Green Chemistry
Supplementary information
Supplementary method
Calculation of the amount of wastewater
The titer of L-alanine produced by the fermentation method is about 120.8 g/L
(Applied Biochemical Biotechnology, 178:324-337), and the wastewater for producing
1 ton of L-alanine is 1/0.12=8.3 tons.
Whole-cell catalysis was carried out in a reactor containing 2.5 M maleic acid
and recombinant cells with $OD_{600}=20$. The OD_{600} of cells cultivated by high-density
fermentation was about 100, and cells were harvested by centrifuge and used for 5
batches of biocatalysis. During the catalysis-extraction circulation process, one liter of
the reaction solution was re-utilized, and 5 batches of fresh cells were supplemented.
After 5 batches of biocatalysis, the final reaction was precipitated with methanol (about
600 mL) on ice. The total yield of L-alanine was 890 g, and the total amount of
wastewater was approximate 2.5 L (1 liter was from the fermentation broth, and 1.5
liters was from the reaction and precipitation solution). Thus, the wastewater for 1 ton
L-alanine is 2.5/0.89=2.8 tons.

23 Supplementary Tables

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Table S1. Primers constructed for the triple-enzyme cascade

Plasmids	Primes	Sequences (5'-3')	
рАМ	EcoRI-ASD-F	gcgccgaattcgatgagcaaggattatcagag	
	NotI-ASD-R	tttgcggccgctcagcgcttgttcc	
	NdeI-MaiA-F	gcg <u>catatg</u> atgagcaaccactac	
	XhoI-MaiA-R	ttt <u>ctcgag</u> tcaataagcgccgg	
рМА	BamHI-MaiA-F	tttggatccatgagcaaccactaccgc	
	HindIII-MaiA-R	gtt <u>aagett</u> tcaataagegeeggaeag	
	NdeI-ASD-F	<u>catatg</u> atgagcaaggattatcagagtctggcgaac	
	XhoI-ASD-R	ttt <u>ctcgag</u> tcagcgcttgttcc	

26 Note: restriction sites are underlined.

Host strain	Biomass	Concentration of	Time	Molar
Host strain	(OD ₆₀₀)	substrate (M)	(h)	conversion (%)
E. coli BL21	20	2.0	6	22.2
			10	71.0
			22	86.8
E. coli BL21 -∆fumA/fumC	20	2.0	6	68.9
			10	81.2
			22	89.0
E. coli BL21 -∆fumA/fumC-T ₇ /AspA	10	2.0	6	71.3
			10	93.6
	20	2.0	4	78.1
			6	94.9
	20	2.5	6	69.6
			10	95.6
	20	3.0	6	31.5
			10	69.5
			15	95.6

Table S2. Conversion rates of the whole cell catalysis

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Fig S1. Enzymatic properties of purified AtASD. (a) The optimum temperature. The 34 activities of AtASD were determined in phosphate buffer (pH 5.0) at various 35 temperatures, and the highest activity was plotted as 100%. (b) The optimum pH. The 36 activities of AtASD were determined at various pH values (phosphate buffer) and 55°C, 37 and the highest activity was plotted as 100%. (c) The thermostability. AtASD was 38 incubated at various temperatures for 30 min, and the activity of AtASD without 39 treatment was plotted as 100%. (d) The pH stability. AtASD was incubated in phosphate 40 buffer (pH 3.0-8.0) on ice overnight, and the activity of AtASD without treatment was 41 plotted as 100%. All reactions contained 0.5 mM PLP and 1 mM α -ketoglutaric acid. 42 43



45 Fig S2. Expression level analysis of recombinant ASDs. (a) SDS-PAGE analysis of
46 recombinant ASDs. -: noninduced cells; S: supernatants of cell lysates; P: precipitation
47 of cell lysates. Recombinant ASDs were indicated by an arrow. (b) Semiquantitative
48 analysis by ImageJ software. The gray value of the target protein was plotted as Y-axis.
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Fig S3. Comparison of thermostability of purified *At*ASD and *Pd*21192ASD. *At*ASD and *Pd*21192ASD were incubated at various temperatures for 30 min, and the activities of purified *At*ASD and *Pd*21192ASD without treatment were plotted as 100%. The activity of *At*ASD was determined at pH 5.0 and 55°C, and the activity of *Pd*21192ASD was determined at pH 5.0 and 45°C. All reactions contained 0.5 mM PLP and 1 mM αketoglutaric acid.



Fig S4. Effects of PLP on the catalytic abilities of recombinant strains expressing *At*ASD and *Pd*21192ASD. The amounts of L-alanine and L-aspartic acid synthesized from fumaric acid were detected by thin plate chromatography. The reaction was carried out at pH 5.0 and 37°C for 4 h. The biomass was $OD_{600}=10$, and the substrate of fumaric acid was 0.2 M. The standards of 0.1 M L-aspartic acid (L-asp) and L-alanine (L-ala) were dotted in the left columns. -: reactions without the addition of PLP; +: reactions containing 0.1 mM PLP.



Fig S5. Whole-cell catalysis using the recombinant strain *E. coli* BL21- Δ *fumA/fumC*-T₇/AspA harboring pAM. (a) The biomass was OD₆₀₀=20 and the substrate of maleic acid was 3.0 M. (b) The biomass was OD₆₀₀=10 and the substrate of maleic acid was 2.0 M. The reaction was carried out at pH 7.5 and 37°C. The concentrations of L-alanine (L-ala, solid circle), L-aspartic acid (L-asp, solid square), fumaric acid (open square), and maleic acid (open circle) were measured by HPLC.