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Electronic Supplementary Information

Phase-selective Cellulose Nanofibrils-based Oil Gelling Agent for Oil Spill Recovery

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Fig. S1 SEM images of COGA prepared with (a) 0.75 mL, (b) 1.5 mL and (c) 2 mL of TEOS. (d) Silanized SiO_2 nanoparticles.



Fig. S2 FT-IR spectra of CNF, CNF-SiO₂ and COGA.



Fig. S3 TG (Weight loss) and DTG (Weight loss rate) curves of COGA.



Fig. S4 Photographs of (a) $CNF-SiO_2$ and (b) COGA in contact with kerosene (dyed with Sudan III) and water (dyed with Methylene Blue), respectively.



Fig. S5 Photographs of diesel solidified by COGA prepared with different amounts of VTES.



Fig. S6 Solidifying experiments on 1 mL of diesel at different temperatures (RT was about 22 °C).



Fig. S7 Solidifying experiments on 1 mL of diesel in different water quality (deionized water with different pH values, artificial sea water and real sea water).



Fig. S8 DSC thermograms of solidified diesel by COGA (1 mL of diesel solidified by 0.14 g of COGA).



Fig. S9 Stress sweep experiment of solidified crude oil (1 mL of crude oil by 0.13 g of COGA) at a constant frequency (1 Hz).



Fig. S10 Solidifying experiment using silanized SiO_2 nanoparticles: 8 mL of water and 1 mL of diesel were added to the tube, and the solidified diesel sank to the bottom of the tube due to gravity.

Table S1. The exploration of the dosage of each reagent in the preparation of COGA (The minimum

 COGA dosage used for solidifying 1 mL diesel at room temperature was taken as the measurement

 standard).

CNF (1 wt%)	TEOS	VTES	Dosage
(mL)	(mL)	(mL)	(g)
5	2.0	1.0	0.17
5	1.5	1.0	0.14
5	1.0	1.0	0.16
5	0.75	1.0	0.23
5	1.5	0.75	0.14
5	1.5	0.40	0.14
5	1.5	0.30	0.14
5	1.5	0.20	0.16
5	1.5	0.10	cannot form solid

Oil (1 mL)	Dosage (g)	
Soybean oil	0.144	
Cyclohexane	0.154	
Tetradecane	0.168	
Paraffin oil	0.172	
Kerosene	0.166	
Diesel	0.138	
Benzene	0.126	
Toluene	0.154	
Crude oil	0.129	

Table S2. The minimum COGA dosage of solidifying 1 mL oil phase.