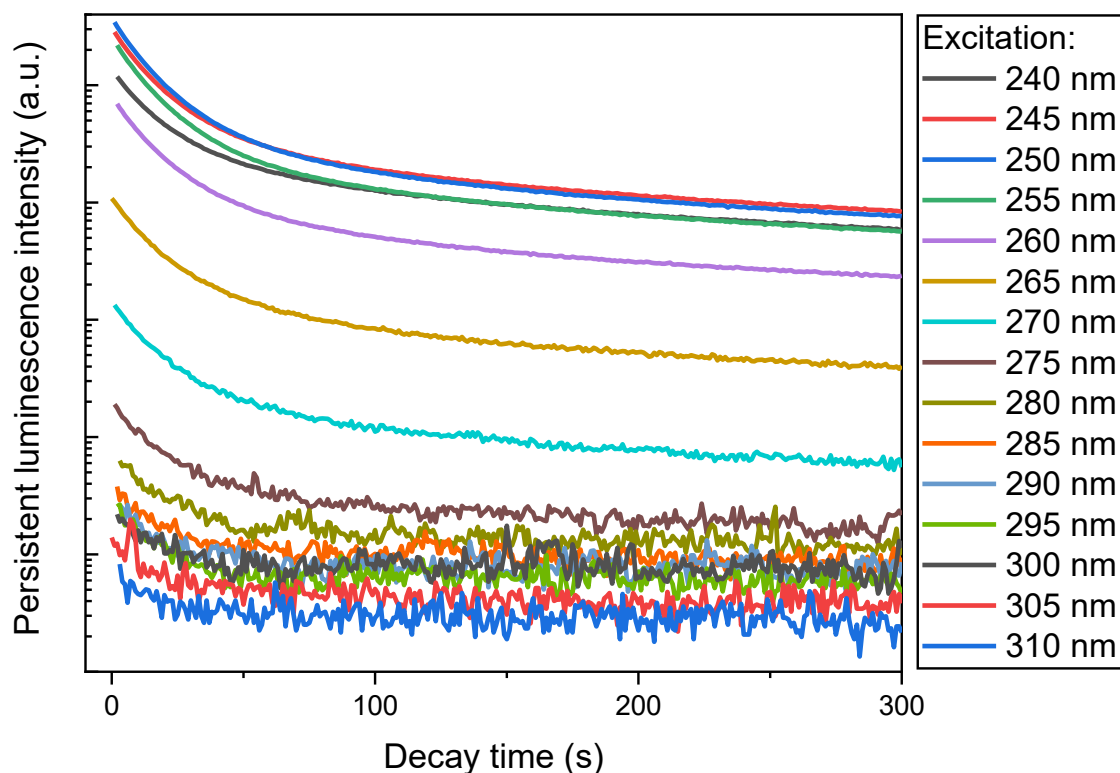
**Fig. S4.** Persistent luminescence decay curves of  $\text{Lu}_{2-x}\text{SiO}_5:x\%\text{Pr}^{3+}$  ( $x=0.2, 0.5, 1, 2, 3$ ) phosphors monitored at 270 nm at room temperature. The samples were irradiated by a 254 nm UV-lamp for 10 min.



**Fig. S5.** The relationship of persistent luminescence intensity ( $I^1$ ) as a function of decay time ( $t$ ).

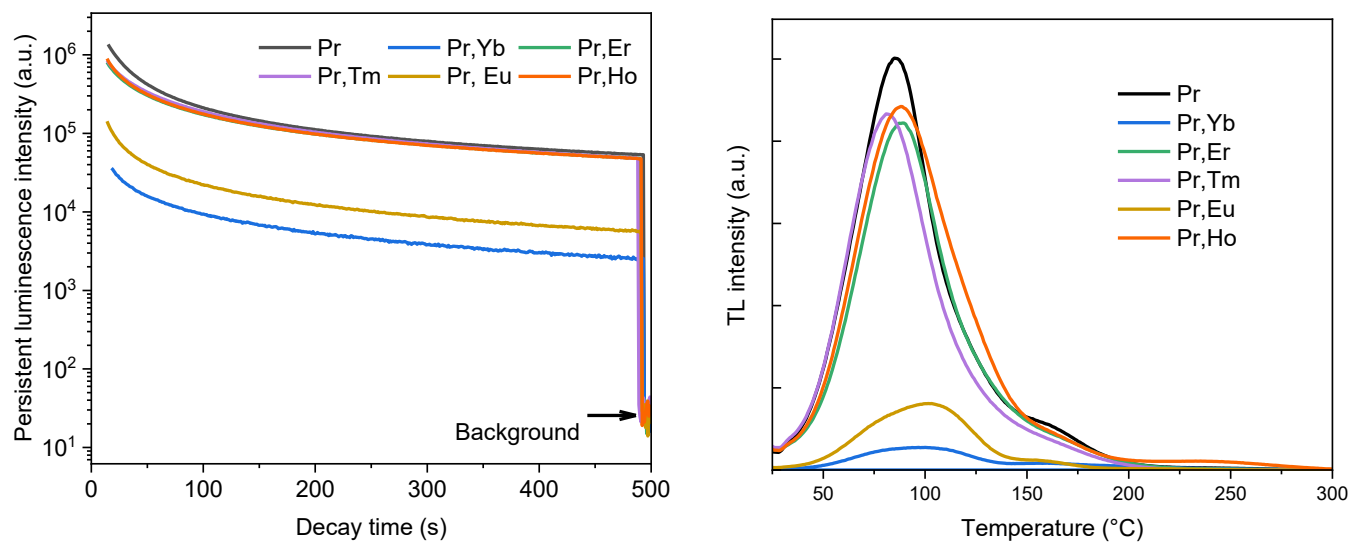


**Fig. S6.** Comparison of persistent luminescence properties of  $\text{Lu}_2\text{SiO}_5:\text{Pr}^{3+}$  prepared by sol-gel method and high-temperature solid-state reaction method. (a) Persistent luminescence decay curves of  $\text{Lu}_2\text{SiO}_5:\text{Pr}^{3+}$  prepared with different methods. The curves were monitored at 270 nm after the sample pre-irradiated by a 254 nm UV lamp for 15 min. (b) Persistent luminescence emission spectra of  $\text{Lu}_2\text{SiO}_5:\text{Pr}^{3+}$  prepared with different methods. The emission spectra were measured after 1 min decay after the stoppage of 254 nm UV lamp irradiation for 5 min. The inset shows the normalized persistent luminescence emission spectra of  $\text{Lu}_2\text{SiO}_5:\text{Pr}^{3+}$  prepared with different methods.

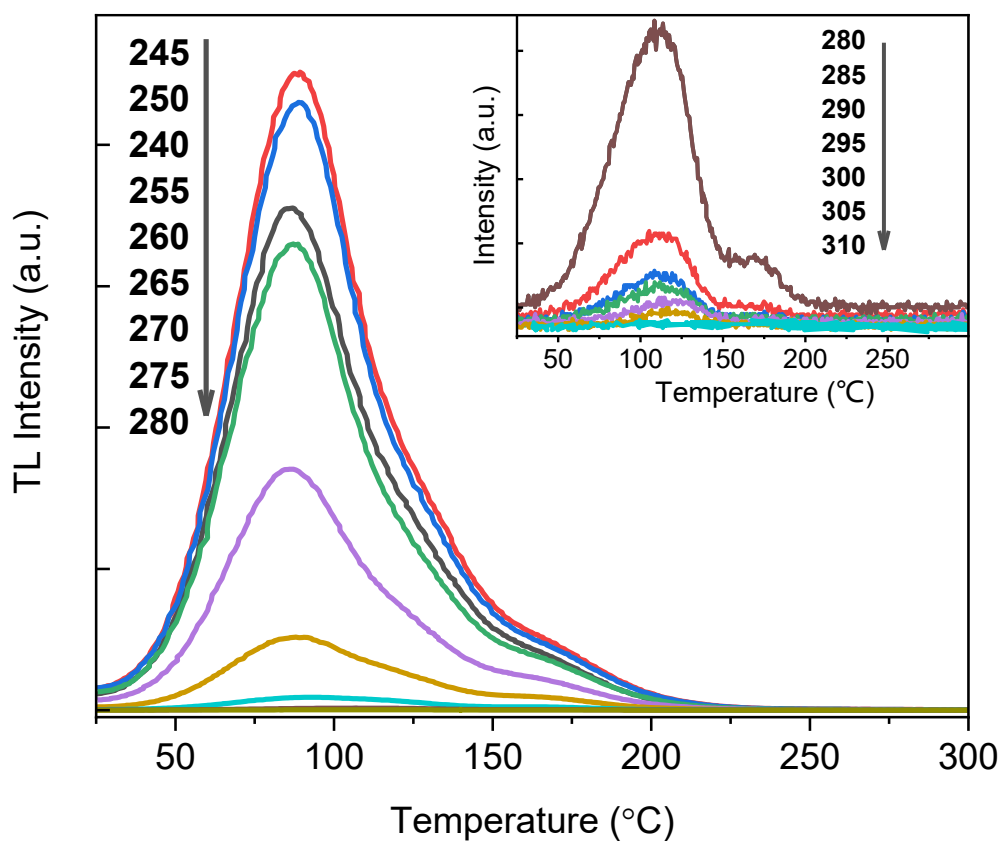


**Fig. S7.** Room temperature persistent luminescence decay curves of  $\text{Lu}_2\text{SiO}_5:\text{Pr}^{3+}$  phosphor irradiated by monochromatic light between 240-310 nm for 5 min. The monitoring wavelength is 270 nm. The persistent luminescence intensity at 30 s decay after the stoppage of the irradiation ( $I_{30s}$ ) was used to plot the persistent luminescence intensity as a function of excitation wavelength, as shown in Fig. 4b.

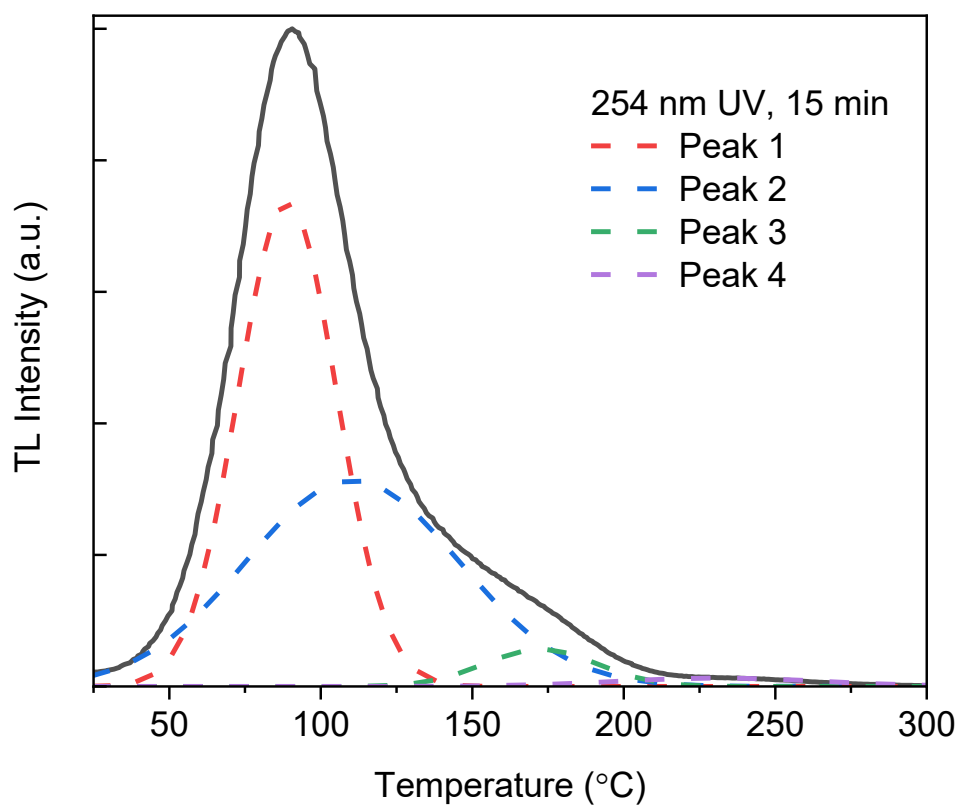




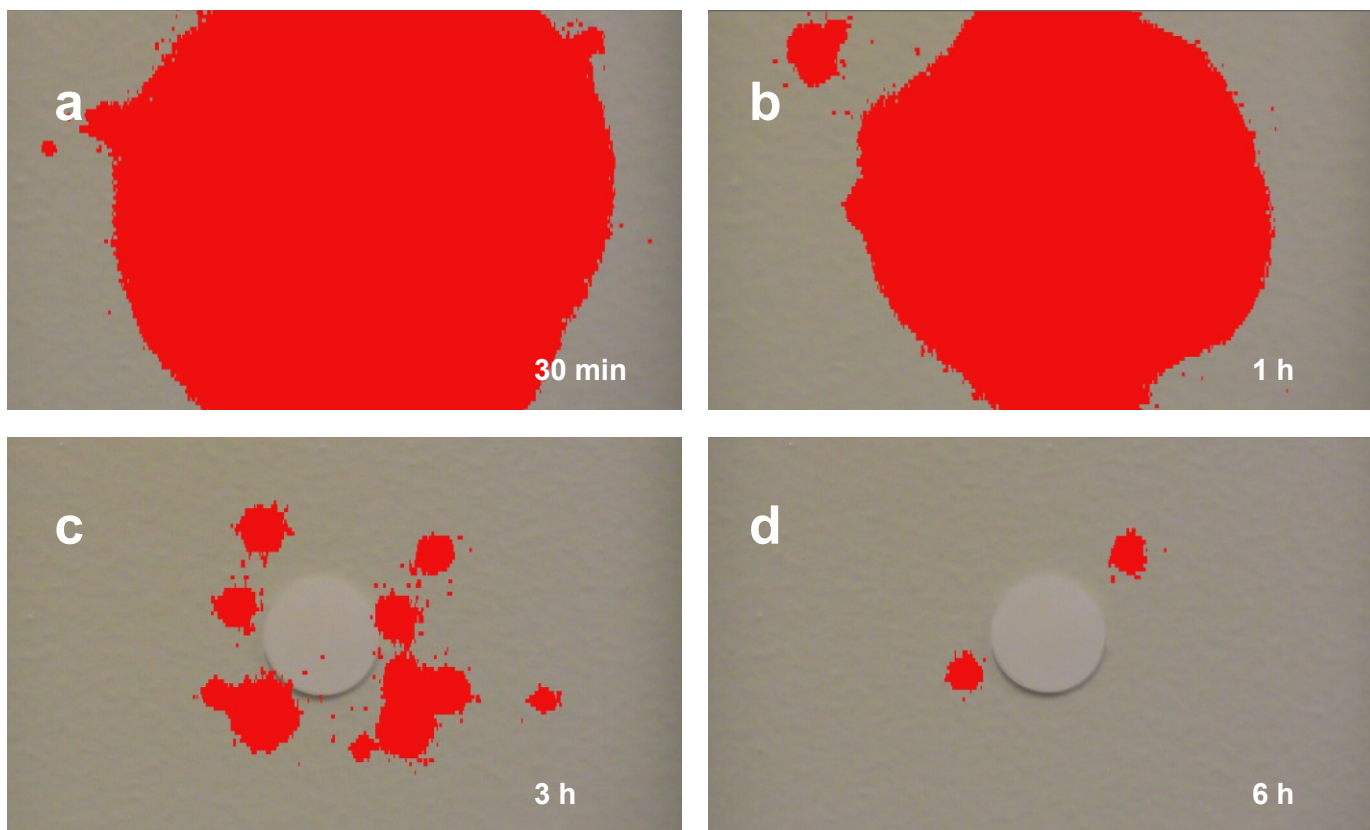
**Fig. S8.** (a) Persistent luminescence decay curves of  $\text{Lu}_2\text{SiO}_5:\text{Pr}^{3+}$  and  $\text{Lu}_2\text{SiO}_5:\text{Pr}^{3+},\text{RE}^{3+}$  (RE=Yb, Er, Tm, Eu, and Ho) samples. (b) TL curves of  $\text{Lu}_2\text{SiO}_5:\text{Pr}^{3+}$  and  $\text{Lu}_2\text{SiO}_5:\text{Pr}^{3+},\text{RE}^{3+}$  (RE=Yb, Er, Tm, Eu, and Ho) samples. The curves were measured at 1 min after the stoppage of 254 nm UV lamp irradiation.



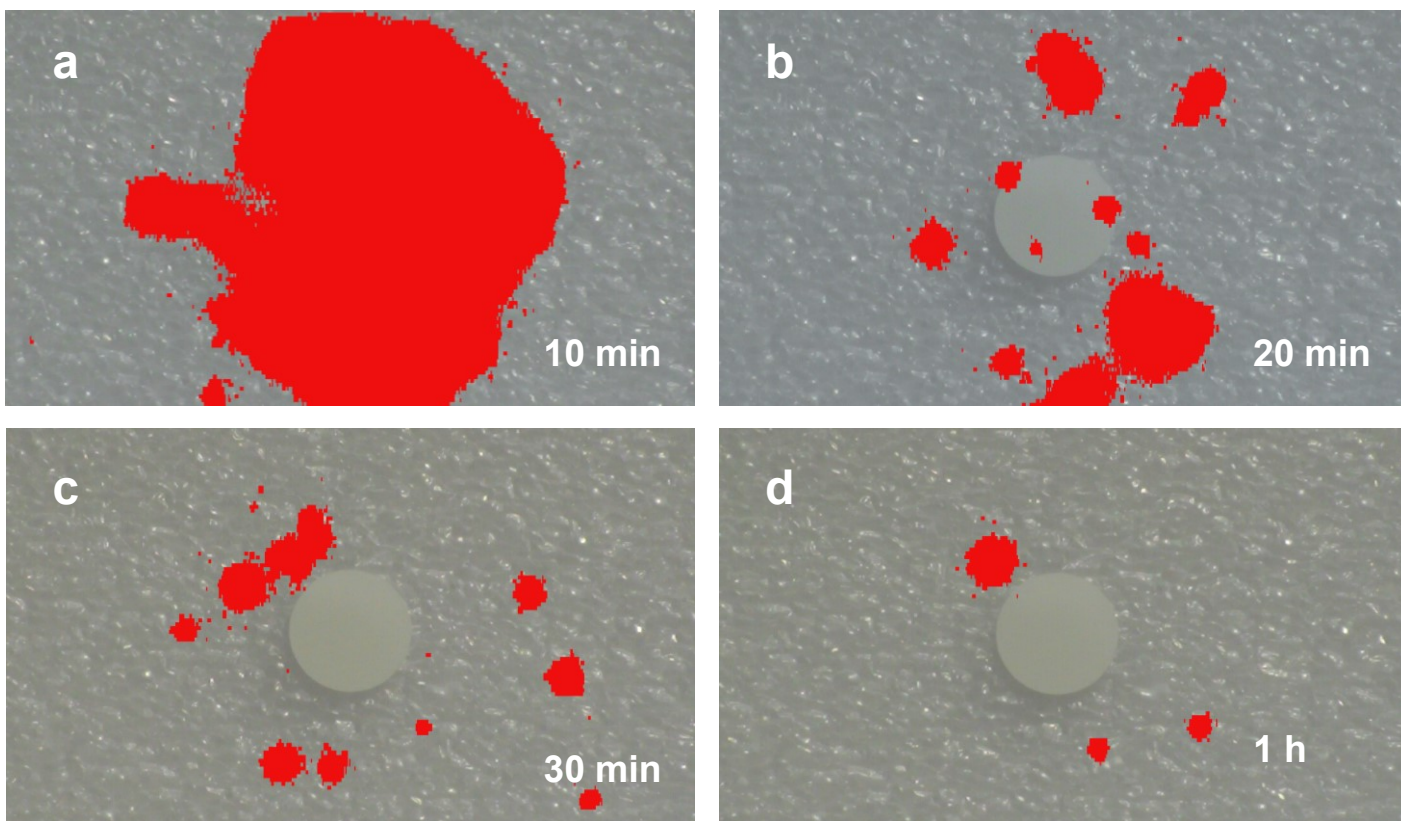
**Fig. S9.** TL curves with an excitation wavelength from 240 to 310 nm of  $\text{Lu}_2\text{SiO}_5:\text{Pr}^{3+}$  phosphor. The sample was pre-irradiated for 10 min at each measured wavelength using a xenon arc lamp.



**Fig. S10.** TL curve of  $\text{Lu}_2\text{SiO}_5:\text{Pr}^{3+}$  phosphor at 60 s short decay and the Gaussian fitting results. The sample was pre-irradiated by a 254 nm UV lamp for 15 min.



**Fig. S11.** UVC images of  $\text{Lu}_2\text{SiO}_5:\text{Pr}^{3+}$  persistent phosphor disc taken in indoor-lighting environment from 30 min to 6 h. The detected UVC emission is denoted by red pattern, whose area is proportional to the emission intensity. The sample was pre-irradiated by a 254 nm lamp for 10 min.



**Fig. S12.** UVC images of  $\text{Lu}_2\text{SiO}_5:\text{Pr}^{3+}$  persistent phosphor in direct sunlight from 10 min to 1 h. The detected UVC emission is denoted by red pattern, whose area is proportional to the emission intensity. The sample was pre-irradiated by a 254 nm lamp for 10 min.

Sample	Lu <sub>2</sub> SiO <sub>5</sub> :0.5%Pr <sup>3+</sup>
Space group	C12/c1
<i>a</i> (Å)	14.2539(7)
<i>b</i> (Å)	6.6431(8)
<i>c</i> (Å)	10.2564(8)
V (Å <sup>3</sup> )	822.113(3)
α= γ (°)	90
β (°)	122.1681(8)
Density (g/cm <sup>3</sup> )	7.1948(7)
Rp and Rwp	5.256% and 7.454%

**Table S1.** Rietveld refinement parameters of Lu<sub>2</sub>SiO<sub>5</sub>:Pr<sup>3+</sup> phosphor.

Decay time (s)	Intensity (pW)
5	304.74
10	180.23
15	130.70
20	104.56
25	84.611
30	70.853
35	61.910
40	54.343
45	48.152
50	42.649
55	41.274
60	37.146

**Table S2.** Persistent luminescence power intensities of  $\text{Lu}_2\text{SiO}_5\text{:Pr}^{3+}$  phosphor measured by a Newport UV power meter.