

## Activation and Adsorption Performance of Sewage Sludge Carbon for CO<sub>2</sub>: Unusual Enhancement Effect of HF Treatment

(Supporting Information)

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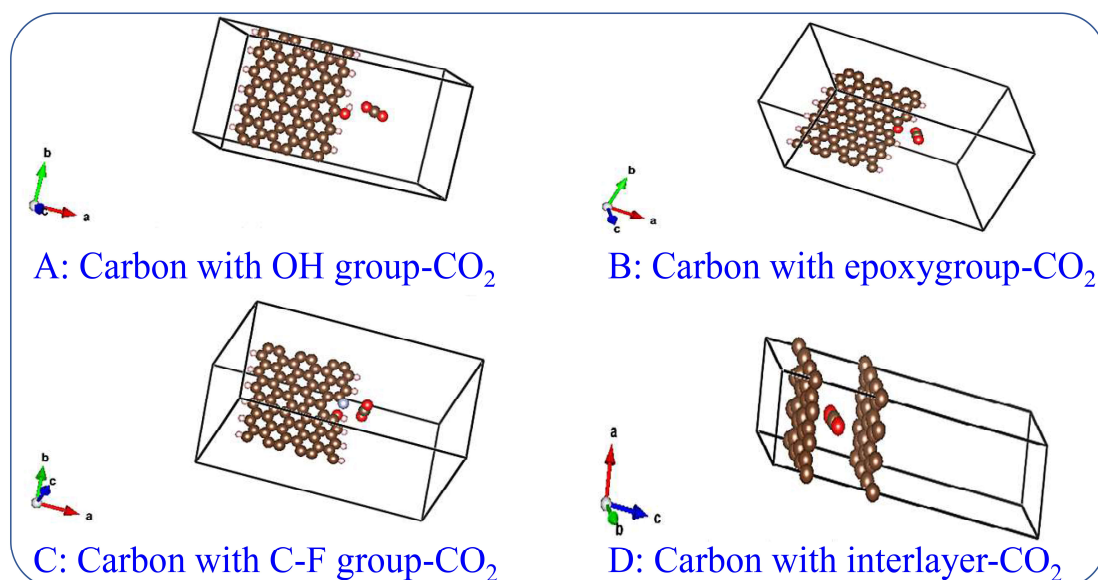


Figure S1. CO<sub>2</sub> adsorption models of the expanded interlayer space-type ultra-micropores and typical functional groups (brown: carbon atom, red: oxygen atom, and grey: fluorine atom)

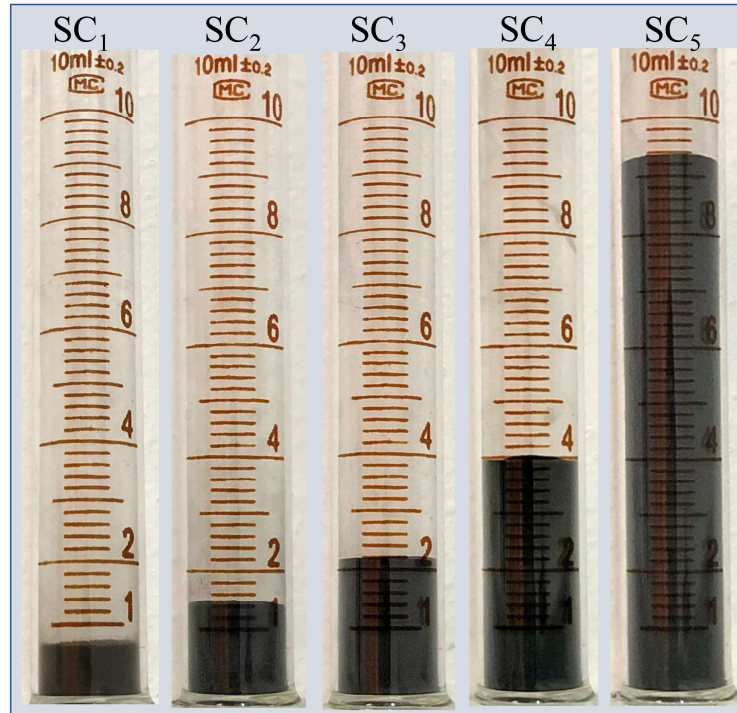


Figure S2. Photos showing packing density differences of five sludge carbons (1 g)

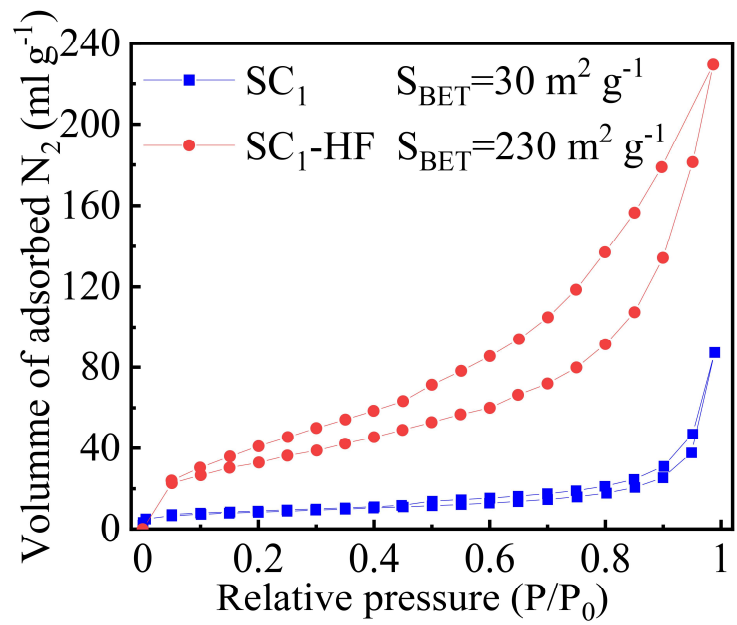


Figure S3. N<sub>2</sub> adsorption-desorption isotherms of SC<sub>1</sub> and SC<sub>1</sub>- HF treatment

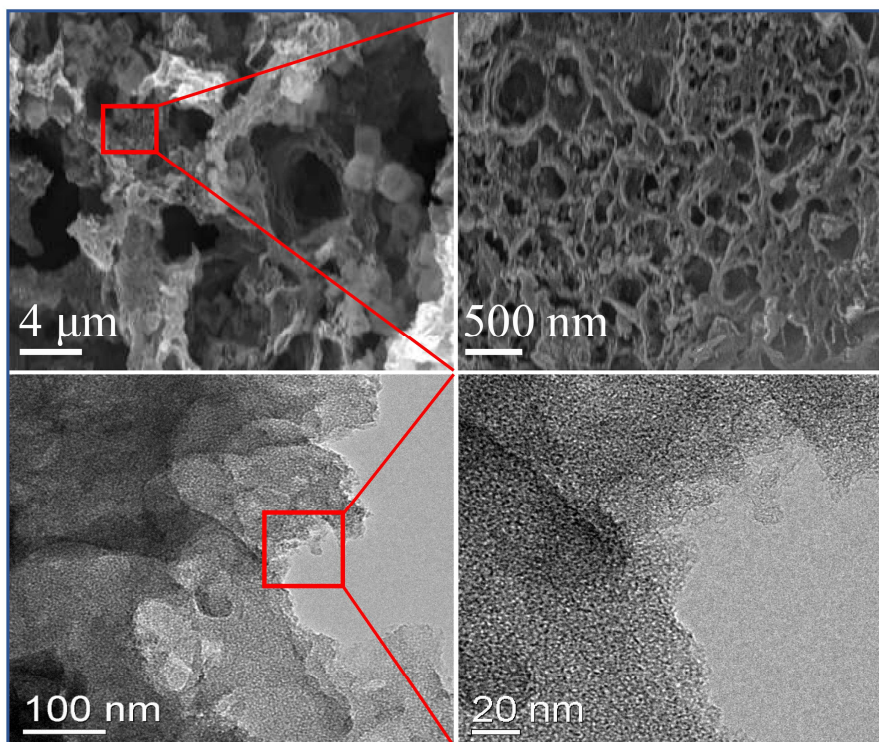


Figure S4. Hierarchically porous textures (SEM and HRTEM) of SC<sub>5</sub>

surface

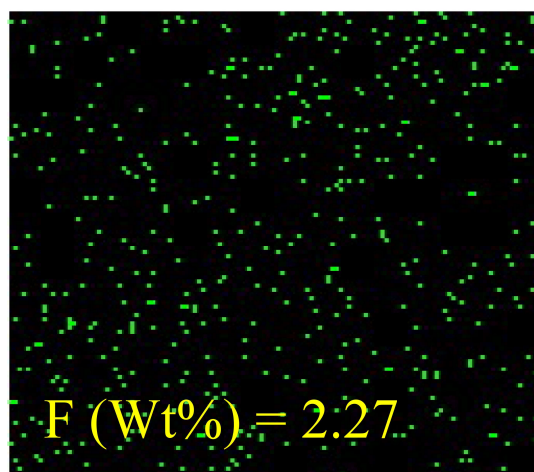


Figure S5. F mapping of SC<sub>5</sub>

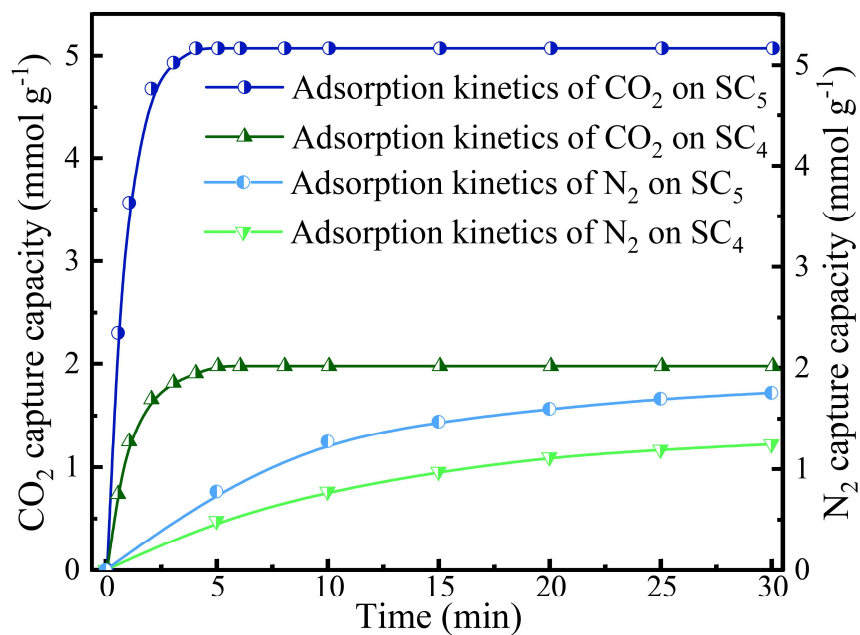


Figure S6. Adsorption selectivity of SC<sub>4</sub> and SC<sub>5</sub> for CO<sub>2</sub> and N<sub>2</sub>  
(adsorption condition: 25 °C, 1 bar)



Figure S7. The temperature of sludge carbon-containing suspended slurry  
before and after adding HF

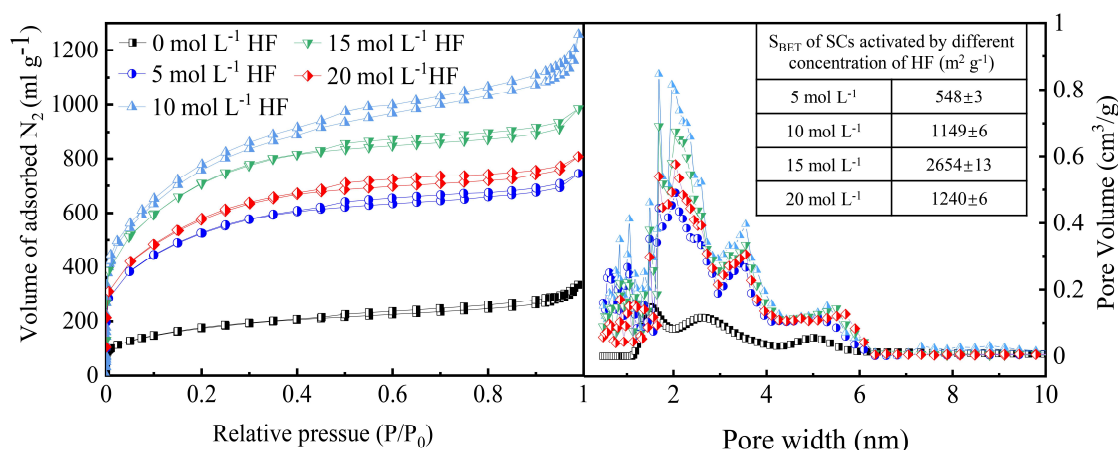


Figure S8. N<sub>2</sub> adsorption-desorption isotherms and Pore size distribution of SCs activated by different concentration of HF (insert table: BET specific surface area)

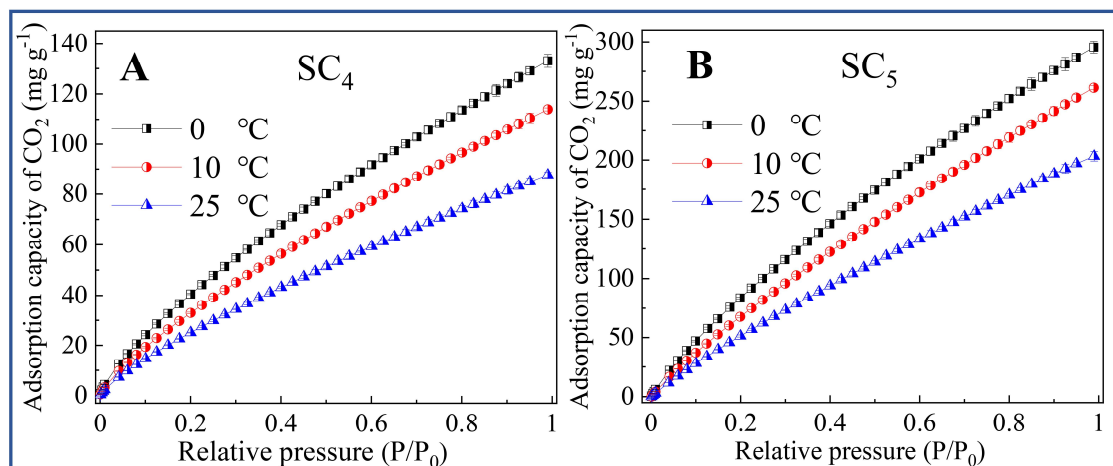


Figure S9. Adsorption isotherms of CO<sub>2</sub> on SC<sub>4</sub> and SC<sub>5</sub> at different temperatures

**Table S1. CO<sub>2</sub> adsorption capacities of various carbon materials****(25 °C, 1 bar)**

Adsorbents	$S_{\text{BET}}$ (m <sup>2</sup> g <sup>-1</sup> )	CO <sub>2</sub> Adsorption Capacity (mmol g <sup>-1</sup> )	Refs.
Crab shell carbon	1196	4.4	S1
Chestnut carbon	747	2.3	S2
Rice husk carbon	2695	3.7	S3
Olive stones carbon	1215	3.1	S4
African palm shell carbon	1890	4.4	S5
Camellia Japonica carbon	3537	2.8	S6
Fern leaves carbon	1593	4.1	S7
Arundo donax carbon	3298	2.2	S8
Celtuce leave carbon	3404	4.4	S9
Pine nut shell	1486	5.0	S10
Mesoporous carbon	1020	2.1	S11
AC (from Fuchen Chem. Reagent Co.)	860	1.2	*
SC <sub>5</sub>	2654	4.9	*

\* These data were obtained from this study.

## References

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