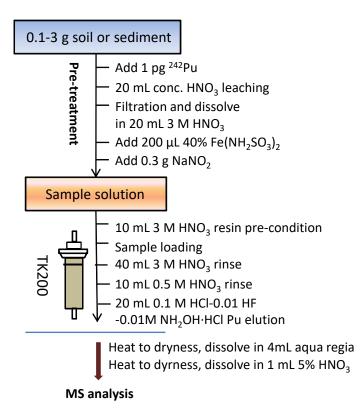
1	Supporting information	
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4	Exploring the ability of triple quadrupole inductively	
5	coupled plasma mass spectrometry for the	
6	determination of Pu isotopes in environmental samples	
7		
8	Wenting Bu ^{1*} , Mei Gu ¹ , Xiaotong Ding ¹ , Youyi Ni ¹ , Xuepeng Shao ¹ ,	
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29 30	^v These authors contributed equally to this study.	

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0.2 s; 239, 1 s; 240 5s; 241, 5 s; 242, 1
V , .

31 Table S1. Typical operating conditions of ICP-MS/	MS for the measurement of Pu isotopes.
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42 Figure S1. Rapid chemical procedures for Pu separation in soil or sediment samples prior to

43 ICP-MS/MS measurement.

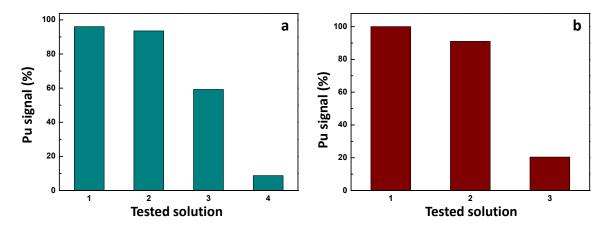




Figure S2. Comparison of sample matrix effects for Pu with various test solutions (Pu signal
was expressed as the signal of Pu for the test solution divided by the signal of Pu for the Pu
standard solution). (a) Mixed solutions with 37 elements: 1. 45 ppb; 2. 100 ppb; 3. 450 ppb;
900 ppb. (b) Mixed solutions with 14 rare earth elements: 1. 100 ppb; 2. 1000 ppb; 8000 ppb.





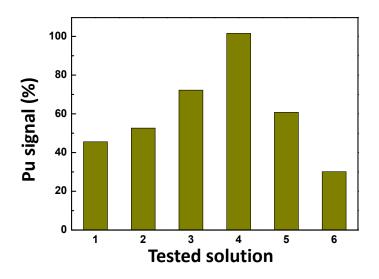


Figure S3. Comparison of sample matrix effects for different Pu elution solutions (Pu signal was expressed as the signal of Pu for the test solution divided by the signal of Pu for the Pu for the Pu standard solution). Test solutions: 1. 20mL 8.5M HCl-0.1 M NH₄I; 2. 20mL 8.5M HCl-0.05
M NH₄I; 3. 20mL 8.5M HCl-0.01 M NH₄I; 4. 20mL 0.1M HCl-0.01M HF-0.01M
NH₂OH·HCl; 5. 20mL 0.5M HCl-0.1M NH₂OH·HCl; 6. 20mL HBr.