

**Supporting Information for**  
**Dynamic Coordination Transformation of Active Site in Single-Atom MoS<sub>2</sub> Catalyst for Boosted Oxygen Evolution Catalysis**

Nian Ran<sup>1,2</sup>, Youwei Wang<sup>1,2</sup>, Erhong Song<sup>1,2</sup>, Yao Zhou<sup>4, \*</sup> and Jianjun Liu<sup>1,2,3, \*</sup>

<sup>1</sup>State Key Laboratory of High Performance Ceramics and Superfine Microstructures, Shanghai Institute of Ceramics, Chinese Academy of Sciences, Shanghai 200050, China

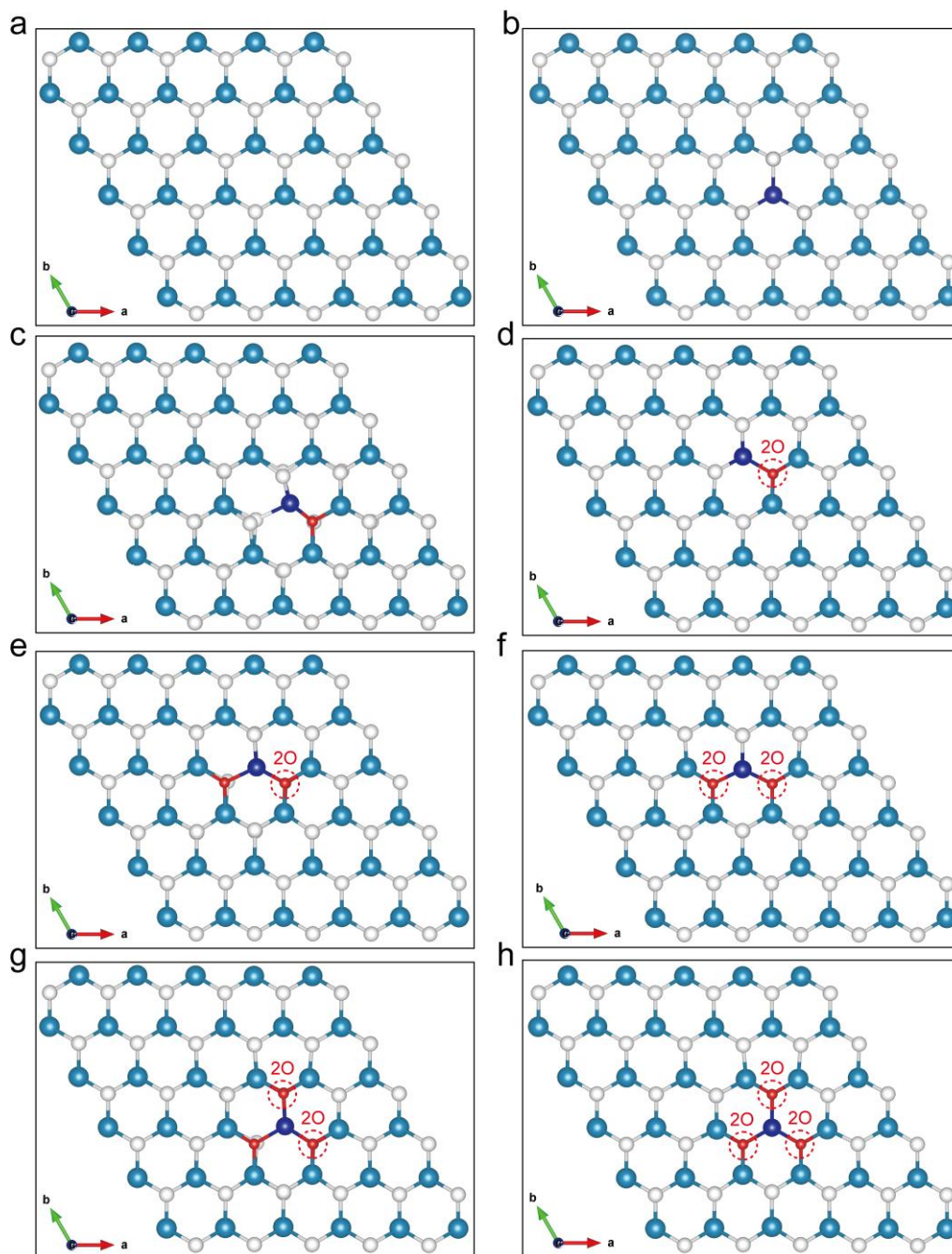
<sup>2</sup>Center of Materials Science and Optoelectronics Engineering, University of Chinese Academy of Sciences, Beijing 100049, China

<sup>3</sup>School of Chemistry and Materials Science, Hangzhou Institute for Advanced Study, University of Chinese Academy of Science, 1 Sub-lane Xiangshan, Hangzhou 310024, China

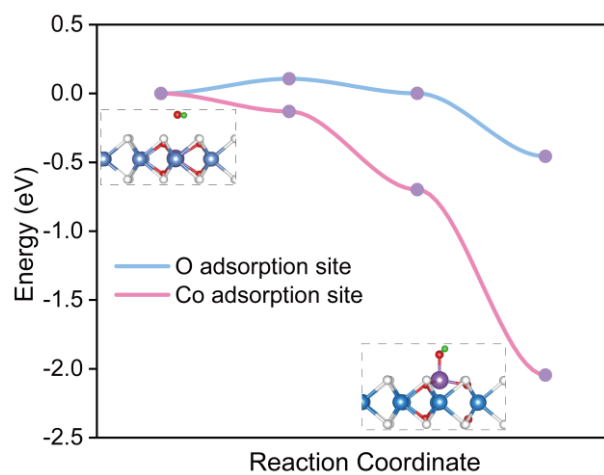
<sup>4</sup>Advanced Research Institute of Multidisciplinary Science, and School of Chemistry and Chemical Engineering, Beijing Institute of Technology, Beijing 100081, China

\* Corresponding Email: [jliu@mail.sic.ac.cn](mailto:jliu@mail.sic.ac.cn); [zhouyao@bit.edu.cn](mailto:zhouyao@bit.edu.cn)

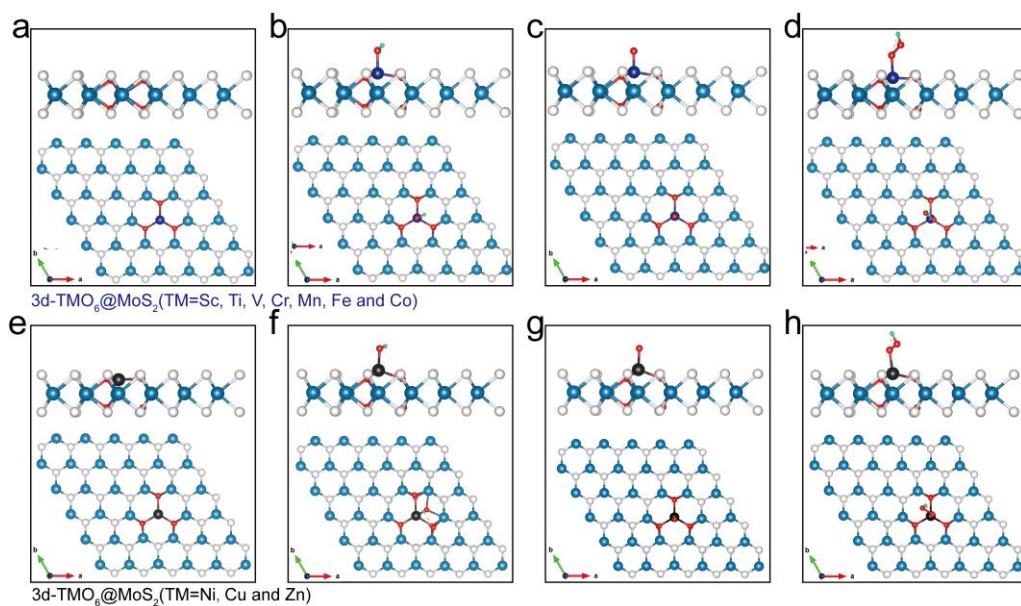
## Supporting Figures



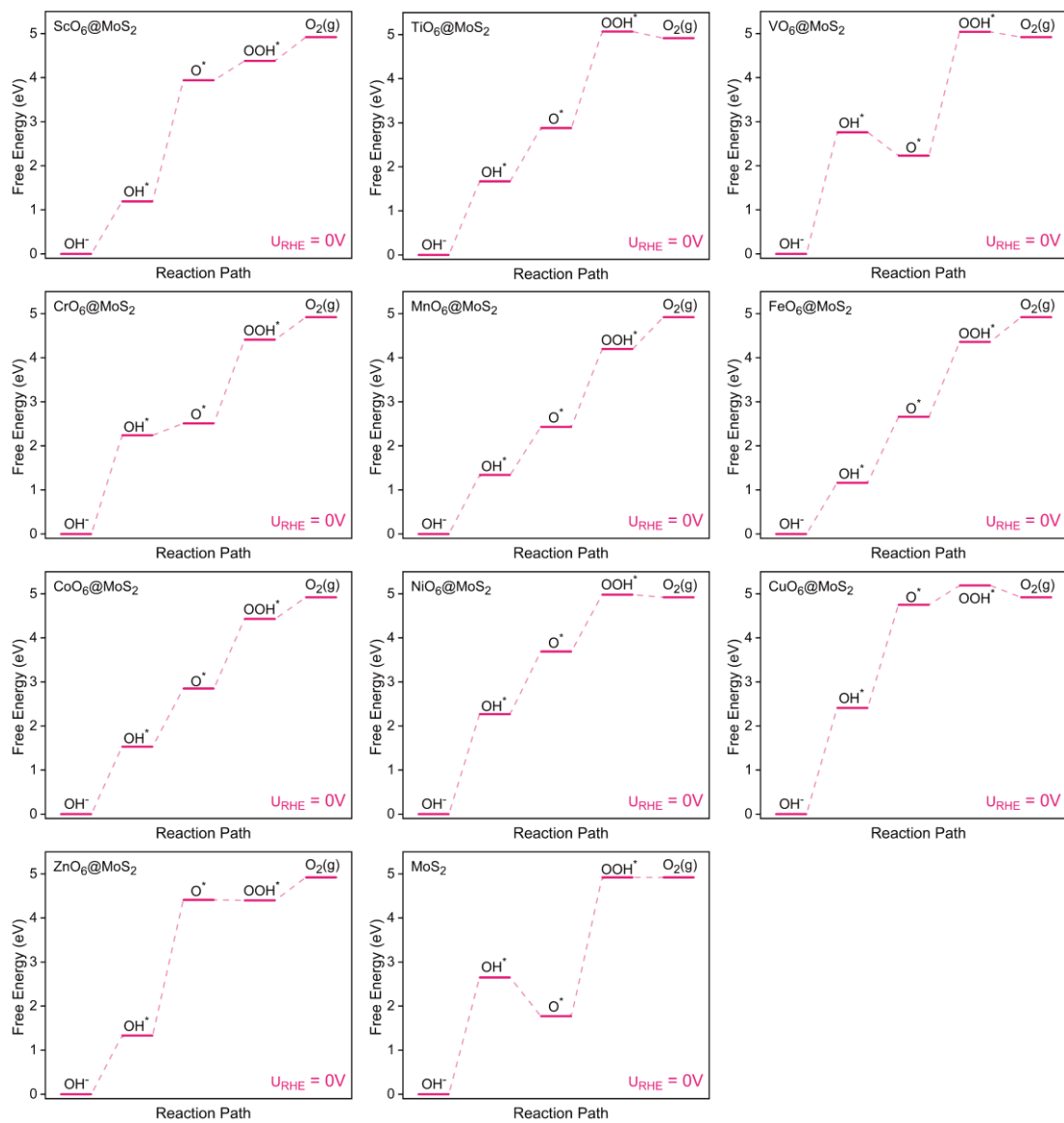
**Figure S1.** Schematic of transition metal (TM) atom or transition metal atom co-doped with different numbers of oxygen (O) atoms in 2H phase MoS<sub>2</sub>. **a**, MoS<sub>2</sub>. **b**, TM doped in MoS<sub>2</sub>. **c-h**, TM co-doped with 1~6 of O in MoS<sub>2</sub>. The white, blue, dark blue, and red colors represent S, Mo, TM, and O atoms, respectively.



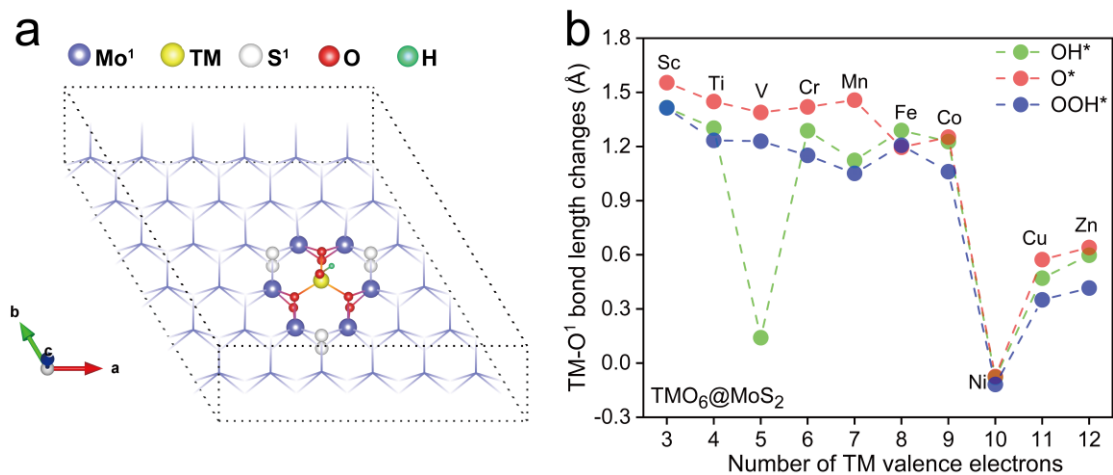
**Figure S2.** Potential active sites on cobalt co-doped six oxygen atoms in 2H phase MoS<sub>2</sub>. The Co site is the active site because it's lower thermodynamic energy and lower potential barrier.



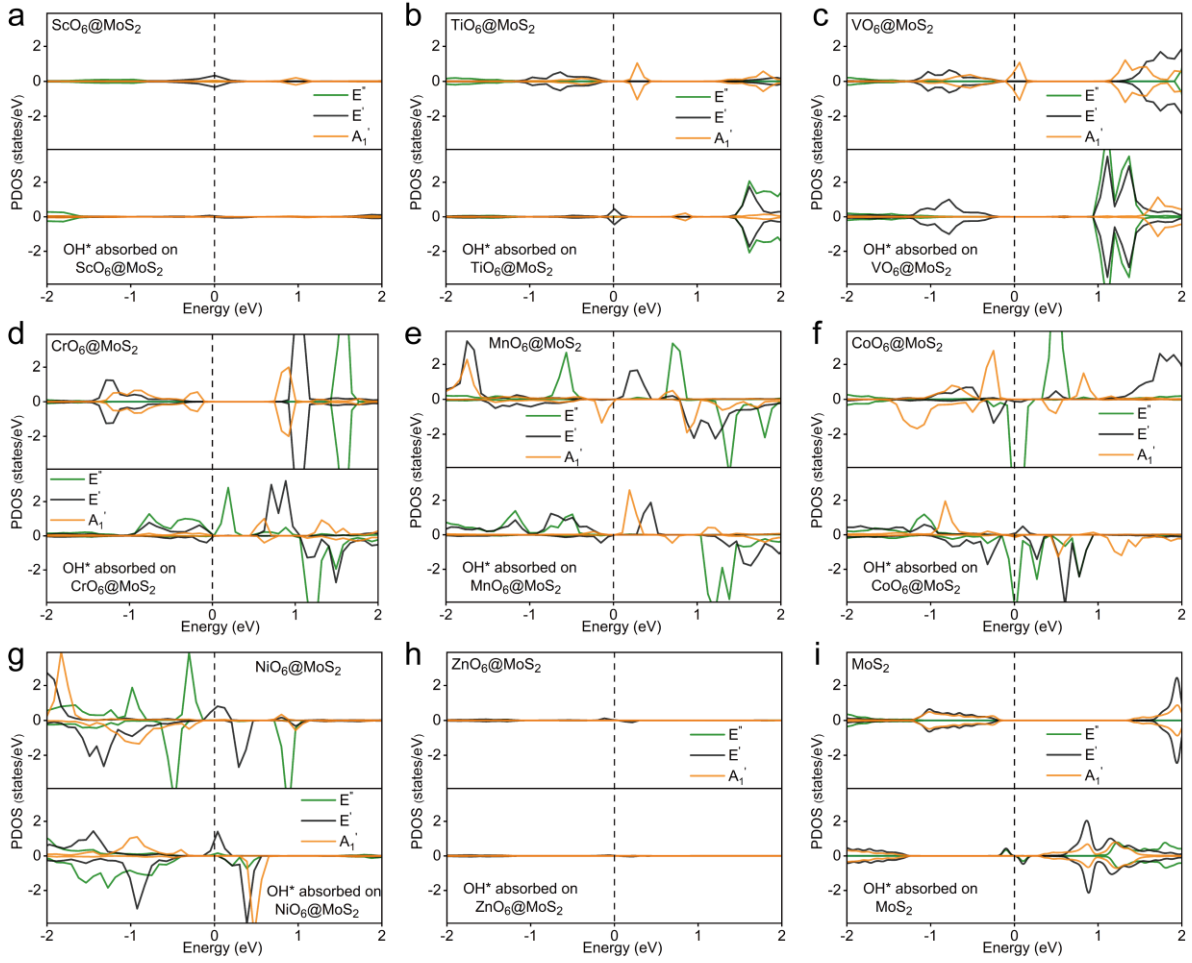
**Figure S3.** Configurations of adsorbates (O, OH, OOH) on transition metal atom (TM) co-doped with six oxygen atoms in 2H phase MoS<sub>2</sub> with diverse coordination. **a-d**, 3d-TMO<sub>6</sub>@MoS<sub>2</sub> (TM=Sc, Ti, V, Cr, Mn, Fe and Co). **e-h**, 3d-TMO<sub>6</sub>@MoS<sub>2</sub> (TM=Ni, Cu and Zn). The white, blue, dark blue, dark, green and red colors represent S, Mo, (Sc, Ti, V, Cr, Mn, Fe and Co), (Ni, Cu and Zn), H and O atoms, respectively.



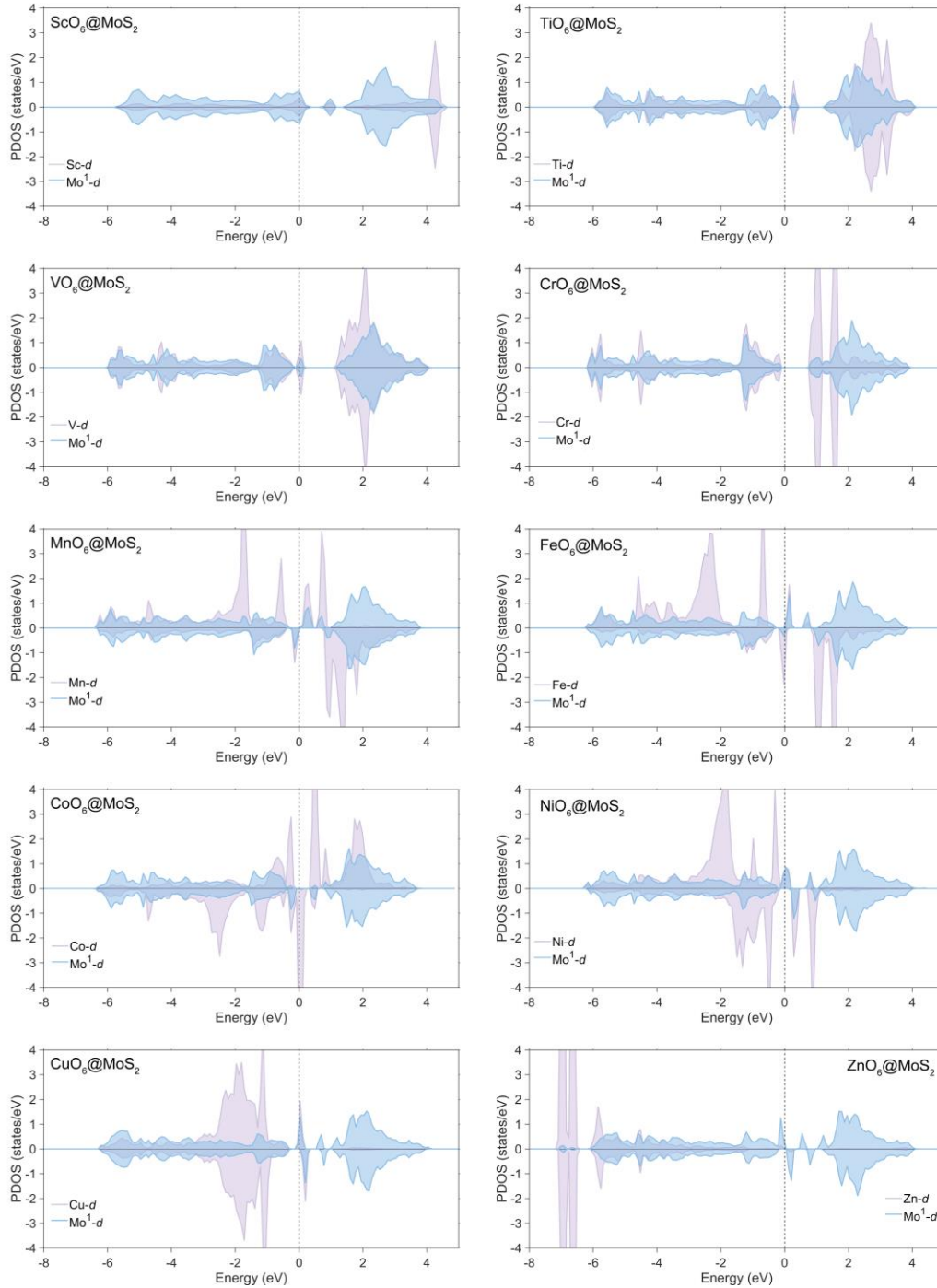
**Figure S4.** Free-energy diagram for OER on transition metal atom (TM) co-doped with six oxygen atoms in 2H phase MoS<sub>2</sub>, at zero electrode potential.



**Figure S5.** TM-O<sup>I</sup> bond length change after adsorbed OH\*, O\* and OOH\* is an efficient method to determine the movement of active sites. **a**, schematic diagram of the 3d-TMO<sub>6</sub>@MoS<sub>2</sub> structure after adsorption of the intermediates (OH\*). **b**, the TM-O<sup>I</sup> bond length change of after adsorbed OH\*, O\* and OOH\*, where O<sup>I</sup> represents the oxygen atom on the opposite side of the adsorbed intermediate.

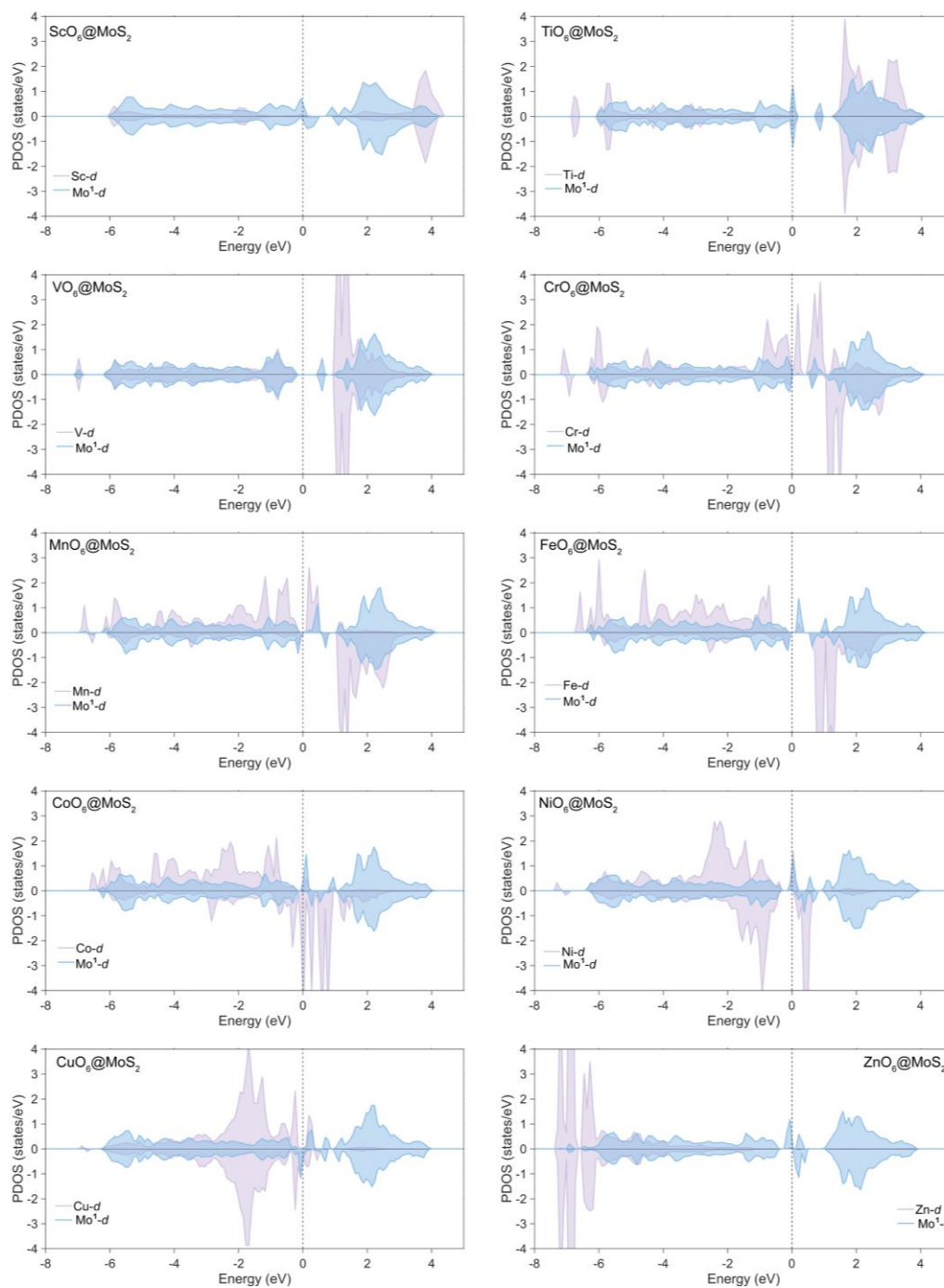


**Figure S6.** The density of projected states (PDOS) of 3d-TMO<sub>6</sub>@MoS<sub>2</sub> and after adsorption OH\* on 3d-TMO<sub>6</sub>@MoS<sub>2</sub>.

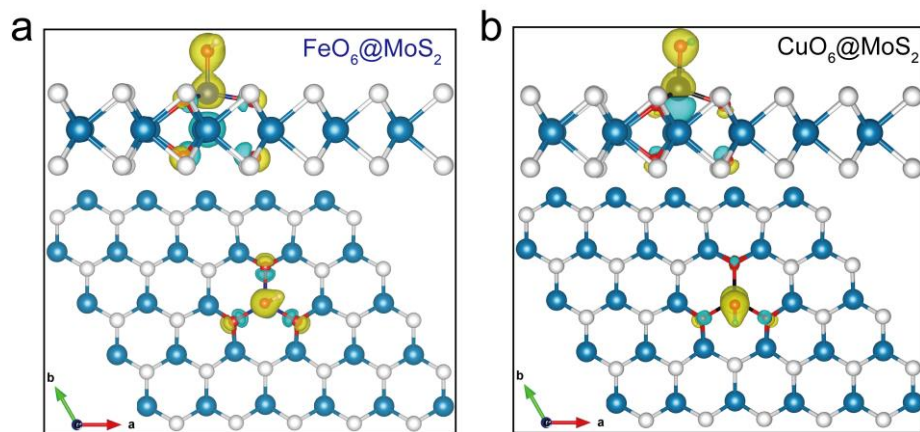


**Figure S7.** The density of projected states (PDOS) of transition metal atom (TM) co-doped with six oxygen atoms in 2H phase MoS<sub>2</sub>, Where Mo<sup>1</sup> represents the nearest neighbor Mo atoms around the doped atoms.

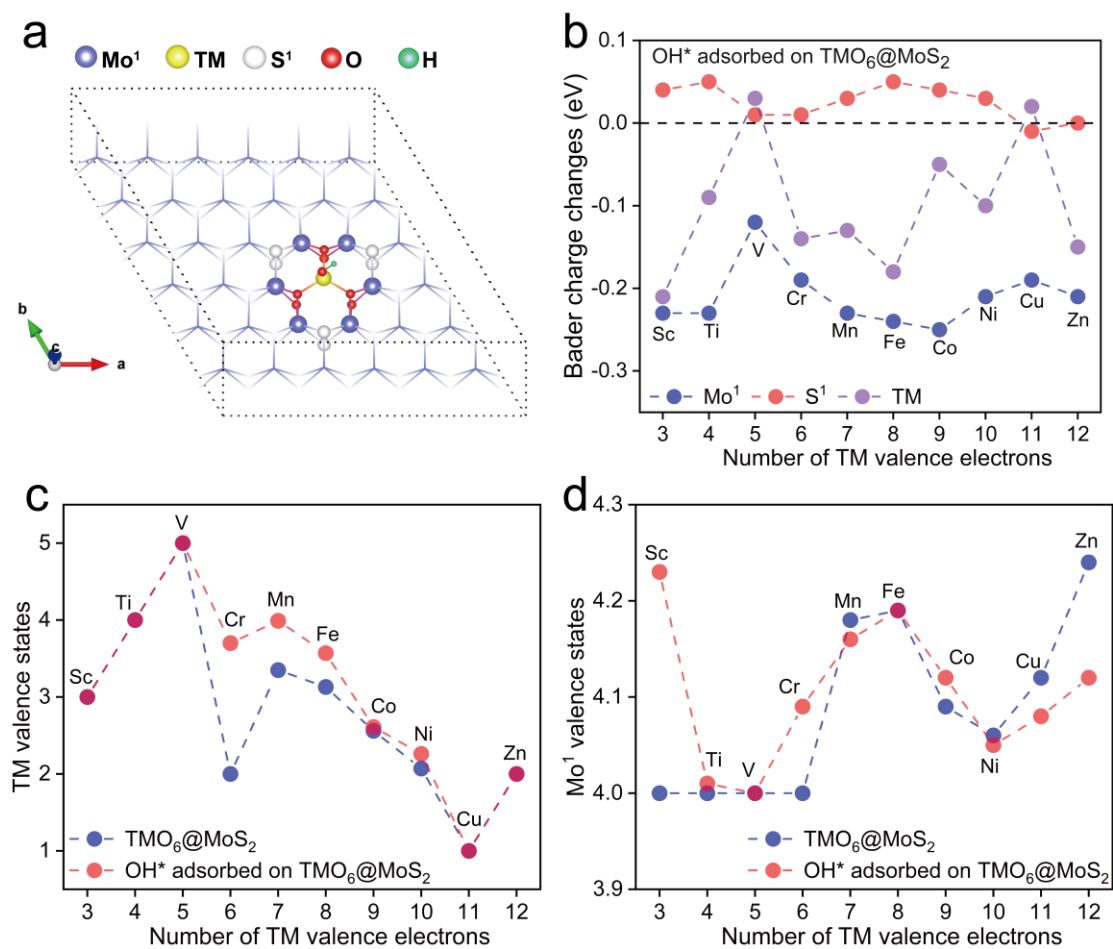




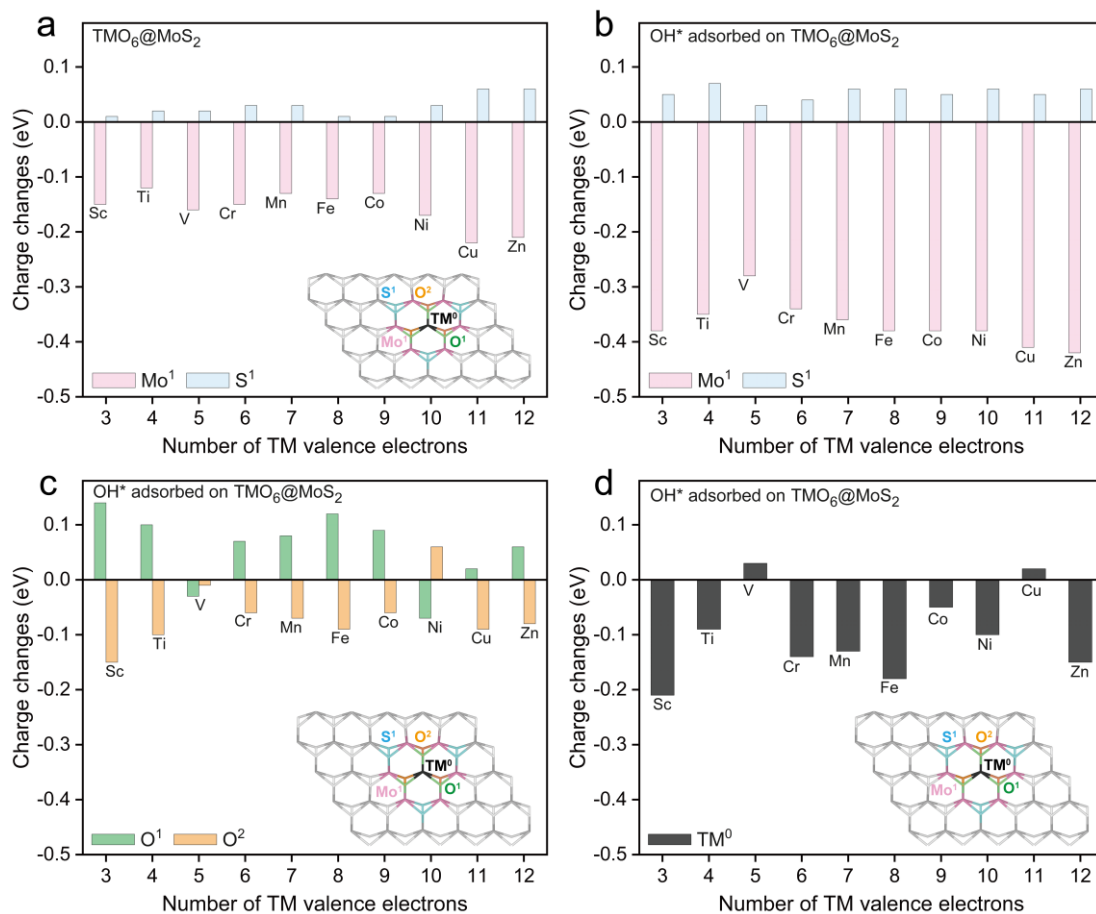
**Figure S8.** The density of projected states (PDOS) of  $\text{OH}^*$  on transition metal atom (TM) co-doped with six oxygen atoms in 2H phase  $\text{MoS}_2$ , Where  $\text{Mo}^1$  represents the nearest neighbor Mo atoms around the doped atoms.



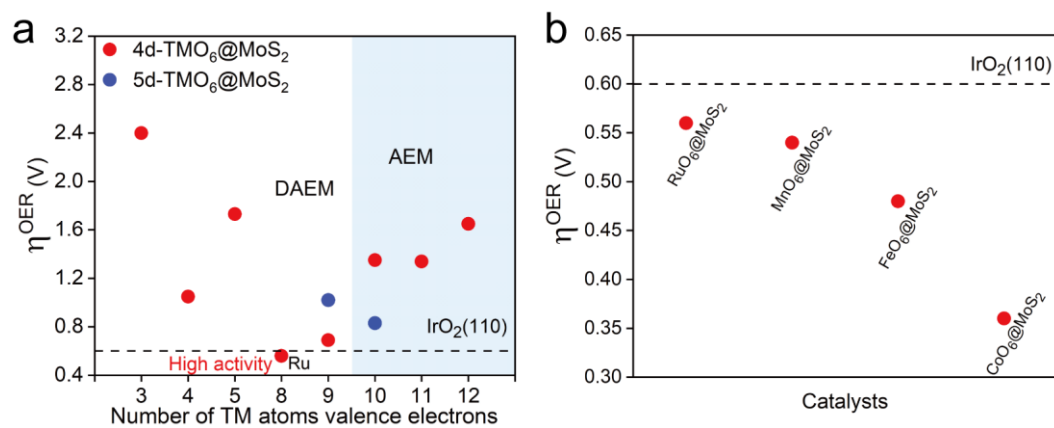
**Figure S9.** The charge density difference of before adsorption and after desorption on transition metal atom (TM) co-doped with six oxygen atoms in 2H phase MoS<sub>2</sub>. **a**, FeO<sub>6</sub>@MoS<sub>2</sub>. **b**, CuO<sub>6</sub>@MoS<sub>2</sub>. Yellow and blue represent positive and negative 0.11 e/Å<sup>3</sup> isosurfaces, respectively.



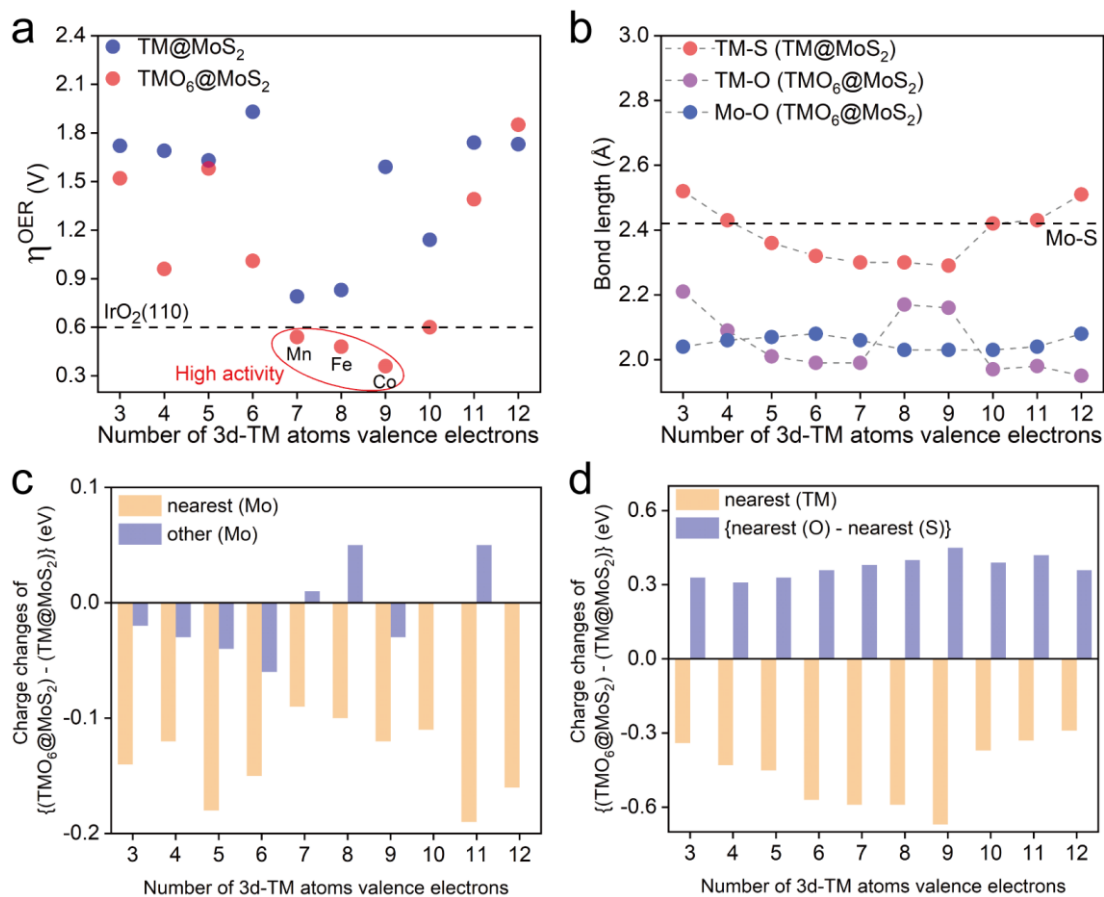
**Figure S10.** Charge changes of 3d-TMO<sub>6</sub>@MoS<sub>2</sub> structure before and after adsorption of OH\* intermediate. **a**, schematic diagram of the 3d-TMO<sub>6</sub>@MoS<sub>2</sub> structure after adsorption of the OH\* intermediate. **b**, Bader charge changes. **c**, TM valence states changes. **d**, Mo<sup>1</sup> valence states changes.



**Figure S11.** The bader charge of before adsorption and adsorption OH\* on transition metal atom (TM) co-doped with six oxygen atoms in 2H phase MoS<sub>2</sub>. **a**, the bader charge of TMO<sub>6</sub>@MoS<sub>2</sub> before adsorption. **b-d**, the bader charge of TMO<sub>6</sub>@MoS<sub>2</sub> after adsorbed OH\*.



**Figure S12.** The OER theoretical overpotential on TMO<sub>6</sub>@MoS<sub>2</sub>. **a**, the theoretical OER overpotential of TMO<sub>6</sub>@MoS<sub>2</sub> (including 4d-TM=Y, Zr, Nb, Ru, Rh, Pd, Ag, Cd, Ru and 5d-TM=Ir and Pt). **b**, TMO<sub>6</sub>@MoS<sub>2</sub> (TM=Ru, Mn, Fe and Co) with a theoretical OER overpotential below IrO<sub>2</sub>(110).

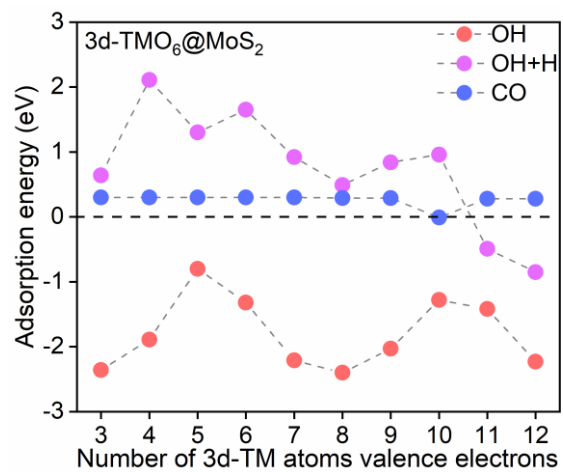


**Figure S13. a**, the OER theoretical overpotential on TMO<sub>6</sub>@MoS<sub>2</sub> and TM@MoS<sub>2</sub>.

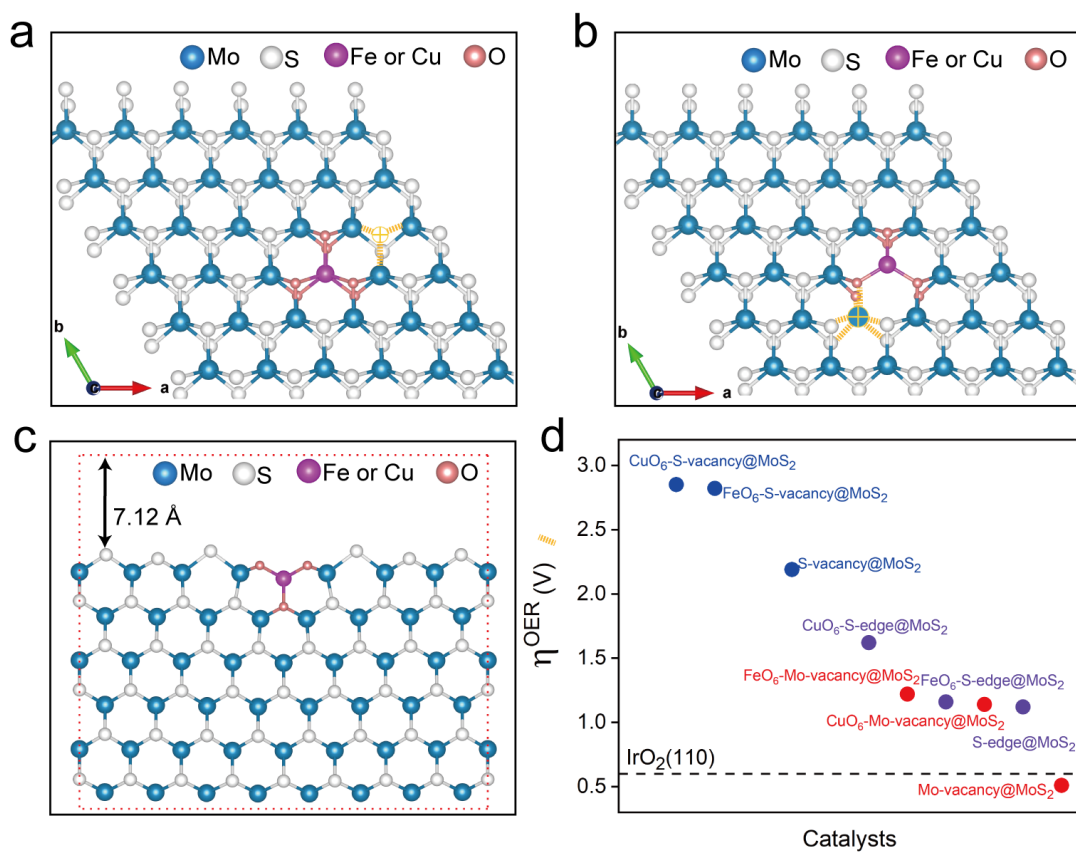
**b**, the bond length of TMO<sub>6</sub>@MoS<sub>2</sub> and TM@MoS<sub>2</sub>. **c**, the charge changes of Mo on

TMO<sub>6</sub>@MoS<sub>2</sub> and TM@MoS<sub>2</sub>. **d**, the charge changes of TM and {nearest atom(O)-

nearest atom(S)} on TMO<sub>6</sub>@MoS<sub>2</sub> and TM@MoS<sub>2</sub>.

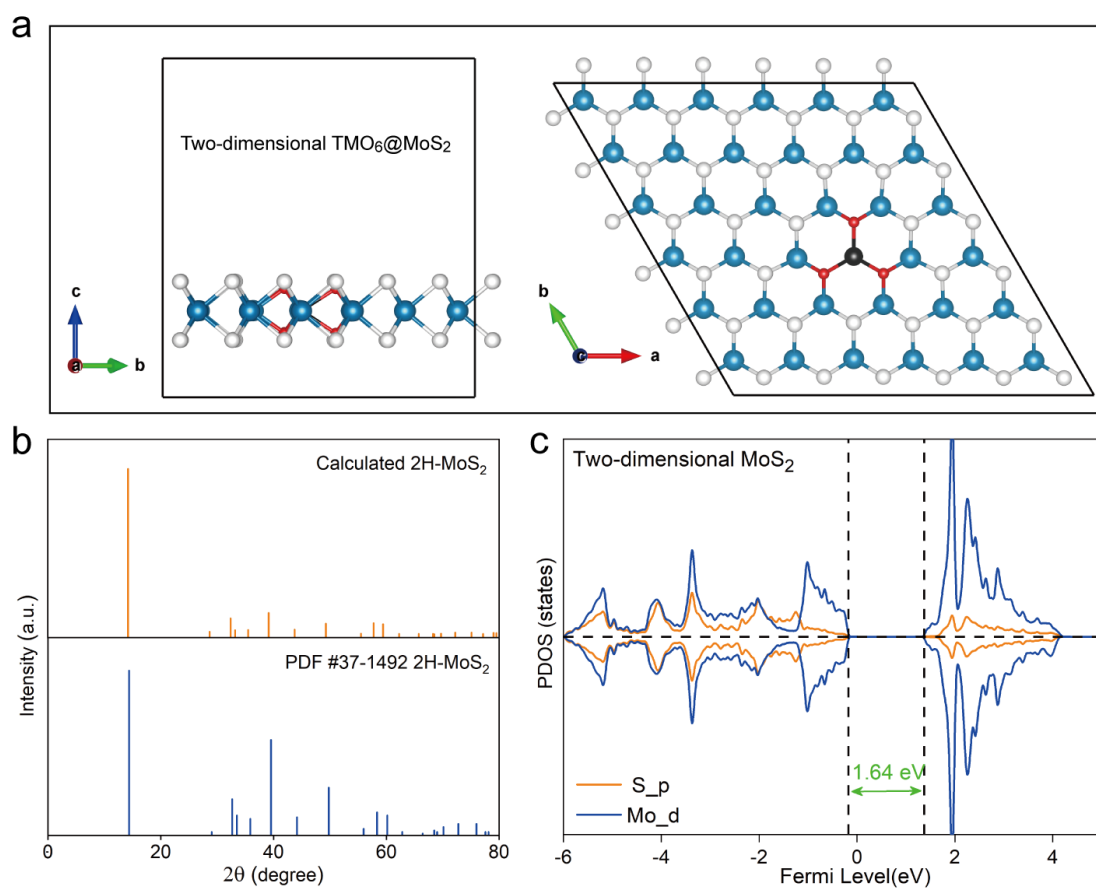


**Figure S14.** The adsorption energy of CO, OH and OH+H on 3d-TMO<sub>6</sub>@MoS<sub>2</sub>.

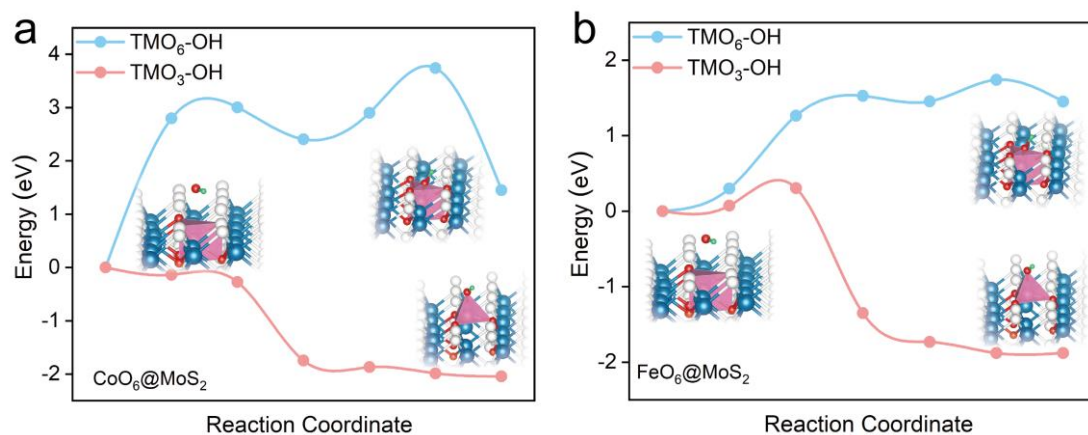


**Figure S15.** The structure and OER theoretical overpotential of TMO<sub>6</sub>@MoS<sub>2</sub> and MoS<sub>2</sub> with different defect structures (S-vacancy, Mo-vacancy, S-edge, Mo-edge). **a**, the structure of TMO<sub>6</sub>@MoS<sub>2</sub> with S-vacancy. **b**, the structure of TMO<sub>6</sub>@MoS<sub>2</sub> with Mo-vacancy. **c**, the structure of TMO<sub>6</sub>@MoS<sub>2</sub> with Mo-edge. **d**, the OER theoretical overpotential of TMO<sub>6</sub>@MoS<sub>2</sub> and MoS<sub>2</sub> with different defect structures (S-vacancy, Mo-vacancy, S-edge, Mo-edge).





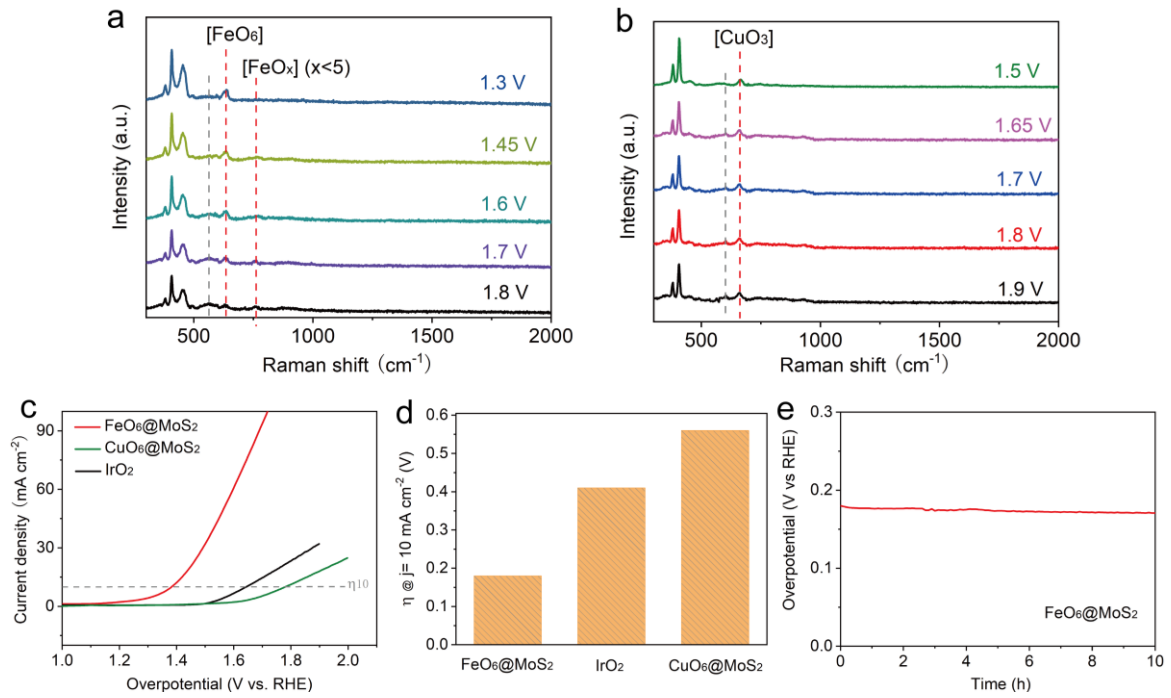
**Figure S16.** **a**, Schematic of transition metal atom co-doped with six numbers of oxygen (O) atoms in 2H phase  $\text{MoS}_2$ . **b**, Comparison between the experimental and calculated XRD patterns of 2H- $\text{MoS}_2$  (space group is  $P6_3/mmc$ ). **c**, The density of projected states (PDOS) of two-dimensional  $\text{MoS}_2$ .



**Figure S17.** Potential barrier of tetra-coordinated structure (TMO<sub>3</sub>-OH) and hexa-coordinated structure (TMO<sub>6</sub>-OH) of TM (TM=Co and Fe) co-doped six oxygen atoms in 2H phase MoS<sub>2</sub> during OER reaction. The tetra-coordinated structure (TMO<sub>3</sub>-OH) is the active structure because it's lower thermodynamic energy and lower potential barrier.

### Supplementary Note 1. *In situ* Raman spectra of FeO<sub>6</sub>@MoS<sub>2</sub> and CuO<sub>6</sub>@MoS<sub>2</sub>

The peaks located at  $\sim 405$  and  $\sim 380$  cm<sup>-1</sup> correspond to the characteristic  $A_{1g}$  mode and  $E_{2g}^1$  mode of MoS<sub>2</sub><sup>1</sup>. In addition, the peaks in Figure S18a-b related to  $A_g-\delta(\text{OMo}_3)$  ( $\sim 337$  cm<sup>-1</sup>),  $B_{1g}-\nu(\text{OMo}_3)$  ( $\sim 453$  and  $491$  cm<sup>-1</sup>) confirmed the successful introduction of oxygen into MoS<sub>2</sub> lattice<sup>2</sup>. For sample FeO<sub>6</sub>@MoS<sub>2</sub>, Raman peak of [FeO<sub>6</sub>] at  $\sim 636$  cm<sup>-13</sup> gradually decreases and the peak of [FeO<sub>x</sub>] ( $x < 5$ ) at  $\sim 766$  cm<sup>-14</sup> appears as the applied potential increases to 1.45 V (Figure S18a). The peak at  $\sim 566$  cm<sup>-1</sup> (highlighted by gray dashed line) supports the formation of FeOOH\* species<sup>5</sup>. For sample CuO<sub>6</sub>@MoS<sub>2</sub>, Raman peak of [CuO<sub>3</sub>] at  $\sim 660$  cm<sup>-16</sup> in Figure S18b shows no change during OER process, and the CuOOH\* species<sup>7</sup> (highlighted by gray dashed line) appears when applied potential is no less than 1.65 V. These results are consistent with the theoretical predictions (Figure 3c-d).



**Figure S18.** **a-b**, In-situ Raman spectra of the CuO<sub>6</sub>@MoS<sub>2</sub> and FeO<sub>6</sub>@MoS<sub>2</sub>, respectively. **c**, LSV curves and **d**, η<sub>10</sub> values of as-prepared samples CuO<sub>6</sub>@MoS<sub>2</sub>, FeO<sub>6</sub>@MoS<sub>2</sub>, and IrO<sub>2</sub>. **e**, Long-term OER stability of the FeO<sub>6</sub>@MoS<sub>2</sub> sample at a constant current of 10 mA cm<sup>-2</sup>.

## Supporting Tables

**Table S1.** The bond length of Mo-S in MoS<sub>2</sub> and TM-O in LiTMO<sub>2</sub>.

Material systems	Bond	Bond length (Å)
MoS <sub>2</sub>	Mo-S	2.40
LiCoO <sub>2</sub>	Co-O	1.94
LiFeO <sub>2</sub>	Fe-O	2.05
LiMnO <sub>2</sub>	Mn-O	1.96/ 2.34
LiTiO <sub>2</sub>	Ti-O	2.04/ 2.12
LiNiO <sub>2</sub>	Ni-O	1.91
LiVO <sub>2</sub>	V-O	2.06
LiCrO <sub>2</sub>	Cr-O	2.03
LiZrO <sub>2</sub>	Zr-O	2.18
LiNbO <sub>2</sub>	Nb-O	2.16
LiRuO <sub>2</sub>	Ru-O	2.09
LiRhO <sub>2</sub>	Rh-O	2.09

**Table S2.** Binding energy of MoO<sub>x</sub> and MoS<sub>x</sub> with different numbers of oxygen/ sulfur atoms doped in 2H phase MoS<sub>2</sub>.

Material systems	MoO <sub>x</sub> binding energy (eV)	MoS <sub>x</sub> binding energy (eV)
O <sub>1</sub> @MoS <sub>2</sub>	-7.47	-6.31
O <sub>2</sub> @MoS <sub>2</sub>	-7.43	-6.07
O <sub>3</sub> @MoS <sub>2</sub>	-7.41	-6.19
O <sub>4</sub> @MoS <sub>2</sub>	-7.48	-6.23
O <sub>5</sub> @MoS <sub>2</sub>	-7.44	-6.27
O <sub>6</sub> @MoS <sub>2</sub>	-7.52	-6.16

**Table S3.** The formation energy ( $E_F$ ) of transition metal atom (TM) doped in 2H phase MoS<sub>2</sub>.

Material systems	$\Delta E_F$ (eV)
Sc@MoS <sub>2</sub>	-0.18
Ti@MoS <sub>2</sub>	-2.06
V@MoS <sub>2</sub>	-4.02
Cr@MoS <sub>2</sub>	-5.29
Mn@MoS <sub>2</sub>	-4.65
Fe@MoS <sub>2</sub>	-3.11
Co@MoS <sub>2</sub>	-1.08
Ni@MoS <sub>2</sub>	0.99
Cu@MoS <sub>2</sub>	5.71
Zn@MoS <sub>2</sub>	9.64
MoS <sub>2</sub>	-0.69

**Table S4.** The formation energy ( $E_F$ ) of transition metal atom (TM) co-doped with six oxygen atoms in 2H phase MoS<sub>2</sub>.

Material systems	$\Delta E_F$ (eV)
ScO <sub>6</sub> @MoS <sub>2</sub>	-3.91
TiO <sub>6</sub> @MoS <sub>2</sub>	-2.50
VO <sub>6</sub> @MoS <sub>2</sub>	-3.03
CrO <sub>6</sub> @MoS <sub>2</sub>	-3.33
MnO <sub>6</sub> @MoS <sub>2</sub>	-2.14
FeO <sub>6</sub> @MoS <sub>2</sub>	-3.00
CoO <sub>6</sub> @MoS <sub>2</sub>	-2.75
NiO <sub>6</sub> @MoS <sub>2</sub>	-2.73
CuO <sub>6</sub> @MoS <sub>2</sub>	-4.63
ZnO <sub>6</sub> @MoS <sub>2</sub>	-4.93
MoS <sub>2</sub>	-0.69

**Table S5.** The energy of TM atom moving from the triangular prism crystal field to the triangular pyramid crystal field in  $\text{TMO}_6@\text{MoS}_2$ .

Material systems	Energy (eV)
$\text{ScO}_6@\text{MoS}_2$	0.09
$\text{TiO}_6@\text{MoS}_2$	0.01
$\text{VO}_6@\text{MoS}_2$	0.01
$\text{CrO}_6@\text{MoS}_2$	1.75
$\text{MnO}_6@\text{MoS}_2$	0.02
$\text{FeO}_6@\text{MoS}_2$	0.54
$\text{CoO}_6@\text{MoS}_2$	0.77
$\text{NiO}_6@\text{MoS}_2$	-0.22
$\text{CuO}_6@\text{MoS}_2$	-0.49
$\text{ZnO}_6@\text{MoS}_2$	-0.47
$\text{O}_6@\text{MoS}_2$	4.49
$\text{MoS}_2$	7.99

**Table S6.** In  $\text{TMO}_6@\text{MoS}_2$ , when  $\text{OH}^*$  is adsorbed and  $\text{O}_2$  is desorbed respectively, the energy difference of TM atom (the triangular prism crystal field is subtracted from the triangular pyramid crystal field).

Material systems	Energy ( $\text{OH}^*$ ) (eV)	Energy ( $\text{O}_2$ ) (eV)
$\text{ScO}_6@\text{MoS}_2$	-1.52	0.34
$\text{TiO}_6@\text{MoS}_2$	-1.00	0.84
$\text{VO}_6@\text{MoS}_2$	-0.91	1.16
$\text{CrO}_6@\text{MoS}_2$	-0.59	1.11
$\text{MnO}_6@\text{MoS}_2$	-0.89	-0.23
$\text{FeO}_6@\text{MoS}_2$	-0.17	0.61
$\text{CoO}_6@\text{MoS}_2$	-0.90	-0.92
$\text{NiO}_6@\text{MoS}_2$	-0.79	-0.31
$\text{CuO}_6@\text{MoS}_2$	-0.99	-0.49
$\text{ZnO}_6@\text{MoS}_2$	-1.55	-0.20
$\text{O}_6@\text{MoS}_2$	0.35	1.95
$\text{MoS}_2$	1.72	5.37

**Table S7.** Adsorption free energies of OH<sup>\*</sup>, O<sup>\*</sup>, OOH<sup>\*</sup>, H<sup>\*</sup> (eV) on Pt (111), IrO<sub>2</sub> and RuO<sub>2</sub>.

Active site	$\Delta G_{\text{OH}}^*$	$\Delta G_{\text{O}}^*$	$\Delta G_{\text{OOH}}^*$	$\Delta G_{\text{H}}^*$
Pt (111)	/	/	/	-0.09
IrO <sub>2</sub> (110)	0.19	1.34	3.09	/
RuO <sub>2</sub> (110)	0.15	1.62	3.31	/

**Table S8.** Theoretical overpotential for OER ( $\eta^{\text{OER}}$ , V vs RHE), theoretical overpotential ( $\eta^{\text{HER}}$ , V vs RHE) for HER on Pt (111), IrO<sub>2</sub> and RuO<sub>2</sub>.

Active site	$\eta^{\text{OER}}$	$\eta^{\text{HER}}$
Pt (111)	/	-0.09
IrO <sub>2</sub> (110)	0.60	/
RuO <sub>2</sub> (110)	0.47	/

**Table S9.** Adsorption free energies of OH<sup>\*</sup>, O<sup>\*</sup>, OOH<sup>\*</sup> (eV) on transition metal atom doped in 2H phase MoS<sub>2</sub>.

Material systems	$\Delta G_{\text{OH}}^*$	$\Delta G_{\text{O}}^*$	$\Delta G_{\text{OOH}}^*$
Sc@MoS <sub>2</sub>	1.21	1.68	4.63
Ti@MoS <sub>2</sub>	1.25	1.71	4.63
V@MoS <sub>2</sub>	1.19	1.70	4.56
Cr@MoS <sub>2</sub>	2.36	1.63	4.79
Mn@MoS <sub>2</sub>	1.84	1.57	3.59
Fe@MoS <sub>2</sub>	1.62	1.50	3.56
Co@MoS <sub>2</sub>	0.80	1.48	4.30
Ni@MoS <sub>2</sub>	0.35	1.47	3.84
Cu@MoS <sub>2</sub>	0.64	1.15	4.12
Zn@MoS <sub>2</sub>	0.89	1.39	4.35
MoS <sub>2</sub>	2.65	1.77	4.92



**Table S10.** Adsorption free energies of OH<sup>\*</sup>, O<sup>\*</sup>, OOH<sup>\*</sup> (eV) on transition metal atom (TM) co-doped with six oxygen atoms in 2H phase MoS<sub>2</sub>.

Material systems	$\Delta G_{\text{OH}}^*$	$\Delta G_{\text{O}}^*$	$\Delta G_{\text{OOH}}^*$
ScO <sub>6</sub> @MoS <sub>2</sub>	1.19	3.94	4.38
TiO <sub>6</sub> @MoS <sub>2</sub>	1.67	2.88	5.07
VO <sub>6</sub> @MoS <sub>2</sub>	2.76	2.23	5.04
CrO <sub>6</sub> @MoS <sub>2</sub>	2.24	2.51	4.41
MnO <sub>6</sub> @MoS <sub>2</sub>	1.34	2.43	4.20
FeO <sub>6</sub> @MoS <sub>2</sub>	1.16	2.66	4.36
CoO <sub>6</sub> @MoS <sub>2</sub>	1.53	2.85	4.43
NiO <sub>6</sub> @MoS <sub>2</sub>	1.83	3.37	4.70
CuO <sub>6</sub> @MoS <sub>2</sub>	2.14	4.75	5.19
ZnO <sub>6</sub> @MoS <sub>2</sub>	1.33	4.41	4.40
MoS <sub>2</sub>	2.65	1.77	4.92

**Table S11.** Theoretical overpotential for OER ( $\eta^{OER}$ , V vs RHE) on transition metal atom in 2H phase MoS<sub>2</sub>. The catalytic performance better than or comparable to IrO<sub>2</sub> is marked with red.

Material systems	$\eta^{OER}$	$\eta^{HER}$
Sc@MoS <sub>2</sub>	1.72	-0.21
Ti@MoS <sub>2</sub>	1.69	-0.31
V@MoS <sub>2</sub>	1.63	-0.49
Cr@MoS <sub>2</sub>	1.93	-1.16
Mn@MoS <sub>2</sub>	0.79	-0.71
Fe@MoS <sub>2</sub>	0.83	-0.43
Co@MoS <sub>2</sub>	1.59	-0.16
Ni@MoS <sub>2</sub>	1.14	-0.56
Cu@MoS <sub>2</sub>	1.74	-0.45
Zn@MoS <sub>2</sub>	1.73	-0.24
MoS <sub>2</sub>	1.92	-2.02

**Table S12.** Theoretical overpotential for OER ( $\eta^{OER}$ , V vs RHE) on transition metal atom (TM) co-doped with six oxygen atoms in 2H phase MoS<sub>2</sub>. The catalytic performance better than or comparable to IrO<sub>2</sub> is marked with red.

Material systems	$\eta^{OER}$
ScO <sub>6</sub> @MoS <sub>2</sub>	1.52
TiO <sub>6</sub> @MoS <sub>2</sub>	0.96
VO <sub>6</sub> @MoS <sub>2</sub>	1.58
CrO <sub>6</sub> @MoS <sub>2</sub>	1.01
MnO <sub>6</sub> @MoS <sub>2</sub>	0.54
FeO <sub>6</sub> @MoS <sub>2</sub>	0.48
CoO <sub>6</sub> @MoS <sub>2</sub>	0.36
NiO <sub>6</sub> @MoS <sub>2</sub>	0.60
CuO <sub>6</sub> @MoS <sub>2</sub>	1.39
ZnO <sub>6</sub> @MoS <sub>2</sub>	1.85
MoS <sub>2</sub>	1.92

**Table S13.** The overpotential ( $\eta^{OER}$ ) for oxygen evolution of experimental (measured at 1M KOH electrolyte and a current density of 10 mA/cm<sup>2</sup>) value and calculated value in this paper.

Catalyst	Current density (mA/cm <sup>2</sup> )	Experimental $\eta^{OER}$ (V)	DFT $\eta^{OER}$ (V)	Refs
Ni@MoS <sub>2</sub>	10	0.365	1.14	8
MoS <sub>2</sub>	10	0.403	1.92	9
Co@MoS <sub>2</sub>	10	0.294	1.59	9
Fe@MoS <sub>2</sub>	50	0.290	0.83	10
Co@MoS <sub>2</sub>	10	0.260	1.59	11
MoS <sub>2</sub>	10	0.420	1.92	11
Co@MoS <sub>2</sub>	10	0.270	1.59	12
MoS <sub>2</sub>	10	0.392	1.92	12
IrO <sub>2</sub>	10	0.314	0.60	13
RuO <sub>2</sub>	10	0.210	0.47	11
IrO <sub>2</sub>	10	0.468	0.60	14
NiVIr-LDH	10	0.18		15
Ni <sub>0.75</sub> V <sub>0.25</sub> -LDH	10	0.31		16
Ni <sub>0.75</sub> Fe <sub>0.25</sub> -LDH	10	0.25		16
NiFeMn-LDH	10	0.262		17

Ni <sub>3</sub> Fe <sub>0.5</sub> V <sub>0.5</sub> -LDH	10	0.20		18
NiFe-LDH	10	0.36		19
NiFe-LDH	10	0.329		20
TiNiFe-LDH	10	0.307		20
VNiFe-LDH	10	0.287		20
CrNiFe-LDH	10	0.295		20
MnNiFe-LDH	10	0.313		20
CoNiFe-LDH	10	0.290		20
CuNiFe-LDH	10	0.317		20
ZnNiFe-LDH	10	0.325		20
MgNiFe-LDH	10	0.372		20
AlNiFe-LDH	10	0.374		20
Ni@MoS <sub>2</sub>	10	1.08	1.14	21
Fe@MoS <sub>2</sub>	10	1.10	0.83	10

**Table S14.** O<sup>2</sup>-TM bond length changes on transition metal atom (TM) co-doped with six oxygen atoms in 2H phase MoS<sub>2</sub>, Where B<sup>1</sup> represents the bond length of O<sup>2</sup>-TM, B<sup>2</sup> represents the bond length of O<sup>2</sup>-TM after adsorbed OH\*, B<sup>3</sup> represents the bond length of O<sup>2</sup>-TM after adsorbed O\*, B<sup>4</sup> represents the bond length of O<sup>2</sup>-TM after adsorbed OOH\*, B<sup>5</sup> represents the bond length of O<sup>2</sup>-TM after desorbed.

Material systems	B <sup>1</sup>	B <sup>2</sup>	B <sup>3</sup>	B <sup>4</sup>	B <sup>5</sup>
ScO <sub>6</sub> @MoS <sub>2</sub>	2.20	3.62	3.76	3.62	2.21
TiO <sub>6</sub> @MoS <sub>2</sub>	2.09	3.39	3.53	3.32	2.08
VO <sub>6</sub> @MoS <sub>2</sub>	2.02	2.16	3.41	3.25	3.05
CrO <sub>6</sub> @MoS <sub>2</sub>	1.99	3.28	3.41	3.14	1.99
MnO <sub>6</sub> @MoS <sub>2</sub>	2.06	3.18	3.52	3.11	2.49
FeO <sub>6</sub> @MoS <sub>2</sub>	2.14	3.43	3.34	3.35	2.17
CoO <sub>6</sub> @MoS <sub>2</sub>	2.18	3.40	3.43	3.24	2.82
NiO <sub>6</sub> @MoS <sub>2</sub>	2.07	1.99	2.00	1.95	1.95
CuO <sub>6</sub> @MoS <sub>2</sub>	3.03	3.50	3.60	3.38	3.04
ZnO <sub>6</sub> @MoS <sub>2</sub>	3.12	3.72	3.76	3.54	3.13

**Table S15.** The atomic magnetic moment of on transition metal atom (TM) co-doped with six oxygen atoms in 2H phase MoS<sub>2</sub> before adsorption, including nearest neighbor

Mo atoms ( $\text{Mo}^1$ ), O on the same side of OH adsorbent ( $\text{O}^1$ ), O on the opposite side of OH\* adsorbent ( $\text{O}^2$ ) and transition metal atom (TM).

Material systems	$\text{Mo}^1$	$\text{O}^1$	$\text{O}^2$	TM
$\text{ScO}_6@MoS_2$	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
$\text{TiO}_6@MoS_2$	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
$\text{VO}_6@MoS_2$	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
$\text{CrO}_6@MoS_2$	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
$\text{MnO}_6@MoS_2$	0.18	0.01	0.03	2.35
$\text{FeO}_6@MoS_2$	0.19	0.04	0.04	3.13
$\text{CoO}_6@MoS_2$	0.09	0.02	0.03	2.44
$\text{NiO}_6@MoS_2$	0.06	0.06	0.06	1.07
$\text{CuO}_6@MoS_2$	0.12	0.02	0.00	0.14
$\text{ZnO}_6@MoS_2$	0.24	0.02	0.01	0.02

**Table S16.** The atomic magnetic moment of on transition metal atom (TM) co-doped with six oxygen atoms in 2H phase  $\text{MoS}_2$  after desorption, including nearest neighbor Mo atoms ( $\text{Mo}^1$ ), O on the same side of OH adsorbent ( $\text{O}^1$ ), O on the opposite side of OH\* adsorbent ( $\text{O}^2$ ) and transition metal atom (TM).

Material systems	$\text{Mo}^1$	$\text{O}^1$	$\text{O}^2$	TM
$\text{ScO}_6@MoS_2$	0.23	0.00	0.02	0.02
$\text{TiO}_6@MoS_2$	0.01	0.00	0.00	0.00
$\text{VO}_6@MoS_2$	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
$\text{CrO}_6@MoS_2$	0.09	0.02	0.01	1.70
$\text{MnO}_6@MoS_2$	0.16	0.01	0.01	2.99
$\text{FeO}_6@MoS_2$	0.19	0.07	0.02	3.57
$\text{CoO}_6@MoS_2$	0.12	0.07	0.01	2.39
$\text{NiO}_6@MoS_2$	0.05	0.07	0.07	1.26
$\text{CuO}_6@MoS_2$	0.08	0.07	0.02	0.05
$\text{ZnO}_6@MoS_2$	0.12	0.04	0.02	0.01

**Table S17.** The valence state of on transition metal atom (TM) co-doped with six oxygen atoms in 2H phase  $\text{MoS}_2$  before adsorption, including nearest neighbor Mo

atoms ( $\text{Mo}^1$ ), O on the same side of OH adsorbent ( $\text{O}^1$ ), O on the opposite side of  $\text{OH}^*$  adsorbent ( $\text{O}^2$ ) and transition metal atom (TM).

Material systems	$\text{Mo}^1$	$\text{O}^1$	$\text{O}^2$	TM
$\text{ScO}_6@ \text{MoS}_2$	+4	-2	-2	+3
$\text{TiO}_6@ \text{MoS}_2$	+4	-2	-2	+4
$\text{VO}_6@ \text{MoS}_2$	+4	-2	-2	+5
$\text{CrO}_6@ \text{MoS}_2$	+4	-2	-2	+2
$\text{MnO}_6@ \text{MoS}_2$	+4.18	-2	-2	+3.35
$\text{FeO}_6@ \text{MoS}_2$	+4.19	-2	-2	+3.13
$\text{CoO}_6@ \text{MoS}_2$	+4.09	-2	-2	+2.56
$\text{NiO}_6@ \text{MoS}_2$	+4.06	-2	-2	+2.07
$\text{CuO}_6@ \text{MoS}_2$	+4.12	-2	-2	+1
$\text{ZnO}_6@ \text{MoS}_2$	+4.24	-2	-2	+2

**Table S18.** The valence state of on transition metal atom (TM) co-doped with six oxygen atoms in 2H phase  $\text{MoS}_2$  after desorption, including nearest neighbor Mo atoms ( $\text{Mo}^1$ ), O on the same side of OH adsorbent ( $\text{O}^1$ ), O on the opposite side of  $\text{OH}^*$  adsorbent ( $\text{O}^2$ ) and transition metal atom (TM).

Material systems	$\text{Mo}^1$	$\text{O}^1$	$\text{O}^2$	TM
$\text{ScO}_6@ \text{MoS}_2$	+4.23	-2	-2	+3
$\text{TiO}_6@ \text{MoS}_2$	+4.01	-2	-2	+4
$\text{VO}_6@ \text{MoS}_2$	+4	-2	-2	+5
$\text{CrO}_6@ \text{MoS}_2$	+4.09	-2	-2	+3.7
$\text{MnO}_6@ \text{MoS}_2$	+4.16	-2	-2	+3.99
$\text{FeO}_6@ \text{MoS}_2$	+4.19	-2	-2	+3.57
$\text{CoO}_6@ \text{MoS}_2$	+4.12	-2	-2	+2.61
$\text{NiO}_6@ \text{MoS}_2$	+4.05	-2	-2	+2.26
$\text{CuO}_6@ \text{MoS}_2$	+4.08	-2	-2	+1
$\text{ZnO}_6@ \text{MoS}_2$	+4.12	-2	-2	+2

**Table S19.** The bader charge of transition metal atom (TM) co-doped with six oxygen atoms in 2H phase  $\text{MoS}_2$ , including nearest neighbor Mo atoms ( $\text{Mo}^1$ ), other Mo atoms

(Mo<sup>2</sup>), nearest neighbor S atoms (S<sup>1</sup>), other S atoms (S<sup>2</sup>), O atom (O<sup>0</sup>) and transition metal atom (TM).

Material systems	Mo <sup>1</sup>	Mo <sup>2</sup>	S <sup>1</sup>	S <sup>2</sup>	O <sup>0</sup>	TM
ScO <sub>6</sub> @MoS <sub>2</sub>	4.87	5.02	6.49	6.48	6.92	9.17
TiO <sub>6</sub> @MoS <sub>2</sub>	4.90	5.02	6.49	6.47	6.88	2.27
VO <sub>6</sub> @MoS <sub>2</sub>	4.85	5.01	6.50	6.48	6.86	3.41
CrO <sub>6</sub> @MoS <sub>2</sub>	4.85	5.00	6.51	6.48	6.85	4.54
MnO <sub>6</sub> @MoS <sub>2</sub>	4.88	5.01	6.50	6.47	6.85	5.67
FeO <sub>6</sub> @MoS <sub>2</sub>	4.87	5.01	6.48	6.47	6.86	6.74
CoO <sub>6</sub> @MoS <sub>2</sub>	4.89	5.02	6.48	6.47	6.83	7.86
NiO <sub>6</sub> @MoS <sub>2</sub>	4.84	5.01	6.50	6.47	6.84	9.09
CuO <sub>6</sub> @MoS <sub>2</sub>	4.80	5.02	6.53	6.47	6.86	10.10
ZnO <sub>6</sub> @MoS <sub>2</sub>	4.80	5.01	6.53	6.47	6.88	10.90

**Table S20.** The bader charge of OH\* absorbed on transition metal atom (TM) co-doped with six oxygen atoms in 2H phase MoS<sub>2</sub>, including nearest neighbor Mo atoms (Mo<sup>1</sup>), other Mo atoms (Mo<sup>2</sup>), nearest neighbor S atoms (S<sup>1</sup>), other S atoms (S<sup>2</sup>), O on the same side of OH adsorbent (O<sup>1</sup>), O on the opposite side of OH\* adsorbent (O<sup>2</sup>), O in OH\* adsorbent (O<sup>3</sup>), H in OH\* adsorbent (H<sup>0</sup>) and transition metal atom (TM).

Material systems	Mo <sup>1</sup>	Mo <sup>2</sup>	S <sup>1</sup>	S <sup>2</sup>	O <sup>1</sup>	O <sup>2</sup>	O <sup>3</sup>	H <sup>0</sup>	TM
ScO <sub>6</sub> @MoS <sub>2</sub>	4.64	5.02	6.53	6.49	7.06	6.77	7.44	0.20	8.96
TiO <sub>6</sub> @MoS <sub>2</sub>	4.67	5.01	6.54	6.49	6.98	6.78	7.16	0.21	2.18
VO <sub>6</sub> @MoS <sub>2</sub>	4.73	5.00	6.51	6.49	6.83	6.85	6.99	0.23	3.44
CrO <sub>6</sub> @MoS <sub>2</sub>	4.66	5.03	6.52	6.48	6.92	6.79	7.08	0.22	4.40
MnO <sub>6</sub> @MoS <sub>2</sub>	4.65	5.02	6.53	6.49	6.93	6.78	6.98	0.36	5.54
FeO <sub>6</sub> @MoS <sub>2</sub>	4.63	5.01	6.53	6.49	6.98	6.77	7.17	0.21	6.56
CoO <sub>6</sub> @MoS <sub>2</sub>	4.64	5.01	6.52	6.49	6.92	6.77	6.95	0.32	7.81
NiO <sub>6</sub> @MoS <sub>2</sub>	4.63	5.02	6.53	6.48	6.77	6.90	7.18	0.00	8.99
CuO <sub>6</sub> @MoS <sub>2</sub>	4.61	5.03	6.52	6.48	6.88	6.77	7.25	0.00	10.12
ZnO <sub>6</sub> @MoS <sub>2</sub>	4.59	5.04	6.53	6.47	6.94	6.80	7.39	0.00	10.75

**Table S21.** Values used for the entropy and zero-point energy corrections in determining the free energy of reactants, products, and intermediate species adsorbed on catalysts. For the adsorbates, the  $\Delta ZPE$  values are averaged over all transition metal atom doped in 2H phase MoS<sub>2</sub> catalyst systems since they have rather close value.

Species	TS (eV)(298K)	ZPE (eV)
H*	0	0.17
O*	0	0.07
OH*	0	0.33
OOH*	0	0.43
H <sub>2</sub> (g)	0.41	0.27
H <sub>2</sub> O(g)	0.58	0.57

**Table S22.** Adsorption free energies of OH\*, O\*, OOH\* (eV) and theoretical overpotential for OER ( $\eta^{OER}$ , V vs RHE) on transition metal atom co-doped with six oxygen atoms in 2H phase MoS<sub>2</sub>. The catalytic performance better than or comparable to IrO<sub>2</sub> is marked with red.

Material systems	$\Delta G_{OH^*}$	$\Delta G_{O^*}$	$\Delta G_{OOH^*}$	$\eta^{OER}$
YO <sub>6</sub> @MoS <sub>2</sub>	1.05	4.68	4.76	2.40
ZrO <sub>6</sub> @MoS <sub>2</sub>	2.17	4.45	4.99	1.05
NbO <sub>6</sub> @MoS <sub>2</sub>	2.06	2.62	5.59	1.73
RuO <sub>6</sub> @MoS <sub>2</sub>	1.79	3.58	4.63	0.56
RhO <sub>6</sub> @MoS <sub>2</sub>	1.64	3.56	4.31	0.69
PdO <sub>6</sub> @MoS <sub>2</sub>	2.58	4.64	5.13	1.35
AgO <sub>6</sub> @MoS <sub>2</sub>	2.57	4.65	5.25	1.34
CdO <sub>6</sub> @MoS <sub>2</sub>	1.33	4.22	4.35	1.65
IrO <sub>6</sub> @MoS <sub>2</sub>	2.25	3.52	4.46	1.02
PtO <sub>6</sub> @MoS <sub>2</sub>	2.06	3.86	5.12	0.83

**Table S23.** Adsorption free energies of OH\*, O\*, OOH\* (eV) and theoretical overpotential for OER ( $\eta^{OER}$ , V vs RHE) on transition metal atom co-doped with six

oxygen atoms and transition metal atom doped in 2H phase MoS<sub>2</sub>, respectively. The catalytic performance better than or comparable to IrO<sub>2</sub> is marked with red.

Species	$\Delta G_{OH}^*$	$\Delta G_O^*$	$\Delta G_{OOH}^*$	$\eta^{OER}$
Sc@MoS <sub>2</sub>	1.21	1.68	4.63	1.72
Ti@MoS <sub>2</sub>	1.25	1.71	4.63	1.69
V@MoS <sub>2</sub>	1.19	1.70	4.56	1.63
Cr@MoS <sub>2</sub>	2.36	1.63	4.79	1.93
Mn@MoS <sub>2</sub>	1.84	1.57	3.59	0.79
Fe@MoS <sub>2</sub>	1.62	1.50	3.56	0.83
Co@MoS <sub>2</sub>	0.80	1.48	4.30	1.59
Ni@MoS <sub>2</sub>	0.35	1.47	3.84	1.14
Cu@MoS <sub>2</sub>	0.64	1.15	4.12	1.74
Zn@MoS <sub>2</sub>	0.89	1.39	4.35	1.73
MoS <sub>2</sub>	2.65	1.77	4.92	1.92
ScO <sub>6</sub> @MoS <sub>2</sub>	1.19	3.94	4.38	1.52
TiO <sub>6</sub> @MoS <sub>2</sub>	1.67	2.88	5.07	0.96
VO <sub>6</sub> @MoS <sub>2</sub>	2.76	2.23	5.04	1.58
CrO <sub>6</sub> @MoS <sub>2</sub>	2.24	2.51	4.41	1.01
MnO <sub>6</sub> @MoS <sub>2</sub>	1.34	2.43	4.20	0.54
FeO <sub>6</sub> @MoS <sub>2</sub>	1.16	2.66	4.36	0.48
CoO <sub>6</sub> @MoS <sub>2</sub>	1.53	2.85	4.43	0.36
NiO <sub>6</sub> @MoS <sub>2</sub>	1.83	3.37	4.70	0.60
CuO <sub>6</sub> @MoS <sub>2</sub>	2.14	4.75	5.19	1.39
ZnO <sub>6</sub> @MoS <sub>2</sub>	1.33	4.41	4.40	1.85

**Table S24.** The bader charge of transition metal atom (TM) co-doped with six oxygen atoms in 2H phase MoS<sub>2</sub>, and the bader charge of transition metal atom (TM) doped in 2H phase MoS<sub>2</sub>, including nearest neighbor Mo atoms (Mo<sup>1</sup>), other Mo atoms (Mo<sup>2</sup>), nearest neighbor S atoms (S<sup>1</sup>), other S atoms (S<sup>2</sup>), O atom (O<sup>0</sup>) and transition metal atom (TM).

Material systems	Mo <sup>1</sup>	Mo <sup>2</sup>	S <sup>1</sup>	S <sup>2</sup>	O <sup>0</sup>	TM
Sc@MoS <sub>2</sub>	5.01	5.04	6.59	6.48	/	9.51
Ti@MoS <sub>2</sub>	5.02	5.05	6.57	6.47	/	2.70
V@MoS <sub>2</sub>	5.03	5.05	6.53	6.47	/	3.86



Cr@MoS <sub>2</sub>	5.00	5.06	6.49	6.47	/	5.11
Mn@MoS <sub>2</sub>	4.97	5.00	6.47	6.50	/	6.26
Fe@MoS <sub>2</sub>	4.97	4.96	6.46	6.52	/	7.33
Co@MoS <sub>2</sub>	5.01	5.05	6.38	6.48	/	8.53
Ni@MoS <sub>2</sub>	4.95	5.01	6.45	6.49	/	9.46
Cu@MoS <sub>2</sub>	4.99	4.97	6.44	6.51	/	10.43
Zn@MoS <sub>2</sub>	4.96	5.01	6.52	6.49	/	11.19
MoS <sub>2</sub>	5.04	5.05	6.48	6.47	/	5.07
ScO <sub>6</sub> @MoS <sub>2</sub>	4.87	5.02	6.49	6.48	6.92	9.17
TiO <sub>6</sub> @MoS <sub>2</sub>	4.90	5.02	6.49	6.47	6.88	2.27
VO <sub>6</sub> @MoS <sub>2</sub>	4.85	5.01	6.50	6.48	6.86	3.41
CrO <sub>6</sub> @MoS <sub>2</sub>	4.85	5.00	6.51	6.48	6.85	4.54
MnO <sub>6</sub> @MoS <sub>2</sub>	4.88	5.01	6.50	6.47	6.85	5.67
FeO <sub>6</sub> @MoS <sub>2</sub>	4.87	5.01	6.48	6.47	6.86	6.74
CoO <sub>6</sub> @MoS <sub>2</sub>	4.89	5.02	6.48	6.47	6.83	7.86
NiO <sub>6</sub> @MoS <sub>2</sub>	4.84	5.01	6.50	6.47	6.84	9.09
CuO <sub>6</sub> @MoS <sub>2</sub>	4.80	5.02	6.53	6.47	6.86	10.10
ZnO <sub>6</sub> @MoS <sub>2</sub>	4.80	5.01	6.53	6.47	6.88	10.90

**Table S25.** The bond length of transition metal atom (TM) co-doped with six oxygen atoms in 2H phase MoS<sub>2</sub>, and the bond length of transition metal atom (TM) doped in 2H phase MoS<sub>2</sub>, including nearest neighbor Mo atoms (Mo), nearest neighbor S atoms (S), O atom (O) and transition metal atom (TM).

Material systems	Mo-S	Mo-O	TM-O	TM-S
Sc@MoS <sub>2</sub>	2.40	/	/	2.52
Ti@MoS <sub>2</sub>	2.40	/	/	2.43
V@MoS <sub>2</sub>	2.41	/	/	2.36
Cr@MoS <sub>2</sub>	2.41	/	/	2.32
Mn@MoS <sub>2</sub>	2.42	/	/	2.30
Fe@MoS <sub>2</sub>	2.42	/	/	2.30
Co@MoS <sub>2</sub>	2.42	/	/	2.29
Ni@MoS <sub>2</sub>	2.40	/	/	2.42
Cu@MoS <sub>2</sub>	2.42	/	/	2.43
Zn@MoS <sub>2</sub>	2.40	/	/	2.51
MoS <sub>2</sub>	2.41	/	/	/
ScO <sub>6</sub> @MoS <sub>2</sub>	2.42	2.04	2.21	/
TiO <sub>6</sub> @MoS <sub>2</sub>	2.43	2.06	2.09	/
VO <sub>6</sub> @MoS <sub>2</sub>	2.44	2.07	2.01	/

CrO <sub>6</sub> @MoS <sub>2</sub>	2.44	2.08	1.99	/
MnO <sub>6</sub> @MoS <sub>2</sub>	2.43	2.06	1.99	/
FeO <sub>6</sub> @MoS <sub>2</sub>	2.43	2.03	2.17	/
CoO <sub>6</sub> @MoS <sub>2</sub>	2.43	2.03	2.16	/
NiO <sub>6</sub> @MoS <sub>2</sub>	2.42	2.03	1.97	/
CuO <sub>6</sub> @MoS <sub>2</sub>	2.42	2.04	1.98	/
ZnO <sub>6</sub> @MoS <sub>2</sub>	2.42	2.08	1.95	/

**Table S26.** The adsorption energy of CO, OH and OH+H on 3d-TMO<sub>6</sub>@MoS<sub>2</sub>.

Material systems	$\Delta E_{OH}$	$\Delta E_{OH+H}$	$\Delta E_{CO}$
ScO <sub>6</sub> @MoS <sub>2</sub>	-2.36	0.64	0.30
TiO <sub>6</sub> @MoS <sub>2</sub>	-1.89	2.11	0.30
VO <sub>6</sub> @MoS <sub>2</sub>	-0.80	1.30	0.30
CrO <sub>6</sub> @MoS <sub>2</sub>	-1.32	1.65	0.30
MnO <sub>6</sub> @MoS <sub>2</sub>	-2.21	0.92	0.30
FeO <sub>6</sub> @MoS <sub>2</sub>	-2.40	0.49	0.29
CoO <sub>6</sub> @MoS <sub>2</sub>	-2.03	0.84	0.29
NiO <sub>6</sub> @MoS <sub>2</sub>	-1.28	0.96	-0.01
CuO <sub>6</sub> @MoS <sub>2</sub>	-1.42	-0.49	0.28
ZnO <sub>6</sub> @MoS <sub>2</sub>	-2.23	-0.85	0.28

**Table S27.** Adsorption free energies of OH\*, O\*, OOH\* (eV) and theoretical overpotential for OER ( $\eta^{OER}$ , V vs RHE) on transition metal atom co-doped with six oxygen atoms in 2H phase MoS<sub>2</sub> with different defect structures (S-vacancy, Mo-vacancy, S-edge, Mo-edge). The catalytic performance better than or comparable to IrO<sub>2</sub> is marked with red.

Material systems	$\Delta G_{OH}^*$	$\Delta G_{O}^*$	$\Delta G_{OOH}^*$	$\eta^{OER}$
MoS <sub>2</sub>	2.65	1.77	4.92	1.92
S-vacancy@MoS <sub>2</sub>	-0.17	-1.56	1.50	2.19
S-edge@MoS <sub>2</sub>	0.33	1.19	3.54	1.12
Mo-vacancy @MoS <sub>2</sub>	1.14	1.58	3.18	0.51
Mo-edge @MoS <sub>2</sub>	-2.28	-2.57	-4.06	7.75
CuO <sub>6</sub> -S-vacancy@MoS <sub>2</sub>	-1.96	-1.82	0.84	2.85

CuO <sub>6</sub> -S-edge@MoS <sub>2</sub>	-1.10	-0.58	2.27	1.62
CuO <sub>6</sub> -Mo-vacancy @MoS <sub>2</sub>	0.47	1.61	3.98	1.14
CuO <sub>6</sub> -Mo-edge @MoS <sub>2</sub>	-2.09	-2.15	1.21	2.48
FeO <sub>6</sub> -S-vacancy@MoS <sub>2</sub>	-2.03	-2.01	0.87	2.82
FeO <sub>6</sub> -S-edge@MoS <sub>2</sub>	0.68	1.56	3.94	1.16
FeO <sub>6</sub> -Mo-vacancy @MoS <sub>2</sub>	0.99	1.61	4.07	1.22
FeO <sub>6</sub> -Mo-edge @MoS <sub>2</sub>	-1.63	-1.76	1.53	2.16

**Table S28.** OH\* adsorption free energies of tetra-coordinated structure (TMO<sub>3</sub>-OH) and hexa-coordinated structure (TMO<sub>6</sub>-OH) of TM (TM=Co and Fe) co-doped six oxygen atoms in 2H phase MoS<sub>2</sub> during OER reaction. The more thermodynamically stable coordination structure is marked with red.

Material systems	$\Delta E(\text{TMO}_3\text{-OH})$	$\Delta E(\text{TMO}_6\text{-OH})$
ScO <sub>6</sub> @MoS <sub>2</sub>	1.19	2.80
TiO <sub>6</sub> @MoS <sub>2</sub>	1.67	2.68
VO <sub>6</sub> @MoS <sub>2</sub>	2.76	2.81
CrO <sub>6</sub> @MoS <sub>2</sub>	2.24	2.84
MnO <sub>6</sub> @MoS <sub>2</sub>	1.34	2.20
FeO <sub>6</sub> @MoS <sub>2</sub>	1.16	2.68
CoO <sub>6</sub> @MoS <sub>2</sub>	1.53	2.43
NiO <sub>6</sub> @MoS <sub>2</sub>	1.83	2.34
CuO <sub>6</sub> @MoS <sub>2</sub>	2.14	2.64
ZnO <sub>6</sub> @MoS <sub>2</sub>	1.33	2.45

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