Supplementary Material

Z-Scheme Heterostructures for Glucose Oxidase-Sensitized Radiocatalysis and Starvation Therapy of Tumors

Ze Wang, †^a Lu Wang, †^c Shuwei Liu, ^b Mengsi Zhang, ^a Yunfeng Li, ^{a,b} Li Rong, ^b Yi Liu^{*a} and Hao Zhang^{a,b}

- a State Key Laboratory of Supramolecular Structure and Materials, College of Chemistry, Jilin University, Changchun 130012, P. R. China. Email: yiliuchem@jlu.edu.cn
- b Optical Functional Theranostics Joint Laboratory of Medicine and Chemistry, The First Hospital of Jilin University, Changchun 130021, P. R. China.
- c Department of Oral Pathology, School and Hospital of Stomatology, Jilin University, Changchun 130021, P. R. China.

+ These authors contributed equally to this work.



Figure S1. Size distribution of BiOI NSs (a) and $BiOI/Bi_2S_3$ NSs (b).



Figure S2. TEM image of BiOI (a) and BiOI/Bi $_2S_3$ (b) NSs. The scale bars are 100 nm.



Figure S3. EDS spectra of BiOI and BiOI/Bi₂S₃ NSs.



Figure S4. (a) XRD patterns of BiOI and BiOI/Bi₂S₃ NSs (The diffraction peaks marked by the red star are related to Bi_2S_3). (b) Enlarged XRD pattern of BiOI and BiOI/Bi₂S₃ NSs. (c) UV-vis absorption spectra of BiOI and BiOI/Bi₂S₃ NSs. Inset: photos of the NSs chloroform solutions. (d) Plot of $(\alpha hv)^2$ versus the energy calculated by (c).



Figure S5. (a) Full XPS spectra of BiOI NSs. (b-d) XPS spectra of Bi 4f, I 3d and O 1s in BiOI NSs.



Figure S6. (a) Full XPS spectra of BiOI/Bi₂S₃ NSs. (b-d) XPS spectra of Bi 4f, S 2p, I 3d and O 1s in BiOI/Bi₂S₃ NSs.



Figure S7. TEM images of BiOI/Bi₂S₃ NSs (a), BiOI/Bi₂S₃@polydopamine NSs (b), and BBFG NSs (c). The scale bars are 50 nm.



Figure S8. FTIR spectra of BiOI/Bi₂S₃, BiOI/Bi₂S₃@polydopamine, BBFG NSs, GOx and NH₂-PEG-FA.



Figure S9. UV-vis absorption spectra of BiOI/Bi₂S₃ and BiOI/Bi₂S₃@polydopamine NSs.



Figure S10. UPS, UV-vis absorption spectra and plot of $(\alpha hv)^2$ versus the energy of BiOCl (a-d), BiOBr (e-h), and BiOI (i-l).



Figure S11. Fluorescence intensity of disodium terephthalate for ·OH detection under different treatments (radiation: 300 W Xenon lamp).



Figure S12. Photographs of BBFG NSs dissolved in different solutions at 0 and 24 h.



Figure S13. Cell viability of Ealy 926 and Hela cells co-cultured with BBF NSs at different concentrations for 24 h (n=5).



Figure S14. Cell viability of Ealy 926 and Hela cells under different glucose concentration for 24 h (n=5).



Figure S15. Photographs of Hela cells taken by FV1000 laser scanning confocal microscopy after co-cultured with FITC-labeled BBFG NSs for 24 h (scale bar is $60 \mu m$).



Figure S16. FITC fluorescence intensity in Figure S15.



Figure S17. Cell uptake of BBG and BBFG NSs after co-cultured with Hela cells for 24 h (n=3).



Figure S18. Photographs of Hela cells under pH staining after co-cultured with BBFG NSs for 24 h (a-c) and the corresponding fluorescence intensities (d) (scale bar is $200 \ \mu m$).



Figure S19. H₂O₂ concentration of Hela cells after different treatments.



Figure S20. Clonogenic assay of Hela cells under different treatments.



Figure S21. Hemodynamic analysis of BBFG NSs determined by calculating Bi concentration upon ICP measurement after intravenous injection.



Figure S22. Biodistribution of BBFG NSs determined by calculating Bi concentration upon ICP measurement after intravenous injection (n=3).



Figure S23. Blood hematology analyses of mice in each group (n=3).



Figure S24. H&E stained photographs of organs (heart, liver, spleen, lung, kidney) of mice in each group after treatments (scale bar is 100 µm).

	Bi	Ι	S
BiOI	1	0.88	0
BiOI/Bi ₂ S ₃	1	0.65	0.48

Table S1. Elemental composition of BiOI and $BiOI/Bi_2S_3$ NSs by EDS measurement.