

**Electrochemically synthesized SnO<sub>2</sub> with tuned oxygen vacancy for efficient  
electrocatalytic nitrogen fixation**

Xiaojia He,<sup>1</sup> Haoran Guo,<sup>2</sup> Tianhao Liao,<sup>1</sup> Yi Pu,<sup>1</sup> Long Lai,<sup>1</sup> Zihao Wang,<sup>1</sup> Hui Tang \*<sup>1</sup>

1 School of Materials and Energy, University of Electronic Science and Technology of China.  
Chengdu, 611731, China

2 School of Chemical Sciences, University of Chinese Academy of Sciences, 19 Yuquan Road,  
Shijingshan District, Beijing, 100049, PR China

\* Corresponding author: Hui Tang Email: tanghui@uestc.edu.cn

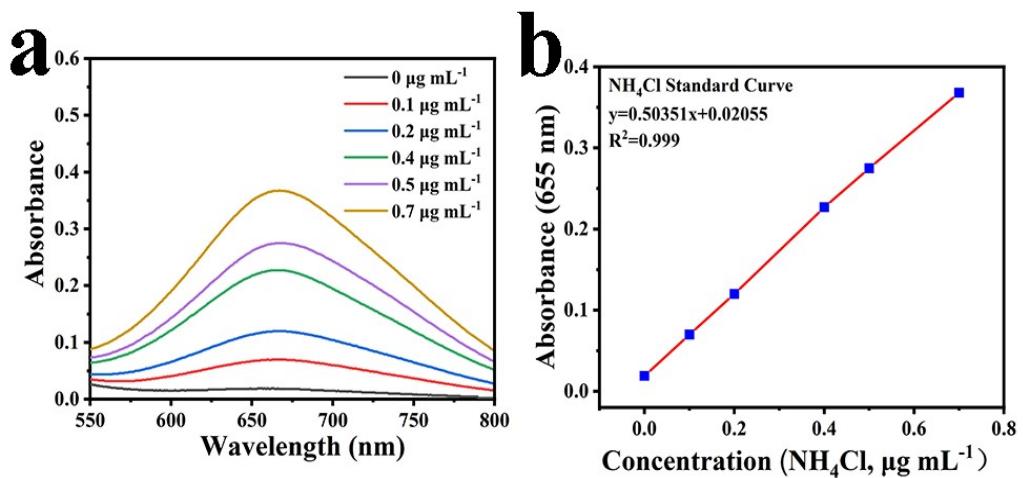


Fig. S1. (a) UV-Vis absorption spectra of indophenol assays with different  $\text{NH}_4\text{Cl}$  concentrations after incubated for 2 h in the dark. (b) Calibration curve used for calculation of  $\text{NH}_3$  concentrations by  $\text{NH}_4\text{Cl}$ .

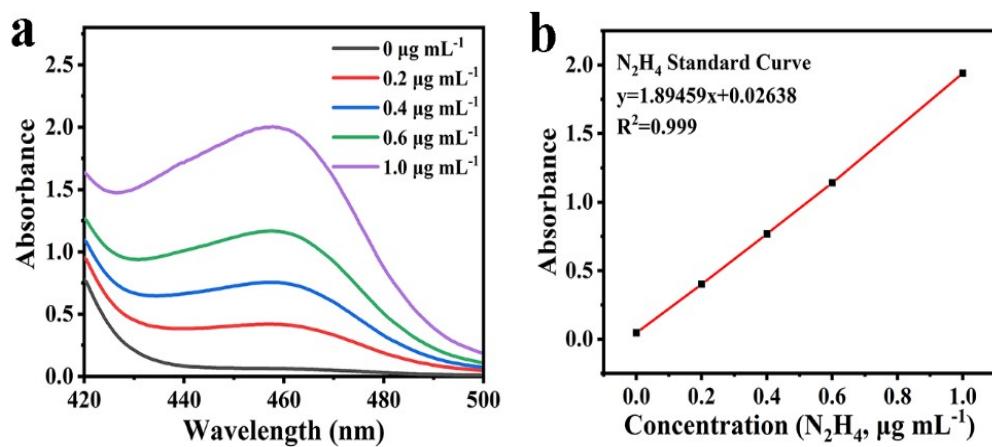


Fig. S2. (a) UV-Vis absorption spectra of various  $\text{N}_2\text{H}_4$  concentrations after adding into chemical indicator for 20 min in the dark. (b) Calibration curve used for calculation of  $\text{N}_2\text{H}_4$  concentrations.

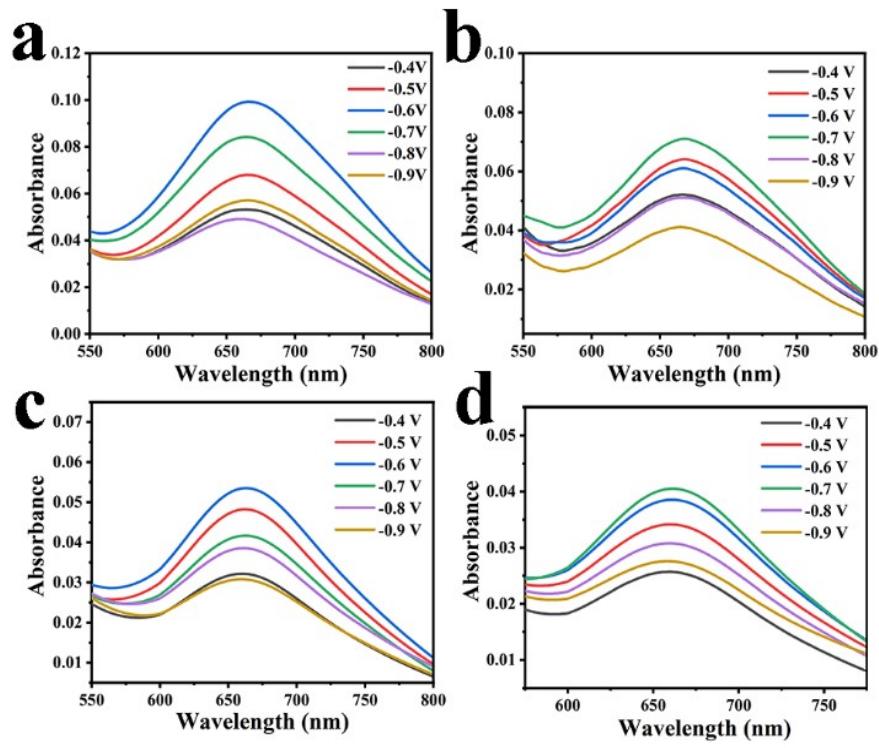


Fig. S3. UV-vis absorption spectra of the indophenol assays of the electrolyte after 2 h electrolysis of (a) SnO<sub>2</sub> (V<sub>O</sub>)<sub>12</sub>, (b) SnO<sub>2</sub> (V<sub>O</sub>)<sub>9</sub>, (c) SnO<sub>2</sub> (V<sub>O</sub>)<sub>6</sub> and (d) commercial SnO<sub>2</sub> at various potentials.

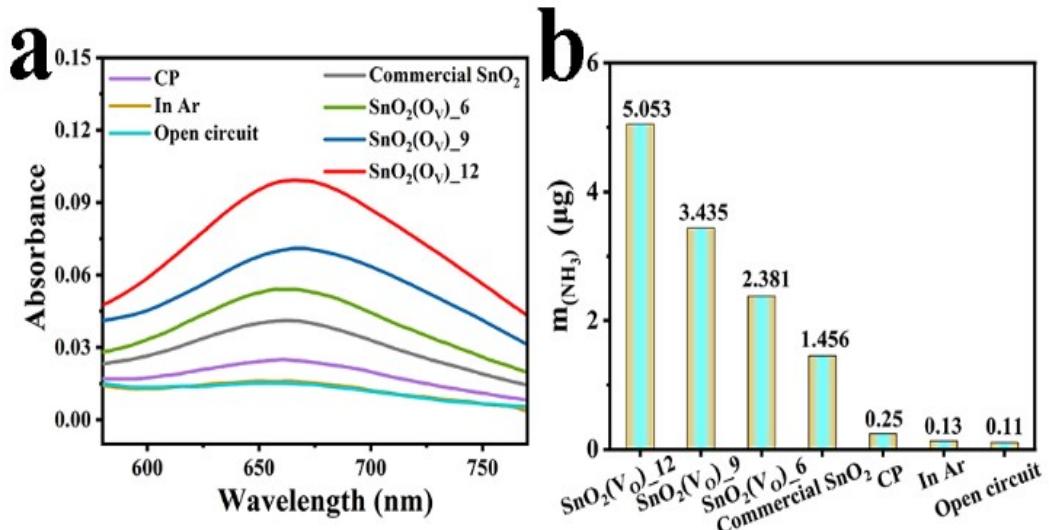


Fig.S4. (a) UV-vis absorption spectra of the indophenol assays of the electrolyte and (b) corresponding NH<sub>3</sub> yield after 2 h electrolysis at -0.6 V of SnO<sub>2</sub> (V<sub>O</sub>)<sub>6</sub> and SnO<sub>2</sub> (V<sub>O</sub>)<sub>12</sub>, at -0.7 V of SnO<sub>2</sub> (V<sub>O</sub>)<sub>9</sub> and commercial SnO<sub>2</sub>, at -0.6 V of SnO<sub>2</sub> (V<sub>O</sub>)<sub>12</sub> in Ar-saturated, at -0.6 V of pure carbon paper, and of SnO<sub>2</sub> (V<sub>O</sub>)<sub>12</sub> at open circuit.

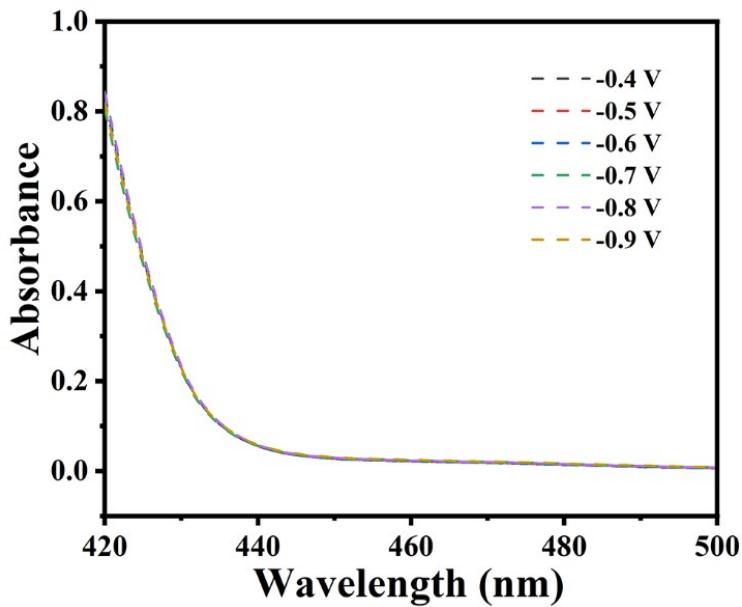


Fig.S5. UV-Vis absorption spectra of the electrolytes estimated by the method of Watt and Chrisp after electrolysis in N<sub>2</sub>-saturated 0.1 M Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub> at various potentials for 2 h of SnO<sub>2</sub> (V<sub>O</sub>) \_12 nanoparticles.

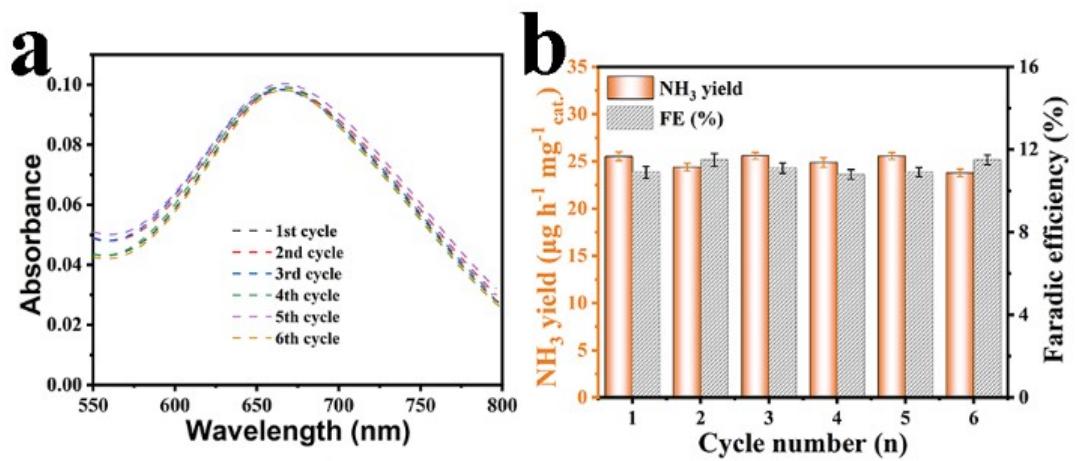


Fig.S6. (a) UV-vis absorption spectra of the indophenol assays of the electrolyte and (b) corresponding NH<sub>3</sub> yield rates and FEs after 2 h electrolysis at – 0.6 V of SnO<sub>2</sub> (V<sub>O</sub>)<sub>12</sub>.

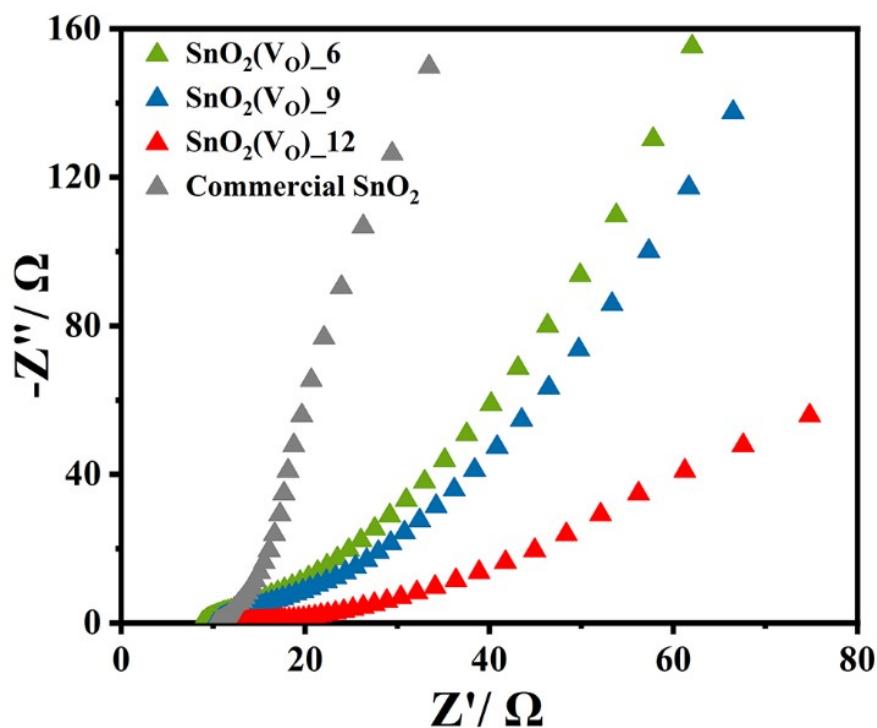


Fig.S7. The EIS plots for  $\text{SnO}_2(\text{V}_\text{O})_6$ ,  $\text{SnO}_2(\text{V}_\text{O})_9$ ,  $\text{SnO}_2(\text{V}_\text{O})_{12}$ , and commercial  $\text{SnO}_2$  in  $\text{N}_2$ -saturated electrolyte. For comparison, the  $R_\Omega$  was omitted in the Nyquist plots.

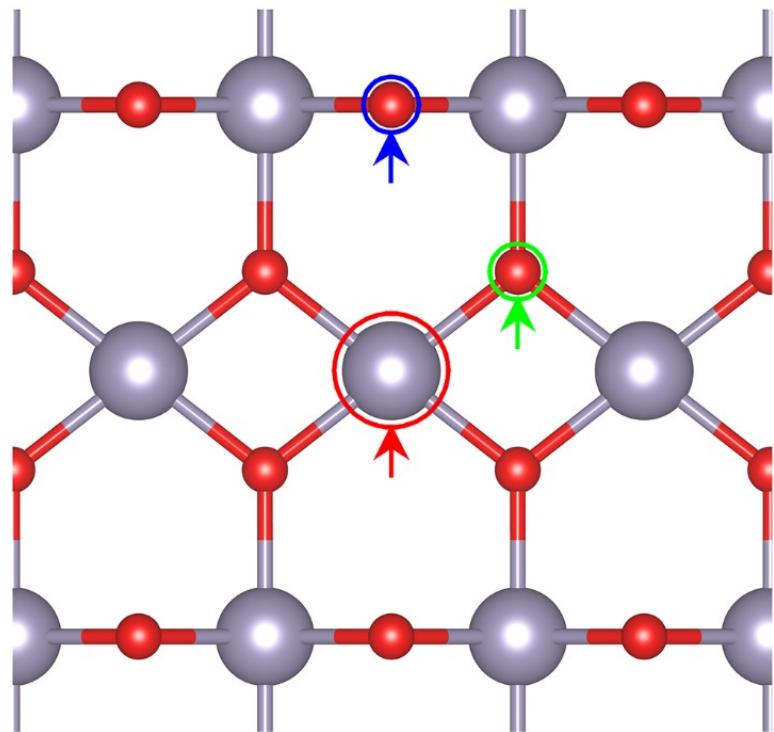


Fig. S8. Top view of  $\text{SnO}_2(110)$ . The active site,  $\text{O}_{\text{side}}$  and  $\text{O}_{\text{top}}$  are marked in red, green and blue circles.

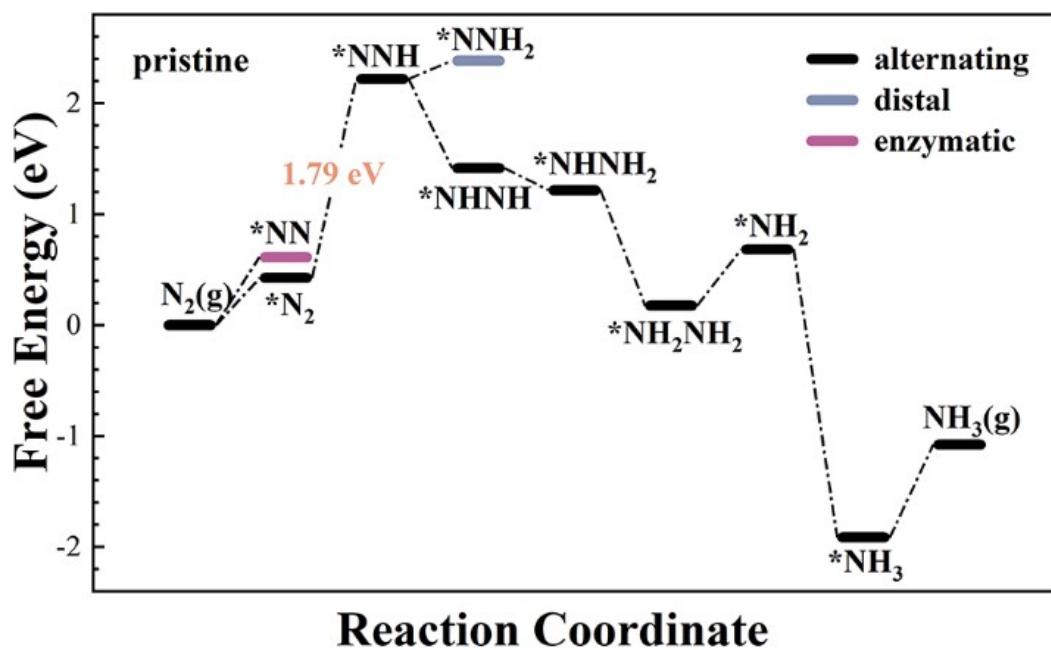


Fig. S9. Calculated free energy changes of NRR on pristine  $\text{SnO}_2(110)$  surface.

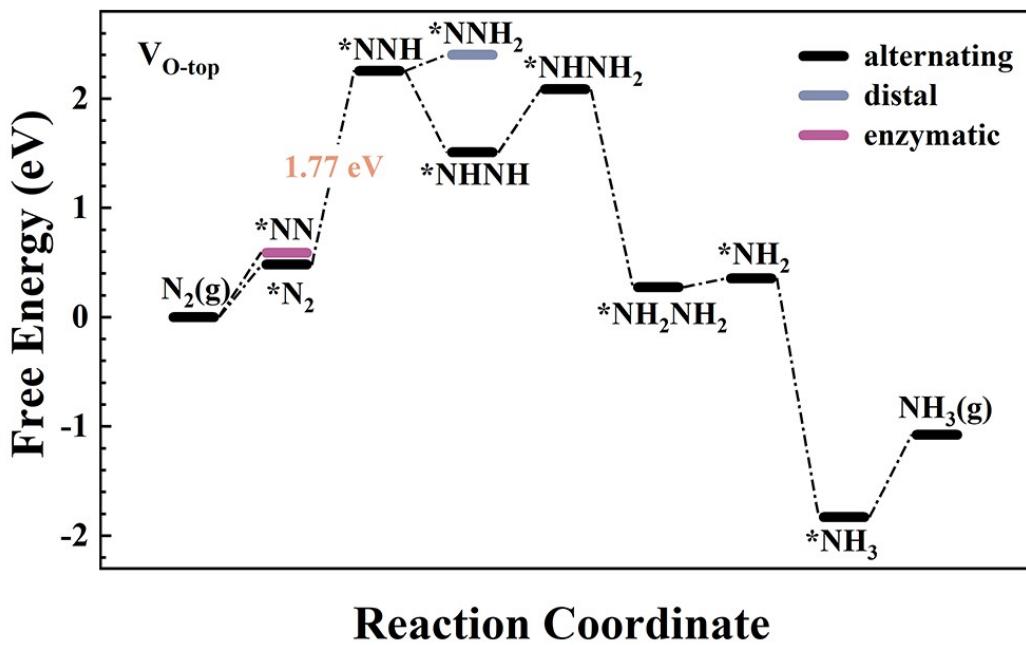


Fig. S10. Calculated free energy changes of NRR process on  $\text{V}_{\text{O-top}} \text{SnO}_2(110)$  surface.

Table S1. the comparative electrocatalytic NRR performance among the SnO<sub>2</sub> (V<sub>O</sub>)\_12 sample and other metal oxide catalysts under ambient conditions.

Catalyst	Electrolyte	NH <sub>3</sub> yield rate	FE %	Ref.
SnO <sub>2</sub> (V <sub>O</sub> )_12	0.1 M Na <sub>2</sub> SO <sub>4</sub>	25.27 μg h <sup>-1</sup> mg <sup>-1</sup> <sub>cat</sub>	11.48	This work
R-WO <sub>3</sub> NSs	0.1 M HCl	17.28 μg h <sup>-1</sup> mg <sup>-1</sup> <sub>cat</sub>	7.0	<sup>1</sup>
hollow Cr <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub> microspheres	0.1 M Na <sub>2</sub> SO <sub>4</sub>	25.3 μg h <sup>-1</sup> mg <sup>-1</sup> <sub>cat</sub>	6.78	<sup>2</sup>
Bi <sub>4</sub> O <sub>11</sub> /CeO <sub>2</sub>	0.1 M Na <sub>2</sub> SO <sub>4</sub>	23.21 μg h <sup>-1</sup> mg <sup>-1</sup> <sub>cat</sub>	10.16	<sup>3</sup>
MoO <sub>3</sub> nanosheets	0.1 M HCl	29.43 μg h <sup>-1</sup> mg <sup>-1</sup> <sub>cat</sub>	1.9	<sup>4</sup>
Co <sub>3</sub> O <sub>4</sub> @NCs	0.05 M H <sub>2</sub> SO <sub>4</sub>	42.58 μg h <sup>-1</sup> mg <sup>-1</sup> <sub>cat</sub>	8.5	<sup>5</sup>
Activated TiO <sub>2</sub> with tuned vacancy	0.1M HCl	3.0 μg h <sup>-1</sup> mg <sup>-1</sup> <sub>cat</sub>	6.5	<sup>6</sup>
Nb <sub>2</sub> O <sub>5</sub> nanofiber	0.1M HCl	43.6 μg h <sup>-1</sup> mg <sup>-1</sup> <sub>cat</sub>	9.26	<sup>7</sup>
β-Bi <sub>3</sub> O <sub>4</sub>	0.01 M Na <sub>2</sub> SO <sub>4</sub>	19.93 μg h <sup>-1</sup> mg <sup>-1</sup> <sub>cat</sub>	4.3	<sup>8</sup>
Au/TiO <sub>2</sub>	0.1 M HCl	21.4 μg h <sup>-1</sup> mg <sup>-1</sup> <sub>cat</sub>	8.1	<sup>9</sup>
Au@SnO <sub>2</sub>	0.1 M HCl	21.9 μg h <sup>-1</sup> mg <sup>-1</sup> <sub>cat</sub>	15.2	<sup>10</sup>
Fe <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub> nanorod	0.1 M Na <sub>2</sub> SO <sub>4</sub>	15.9 μg h <sup>-1</sup> mg <sup>-1</sup> <sub>cat</sub>	0.94	<sup>11</sup>
Fe-SnO <sub>2</sub>	0.1 M HCl	82.7 μg h <sup>-1</sup> mg <sup>-1</sup> <sub>cat</sub>	20.4	<sup>12</sup>
Al-Doped Co <sub>3</sub> O <sub>4</sub>	0.1 M KOH	6.48×10 <sup>-11</sup> mol s <sup>-1</sup> cm <sup>-2</sup>	6.25	<sup>13</sup>
Mn <sub>3</sub> O <sub>4</sub> @rGO	0.1 m Na <sub>2</sub> SO <sub>4</sub>	17.4 μg h <sup>-1</sup> mg <sup>-1</sup> <sub>cat</sub>	3.52	<sup>14</sup>
Spinel Fe <sub>3</sub> O <sub>4</sub> nanorod	0.1 M Na <sub>2</sub> SO <sub>4</sub>	5.6 × 10 <sup>-11</sup> mol s <sup>-1</sup> cm <sup>-2</sup>	2.6	<sup>15</sup>
Mn <sub>3</sub> O <sub>4</sub> nanocube	0.1 m Na <sub>2</sub> SO <sub>4</sub>	11.6μg h <sup>-1</sup> mg <sup>-1</sup> <sub>cat</sub>	3.0	<sup>16</sup>

Table S2. Calculated zero-point energies and entropy of different adsorption species, where the \* denotes the adsorption site. T was set as 300K.

<b>Adsorption Species</b>	<b><math>E_{ZPE}</math> (eV)</b>	<b><math>T\Delta S</math> (eV)</b>
<b>*N<sub>2</sub></b>	0.21	0.12
<b>*NNH</b>	0.45	0.13
<b>*NHNH</b>	0.79	0.10
<b>*NHNH<sub>2</sub></b>	1.17	0.11
<b>*NH<sub>2</sub>NH<sub>2</sub></b>	1.52	0.13
<b>*NH<sub>2</sub></b>	0.73	0.06
<b>*NH<sub>3</sub></b>	1.01	0.12
<b>*NN</b>	0.21	0.13
<b>*NNH<sub>2</sub></b>	0.85	0.10

## Reference

1. W. Kong, R. Zhang, X. Zhang, L. Ji, G. Yu, T. Wang, Y. Luo, X. Shi, Y. Xu and X. Sun, *Nanoscale*, 2019, **11**, 19274-19277.
2. Y. Zhang, W. Qiu, Y. Ma, Y. Luo, Z. Tian, G. Cui, F. Xie, L. Chen, T. Li and X. Sun, *Acs Catalysis*, 2018, **8**, 8540-8544.
3. C. Lv, C. Yan, G. Chen, Y. Ding, J. Sun, Y. Zhou and G. Yu, *Angewandte Chemie-International Edition*, 2018, **57**, 6073-6076.
4. J. R. Han, X. Q. Ji, X. Ren, G. W. Cui, L. Li, F. Y. Xie, H. Wang, B. H. Li and X. P. Sun, *J. Mater. Chem. A*, 2018, **6**, 12974-12977.
5. S. Luo, X. Li, B. Zhang, Z. Luo and M. Luo, *ACS Appl. Mater. Interfaces*, 2019, **11**, 26891-26897.
6. Z. Han, C. Choi, S. Hong, T.-S. Wu, Y.-L. Soo, Y. Jung, J. Qiu and Z. Sun, *Applied Catalysis B: Environmental*, 2019, **257**, 117896.
7. J. Han, Z. Liu, Y. Ma, G. Cui, F. Xie, F. Wang, Y. Wu, S. Gao, Y. Xu and X. Sun, *Nano Energy*, 2018, **52**, 264-270.
8. B. Chang, Q. Liu, N. Chen and Y. Yang, *Chemcatchem*, 2019, **11**, 1884-1888.
9. M. M. Shi, D. Bao, B. R. Wulan, Y. H. Li, Y. F. Zhang, J. M. Yan and Q. Jiang, *Adv Mater*, 2017, **29**, 28240391.
10. P. Wang, Y. Ji, Q. Shao, Y. Li and X. Huang, *Science Bulletin*, 2020, **65**, 350-358.
11. X. Xiang, Z. Wang, X. Shi, M. Fan and X. Sun, *ChemCatChem*, 2018, **10**, 4530-4535.
12. L. Zhang, M. Cong, X. Ding, Y. Jin, F. Xu, Y. Wang, L. Chen and L. Zhang,

*Angew Chem Int Ed Engl*, 2020, **59**, 10888-10893.

13. X.-W. Lv, Y. Liu, R. Hao, W. Tian and Z.-Y. Yuan, *ACS Appl. Mater. Interfaces*, 2020, **12**, 17502-17508.
14. H. Huang, F. Gong, Y. Wang, H. Wang, X. Wu, W. Lu, R. Zhao, H. Chen, X. Shi, A. M. Asiri, T. Li, Q. Liu and X. Sun, *Nano Research*, 2019, **12**, 1093-1098.
15. Q. Liu, X. X. Zhang, B. Zhang, Y. L. Luo, G. W. Cui, F. Y. Xie and X. P. Sun, *Nanoscale*, 2018, **10**, 14386-14389.
16. X. Wu, L. Xia, Y. Wang, W. Lu, Q. Liu, X. Shi and X. Sun, *Small*, 2018, **14**, 10.1002/smll.201803111.