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SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Supporting information (order occurring in the text)

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> Figure S1: Methylation and demethylation figures for experiments testing the effect of added carbon (1 mM and 10 mM). The top panel (pink points) for each lake represents the increase in Me¹⁹⁹Hg (i.e. methylation) and the bottom panel (green points) for each lake represents the decrease in Me¹⁹⁸Hg (i.e. demethylation). The horizontal red line is the concentration of spiked MeHg at the start (t=0) of each incubation.

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12 Figure S2: Methylation and demethylation figures for all experiments testing the effect of sulfate and arsenate amendments, all samples also have a 1 mM carbon amendment. The top panel (pink points) for each lake represents the increase in Me¹⁹⁹Hg (i.e. methylation) and the bottom panel (green points) for each lake represents the decrease in Me¹⁹⁸Hg (i.e. demethylation). The horizontal red line is the concentration of spiked MeHg at the start (t=0) of each incubation.

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18 **Table S1**: Chemistry of the overlying water of the sediments in each incubation experiments. Water chemistry was measured at the beginning (0h) and at the end (48h). Sulfate, sulfide, and arsenic species concentrations are measured on filtered samples. As(III) (DL: 0.049 µg/L), As(V) (DL: 0.046 µg/L), arsenobetaine (DL: 0.030 µg/L), MMA (monomethlarsonic acid, DL: 0.050 µg/L), and DMA (dimethylarsinic acid, DL: 0.023 µg/L) were measured using ICP-MS. SRM inhibitor refers to experiment which used a sulfate reducing microbial inhibitor, and abiotic inhibitor refers to experiments in which all microbial activity was ceased. N.A.: Not available. BDL: below detection limit.

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Figure S3: Methylation rates, arsenite increase, and sulfide increase of treatments without carbon, only with carbon and with carbon and sulfate. These results are from preliminary experiments in which we tested the effect of 1 mM and 10 mM carbon amendments.

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> 30 Figure S4: Fold change in sulfide (A) and arsenite (B) produced in overlying water during the incubation 31 experiments.

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Figure S5: Results from control experiments. Top figure show the fold change in sulfide produced in overlying water, middle figure shows the fold change in arsenite produced in overlying water and the bottom figure show methylation rate constants (with standard deviations) for control experiments. Biotic controls (biotic) were tested when all microbial activity was suppressed while sulfate reduction (SRB) controls were tested when all microbial activity from sulfate reducing microbes were suppressed.

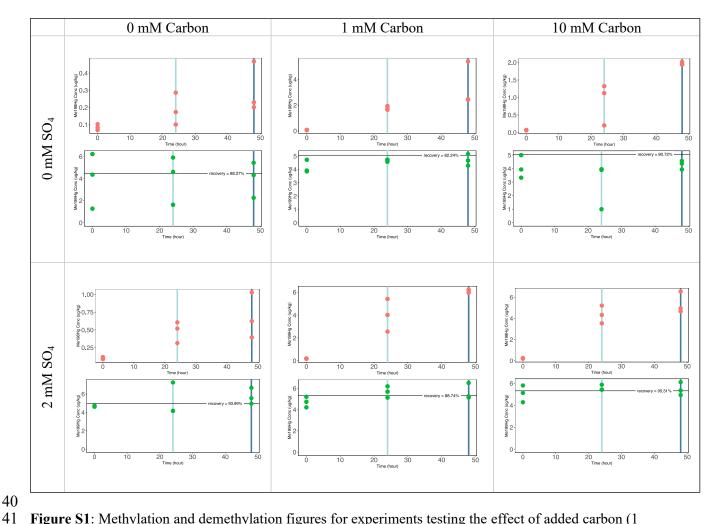
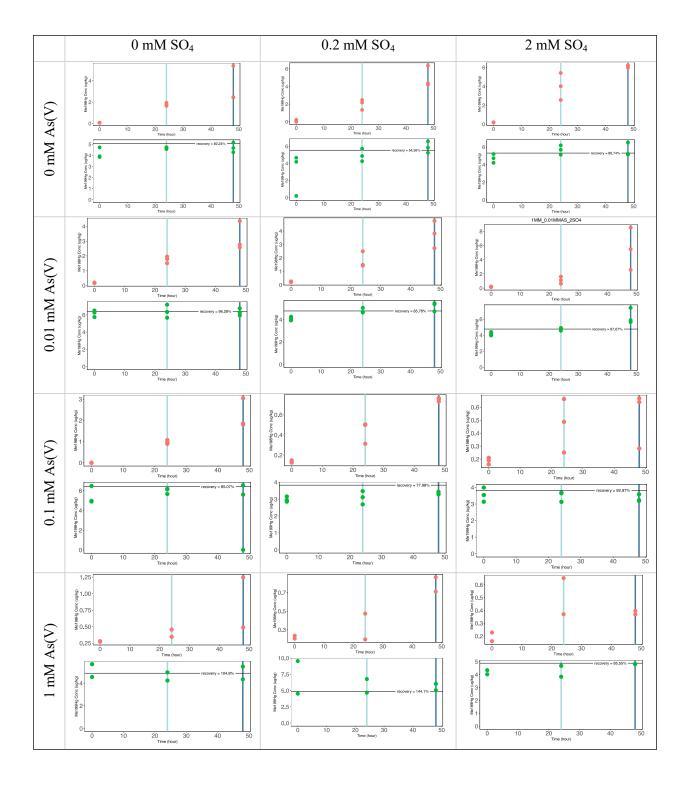


Figure S1: Methylation and demethylation figures for experiments testing the effect of added carbon (1 mM and 10 mM). The top panel (pink points) for each lake represents the increase in Me¹⁹⁹Hg (i.e. methylation) and the bottom panel (green points) for each lake represents the decrease in Me¹⁹⁸Hg (i.e. demethylation). The horizontal red line is the concentration of spiked MeHg at the start (t=0) of each incubation.



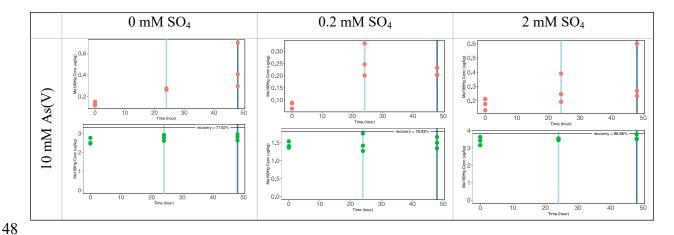


Figure S2: Methylation and demethylation figures for all experiments testing the effect of sulfate and arsenate amendments, all samples also have a 1 mM carbon amendment. The top panel (pink points) for each lake represents the increase in Me¹⁹⁹Hg (i.e. methylation) and the bottom panel (green points) for each lake represents the decrease in Me¹⁹⁸Hg (i.e. demethylation). The horizontal red line is the concentration of spiked MeHg at the start (t=0) of each incubation.

55 Table S1: Chemistry of the overlying water of the sediments in each incubation experiments. Water chemistry was measured at the beginning (0h) and at the end (48h). Sulfate, sulfide, and 56 arsenic species concentrations are measured on filtered samples. As(III) (DL: 0.049 μg/L), As(V) (DL: 0.046 μg/L), arsenobetaine (DL: 0.030 μg/L), MMA (monomethlarsonic acid, DL: 0.050 μg/L), and DMA (dimethylarsinic acid, DL : 0.023 μg/L) were measured using ICP-MS. SRM inhibitor refers to experiment which used a sulfate reducing microbial inhibitor, and abiotic inhibitor refers to experiments in which all microbial activity was ceased. N.A.: Not available, BDL: below detection limit.

Inhibitor	carbon	sulfate	arsenate	Sulfate	Suflate	Sulfide	Sulfide	Arsenate	Arsenate	Arsenite	Arsenite	Arsenobetaine	Arsenobetaine	MMA	MMA	DMA	DMA
				(0h)	(48h)	(0h)	(48h)	(0h)	(48h)	(0h)	(48h)	(0h)	(48h)	(0h)	(48h)	(0h)	(48h)
None	1	0	0	0.197	0	0.004	0.034	1.00E-05	4.67E-06	7.50E-05	3.15E-05	3.71E-07	8.98889E-07	BDL	BDL	5.9E-07	2.65E-06
			0.01	0.105	0.037	0.011	0.019	0.00079	1.17E-05	0.00021	0.00129	4.49E-07	5.95514E-07	BDL	BDL	8.3E-07	6.3E-07
			0.1	0.091	0.023	0.01	0.021	0.00267	5.45E-05	0.0002	0.002134	1.37E-06	1.28653E-06	BDL	BDL	6.3E-07	4.49E-07
			1	0.116	0.125	0.007	0.005	0.772	0.746	0.001	0.018	5.23E-07	9.38777E-05	BDL	BDL	7.8E-07	BDL
			10	0.144	0.114	0.007	0.008	3.022	2.595	0.002	0.018	0.0001	0.000395129	BDL	BDL	2.8E-07	BDL
		0.2	0	0.248	0.088	0.019	0.042	1.33E-05	1.54E-05	4.58E-05	4.26E-05	2.36E-07	3.03375E-07	BDL	BDL	2.2E-07	4.35E-07
			0.01	0.509	0.389	0.015	0.023	0.00317	0.00015	0.00014	0.002495	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL
			0.1	0.444	0.427	0.016	0.03	0.03646	0.00096	0.00032	0.017102	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL
			1	0.399	0.367	0.005	0.006	0.68708	0.5996	0.00087	0.018745	0.00067	0.000106069	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL
			10	0.512	0.501	0.011	0.011	4.55968	2.18371	0.00101	0.002579	0.000061	0.000429939	BDL	BDL	2.1E-06	BDL
		2	0	1.135	1.097	0.009	0.054	0.00251	0.00015	0.0002	0.001594	5.84E-07	4.045E-07	BDL	BDL	1.1E-06	4.78E-07
			0.01	2.014	1.946	0.015	0.03	0.00251	0.00015	0.0002	0.001594	4.89E-07	N.A.	BDL	BDL	8.3E-07	BDL
			0.1	1.88	1.998	0.014	0.027	0.03582	0.00187	0.00067	0.032429	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.
			1	1.951	1.878	0.006	0.005	0.74814	0.63362	0.00047	0.017917	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.
			10	2.093	1.831	0.017	0.01	4.41121	3.8251	0.0024	0.024833	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.
	0	0	0	0.156	0.142	0.005	0.006	1.39E-05	1.34E-05	9.77E-05	7.57E-05	2.64049E-07	3.37083E-07	BDL	BDL	4.8E-07	5.51E-07
		2		1.352	1.24	0.006	0.006	1.90E-05	2.66E-05	0.00015	0.000151	2.86521E-07	2.75285E-07	BDL	BDL	1.1E-06	8.55E-07
	10	0	0	0.102	0.091	0.005	0.018	1.05E-05	7.34E-06	9.41E-05	6.58E-05	3.31465E-07	3.70792E-07	BDL	BDL	3.2E-07	4.57E-07
		2		1.043	0.795	0.007	0.065	1.54E-05	9.88E-06	8.87E-05	7.96E-05	2.64049E-07	2.58431E-07	BDL	BDL	4.4E-07	4.42E-07
SRB	1	0	0	0.839	0.449	0.004	0.004	0.00024	7.03E-05	8.93E-05	0.000226	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	1.27E-06
			0.1	1.105	0.721	0.011	0.002	0.03262	0.00059	0.00023	0.036145	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	1.3E-07	BDL
biotic	1	0	0	0.22	0.22	0.002	0.002	5.74E-05	5.68E-05	8.16E-06	6.74E-06	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL

0.1 0.01 0.034 0.004 0.001 0.03349 0.03657 9.94E-05 9.90E-05 BDL BDL BDL BDL BDL BDL BDL 60

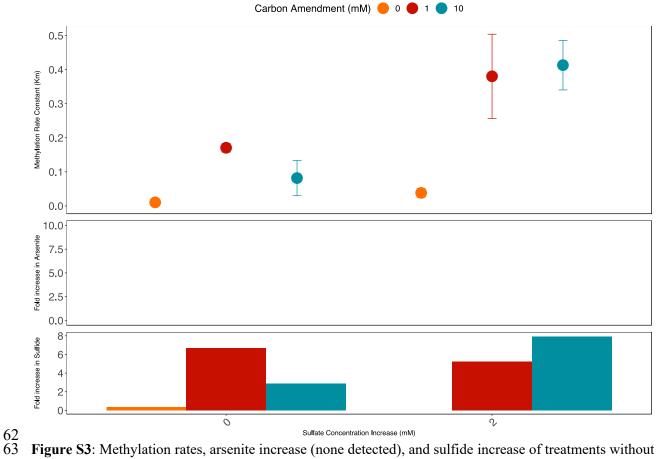


Figure S3: Methylation rates, arsenite increase (none detected), and sulfide increase of treatments withou carbon, only with carbon and with carbon and sulfate. These results are from preliminary experiments in which we tested the effect of 1 mM and 10 mM carbon amendments.

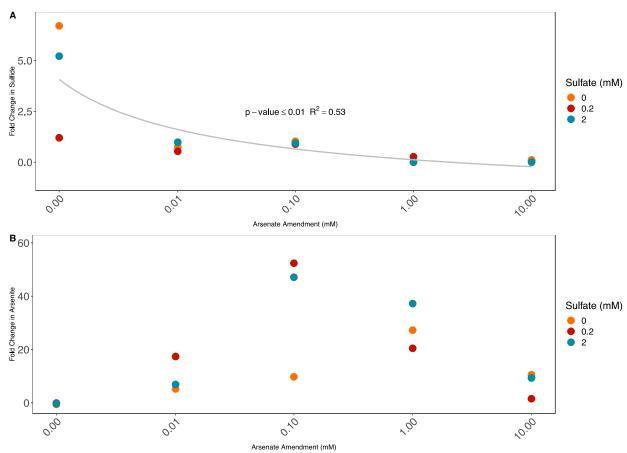


Figure S4: Fold change in sulfide (A) and arsenite (B) produced in overlying water during the incubation experiments.

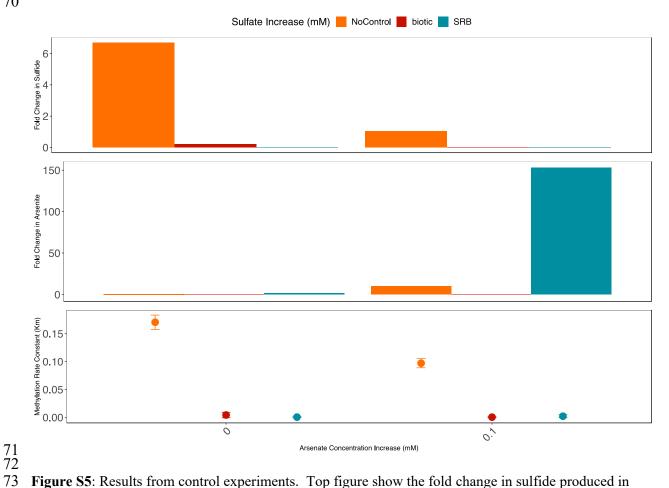


Figure S5: Results from control experiments. Top figure show the fold change in sulfide produced in overlying water, middle figure shows the fold change in arsenite produced in overlying water and the bottom figure show methylation rate constants (with standard deviations) for control experiments. Biotic controls (biotic) were tested when all microbial activity was suppressed while sulfate reduction (SRB) controls were tested when all microbial activity from sulfate reducing microbes were suppressed.