SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Oriented collagen films with high Young's modulus by self-assembly on micrometer grooved polydimethylsiloxane

Miho Aizawa,^{ab} Hirona Nakamura,^{ac} Kohsuke Matsumoto,^{ac} Takahiro Oguma^a and Atsushi Shishido^{*ac}

^aLaboratory for Chemistry and Life Science, Institute of Innovative Research, Tokyo Institute of Technology, R1-12, 4259 Nagatsuta, Midori-ku, Yokohama 226-8503, Japan ^bResearch Institute for Sustainable Chemistry, National Institute of Advanced Industrial Science and Technology, Tsukuba, Ibaraki 305-8565, Japan

^cDepartment of Chemical Science and Engineering, School of Materials and Chemical Technology, Tokyo Institute of Technology, 2-12-1 Ookayama, Meguro-ku, Tokyo 152-8552, Japan

*Corresponding author: ashishid@res.titech.ac.jp

Contents

- **S1.** Supplementary Figures
- **S2.** Description of the Supplementary Movies

S1. Supplementary Figures



Fig. S1 (a) Photograph and (b) AFM image of a PDMS film with a micrometer groove. Using atomic force microscopy (AFM) (Cypher S, Oxford Instruments), we confirmed that the PDMS groove had a period of 20 μm and depth of 800 nm.



Fig. S2 Polarized optical micrographs of the collagen film fabricated on the micrometer grooved PDMS substrate. The orange arrows indicate the groove direction in the film. The yellow arrows show the optical axis of the test plate with a retardation of 530 nm. The white arrows denote the direction of the polarizers.



Fig. S3 Scheme of DHT treatment process for collagen films.



Fig. S4 Polarized optical micrographs of the collagen film prepared on the micrometer grooved PDMS substrate after heating for 48 h. The orange arrows indicate the groove direction in the film. The white arrows denote the direction of the polarizers.

S2. Description of the Supplementary Movies

Supplementary Movie 1. POM observation of the collagen solution concentrated to approximately 60 mg/ml between a glass substrate. The optical anisotropy was observed by adding a shear stress. The white arrows denote the direction of the polarizers.

Supplementary Movie 2. Observation of the solubility to water of collagen films with and without DHT treatment.