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Supporting Information

Pt₃ Cluster Anchored on C₂N Monolayer as an Efficient Catalyst for Electrochemical Reduction of Nitrobenzene to Aniline: a Computational Study Pt₃ Cluster Anchored on C₂N Monolayer as an Efficient Catalyst for Electrochemical Reduction of Nitrobenzene to Aniline: a Computational Study Shuang Wang,^a Zhangxu Wang,^a Yongchen Shang,^a Yu Tian,^{b,*} Qinghai Cai,^{a,d} Zhenxing Li,^{c,*} Jingxiang Zhao^{a,*}

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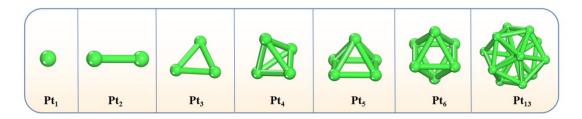


Fig. S1 The optimized models of the Pt_n (n = 1~6, 13) clusters.

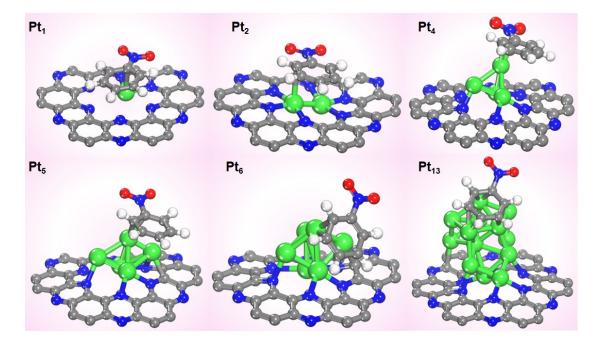


Fig. S2 The most stable adsorption configurations of Ph-NO₂ on the surface of Pt_n/C_2N (Pt_n, n = 1, 2, 4~6 and 13). The green, blue, red and gray balls represent Pt, N, O and C atoms, respectively.

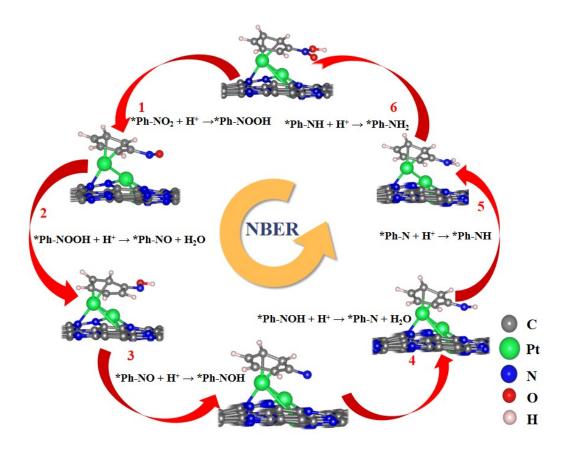


Fig. S3 The optimal path and intermediates involved in the electroreduction of Ph-NO₂ to Ph-NH₂ on the surface of Pt_3/C_2N : Ph-NOOH^{*}, Ph-NO^{*}, Ph-NOH^{*}, Ph-N^{*}, Ph-NH^{*}, and Ph-NH₂^{*}.