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Supporting Information

A novel fluorescent probe for the detection of sulfur dioxide

derivatives and its application in biological imaging

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1. Experimental

1.1. Chemicals and materials

All chemicals and solvents were purchased from Energy Chemical Reagent Co. (Shanghai, China). All ions (nitrate salts), anions (sodium salts) and biothiol for testing were purchased from Sigma-Aldrich. All solvents and chemicals, unless special stated, were purchased commercially in analytical grade and used without further purification. Deionized water was used to prepare all aqueous solutions. ¹H NMR and ¹³C NMR spectra were recorded on a Bruker AV-400NMR and AV-600NMR spectrometer, and tetramethylsilane was used as the internal standard to measure the chemical shifts. High resolution mass spectra (HRMS) were recorded on an Agilent 6530 QTOF spectrometer. Absorption spectra were measured with Shimadzu UV-2700. Fluorescence spectra were measured with Zolix OmniFluo 900. Confocal fluorescence images were performed on confocal laser scanning microscope (CLSM, Nikon A1R).

1.2. Fluorescence Assay

The stock solution of probe **CA-SO₂** (1 mM) was prepared in DMSO. Stock solutions (10 mM) of amino acids (Cys, Hcy, GSH), reactive oxygen species (ClO⁻, H₂O₂) and sodium salts (F⁻, Br⁻, Cl⁻, I⁻, CH₃COO⁻, NO₃⁻, NO₂⁻, SO₄²⁻, S₂O₃²⁻, S₂O₈²⁻, H₂PO₄⁻, S²⁻, HSO₃⁻) were prepared in deionized water. Dilute the stock solution to required concentration when in use. When measuring, the concentration of the probe is 10 μ M (containing 0.1% DMSO), and the solvent system is DMSO/PBS (v/v: 2/8, 20 mM, pH=7.4).

1.3. Cell culture and cell imaging

Human lung adenocarcinoma A549 cells were cultured at 37 \mathbb{C} under a humidified 5% CO₂ atmosphere in DMEM (GIBCO/Invitrogen, Camarillo, CA, USA), which were supplemented with 10% fetal bovine serum (FBS) and 1% penicillin-streptomycin. In *vivo* cell imaging experiment, the cells were cultured in confocal culture plate for 24 h. Then cells were incubated with **CA-SO₂** (10 μ M) and followed by incubation with HSO₃⁻ or cysteine, and imaging in confocal laser scanning microscope.

Zebrafish eggs are provided by State Key Laboratory of Military Stomatology, Department of Oral Biology, School of Stomatology, The Fourth Military Medical University, and cultured in embryonic medium at 28 °C for 96 h. In fluorescence imaging experiment, the zebrafish were incubated with **CA-SO₂** (10 μ M) and followed by incubation with HSO₃⁻ or cysteine, and imaging in confocal laser scanning microscope.

2. Theoretical computations

The ground state structures of all compounds were optimized using the DFT with the Beck's three parameter hybrid functional with the Lee-Yang-Parr correlation functional (B3LYP). All atoms were treated with 6-311+G (d, p) basis set. The polarized continuum model (PCM) method was employed to account for the solvent effects in optimization and emission calculations. All quantum chemistry calculations were performed using the Gaussian 16 package.

3. Spectral data of probe CA-SO₂



Fig. S1. Linear relationship between fluorescence intensity at 589 nm and concentrations of HSO_3^- (0-20 μ M)

4. In vitro cytotoxicity of CA-SO2



Fig. S2. Cell viability values (%) estimated by MTT proliferation test versus concentrations of CA-SO₂. A549 cells were cultured in the presence of 0-30 μ M CA-SO₂.

5. Characterization of compounds



Fig. S3 ¹H NMR spectrum of compound 3-1 in D₂O



Fig. S4 ¹³C NMR spectrum of compound 3-1 in D₂O



Fig. S5 ¹H NMR spectrum of CA-SO₂ in DMSO-d₆



Fig. S6 ¹³C NMR spectrum of CA-SO₂ in DMSO-d₆



Fig. S7 HRMS spectrum of CA-SO₂