

**Monitoring the influence of wastewater effluent to a small drinking water system using EEM Fluorescence spectroscopy coupled with PARAFAC and PCA statistical approach**

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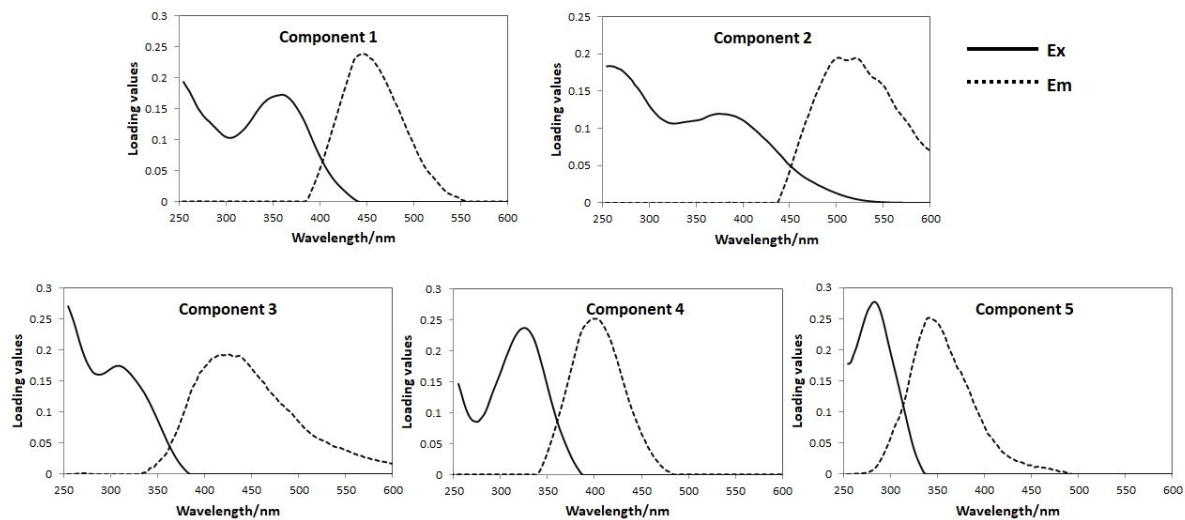
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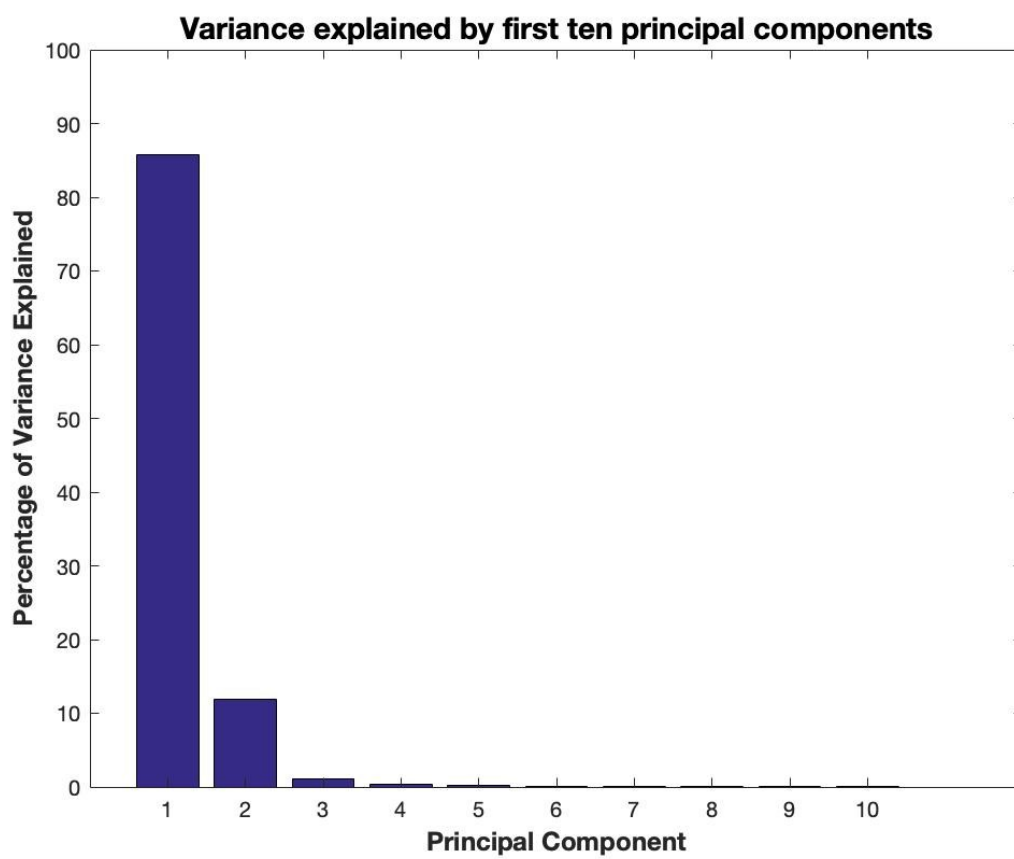
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**Table S1.** Description of CP sites

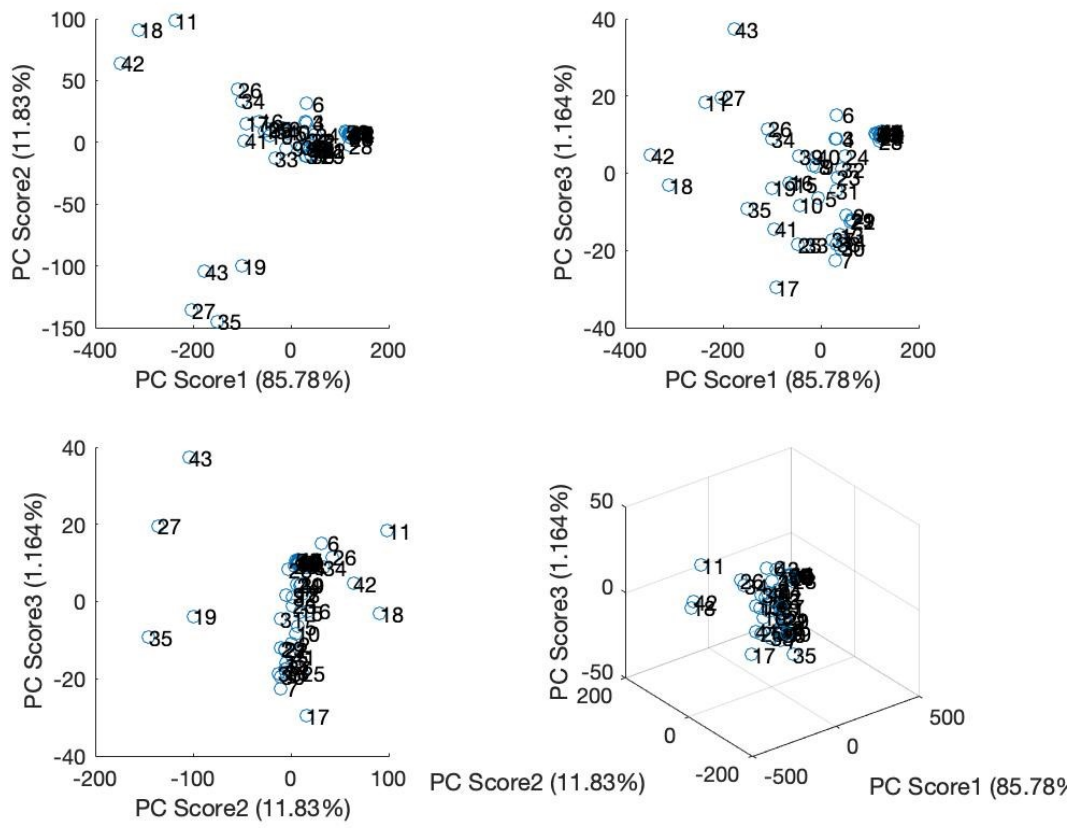
Site Identification	Site Description
<b>CP1</b>	Lake Thomas run, flowing into Fletchers Lake. Wide channel, fast flows and located around an urban area.
<b>CP2</b>	Site below the lift station that pumps wastewater into the Lockview-MacPherson WWTP
<b>CP3</b>	Bottom of Holland Brook, located in a residential subdivision
<b>CP4</b>	Top of Holland Brook, located in a heavily forested area with little development
<b>CP5</b>	Control area below Lizard Lake, located in a new subdivision that will be further developed in the future
<b>Drinking Water (DWR)</b>	Source water samples were taken at the Collins Park DWTP.
<b>Wastewater (WWT)</b>	Treated wastewater samples were taken at the Lockview-MacPherson WWTP



**Figure S1.** Contour plots of the five components produced from the EEM Fluorescence datasets (the excitation (ex; solid) and emission (em; dotted) loadings for the corresponding component)



**Figure S2.** Variance explained by principal components



**Figure 3.** Score plots correlated with different PC components (e.g., PC1 vs. PC2, PC1 vs PC3, PC2 vs PC3, and, PC1 vs PC2 vs PC3)