

## SUPPLEMENTARY MATERIAL

# Tuneable polarity and enhanced piezoelectric response of ZnO thin films grown by metal-organic chemical vapour deposition through the flow rate adjustment

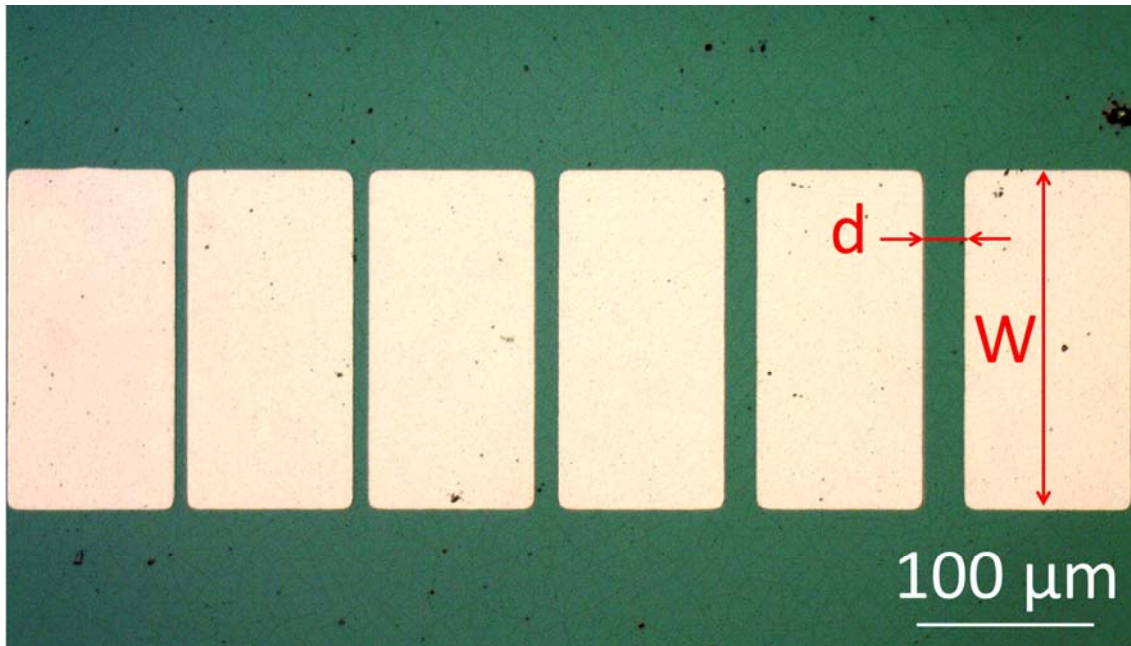
Quang Chieu Bui<sup>a,b,c</sup> Gustavo Ardila,<sup>b</sup> Hervé Roussel,<sup>a</sup> Carmen Jiménez,<sup>a</sup> Isabelle Gélard,<sup>a</sup> Odette Chaix-Pluchery,<sup>a</sup> Xavier Mescot,<sup>b</sup> Sarah Boubenia,<sup>c</sup> Bassem Salem,<sup>c</sup> and Vincent Consonni.<sup>a\*</sup>

<sup>a</sup> *Université Grenoble Alpes, CNRS, Grenoble INP, LMGP, F-38000 Grenoble, France.*

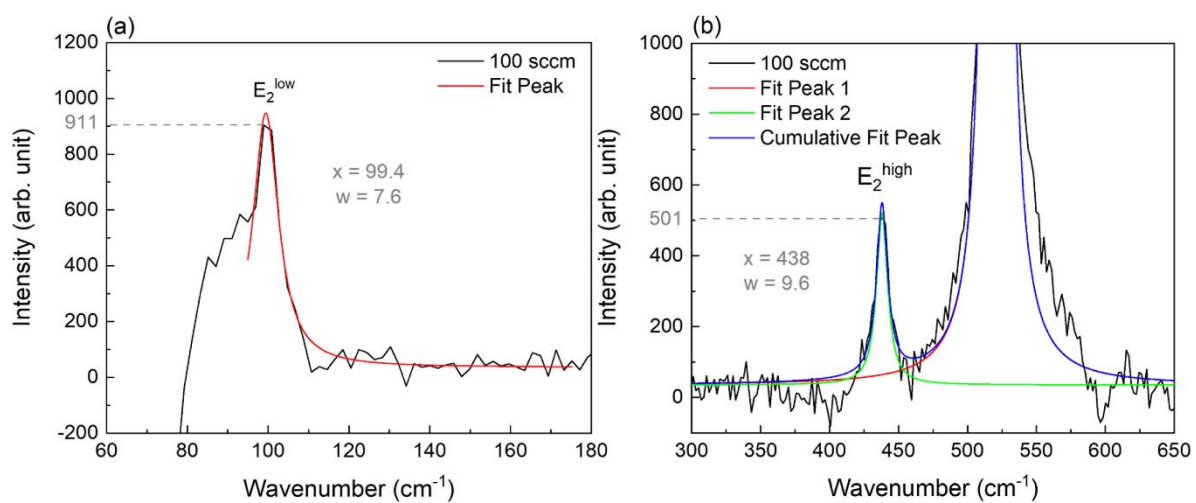
<sup>b</sup> *Université Grenoble Alpes, CNRS, Grenoble INP, IMEP-LAHC, F-38000 Grenoble, France.*

<sup>c</sup> *Université Grenoble Alpes, CNRS, LTM, F-38054 Grenoble Cedex, France.*

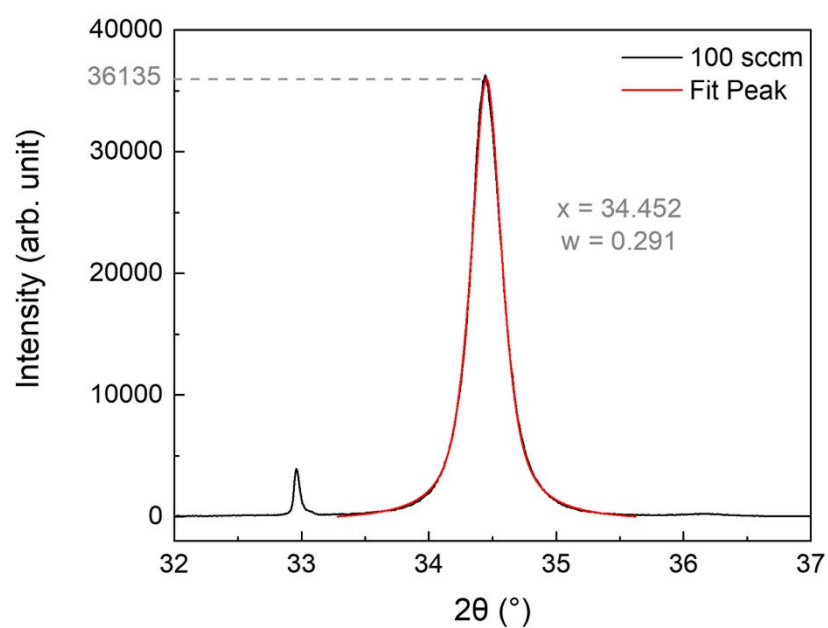
\*Corresponding author: [vincent.consonni@grenoble-inp.fr](mailto:vincent.consonni@grenoble-inp.fr)



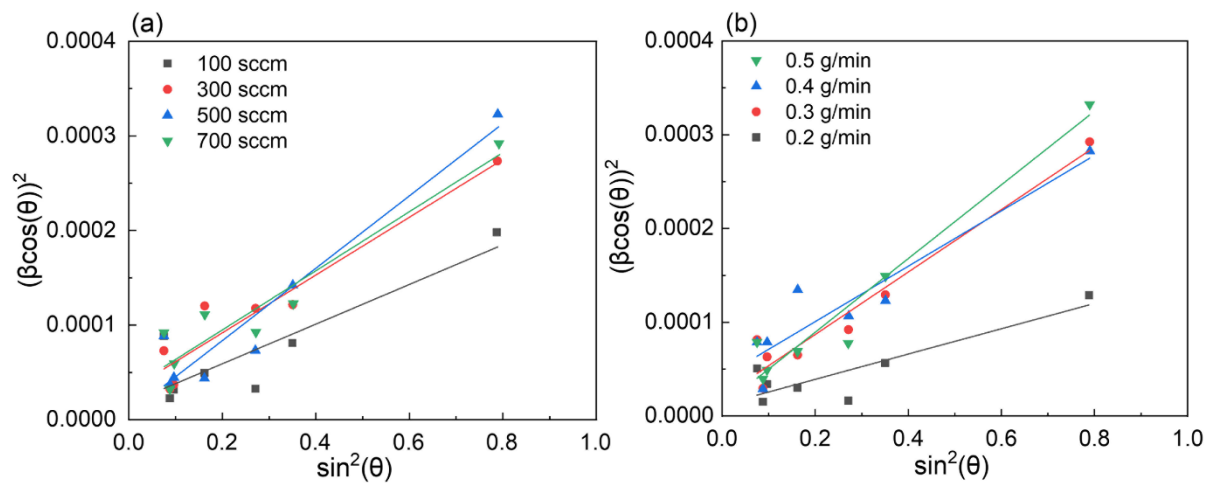
**Fig. S1** TLM pattern using Au contacts on the surface of ZnO thin films.



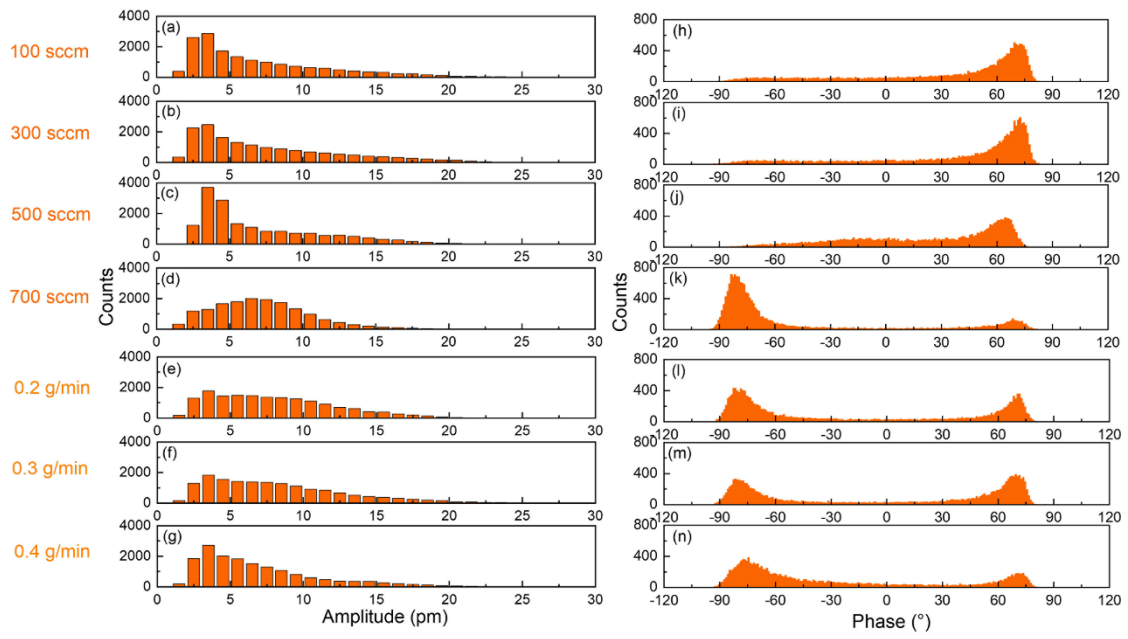
**Fig. S2** (a)  $E_2^{\text{low}}$  and (b)  $E_2^{\text{high}}$  mode-related Raman line positions and intensities of the ZnO thin film grown with the 100 sccm  $\text{O}_2$  gas and 0.5 g/min DEZn solution flow rates. The lines were fitted using a Lorentzian function in Origin 2018b software.



**Fig. S3** 002 diffraction peak position and FWHM of the ZnO thin film grown with the 100 sccm O<sub>2</sub> gas and 0.5 g/min DEZn solution flow rates. The peak was fitted using a Pseudo-Voigt function in Origin 2018b software.



**Fig. S4** Williamson-Hall plots of ZnO thin films as a function of the (a)  $O_2$  gas and (b) DEZn solution flow rates.



**Fig. S5** (a-g) Raw amplitude and (h-n) phase histograms of ZnO thin films deduced from PFM measurements.