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Supporting Information

In vivo Delivery of Nuclear Targeted Drugs for Lung Cancer Using Novel Synthesis and Functionalization of Iron Oxide Nanocrystals

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Figure S1-S8



Figure S1. The hydrodynamic size distribution measured by dynamic light scattering shows a narrow size distributon with an average diameter of 65.7 ± 0.92 nm



Figure S2. The EDS analysis of PEG-DOX-y-Fe₂O₃-NC showed a strong signal from Fe and the presence of C, N and O due to DOX and PEG.



Figure S3. FTIR spectra of PEG, DOX and PEG-DOX-y-Fe₂O₃-NC.



Figure S4. (A) The established standard curve of DOX at about 480 nm by UV-VIS absorption spectra; (B) UV-VIS absorption spectrum of DOX in supernatant.

PRUSSIAN BLUE STAIN



CONTROL

 $24 h - \gamma - Fe_2O_3 - NC$

Figure S5. Prussian blue staining A) Control and B) cells were incubated with 25 μ g/mL PEG-DOX- γ -Fe₂O₃-NC for 24hr, and stained with 2 mL of Prussian blue solution at 37°C for 30min. A blue area or spot was observed in almost every cell (indicated by arrows).



Figure S6. Confocal microscopy image of A549 cells treated with PEG-DOX- γ -Fe₂O₃-NC. No DOX signal was obtained within 0 hr, but DOX was concentrated in the core within 3 hr, and evenly distributed DOX was also displayed around the core. Note: DOX (red) in cell.



Figure S7. Transmission electron microscopy of A549 cells showed the internalization of PEG-DOX- γ -Fe₂O₃-NC after 6 hr of incubation in the nucles. Note: The red arrow represents the collection of nanocrystals.



Figure S8. Pharmacokinetics and biodistribution of DOX formulations in vivo. (a) In vivo DOX pharmacokinetics after i.v. injection of free PEG-DOX- γ -Fe₂O₃-NC and in to Sprague-Dawley rat. (b) Average semiquantitative signals of major organs and tumor after i.v. injection. Data are presented as mean \pm SD (n = 3; *P < 0.05, ***P < 0.001).