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## Fluorescent chemosensor for Hg<sup>2+</sup> ions based on pyridine attached

## phenanthridine probe

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SI Figure S1 TGA curve of sensor 4



SI Figure S2 pH and Interference studies of 4 with  $Hg^{2+}$  ions



SI Figure S3 Effect of response time on fluorescence intensity of 4 with  $Hg^{2+}$  ions.



SI Figure S4 FTIR spectra of 4 in the presence of  $Hg^{2+}$ 



SI Figure S5 <sup>1</sup>H and <sup>13</sup>C NMR spectra of 4

Molecular formula:  $C_{26}H_{20}N_2$ Calculated mass : 360.1626 **Obtained mass** : 360.1623 PIRYPdn ican: 461 TIC=11624800 Ba -58.5%FS #ions=461 RT=12.53 5056.0195 40 360.1623 249.309 122.1052 238.1912 266.0640 319.05 נואה הברי בברובו בברים אלא היה אלא היה האלא היה האלא היה האלא היה היה האלא היה היה היה היה היה היה ה l bhr u li L 100 c

SI Figure S6 HRMS spectrum of 4

## Obtained mass: 702.1398





SI Figure S7 ESI-Mass spectra's of ligand 4 with  $Hg^{2+}\mbox{ion}$ 



SI Figure S8 Optimized structure of probe 4 and 4+Hg<sup>2+</sup> ion

of functor of comparison of present sensor compound + with previous reports for fig ton sens
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S.NO	Name of the probe	Solvent	Method	LOD	Application	Reference
1.	Pyrene based Schiff base	DMSO/H <sub>2</sub> O (v/v, 7/3)	Colorimetric and fluorometric	2.82 μM	Living cells	New J.Chem.,2015,39,2523-2531
2.	Condensation of Rhodamine hydrazone	Ethanol/Water	Colorimetric and fluorometric	0.30 μM	Cell image	RSC Adv., 2015, 5, 21797-21802
3.	Invertase- functionalized	PBS buffer	Glucometeric	4.2pM	Real Sample	Biosensors and Bioelectronics ,2016,77,681-686
4.	gold-dendrimer nanospheres poly(amidoamine) (PAMAM) dendrimer	PBS buffer	impedimetric	0.4pM	Real Sample	Biosensors and Bioelectronics 2016,75, 108-115
5.	Benzothiazole based Chemosensor	DMSO	Colorimetric	0.15 μΜ	No data	Inorganic Chemistry Communications., 2016, 74, 1-5
6.	BODIPY based Chemosensor	PBS buffer solutions containing 0.5% DMSO	Colorimetric and fluorometric	49 nM	Cell image	Analyst, 2016, 141, 4789-4795
7.	Indole based BODIPY	CH₃CN	Colorimetric and fluorometric	0.33 μM	Cell image	RSC Adv., 2016, 6, 82810-82816

8.	Rhodamine		Colorimetric and	150 nM for Hg <sup>2+</sup>	Real Sample	Journal of Photochemistry and
	hydrazine based	EtOH/Water	fluorometric	and 3.37µM for		photobiology A: Chemistry 2016,
	Chemosensor	(2:1, v/v)		Cu <sup>2+</sup>		318, 7-13
9.	DNA-scaffolded		fluorometric	24pM	Real Sample	Biosensors and Bioelectronics,
	silver nanocluster	phosphate buffer				2016, 79,411-415.
10.	Rhodamine		Colorimetric and	0.134 $\mu$ M for Hg <sup>2+</sup>	Cell image	Tetrahedron., 2017,
	derivative bearing	CH <sub>3</sub> CN/ HEPES	fluorometric			73, 5189-5193
	Thiazole and	buffer (3:7)				
	thiocarbonyl					
	moieties					
11.	Pyrene based		Colorimetric and	57 nM	Living Cells	Sensors and Actuators: B.
	Chemosensor	$H_2O/CH_3CN$	fluorometric			Chemical., 2018, 277, 673-678
		(1:1)				
12.	Pyrazoline		Colorimetric and	14.54 μM	No data	Sensors and Actuators: B.
	derivative based	H <sub>2</sub> O	fluorometric			Chemical., 2018, 255, 814-825
	chemosensor					
13.	Fluorescein based		Colorimetric and	0.110 μM	Living cells	Inorganic Chemistry
	Chemosensor	Buffer/MeOH	fluorometric			Communications., 2018, 89, 46-
		(95/5 <i>,</i> v/v)				50
14.	Triphenylamine	CH <sub>3</sub> CN/H <sub>2</sub> O	Colorimetric and	$0.48 \mu M$ for Hg <sup>2+</sup>	Test paper strips	Sensors and Actuators; B.
	appended		fluorometric	and 71.8nM for		Chemical., 2019, 290, 558-564
	Rhodamine	(v/v, 9/1)		Al <sup>3+</sup>		
15.	ultrathin two-	Ultrathin	fluorometric	42.5 pM	Signal	Analyst, 2021 146, 2664-2669.
	dimensional	nanosheets			amplification	
	MXenes (Ti <sub>3</sub> C <sub>2</sub> )					
16.	Pyridine attached	CH <sub>3</sub> CN/H <sub>2</sub> O	Colorimetric and	49.87 nM	Real sample and	This work
	Phenanthridine	(8:2, v/v)	fluorometric		Bio-image	
	moiety					

Identification code	4	
Empirical formula	C26 H <sub>20</sub> N <sub>2</sub>	
Formula weight	360.44	
Temperature	296(2) K	
Wavelength	0.71073 Å	
Crystal system	Monoclinic	
Space group	P 21/c	
Unit cell dimensions	a = 11.2948(5) Å	α= 90°.
	b = 15.2912(6) Å	β= 102.4061(18)°
	c = 10.9882(3)  Å	$\gamma = 90^{\circ}.$
Volume	1853.47(12) Å <sup>3</sup>	
Ζ	4	
Density (calculated)	1.292 Mg/m <sup>3</sup>	
Absorption coefficient	0.076 mm <sup>-1</sup>	
F(000)	760	
Crystal size	0.250 x 0.160 x 0.100 mm <sup>3</sup>	
Theta range for data collection	2.277 to 24.998°.	
Index ranges	-12<=h<=13, -17<=k<=18, -	
	13<=l<=13	
Reflections collected	13357	
Independent reflections	3271 [R(int) = 0.0361]	
Completeness to theta =	100.0 %	
24.998°		
Absorption correction	Semi-empirical from	
	equivalents	
Max. and min. transmission	0.992 and 0.981	
Refinement method	Full-matrix least-squares on F <sup>2</sup>	
Data / restraints / parameters	3271 / 0 / 254	
Goodness-of-fit on F <sup>2</sup>	1.016	
Final R indices [I>2sigma(I)]	R1 = 0.0396, wR2 = 0.0857	
R indices (all data)	R1 = 0.0719, wR2 = 0.1015	
Extinction coefficient	0.0130(13)	
Largest diff. peak and hole	0.170 and -0.128 e.Å <sup>-3</sup>	

Atom	X	у	z	U(eq)
C(1)	8924(2)	9665(1)	6599(1)	39(1)
C(2)	8174(2)	10027(1)	5410(2)	48(1)
C(3)	7344(2)	9336(1)	4703(2)	53(1)
C(4)	6612(2)	8912(1)	5526(2)	46(1)
C(5)	5404(2)	8686(1)	5088(2)	65(1)
C(6)	4722(2)	8340(1)	5865(2)	73(1)
C(7)	5236(2)	8235(1)	7109(2)	64(1)
C(8)	6431(2)	8448(1)	7563(2)	50(1)
C(9)	7156(2)	8764(1)	6779(2)	41(1)
C(10)	8449(2)	8996(1)	7229(1)	37(1)
C(11)	9238(2)	8606(1)	8249(1)	37(1)
C(12)	8944(2)	7765(1)	8847(2)	45(1)
C(13)	10089(2)	7230(1)	9281(2)	50(1)
C(14)	10991(2)	7755(1)	10185(2)	44(1)
C(15)	11635(2)	7427(1)	11309(2)	55(1)
C(16)	12407(2)	7951(2)	12138(2)	60(1)
C(17)	12537(2)	8818(1)	11861(2)	55(1)
C(18)	11898(2)	9162(1)	10752(1)	46(1)
C(19)	11133(2)	8637(1)	9888(1)	39(1)
C(20)	10384(2)	8979(1)	8701(1)	36(1)
C(21)	10743(2)	9666(1)	8019(1)	38(1)
C(22)	11955(2)	10093(1)	8323(1)	39(1)
C(23)	14012(2)	10001(1)	8570(2)	56(1)
C(24)	14162(2)	10880(1)	8813(2)	56(1)
C(25)	13146(2)	11372(1)	8800(2)	53(1)
C(26)	12033(2)	10978(1)	8537(2)	43(1)
N(1)	10036(1)	9989(1)	6976(1)	41(1)
N(2)	12931(1)	9591(1)	8336(1)	51(1)

Atomic coordinates (  $x \ 10^4$ ) and equivalent isotropic displacement parameters (Å<sup>2</sup>x 10<sup>3</sup>) for pyrpdn. U(eq) is defined as one third of the trace of the orthogonalized U<sup>ij</sup> tensor.

Bond lengths [Å] and angles [°] for pyrpdn.					
Atom	Bond Lengths				
C(1)-N(1)	1.331(2)				
C(1)-C(10)	1.404(2)				
C(1)-C(2)	1.502(2)				
C(2)-C(3)	1.512(2)				
C(2)-H(2A)	0.9700				
C(2)-H(2B)	0.9700				
C(3)-C(4)	1.498(2)				
C(3)-H(3A)	0.9700				
C(3)-H(3B)	0.9700				
C(4)-C(5)	1.389(2)				
C(4)-C(9)	1.401(2)				
C(5)-C(6)	1.373(3)				
C(5)-H(5)	0.9300				
C(6)-C(7)	1.375(3)				
C(6)-H(6)	0.9300				
C(7)-C(8)	1.374(2)				
С(7)-Н(7)	0.9300				
C(8)-C(9)	1.395(2)				
C(8)-H(8)	0.9300				
C(9)-C(10)	1.481(2)				
C(10)-C(11)	1.405(2)				
C(11)-C(20)	1.404(2)				
C(11)-C(12)	1.513(2)				
C(12)-C(13)	1.518(2)				
С(12)-Н(12А)	0.9700				
C(12)-H(12B)	0.9700				
C(13)-C(14)	1.496(2)				
С(13)-Н(13А)	0.9700				
С(13)-Н(13В)	0.9700				
C(14)-C(15)	1.386(2)				
C(14)-C(19)	1.405(2)				
C(15)-C(16)	1.375(3)				
С(15)-Н(15)	0.9300				
C(16)-C(17)	1.375(3)				
С(16)-Н(16)	0.9300				
C(17)-C(18)	1.379(2)				
С(17)-Н(17)	0.9300				

C(18)-C(19)	1.392(2)
С(18)-Н(18)	0.9300
C(19)-C(20)	1.489(2)
C(20)-C(21)	1.401(2)
C(21)-N(1)	1.3428(19)
C(21)-C(22)	1.489(2)
C(22)-N(2)	1.341(2)
C(22)-C(26)	1.372(2)
C(23)-N(2)	1.348(2)
C(23)-C(24)	1.373(3)
С(23)-Н(23)	0.9300
C(24)-C(25)	1.370(3)
С(24)-Н(24)	0.9300
C(25)-C(26)	1.368(2)
С(25)-Н(25)	0.9300
С(26)-Н(26)	0.9300

Atom	Bond Angle
N(1)-C(1)-C(10)	123.52(15)
N(1)-C(1)-C(2)	116.82(15)
C(10)-C(1)-C(2)	119.62(16)
C(1)-C(2)-C(3)	111.08(14)
C(1)-C(2)-H(2A)	109.4
C(3)-C(2)-H(2A)	109.4
C(1)-C(2)-H(2B)	109.4
C(3)-C(2)-H(2B)	109.4
H(2A)-C(2)-H(2B)	108.0
C(4)-C(3)-C(2)	110.77(14)
C(4)-C(3)-H(3A)	109.5
C(2)-C(3)-H(3A)	109.5
C(4)-C(3)-H(3B)	109.5
C(2)-C(3)-H(3B)	109.5
H(3A)-C(3)-H(3B)	108.1
C(5)-C(4)-C(9)	119.44(17)
C(5)-C(4)-C(3)	121.80(16)
C(9)-C(4)-C(3)	118.73(16)
C(6)-C(5)-C(4)	121.34(19)
C(6)-C(5)-H(5)	119.3
C(4)-C(5)-H(5)	119.3

C(5)-C(6)-C(7)	119.4(2)
C(5)-C(6)-H(6)	120.3
C(7)-C(6)-H(6)	120.3
C(8)-C(7)-C(6)	120.33(19)
С(8)-С(7)-Н(7)	119.8
С(6)-С(7)-Н(7)	119.8
C(7)-C(8)-C(9)	121.27(18)
C(7)-C(8)-H(8)	119.4
C(9)-C(8)-H(8)	119.4
C(8)-C(9)-C(4)	118.09(16)
C(8)-C(9)-C(10)	122.99(15)
C(4)-C(9)-C(10)	118.82(15)
C(1)-C(10)-C(11)	117.28(15)
C(1)-C(10)-C(9)	117.62(14)
C(11)-C(10)-C(9)	125.09(15)
C(20)-C(11)-C(10)	119.24(15)
C(20)-C(11)-C(12)	117.55(14)
C(10)-C(11)-C(12)	123.10(15)
C(11)-C(12)-C(13)	110.10(14)
C(11)-C(12)-H(12A)	109.6
C(13)-C(12)-H(12A)	109.6
С(11)-С(12)-Н(12В)	109.6
С(13)-С(12)-Н(12В)	109.6
H(12A)-C(12)-H(12B)	108.2
C(14)-C(13)-C(12)	109.39(15)
С(14)-С(13)-Н(13А)	109.8
С(12)-С(13)-Н(13А)	109.8
С(14)-С(13)-Н(13В)	109.8
С(12)-С(13)-Н(13В)	109.8
H(13A)-C(13)-H(13B)	108.2
C(15)-C(14)-C(19)	119.39(17)
C(15)-C(14)-C(13)	123.33(16)
C(19)-C(14)-C(13)	117.20(14)
C(16)-C(15)-C(14)	121.03(18)
С(16)-С(15)-Н(15)	119.5
С(14)-С(15)-Н(15)	119.5
C(17)-C(16)-C(15)	119.86(17)
С(17)-С(16)-Н(16)	120.1
C(15)-C(16)-H(16)	120.1

C(16)-C(17)-C(18)	120.16(18)
С(16)-С(17)-Н(17)	119.9
С(18)-С(17)-Н(17)	119.9
C(17)-C(18)-C(19)	120.87(18)
C(17)-C(18)-H(18)	119.6
C(19)-C(18)-H(18)	119.6
C(18)-C(19)-C(14)	118.66(15)
C(18)-C(19)-C(20)	123.27(15)
C(14)-C(19)-C(20)	117.91(15)
C(21)-C(20)-C(11)	117.81(14)
C(21)-C(20)-C(19)	123.78(15)
C(11)-C(20)-C(19)	118.40(14)
N(1)-C(21)-C(20)	123.01(15)
N(1)-C(21)-C(22)	112.32(14)
C(20)-C(21)-C(22)	124.61(14)
N(2)-C(22)-C(26)	122.76(16)
N(2)-C(22)-C(21)	117.67(15)
C(26)-C(22)-C(21)	119.53(15)
N(2)-C(23)-C(24)	124.19(18)
N(2)-C(23)-H(23)	117.9
С(24)-С(23)-Н(23)	117.9
C(25)-C(24)-C(23)	117.83(18)
C(25)-C(24)-H(24)	121.1
C(23)-C(24)-H(24)	121.1
C(26)-C(25)-C(24)	119.36(18)
С(26)-С(25)-Н(25)	120.3
C(24)-C(25)-H(25)	120.3
C(25)-C(26)-C(22)	119.50(17)
C(25)-C(26)-H(26)	120.3
C(22)-C(26)-H(26)	120.3
C(1)-N(1)-C(21)	118.53(14)
(22)-N(2)-C(23)	116.32(16)

Anisotropic displacement parameters (Å $^2x$  10<sup>3</sup>)for pyrpdn. The anisotropic

displacement factor exponent takes the form:  $-2\pi^2$ [  $h^2a^{*2}U^{11} + ... + 2 h k a^* b^* U^{12}$  ]

Atom	U <sup>11</sup>	U <sup>22</sup>	U <sup>33</sup>	U <sup>23</sup>	U <sup>13</sup>	U <sup>12</sup>
C(1)	46(1)	36(1)	35(1)	-1(1)	10(1)	3(1)
C(2)	52(1)	51(1)	40(1)	6(1)	8(1)	2(1)
C(3)	52(1)	62(1)	41(1)	1(1)	2(1)	5(1)

C(4)	41(1)	43(1)	51(1)	-1(1)	5(1)	6(1)
C(5)	49(1)	68(2)	70(1)	8(1)	-5(1)	0(1)
C(6)	39(1)	78(2)	97(2)	10(1)	3(1)	-3(1)
C(7)	43(1)	66(1)	87(2)	4(1)	24(1)	1(1)
C(8)	45(1)	48(1)	58(1)	1(1)	17(1)	4(1)
C(9)	41(1)	34(1)	47(1)	-4(1)	11(1)	3(1)
C(10)	41(1)	35(1)	36(1)	-4(1)	9(1)	2(1)
C(11)	43(1)	32(1)	37(1)	-2(1)	13(1)	2(1)
C(12)	47(1)	39(1)	49(1)	3(1)	14(1)	0(1)
C(13)	54(1)	37(1)	63(1)	10(1)	17(1)	2(1)
C(14)	44(1)	44(1)	46(1)	9(1)	15(1)	8(1)
C(15)	58(1)	56(1)	56(1)	19(1)	22(1)	15(1)
C(16)	57(1)	81(2)	42(1)	16(1)	12(1)	23(1)
C(17)	52(1)	74(2)	38(1)	-2(1)	7(1)	11(1)
C(18)	51(1)	49(1)	38(1)	0(1)	9(1)	3(1)
C(19)	40(1)	42(1)	37(1)	2(1)	12(1)	4(1)
C(20)	44(1)	31(1)	34(1)	-2(1)	10(1)	2(1)
C(21)	44(1)	33(1)	35(1)	-3(1)	10(1)	1(1)
C(22)	46(1)	38(1)	31(1)	2(1)	8(1)	0(1)
C(23)	48(1)	66(2)	50(1)	1(1)	4(1)	4(1)
C(24)	52(1)	64(2)	49(1)	2(1)	1(1)	-16(1)
C(25)	62(1)	46(1)	49(1)	2(1)	5(1)	-12(1)
C(26)	48(1)	35(1)	47(1)	-1(1)	9(1)	-1(1)
N(1)	46(1)	40(1)	38(1)	2(1)	8(1)	-2(1)
N(2)	51(1)	52(1)	48(1)	-1(1)	6(1)	3(1)

		Oscillatory		Selected major
Entry	λ max (nm)	strength	ΔE, Energy (eV)	transitions
	345	0.0055	5.62	H —▶ L (45%)
	292	0.0164	6.29	H₃ —→ L₁ (27%)
4	279	0.0257	6.80	H₄—→ L ₁ (24%)
	229	0.0235	7.39	H₄—→ L₃ (14.7%)
	240	0.1551	7.71	H₃—→ L₂ (14%)
	271	0.1038	5.69	H₂→ L₁ (38 %)
	360	0.2996	2.46	H—→ L (27%)
	318	0.0369	4.26	H₃→ L₁(32%)
$4 + Hg^{2+}$	292	0.0090	3.45	H₄→→ L₂ (17%)
	287	0.0009	4.41	H₄→→ L₃ (37%)
	354	0.0017	3.93	H₂→ L₄ (35%)
	356	0.0031	2.74	H—→ L <sub>1</sub> (23%)

SI Table S3 Selected transitions achieved from TD-DFT calculation at B3LYP/6-31G\*\*

**SI Table S4** Density surfaces of the frontier orbitals involved in electronic transitions of chromophores **4**, and **4** + **Hg**<sup>2+</sup> which is derived from B3LYP/6-31G\*\* level of theory

Orbitals	4	$4+Hg^{2+}$
Homo		
Homo-1		
Homo-2		
Homo-3		

Homo-4	
Homo – 5	
Lumo	
Lumo-1	
Lumo-2	
Lumo-3	
Lumo-4	

