lectronic Supplementary Material (ESI) for Environmental Science: Atmospheres.

Satellites: A New Tool in Detecting Methane Emissions

Environmental Science: Atmospheres



The oil and gas industries use a variety of technologies for detecting and quantifying the emission of methane, a potent greenhouse gas



The ability of satellites in detecting, reconciling, and reporting methane emissions has not previously been sufficiently investigated



Use of satellites to detect methane emissions

Advantages

- Long-term emission monitoring
- Can scan large areas quickly
- Can detect presence of very large emissions
- Used for verifying emission estimates

Limitations

- Increased uncertainties in derived emission estimates
- Not suitable for quantifying all oil and gas methane emissions
- Impacted by factors such as clouds, albedo, and quality of prior data

Once their limitations are addressed, satellites will become even more effective tools to assess methane emissions, which is crucial for achieving the Paris Agreement ambitions

