Electronic Supporting Information

Straightforward synthesis of [Cu(NHC)alkynyl] and [Cu(NHC)thiolate] complexes (NHC = N-Heterocyclic Carbene)

Ishfaq Ibni Hashim, Thomas Scattolin, Nikolaos V. Tzouras, Laurens Bourda, Kristof Van Hecke, Ida Ritacco, Lucia Caporaso, Luigi Cavallo, Steven P. Nolan, Catherine S. J. Cazin

Table of Contents

1.	General Information	2
2.	Unsuccessful reactivity tests between 2a and different substrates	2
3.	NMR study of spectra of IPr-Cu-alkynyl complexes	3
4.	NMR spectra of IPr*-Cu-alkynyl complexes and their derivatives	5
5.	NMR spectra of NHC-Cu-thiolato complexes	18

1. General Information

All reactions were carried out in air, unless otherwise noted. Solvents and all other reagents were purchased and used as received without further purification unless otherwise stated. Purification of compounds by filtration was performed using basic alumina or celite purchased from Sigma Aldrich, or syringe membrane filters purchased from Carl Roth. Unless otherwise noted, absolute ethanol, reagent grade acetone, deionized water and freshly crushed, anhydrous bases were used. ¹H, ¹³C-{¹H, ¹⁹F Nuclear Magnetic Resonance (NMR) spectra were recorded on a Bruker Avance 400 Ultrashield, Bruker Avance 300 Ultrashield or a Bruker Avance 500 spectrometer at 298 K using the residual solvent peak as reference (CDCl₃: $\delta_{\rm H} = 7.26$ ppm, $\delta_{\rm C} = 77.16$ ppm; C_6D_6 : $\delta_{\rm H} = 7.16$ ppm, $\delta_{\rm C} = 128.06$ ppm). Peaks are assigned as: s (singlet), d (doublet), t (triplet), h (heptuplet) and m (multiplet). All chlorinated solvents (including the deuterated ones) were neutralized prior to use by filtration through dried basic alumina. Elemental analyses were performed at Université de Namur, rue de Bruxelles, 55 B-5000 Namur, Belgium.

2. Unsuccessful reactivity tests between 2a and different substrates.



Scheme S1. The reactivity of complex 2a with different substrates.

3. NMR study of spectra of IPr-Cu-alkynyl complexes



Figure S2. Disproportionation ratio of [Cu(IPr)(C=CPh)] 1a after 24h in benzene (79:21).







Figure S4. Disproportionation ratio of [Cu(IPr)(C≡CPh)] 1a after 72h in benzene (68:62).



Figure S5. Disproportionation ratio of [Cu(IPr)(C≡CPh)] **1a** over 24h (1), 48h (2) and 72h (3) in benzene.

4. NMR spectra of IPr*-Cu-alkynyl complexes and their derivatives







¹H NMR and ¹³C{¹H} NMR spectra of [Cu(IPr*)(4'-*t*-Bu-phenylacetylide)] (2b)

 ^{1}H NMR and $^{13}C{^{1}H}$ NMR spectra of [Cu(IPr*)((2-Chlorophenyl)acetylene)] (2c)



¹H NMR, ¹³C{¹H} NMR and ¹⁹F{¹H} NMR spectra of [Cu(IPr*)(2-fluorophenylacetylene)] (2d)





¹H NMR, ¹³C{¹H} NMR and ¹⁹F{¹H} NMR spectra of [Cu(IPr*)(4-(CF₃)phenylacetylene)] (2e)





¹H NMR and ¹³C{¹H} NMR spectra of [Cu(IPr*)(4'-Methoxyphenylacetylene)] (2f)







 ^1H NMR, $^{13}\text{C}\{^1\text{H}\}$ NMR and $^{19}\text{F}\{^1\text{H}\}$ NMR spectra of [Cu(IPr*)(TFA)] 2ab



S13



¹H NMR and ¹³C{¹H} NMR spectra of [Cu(IPr*)(OTs)] 2ac





 ^1H NMR, $^{13}\text{C}\{^1\text{H}\}$ NMR and $^{19}\text{F}\{^1\text{H}\}$ NMR spectra of [Cu(IPr*)((OCO)C_6F_5)] 2ad









5. NMR spectra of NHC-Cu-thiolato complexes





 ^1H NMR and $^{13}\text{C}\{^1\text{H}\}$ NMR spectra of [Cu(IPr*)(SPh)] (3b)

