

FOURIER TRANSFORM INFRARED SPECTROSCOPY CONTRIBUTION TO DISENTANGLE NANOMATERIAL (DWCNT, TiO₂) IMPACTS ON TOMATO PLANTS

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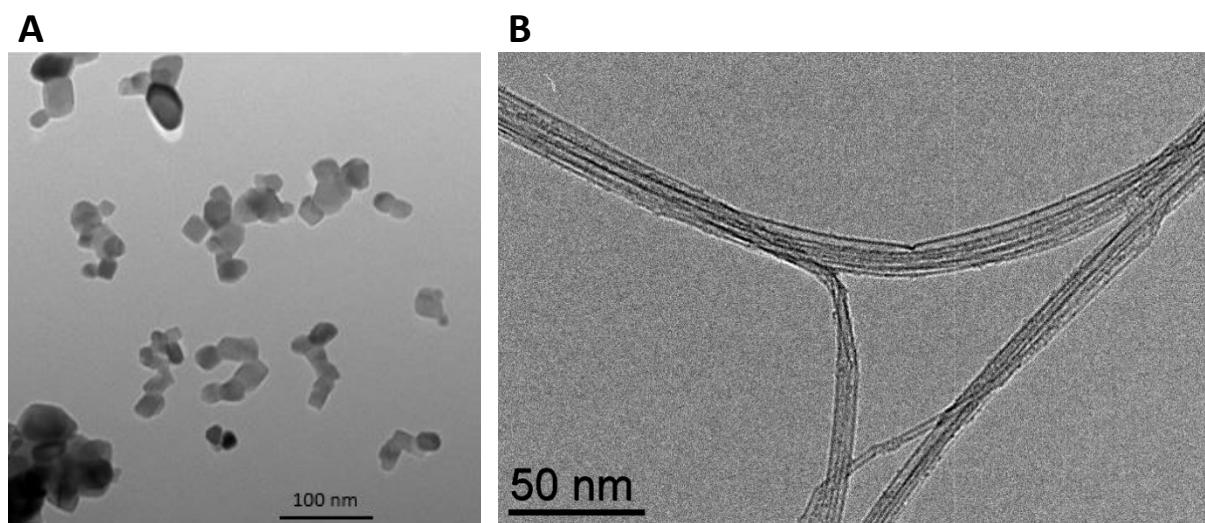
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Supplementary information

Figure S1. TEM images of TiO₂ NPs¹ (A) and CNTs (B) used in this study.



¹. Vijayaraj, V. et al. Transfer and ecotoxicity of titanium dioxide nanoparticles in the terrestrial and aquatic ecosystems : a microcosm study. *Environ. Sci. Technol.* **52**, 12757–12764 (2018).

Figure S2. Morphological parameters : plant height (A), leaf numbers (B), total leaf surface area (C) and total fresh biomass (D) after tomato exposure for 5, 10, 15 or 20 days in a soil contaminated with TiO₂-NPs or CNTs at 100 or 500 mg.kg⁻¹ (TiO2 100, TiO2 500, CNT 100, CNT 500) (n=5, mean ± standard deviation). Different letters imply statistical differences (p<0.05) within a time exposure condition.

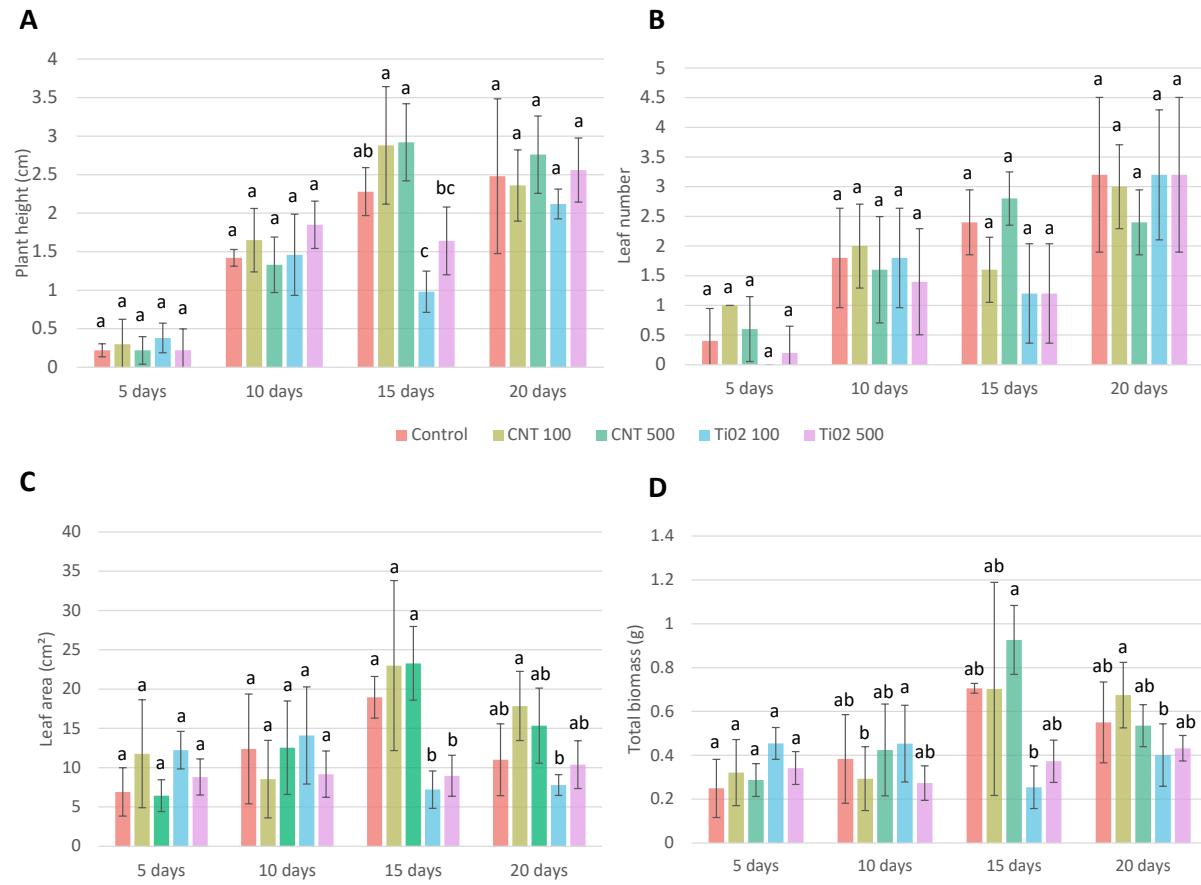


Figure S3. PCA on the morphological parameters assessed (plant height, number of leaves, total leaf area and total biomass) for the four exposure durations (A. 5 days, B. 10 days, C. 15 days and D. 20 days) for tomato exposed in a soil contaminated with CNTs or TiO₂-NPs at 100 or 500 mg.kg⁻¹ (Control, CNT 100, CNT 500, TiO₂ 100 and TiO₂ 500). Bigger symbols are the barycenter of ellipses.

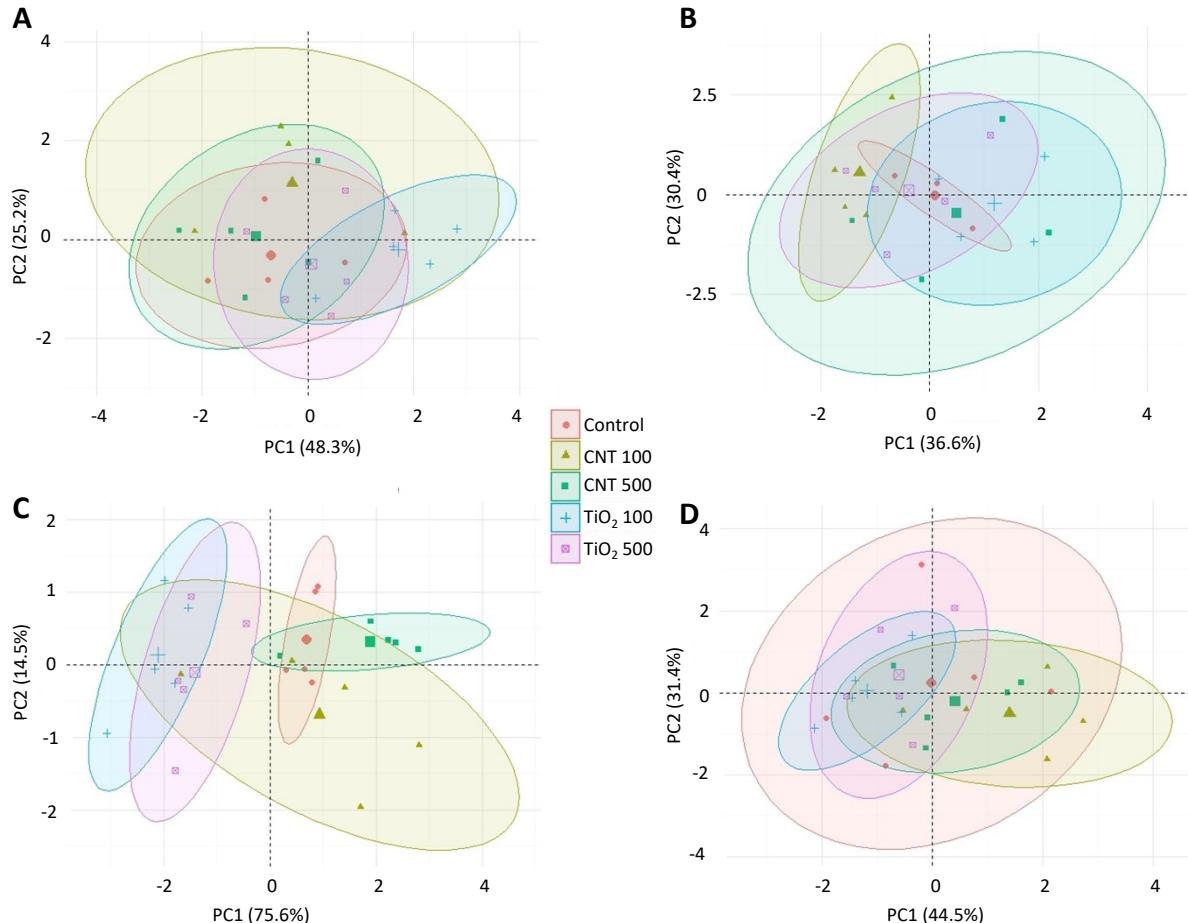


Figure S4. PC-LDA of the FTIR spectra (between 1800-800 and 2900-2700 cm⁻¹) acquired on tomato leaves for the four exposure durations (A. 5 days, B. 10 days, C. 15 days and D. 20 days) for tomato exposed in a soil contaminated with CNTs or TiO₂-NPs at 100 or 500 mg.kg⁻¹ (Control, CNT 100, CNT 500, TiO₂ 100 and TiO₂ 500). PC-LDA were run with Orange software and draw with RStudio (ggplot2).

