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Supporting information(SI)

Combining Potassium With Positive Oxygen-balanced Polynitropyrazole: a Promising Way to Develop Green Primary Explosives.

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- **1. Experimental Section**
- 2. Crystallographic data for compound 6 and 8.2H2O
- 3. Guassian calculation
- 4. NMR Spectrum of the prepared compounds
- 5. Mass spectrometry of compound 5 and 8.2H₂O.
- 6. DSC curves of compounds 6 and 8.2H2O.

1. Experimental section

¹H and ¹³C NMR spectra were recorded on 500 MHz (Bruker AVANCE 500) nuclear magnetic resonance spectrometers operating at 500 and 125 MHz, respectively, Chemical shifts in ¹H and ¹³C NMR spectra are reported relative to DMSO. The decomposition points were recorded on a METTLER TOLEDO DSC823E equipment at a heating rate of 10 °C min⁻¹ in closed Al containers with a nitrogen flow of 25 ml min⁻¹. FT-IR spectra were analyzed with the NicoLiteS10(Thermal Fisher, USA) FT-IR. Friction sensitivity, impact sensitivity of samples were measured by using the standard BAM methods. Elemental analyses were performed on an Elementar Vario MICRO cube (Germany) elemental analyzer.

X-ray crystallography

X-ray of all single crystals were carried out at 140K or 170k on a Bruker D8 VENTURE diffractometer using Mo-K α radiation (λ =0.71073Å). Integration and scaling of intensity data was performed using the SAINT program. Data were corrected for the effects of absorption using SADABS^[1]. The structures were solved by direct method and refined with full-matrix least-squares technique using SHELX-2014^[2] software. Non-hydrogen atoms were refined with anisotropic displacement parameters, and hydrogen atoms were places in calculated positions and refined with riding model.

2. Crystallographic data for compound 6 and 8.2H₂O



Figure S1: (a1) (b1): Displacement ellipsoid plot (30%) of compounds **6** and **8**·2H₂O; (a2) (b2): Ball-and-stick packing diagram of compounds **6** and **8**·2H₂O viewed down the a-axis and b-axis, respectively. The dashed lines indicate hydrogen bonding.

Compound	6	8 ·2H ₂ O
CCDC	CCDC-2081188	CCDC-2098704
Empirical formula	$C_4K_2N_8O_{10}$	$C_4H_5KN_8O_{12}$
Formula weight	398.32	396.26
Temperature/K	170.0	140.0
Crystal system	orthorhombic	monoclinic
Space group	Pbca	$P2_1/n$
	a=10.7902(3)Å	a=11.266(6)Å
	b=12.9624(4)Å	b=6.3213(19)Å
Unit call dimensions	c=17.9460(6)Å	c=19.213(7)Å
Unit cell dimensions	α=90°	$\alpha=90^{\circ}$
	β=90°	$\beta = 103.155(17)^{\circ}$
	$\gamma = 90^{\circ}$	$\gamma = 90^{\circ}$
Volume/Å ³	2510.05(13)	1332.4(9)
Z	8	4
$\rho_{calc} g/cm^3$	2.108	1.975
Crystal size/mm ³	$0.12 \times 0.11 \times 0.06$	$0.11 \times 0.06 \times 0.03$
Radiation	MoKa ($\lambda = 0.71073$)	MoKa ($\lambda = 0.71073$)
20 range for data collection/°	4.54 to 52.772	3.852 to 52.802
Index ranges	$-13 \le h \le 13, -16 \le k \le 14,$ $-22 \le 1 \le 20$	_
Reflections collected	19689	2711
Indopendent reflections	2551 [$R_{int} = 0.0555$,	2711 [R _{int} = 0, R _{sigma} =
independent reflections	$R_{sigma} = 0.0307$]	0.0826]
Data/restraints/parameters	2551/0/217	2711/0/228
Goodness-of-fit on F ²	1.057	1.075
Final R indexes [I>=2 σ (I)]	$R_1 = 0.0285, wR_2 = 0.0627$	$R_1 = 0.0686, WR_2 =$
		$R_1 = 0.1183$. wR ₂ =
Final R indexes [all data]	$R_1 = 0.0403, wR_2 = 0.0686$	0.1311
Largest diff. peak/hole / e Å ⁻³	0.28/-0.31	0.39/-0.40

Table S1. Crystal data and structure refinement for compound 6 and $8 \cdot 2H_2O$.

Atom	Atom	Length/Å	Atom	Atom	Length/Å
K(1)	K(2)	4.4451(6)	O(8)	N(6)	1.253(2)
K(1)	K(2)	4.1700(6)	O(4)	N(3)	1.230(2)
K(1)	O(2)	2.7055(14)	O(1)	N(1)	1.257(2)
K(1)	O(8)	2.7981(14)	O(7)	N(6)	1.249(2)
K(1)	O(4)	2.9564(15)	O(10)	N(8)	1.230(2)
K(1)	O(1)	2.9977(15)	O(9)	N(8)	1.231(2)
K(1)	O(10)	2.7727(15)	O(5)	N(7)	1.246(2)
K(1)	O(5)	2.7812(14)	O(6)	N(7)	1.238(2)
K(1)	N(1)	3.2097(16)	N(1)	N(2)	1.308(2)
K(1)	N(4)	2.8371(16)	N(6)	C(4)	1.365(2)
K(1)	N(2)	3.0648(16)	O(3)	N(3)	1.221(2)
K(2)	O(2)	2.6417(14)	N(4)	N(5)	1.343(2)
K(2)	O(8)	2.7380(14)	N(4)	C(1)	1.316(2)
K(2)	O(4)	3.0086(15)	N(2)	C(3)	1.386(2)
K(2)	O(1)1	2.6570(14)	N(5)	C(4)	1.401(2)
K(2)	O(7)	2.6359(14)	N(5)	C(2)	1.379(2)
K(2)	O(10)	3.1737(16)	N(7)	C(4)	1.397(2)
K(2)	O(9)	2.8650(15)	N(8)	C(2)	1.423(2)
K(2)	O(6)	2.7294(16)	N(3)	C(1)	1.447(2)
K(2)	N(8)	3.3504(17)	C(1)	C(3)	1.423(3)
O(2)	N(1)	1.2652(19)	C(3)	C(2)	1.379(3)

Table S2. Bonds Lengths of 6

 Table S3. Bonds Angles for 6

I able be	. Donus	1 mg les it	51 U				
Atom	Atom	Atom	Angle/°	Atom	Atom	Atom	Angle/°
K(2)	K(1)	K(2)	108.23(12)	O(7)	K(2)	O(8)	120.94(5)
O(2)	K(1)	K(2)	38.21(3)	O(7)	K(2)	O(4)	105.46(4)
O(2)	K(1)	K(2)	75.41(3)	O(7)	K(2)	O(1)	163.82(5)
O(2)	K(1)	O(8)	97.58(4)	O(7)	K(2)	O(10)	65.21(4)
O(2)	K(1)	O(4)	75.40(4)	O(7)	K(2)	O(9)	86.16(5)
O(2)	K(1)	O(1)	44.44(4)	O(7)	K(2)	O(6)	97.03(5)
O(2)	K(1)	O(10)	118.55(4)	O(7)	K(2)	N(8)	78.79(4)
O(2)	K(1)	O(5)	142.60(4)	O(10)	K(2)	K(1)	166.65(3)
O(2)	K(1)	N(1)	22.71(4)	O(10)	K(2)	K(1)	89.52(3)
O(2)	K(1)	N(4)	124.51(5)	O(10)	K(2)	N(8)	21.52(4)
O(2)	K(1)	N(2)	79.54(4)	O(9)	K(2)	K(1)	130.40(3)
O(8)	K(1)	K(2)	36.13(3)	O(9)	K(2)	K(1)	75.09(3)
O(8)	K(1)	K(2)	135.74(3)	O(9)	K(2)	O(4)	85.34(4)
O(8)	K(1)	O(4)	143.11(4)	O(9)	K(2)	O(10)	41.71(4)
O(8)	K(1)	O(1)	69.09(4)	O(9)	K(2)	N(8)	21.05(4)
O(8)	K(1)	N(1)	78.93(4)	O(6)	K(2)	K(1)	102.71(3)
O(8)	K(1)	N(4)	136.31(5)	O(6)	K(2)	K(1)	79.97(3)

O(8)	K(1)	N(2)	124.49(4)	O(6)	K(2)	O(8)	57.92(4)
O(4)	K(1)	K(2)	108.76(3)	O(6)	K(2)	O(4)	144.77(4)
O(4)	K(1)	K(2)	46.16(3)	O(6)	K(2)	O(10)	89.14(4)
O(4)	K(1)	O(1)	82.09(4)	O(6)	K(2)	O(9)	123.48(4)
O(4)	K(1)	N(1)	83.32(4)	O(6)	K(2)	N(8)	104.43(4)
O(4)	K(1)	N(2)	90.38(4)	N(8)	K(2)	K(1)	151.40(3)
O(1)	K(1)	K(2)	72.84(3)	N(8)	K(2)	K(1)	77.68(3)
O(1)	K(1)	K(2)	35.54(3)	K(2)	O(2)	K(1)	102.49(4)
O(1)	K(1)	N(1)	23.04(4)	N(1)	O(2)	K(1)	101.65(10)
O(1)	K(1)	N(2)	123.66(4)	N(1)	O(2)	K(2)	135.58(11)
O(10)	K(1)	K(2)	112.08(3)	K(2)	O(8)	K(1)	106.81(5)
O(10)	K(1)	K(2)	120.43(3)	N(6)	O(8)	K(1)	127.53(10)
O(10)	K(1)	O(8)	76.51(4)	N(6)	O(8)	K(2)	125.65(10)
O(10)	K(1)	O(4)	138.98(4)	K(1)	O(4)	K(2)	88.70(4)
O(10)	K(1)	O(1)	136.18(4)	N(3)	O(4)	K(1)	122.24(11)
O(10)	K(1)	O(5)	93.62(4)	N(3)	O(4)	K(2)	111.14(11)
O(10)	K(1)	N(1)	125.23(4)	K(2)	O(1)	K(1)	103.48(5)
O(10)	K(1)	N(4)	91.11(5)	N(1)	O(1)	K(1)	87.99(10)
O(10)	K(1)	N(2)	58.45(4)	N(1)	O(1)	K(2)	128.87(11)
O(5)	K(1)	K(2	138.80(3)	N(6)	O(7)	K(2)	152.17(12)
O(5)	K(1)	K(2)	74.97(3)	K(1)	O(10)	K(2)	120.25(5)
O(5)	K(1)	O(8)	70.34(4)	N(8)	O(10)	K(1)	152.22(13)
O(5)	K(1)	O(4)	93.14(4)	N(8)	O(10)	K(2)	87.36(11)
O(5)	K(1)	O(1)	99.35(4)	N(8)	O(9)	K(2)	102.28(11)
O(5)	K(1)	N(1)	122.34(4)	N(7)	O(5)	K(1)	127.20(12)
O(5)	K(1)	N(4)	68.85(4)	N(7)	O(6)	K(2)	132.19(12)
O(5)	K(1)	N(2)	136.90(5)	O(2)	N(1)	K(1)	55.64(9)
N(1)	K(1)	K(2)	52.86(3)	O(2)	N(1)	N(2)	123.09(15)
N(1)	K(1)	K(2)	57.62(3)	O(1)	N(1)	K(1)	68.97(9)
N(4)	K(1)	K(2)	138.02(3)	O(1)	N(1)	O(2)	119.05(15)
N(4)	K(1)	K(2)	86.72(3)	O(1)	N(1)	N(2)	117.83(15)
N(4)	K(1)	O(4)	54.40(4)	N(2)	N(1)	K(1)	157.74(12)
N(4)	K(1)	O(1)	132.60(4)	O(8)	N(6)	C(4)	121.29(16)
N(4)	K(1)	N(1)	137.60(4)	O(7)	N(6)	O(8)	121.63(15)
N(4)	K(1)	N(2)	78.85(4)	O(7)	N(6)	C(4)	117.08(16)
N(2)	K(1)	K(2)	62.80(3)	N(5)	N(4)	K(1)	129.26(11)
N(2)	K(1)	K(2)	143.03(3)	C(1)	N(4)	K(1)	125.21(12)
N(2)	K(1)	N(1)	100.74(4)	C(1)	N(4)	N(5)	105.29(15)
K(1)	K(2)	K(1)	98.499(11)	N(1)	N(2)	K(1)	108.38(10)
O(2)	K(2)	K(1)	39.30(3)	N(1)	N(2)	C(3)	112.71(14)
O(2)	K(2)	K(1)	130.01(3)	C(3)	N(2)	K(1)	131.13(12)
O(2)	K(2)	O(8)	140.34(5)	N(4)	N(5)	C(4)	118.41(15)
O(2)	K(2)	O(4)	75.41(4)	N(4)	N(5)	C(2)	110.21(15)
O(2)	K(2)	O(1)	92.26(4)	C(2)	N(5)	C(4)	131.03(16)

O(2)	K(2)	O(10)	137.99(4)	O(5)	N(7)	C(4)	115.86(16)	
O(2)	K(2)	O(9)	147.32(4)	O(6)	N(7)	O(5)	122.65(16)	
O(2)	K(2)	O(6)	85.34(4)	O(6)	N(7)	C(4)	121.48(16)	
O(2)	K(2)	N(8)	152.23(4)	O(10)	N(8)	K(2)	71.13(10)	
O(8)	K(2)	K(1)	37.06(3)	O(10)	N(8)	O(9)	123.55(16)	
O(8)	K(2)	K(1)	129.41(3)	O(10)	N(8)	C(2)	117.80(16)	
O(8)	K(2)	O(4)	125.74(4)	O(9)	N(8)	K(2)	56.67(9)	
O(8)	K(2)	O(10)	62.32(4)	O(9)	N(8)	C(2)	118.65(15)	
O(8)	K(2)	O(9)	72.26(4)	C(2)	N(8)	K(2)	156.87(12)	
O(8)	K(2)	N(8)	61.55(4)	O(4)	N(3)	C(1)	117.97(16)	
O(4)	K(2)	K(1)	90.09(3)	O(3)	N(3)	O(4)	124.38(17)	
O(4)	K(2)	K(1)	45.14(3)	O(3)	N(3)	C(1)	117.62(16)	
O(4)	K(2)	O(10)	124.76(4)	N(4)	C(1)	N(3)	116.90(16)	
O(4)	K(2)	N(8)	106.28(4)	N(4)	C(1)	C(3)	114.00(17)	
O(1)	K(2)	K(1)	57.53(3)	C(3)	C(1)	N(3)	129.05(17)	
O(1)	K(2)	K(1)	40.98(3)	N(2)	C(3)	C(1)	132.21(18)	
O(1)	K(2)	O(8)	75.16(4)	C(2)	C(3)	N(2)	126.48(17)	
O(1)	K(2)	O(4)	61.65(4)	C(2)	C(3)	C(1)	101.23(16)	
O(1)	K(2)	O(10)	129.47(4)	N(6)	C(4)	N(5)	117.85(16)	
O(1)	K(2)	O(9)	101.62(4)	N(6)	C(4)	N(7)	124.51(17)	
O(1)	K(2)	O(6)	90.51(4)	N(7)	C(4)	N(5)	116.77(16)	
O(1)	K(2)	N(8)	113.23(4)	N(5)	C(2)	N(8)	121.30(17)	
O(7)	K(2)	K(1)	106.66(3)	N(5)	C(2)	C(3)	109.23(16)	
O(7)	K(2)	K(1)	154.66(4)	C(3)	C(2)	N(8)	129.42(17)	

Table S4. Torsion Angles for 6

Table 54. Torsion Angles for 6										
А	В	С	D	Angle/°		А	В	С	D	Angle/°
K1	02	N1	01	-28.70(11)		K24	09	N8	C2	153.50(10)
K1	02	N1	N2	153.20(10)		K28	06	N7	05	-151.3(15)
K11	08	N6	O7	-52.28(15)		K28	06	N7	C4	27.80(18)
K11	08	N6	C4	127.96(14)		K24	N8	C2	N5	69.0(3)
K12	04	N3	O3	-156.6(14)		K24	N8	C2	C3	-108.2(3)
K12	O4	N3	C1	21.32(14)		O2	N1	N2	C3	-9.28(19)
K1	01	N1	O2	25.14(10)		08	N6	C4	N5	-176.2(16)
K1	01	N1	N2	-156.67(9)		08	N6	C4	N7	-7.3(2)
K13	O10	N8	K24	-173.9(3)		O4	N3	C1	N4	-19.90(18)
K13	O10	N8	09	-151.3(3)		O4	N3	C1	C3	162.92(16)
K13	O10	N8	C2	29.4(3)		01	N1	N2	C3	172.61(17)
K15	05	N7	06	-23.59(16)		O7	N6	C4	N5	4.02(18)
K15	05	N7	C4	157.24(14)		O7	N6	C4	N7	172.95(15)
K1	N1	O2	K26	121.73(10)		O10	N8	C2	N5	176.72(16)
K1	N1	01	K27	105.74(7)		O10	N8	C2	C3	-0.5(2)
K1	N1	N2	K13	-137.1(3)		09	N8	C2	N5	-2.59(19)
K1	N1	N2	C3	70.0(3)		09	N8	C2	C3	-179.83(16)

K12	N4	N5	C4	0.13(15)	0	5 N7	7 C4	N6	-160.6(15)
K12	N4	N5	C2	174.07(15)	0	5 N7	7 C4	N5	8.42(18)
K12	N4	C1	N3	8.96(14)	0	6 N7	7 C4	N6	20.2(2)
K12	N4	C1	C3	-173.4(14)	0	6 N7	7 C4	N5	-170.8(18)
K13	N2	N1	K1	-137.1(15)	Ν	1 N2	2 C3	C1	-46.6(2)
K13	N2	N1	O2	143.67(10)	Ν	1 N2	2 C3	C2	137.01(16)
K13	N2	N1	01	-34.45(12)	Ν	6 C4	N5	N4	-89.84(18)
K13	N2	C3	C1	168.35(15)	Ν	6 C4	N5	C2	97.70(19)
K13	N2	C3	C2	-8.02(17)	0	3 N3	C1	N4	158.13(17)
K26	O2	N1	01	93.03(16)	0	3 N3	C1	C3	-19.1(2)
K26	O2	N1	N2	-85.07(17)	Ν	4 N5	5 C4	N7	100.37(17)
K28	08	N6	O7	128.93(13)	Ν	4 N5	5 C2	N8	-178.4(14)
K28	08	N6	C4	-50.83(15)	Ν	4 N5	5 C2	C3	-0.64(16)
K29	04	N3	O3	-54.13(14)	Ν	4 C1	C3	N2	-178.7(14)
K29	04	N3	C1	123.76(11)	Ν	4 C1	C3	C2	-1.70(17)
K27	01	N1	02	130.88(14)	Ν	2 C3	G C1	N3	-1.5(3)
K27	01	N1	N2	-50.92(15)	Ν	2 C3	3 C2	N5	178.6(2)
K2	O 7	N6	08	90.8(2)	Ν	2 C3	C2	N8	-3.9(2)
K2	O7	N6	C4	-89.4(3)	Ν	5 C2	2 C3	C1	1.32(16)
K24	O10	N8	09	22.57(12)	Ν	18 C2	2 C3	C1	178.8(2)

3.Guassian calculation



Scheme S1. Isodesmic reactions of target compounds.

Sussia	E_0^a	$\mathrm{H_{corr}}^{\mathrm{b}}$	ZPE ^c	$\Delta H_{\rm f}{}^{\rm d}$
Specis	/Hatree	/ Hatree	/ Hatree	/ Hatree
$\begin{array}{c} O_2 NHN \\ O_2 N \longrightarrow NO_2 \\ N - N \\ O_2 N \longrightarrow NO_2 \\ NO_2 \end{array}$	-1340.4226	0.134116	0,011458	-151.9535387
$O_2 N N O_2 O_2 N O_2 O_2 N O_2 O_2 O_2 O_2 O_2 O_2 O_2 O_2 O_2 O_2$	-1339.8123	0.120089	0.100826	-38.5654
CH ₄	-40.39849	0.048605	0.044793	-74.6
NH3	-56.43418	0.03819	0.034372	-45.9
HN-N	-225.7181	0.075955	0.071265	105.4
CH ₃ NO ₂	-244.5544	0.055129	0.049856	-74.3
CH ₃ NH ₂	-95.63188	0.068401	0.064032	-23
⁻ NHNO ₂	-260.012	0.03044	0.026167	-84
⁻ CHC(NO ₂) ₂	-448.1641	0.046605	0.039726	-233
NH ₂ NO ₂	-260.5479	0.042613	0.039257	-6.1
K^+	_	_	_	501.1 ^[3]

 Table S5. Ab Initio computational data.

^a Total energy (E_0) calculated by MP2/6-311++G**//B3LYP/6-31+G** method; ^b Values of thermal correction (H_{corr}); ^c Zero-point energy correction (ZPE); ^d Heat of formation (ΔH_{f}).

Heat of formation

Calculations were carried out by using the Gaussian 09 (Revision E.01) suite of programs.^[4] The geometric optimization of the structures and frequency analyses were carried out by using the B3LYP functional with the 6-31+G**basis set, and single-point

energies were calculated at the MP2(full)/6-311++G**level. All of the optimized structures were characterized to be true local energy minima on the potential-energy surface without imaginary frequencies.



Figure S2. Born-Haber cycle for the formation for energetic salts. Based on the Born-Haber energy cycle (Figure S20), the heat of formation of a salt can be simplified according to Equation (1), where ΔHL is the lattice energy of the salt. $\Delta H_{\rm f}^{\rm o}(\text{ionic salt, 298K}) = \Delta H_{\rm f}^{\rm o}(\text{cation, 298K}) + \Delta H_{\rm f}^{\rm o}(\text{anion, 298K}) - \Delta H_{\rm L}$ (1)

The ΔH_L value could be predicted by the formula suggested by Jenkins et al [Eq. (2)]^[i], where U_{POT} is the lattice potential energy and n_M and n_X depend on the nature of the ions M^{p^+} and X^{q^-} , respectively, and are equal to three for monoatomic ions, five for linear polyatomic ions, and six for nonlinear polyatomic ions.

$$\Delta H_{\rm L} = U_{\rm POT} + [p(n_{\rm M}/2-2) + q(n_{\rm X}/2-2)] \text{RT}$$
(2)^[5]

The equation for the lattice potential energy, U_{POT} , takes the form of Equation (3), where ρ_m is the density (g cm⁻³), Mm is the chemical formula mass of the ionic material (g), and the coefficients γ (kJ⁻¹mol⁻¹cm) and δ (kJ⁻¹mol⁻¹) are assigned literature values (2:1 salts γ =8375.6, δ =-178.8; 1:1 salts γ =1981.2 δ =103.8)^[6].

$$U_{\rm POT} \,({\rm kJ}^{-1}{\rm mol}^{-1}) = \gamma \,(\rho_{\rm m}/M{\rm m})^{1/3} + \delta$$
 (3)

Table 50. Calculated heat of formation for 0 and 0.21120.								
	ΔH_L	$\Delta H_{\rm f}^{\rm cation}$	ΔH_{f}^{Anion}	$\Delta {H_f}^{298K}$				
Compound	(KJ/mol)	(KJ/mol)	(KJ/mol)	(KJ/mol)				
6	1279.3	501.1	-38.6	-315.7				
$8 \cdot 2 H_2 O$	1242.5	501.1	-152.0	-893.3				

Table S6. Calculated heat of formation for 6 and 8.2H₂O.

Detonation performances calculation

Detonation pressure (P) and detonation velocity (D) were calculation according to the Kamlet-Jacobs equations^[6].

$$D = 1.01 \left(N \overline{M}^{1/2} Q^{1/2} \right)^{1/2} (1 + 1.30\rho) \tag{4}$$

$$P = 1.558\rho^2 \overline{M}^{1/2} Q^{1/2}$$
(5)

where each term in eqs 4 and 5 is defined as follows: D, the detonation velocity (km s⁻¹); P, the detonation pressure (GPa); N, the moles of detonation gases per gram explosive; M the average molecular weight of these gases (g mol⁻¹); Q, the heat of

detonation^[6a] (cal g⁻¹); and ρ , the loaded density of explosives (g cm⁻³). The density calculated by single crystal X-ray diffractometer at low temperature were ture to density at 298K by the volume expansion equation (6).

$$\rho = \frac{\rho T}{(1 + \alpha v(298 - T))}; \ \alpha v = 1.5 \times 10^{-4} K^{-1}$$
(6)

4. NMR Spectrum of the prepared compounds



Figure S3. ¹H NMR spectrum of compound 4.



Figure S4. ¹³C NMR spectrum of compound 4.



Figure S5. ¹H NMR spectrum of compound 5.



Figure S6. ¹³C NMR spectrum of compound 5.



Figure S7. ¹³C NMR spectrum of compound 6.



Figure S8. ¹H NMR spectrum of compound 8·2H₂O.



Figure S9. ¹³C NMR spectrum of compound 8·2H₂O.



5. Mass spectrometry of compound 5 and 8.2H₂O.

Figure S10. The mass spectrum of compound 5.



Figure S11. The mass spectrum of compound 8.2H₂O.

6. DSC curves of compounds 6 and 8.2H₂O.



Figure S12. The DSC curves of compound 6.



Figure S13. The DSC curves of compound 8-2H₂O.

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