SUPPORTING INFORMATION

Delineating Toxicity Mechanisms Associated with MRI Contrast

Enhancement through a Multidimensional Toxicogenomic Profiling of

Gadolinium

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Figure S1. Growth curves of wild-type strain under different gadolinium concentrations for IC determinations. The IC₅, IC₁₀ and IC₂₀ were determined at 0.09, 0.12 and 0.16 mM Gd³⁺.



Figure S2. Non-competitive growth of representative strains in absence and presence of IC₂₀ concentrations of gadolinium. The inhibition growth values after IC₂₀ gadolinium treatments in log_2 scale under non-competitive conditions (black) are compared to the values obtained under competitive conditions (grey). The full list of strains and their inhibition growth values under competitive conditions are presented in Dataset S1.



Figure S3. Top 18 overrepresented GO terms under the different gadolinium treatments.



Figure S4. Protein-protein interaction network analysis identified key protein pairs involved in yeast response to gadolinium. Network of proteins coded by genes whose deletion promoted sensitivity to gadolinium. All genes affected by at least 3 gadolinium treatments were considered (n = 63). Proteins with more than one connection were displayed in Figure 5a. Proteins without connections were not displayed for clarity. The network analysis was performed with STRING and a cutoff for confidence interactions of 0.90 (highest confidence).



Figure S5. Protein-protein interaction network analysis with protein-protein associations. (a) Network of proteins coded by genes whose deletion promoted sensitivity to gadolinium. All genes affected in at least 3 experimental conditions were considered (n = 63). (b) Network of proteins coded by genes whose deletion promoted resistance to gadolinium. All genes affected in at least 2 experimental conditions were considered (n = 30). Proteins without connections were not displayed for clarity. The network analysis was performed with STRING and a cutoff for confidence interactions of 0.90 (highest confidence).

Table S1. Parameters of protein-protein interaction network analysis

| | Sensitive Network | Resistant Network |
|--------------------------------------|---------------------|-------------------|
| Number of edges | 56 | 3 |
| Average node degree | 1.84 | 0.207 |
| Average local clustering coefficient | 0.415 | 0.069 |
| PPI enrichment p-value | < 10 ⁻¹⁶ | 0.000935 |

| Yeast gene | Human gene ortholog | Human protein | Pathologies |
|------------|------------------------|---|---|
| SCJ1 | DNAJB11 | DnaJ heat shock protein family member B11 | Kidney disease that results on interstitial fibrosis ¹ |
| CNE1 | CALR | Calreticulin | Myelofibrosis ² |
| CNE1 | CLGN | Calmegin | Kidney fibrosis through MAPK signaling pathway ³ |
| CNE1 | CANX | Calnexin | |
| ALG8 | ALG8 | ALG8 alpha-1,3-glucosyltransferase | |
| APS1 | AP1S1 | Adaptor related protein complex 1 subunit sigma 1 | MEDNIK syndrome and hepatic fibrosis ⁴ |
| APS1 | AP1S2 | Adaptor related protein complex 1 subunit sigma 2 | |
| APS1 | AP1S3 | Adaptor related protein complex 1 subunit sigma 3 | Skin autoimmune disorder ⁵ |
| APL6 | AP3B1 | Adaptor related protein complex 3 subunit beta 1 | Pulmonary fibrosis ^{6,7} |
| APL6 | AP3B | Adaptor related protein complex 3 subunit beta 2 | Pulmonary fibrosis ⁶ |
| YPL191C | MINDY1 | MINDY lysine 48 deubiquitinase 1 | Acute respiratory distress syndrome and pulmonary fibrosis ⁸ |
| YPL191C | MINDY1 | MINDY lysine 48 deubiquitinase 1 | Acute respiratory distress syndrome and pulmonary fibrosis ⁸ |
| UBP15 | USP7 | Ubiquitin specific peptidase 7 | Cardiac fibrosis ⁹ |
| TOR1 | mTOR | Mechanistic target of rapamycin kinase | Pulmonary and cardiac fibroses ^{10,11} |
| YDR018C | LCLAT1 | Lysocardiolipin acyltransferase 1 | Pulmonary fibrosis ¹² |
| YDR018C | AGPAT3 | 1-acylglycerol-3-phosphate O-acyltransferase 3 | |
| YDR018C | AGPAT4 | 1-acylglycerol-3-phosphate O-acyltransferase 4 | |
| YDR018C | AGPAT5 | 1-acylglycerol-3-phosphate O-acyltransferase 5 | |
| CAT1 | CAT | Catalase | |
| GLO2 | HAGH | Hydroxyacylglutathione hydrolase | |
| GLO2 | HAGHL | Hydroxyacylglutathione hydrolase like | |
| GLO2 | PNKD | PNKD metallo-beta-lactamase domain containing | |
| UNG1 | UNG | Uracil DNA glycosylase | |
| PHM7 | TMEM63A | Transmembrane protein 63A | |
| PHM7 | TMEM63B | Transmembrane protein 63B | |
| MOH1 | YPEL1 | Yippee like 1 | |
| MOH1 | YPEL2 | Yippee like 2 | |
| MOH1 | YPEL3 | Yippee like 3 | |
| MOH1 | YPEL4 | Yippee like 4 | Pulmonary fibrosis ¹³ |
| MOH1 | YPEL5 | Yippee like 5 | |
| CEX | SCYL1 | SCY1 like pseudokinase 1 | |
| CEX | SCYL3 | SCY1 like pseudokinase 3 | |

| Table S2. H | luman orthologue | s of genes assoc | iated with gadolin | ium toxicity in yeast |
|-------------|------------------|------------------|--------------------|-----------------------|
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