Supporting Information

Photodynamic Therapy with Mitochondria-targeted Biscyclometalated Ir(III) Complexes. Multi-action Mechanism and Strong influence of the Cyclometallating Ligand

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1.- Synthesis and characterization of the ligands

Synthesis of L1



In a 100 mL Schlenk flask, K₂CO₃ (0.3288 g, 1.990 mmol) was added to a solution of 2-(4-Thiazolyl)benzimidazole (thiabendazole, TBZ) (0.4008 g, 1.992 mmol) in DMF (11 mL). The mixture/suspension was stirred at room temperature for 30 minutes. 2-bromoacetamide (0.2748 g, 1.992 mmol) was then added. The stirring was extended for 22 hours at room temperature. The solvent was removed under vacuum and the residue was redissolved in DMSO (5 mL). Water (10 mL) was added to precipitate a white solid that was filtrated, redissolved in ethanol (15 ml) and took to dryness (2 times) and then redissolved in toluene (15 ml) and took to dryness. The white solid was dried under vacuum. Yield: 0.3848 g (1.490 mmol, 75%). M_r ($C_{12}H_{10}N_4OS$) = 258.30 g/mol. Anal. Calcd for C₁₂H₁₀N₄OS((CH₃)₂SO)_{0.15}: C 54.71; H 4.07; N 20.75; Found: C 54.45; H 3.87; N 21.10. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-d₆, 25 °C) δ 9.30 (dd, J = 2.1, 0.6 Hz, 1H, H^d), 8.51 (dd, J = 2.1, 0.6 Hz, 1H, H^b), 7.69-7.66(m, 2H, H^p, Hⁱ), 7.55 – 7.48 (m, 1H, Hⁱ), 7.29 – 7.22 (m, 2H, H^j, H^k), 7.20 (s, 1H, H^p), 5.46 (s, 2H, Hⁿ, Hⁿ) ppm. ¹³C{¹H} NMR (101 MHz, DMSO-d₆, 25 °C) δ 168.76, 155.14, 147.17, 146.93, 142.33, 136.39, 122.66, 122.21, 122.13, 118.89, 110.54, 47.07 ppm. FT-IR (KBr, cm⁻¹) selected bands: 3305 (w, v_{N-H}), 3099 (w, v_{Car-H}), 1603-1573 (m, ν_{C=C+C-N}), 1421 (w, ν_{C=N}), 1164 (m, ν_{C-C}), 1072 (m, δ_{C-Hip}), 735 (vs, δ_{C-Hoop}). HR ESI+ MS (DCM/DMSO, **4:1):** $m/z_{exp} = 259.0651$ (m/z_{calcd} [M+H⁺] = m/z_{calcd} [$C_{12}H_{11}N_4OS$]⁺= 259.0654). Solubility: soluble in dichloromethane, methanol, chloroform, dimethylformamide, dimethyl sulfoxide and acetone. Partially soluble in water.



Figure SI1. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-d₆, 25 °C) spectrum of L1.



Figure SI2. $^{13}C\{^{1}H\}$ NMR (101 MHz, DMSO-d_6, 25 °C) spectrum of L1.



Figure SI3. COSY NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-d₆, 25 °C) spectrum of L1.



gure SI4. HR ESI+ MS (DCM/DMSO, 4:1) spectrum of L1.

Synthesis of L2



In a 100 mL Schlenk flask, K_2CO_3 (0.4236 g, 2.564 mmol) was added to a solution of 2-(2-Pyridyl)benzimidazole (pybzim) (0.5001 g, 2.562 mmol) in DMF (7 mL). The mixture/suspension was stirred at room temperature for 30 minutes. 2-bromoacetamide (0.4241 g, 3.074 mmol) was then added. The stirring was extended for 22 hours at room temperature. The solvent was removed under vacuum and the residue was tried to redissolve with ethanol (15 mL), dichloromethane (15 mL) and methanol (10 mL), which is not possible, but while there is a white-yellow solid, the solution is brown-orange coloured so it is filtered and the solid is washed with water (3 mL). The pale brown solid is dried under vacuum. Yield: 0.5007 g (1.985 mmol, 77%). Mr (C14H12N4O) = 252.27 g/mol. Anal. Calcd for C14H12N4O((CH3)2SO)0.15: C 65.06; H 4.93; N 21.22; Found: C 65.05; H 4.77; N 21.50. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-d₆, 25 °C) δ 8.70 – 8.65 (m, 1H, H^e), 8.38 – 8.32 (m, 1H, H^b), 7.99 (td, J = 7.9, 1.8 Hz, 1H, H^c), 7.73 (dd, J = 7.0, 1.5 Hz, 1H, H^m), 7.65 (s, 1H, H^q), 7.59 - 7.54 (m, 1H, H^j), 7.49 (ddd, J = 7.6, 4.9, 1.3 Hz, 1H, H^d), 7.33 – 7.25 (m, 2H, H^k, H^l), 7.15 (s, 1H, H^q), 5.54 (s, 2H, H^o) ppm. ¹³C{¹H} NMR (101 MHz, DMSO-d₆, 25 ℃) δ 169.04, 150.13, 149.60, 148.56, 141.97, 137.36, 137.29, 124.16, 123.93, 123.18, 122.34, 119.42, 110.73, 47.71 ppm. FT-IR (KBr, cm⁻¹) selected bands: 3317 (w, v_{N-H}), 3147 (w, v_{Car-H}), 1593-1584 (m, v_{C=C+C-N}), 1415 (w, $v_{C=N}$), 1171 (m, v_{C-C}), 1045 (m, δ_{C-Hip}), 748 (vs, δ_{C-Hoop}). HR ESI+ MS (DCM/DMSO, 4:1): m/z_{exp} = 253.1087 $(m/z_{calcd} [M+H^+] = m/z_{calcd} [C_{14}H_{13}N_4O]^+ = 253.1089)$. Solubility: soluble in dichloromethane, methanol, chloroform, dimethylformamide, dimethyl sulfoxide and acetone. Partially soluble in water.



Figure SI5. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-d₆, 25 °C) spectrum of **L2**.



Figure SI6. $^{13}\text{C}\{^{1}\text{H}\}$ NMR (101 MHz, DMSO-d_6, 25 °C) spectrum of L2.



Figure SI7. ¹H,¹H-COSY NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-d₆, 25 °C) spectrum of L2.



igure SI8. HR ESI+ MS (DCM/DMSO, 4:1) spectrum of L2.

2.- Synthesis and characterization of the Ir(III)-complexes





In a 100 mL Schlenk flask, previously purged with nitrogen, the ancillary ligand L^x (0.0542 g, 0.210 mmol) was added to a solution of $[Ir(\mu-CI)(ppy)_2]_2$ (0.1003 g, 0.094 mmol) in a mixture of dichloromethane (8 mL) / methanol (10 mL), and the mixture was stirred at 60 °C for 24 hours under a N₂ atmosphere. The resulting solution was concentrated to half the volume under vacuum and diethyl ether (15 mL) was added to precipitate a crude solid that was isolated by filtration and washed with diethyl ether (2×5 mL). The product was dried under vacuum to produce a yellow powder. Yield: 0.1182 g (0.149 mmol, 80%). Mr, (C₃₄H₂₆ClirN₆OS) = 794.34 g/mol. Anal. Calcd for C₃₄H₂₆ClirN₆OS (CH₂Cl₂)_{1.04}: C 47.68; H 3.21; N 9.52; Found: C 47.70; H 3.30; N 9.32. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-d₆, 25 °C) δ 8.97 (s, 1H, H^d), 8.51 (s, 1H, H^b), 8.31 (s, 1H, H^{NH}), 8.26 (d, J = 8.1 Hz, 1H, H³), 8.21 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 1H, H³), 7.96 - 7.86 (m, 5H, Hⁱ, H⁴, H⁴, H⁹, H⁹), 7.73 (d, J = 5.8 Hz, 1H,H⁶), 7.70 (d, J = 5.8 Hz, 1H, H⁶), 7.64 (s, 1H, H^{NH}), 7.36 (t, J = 7.8 Hz, 1H, H^j), 7.19 (t, J = 6.8 Hz, 1H, H⁵), 7.13 (t, J = 6.1 Hz, 1H, H^{5'}), 7.06 (t, J = 7.2 Hz, 1H, H¹⁰), 7.01 (t, J = 7.5 Hz, 2H, H^{10'}, H^k), 6.92 (t, J = 7.6 Hz, 1H, H¹¹), 6.89 (t, J = 7.5 Hz, 1H, H^{11'}), 6.32 (d, J = 7.5 Hz, 1H, H¹²), 6.25 (d, J = 7.5 Hz, 1H, H^{12'}), 6.15 (d, J = 8.2 Hz, 1H, H^I), 5.64 – 5.52 (AB system, 2H, Hⁿ) ppm. ¹³C{¹H} NMR (101 MHz, DMSO-d₆, **25 °C)** δ 167.12, 167.00, 158.58, 149.23, 148.86, 148.46, 147.30, 144.55, 144.42, 143.31, 138.63, 138.57, 138.43, 136.27, 131.73, 131.27, 129.85, 129.53, 126.07, 125.06, 124.86, 124.75, 124.40, 123.65, 122.06, 121.98, 119.86, 119.50, 116.61, 112.20, 47.30 ppm. FT-IR (KBr, cm⁻¹) selected bands: 3319 (w, v_{N-H}), 3038 $(w, v_{Car-H}), 1604-1581 (m, v_{C=C+C-N}), 1426 (w, v_{C=N}), 1161 (m, v_{C-C}), 1062 (m, \delta_{C-Hip}), 754-739 (vs, \delta_{C-Hoop}).$ HR ESI+ MS (DCM/DMSO, 4:1): $m/z_{exp} = 759.1513$ (m/z_{calcd} [M⁺] = m/z_{calcd} [$C_{34}H_{26}IrN_6OS$]⁺ = 759.1518); 501.0935 (m/z_{calcd} [M⁺-L1] = m/z_{calcd} [C₂₂H₁₆IrN₂]⁺ = 501.0943). **Solubility:** soluble in dimethyl sulfoxide, dichloromethane, methanol, acetonitrile, acetone, dimethylformamide, tetrahydrofuran. Partially soluble in water.



Figure SI9. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-d₆, 25 °C) spectrum of [1a]Cl.





Figure SI11. ¹H,¹H-COSY NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-d₆, 25 °C) spectrum of [1a]Cl.



igure SI12. HR ESI+ MS (DCM/DMSO, 4:1) spectrum of [1a]Cl.

Synthesis of [Ir(dfppy)₂(L1)]Cl: [1b]Cl



In a 100 mL Schlenk flask, previously purged with nitrogen, the ancillary ligand L^x (0.0473 g, 0.183 mmol) was added to a solution of $[Ir(\mu-CI)(dfppy)_2]_2$ (0.1001 g, 0.082 mmol) in a mixture of dichloromethane (8 mL) / methanol (10 mL), and the mixture was stirred at 60 $^{\circ}$ C for 24 hours under a N₂ atmosphere. The resulting solution was concentrated to half the volume under vacuum and diethyl ether (15 mL) was added to precipitate a crude solid that was isolated by filtration and washed with diethyl ether (2×5 mL). The product was dried under vacuum to produce a yellow powder. Yield: 0.0848 g (0.098 mmol, 60%). Mr, (C34H22CIF4IrN6OS) = 866.31 g/mol. Anal. Calcd for C34H22CIF4IrN6OS (CH2Cl2)0.90: C 44.46; H 2.54; N 8.91; Found: C 44.54.49; H 2.60; N 9.20. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-d₆, 25 °C) δ 9.01 (s, 1H, H^d), 8.73 (s, 1H, H^b), 8.30 (d, J = 7.6 Hz, 1H, H³), 8.29 (s, 1H, H^{NH}), 8.24 (d, J = 8.7 Hz, H^{3'}), 8.03 (t, J = 8.1 Hz, 1H, H⁴), 7.99 (t, J = 8.1 Hz, 1H, H^{4'}), 7.91 (d, J = 8.3 Hz, 1H, Hⁱ), 7.79 (d, J = 5.8 Hz, 1H, H⁶), 7.75 (d, J = 5.7 Hz, 1H, H^{6'}), 7.65 (s, 1H, H^{NH}), 7.42 (t, J = 7.9 Hz, 1H, H^j), 7.28 (t, J = 6.8 Hz, 1H, H^{5'}), 7.24 (t, J = 6.8 Hz, 1H, H⁵) 7.18 (t, J = 7.7 Hz, 1H, H^k), 7.09 – 6.91 (m, 2H, H¹⁰, H^{10'}), 6.21 (d, J = 8.2 Hz, 1H, H^I), 5.76 (d, J_{H-F} = 6.6 Hz, 1H, H¹² or H^{12'}), 5.66 (d, J_{H-F} = 8.5 Hz, 1H, H¹² or H¹²), 5.58 (AB system 2H, Hⁿ) ppm. ¹⁹F NMR (376 MHz, DMSO-d₆, 25 °C) δ -107.01 (c, J = 9.8 Hz, 1F, F¹¹ or F¹¹), -107.04 (c, J = 9.5 Hz, 1F, F¹¹ or F¹¹), -109.12 (t, J = 11.0 Hz, 1F, F⁹ or F^{9'}), -109.19 (t, J = 11.6 Hz, 1F, F⁹ or F^{9'})ppm. ¹³C{¹H} NMR (101 MHz, DMSO-d₆, 25 °C) δ 166.99, 162.93, 162.86, 161.65, 161.08, 159.50, 152.50, 151.58, 149.79, 149.24, 142.78, 139.91, 139.79, 138.26, 136.22, 128.39, 128.15, 127.57, 126.39, 125.35, 124.96, 124.34, 123.57, 123.14, 115.91, 115.82, 113.84, 112.56, 109.55, 99.19, 47.39 ppm. FT-IR (KBr, cm⁻¹) selected bands: 3069 (w, v_{Car-H}), 1601-1574 (m, v_{C=C + C-N}), 1429 (w, $v_{C=N}$), 1163 (m, v_{C-C}), 1070 (m, δ_{C-Hip}), 745 (vs, δ_{C-Hoop}). HR ESI+ MS (DCM/DMSO, 4:1): m/zexp = 831.1136 (m/zcalcd [M⁺] = m/z_{calcd} [C₃₄H₂₂F₄IrN₆OS]⁺ = 831.1141); 573.0556 (m/z_{calcd} [M⁺-L1] = m/z_{calcd} [M⁺-L1] [M⁺-L $[C_{22}H_{12}F_4IrN_2]^+ = 573.0566$). Solubility: soluble in dimethyl sulfoxide, dichloromethane, methanol, acetonitrile, acetone, dimethylformamide, tetrahydrofuran. Partially soluble in water.



Figure SI13. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-d₆, 25 °C) spectrum of [1b]Cl.



Figure SI14. $^{13}\text{C}\{^{1}\text{H}\}$ NMR (101 MHz, DMSO-d_6, 25 °C) spectrum of [1b]Cl.



Figure SI15. ^{19}F NMR (376 MHz, DMSO-d_6, 25 °C) spectrum of [1b]Cl.



Figure SI16. 1 H, 1 H-COSY NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-d₆, 25 °C) spectrum of [1b]Cl.



igure SI17. HR ESI+ MS (DCM/DMSO, 4:1) spectrum of [1b]Cl.

Synthesis of [Ir(ppy)₂(L2)]Cl: [2a]Cl



In a 100 mL Schlenk flask, previously purged with nitrogen, the ancillary ligand L^x (0.0537 g, 0.213 mmol) was added to a solution of $[Ir(\mu-CI)(ppy)_2]_2$ (0.1004 g, 0.094 mmol) in a mixture of dichloromethane (8 mL) / methanol (10 mL), and the mixture was stirred at 60 °C for 24 hours under a N₂ atmosphere. The resulting solution was concentrated to half the volume under vacuum and diethyl ether (15 mL) was added to precipitate a crude solid that was isolated by filtration and washed with diethyl ether (2×5 mL). The product was dried under vacuum to produce a orange powder. Yield: 0.1036 g (0.131 mmol, 70%). Mr. (C₃₆H₂₈ClirN₆O) = 788.32 g/mol. Anal. Calcd for C₃₆H₂₈ClirN₆O (CH₂Cl₂)_{0.80}: C 51.62; H 3.48; N 9.81; Found: C 51.64; H 3.56; N 9.78. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-d₆, 25 °C) δ 8.47 (d, J = 8.2 Hz, 1H, H^e), 8.32 – 8.19 (m, 4H, H^d, H³, H³, H^{NH}), 7.97-7.86 (m, 6H, H^b, H^j, H⁹, H⁹, H⁴, H⁴), 7.71-7.66 (m, 3H, H^c, H^{NH}, H⁶), 7.60 (d, J = 5.5 Hz, 1H, H⁶), 7.43 (t, J = 7.8 Hz, 1H, H^k), 7.16-7.01 (m,, 5H, H⁵, H⁵, H¹⁰, H¹⁰, H¹), 6.93 (t, J= 6.7 Hz, 1H, H¹¹), 6.91 (t, J = 6.8 Hz, 1H, H¹¹),, 6.29 (d, J = 7.3 Hz, 1H, H¹²), 6.22 (d, J = 7.7 Hz, 1H, H^m), 6.20 (d, J = 7.0 Hz, 1H, H^{12′}) H^m), 5.69 (s, 2H, H^o, H^o) ppm. ¹³C{¹H} NMR (101 MHz, DMSO-d₆, 25 °C) δ 167.41, 167.09, 166.94, 153.51, 151.46, 150.99, 149.28, 149.02, 147.53, 146.90, 144.43, 144.13, 139.59, 138.67, 138.64, 138.48, 136.85, 131.76, 130.89, 130.31, 129.65, 128.67, 125.86, 125.40, 125.16, 124.89, 124.84, 123.76, 123.68, 122.26, 122.13, 119.98, 119.65, 116.99, 112.40, 48.10 ppm. FT-IR (KBr, cm⁻¹) selected bands: 3310 (w, v_N-_H), 3029 (w, ν_{Car-H}), 1606-1581 (m, $\nu_{C=C+C-N}$), 1436 (w, $\nu_{C=N}$), 1143 (m, ν_{C-C}), 1064 (m, δ_{C-Hip}), 761-742 (vs, δ_{C-Hip}), 761-742 (vs, \delta_{C-Hip}), 761-742 (vs, \delta_{C-Hip}), 761-742 (vs, \delta_{C-Hip}), 761-742 (vs, \delta_{C-Hip}), 761-742 _{Hoop}). HR ESI+ MS (DCM/DMSO, 4:1): $m/z_{exp} = 753.1949 (m/z_{calcd} [M^+] = m/z_{calcd} [C_{36}H_{28}IrN_6O]^+ = 753.1954);$ 501.0934 (m/z_{calcd} [M⁺-L2] = m/z_{calcd} [C₂₂H₁₆IrN₂]⁺ = 501.0943). Solubility: soluble in dimethyl sulfoxide, dichloromethane, methanol, acetonitrile, acetone, dimethylformamide, tetrahydrofuran.



Figure SI18. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-d₆, 25 °C) spectrum of [2a]Cl.



Figure SI19. ${}^{13}C{}^{1}H$ NMR (101 MHz, DMSO-d₆, 25 °C) spectrum of [2a]Cl.



Figure SI20. ¹H,¹H-COSY NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-d₆, 25 °C) spectrum of [2a]Cl.



gure SI21. HR ESI+ MS (DCM/DMSO, 4:1) spectrum of [2a]Cl.

Synthesis of [Ir(dfppy)₂(L2)]Cl: [2b]Cl



In a 100 mL Schlenk flask, previously purged with nitrogen, the ancillary ligand L^x (0.0417 g, 0.165 mmol) was added to a solution of $[Ir(\mu-CI)(dfppy)_2]_2$ (0.1002 g, 0.082 mmol) in a mixture of dichloromethane (8 mL) / methanol (10 mL), and the mixture was stirred at 60 $^{\circ}$ C for 24 hours under a N₂ atmosphere. The resulting solution was concentrated to half the volume under vacuum and diethyl ether (15 mL) was added to precipitate a crude solid that was isolated by filtration and washed with diethyl ether (2×5 mL). The product was dried under vacuum to produce a yellow powder. Yield: 0.0720 g (0.084 mmol, 51%). Mr, (C₃₆H₂₄CIF₄IrN₆O) = 860.28 g/mol. Anal. Calcd for C₃₆H₂₄CIF₄IrN₆O (CH₂Cl₂)_{1.6}: C 45.34; H 2.75; N 8.44; Found: C 45.37; H 2.80; N 8.60. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-d₆, 25 °C) δ 8.55 (d, J = 6.9 Hz, 1H, H^e), 8.36-8.29 (m, 3H, H^d, H^{NH}, H³ or H^{3′}), 8.24 (d, J = 7.9 Hz, 1H, H³ or H^{3′}), 7.99 (m, 4H, H^b, H⁴, H^{4′}, H^j), 7.80 – 7.63 (m, 4H, H^c, H⁶, H^{6'}, H^{NH}), 7.48 (t, J = 8.7 Hz, 1H, H^k), 7.26-7.18 (m, 3H, H⁵, H^I, H^{5'}), 7.04 (t, J_{H-F} = 8.7 Hz, 1H, H^{10} or $H^{10'}$), 6.98 (t, J_{H-F} = 8.7 Hz, 1H, H^{10} or $H^{10'}$)6.27 (d, J = 8.3 Hz, 1H, H^m), 5.74 (m, 3H, 2H°, H^{12}), 5.62 (d, J = 8.3 Hz, 1H, H^m), 5.74 (m, 3H, 2H°, H^{12}), 5.62 (d, J = 8.3 Hz, 1H, H^m), 5.74 (m, 3H, 2H°, H^{12}), 5.62 (d, J = 8.3 Hz, 1H, H^m), 5.74 (m, 3H, 2H°, H^{12}), 5.62 (d, J = 8.3 Hz, 1H, H^m), 5.74 (m, 3H, 2H°, H^{12}), 5.62 (d, J = 8.3 Hz, 1H, H^m), 5.74 (m, 3H, 2H°, H^{12}), 5.62 (d, J = 8.3 Hz, 1H, H^m), 5.74 (m, 3H, 2H°, H^{12}), 5.62 (d, J = 8.3 Hz, 1H, H^m), 5.74 (m, 3H, 2H°, H^{12}), 5.62 (d, J = 8.3 Hz, 1H, H^m), 5.74 (m, 3H, 2H°, H^{12}), 5.62 (d, J = 8.3 Hz, 1H, H^m), 5.74 (m, 3H, 2H°, H^{12}), 5.62 (d, J = 8.3 Hz, 1H, H^m), 5.74 (m, 3H, 2H°, H^{12}), 5.62 (d, J = 8.3 Hz, 1H, H^m), 5.74 (m, 3H, 2H°, H^{12}), 5.62 (d, J = 8.3 Hz, 1H, H^m), 5.74 (m, 3H, 2H°, H^{12}), 5.62 (d, J = 8.3 Hz, 1H, H^m), 5.74 (m, 3H, 2H°, H^{12}), 5.62 (d, J = 8.3 Hz, 1H, H^m), 5.74 (m, 3H, 2H°, H^{12}), 5.62 (d, J = 8.3 Hz, 1H, H^m), 5.74 (m, 3H, 2H°, H^m), 5.74 (m, 3H, 2H J_{H-F} = 7.7 Hz, 1H, H^{12′}) ppm. ¹⁹F NMR (376 MHz, DMSO-d₆, 25 °C) δ -106.49 (q, J = 9.3 Hz, 1F, F¹¹ or F^{11′}), -106.92 (q, J = 9.6 Hz, 1F, F¹¹ or F¹¹), -108.62 (t, J = 11.9 Hz, 1F, F⁹ or F^{9'}), -109.11 (t, J = 11.2 Hz, 1F, F⁹ or F^{9'}) ppm. ¹³C{¹H} NMR (101 MHz, DMSO-d₆, 25 °C) δ 167.28, 164.23, 163.65, 162.87, 162.11, 161.69, 161.11, 159.53, 159.40, 159.23, 158.48, 155.46, 155.39, 153.53, 151.86, 151.80, 151.54, 149.76, 146.48, 140.19, 139.96, 138.27, 136.78, 129.18, 128.26, 126.08, 125.68, 124.37, 123.26, 123.09, 116.25, 113.83, 112.96, 112.77, 99.07, 48.17 ppm. FT-IR (KBr, cm⁻¹) selected bands: 3065 (w, v_{Car-H}), 1601-1575 (m, v_{C=C+C-N}), 1429 (w, ν_{C=N}), 1163 (m, ν_{C-C}), 1069 (m, δ_{C-Hip}), 745 (vs, δ_{C-Hoop}). HR ESI+ MS (DCM/DMSO, 4:1): m/z_{exp} = 825.1575 $(m/z_{calcd} [M^+] = m/z_{calcd} [C_{36}H_{24}F_4IrN_6O]^+ = 825.1577); 573.0556 (m/z_{calcd} [M^+-L2] = m/z_{calcd} [C_{22}H_{12}F_4IrN_2]^+ = 0.000 \text{ m}^2$ 573.0566). Solubility: soluble in dimethyl sulfoxide, dichloromethane, methanol, acetonitrile, acetone, dimethylformamide, tetrahydrofuran.



Figure SI22. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-d₆, 25 °C) spectrum of [2b]Cl.



Figure SI23. $^{13}\text{C}\{^{1}\text{H}\}$ NMR (101 MHz, DMSO-d_6, 25 °C) spectrum of [2b]Cl.



Figure SI24. ¹⁹F NMR (376 MHz, DMSO-d₆, 25 °C) spectrum of **[2b]Cl**.





Figure SI26. HR ESI+ MS (DCM/DMSO, 4:1) spectrum of [2b]Cl.

3.- X-Ray diffraction. Crystallographic parameters

[20]6				
Bond Lengths		Angles (°)		
Ir1- N3	2.148(9)	N1- Ir1- N2	175.0(3)	
lr1- N5	2.163(8)	C22- Ir1- N5	172.9(4)	
Ir1- N1	2.053(5)	C11- Ir1- N3	172.7(3)	
lr1- C22	2.001(11)	C31- S1- C32	90.0(6)	
lr1- N2	2.052(9)	01- C34- C33	122.7(13)	
Ir1- C11	2.002(6)	01- C34- N6	121.6(13)	
S1- C32	1.700(12)	N6- C34- C33	115.6(13)	
S1- C31	1.668(13)	C11-lr1-N1	80.4(3)	
01- C34	1.207(17)	C22-Ir1-N2	80.3(4)	
N4- C33	1.445(13)	N3-Ir1-N5	75.7(3)	
N6- C34	1.333(17)			

 Table SI1. Bond Lengths (Å) and Angles (°) for [1a]PF₆ and [2a]PF₆.

 [1a]PF₆

[2a]PF₆

lr1- N3	2.121(13)	N2- Ir1- N1	174.4(4)
lr1- N1	2.032(6)	C11- I r1- N3	173.2(5)
lr1- N5	2.186(14)	C22- Ir1- N5	173.7(5)
lr1- N2	2.031(8)	01- C35- N6	125.1(16)
lr1- C11	2.035(8)	01- C35- C34	120.5(16)
lr1- C22	2.021(8)	N6- C35- C34	114.4(14)
01- C35	1.22(2)	C11-lr1-N1	80.0(4)
N4- C34	1.46(2)	C22-Ir1-N2	80.3(4)
N6- C35	1.31(2)	N3-Ir1-N5	75.3(5)

Identification code	[2a]PF ₆ x 0.25H ₂ O	[2a]PF ₆ x0.5CH ₃ OHx0.25H ₂ O
Empirical formula	C ₃₄ H _{26.5} F ₆ IrN ₆ O _{1.25} PS	$C_{36.5}H_{30.5}F_6IrN_6O_{1.75}P$
Formula weight	908.34	918.34
Temperature/K	216(2)	180(2)
Wavelength/Å	0.71073	0.71073
Crystal system	Monoclinic	Monoclinic
Space group	C 2/c	P 2 ₁ /c
a/Å	20.828(10)	8.7979(12)
b/Å	13.963(7)	38.644(6)
c/Å	24.739(13)	10.9895(16)
α/°	90	90
β/°	105.879(19)	102.083(4)
γ/°	90	90
Volume/Å ³	6920(6)	3653.5(9)
Z	8	4
$\rho_{calc}g/cm^3$	1.744	1.670
μ/mm ⁻¹	4.037	3.770
F(000)	3556	1806
Crystal size/mm ³	0.15 x 0.10 x 0.08	0.08 x 0.06 x 0.01
Index ranges	-24≤ h≤ 24	$-10 \le h \le 10$
	-16≤ k≤ 16	$-45 \le k \le 45$
	-29≤1≤29	$-12 \le l \le 12$
Reflections collected	46642	64453
Independent reflections	5822	6235
	[R(int) = 0.1084]	[R(int) = 0.1160]
Data/restraints/parameters	5822 / 0 / 429	6235 / 1 / 400
Goodness-of-fit on F ²	1.071	1.238
Final R indexes $[I > 2\sigma(I)]$	R1 = 0.0634	R1 = 0.0943
	wR2 = 0.1469	wR2 = 0.2082
Largest diff. peak/hole / e Å ⁻³	1.686 / -2.323	3.581 / -4.797

Table SI2. Crystal data and structure refinement for $[1a]PF_6$ and $[2a]PF_6$.

4.-Photostability of the Iridium complexes



).6 9.4 9.2 9.0 8.8 8.6 8.4 8.2 8.0 7.8 7.6 7.4 7.2 7.0 6.8 6.6 6.4 6.2 6.0 5.8 5.6 5.4 5.2 5.1

Figure SI27. Aromatic Area of ¹H NMR (400 MHz) spectra of **[1a]Cl** in DMSO:Water (3:2) ($1.4 \cdot 10^{-2}$ M) at 25 °C after irradiation with Blue LED light (λ =460 nm): a) t= 0, b) t= 1 h, c) t= 4 h and d) t= 24 h.



9.6 9.4 9.2 9.0 8.8 8.6 8.4 8.2 8.0 7.8 7.6 7.4 7.2 7.0 6.8 6.6 6.4 6.2 6.0 5.8 5.6 5.4 5.2 5.

Figure SI28. Aromatic Area of ¹H NMR (400 MHz) spectra of **[1b]Cl** in DMSO:Water (3:2) ($1.4 \cdot 10^{-2}$ M) at 25 °C after irradiation with Blue LED light (λ =460 nm): a) t= 0, b) t= 1 h, c) t= 4 h and d) t= 24 h.



Figure SI29. Aromatic Area of ¹H NMR (400 MHz) spectra of **[2a]Cl** in DMSO:Water (3:2) ($1.4 \cdot 10^{-2}$ M) at 25 °C after irradiation with Blue LED light (λ =460 nm): a) t= 0, b) t= 1 h, c) t= 4 h and d) t= 24 h.



Figure SI30. Aromatic Area of ¹H NMR (400 MHz) spectra of **[2b]Cl** in DMSO:Water (3:2) ($1.4 \cdot 10^{-2}$ M) at 25 °C after irradiation with Blue LED light (λ =460 nm): a) t= 0, b) t= 1 h, c) t= 4 h and d) t= 24 h.

5. CV of the Ir(III) complexes.



Figure SI31. Cyclic voltammograms of the iridium complexes.

6. UV-Vis spectra



Figure SI32. Overlaid UV-Vis spectra of complexes **[1a]Cl**, **[1b]Cl**, **[2a]Cl** and **[2b]Cl** (10⁻⁵ M) in DMSO/Water (6:94) at 25 °C.

7. Determination of the ability for the generation of ${}^1\mathrm{O}_2$



Figure SI33. Photocatalytic oxidation of DPBF in the presence of [1a]Cl in acetonitrile.



Figure SI34. Photocatalytic oxidation of DPBF in the presence of [2a]Cl in acetonitrile.

8. Photo-oxidation of NADH

Control experiments:



Figure SI35. UV-vis spectra for the photocatalytic oxidation of NADH (100 μ M) without catalyst in a mixture of H₂O/MeOH 50/50 (v/v) under blue light irradiation (460 nm).



Figure SI36. UV-vis spectra for the photocatalytic oxidation of NADH (100 μ M) by complex **[1a]Cl** (5 μ M) in a mixture of H₂O/MeOH 50/50 (v/v) in the dark.