

## Supporting information

# Enantioselective vinylogous aldol reaction of acylphosphonates with 3-alkylidene oxindoles

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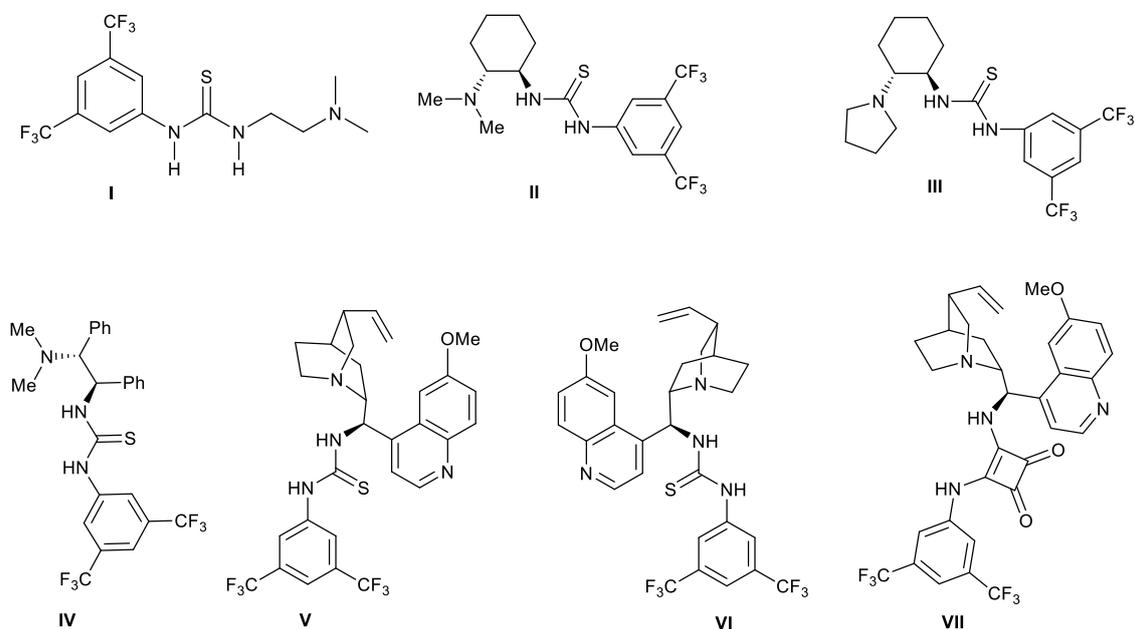
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## Experimental Section

### General Information

$^1\text{H}$  and  $^{13}\text{C}$  NMR spectra were recorded on a Bruker AV-300 instrument (300/400 MHz and 75/100 MHz, respectively) and internally referenced to Tetramethylsilane signal or residual protonated solvent signals. Data for  $^1\text{H}$  NMR are reported as follows: chemical shift ( $\delta$ , ppm), multiplicity (s- singlet; d- doublet; t- triplet; q- quartet; m- multiplet), integration, coupling constant (Hz). Data for  $^{13}\text{C}$  NMR are reported in terms of chemical shift ( $\delta$ , ppm). Perkin Elmer FT-IR Spectrometer was used to record infrared spectra and is reported in frequency of absorption. MS-TOF mass spectrometer and ESI mass spectrometer were used to record low resolution and high resolution mass spectra. Column chromatographic separations were carried out on silica gel (230–400 mesh). High performance liquid chromatography (HPLC) analysis was performed on an Agilent 1220 Infinity LC instrument equipped with a quaternary pump, using a Chiralpak IA-IH, AS-H Column (250x4.6mm). UV absorption was monitored at 254 nm.

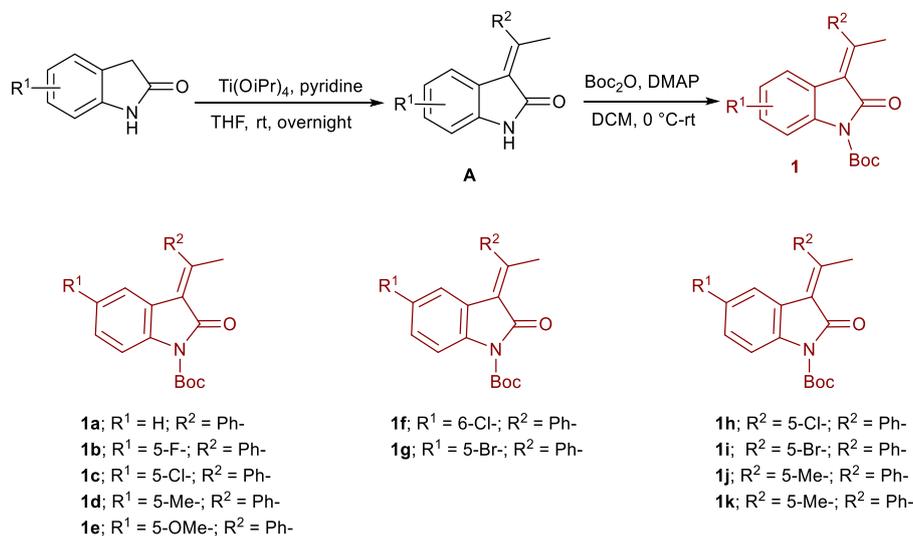
**Preparation of the catalysts:** Catalyst **I-VII** was prepared according to known literature procedures (Figure S1).<sup>1</sup>



**Figure S1** The structure of catalysts used.

## Preparation of the substrates:

**Synthesis of 3-alkylidene oxindole.** 3-alkylidene oxindole were prepared by following the reported literature procedure (Scheme S1).<sup>2</sup>

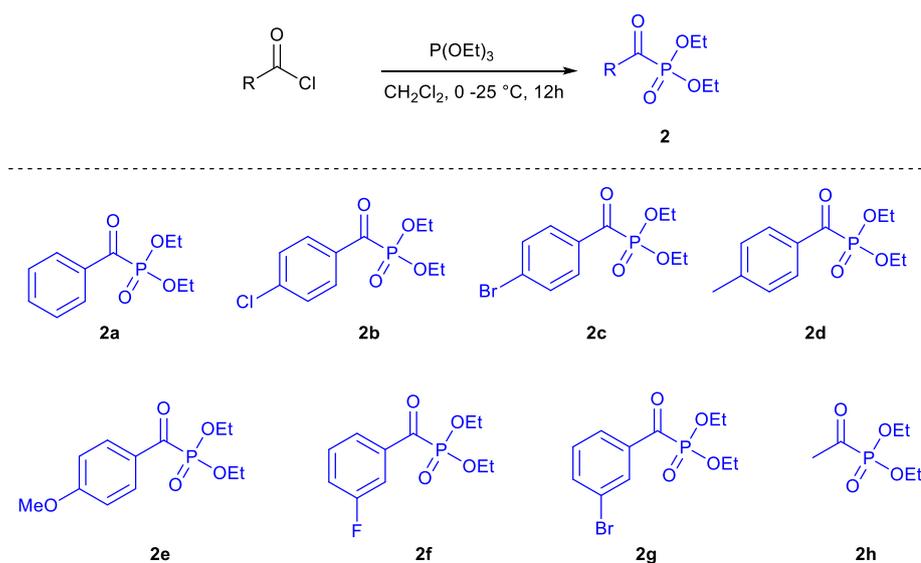


### Scheme S1 Synthesis of 3-alkylidene oxindole.

A mixture of 2-oxindole (10 mmol), acetophenone (12 mmol), and pyridine (20 mmol) in dry THF (20 ml) was stirred for 10 min followed by addition of titanium isopropoxide (30 mmol). The resulting mixture was stirred at room temperature for 15h. The reaction mixture was diluted with ethyl acetate and wash with 1N HCl, NaHCO<sub>3</sub>, and brine. The organic layer was dried over Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>, concentrated, and purified by chromatography to provide intermediate **A**. Subsequently, the intermediate **A** in 50 ml of DCM was treated with *Boc*-anhydride (12 mmol), and DMAP (2 mmol) at 0 °C. The solution was then allowed to room temperature, and was stirred for 4h. After quenching with water, the reaction mixture was extracted with ethyl acetate. Organic phase was washed with water and brine, dried (MgSO<sub>4</sub>), and solvent was evaporated in vacuum. The residue was purified by flash chromatography on silica gel.

**Synthesis of  $\alpha$ -ketophosphonates:**  $\alpha$ -ketophosphonates were prepared by following the reported literature procedure (Scheme S2).<sup>3</sup>

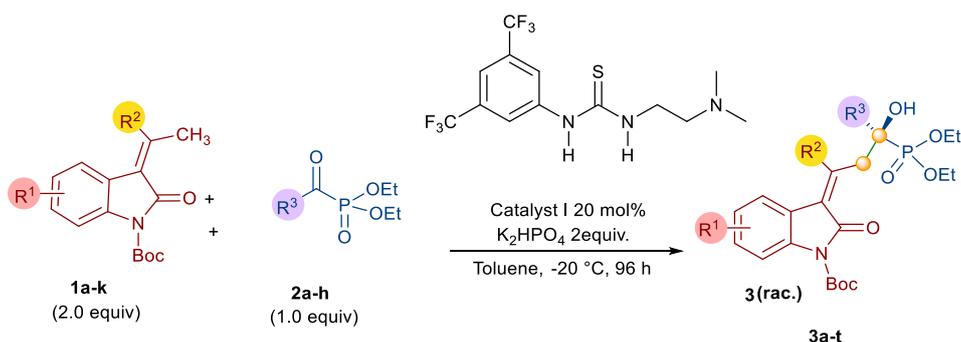
In an oven dried round bottom flask fitted with a magnetic stir-bar, aryl chloride (1.1 equiv) was taken and cooled to 0 °C. Trialkyl phosphite (1.0 equiv) was added dropwise and the resulting reaction mixture was brought to 25 °C and stirred for 12 h. Reaction mixture was concentrated under *vacuo* and crude product was purified by vacuum distillation.



**Scheme S2.** Synthesis of  $\alpha$ -ketophosphonates.

### Preparation of racemic aldol adducts

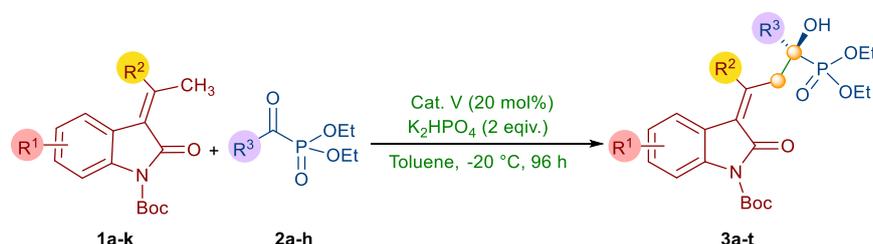
In an oven and vacuum-dried reaction tube, catalyst **I** (0.02 mmol, 0.2 equiv),  $\alpha$  ketophosphonate **2** (0.1 mmol, 1.0 equiv) and 3-alkylidene oxindole **1** (0.2 mmol, 2.0 equiv) were taken in 1 mL of dried toluene under positive argon pressure. In the resulting homogenous mixture,  $\text{K}_2\text{HPO}_4$  (0.2 mmol, 2.0 equiv) was added at  $-20^\circ\text{C}$  and it was kept at  $-20^\circ\text{C}$  for 96 hrs. The reaction mixture was directly processed for the purification by silica gel column chromatography (eluent: EtOAc/Petroleum ether = 4/6, v/v) without workup (Scheme S3).



**Scheme S3.** Preparation of racemic aldol adducts.

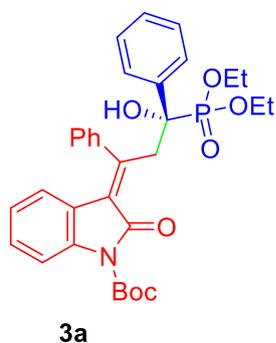
## General procedure for asymmetric vinylogous aldol products

In an oven and vacuum-dried reaction tube, catalyst **V** (0.02 mmol, 0.2 equiv),  $\alpha$  ketophosphonates **2** (0.1 mmol, 1.0 equiv) and 3-alkylidene oxindole **1** (0.2 mmol, 2.0 equiv) were taken in 1 mL of dried toluene under positive argon pressure. In the resulting homogenous mixture,  $K_2HPO_4$  (0.2 mmol, 2.0 equiv) was added at  $-20\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$  and it was kept at  $-20\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$  for 96 hrs. The reaction mixture was directly processed for the purification by silica gel column chromatography (eluent: EtOAc/Petroleum ether = 4/6, v/v) without any workup (Scheme S4).



**Scheme S4.** General procedure for asymmetric vinylogous aldol products.

*tert*-butyl (*S*, *E*)-3-(3-(diethoxyphosphoryl)-3-hydroxy-1,3-diphenylpropylidene)-2-

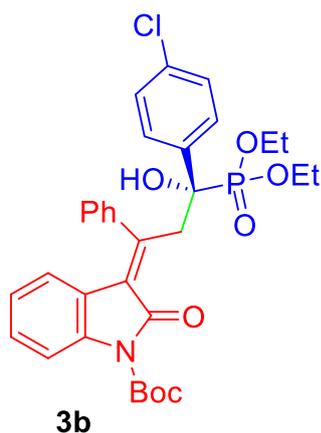


**oxoindoline-1-carboxylate (3a):** In an oven and vacuum-dried reaction tube, catalyst **V** (11.9 mg, 0.02 mmol, 0.2 equiv),  $\alpha$  ketophosphonate **2a** (24.2 mg, 0.1 mmol, 1.0 equiv) and 3-alkylidene oxindole **1a** (67.2 mg, 0.2 mmol, 2.0 equiv) were taken in 1 mL of freshly distilled toluene under positive argon pressure. In the resulting homogenous mixture,  $K_2HPO_4$  (34.6 mg, 0.2 mmol, 2.0 equiv) was added at  $-20\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$  and it was kept at  $-20\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$  for 96 h. The reaction mixture

was directly processed for the purification by silica gel column chromatography (eluent: EtOAc/Petroleum ether = 4/6, v/v) without any workup to give light yellow solid **3a** (47.2 mg, 82% yield).  $R_f = 0.33$  (ethyl acetate/petroleum ether = 4/6); The *ee* of the **3a** was determined to be 99% [determined by HPLC, Chiralpak IC, hexane: isopropanol = 60:40, 1 mL/min,  $\lambda = 254\text{ nm}$ ,  $t$  (major) = 8.74 min,  $t$  (minor) = 8.13 min].  $[\alpha]_D^{25}$  (**3a**) =  $-166.66^\circ$  (c 0.13,  $CHCl_3$ );  $^1H\text{ NMR}$  (400 MHz,  $CDCl_3$ )  $\delta$  7.77 (d,  $J = 7.88\text{ Hz}$ , 1H), 7.41-7.25 (m, 3H), 7.19-7.08 (m, 2H), 7.08 – 6.87 (m, 4H), 6.80-6.68 (m, 1H), 6.63 (t,  $J = 7.27\text{ Hz}$ , 1H), 6.26 (d,  $J = 6.19\text{ Hz}$ , 1H), 6.01 (d,  $J = 7.45\text{ Hz}$ , 1H), 5.51 (s, 1H), 4.90 (dd,  $J = 12.4, 9.3\text{ Hz}$ , 1H), 4.44-4.22 (m, 2H), 3.95 – 3.73 (m, 1H), 3.60-3.37 (m, 2H), 1.66 (s, 9H), 1.46 (t,  $J = 6.86\text{ Hz}$ , 3H), 0.98 (t,  $J = 6.79$

Hz, 3H);  $^{13}\text{C}$  NMR (101 MHz,  $\text{CDCl}_3$ )  $\delta$  168.85, 155.82 (d,  $J = 16.85$  Hz), 149.26, 141.89, 138.41, 137.00, 129.02, 128.42, 128.26, 128.09, 128.01, 127.50 (d,  $J = 2.9$  Hz), 127.05 (d,  $J = 3.1$  Hz), 126.51 (d,  $J = 4.6$  Hz), 125.52, 123.76, 122.96 (d,  $J = 2.0$  Hz), 114.48, 84.62, 79.41, 64.19 (d,  $J = 7.32$  Hz), 63.32 (d,  $J = 8.16$  Hz), 43.21 (d,  $J = 9.06$  Hz), 28.30 (d,  $J = 11.11$  Hz), 16.62 (d,  $J = 6.00$  Hz), 16.26 (d,  $J = 5.42$  Hz);  $^{31}\text{P}$  NMR (162 MHz,  $\text{CDCl}_3$ )  $\delta$  21.69; **HRMS ESI**:  $[\text{M}+\text{Na}]^+$ , Calcd for  $\text{C}_{32}\text{H}_{36}\text{NNaO}_7\text{P}$  600.2127; found 600.2120.

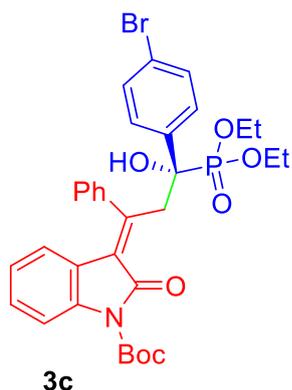
*tert*-butyl (S,



*E*)-3-(3-(4-chlorophenyl)-3-(diethoxyphosphoryl)-3-hydroxy-1-phenylpropylidene)-2-oxindoline-1-carboxylate (**3b**):

In an oven and vacuum-dried reaction tube, catalyst **V** (11.9mg, 0.02 mmol, 0.2 equiv),  $\alpha$ -ketophosphonate **2b** (27.6 mg, 0.1 mmol, 1.0 equiv) and 3-alkylidene oxindole **1a** (67.2 mg, 0.2 mmol, 2.0 equiv) were taken in 1 mL of freshly distilled toluene under positive argon pressure. In the resulting homogenous mixture,  $\text{K}_2\text{HPO}_4$  (34.6 mg, 0.2 mmol, 2.0 equiv) was added at  $-20$  °C and it was kept at  $-20$  °C for 96 h. The reaction mixture was directly processed for the purification by silica gel column chromatography (eluent: EtOAc/Petroleum ether = 4/6, v/v) without any workup to give light yellow solid **3b** (41.5 mg, 68% yield).  $R_f = 0.33$  (ethyl acetate/petroleum ether = 4/6); The *ee* of the **3b** was determined to be 99% [determined by HPLC, Chiralpak IC, hexane: isopropanol = 60:40, 1 mL/min,  $\lambda = 254$  nm,  $t$  (major) = 8.58 min,  $t$  (minor) = 16.22 min].  $[\alpha]_D^{25}$  (**3b**) =  $-243.10^\circ$  (c 0.12,  $\text{CHCl}_3$ );  $^1\text{H}$  NMR (300 MHz,  $\text{CDCl}_3$ )  $\delta$  7.77 (d,  $J = 8.20$  Hz, 1H), 7.49 – 7.28 (m, 3H), 7.25 – 7.08 (m, 2H), 7.03 (d,  $J = 7.46$  Hz, 1H), 6.97 – 6.77 (m, 3H), 6.65 (t,  $J = 7.70$  Hz, 1H), 6.30 (d,  $J = 7.67$  Hz, 1H), 6.09 (d,  $J = 7.78$  Hz, 1H), 5.58 (s, 1H), 4.89 (dd,  $J = 12.74, 8.72$  Hz, 1H), 4.44 – 4.22 (m, 2H), 4.00 – 3.77 (m, 1H), 3.69 – 3.56 (m, 1H), 3.48 (dd,  $J = 12.67, 2.41$  Hz, 1H), 1.66 (s, 9H), 1.46 (t,  $J = 7.02$  Hz, 3H), 1.03 (t,  $J = 7.03$  Hz, 3H);  $^{13}\text{C}$  NMR (75 MHz,  $\text{CDCl}_3$ )  $\delta$  168.93, 155.20 (d,  $J = 16.64$  Hz), 149.18, 141.77, 138.45, 136.01, 133.08 (d,  $J = 3.83$  Hz), 129.19, 128.46, 128.24, 128.17, 128.07, 128.05, 127.99, 127.21, 125.63, 123.86, 122.88 (d,  $J = 6.4$  Hz), 114.55, 84.74, 79.41, 64.27 (d,  $J = 7.33$  Hz), 63.50 (d,  $J = 8.30$  Hz), 43.52 (d,  $J = 8.69$  Hz), 28.25, 16.63 (d,  $J = 5.84$  Hz), 16.35 (d,  $J = 5.38$  Hz).  $^{31}\text{P}$  NMR (121 MHz,  $\text{CDCl}_3$ )  $\delta$  21.17; **HRMS ESI**:  $[\text{M}+\text{Na}]^+$ , Calcd for  $\text{C}_{32}\text{H}_{35}\text{ClNNaO}_7\text{P}$  634.1737; found 634.1732.

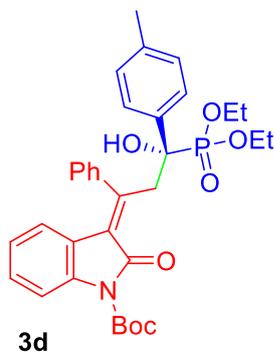
*tert*-butyl (S,



*E*)-3-(3-(4-bromophenyl)-3-(diethoxyphosphoryl)-3-hydroxy-1-phenylpropylidene)-2-oxindoline-1-carboxylate (**3c**):

In an oven and vacuum-dried reaction tube, catalyst **V** (11.9 mg, 0.02 mmol, 0.2 equiv),  $\alpha$ -ketophosphonate **2c** (31.9 mg, 0.1 mmol, 1.0 equiv) and 3-alkylidene oxindole **1a** (67.2 mg, 0.2 mmol, 2.0 equiv) were taken in 1 mL of freshly distilled toluene under positive argon pressure. In the resulting homogenous mixture,  $K_2HPO_4$  (34.6 mg, 0.2 mmol, 2.0 equiv) was added at  $-20\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$  and it was kept at  $-20\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$  for 96 h. The reaction mixture was directly processed for the purification by silica gel column chromatography (eluent: EtOAc/Petroleum ether = 4/6, v/v) without any workup to give light yellow solid **3c** (45.8 mg, 70% yield).  $R_f = 0.34$  (ethyl acetate/petroleum ether = 4/6); The *ee* of the **3c** was determined to be 98% [determined by HPLC, Chiralpak IC, hexane: isopropanol = 60:40, 1 mL/min,  $\lambda = 254\text{ nm}$ ,  $t$  (major) = 9.13 min,  $t$  (minor) = 18.21 min].  $[\alpha]_D^{25}$  (**3c**) =  $-184.02^\circ$  (c 0.14,  $CHCl_3$ );  **$^1H$  NMR** (300 MHz,  $CDCl_3$ )  $\delta$  7.77 (d,  $J = 8.20\text{ Hz}$ , 1H), 7.44 – 7.31 (m, 2H), 7.24 (d,  $J = 7.23\text{ Hz}$ , 2H), 7.17 – 7.11 (m, 1H), 7.09 – 6.99 (m, 3H), 6.85 (t,  $J = 7.55\text{ Hz}$ , 1H), 6.65 (t,  $J = 7.72\text{ Hz}$ , 1H), 6.29 (d,  $J = 7.58\text{ Hz}$ , 1H), 6.10 (d,  $J = 7.89\text{ Hz}$ , 1H), 5.58 (s, 1H), 4.89 (dd,  $J = 12.65, 8.36\text{ Hz}$ , 1H), 4.42 – 4.24 (m, 2H), 3.97 – 3.81 (m, 1H), 3.74 – 3.57 (m, 1H), 3.54 – 3.41 (m, 1H), 1.66 (s, 9H), 1.46 (t,  $J = 7.03\text{ Hz}$ , 3H), 1.04 (t,  $J = 7.03\text{ Hz}$ , 3H);  **$^{13}C$  NMR** (75 MHz,  $CDCl_3$ )  $\delta$  168.93, 155.16 (d,  $J = 16.61\text{ Hz}$ ), 149.16, 141.72, 138.43, 136.56, 130.49, 129.19, 128.40, 128.34, 128.32, 127.21, 125.63, 123.86, 122.86 (d,  $J = 7.36\text{ Hz}$ ), 121.41, 114.54, 84.74, 79.45, 64.30 (d,  $J = 7.39\text{ Hz}$ ), 63.53 (d,  $J = 8.02\text{ Hz}$ ), 43.50 (d,  $J = 8.77\text{ Hz}$ ), 28.24, 27.55, 16.48 (dd,  $J = 21.4, 5.5\text{ Hz}$ ), 16.63 (d,  $J = 5.77\text{ Hz}$ ), 16.34 (d,  $J = 5.23\text{ Hz}$ ).  **$^{31}P$  NMR** (121 MHz,  $CDCl_3$ )  $\delta$  21.01.; **HRMS ESI**:  $[M+Na]^+$ , Calcd for  $C_{32}H_{35}BrNNaO_7P$  678.1232; found 678.1234.

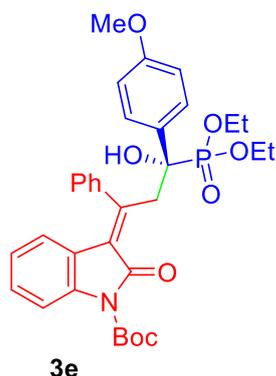
*tert*-butyl (S, *E*)-3-(3-(diethoxyphosphoryl)-3-hydroxy-1-phenyl-3-(*p*-tolyl)propylidene)-2-oxindoline-1-carboxylate (**3d**):



In an oven and vacuum-dried reaction tube, catalyst **V** (11.9 mg, 0.02 mmol, 0.2 equiv),  $\alpha$ -ketophosphonate **2d** (25.6 mg, 0.1 mmol, 1.0 equiv) and 3-alkylidene oxindole **1a** (67.2 mg, 0.2 mmol, 2.0 equiv) were taken in 1 mL of freshly distilled toluene under positive argon pressure. In the resulting homogenous mixture,  $K_2HPO_4$  (34.6 mg, 0.2 mmol, 2.0 equiv) was added at  $-20\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$  and it was kept at  $-20\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$  for 96 h. The reaction mixture was directly processed for the purification by silica gel column chromatography (eluent:

EtOAc/Petroleum ether = 4/6, v/v) without any workup to give light yellow solid **3d** (47.3 mg, 80% yield).  $R_f = 0.33$  (ethyl acetate/petroleum ether = 4/6); The *ee* of the **3d** was determined to be 99% [determined by HPLC, Chiralpak ID, hexane: isopropanol = 65:35, 1 mL/min,  $\lambda = 254$  nm,  $t$  (major) = 6.04 min,  $t$  (minor) = 7.90 min].  $[\alpha]_D^{25}$  (**3d**) =  $-240.51^\circ$  (c 0.12,  $\text{CHCl}_3$ );  $^1\text{H NMR}$  (400 MHz,  $\text{CDCl}_3$ )  $\delta$  7.70 (d,  $J = 8.03$  Hz, 1H), 7.23 (d,  $J = 6.89$  Hz, 1H), 7.15 (d,  $J = 6.58$  Hz, 2H), 7.11 – 7.00 (m, 2H), 6.93 (d,  $J = 6.25$  Hz, 1H), 6.79 – 6.59 (m, 3H), 6.56 (t,  $J = 7.19$  Hz, 1H), 6.18 (d,  $J = 6.50$  Hz, 1H), 5.95 (d,  $J = 7.67$  Hz, 1H), 5.35 (s, 1H), 4.91 – 4.63 (m, 1H), 4.39 – 4.14 (m, 2H), 3.91 – 3.69 (m, 1H), 3.54 – 3.38 (m, 2H), 2.12 (s, 3H), 1.59 (s, 9H), 1.38 (t,  $J = 6.48$  Hz, 3H), 0.94 (t,  $J = 6.58$  Hz, 3H);  $^{13}\text{C NMR}$  (101 MHz,  $\text{CDCl}_3$ )  $\delta$  168.80, 156.06 (d,  $J = 17.01$  Hz), 149.29, 141.98, 138.41, 136.51, 134.00, 128.97, 128.36, 128.15, 127.81 (d,  $J = 13.79$  Hz), 126.98, 126.40 (d,  $J = 4.59$  Hz), 125.59, 123.73, 122.98 (d,  $J = 6.67$  Hz), 114.47, 84.58, 79.37, 77.78, 64.19 (d,  $J = 7.26$  Hz), 63.25 (d,  $J = 8.07$  Hz), 43.52 (d,  $J = 9.51$  Hz), 28.25, 21.04, 16.62 (d,  $J = 6.00$  Hz), 16.32 (d,  $J = 5.34$  Hz);  $^{31}\text{P NMR}$  (162 MHz,  $\text{CDCl}_3$ )  $\delta$  21.80; **HRMS ESI**:  $[\text{M}+\text{Na}]^+$ , Calcd for  $\text{C}_{33}\text{H}_{38}\text{NNaO}_7\text{P}$  614.2284; found 614.2283.

*tert*-butyl (S,

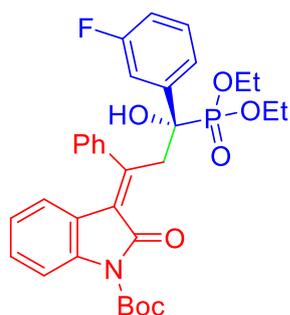


***E*-3-(3-(diethoxyphosphoryl)-3-hydroxy-3-(4-methoxyphenyl)-1-phenylpropylidene)-2-oxindole-1-carboxylate (3e):**

In an oven and vacuum-dried reaction tube, catalyst **V** (11.9 mg, 0.02 mmol, 0.2 equiv),  $\alpha$  ketophosphonate **2e** (27.2 mg, 0.1 mmol, 1.0 equiv) and 3-alkylidene oxindole **1a** (67.2 mg, 0.2 mmol, 2.0 equiv) were taken in 1 mL of freshly distilled toluene under positive argon pressure. In the resulting homogenous mixture,  $\text{K}_2\text{HPO}_4$  (34.6mg, 0.2 mmol, 2.0 equiv) was added at  $-20^\circ\text{C}$  and it was kept at  $-20^\circ\text{C}$  for 96 h. The reaction mixture was directly processed for the purification by silica gel column chromatography (eluent: EtOAc/Petroleum ether = 4/6, v/v) without any workup to give light yellow solid **3e** (45.5 mg, 75% yield).  $R_f = 0.33$  (ethyl acetate/petroleum ether = 4/6); The *ee* of the **3e** was determined to be 99% [determined by HPLC, Chiralpak ID, hexane: isopropanol = 60:40, 1 mL/min,  $\lambda = 230$  nm,  $t$  (major) = 7.14 min,  $t$  (minor) = 9.79 min].  $[\alpha]_D^{25}$  (**3e**) =  $+21.23^\circ$  (c 2.01,  $\text{CHCl}_3$ );  $^1\text{H NMR}$  (400 MHz,  $\text{CDCl}_3$ )  $\delta$  7.98 (d,  $J = 7.18$  Hz, 1H), 7.70 (d,  $J = 7.34$  Hz, 1H), 7.22-7.14 (m, 2H), 7.10 – 7.04 (m, 1H), 7.01-6.82 (m, 2H), 6.75 (s, 1H), 6.56 (s, 1H), 6.42 (d,  $J = 5.60$  Hz, 2H), 6.23 (d,  $J = 5.49$  Hz, 1H), 5.96 (d,  $J = 7.04$  Hz, 1H), 5.41 (s, 1H), 4.78 (s, 1H), 4.35-4.17 (m, 2H), 3.84-3.76 (m, 2H), 3.63 (s, 3H), 3.49 (d,  $J = 9.91$  Hz, 1H), 1.59 (s, 9H), 1.41-1.33 (m, 3H), 1.01-0.88 (m, 3H);  $^{13}\text{C NMR}$  (101 MHz,  $\text{CDCl}_3$ )  $\delta$  170.41, 168.81, 163.90, 158.72, 155.99 (d,  $J = 16.71$  Hz), 149.26, 142.05, 138.37, 132.35,

129.01 (d,  $J = 2.28$  Hz), 128.40, 127.97, 127.70 (d,  $J = 3.94$  Hz), 126.97, 125.58, 123.75, 122.94 (d,  $J = 4.60$  Hz), 114.47, 113.79, 112.97, 84.62, 79.35, 64.28 (d,  $J = 6.71$  Hz), 63.34 (d,  $J = 8.02$  Hz), 55.59, 55.34, 43.41, 28.23, 16.61 (d,  $J = 5.48$  Hz), 16.35 (d,  $J = 5.03$  Hz);  $^{31}\text{P}$  NMR (162 MHz,  $\text{CDCl}_3$ )  $\delta$  21.86; HRMS ESI:  $[\text{M}+\text{Na}]^+$ , Calcd for  $\text{C}_{33}\text{H}_{38}\text{NNaO}_8\text{P}$  630.2233; found 630.2227.

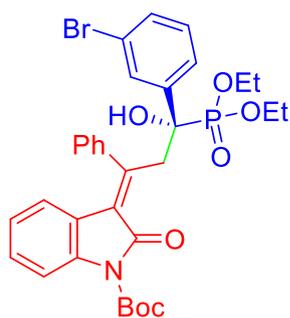
tert-butyl (S, E)-3-(3-(diethoxyphosphoryl)-3-(3-fluorophenyl)-3-hydroxy-1-phenylpropylidene)-2-oxindoline-1-carboxylate (**3f**):



**3f**

In an oven and vacuum-dried reaction tube, catalyst **V** (11.9 mg, 0.02 mmol, 0.2 equiv),  $\alpha$ -ketophosphonate **2f** (26.0 mg, 0.1 mmol, 1.0 equiv) and 3-alkylidene oxindole **1a** (67.2 mg, 0.2 mmol, 2.0 equiv) were taken in 1 mL of freshly distilled toluene under positive argon pressure. In the resulting homogenous mixture,  $\text{K}_2\text{HPO}_4$  (34.6 mg, 0.2 mmol, 2.0 equiv) was added at  $-20$  °C and it was kept at  $-20$  °C for 96 h. The reaction mixture was directly processed for the purification by silica gel column chromatography (eluent: EtOAc/Petroleum ether = 4/6, v/v) without any workup to give light yellow solid **3f** (32.7 mg, 55% yield).  $R_f = 0.34$  (ethyl acetate/petroleum ether = 4/6); The  $ee$  of the **3f** was determined to be 99% [determined by HPLC, Chiralpak ID, hexane: isopropanol = 60:40, 1 mL/min,  $\lambda = 254$  nm,  $t$  (major) = 5.63 min,  $t$  (minor) = 8.35 min].  $[\alpha]_D^{25}$  (**3f**) =  $-123.33^\circ$  (c 0.21,  $\text{CHCl}_3$ );  $^1\text{H}$  NMR (400 MHz,  $\text{CDCl}_3$ )  $\delta$  7.78 (d,  $J = 7.25$  Hz, 1H), 7.36 (s, 1H), 7.24 – 7.08 (m, 4H), 7.06 (s, 1H), 6.96 – 6.77 (m, 2H), 6.66 (d,  $J = 7.33$  Hz, 2H), 6.38 (s, 1H), 6.08 (d,  $J = 7.00$  Hz, 1H), 5.59 (s, 1H), 5.06 – 4.77 (m, 1H), 4.32 (d,  $J = 2.81$  Hz, 2H), 3.89 (d,  $J = 6.65$  Hz, 1H), 3.63 (d,  $J = 4.55$  Hz, 1H), 3.48 (d,  $J = 12.5$  Hz, 1H), 1.67 (s, 9H), 1.46 (s, 3H), 1.03 (s, 3H);  $^{13}\text{C}$  NMR (101 MHz,  $\text{CDCl}_3$ )  $\delta$  168.80, 163.62, 161.19, 155.05 (d,  $J = 16.56$  Hz), 149.06, 141.56, 140.03 (d,  $J = 7.29$  Hz), 138.33, 129.05, 128.75 (d,  $J = 5.09$  Hz), 128.25, 127.92, 127.09, 125.55, 123.71, 122.75 (d,  $J = 5.74$  Hz), 122.22, 114.42, 113.84, 113.79, 113.64, 113.60, 113.55, 84.58, 78.98, 64.12 (d,  $J = 7.41$  Hz), 63.37 (d,  $J = 8.10$  Hz), 43.16 (d,  $J = 8.39$  Hz), 28.11, 16.50 (d,  $J = 5.86$  Hz), 16.18 (d,  $J = 5.39$  Hz).  $^{31}\text{P}$  NMR (121 MHz,  $\text{CDCl}_3$ )  $\delta$  21.06; HRMS ESI:  $[\text{M}+\text{Na}]^+$ , Calcd for  $\text{C}_{32}\text{H}_{35}\text{FNNaO}_7\text{P}$  618.2033; found 618.2030.

*tert*-butyl (S,



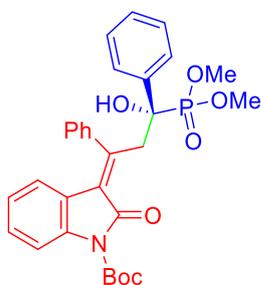
**3g**

*E*)-3-(3-(3-bromophenyl)-3-(diethoxyphosphoryl)-3-hydroxy-1-phenylpropylidene)-2-oxindoline-1-carboxylate (**3g**):

In an oven and vacuum-dried reaction tube, catalyst **V** (11.9 mg, 0.02 mmol, 0.2 equiv),  $\alpha$  ketophosphonate **2g** (31.9 mg, 0.1 mmol, 1.0 equiv) and 3-alkylidene oxindole **1a** (67.2 mg, 0.2 mmol, 2.0 equiv) were taken in 1 mL of freshly distilled toluene under positive argon pressure. In the resulting homogenous mixture,  $K_2HPO_4$  (34.6 mg, 0.2 mmol, 2.0 equiv) was added at  $-20^\circ C$  and it was kept at  $-20^\circ C$  for 96 hrs. The reaction mixture was directly processed for the purification by silica gel column chromatography (eluent: EtOAc/Petroleum ether = 4/6, v/v) without any workup to give light yellow solid **3g** (45.8 mg, 70% yield).  $R_f = 0.34$  (ethyl acetate/petroleum ether = 4/6); The *ee* of the **3g** was determined to be 99% [determined by HPLC, Chiralpak ID, hexane: isopropanol = 60:40, 1 mL/min,  $\lambda = 254$  nm,  $t$  (major) = 5.64 min,  $t$  (minor) = 7.22 min].  $[\alpha]_D^{25}$  (**3g**) =  $-146.42^\circ$  (c 0.08,  $CHCl_3$ );  $^1H$  NMR (300 MHz,  $CDCl_3$ )  $\delta$  7.78 (d,  $J = 8.16$  Hz, 1H), 7.54 (s, 1H), 7.38 (t,  $J = 7.41$  Hz, 1H), 7.30 (s, 1H), 7.23 – 7.03 (m, 4H), 6.97 – 6.75 (m, 2H), 6.65 (t,  $J = 7.57$  Hz, 1H), 6.39 (d,  $J = 7.75$  Hz, 1H), 6.11 (d,  $J = 7.91$  Hz, 1H), 5.61 (s, 1H), 4.89 (dd,  $J = 12.73, 8.94$  Hz, 1H), 4.44 – 4.27 (m, 2H), 3.99 – 3.85 (m, 1H), 3.75 – 3.60 (m, 1H), 3.46 (dd,  $J = 12.67, 2.11$  Hz, 1H), 1.67 (s, 9H), 1.46 (t,  $J = 7.05$  Hz, 3H), 1.05 (t,  $J = 7.05$  Hz, 3H).;  $^{13}C$  NMR (75 MHz,  $CDCl_3$ )  $\delta$  168.98, 155.16 (d,  $J = 16.6$  Hz), 149.16, 141.50, 139.69, 138.43, 130.16 (d,  $J = 2.94$  Hz), 129.72 (d,  $J = 4.15$  Hz), 129.01, 128.60, 128.22 (d,  $J = 29.04$  Hz), 127.20, 125.67, 125.23 (d,  $J = 4.4$  Hz), 123.84, 122.88, 122.83, 122.00, 114.57, 84.75, 79.29, 64.35 (d,  $J = 7.40$  Hz), 63.58 (d,  $J = 8.10$  Hz), 43.21 (d,  $J = 8.50$  Hz), 28.24, 16.63 (d,  $J = 5.72$  Hz), 16.32 (d,  $J = 5.37$  Hz);  $^{31}P$  NMR (121 MHz,  $CDCl_3$ )  $\delta$  20.98; **HRMS ESI**:  $[M+Na]^+$ , Calcd for  $C_{32}H_{35}BrNNaO_7P$  678.1232; found 678.1227.

*tert*-butyl

(*E*)-3-(3-(dimethoxyphosphoryl)-3-hydroxy-1,3-diphenylpropylidene)-2-oxindoline-1-carboxylate (**3i**):

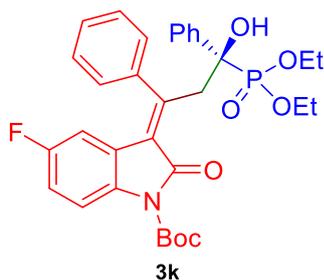


**3i**

In an oven and vacuum-dried reaction tube, catalyst **V** (11.9 mg, 0.02 mmol, 0.2 equiv),  $\alpha$  ketophosphonate **2i** (31.9 mg, 0.1 mmol, 1.0 equiv) and 3-alkylidene oxindole **1a** (67.2 mg, 0.2 mmol, 2.0 equiv) were taken in 1 mL of freshly distilled toluene under positive argon pressure. In the resulting homogenous mixture,  $K_2HPO_4$  (34.6 mg, 0.2 mmol, 2.0 equiv) was added at  $-20^\circ C$  and it was kept at  $-20^\circ C$  for 96 hrs. The reaction mixture was directly processed for the purification by silica gel column chromatography

(eluent: EtOAc/Petroleum ether = 4/6, v/v) without any workup to give light yellow solid **3i** (18.5 mg, 35 % yield).  $R_f = 0.3$  (ethyl acetate/petroleum ether = 4/6); The *ee* of the **3i** was determined to be 99% [determined by HPLC, Chiralpak ID, hexane: isopropanol = 60:40, 1 mL/min,  $\lambda = 254$  nm,  $t$  (major) = 5.91 min,  $t$  (minor) = 8.73 min].  $[\alpha]^{25}_D$  (**3i**) =  $-154.42^\circ$  (c 0.08,  $\text{CHCl}_3$ );  $^1\text{H NMR}$  (500 MHz, Chloroform-*d*)  $\delta$  7.75 (d,  $J = 8.2$  Hz, 1H), 7.43 – 7.31 (m, 3H), 7.21 – 7.10 (m, 2H), 7.08 – 6.95 (m, 4H), 6.78 (t,  $J = 7.6$  Hz, 1H), 6.66 (td,  $J = 7.7, 1.1$  Hz, 1H), 6.27 (d,  $J = 7.7$  Hz, 1H), 6.04 (dd,  $J = 8.1, 1.3$  Hz, 1H), 5.54 (s, 1H), 4.91 (dd,  $J = 12.8, 9.0$  Hz, 1H), 3.97 (d,  $J = 10.1$  Hz, 3H), 3.59 (dd,  $J = 12.8, 2.9$  Hz, 1H), 3.39 (d,  $J = 10.0$  Hz, 3H), 1.70 (s, 9H).;  $^{13}\text{C NMR}$  (126 MHz, Chloroform-*d*)  $\delta$  148.93, 141.77, 138.29, 136.87, 128.96, 128.18, 128.05, 128.00, 127.51, 127.49, 127.09, 127.06, 126.39, 126.35, 125.46, 123.71, 122.93, 122.83, 114.39, 84.76, 79.43, 54.81, 53.87, 43.19, 43.11, 28.17.;  $^{31}\text{P NMR}$  (162 MHz,  $\text{CDCl}_3$ )  $\delta$  21.79; **HRMS ESI**:  $[\text{M}+\text{Na}]^+$ , Calcd for  $\text{C}_{30}\text{H}_{32}\text{NNaO}_7\text{P}$  572.1814; found 572.1817.

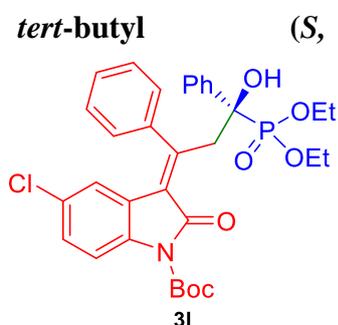
**tert-butyl (S, E)-3-(3-(diethoxyphosphoryl)-3-hydroxy-1,3-diphenylpropylidene)-5-fluoro-2-oxindole-1-carboxylate (3k):**



In an oven and vacuum-dried reaction tube, catalyst **V** (11.9 mg, 0.02 mmol, 0.2 equiv),  $\alpha$ -ketophosphonate **2a** (24.2 mg, 0.1 mmol, 1.0 equiv) and 3-alkylidene oxindole **1b** (70.6 mg, 0.2 mmol, 2.0 equiv) were taken in 1 mL of freshly distilled toluene under positive argon pressure. In the resulting homogenous mixture,  $\text{K}_2\text{HPO}_4$  (34.6 mg,

0.2 mmol, 2.0 equiv) was added at  $-20$  °C and it was kept at  $-20$  °C for 96 h. The reaction mixture was directly processed for the purification by silica gel column chromatography (eluent: EtOAc/Petroleum ether = 4/6, v/v) without any workup to give light yellow solid **3k** (41.6 mg, 70% yield).  $R_f = 0.33$  (ethyl acetate/petroleum ether = 4/6); The *ee* of the **3k** was determined to be 99% [determined by HPLC, Chiralpak ID, hexane: isopropanol = 60:40, 1 mL/min,  $\lambda = 254$  nm,  $t$  (major) = 5.62 min,  $t$  (minor) = 6.46 min].  $[\alpha]^{25}_D$  (**3k**) =  $-224.47^\circ$  (c 0.33,  $\text{CHCl}_3$ );  $^1\text{H NMR}$  (300 MHz,  $\text{CDCl}_3$ )  $\delta$  7.70 (dd,  $J = 9.98, 4.84$  Hz, 1H), 7.27 (t,  $J = 7.61$  Hz, 3H), 7.08 (t,  $J = 7.49$  Hz, 1H), 7.01 – 6.83 (m, 4H), 6.81 – 6.63 (m, 2H), 6.16 (d,  $J = 7.78$  Hz, 1H), 5.60 (dd,  $J = 9.73, 2.63$  Hz, 1H), 5.35 (s, 1H), 4.83 (dd,  $J = 12.52, 9.20$  Hz, 1H), 4.44 – 4.12 (m, 2H), 3.92 – 3.67 (m, 1H), 3.61 – 3.27 (m, 2H), 1.58 (s, 9H), 1.39 (t,  $J = 7.04$  Hz, 3H), 0.89 (t,  $J = 7.05$  Hz, 3H);  $^{13}\text{C NMR}$  (75 MHz,  $\text{CDCl}_3$ )  $\delta$  168.47, 160.67, 157.81, 157.58, 157.48, 149.19, 141.26, 136.81, 134.44 (d,  $J = 2.08$  Hz), 129.19, 128.41, 128.41, 128.24, 127.93, 127.53, 127.90, 126.64, 125.32, 124.28 (d,  $J = 9.44$  Hz), 115.66, 115.61, 115.55,

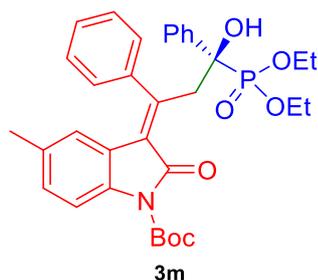
115.30, 110.28, 109.93, 84.74, 79.63, 64.18 (d,  $J = 7.3$  Hz), 63.26 (d,  $J = 8.14$  Hz), 43.30 (d,  $J = 9.11$  Hz), 28.20 (s), 16.57 (d,  $J = 6.04$  Hz), 16.22 (d,  $J = 5.36$  Hz);  $^{31}\text{P}$  NMR (162 MHz,  $\text{CDCl}_3$ )  $\delta$  21.54.; **HRMS ESI:**  $[\text{M}+\text{Na}]^+$ , Calcd for  $\text{C}_{32}\text{H}_{35}\text{FNNaO}_7\text{P}$  618.2033; found 618.2030.



*E*-5-chloro-3-(3-(diethoxyphosphoryl)-3-hydroxy-1,3-diphenylpropylidene)-2-oxindoline-1-carboxylate (**31**): In an oven and vacuum-dried reaction tube, catalyst **V** (11.9 mg, 0.02 mmol, 0.2 equiv),  $\alpha$ -ketophosphonate **2a** (24.2 mg, 0.1 mmol, 1.0 equiv) and 3-alkylidene oxindole **1c** (74.0 mg, 0.2 mmol, 2.0 equiv) were taken in 1 mL of freshly distilled toluene under positive argon pressure. In the resulting homogenous mixture,

$\text{K}_2\text{HPO}_4$  (34.6 mg, 0.2 mmol, 2.0 equiv) was added at  $-20$  °C and it was kept at  $-20$  °C for 96 h. The reaction mixture was directly processed for the purification by silica gel column chromatography (eluent: EtOAc/Petroleum ether = 4/6, v/v) without any workup to give light yellow solid **31** (31.8 mg, 52% yield).  $R_f = 0.33$  (ethyl acetate/petroleum ether = 4/6); The *ee* of the **31** was determined to be 86% [determined by HPLC, Chiralpak ID, hexane: isopropanol = 60:40, 1 mL/min,  $\lambda = 254$  nm,  $t$  (major) = 12.66 min,  $t$  (minor) = 21.21 min].  $[\alpha]^{25}_D$  (**31**) =  $-243.80^\circ$  (c 0.27,  $\text{CHCl}_3$ );  $^1\text{H}$  NMR (400 MHz, Chloroform-*d*)  $\delta$  8.14 – 8.06 (m, 1H), 7.74 (d,  $J = 8.7$  Hz, 1H), 7.47 (t,  $J = 7.8$  Hz, 1H), 7.36 (d,  $J = 7.3$  Hz, 3H), 7.15–7.18 (m, 1H), 7.09 (dd,  $J = 8.7, 2.2$  Hz, 1H), 7.01 – 6.95 (m, 3H), 6.79 (t,  $J = 7.7$  Hz, 1H), 6.24 (d,  $J = 7.7$  Hz, 1H), 5.91 (s, 1H), 4.89 (dd,  $J = 12.6, 9.2$  Hz, 1H), 4.41 – 4.24 (m, 2H), 3.89 – 3.76 (m, 1H), 3.59 (dd,  $J = 12.6, 2.7$  Hz, 1H), 3.49 (m, 1H), 1.66 (s, 9H), 1.46 (t,  $J = 7.1$  Hz, 3H), 0.98 (t,  $J = 7.1$  Hz, 3H).;  $^{13}\text{C}$  NMR (101 MHz,  $\text{CDCl}_3$ )  $\delta$  167.02, 156.75 (d,  $J = 16.82$  Hz), 147.95, 140.13, 135.66, 128.09 (d,  $J = 3.19$  Hz), 127.54, 127.29, 127.07, 126.77, 126.38 (d,  $J = 2.54$  Hz), 126.00 (d,  $J = 3.01$  Hz), 125.34, 125.29, 125.11, 124.18, 123.21, 121.86, 114.47, 83.76, 78.24, 76.64 (s), 63.04 (d,  $J = 7.3$  Hz), 62.12 (d,  $J = 8.15$  Hz), 42.15 (d,  $J = 9.17$  Hz), 27.06, 15.42 (d,  $J = 6.03$  Hz), 15.08 (d,  $J = 5.38$  Hz).  $^{31}\text{P}$  NMR (162 MHz,  $\text{CDCl}_3$ )  $\delta$  21.52; **HRMS ESI:**  $[\text{M}+\text{Na}]^+$ , Calcd for  $\text{C}_{32}\text{H}_{35}\text{ClINNaO}_7\text{P}$  634.1737; found 634.1730.

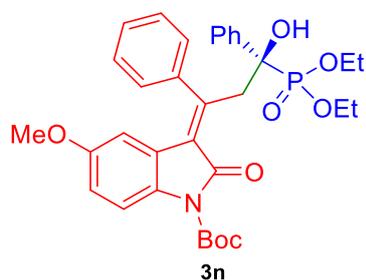
*tert*-butyl (S, E)-3-(3-(diethoxyphosphoryl)-3-hydroxy-1,3-diphenylpropylidene)-5-



**methyl-2-oxindole-1-carboxylate (3m):** In an oven and vacuum-dried reaction tube, catalyst **V** (11.9 mg, 0.02 mmol, 0.2 equiv),  $\alpha$ -ketophosphonate **2a** (24.2 mg, 0.1 mmol, 1.0 equiv) and 3-alkylidene oxindole **1d** (70.0 mg, 0.2 mmol, 2.0 equiv) were taken in 1 mL of freshly distilled toluene under positive argon pressure.

In the resulting homogenous mixture,  $K_2HPO_4$  (34.6 mg, 0.2 mmol, 2.0 equiv) was added at  $-20\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$  and it was kept at  $-20\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$  for 96 h. The reaction mixture was directly processed for the purification by silica gel column chromatography (eluent: EtOAc/Petroleum ether = 4/6, v/v) without any workup to give light yellow solid **3m** (46.1 mg, 78% yield).  $R_f = 0.33$  (ethyl acetate/petroleum ether = 4/6); The *ee* of the **3m** was determined to be 99% [determined by HPLC, Chiralpak ASH, hexane: isopropanol = 95:05, 0.5 mL/min,  $\lambda = 254\text{ nm}$ ,  $t$  (major) = 13.62 min,  $t$  (minor) = 10.94 min].  $[\alpha]_D^{25}$  (**3m**) =  $-182.27^\circ$  (c 0.22,  $CHCl_3$ );  $^1H\text{ NMR}$  (400 MHz,  $CDCl_3$ )  $\delta$  7.64 (d,  $J = 7.81\text{ Hz}$ , 1H), 7.46-7.35 (m, 2H), 7.29-7.22 (m, 1H), 7.14 (s, 1H), 7.06-6.89 (m, 5H), 6.75 (s, 1H), 6.22 (s, 1H), 5.74 (s, 1H), 5.50 (s, 1H), 4.98 – 4.82 (m, 1H), 4.41-4.22 (m, 2H), 3.82 (d,  $J = 6.69\text{ Hz}$ , 1H), 3.55 (d,  $J = 12.63\text{ Hz}$ , 2H), 1.88 (s, 3H), 1.66 (s, 9H), 1.46 (s, 3H), 0.97 (s, 3H);  $^{13}C\text{ NMR}$  (101 MHz,  $CDCl_3$ )  $\delta$  169.05, 155.49, 149.34, 142.04, 137.17, 136.25, 133.07, 129.58, 129.01, 128.35, 127.92, 127.51, 127.31, 127.04, 126.61, 125.51, 123.71, 122.97, 114.27, 84.45, 79.46, 77.87, 64.15 (d,  $J = 7.4\text{ Hz}$ ), 63.34, 28.28, 21.14, 16.65 (d,  $J = 5.72$ ), 16.28 (d,  $J = 5.31$ ).  $^{31}P\text{ NMR}$  (162 MHz,  $CDCl_3$ )  $\delta$  21.75; **HRMS ESI:**  $[M+Na]^+$ , Calcd for  $C_{33}H_{38}NNaO_7P$  614.2284; found 614.2280.

*tert*-butyl (S, E)-3-(3-(diethoxyphosphoryl)-3-hydroxy-1,3-diphenylpropylidene)-5-

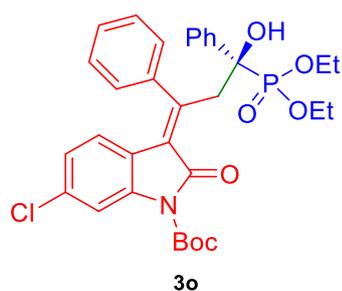


**methoxy-2-oxindole-1-carboxylate (3n):** In an oven and vacuum-dried reaction tube, catalyst **V** (11.9 mg, 0.02 mmol, 0.2 equiv),  $\alpha$ -ketophosphonate **2a** (24.2 mg, 0.1 mmol, 1.0 equiv) and 3-alkylidene oxindole **1e** (73.0 mg, 0.2 mmol, 2.0 equiv) were taken in 1 mL of freshly distilled toluene under positive argon pressure. In the resulting homogenous mixture,  $K_2HPO_4$

(34.6 mg, 0.2 mmol, 2.0 equiv) was added at  $-20\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$  and it was kept at  $-20\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$  for 96 h. The reaction mixture was directly processed for the purification by silica gel column chromatography (eluent: EtOAc/Petroleum ether = 4/6, v/v) without any workup to give light yellow solid **3n** (55.8 mg, 92% yield).  $R_f = 0.33$  (ethyl acetate/petroleum ether = 4/6); The *ee* of the **3n** was determined to be 99% [determined by HPLC, Chiralpak ASH, hexane:

isopropanol = 95:05, 0.5 mL/min,  $\lambda = 254$  nm,  $t$  (major) = 16.76 min,  $t$  (minor) = 13.46 min.  $[\alpha]^{25}_{\text{D}}$  (**3n**) =  $-213.83^\circ$  (c 0.41,  $\text{CHCl}_3$ );  $^1\text{H NMR}$  (400 MHz, Chloroform-*d*)  $\delta$  7.68 (d,  $J = 9.0$  Hz, 1H), 7.45 – 7.30 (m, 3H), 7.04–7.13 (m, 1H), 7.08 – 6.84 (m, 4H), 6.78 (t,  $J = 7.6$  Hz, 1H), 6.67 (dd,  $J = 9.0, 2.7$  Hz, 1H), 6.25 (d,  $J = 7.8$  Hz, 1H), 5.55 (d,  $J = 2.7$  Hz, 1H), 5.51 (s, 1H), 4.90 (dd,  $J = 12.7, 9.1$  Hz, 1H), 4.44 – 4.20 (m, 2H), 3.80–3.86 (m, 1H), 3.63 – 3.40 (m, 2H), 3.24 (s, 3H), 1.65 (s, 9H), 1.46 (t,  $J = 7.0$  Hz, 3H), 0.97 (t,  $J = 7.0$  Hz, 3H);  $^{13}\text{C NMR}$  (101 MHz,  $\text{CDCl}_3$ )  $\delta$  168.87, 155.76 (t,  $J = 8.43$  Hz), 149.21, 141.71, 136.98, 132.15, 129.07, 128.27, 127.93, 127.43 (d,  $J = 2.72$  Hz), 127.35, 127.04 (d,  $J = 3.15$  Hz), 126.49 (d,  $J = 4.59$  Hz), 125.50, 123.69, 115.42 (d,  $J = 7.42$  Hz), 107.70, 84.33, 79.30, 64.14 (d,  $J = 7.34$  Hz), 63.29 (d,  $J = 8.18$  Hz), 54.92, 43.09 (d,  $J = 9.05$  Hz), 28.18, 16.54 (d,  $J = 5.91$  Hz), 16.19 (d,  $J = 5.42$  Hz).  $^{31}\text{P NMR}$  (162 MHz,  $\text{CDCl}_3$ )  $\delta$  21.65; **HRMS ESI**:  $[\text{M}+\text{Na}]^+$ , Calcd for  $\text{C}_{33}\text{H}_{38}\text{NNaO}_8\text{P}$  630.2233; found 630.2230.

*tert*-butyl (S,



*E*)-6-chloro-3-(3-(diethoxyphosphoryl)-3-hydroxy-1,3-

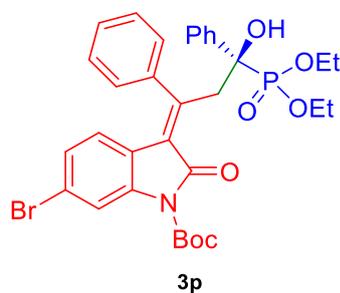
diphenylpropylidene)-2-oxindoline-1-carboxylate (**3o**): In an oven and vacuum-dried reaction tube, catalyst **V** (11.9mg, 0.02 mmol, 0.2 equiv),  $\alpha$ -ketophosphonate **2a** (24.2 mg, 0.1 mmol, 1.0 equiv) and 3-alkylidene oxindole **1f** (74.0 mg, 0.2 mmol, 2.0 equiv) were taken in 1 mL of freshly distilled toluene under positive argon pressure. In the resulting homogenous mixture,

$\text{K}_2\text{HPO}_4$  (34.6 mg, 0.2 mmol, 2.0 equiv) was added at  $-20$  °C and it was kept at  $-20$  °C for 96 h. The reaction mixture was directly processed for the purification by silica gel column chromatography (eluent: EtOAc/Petroleum ether = 4/6, v/v) without any workup to give light yellow solid **3o** (33.6 mg, 55% yield).  $R_f = 0.33$  (ethyl acetate/petroleum ether = 4/6); The *ee* of the **3o** was determined to be 98% [determined by HPLC, Chiralpak ID, hexane: isopropanol = 60:40, 1 mL/min,  $\lambda = 254$  nm,  $t$  (major) = 5.92 min,  $t$  (minor) = 6.94 min].  $[\alpha]^{25}_{\text{D}}$  (**3o**) =  $-299.80^\circ$  (c 0.50,  $\text{CHCl}_3$ );  $^1\text{H NMR}$  (400 MHz, Chloroform-*d*)  $\delta$  7.86 (d,  $J = 2.0$  Hz, 1H), 7.40 – 7.29 (m, 3H), 7.20 – 7.09 (m, 1H), 7.05 – 6.88 (m, 4H), 6.75 (t,  $J = 7.6$  Hz, 1H), 6.62 (dd,  $J = 8.6, 2.1$  Hz, 1H), 6.23 (d,  $J = 7.7$  Hz, 1H), 5.90 (d,  $J = 8.5$  Hz, 1H), 5.32 (s, 1H), 4.88 (dd,  $J = 12.7, 9.1$  Hz, 1H), 4.31 (q,  $J = 7.1$  Hz, 2H), 3.81 (dt,  $J = 10.1, 7.0$  Hz, 1H), 3.61 – 3.40 (m, 2H), 1.66 (s, 9H), 1.46 (t,  $J = 7.0$  Hz, 3H), 1.00 – 0.92 (m, 3H);  $^{13}\text{C NMR}$  (101 MHz,  $\text{CDCl}_3$ )  $\delta$  168.24, 156.40 (d,  $J = 16.75$  Hz), 148.90, 141.49, 138.98, 136.74, 134.59, 129.00, 128.08, 128.05, 127.94, 127.40, 127.00, 126.34, 126.32, 126.15, 125.33, 123.77, 123.56, 121.30, 114.99, 84.93, 79.25, 77.65, 64.05 (d,  $J = 7.19$  Hz), 63.13 (d,  $J = 8.07$  Hz), 43.12 (d,  $J = 9.09$

Hz), 28.07, 16.46 (d,  $J = 5.90$  Hz), 16.11 (d,  $J = 5.26$  Hz);  $^{31}\text{P}$  NMR (162 MHz,  $\text{CDCl}_3$ )  $\delta$  21.56; HRMS ESI:  $[\text{M}+\text{Na}]^+$ , Calcd for  $\text{C}_{32}\text{H}_{35}\text{ClNNaO}_7\text{P}$  634.1737; found 634.1730.

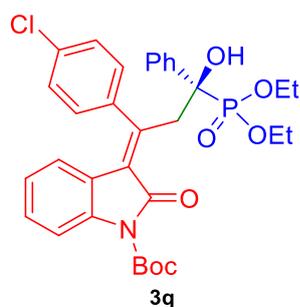
*tert*-butyl

(*S*,



*E*)-6-bromo-3-(3-(diethoxyphosphoryl)-3-hydroxy-1,3-diphenylpropylidene)-2-oxindoline-1-carboxylate (**3p**): In an oven and vacuum-dried reaction tube, catalyst **V** (11.9 mg, 0.02 mmol, 0.2 equiv),  $\alpha$ -ketophosphonate **2a** (24.2 mg, 0.1 mmol, 1.0 equiv) and 3-alkylidene oxindole **1g** (82.0 mg, 0.2 mmol, 2.0 equiv) were taken in 1 mL of freshly distilled toluene under positive argon pressure. In the resulting homogenous mixture,

$\text{K}_2\text{HPO}_4$  (34.6 mg, 0.2 mmol, 2.0 equiv) was added at  $-20$  °C and it was kept at  $-20$  °C for 96 h. The reaction mixture was directly processed for the purification by silica gel column chromatography (eluent: EtOAc/Petroleum ether = 4/6, v/v) without any workup to give light yellow solid **3p** (40.6 mg, 62% yield).  $R_f = 0.33$  (ethyl acetate/petroleum ether = 4/6); The *ee* of the **3p** was determined to be 98% [determined by HPLC, Chiralpak ID, hexane: isopropanol = 60:40, 1 mL/min,  $\lambda = 254$  nm,  $t$  (major) = 7.20 min,  $t$  (minor) = 6.24 min].  $[\alpha]_D^{25}$  (**3p**) =  $-222.36^\circ$  (c 0.15,  $\text{CHCl}_3$ );  $^1\text{H}$  NMR (300 MHz,  $\text{CDCl}_3$ )  $\delta$  8.02 (d,  $J = 1.60$  Hz, 1H), 7.35 (d,  $J = 5.73$  Hz, 3H), 7.14 (t,  $J = 7.44$  Hz, 1H), 6.98 (t,  $J = 9.32$  Hz, 4H), 6.85 – 6.67 (m, 2H), 6.22 (d,  $J = 7.47$  Hz, 1H), 5.84 (d,  $J = 8.47$  Hz, 1H), 5.31 (s, 1H), 4.87 (dd,  $J = 12.51, 9.21$  Hz, 1H), 4.46 – 4.24 (m, 2H), 3.93 – 3.74 (m, 1H), 3.62 – 3.39 (m, 2H), 1.66 (s, 9H), 1.46 (t,  $J = 7.04$  Hz, 3H), 0.97 (t,  $J = 7.04$  Hz, 3H);  $^{13}\text{C}$  NMR (75 MHz,  $\text{CDCl}_3$ )  $\delta$  168.26, 156.81 (d,  $J = 16.77$  Hz), 149.04, 141.65, 139.19, 136.87, 129.15, 128.25, 128.20, 128.03, 127.54 (d,  $J = 2.86$  Hz), 127.15, 126.86, 126.51, 126.45, 126.37, 125.43, 123.95, 122.81, 121.88, 117.93, 85.11, 79.61, 64.20 (d,  $J = 7.28$  Hz), 63.28 (d,  $J = 8.16$  Hz), 43.31 (d,  $J = 9.00$  Hz), 28.21, 16.60 (d,  $J = 6.06$  Hz), 16.25 (d,  $J = 5.43$  Hz);  $^{31}\text{P}$  NMR (162 MHz,  $\text{CDCl}_3$ )  $\delta$  21.53; HRMS ESI:  $[\text{M}+\text{Na}]^+$ , Calcd for  $\text{C}_{32}\text{H}_{35}\text{BrNNaO}_7\text{P}$  678.1232; found 678.1230.

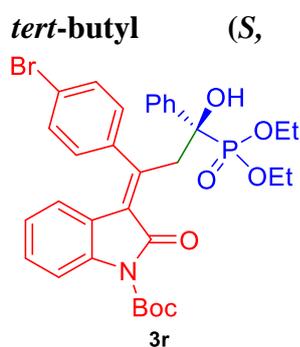


*tert*-butyl (*S*, *E*)-3-(1-(4-chlorophenyl)-3-(diethoxyphosphoryl)-3-hydroxy-3-phenylpropylidene)-2-oxindoline-1-carboxylate

(**3q**): In an oven and vacuum-dried reaction tube, catalyst **V** (11.9 mg, 0.02 mmol, 0.2 equiv),  $\alpha$ -ketophosphonate **2a** (24.2 mg, 0.1 mmol, 1.0 equiv) and 3-alkylidene oxindole **1h** (74.0 mg, 0.2 mmol, 2.0 equiv) were taken in 1 mL of freshly distilled toluene under positive

argon pressure. In the resulting homogenous mixture,  $\text{K}_2\text{HPO}_4$  (34.6 mg, 0.2 mmol, 2.0 equiv) was added at  $-20$  °C and it was kept at  $-20$  °C for 96 h. The reaction mixture was directly

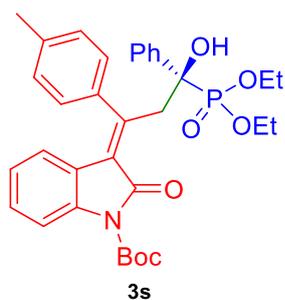
processed for the purification by silica gel column chromatography (eluent: EtOAc/Petroleum ether = 4/6, v/v) without any workup to give light yellow solid **3q** (38.5 mg, 63% yield).  $R_f = 0.33$  (ethyl acetate/petroleum ether = 4/6); The  $ee$  of the **3q** was determined to be 99% [determined by HPLC, Chiralpak IC, hexane: isopropanol = 60:40, 1 mL/min,  $\lambda = 254$  nm,  $t$  (major) = 5.87 min,  $t$  (minor) = 7.13 min].  $[\alpha]_D^{25}$  (**3q**) =  $-218.40^\circ$  (c 0.20,  $\text{CHCl}_3$ );  **$^1\text{H}$  NMR** (400 MHz,  $\text{CDCl}_3$ )  $\delta$  7.79 (d,  $J = 8.05$  Hz, 1H), 7.42 – 7.29 (m, 3H), 7.16 (t,  $J = 7.35$  Hz, 1H), 7.06 (d,  $J = 5.88$  Hz, 1H), 7.00 (d,  $J = 7.23$  Hz, 3H), 6.78 – 6.62 (m, 2H), 6.29 – 6.04 (m, 2H), 5.39 (s, 1H), 5.01– 4.78 (m, 1H), 4.45 – 4.21 (m, 2H), 3.83 (dt,  $J = 9.90, 7.00$  Hz, 1H), 3.49 (t,  $J = 13.37$  Hz, 2H), 1.66 (s, 9H), 1.46 (t,  $J = 6.90$  Hz, 3H), 0.97 (t,  $J = 6.82$  Hz, 3H);  **$^{13}\text{C}$  NMR** (101 MHz,  $\text{CDCl}_3$ )  $\delta$  168.62, 153.95 (d,  $J = 16.82$  Hz), 149.15, 140.22, 138.52, 136.99, 134.08, 129.89, 129.30 (d,  $J = 5.86$  Hz), 128.31, 127.59 (d,  $J = 2.75$  Hz), 127.61, 127.58, 127.35, 127.79, 127.12, 126.50 (d,  $J = 4.62$  Hz), 123.86, 122.84, 122.63, 114.64, 84.72, 79.25, 77.85, 64.22 (d,  $J = 7.30$  Hz), 63.31 (d,  $J = 8.14$  Hz), 43.27 (d,  $J = 9.17$  Hz), 28.22, 16.59 (d,  $J = 6.95$  Hz), 16.23 (d,  $J = 5.39$  Hz);  **$^{31}\text{P}$  NMR** (162 MHz,  $\text{CDCl}_3$ )  $\delta$  21.51; **HRMS ESI**:  $[\text{M}+\text{Na}]^+$ , Calcd for  $\text{C}_{32}\text{H}_{35}\text{ClNNaO}_7\text{P}$  634.1737; found 634.1725.



***E*-3-(1-(4-bromophenyl)-3-(diethoxyphosphoryl)-3-hydroxy-3-phenylpropylidene)-2-oxoindoline-1-carboxylate (**3r**):** In an oven and vacuum-dried reaction tube, catalyst **V** (11.9 mg, 0.02 mmol, 0.2 equiv),  $\alpha$ -ketophosphonate **2a** (24.2 mg, 0.1 mmol, 1.0 equiv) and 3-alkylidene oxindole **1i** (82.0 mg, 0.2 mmol, 2.0 equiv) were taken in 1 mL of freshly distilled toluene under positive argon pressure. In the resulting homogenous mixture,  $\text{K}_2\text{HPO}_4$  (34.6 mg, 0.2 mmol, 2.0

equiv) was added at  $-20$  °C and it was kept at  $-20$  °C for 96 hrs. The reaction mixture was directly processed for the purification by silica gel column chromatography (eluent: EtOAc/Petroleum ether = 4/6, v/v) without any workup to give light yellow solid **3r** (42.6 mg, 65% yield).  $R_f = 0.33$  (ethyl acetate/petroleum ether = 4/6); The  $ee$  of the **3r** was determined to be 93% [determined by HPLC, Chiralpak IC, hexane: isopropanol = 60:40, 1 mL/min,  $\lambda = 254$  nm,  $t$  (major) = 5.67 min,  $t$  (minor) = 7.023 min].  $[\alpha]_D^{25}$  (**3r**) =  $-56.81^\circ$  (c 0.04,  $\text{CHCl}_3$ );  **$^1\text{H}$  NMR** (400 MHz,  $\text{CDCl}_3$ )  $\delta$  7.79 (d,  $J = 7.99$  Hz, 1H), 7.46 (d,  $J = 6.39$  Hz, 1H), 7.39 – 7.30 (m, 2H), 7.16 (t,  $J = 7.32$  Hz, 1H), 7.07 (d,  $J = 5.71$  Hz, 1H), 7.04 – 6.95 (m, 2H), 6.94 – 6.80 (m, 2H), 6.69 (t,  $J = 7.31$  Hz, 1H), 6.12 (d,  $J = 7.21$  Hz, 2H), 5.36 (s, 1H), 4.98 – 4.80 (m, 1H), 4.45 – 4.23 (m, 2H), 3.91 – 3.75 (m, 1H), 3.59 – 3.38 (m, 2H), 1.66 (s, 9H), 1.45 (d,  $J = 6.85$

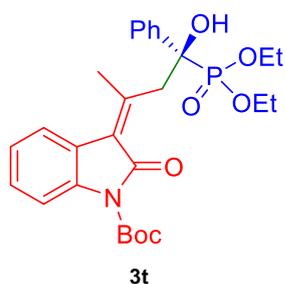
Hz, 3H), 0.96 (d,  $J = 6.71$  Hz, 3H);  $^{13}\text{C}$  NMR (101 MHz,  $\text{CDCl}_3$ )  $\delta$  168.64, 153.92 (d,  $J = 16.83$  Hz), 149.18, 140.72, 138.57, 137.01, 132.23, 131.29, 130.16, 129.37, 127.66, 127.63, 127.50, 127.32, 127.14, 126.54 (d,  $J = 4.58$  Hz), 123.91, 122.89, 122.64, 122.34, 114.68, 84.76, 79.27, 77.68, 64.24 (d,  $J = 7.32$  Hz), 63.34 (d,  $J = 8.10$  Hz), 43.25 (d,  $J = 9.31$  Hz), 28.25 (s), 16.62 (d,  $J = 6.00$  Hz), 16.26 (d,  $J = 5.42$  Hz);  $^{31}\text{P}$  NMR (162 MHz,  $\text{CDCl}_3$ )  $\delta$  21.49; HRMS ESI:  $[\text{M}+\text{Na}]^+$ , Calcd for  $\text{C}_{32}\text{H}_{35}\text{BrNNaO}_7\text{P}$  678.1232; found 678.1223.



***tert*-butyl (*S*, *E*)-3-(3-(diethoxyphosphoryl)-3-hydroxy-3-phenyl-1-(*p*-tolyl)propylidene)-2-oxindole-1-carboxylate (**3s**):** In an oven and vacuum-dried reaction tube, catalyst **V** (11.9 mg, 0.02 mmol, 0.2 equiv),  $\alpha$ - ketophosphonate **2a** (24.2 mg, 0.1 mmol, 1.0 equiv) and 3-alkylidene oxindole **1j** (70.0 mg, 0.2 mmol, 2.0 equiv) were taken in 1 mL of freshly distilled toluene under positive argon pressure. In the

resulting homogenous mixture,  $\text{K}_2\text{HPO}_4$  (34.6 mg, 0.2 mmol, 2.0 equiv) was added at  $-20$  °C and it was kept at  $-20$  °C for 96 h. The reaction mixture was directly processed for the purification by silica gel column chromatography (eluent: EtOAc/Petroleum ether = 4/6, v/v) without any workup to give light yellow solid **3s** (41.4 mg, 70% yield).  $R_f = 0.33$  (ethyl acetate/petroleum ether = 4/6); The *ee* of the **3s** was determined to be 99% [determined by HPLC, Chiralpak Id, hexane: isopropanol = 65:35, 1 mL/min,  $\lambda = 254$  nm,  $t$  (major) = 6.04 min,  $t$  (minor) = 7.90 min].  $[\alpha]_D^{25}$  (**3s**) =  $-227.89^\circ$  (c 0.15,  $\text{CHCl}_3$ );  $^1\text{H}$  NMR (400 MHz, Chloroform-*d*)  $\delta$  7.77 (d,  $J = 8.2$  Hz, 1H), 7.32 (t,  $J = 7.6$  Hz, 1H), 7.22 (dd,  $J = 8.0, 2.5$  Hz, 2H), 7.19 – 7.09 (m, 2H), 7.00 (d,  $J = 7.7$  Hz, 1H), 6.74 (dd,  $J = 7.9, 4.7$  Hz, 3H), 6.63 (td,  $J = 7.8, 1.1$  Hz, 1H), 6.24 (d,  $J = 7.7$  Hz, 1H), 6.02 (dd,  $J = 8.0, 1.3$  Hz, 1H), 5.43 (s, 1H), 4.87 (dd,  $J = 12.7, 8.7$  Hz, 1H), 4.41 – 4.21 (m, 2H), 3.85 (dt,  $J = 10.2, 7.0$  Hz, 1H), 3.54 (ddd,  $J = 9.8, 7.9, 5.0$  Hz, 2H), 2.19 (d,  $J = 2.1$  Hz, 3H), 1.66 (s, 9H), 1.45 (t,  $J = 7.1$  Hz, 3H), 1.01 (t,  $J = 7.1$  Hz, 3H);  $^{13}\text{C}$  NMR (101 MHz,  $\text{CDCl}_3$ )  $\delta$  168.91, 156.39 (d,  $J = 16.80$  Hz), 149.29, 138.91, 138.30, 137.99, 137.07, 129.56, 128.83 (d,  $J = 6.62$  Hz), 128.31, 127.39 (d,  $J = 2.77$  Hz), 126.79, 126.76, 126.65, 126.52, 125.56, 123.71, 123.14, 122.89, 114.43, 84.56, 79.48, 77.89, 64.15 (d,  $J = 7.32$  Hz), 63.30 (d,  $J = 8.16$  Hz), 43.27 (d,  $J = 8.92$  Hz), 28.24, 21.36, 16.61 (d,  $J = 5.90$  Hz), 16.25 (d,  $J = 5.40$  Hz);  $^{31}\text{P}$  NMR (162 MHz,  $\text{CDCl}_3$ )  $\delta$  21.76; HRMS ESI:  $[\text{M}+\text{Na}]^+$ , Calcd for  $\text{C}_{32}\text{H}_{38}\text{NNaO}_7\text{P}$  614.2284; found 614.2290.

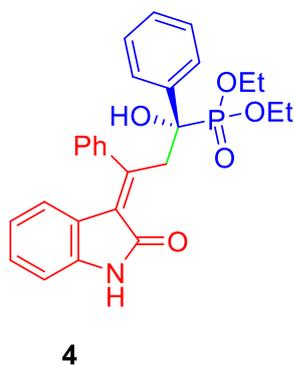
**tert-butyl (S, Z)-3-(4-(diethoxyphosphoryl)-4-hydroxy-4-phenylbutan-2-ylidene)-2-**



**oxoindoline-1-carboxylate (3t):** In an oven and vacuum-dried reaction tube, catalyst **V** (11.9 mg, 0.02 mmol, 0.2 equiv),  $\alpha$ -ketophosphonate **2a** (24.2 mg, 0.1 mmol, 1.0 equiv) and 3-alkylidene oxindole **1k** (67.2 mg, 0.2 mmol, 2.0 equiv) were taken in 1 mL of freshly distilled toluene under positive argon pressure. In the resulting homogenous mixture,  $K_2HPO_4$  (34.6 mg, 0.2 mmol, 2.0 equiv) was

added at  $-20\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$  and it was kept at  $-20\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$  for 96 h. The reaction mixture was directly processed for the purification by silica gel column chromatography (eluent: EtOAc/Petroleum ether = 4/6, v/v) without any workup to give light yellow solid **3t** (31.0 mg, 60% yield).  $R_f = 0.33$  (ethyl acetate/petroleum ether = 4/6); The *ee* of the **3t** was determined to be 99% [determined by HPLC, Chiralpak IC, hexane: isopropanol = 60:40, 1 mL/min,  $\lambda = 254\text{ nm}$ ,  $t$  (major) = 6.60 min,  $t$  (minor) = 7.25 min].  $[\alpha]_D^{25}$  (**3t**) =  $-116.03^\circ$  (c 0.26,  $CHCl_3$ );  $^1H\text{ NMR}$  (400 MHz,  $CDCl_3$ )  $\delta$  7.80 (d,  $J = 7.09\text{ Hz}$ , 1H), 7.77-6.68 (m, 2H), 7.33-7.25 (m, 3H), 7.25-7.20 (m, 2H), 7.02 (s, 1H), 5.07 (s, 1H), 4.55 (t,  $J = 9.68\text{ Hz}$ , 1H), 4.25 (d,  $J = 6.06\text{ Hz}$ , 2H), 3.88 (s, 1H), 3.64 (d,  $J = 6.99\text{ Hz}$ , 1H), 3.15 (d,  $J = 10.72\text{ Hz}$ , 1H), 1.67 (s, 3H), 1.57 (s, 9H), 1.39-1.31 (m, 3H), 1.05-0.90 (m, 3H);  $^{13}C\text{ NMR}$  (101 MHz,  $CDCl_3$ )  $\delta$  168.51, 154.92 (d,  $J = 15.40\text{ Hz}$ ), 149.32, 138.68 (d,  $J = 1.94\text{ Hz}$ ), 138.24, 130.16, 128.45, 128.26, 128.24, 127.70 (d,  $J = 2.74\text{ Hz}$ ), 126.33 (d,  $J = 4.72\text{ Hz}$ ), 124.13 (d,  $J = 16.39\text{ Hz}$ ), 123.79, 114.71, 84.54, 78.89, 64.23 (d,  $J = 7.46\text{ Hz}$ ), 63.48 (d,  $J = 8.00\text{ Hz}$ ), 44.95 (d,  $J = 8.04\text{ Hz}$ ), 28.24, 26.59, 16.61 (d,  $J = 5.87\text{ Hz}$ ), 16.32 (d,  $J = 5.35\text{ Hz}$ );  $^{31}P\text{ NMR}$  (162 MHz,  $CDCl_3$ )  $\delta$  21.72; **HRMS ESI**:  $[M+Na]^+$ , Calcd for  $C_{27}H_{34}NNaO_7P$  538.1971; found 538.1970.

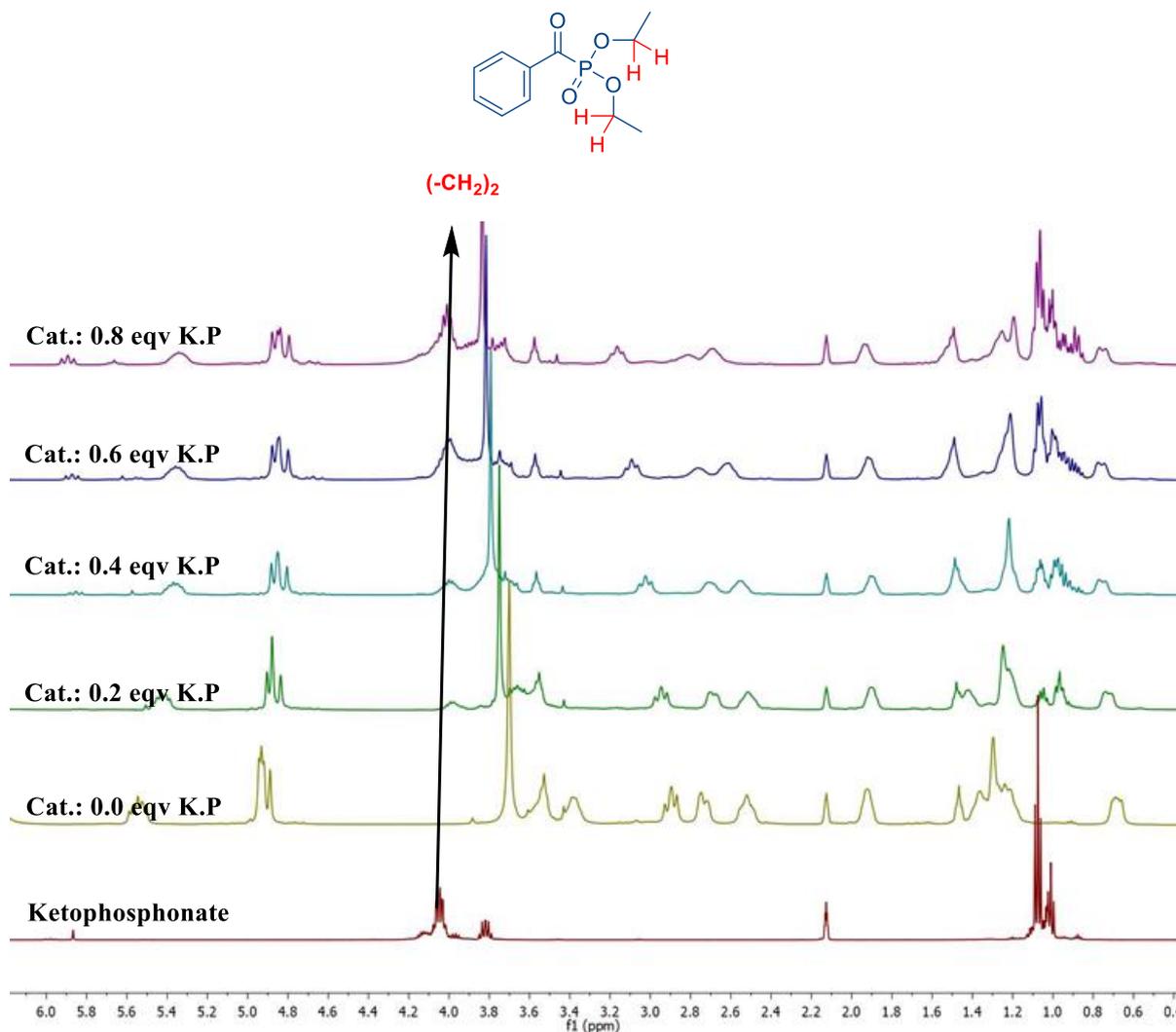
**diethyl (S,E)-(1-hydroxy-3-(2-oxoindolin-3-ylidene)-1,3-diphenylpropyl)phosphonate**



**(4):** In an oven and vacuum-dried reaction tube, **3a** (115.4 mg, 0.2 mmol, 1.0 equiv) was taken in 2 mL of freshly distilled DCM under positive argon pressure at  $0\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ . In the resulting solution, TFA (76.5  $\mu\text{l}$ , 5 equiv) was added dropwise for 5 min and the reaction was stirred at room temperature for 1 hour. Once the reaction was completed, it was quenched with saturated  $NaHCO_3$ . The organic layer was separated and the aqueous layer was washed with methylene chloride (3 x 3 mL). The combined organic layer was dried over  $Na_2SO_4$ , filtered and concentrated. The crude mixture was purified by flash chromatography (silica gel, hexane/ethyl acetate = 20/80) to give the product as a yellow solid. (82.1 mg, 86% yield),

diastereomeric ratio (E/Z=19:1),  $R_f = 0.2$  (ethyl acetate/petroleum ether = 1:1); The *ee* of the **4** was determined to be 99% [determined by HPLC, Chiralpak ID, hexane: isopropanol = 60:40, 1 mL/min,  $\lambda = 254$  nm,  $t$  (major) = 6.94 min,  $t$  (minor) = 21.17 min].  **$^1\text{H}$  NMR** (400 MHz, Chloroform-*d*)  $\delta$  8.23 (s, 1H), 7.44 – 7.29 (m, 3H), 7.14 (tt,  $J = 7.5, 1.3$  Hz, 1H), 7.06-7.11 (m, 2H), 7.03 – 6.89 (m, 3H), 6.84 – 6.68 (m, 2H), 6.55 (td,  $J = 7.7, 1.1$  Hz, 1H), 6.25 (d,  $J = 7.7$  Hz, 1H), 6.18 (d,  $J = 7.3$  Hz, 1H), 6.01 (d,  $J = 7.9$  Hz, 1H), 4.88 (dd,  $J = 12.6, 8.7$  Hz, 1H), 4.31 (m, 2H), 3.85 (m, 1H), 3.55 (m, 2H), 1.43 (t,  $J = 7.0$  Hz, 3H), 0.98 (t,  $J = 7.0$  Hz, 3H);  **$^{13}\text{C}$  NMR** (101 MHz, Chloroform-*d*)  $\delta$  171.68, 141.89, 137.11, 128.72, 128.35, 127.77, 127.32, 126.91, 126.44, 125.47, 123.35, 122.04, 109.77, 79.27, 77.67, 64.02, 63.95, 63.28, 63.20, 42.87, 42.78, 34.13, 22.34, 16.66, 16.60, 16.21, 16.16.

$^1\text{H}$  NMR spectra of Ketophosphonate **2a** and the Cat. V (0.02 mmol in toluene- $d_8$ ) upon the addition of increasing amounts of  $\alpha$ -keto-phosphonate.

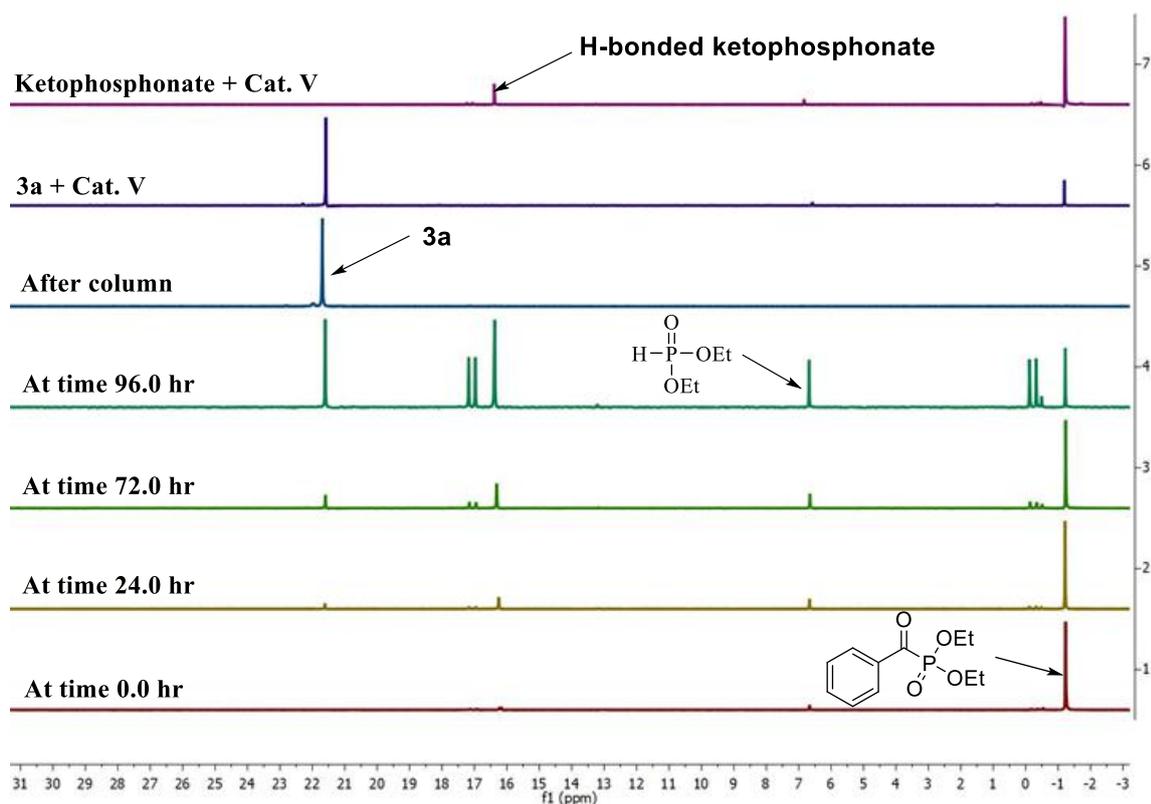


**Figure S2.** Time-elapsd  $^{31}\text{P}$  NMR spectra for the synthesis of aldol product

**NMR Spectroscopic Studies: Time-elapsd  $^{31}\text{P}$  NMR spectra for the synthesis of aldol product.**

To further investigate the mechanism, the formation of **3a** was monitored by  $^{31}\text{P}$  NMR spectroscopy as shown in Figure S2. The starting reaction mixture in toluene- $d_8$  showed signal in the  $^{31}\text{P}$  NMR spectrum at  $\delta = -1.22$  ppm (ketophosphonate), and peak at  $\delta = 6.68$  ppm (diethylphosphite). The emergence of peak at  $\delta = 16.17$  ppm after the addition

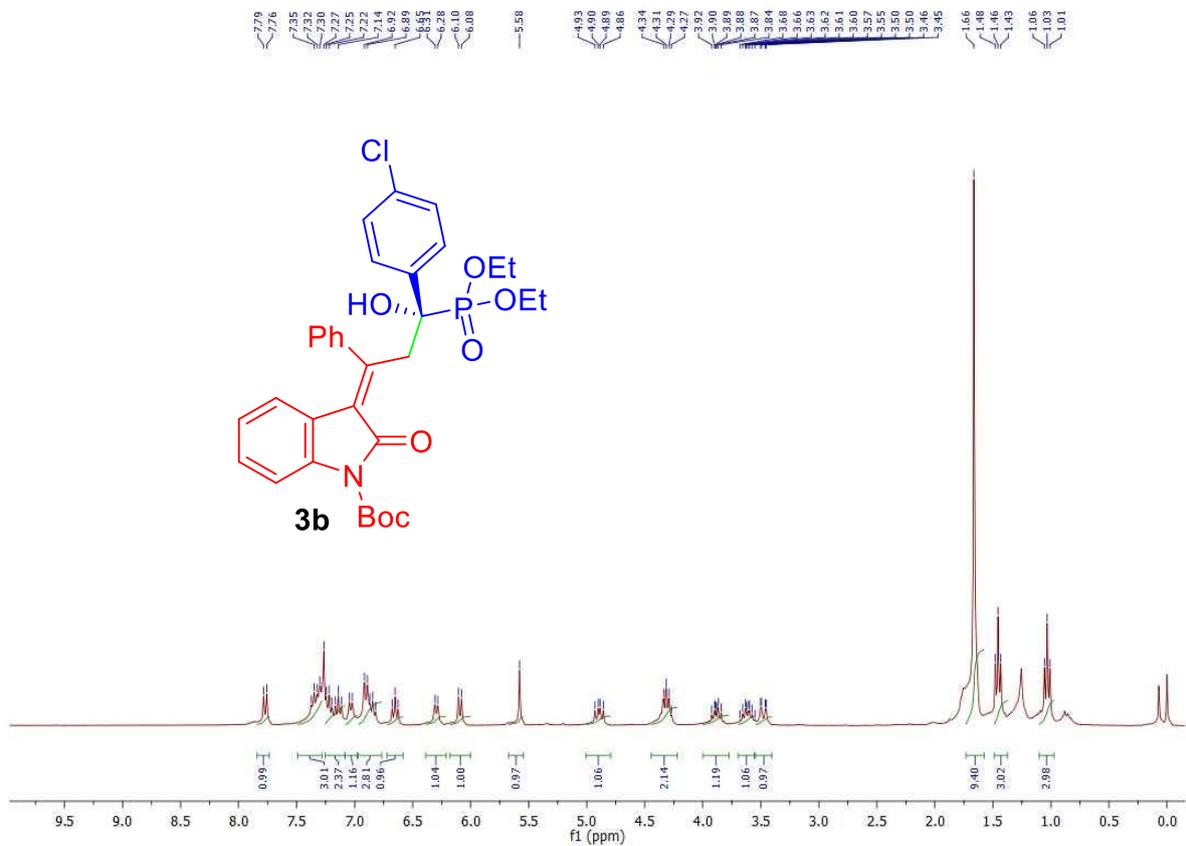
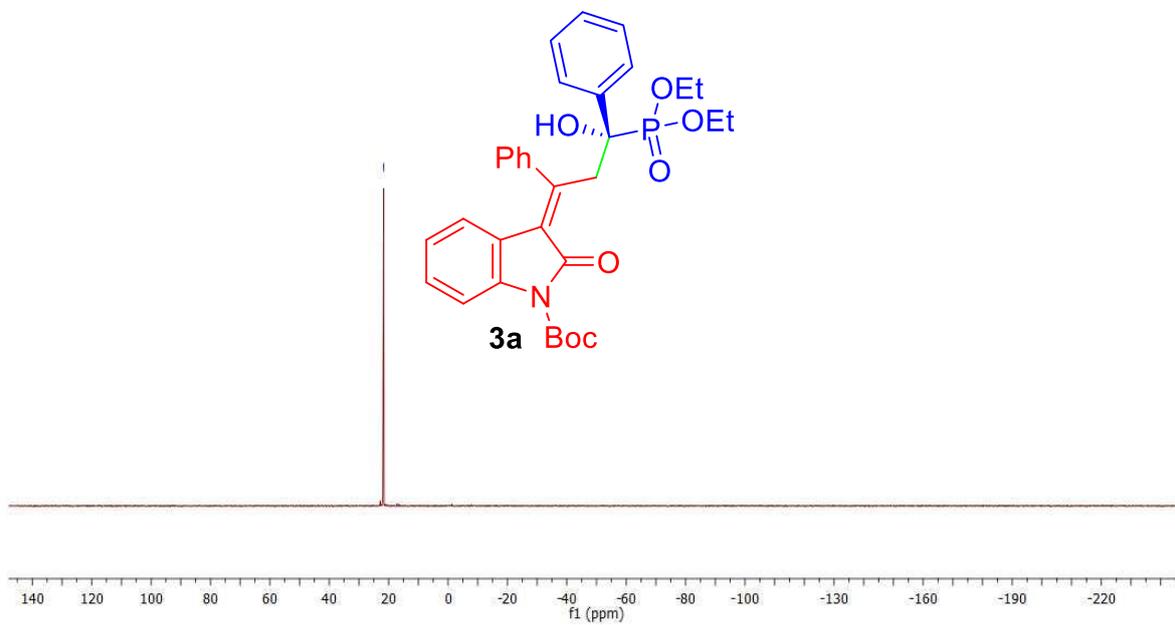
of catalyst possibly corresponds to H-bonded ketophosphonate. As time progressed, the  $^{31}\text{P}$  NMR signals of the starting material disappeared gradually and the reaction was almost complete after 96 hours according to the  $^{31}\text{P}$  NMR spectra. Additionally, a comparative evaluation  $^{31}\text{P}$  NMR of aldol product **3a** and **Cat. V** with ketophosphonate and **Cat. V** clearly shows no significant shift of peaks (Figure S2).

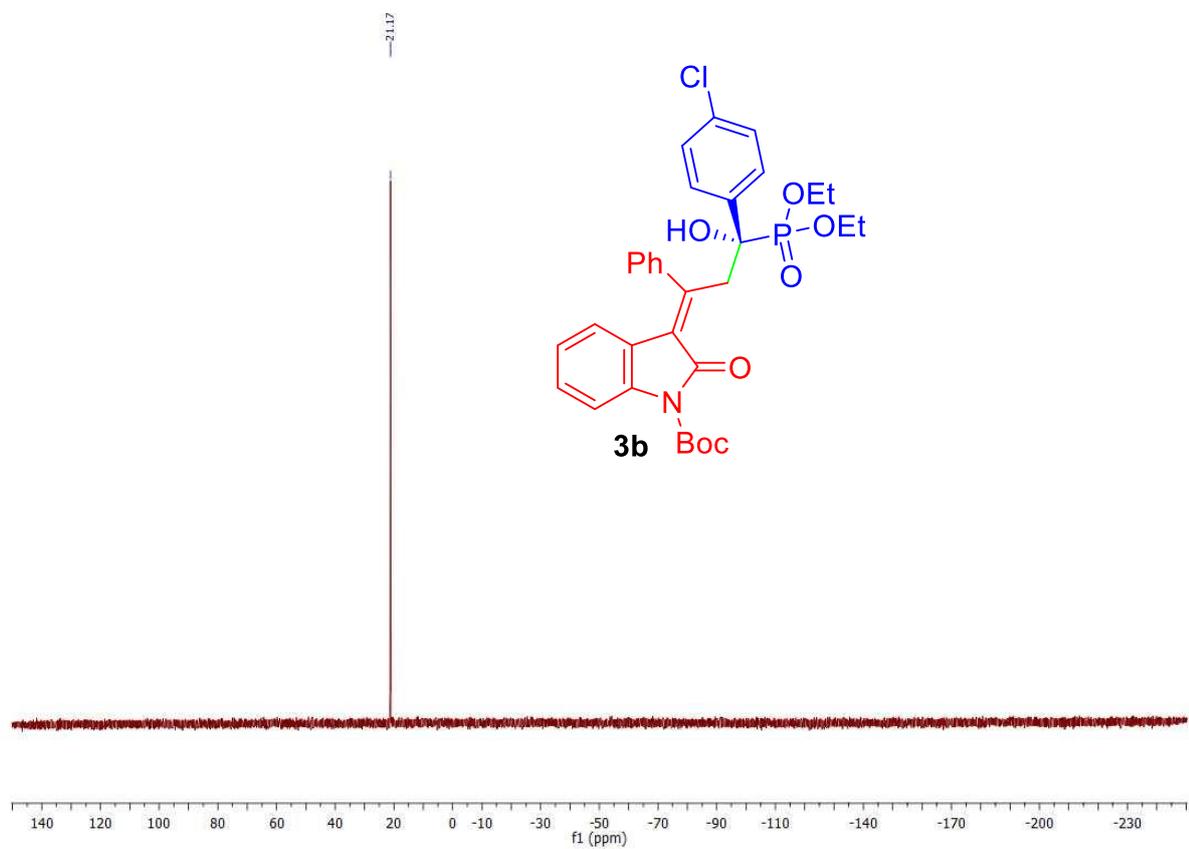
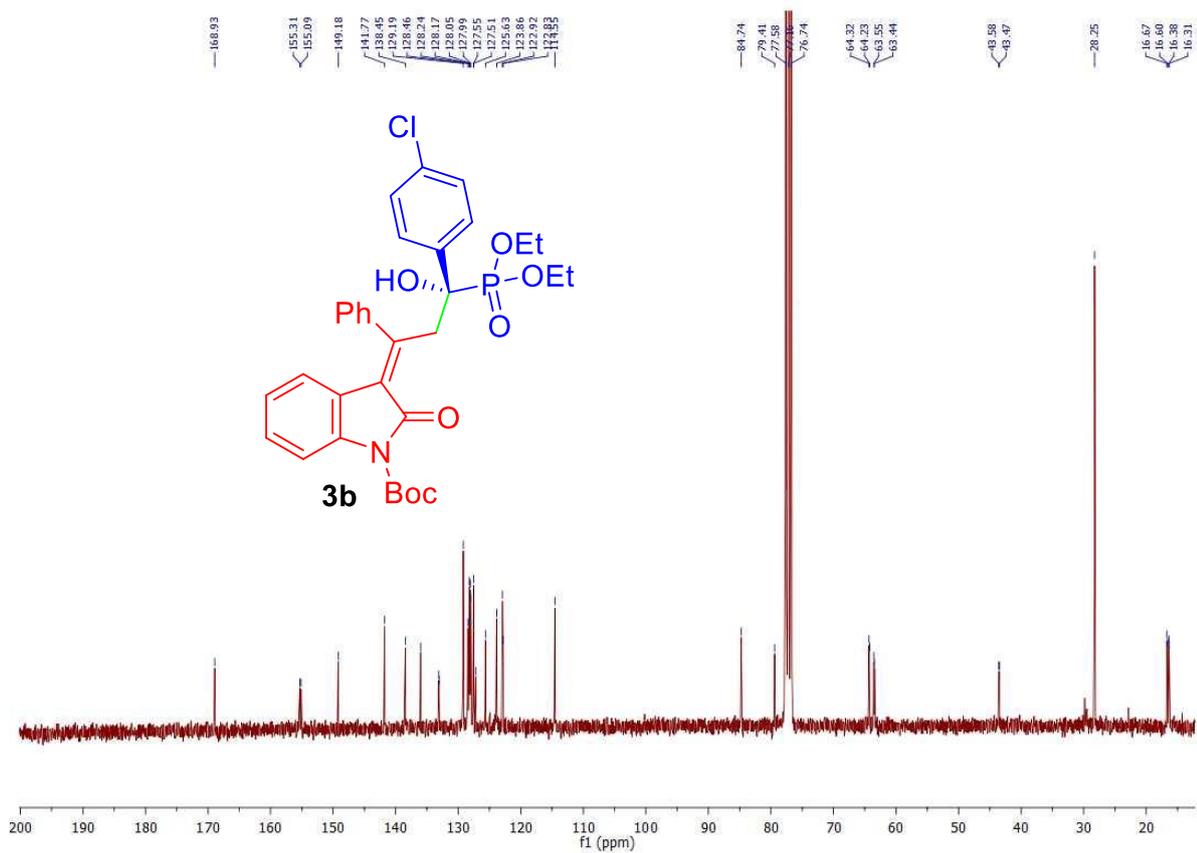


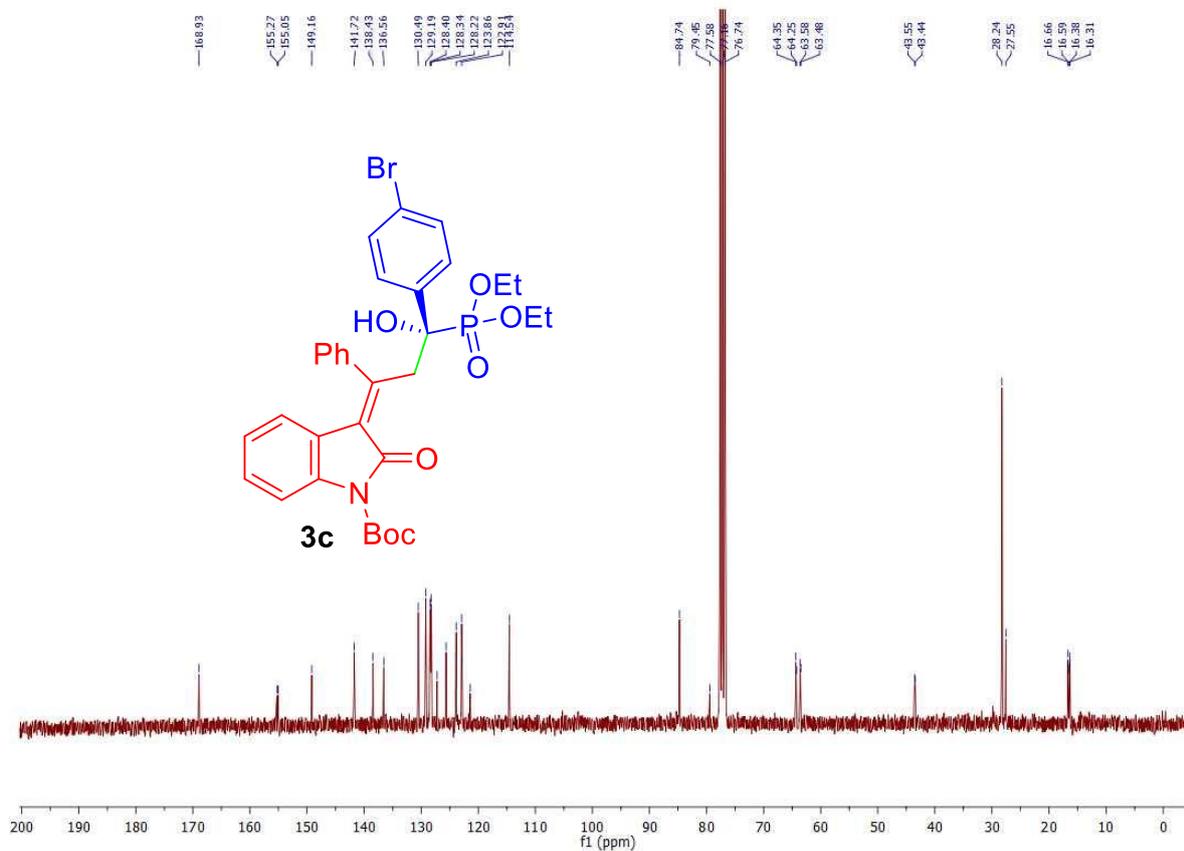
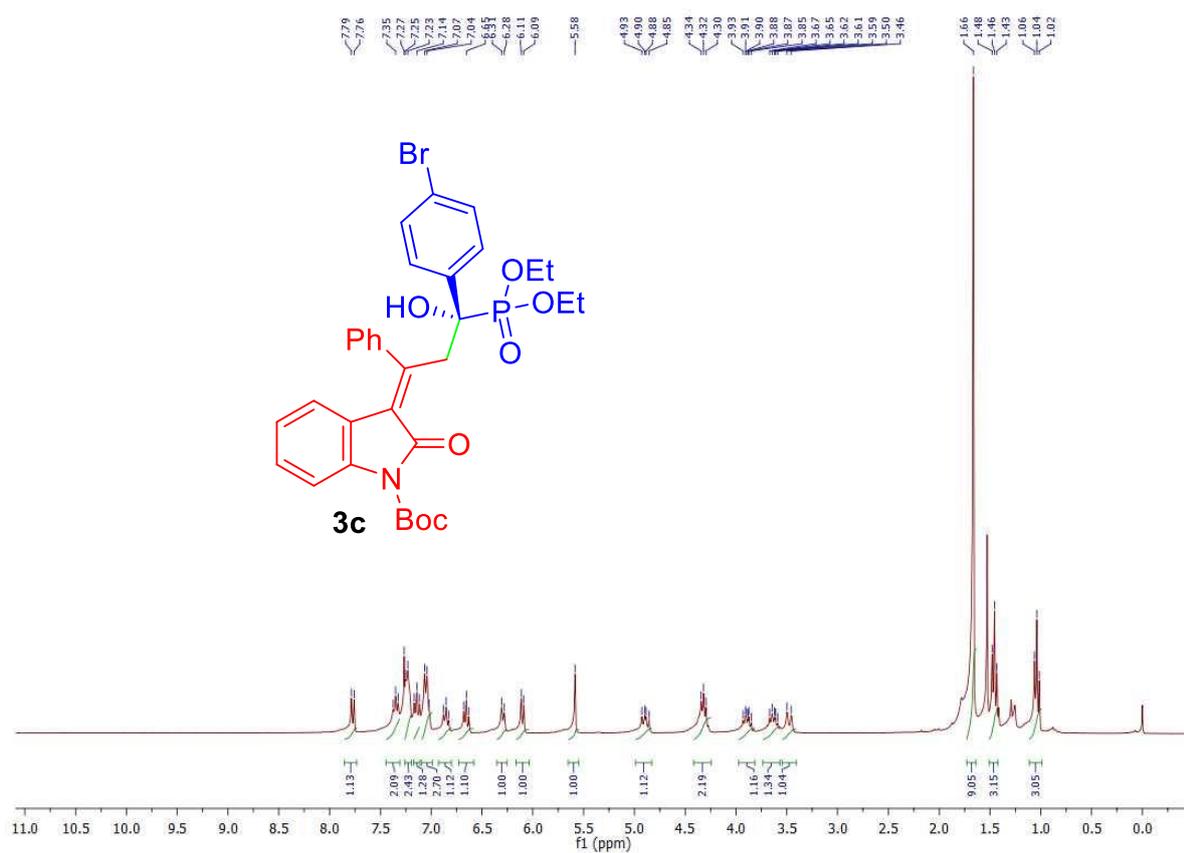
**Figure S3.** Time-elapsed  $^{31}\text{P}$  NMR spectra for the synthesis of aldol product

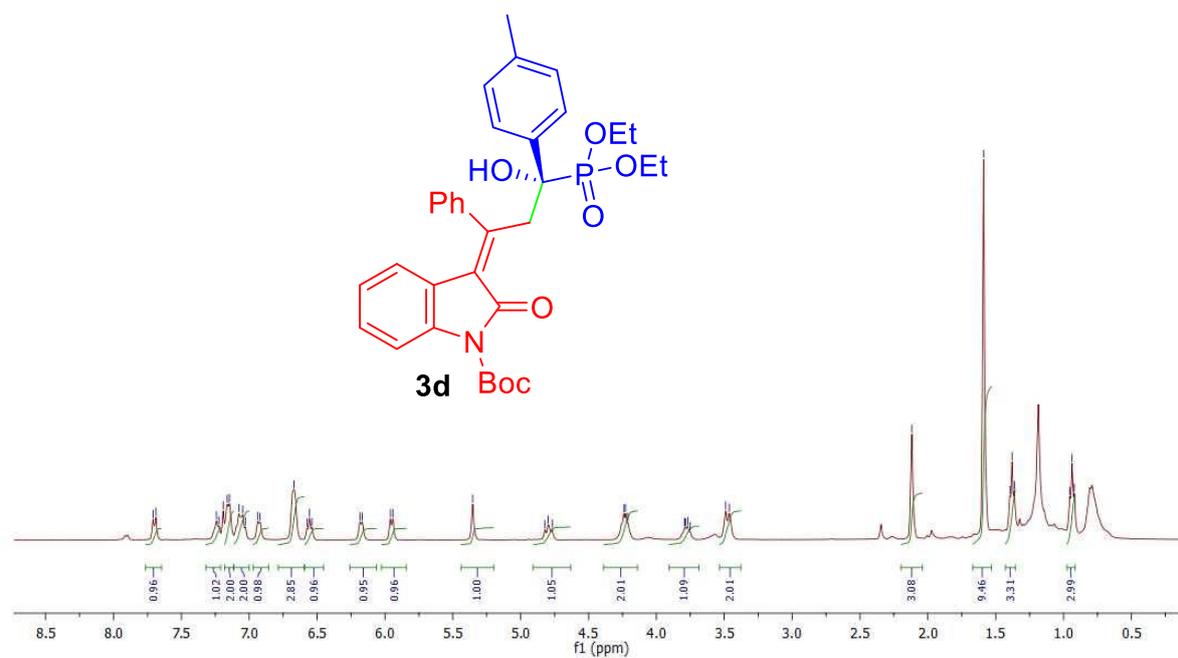
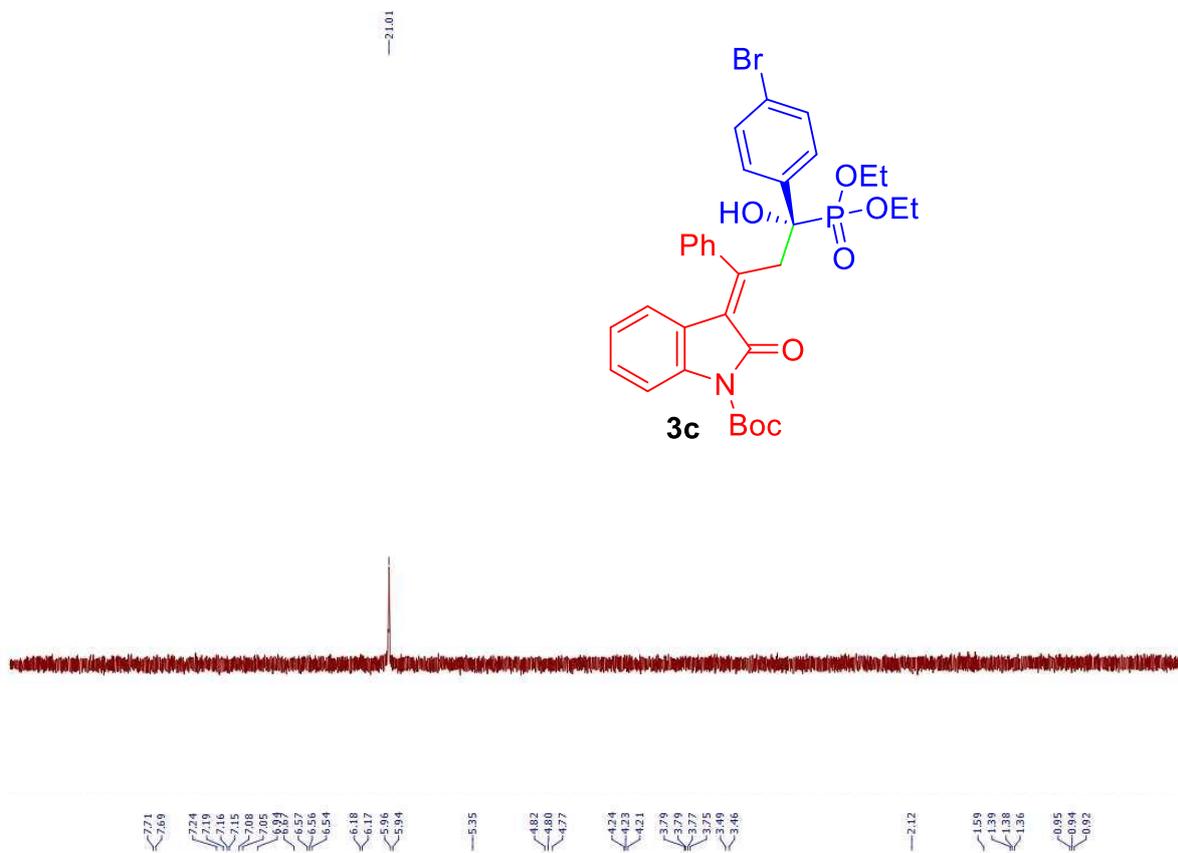


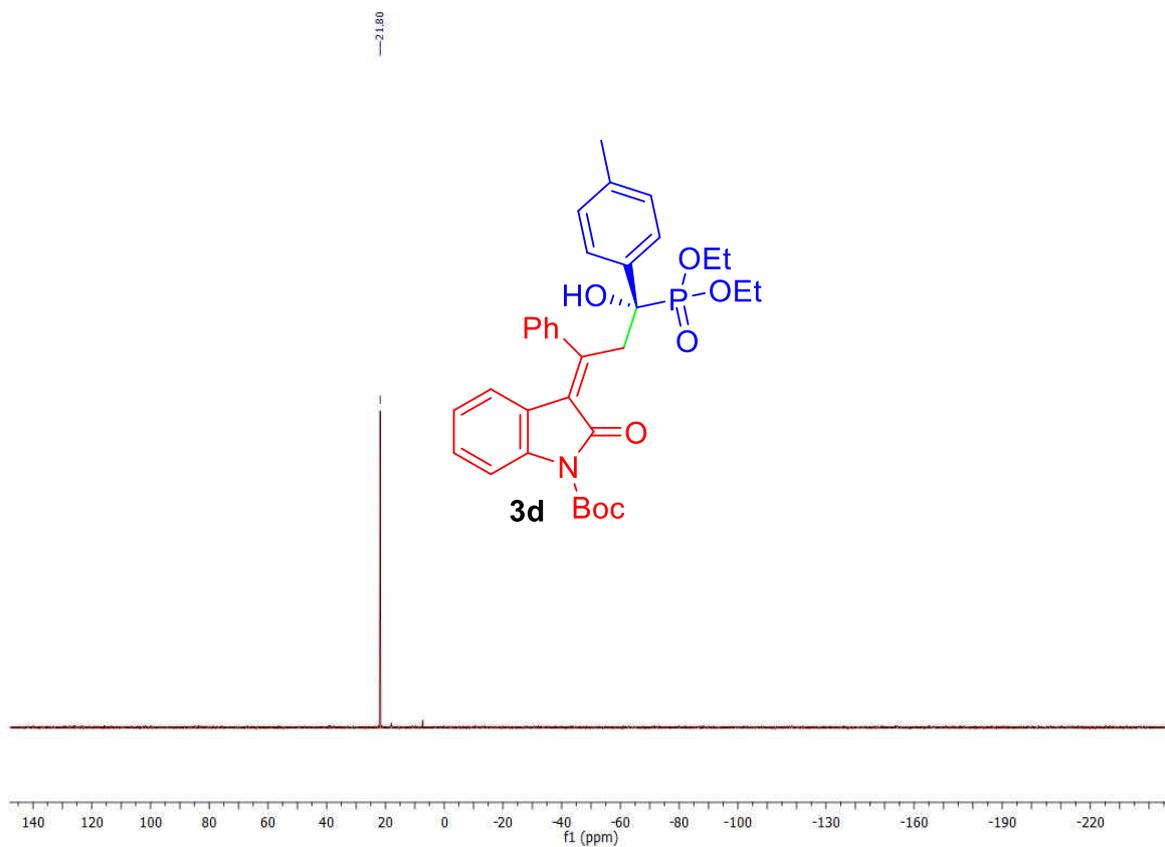
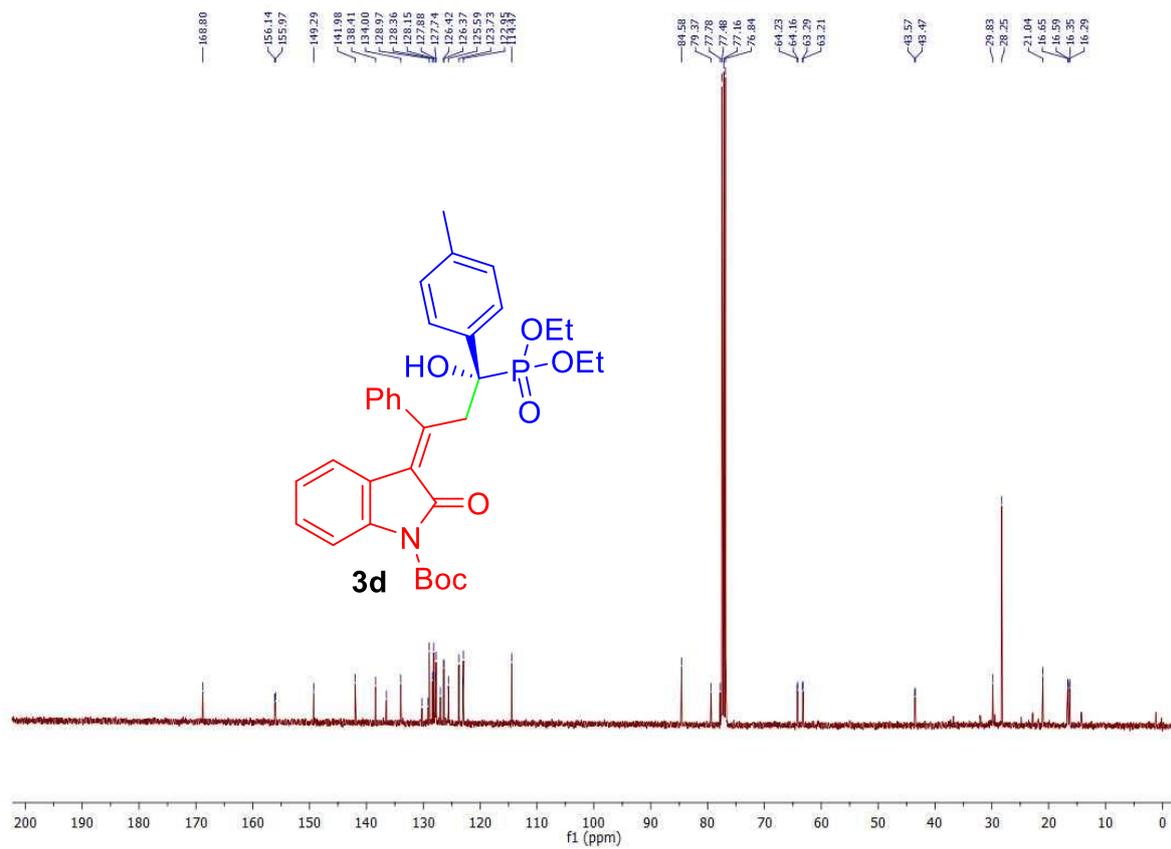
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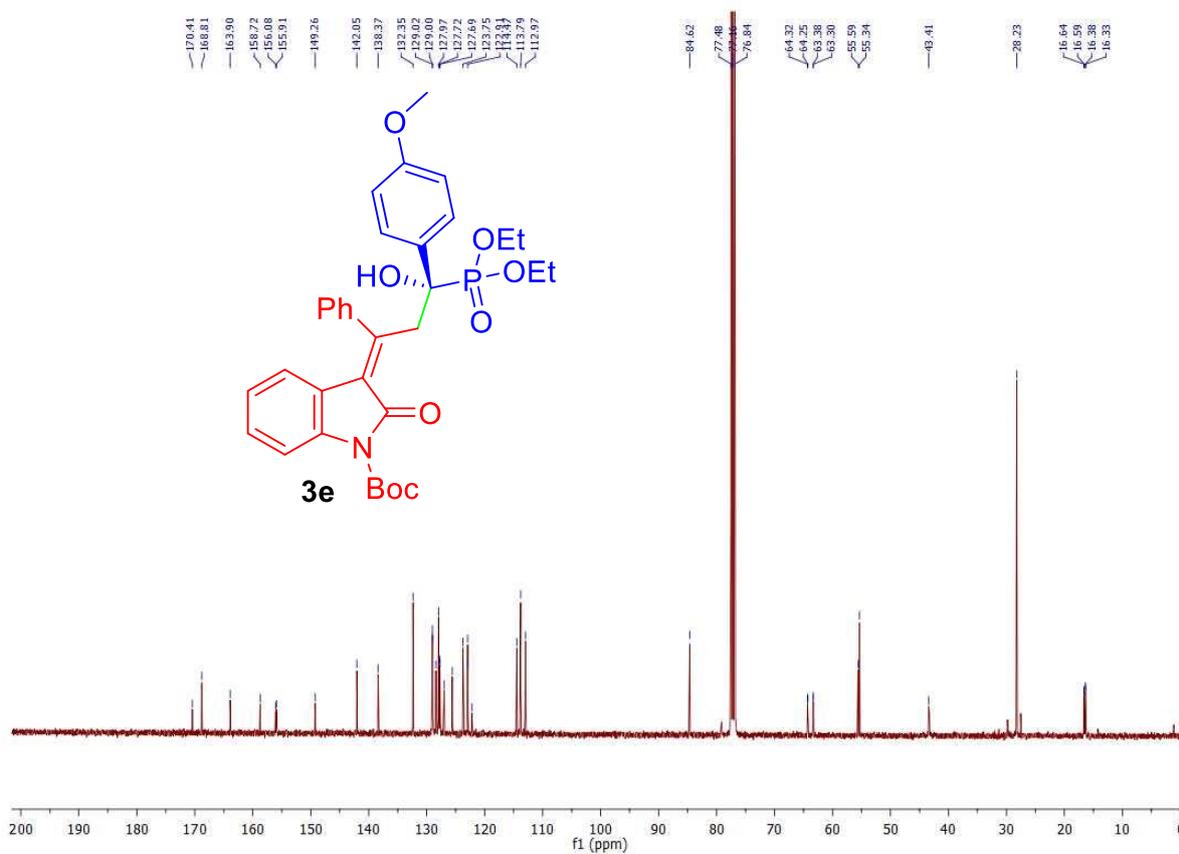
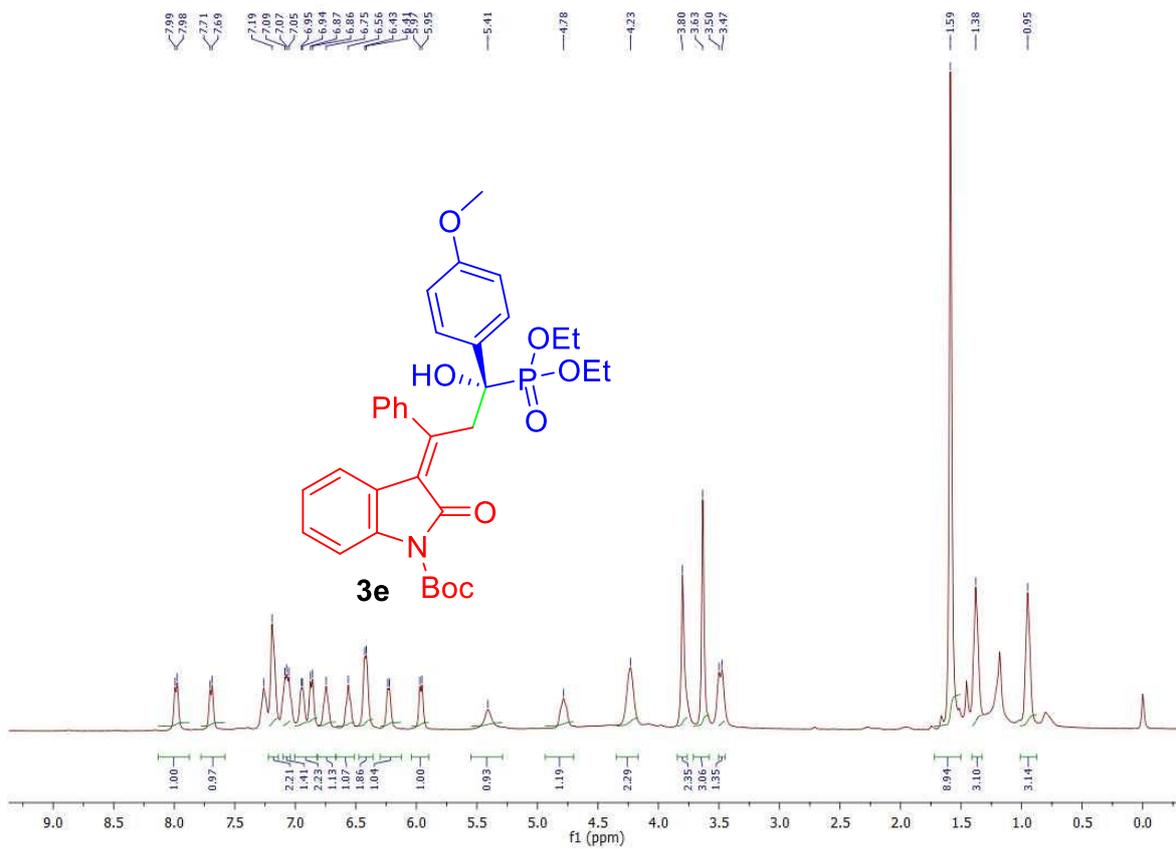


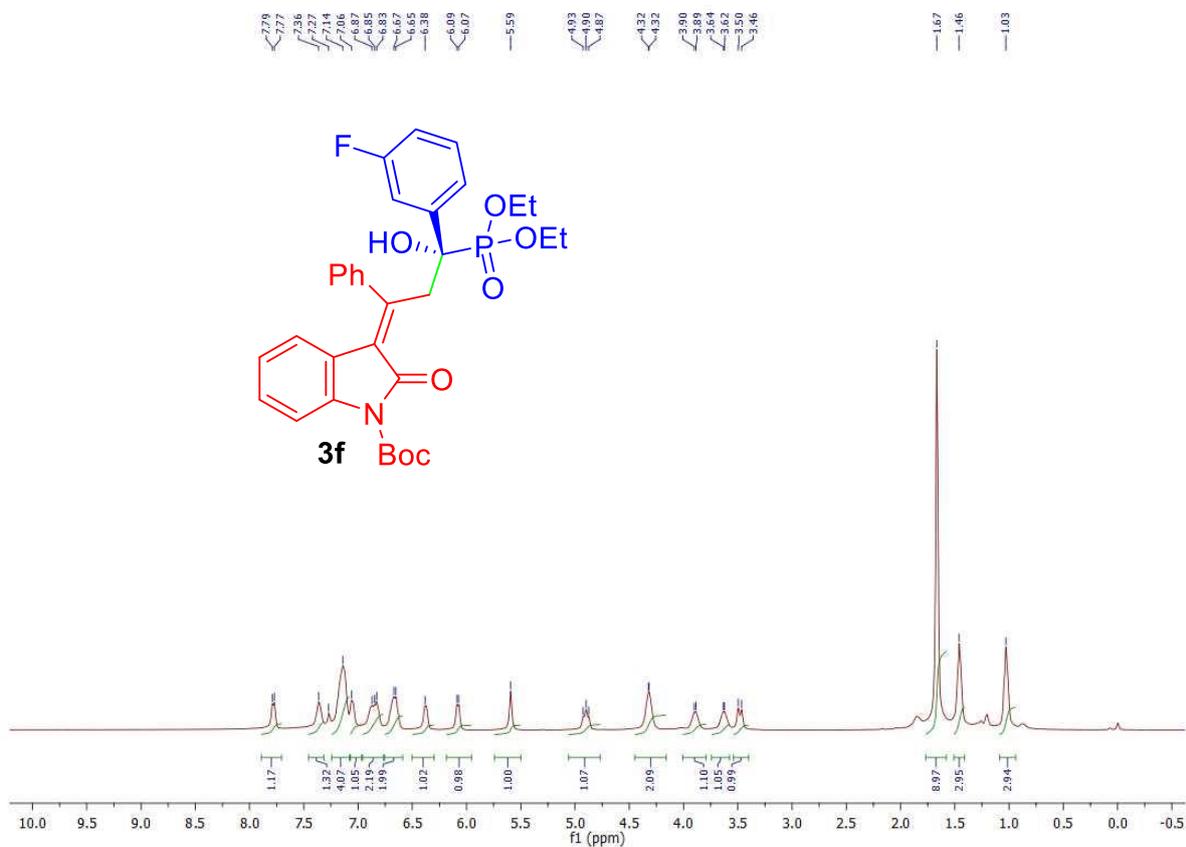
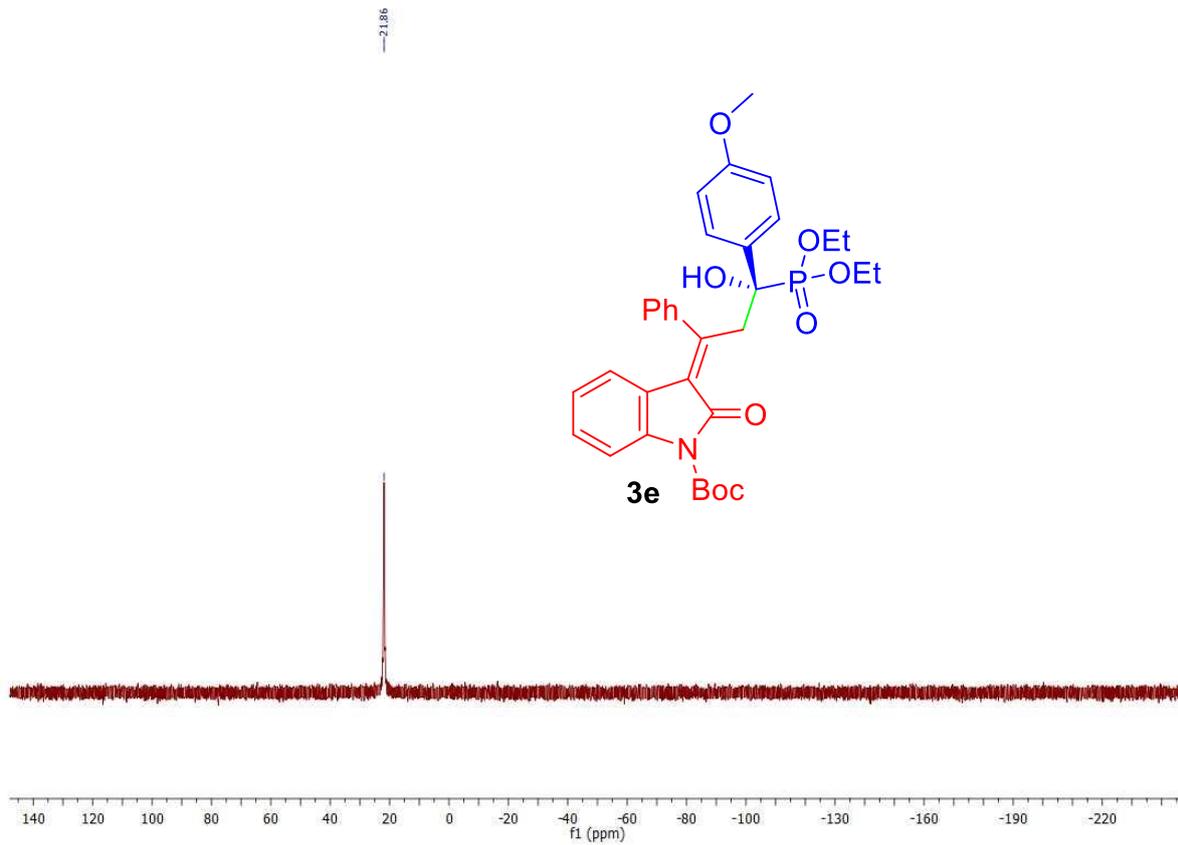


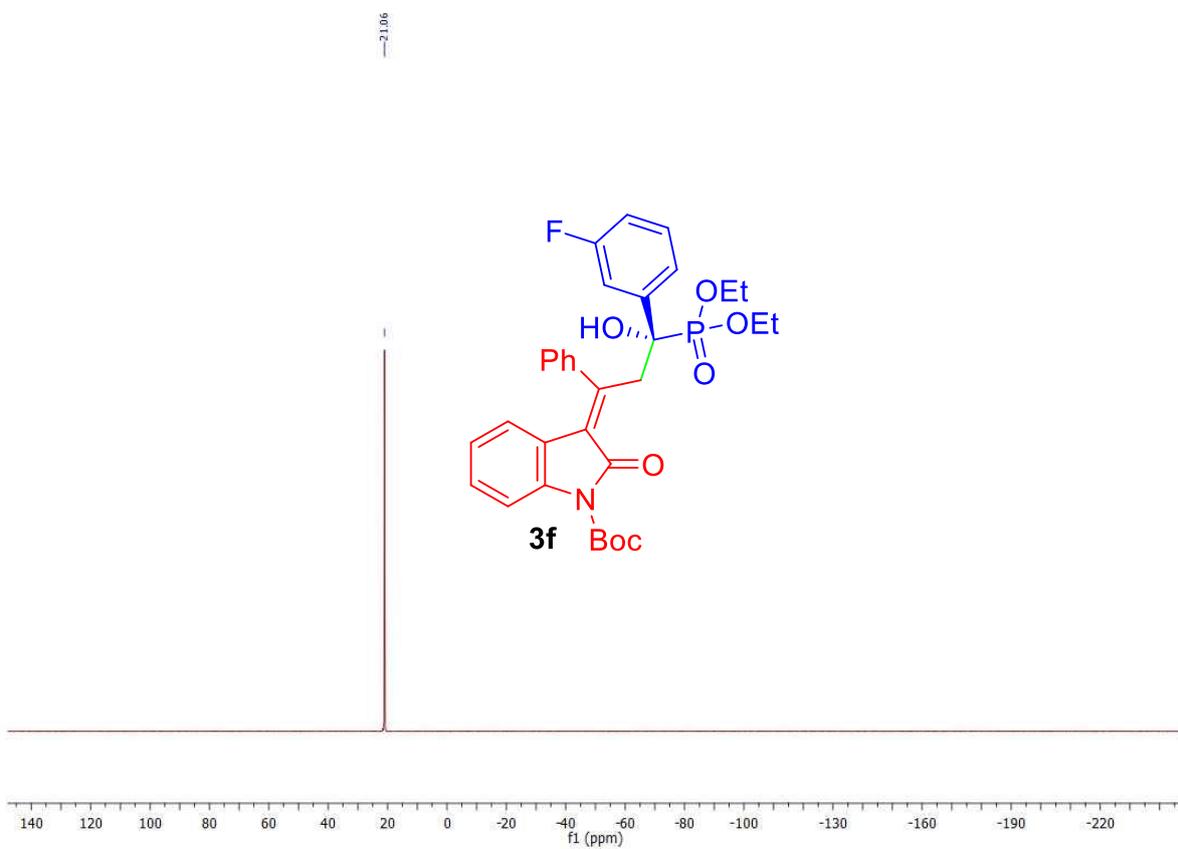
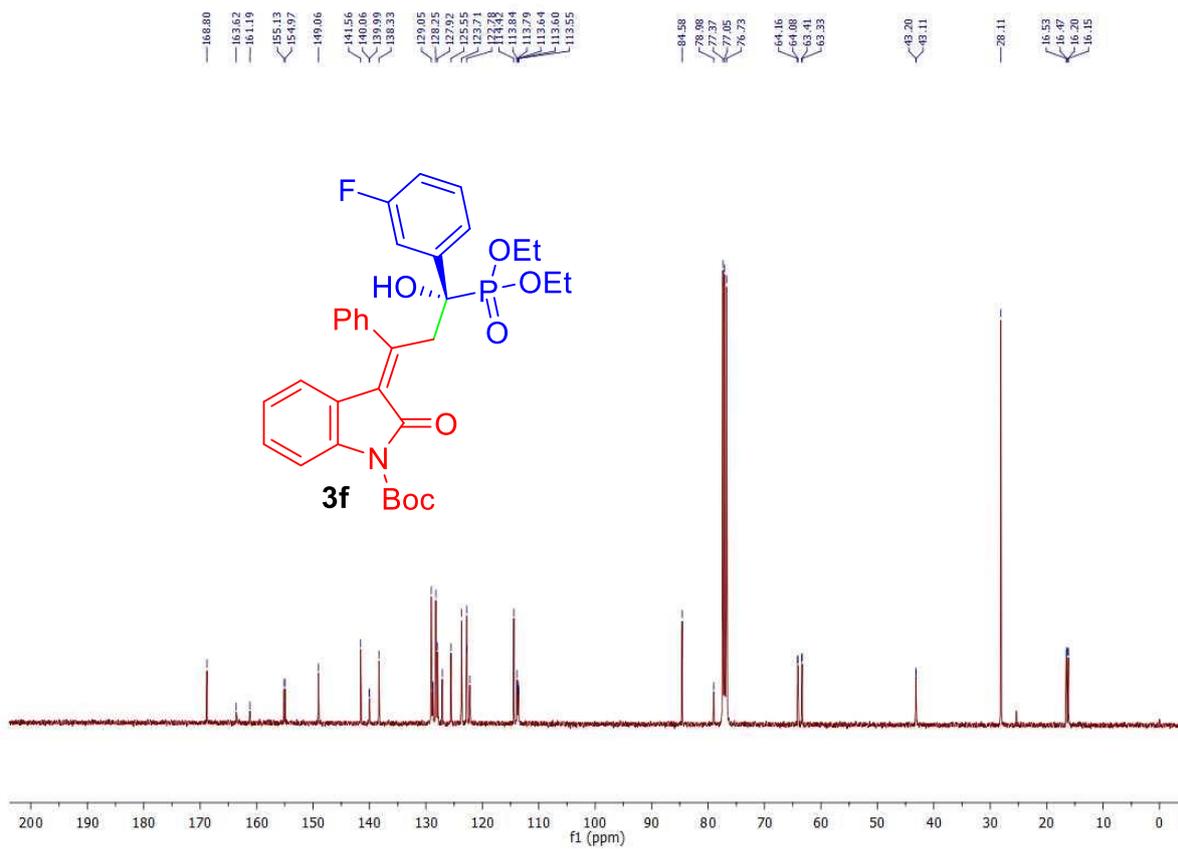


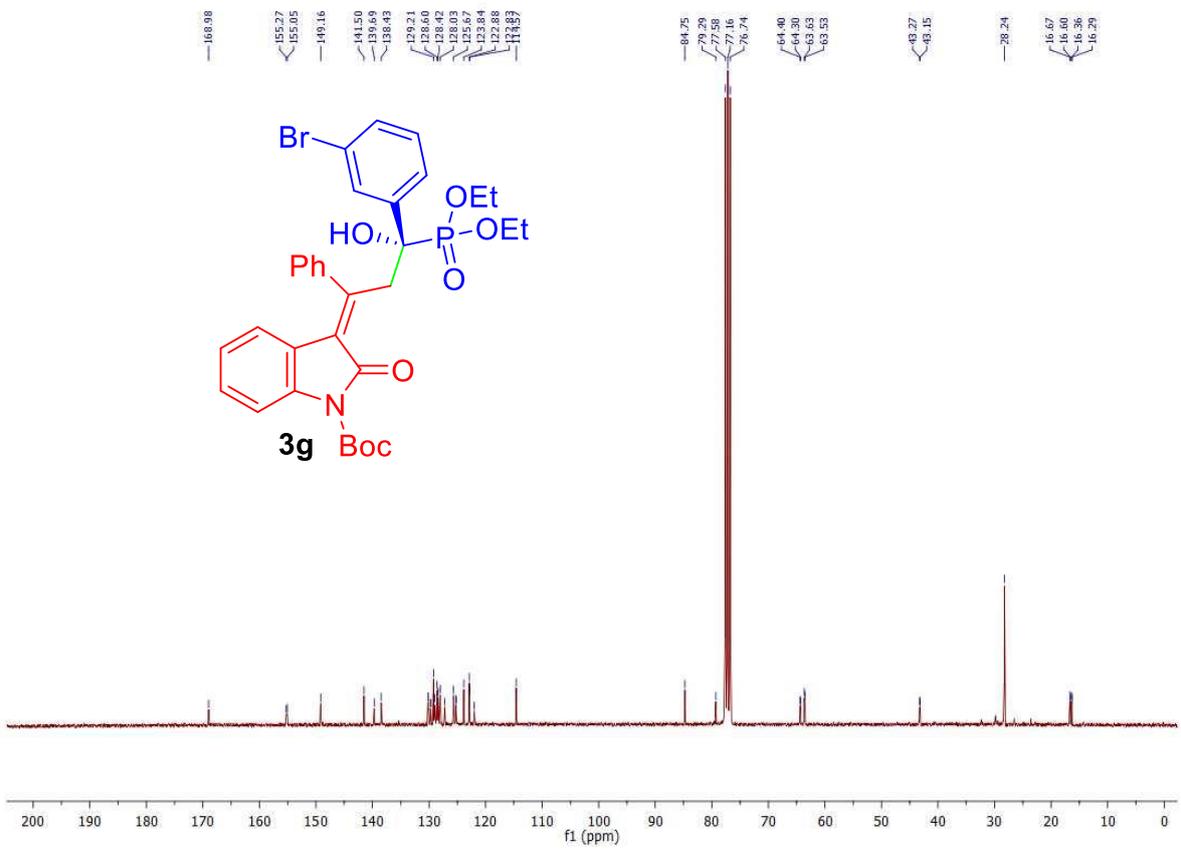
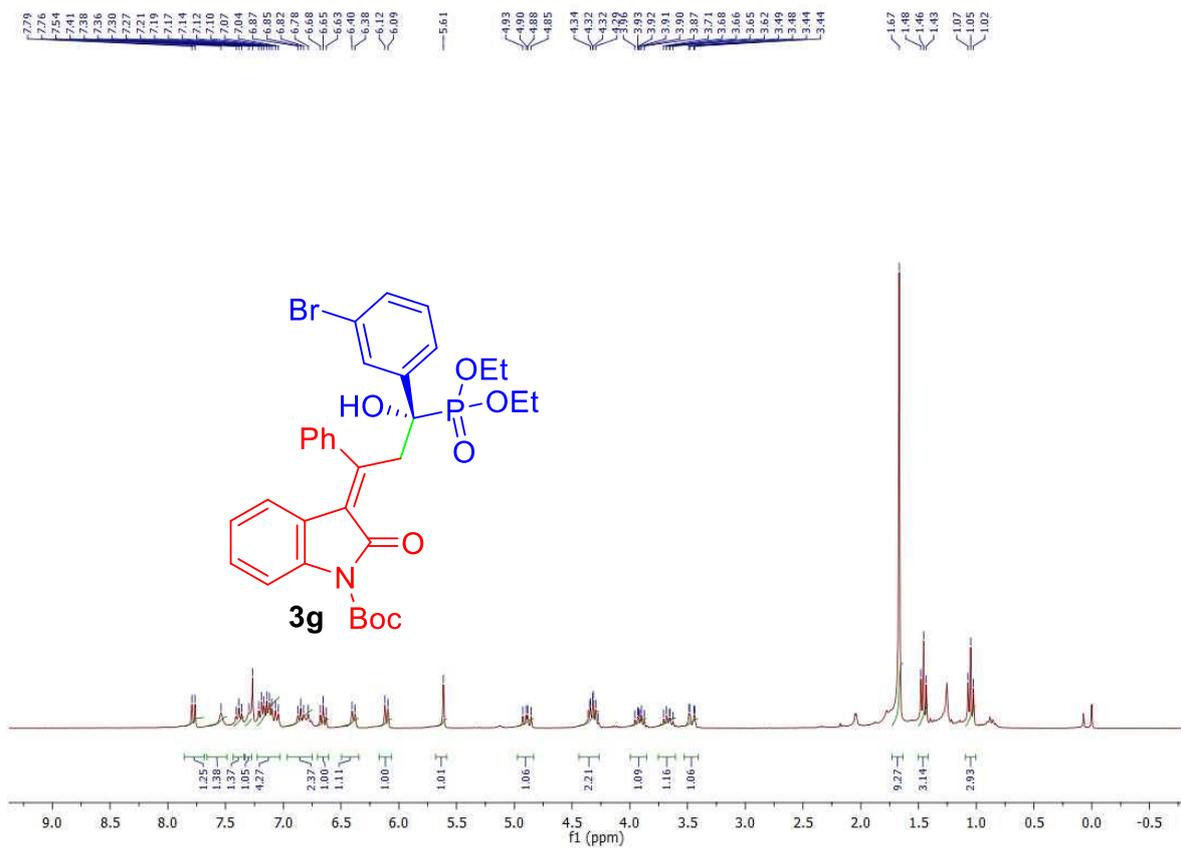


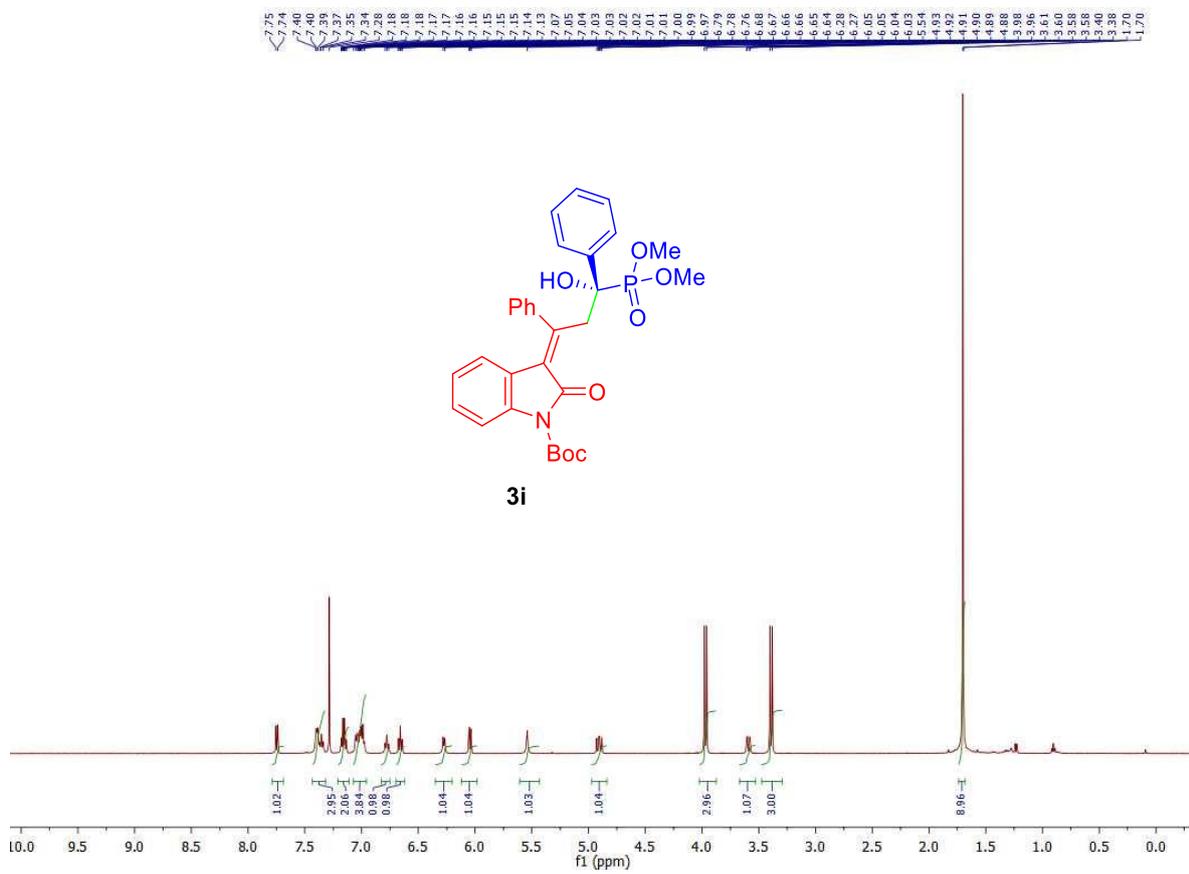
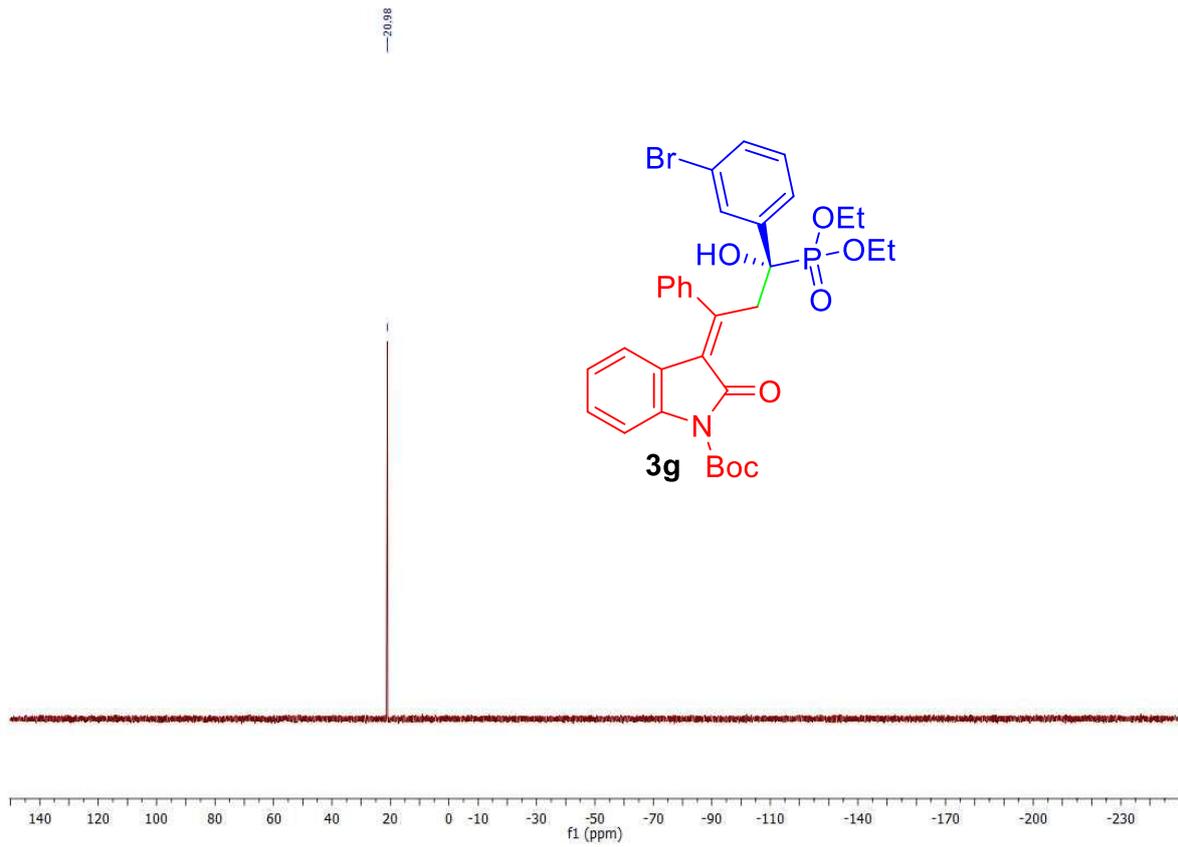


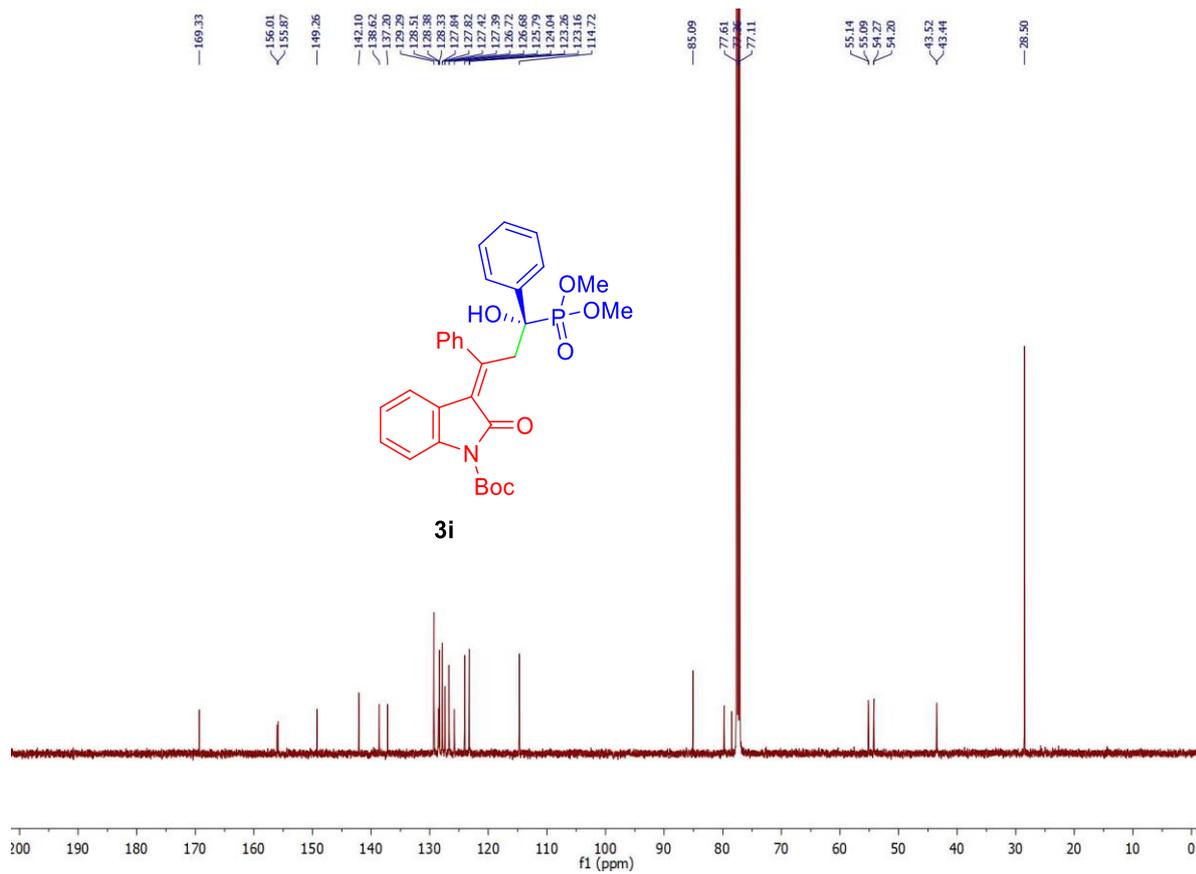






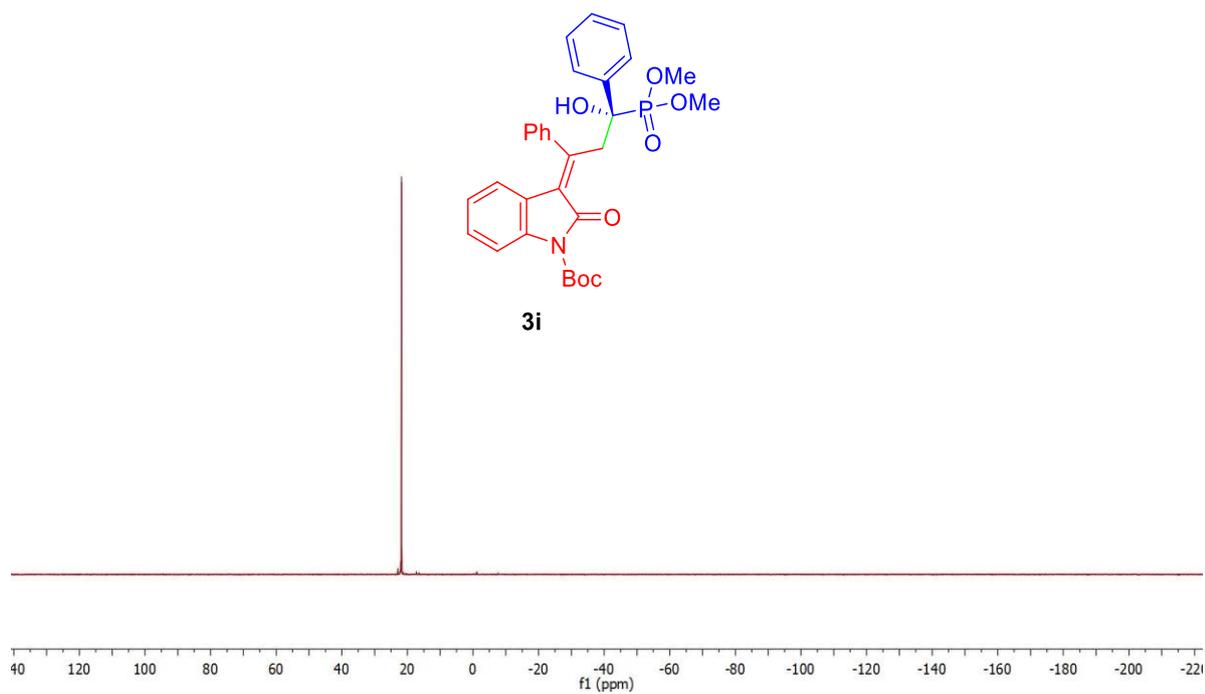


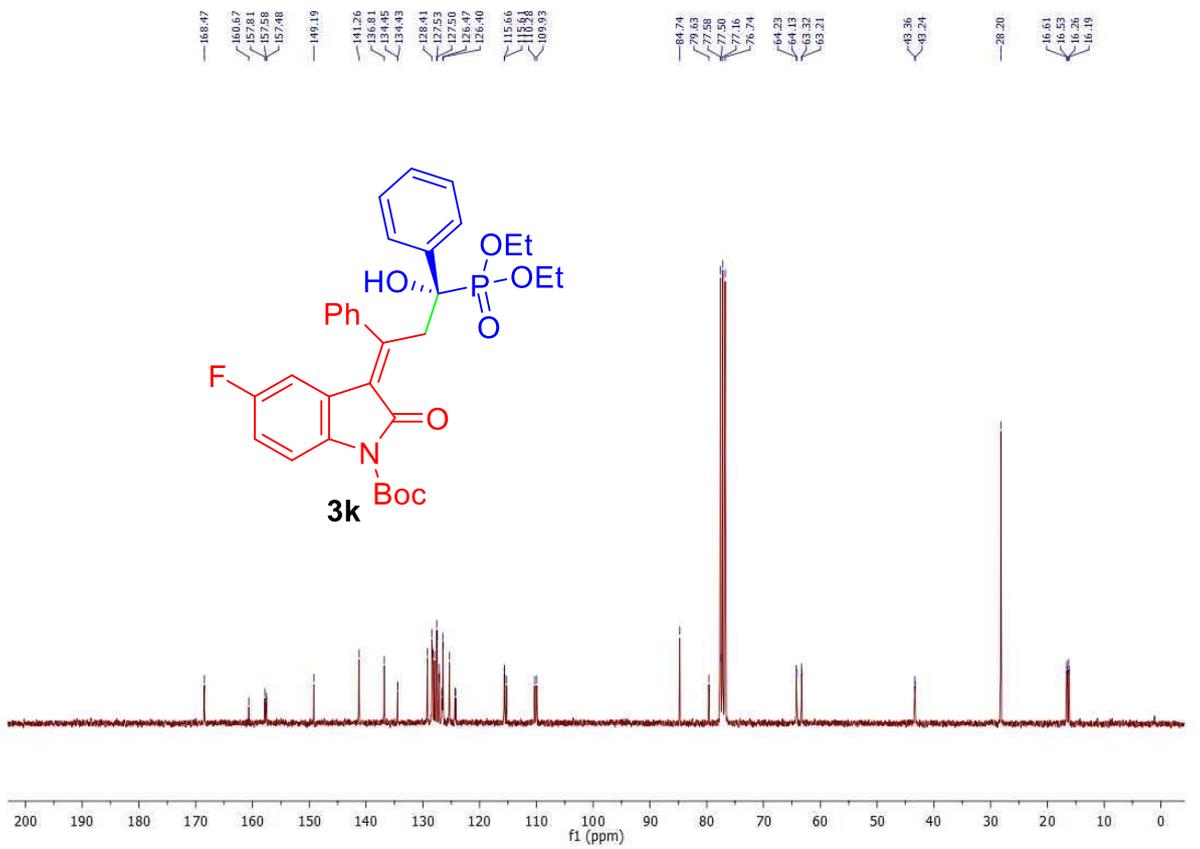
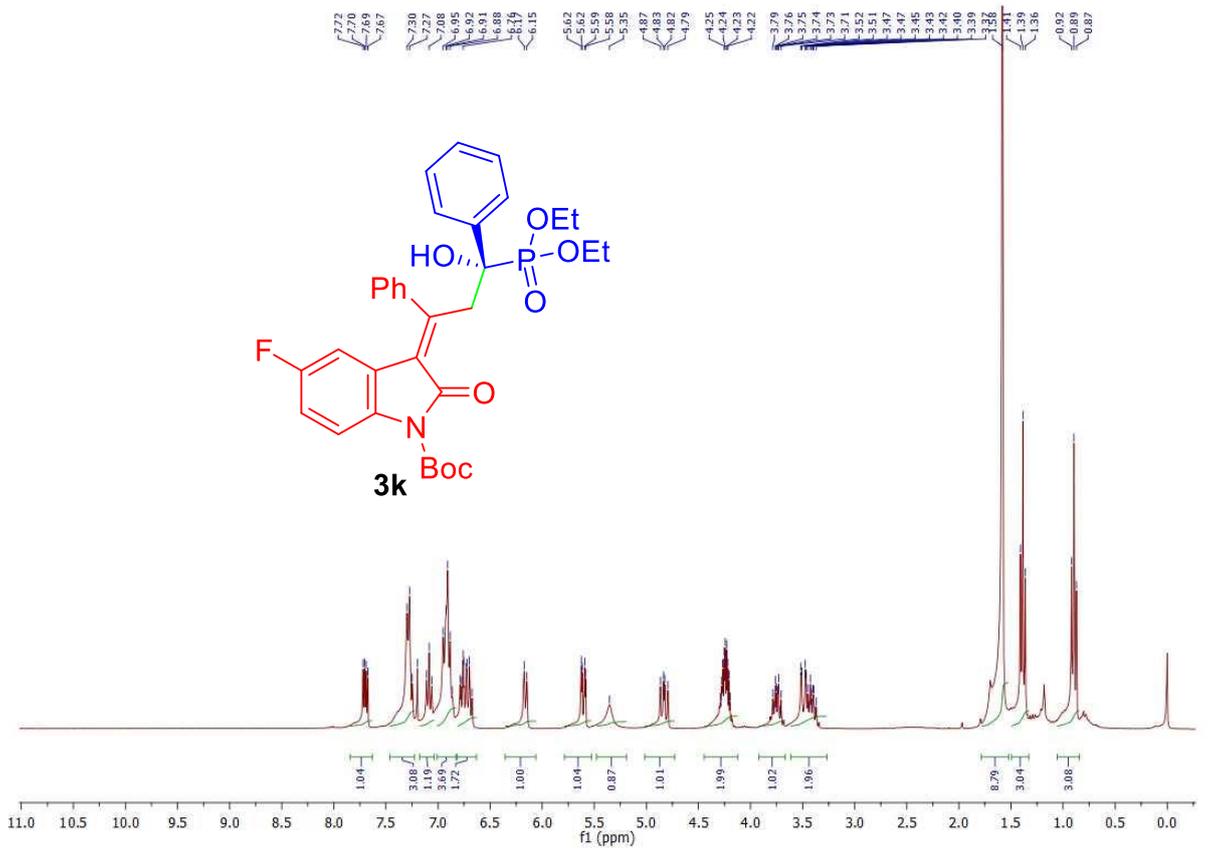




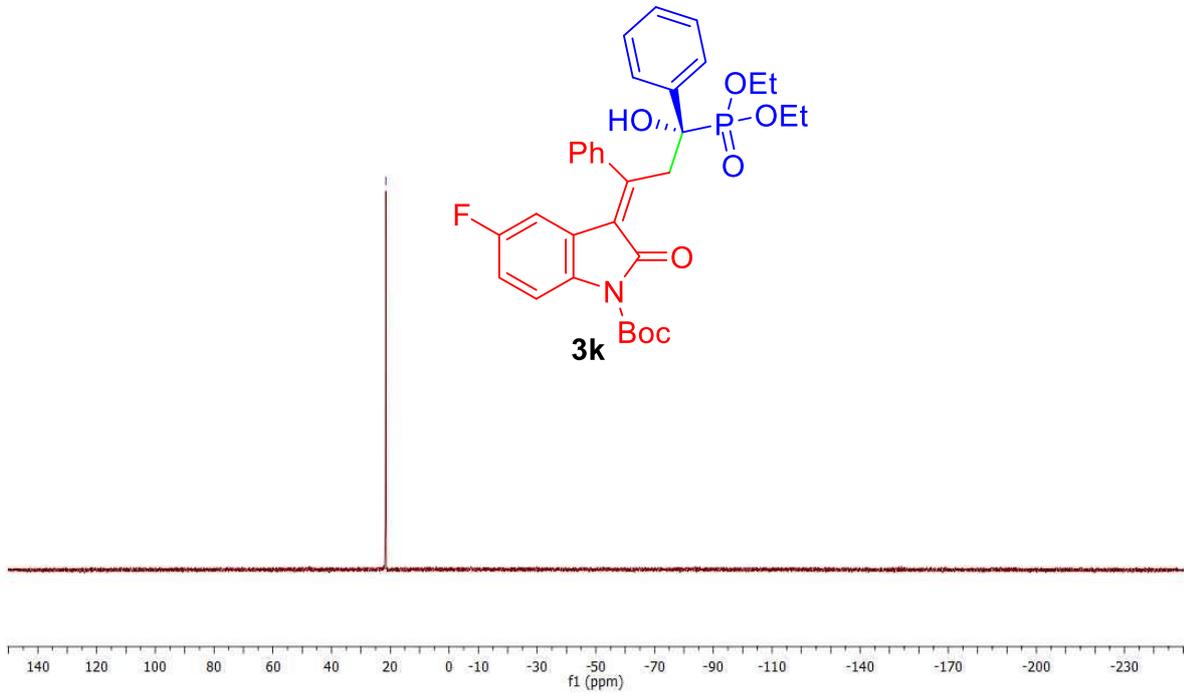
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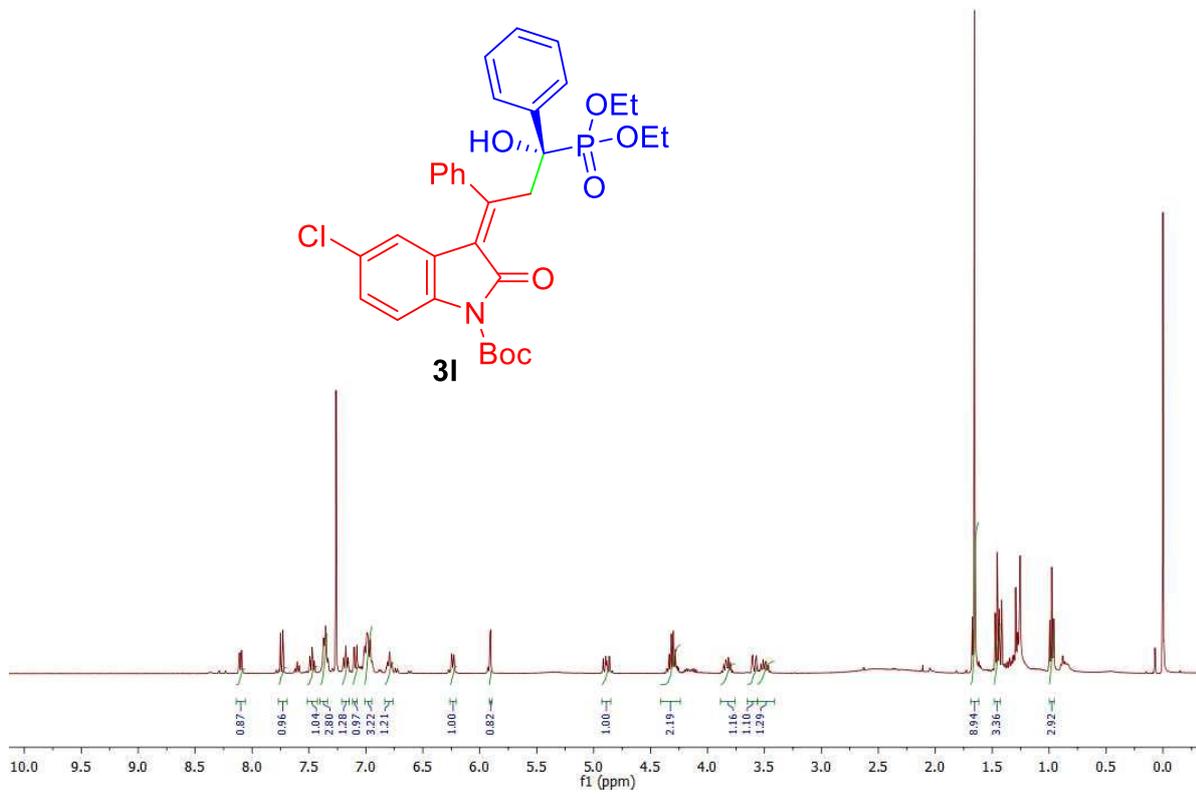


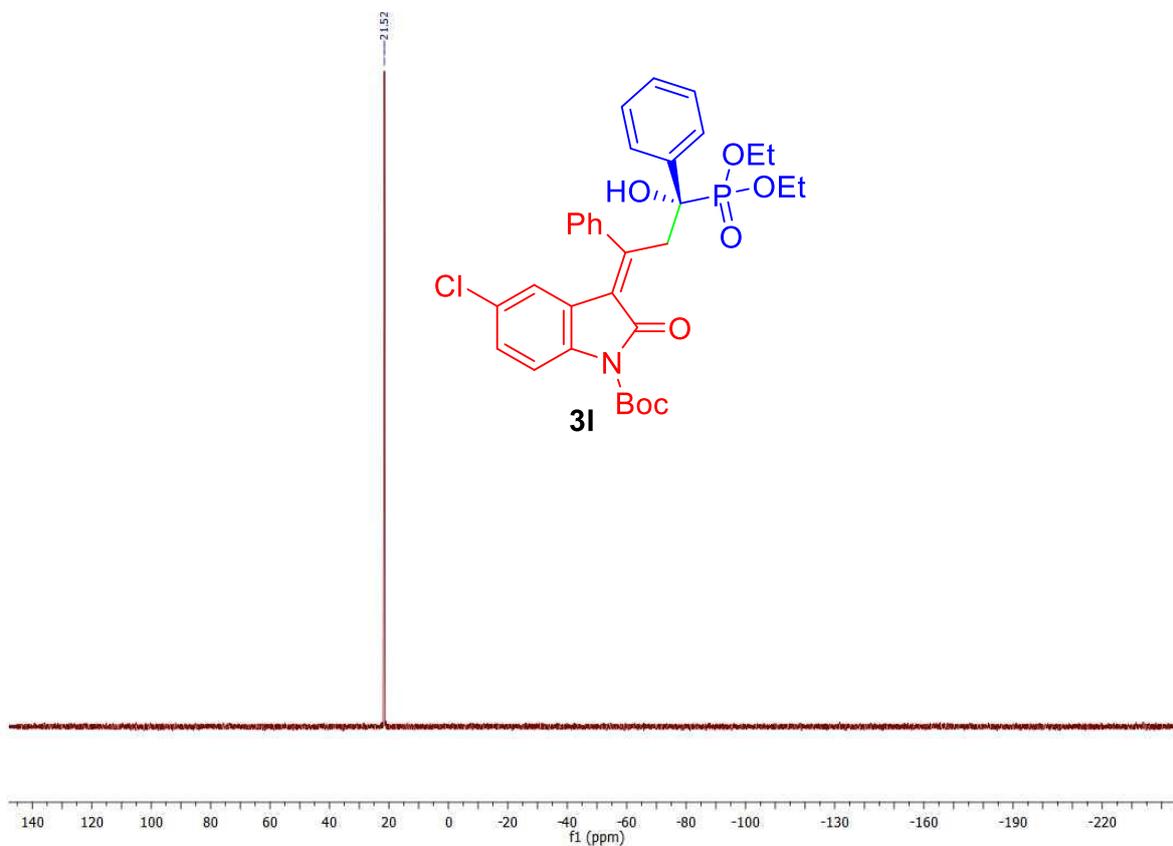
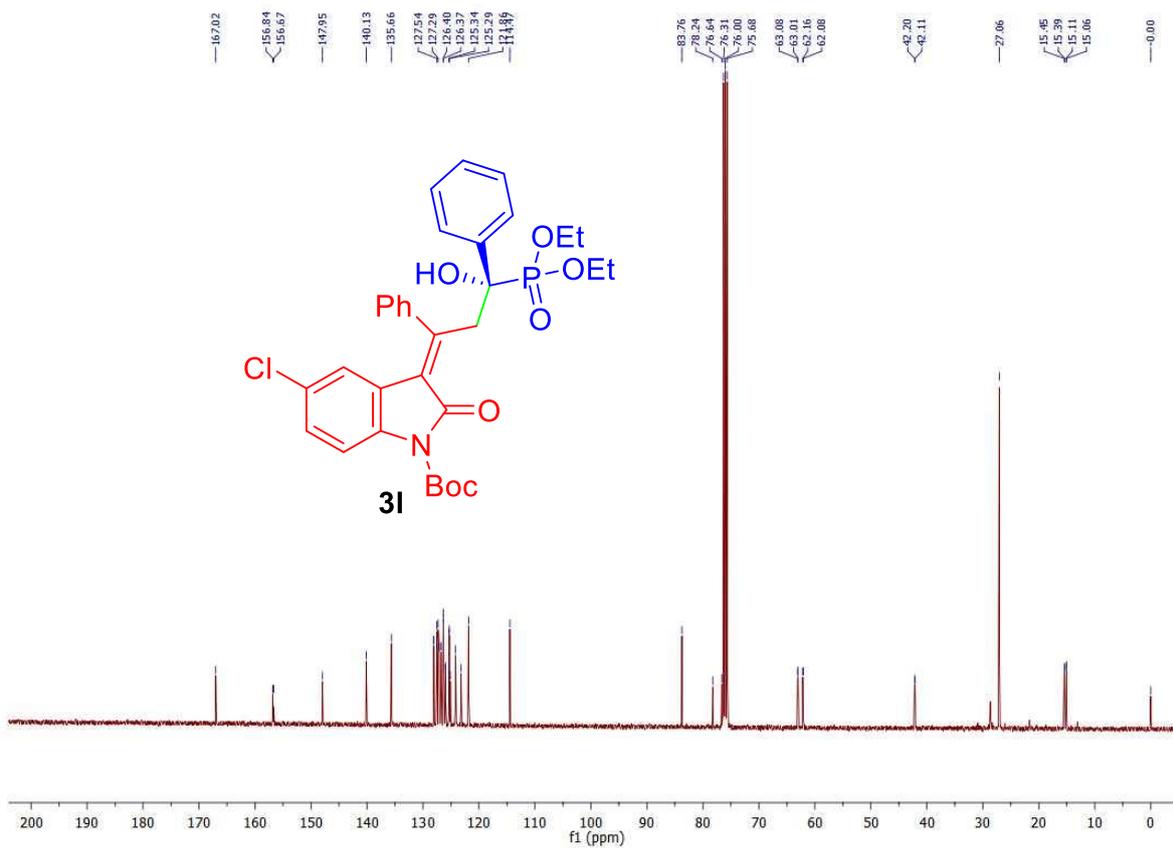


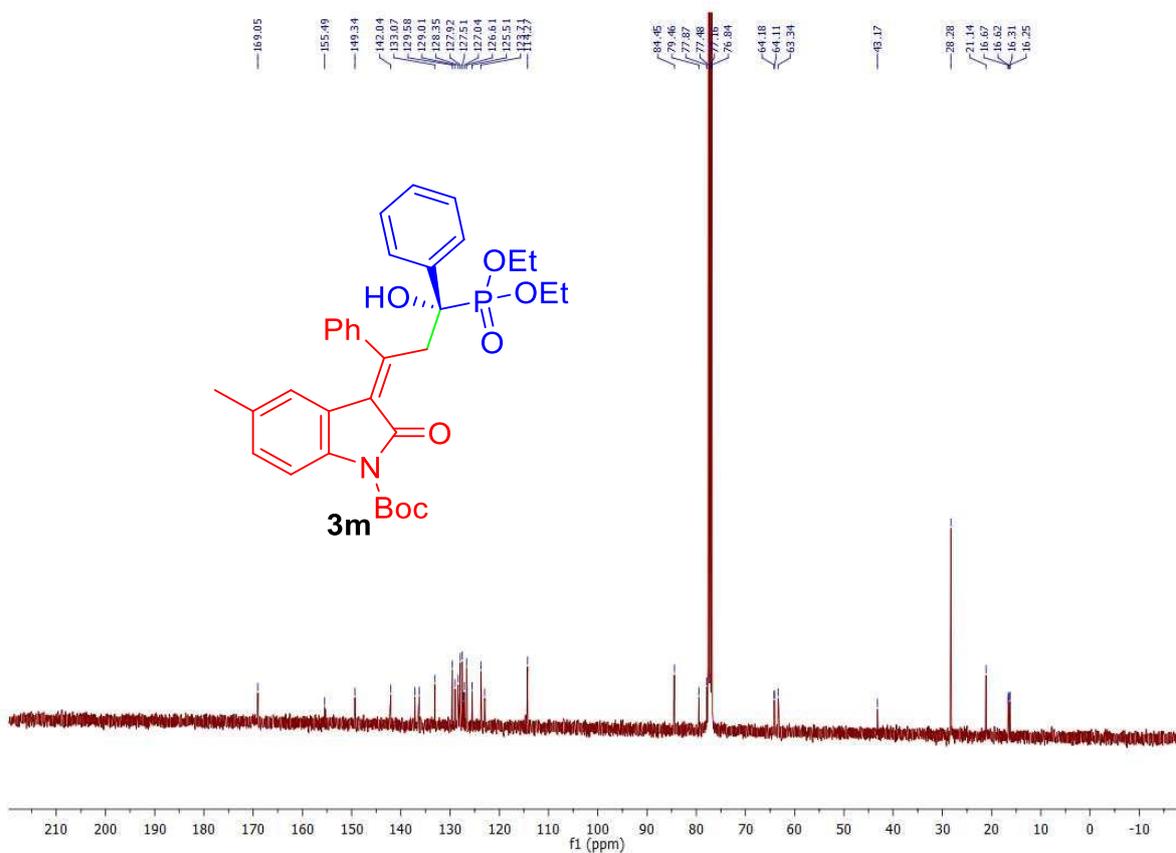
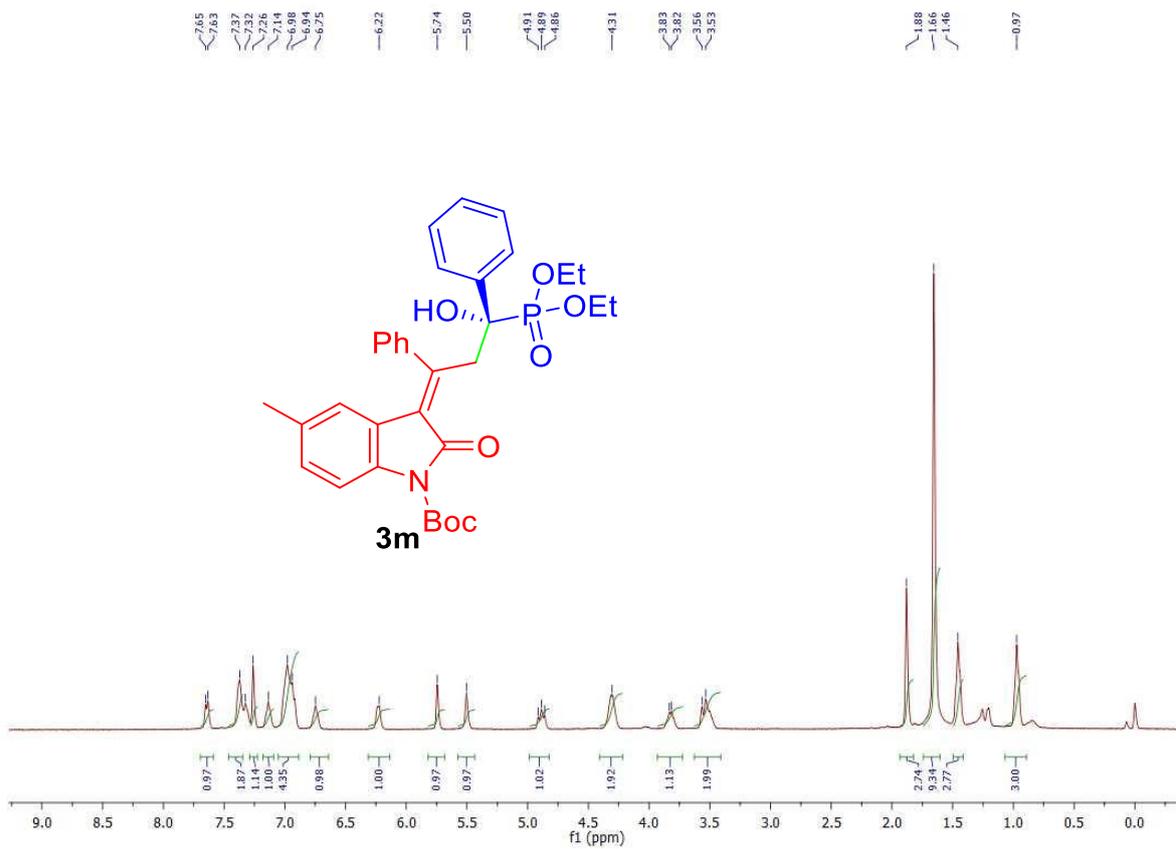
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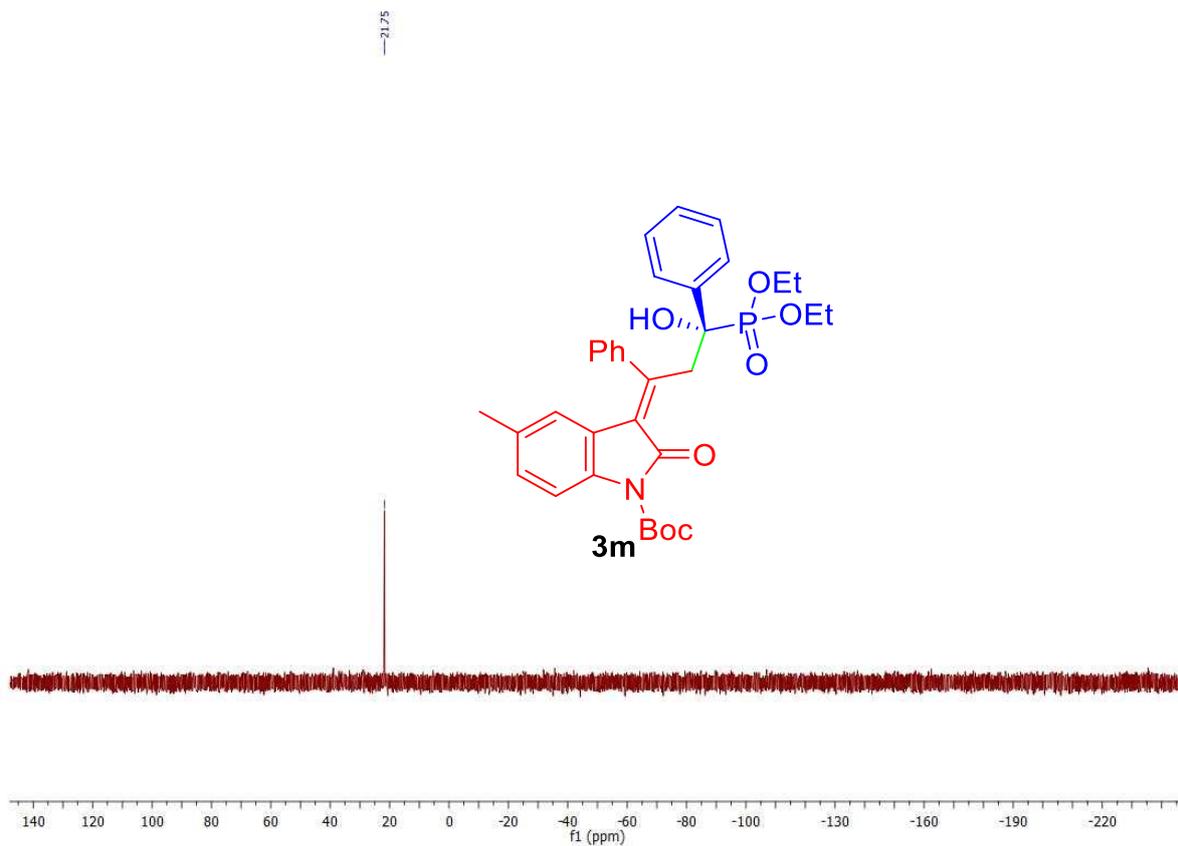


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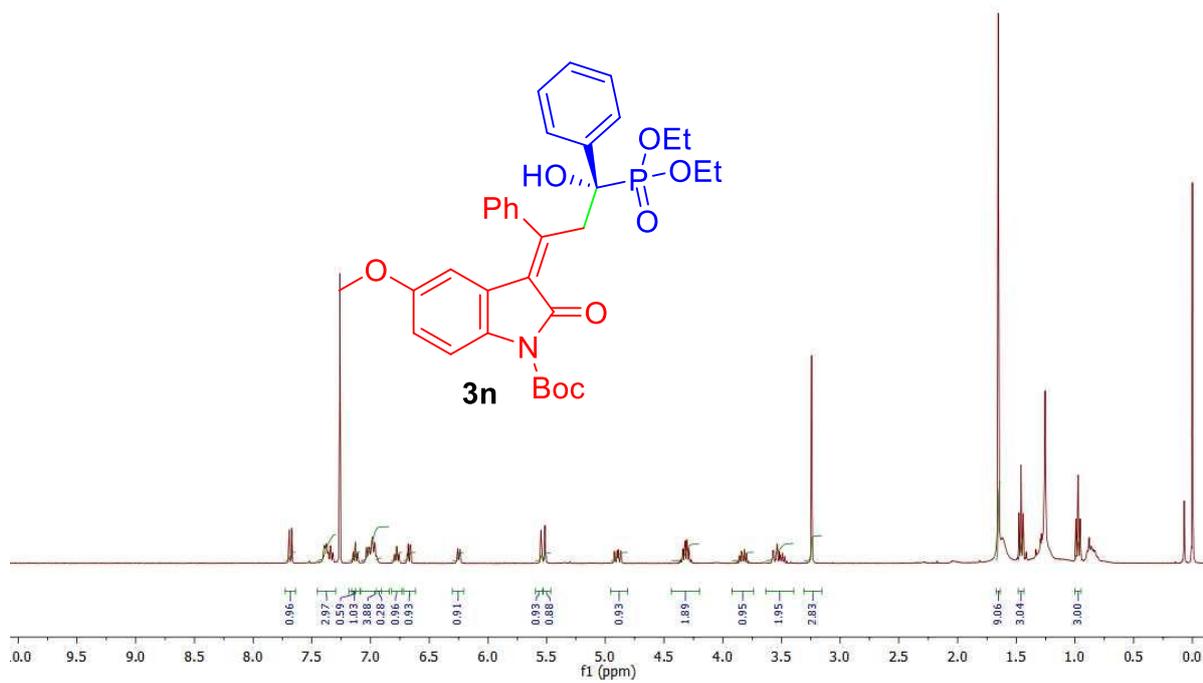


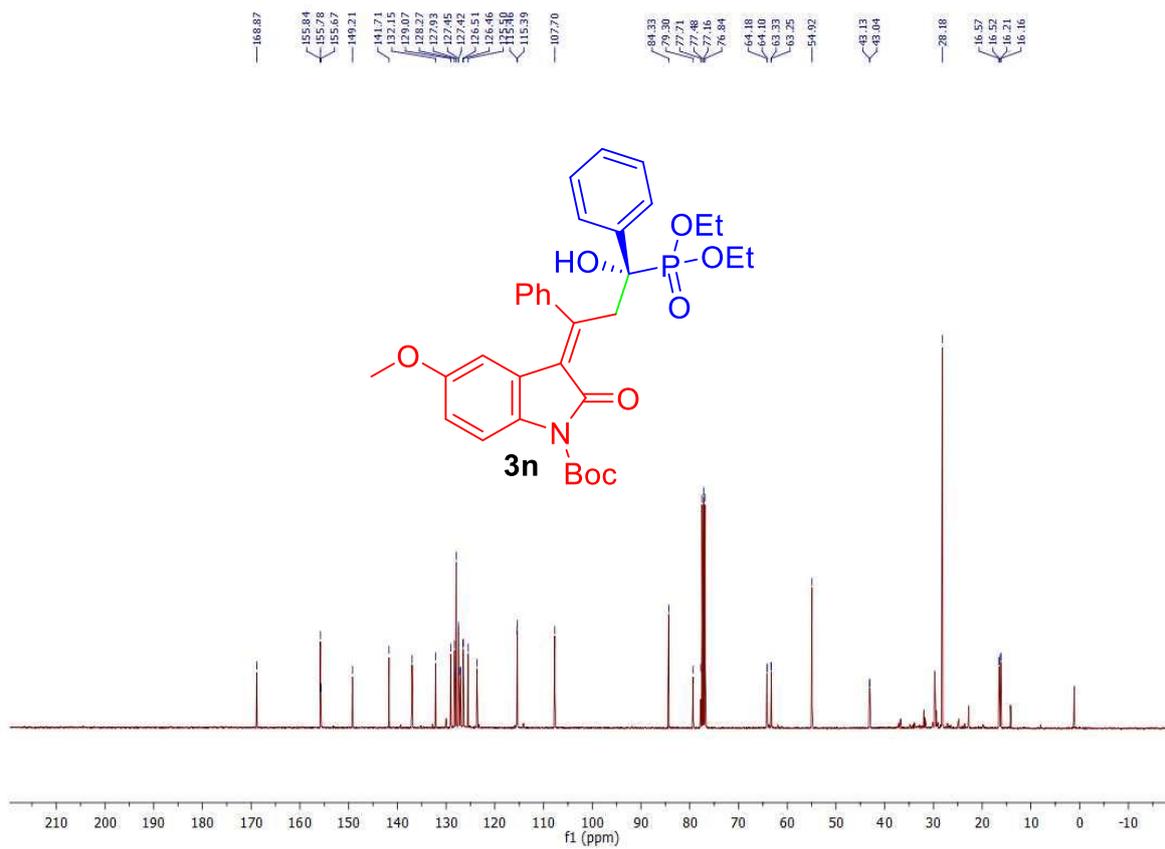




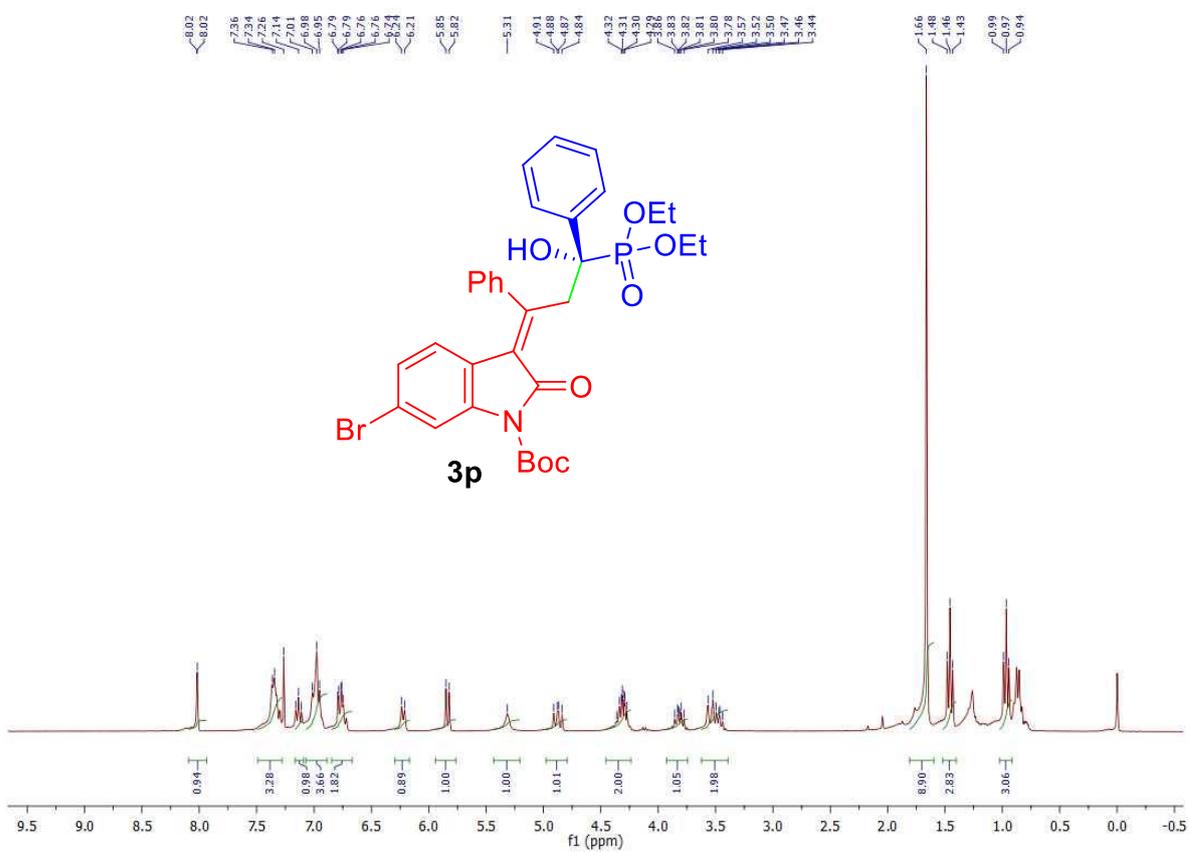
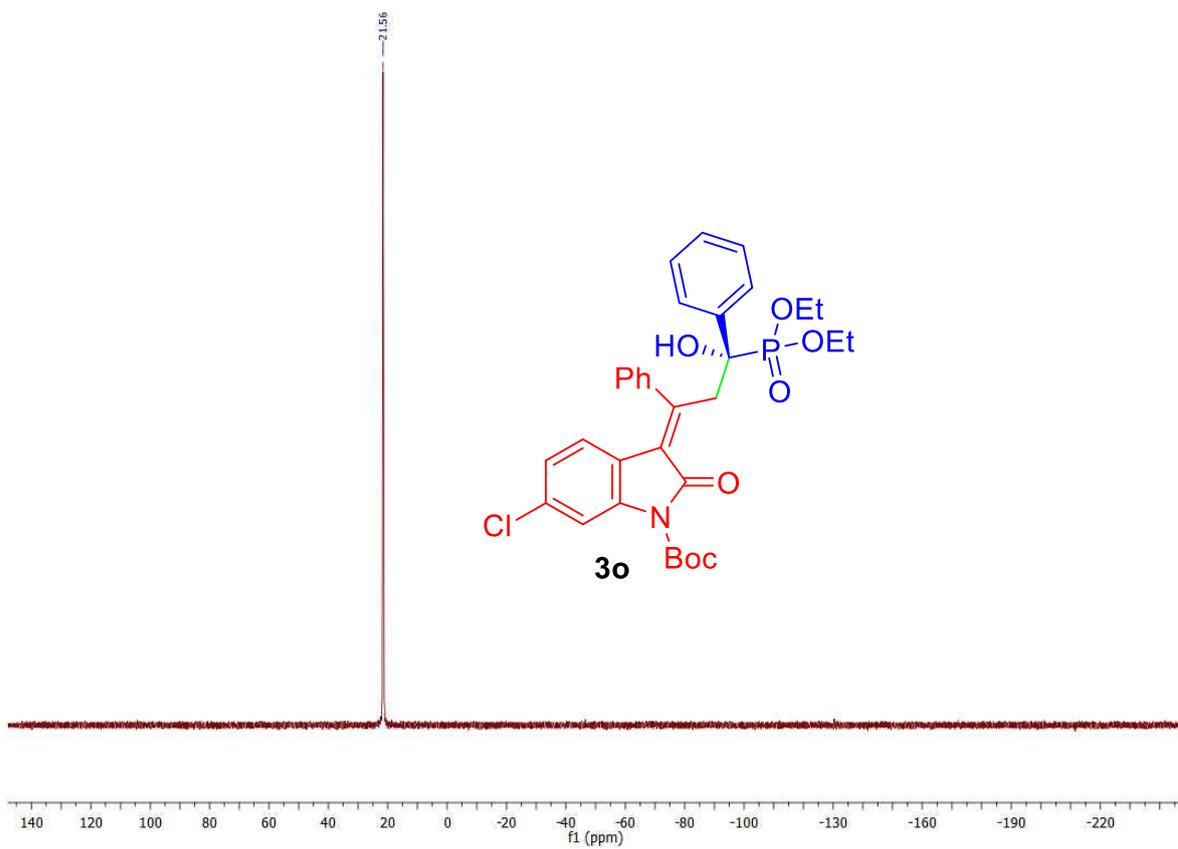


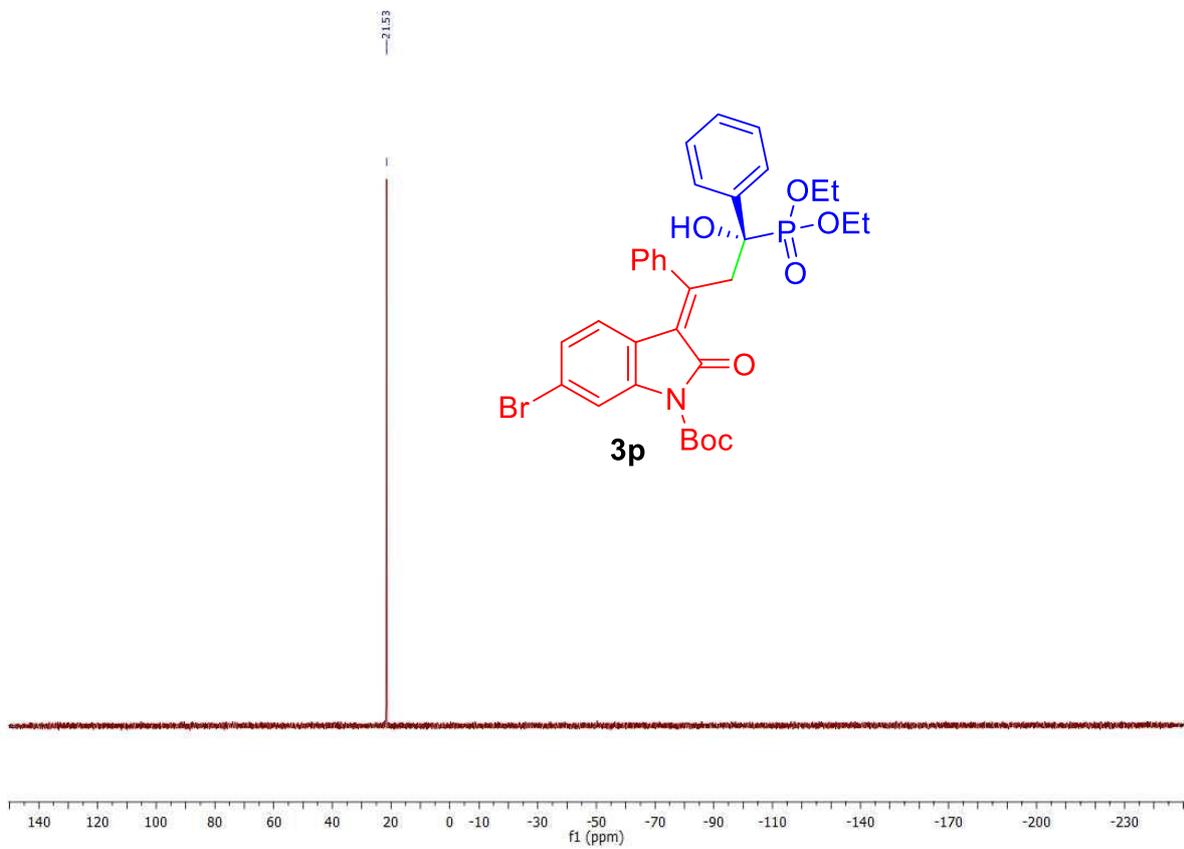
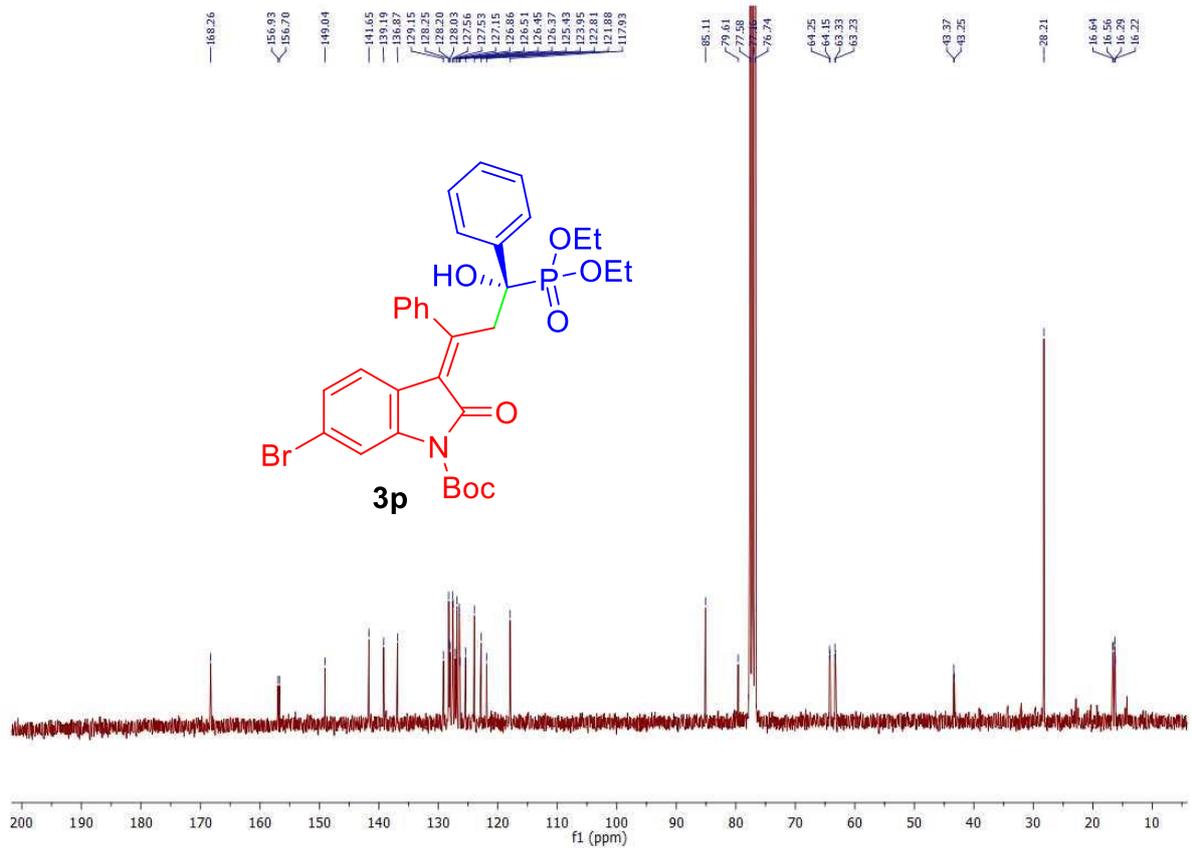
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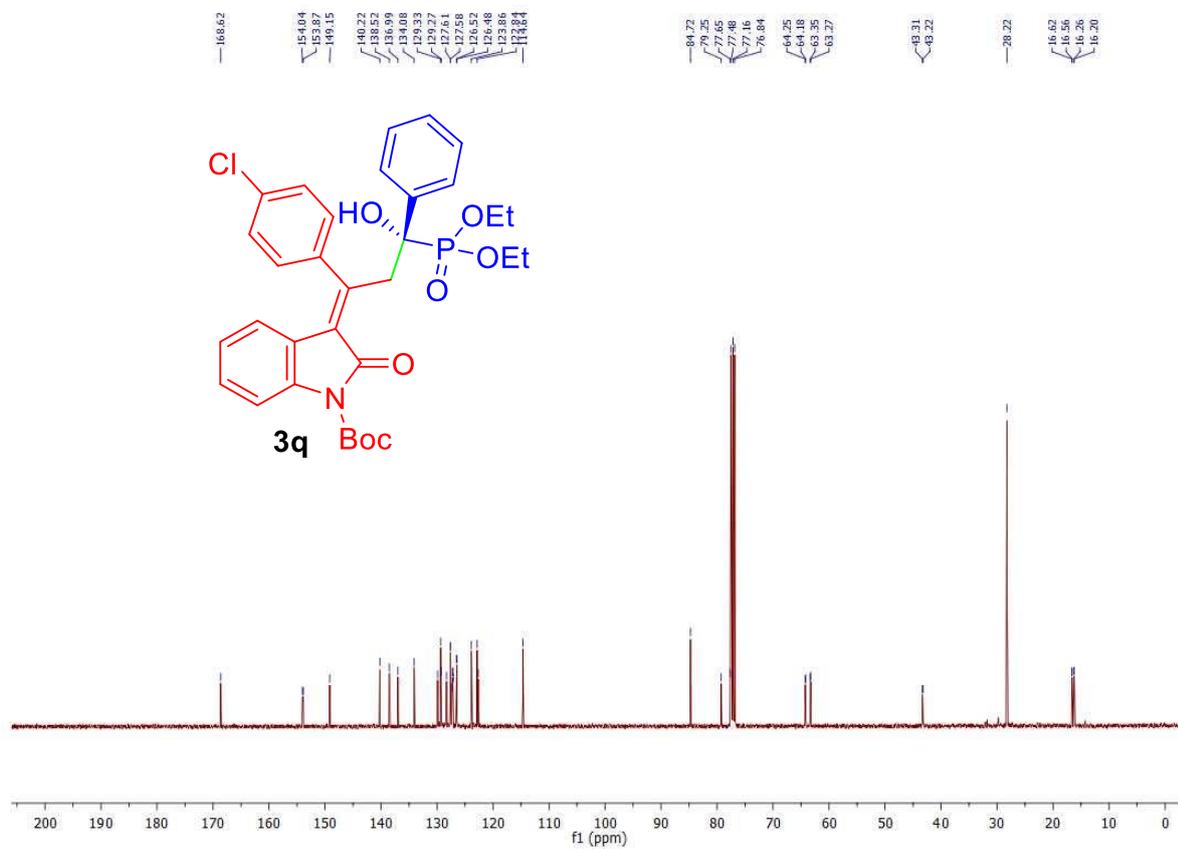
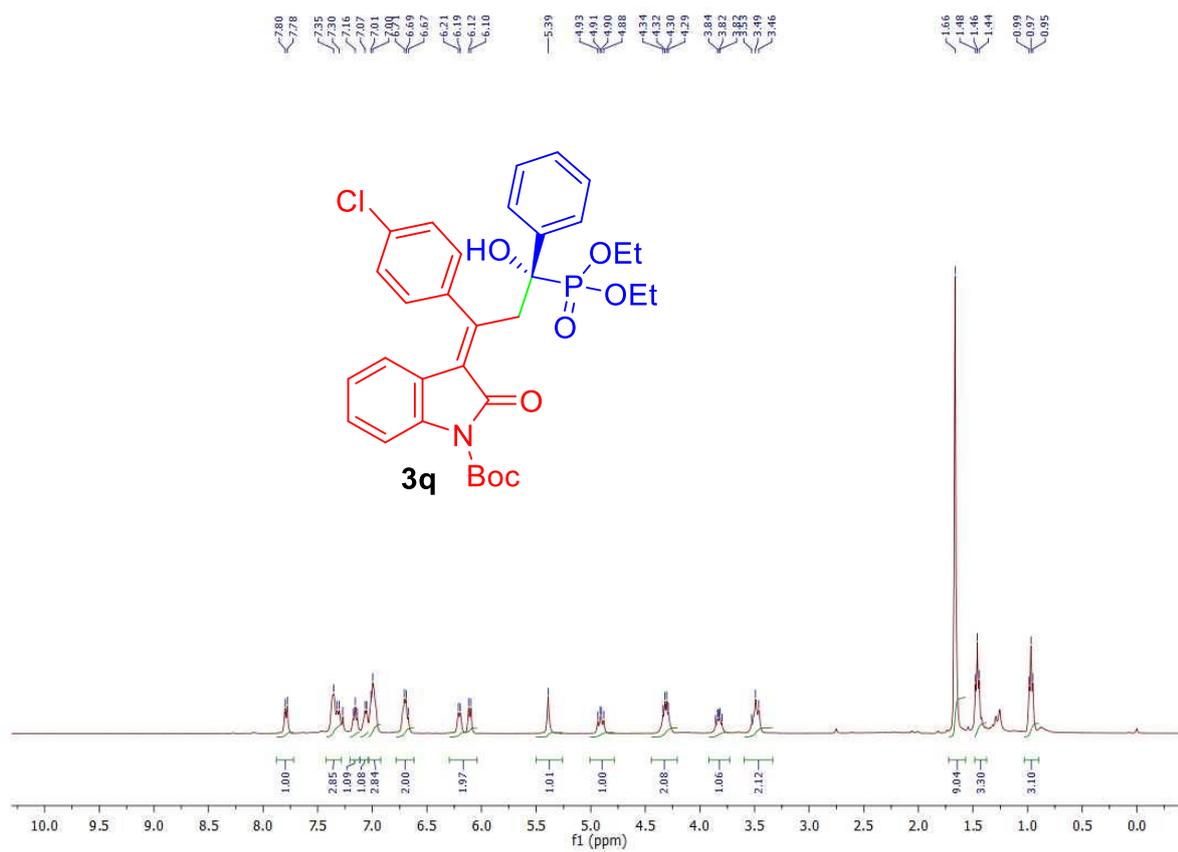




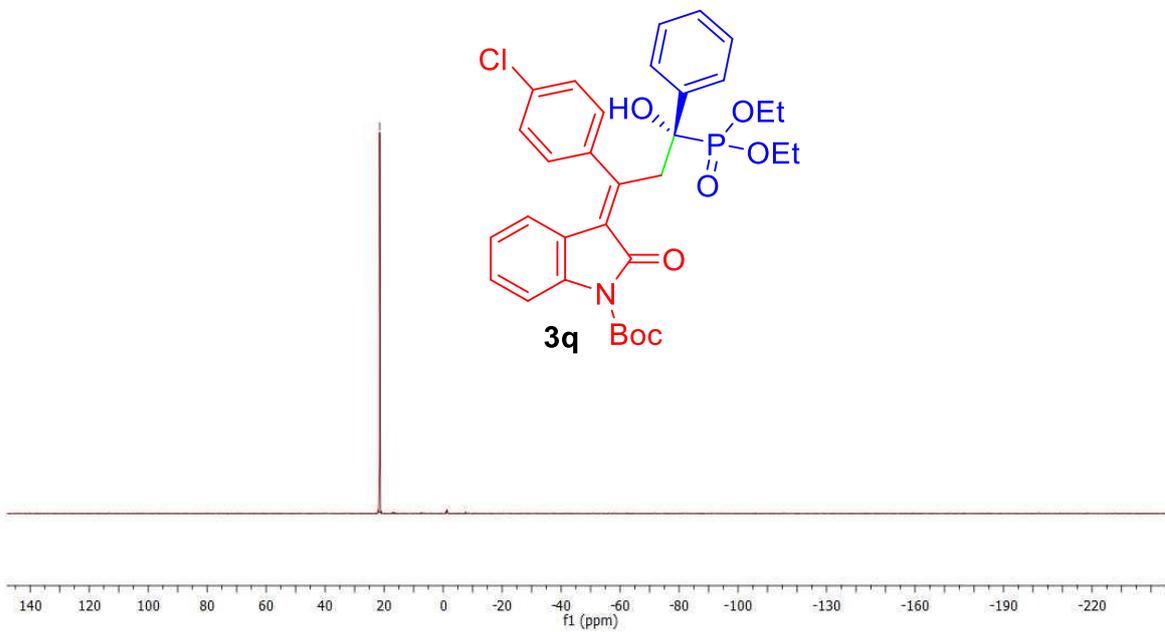




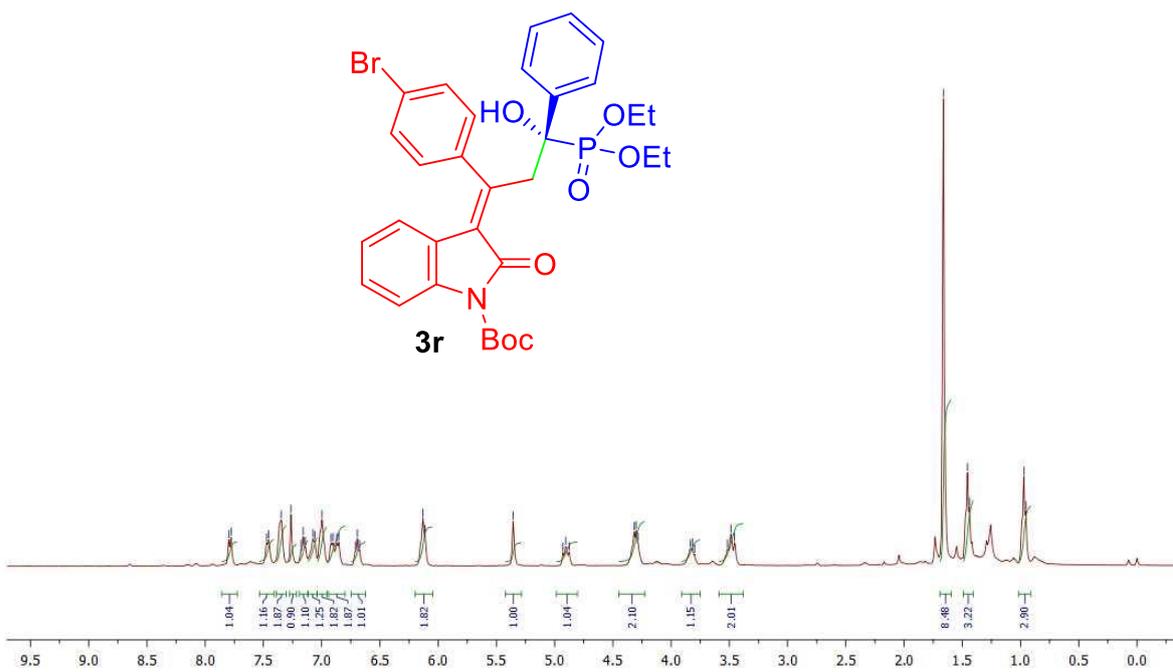


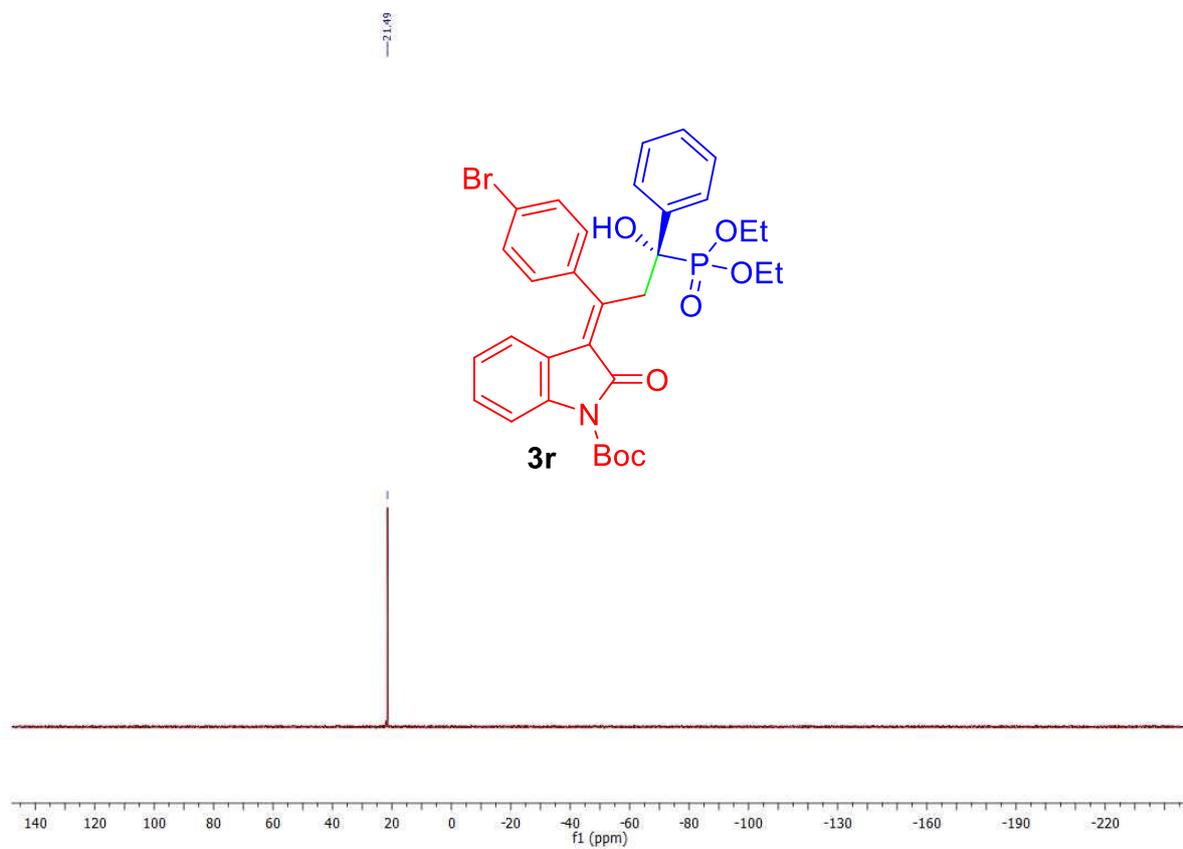
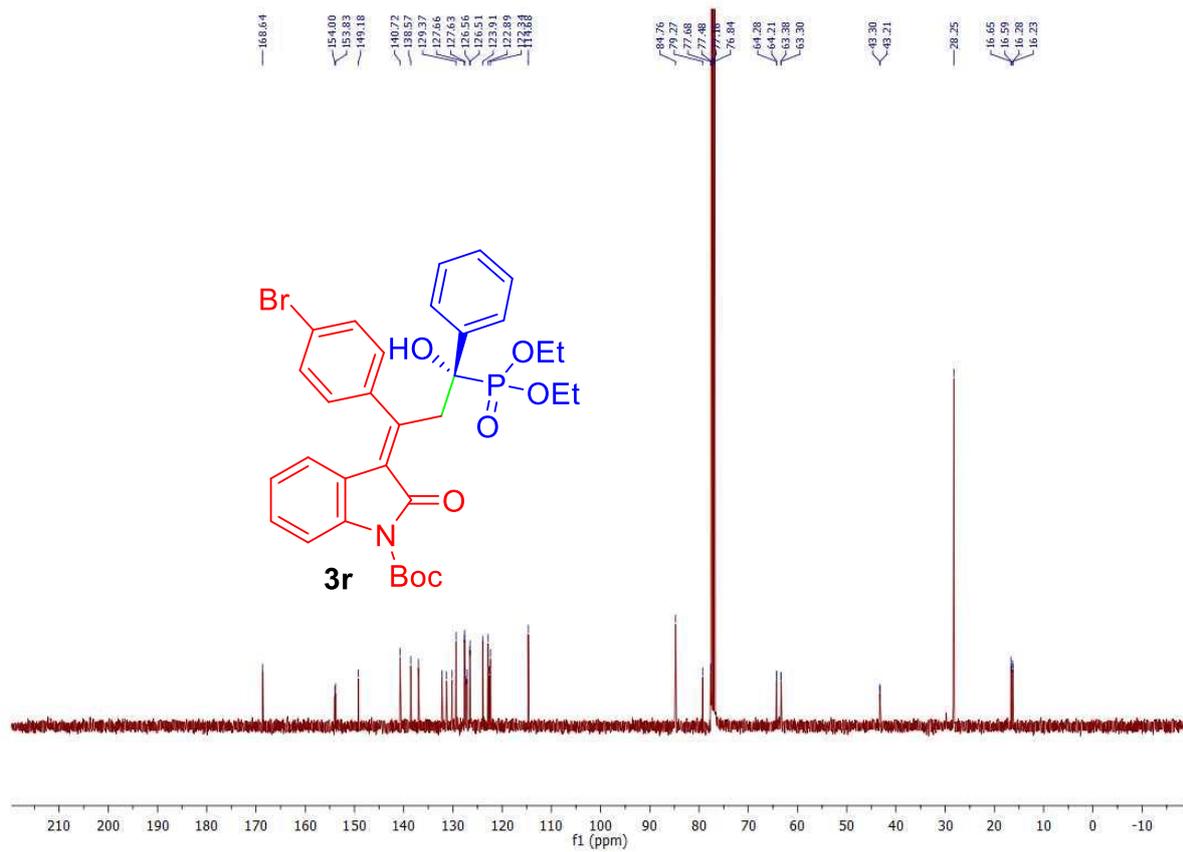


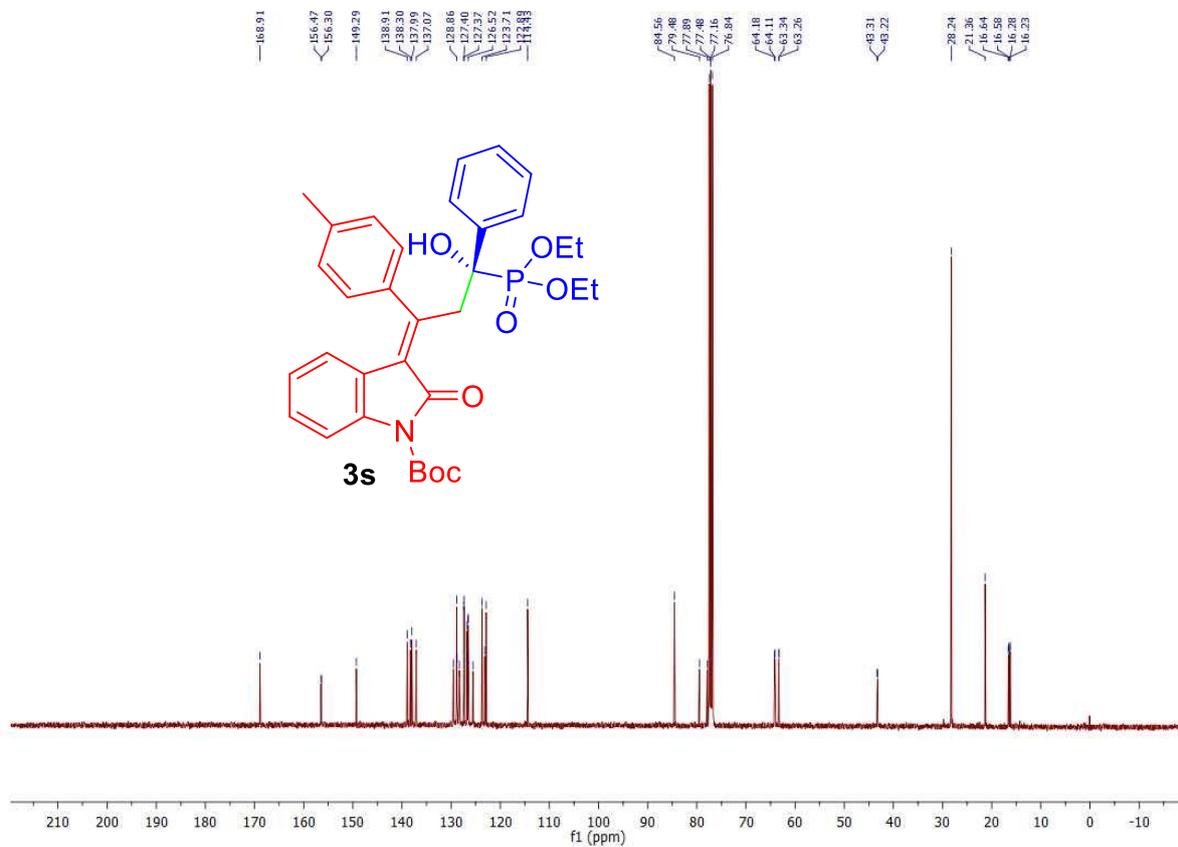
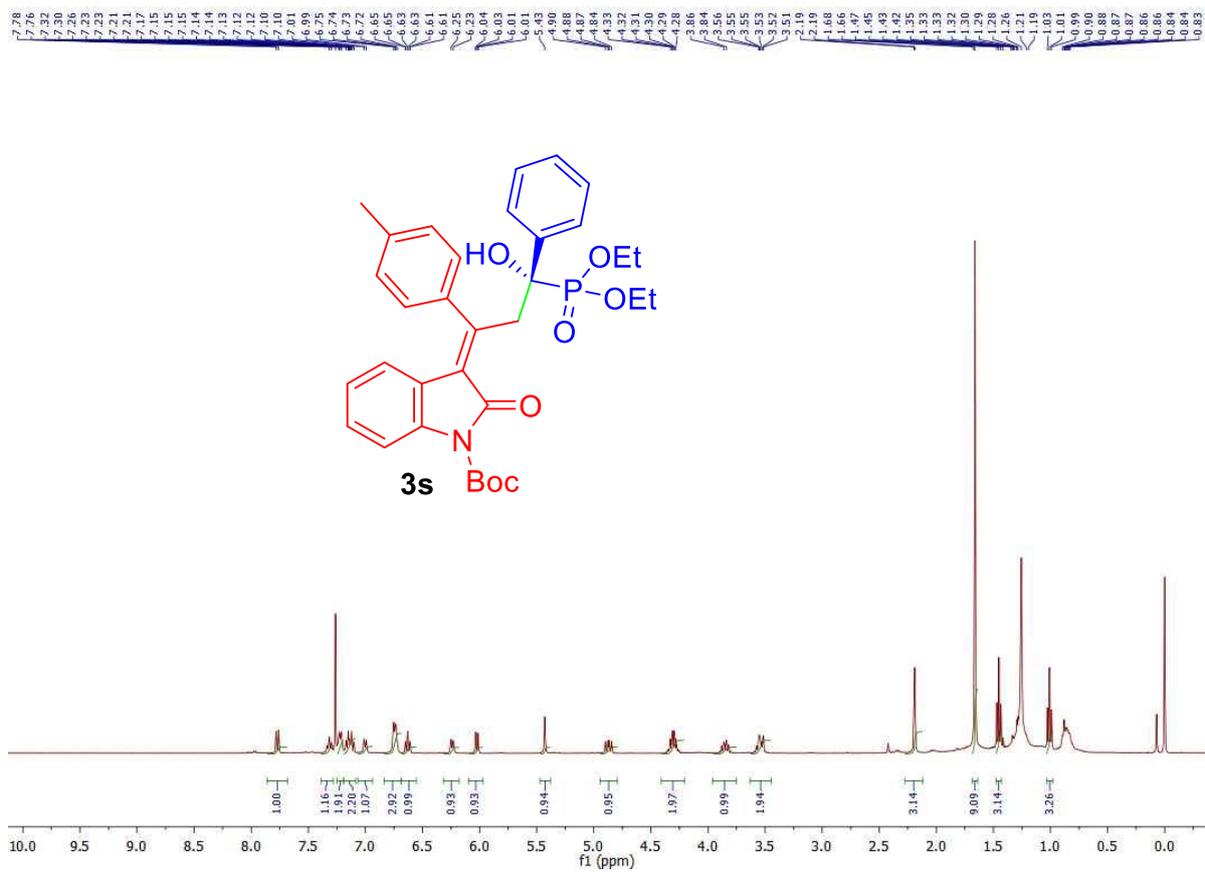
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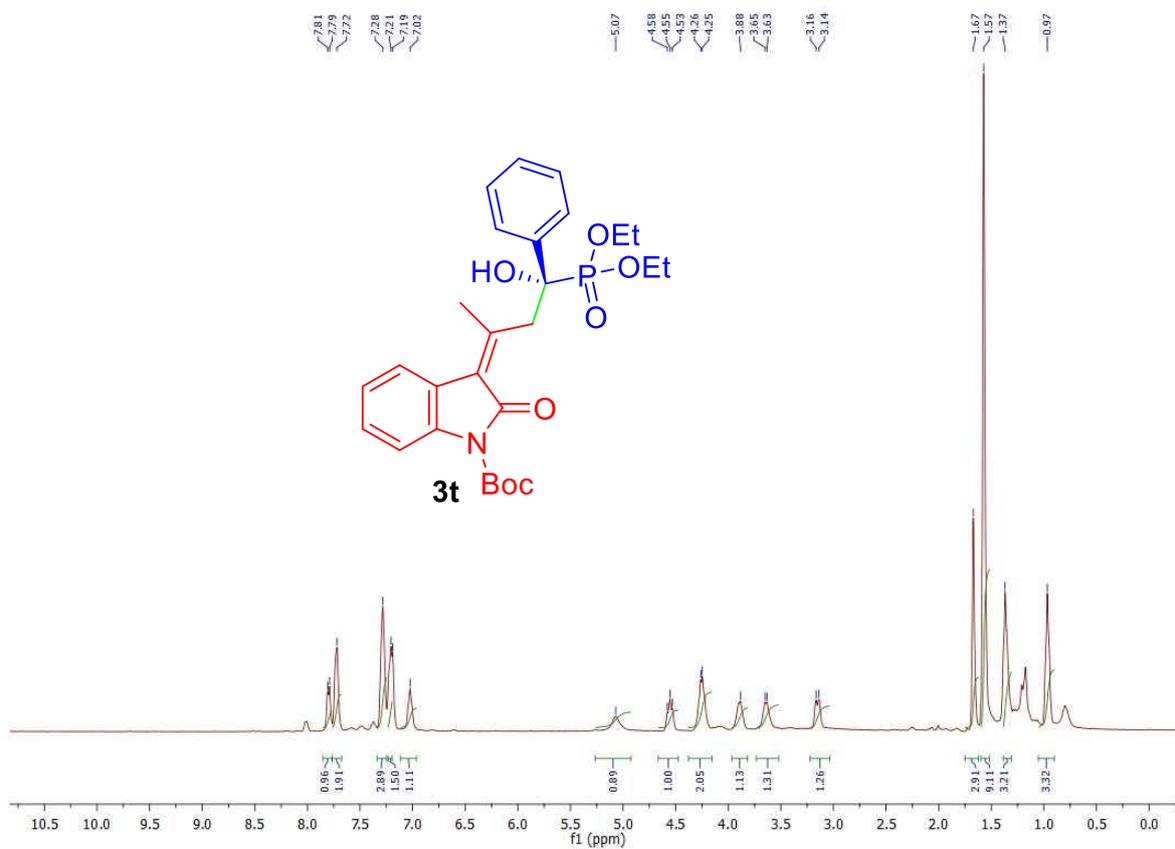
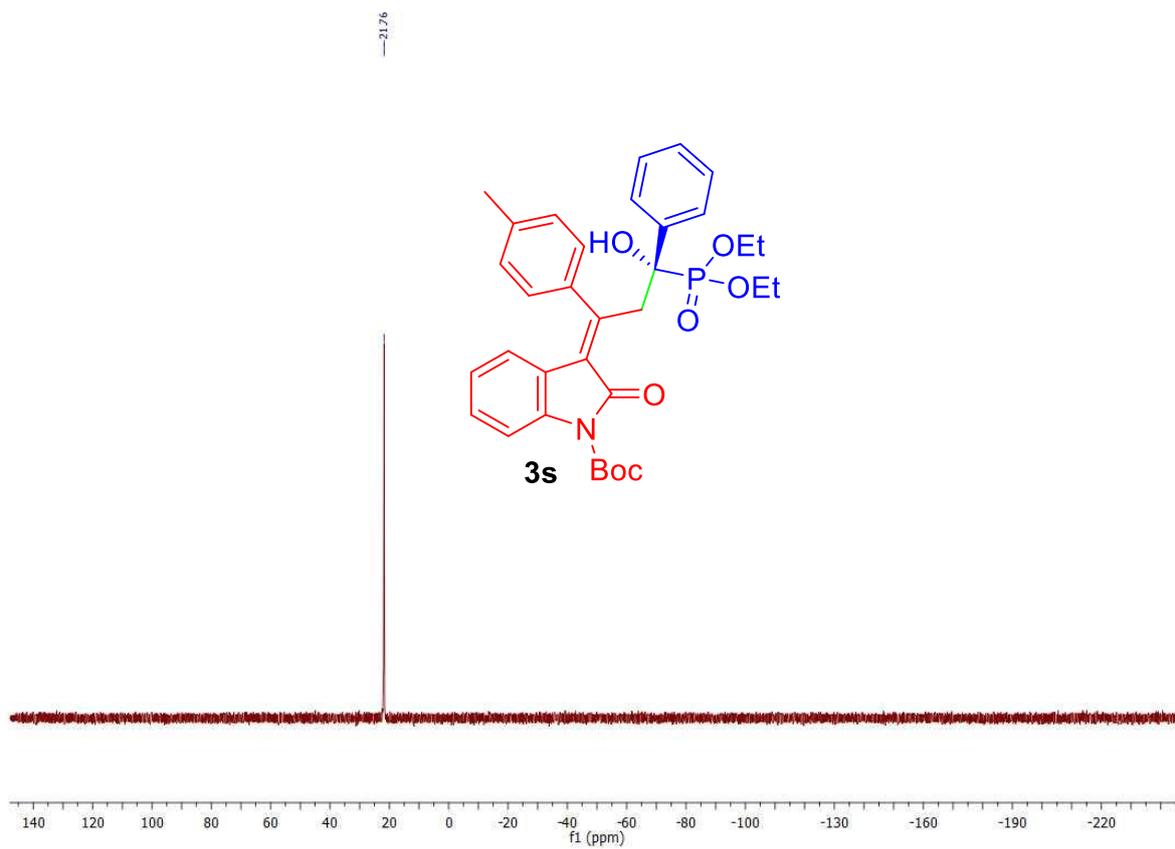


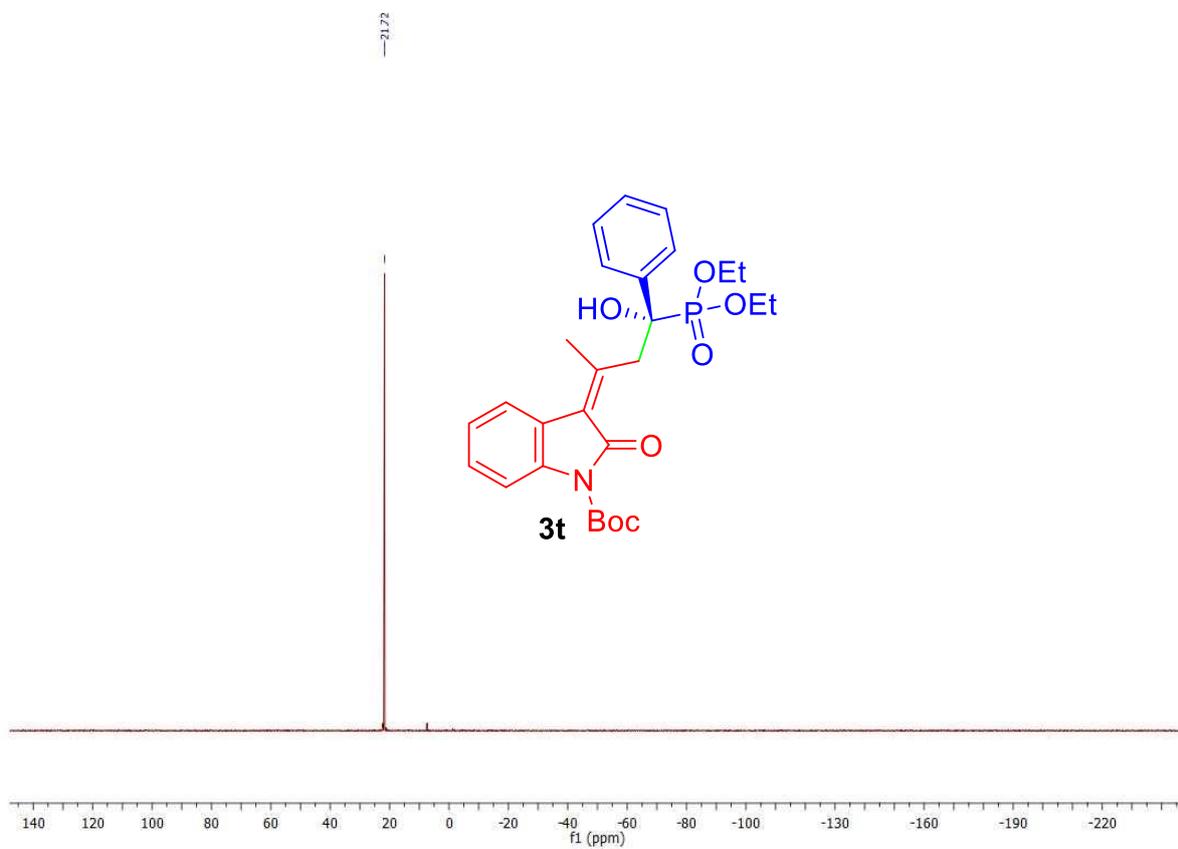
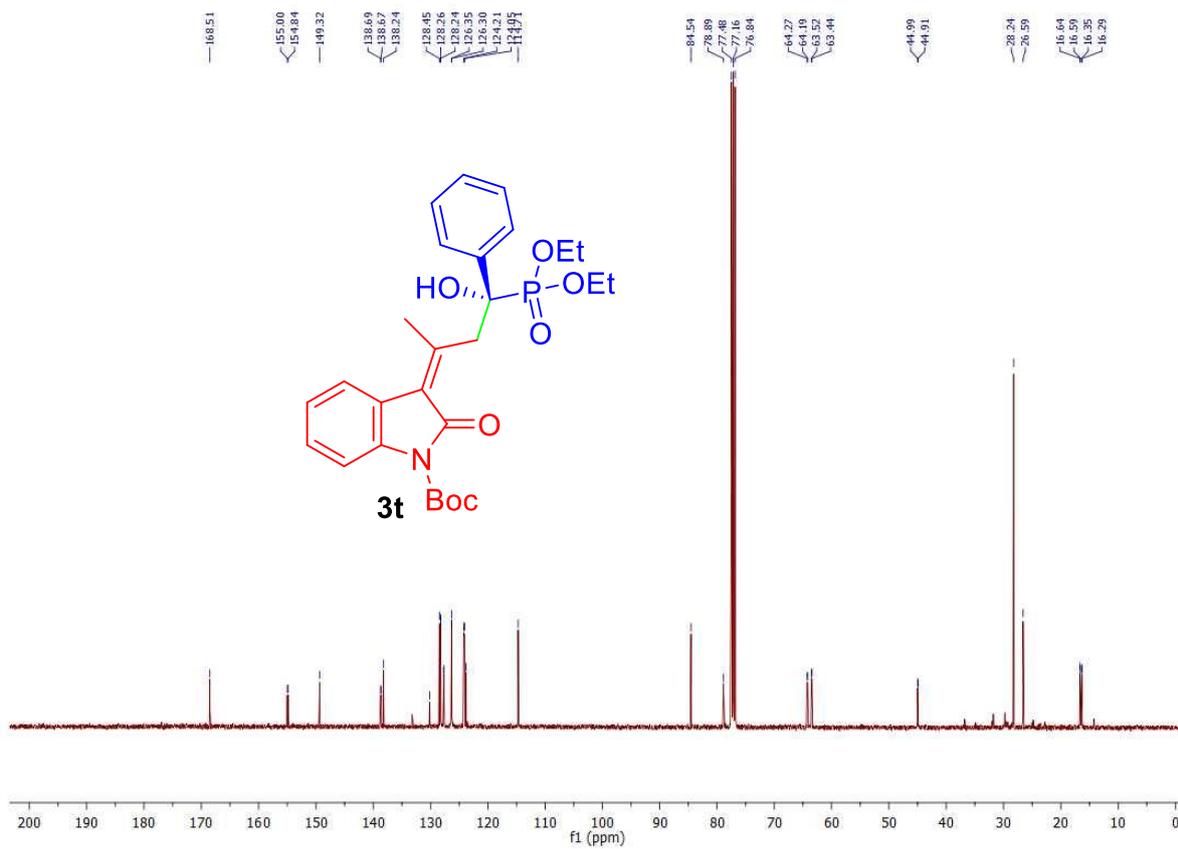
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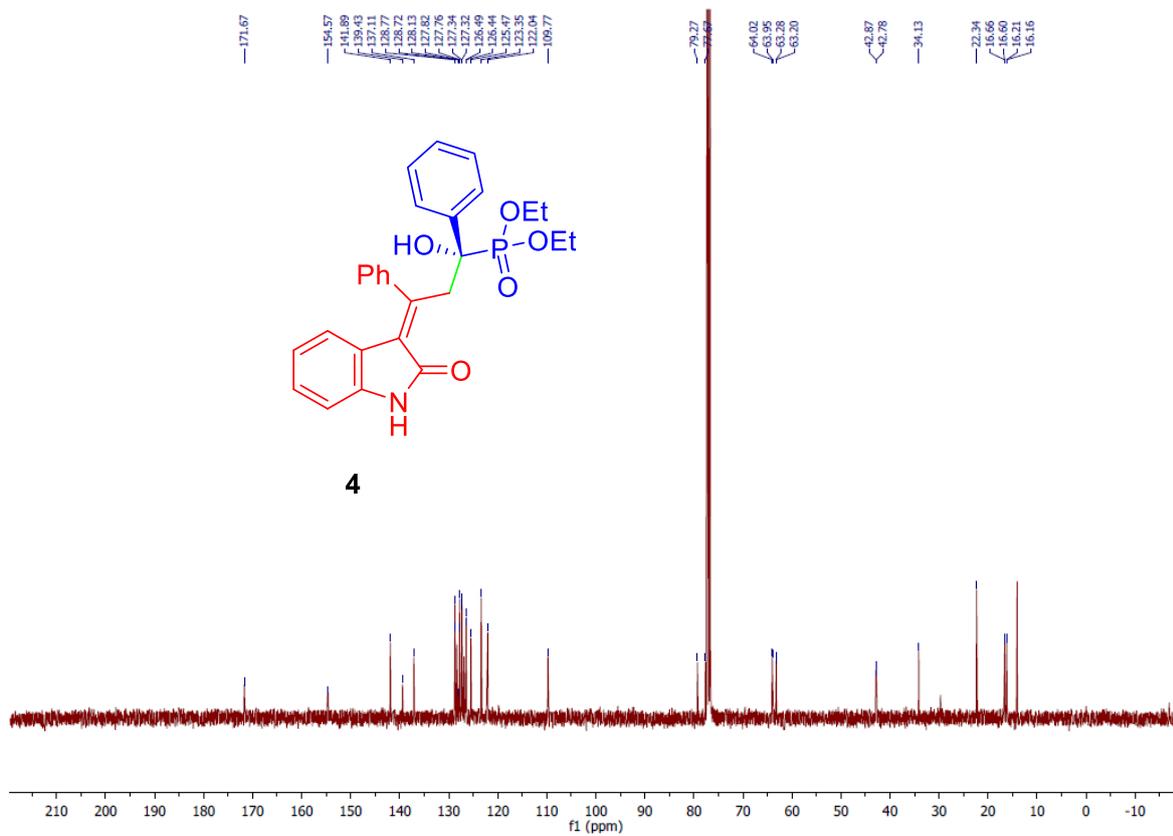
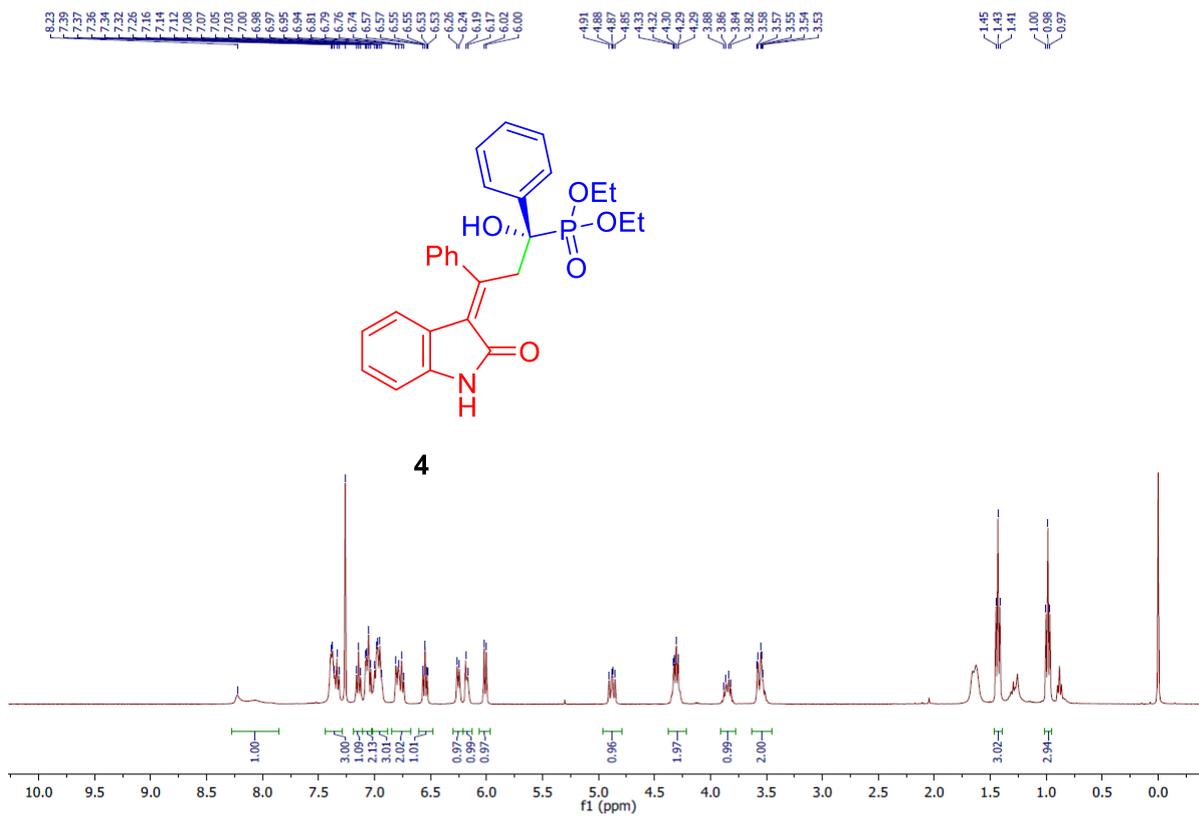




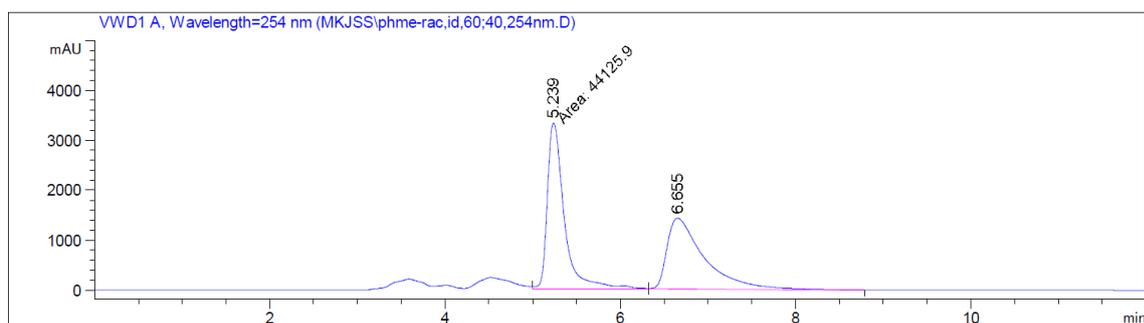








HPLC, Chiralpak Id, hexane: isopropanol = 60:40, 1 mL/min,  $\lambda = 254$  nm

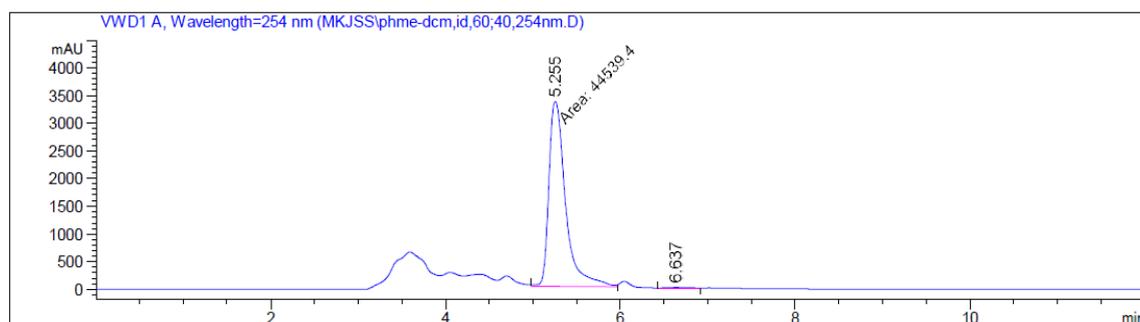
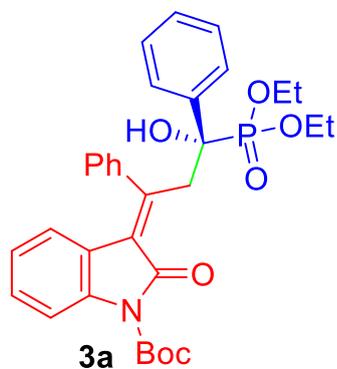


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 Area Percent Report  
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Sorted By : Signal  
 Multiplier : 1.0000  
 Dilution : 1.0000  
 Do not use Multiplier & Dilution Factor with ISTDs

Signal 1: VWD1 A, Wavelength=254 nm

Peak #	RetTime [min]	Type	Width [min]	Area [mAU*s]	Height [mAU]	Area %
1	5.239	FM	0.2221	4.41259e4	3311.52808	51.7243
2	6.655	BB	0.4239	4.11839e4	1409.59558	48.2757



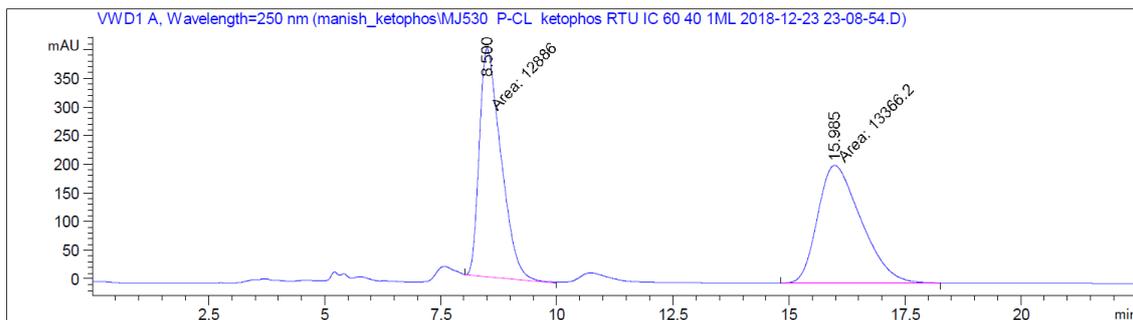
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 Area Percent Report  
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Sorted By : Signal  
 Multiplier : 1.0000  
 Dilution : 1.0000  
 Do not use Multiplier & Dilution Factor with ISTDs

Signal 1: VWD1 A, Wavelength=254 nm

Peak #	RetTime [min]	Type	Width [min]	Area [mAU*s]	Height [mAU]	Area %
1	5.255	MM	0.2222	4.45394e4	3341.03857	99.5103
2	6.637	BV	0.2426	219.16377	13.06983	0.4897

HPLC, Chiralpak IC, hexane: isopropanol = 60:40, 1 mL/min,  $\lambda = 254 \text{ nm}$

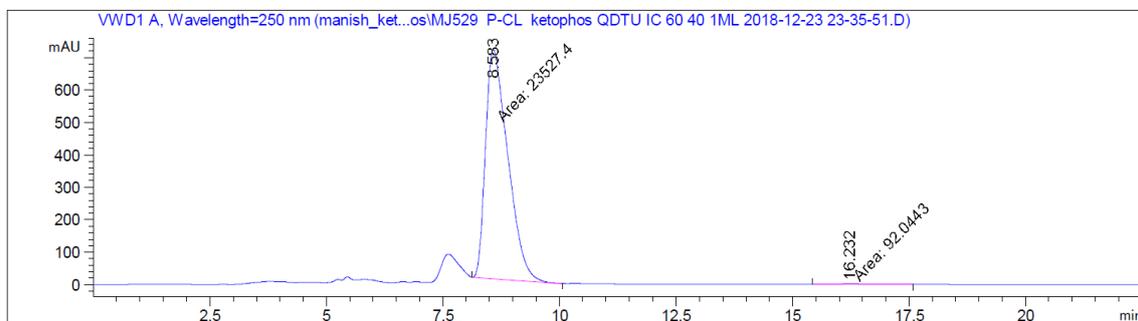
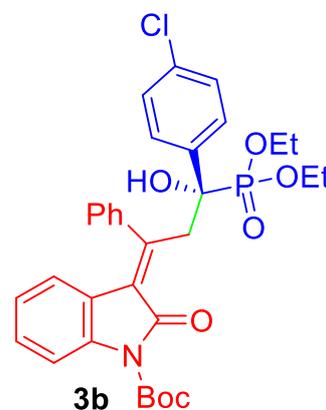


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 Area Percent Report  
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Sorted By : Signal  
 Multiplier : 1.0000  
 Dilution : 1.0000  
 Do not use Multiplier & Dilution Factor with ISTDs

Signal 1: VWD1 A, Wavelength=250 nm

Peak #	RetTime [min]	Type	Width [min]	Area [mAU*s]	Height [mAU]	Area %
1	8.500	MM	0.5396	1.28860e4	397.99619	49.0855
2	15.985	MM	1.0845	1.33662e4	205.41435	50.9145



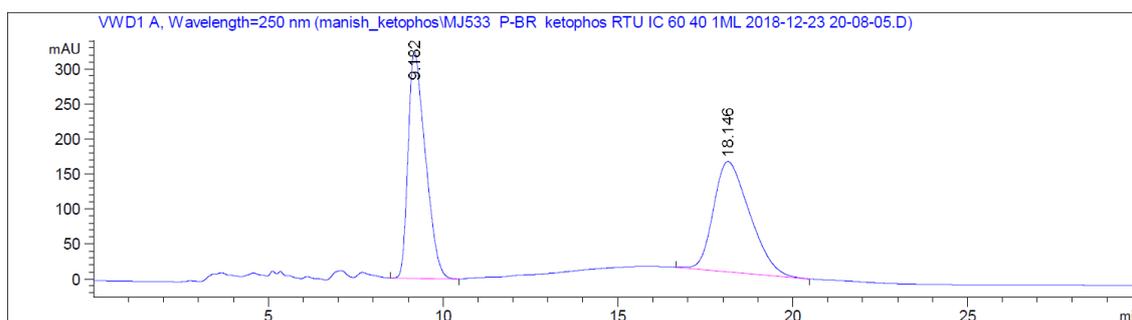
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 Area Percent Report  
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Sorted By : Signal  
 Multiplier : 1.0000  
 Dilution : 1.0000  
 Do not use Multiplier & Dilution Factor with ISTDs

Signal 1: VWD1 A, Wavelength=250 nm

Peak #	RetTime [min]	Type	Width [min]	Area [mAU*s]	Height [mAU]	Area %
1	8.583	MM	0.5550	2.35274e4	706.55676	99.6103
2	16.232	MM	1.0325	92.04428	1.48578	0.3897

HPLC, Chiralpak IC, hexane: isopropanol = 60:40, 1 mL/min,  $\lambda = 254 \text{ nm}$

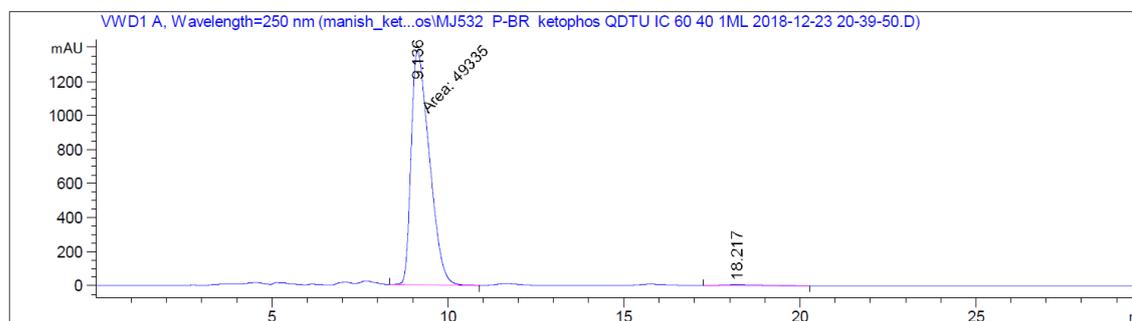
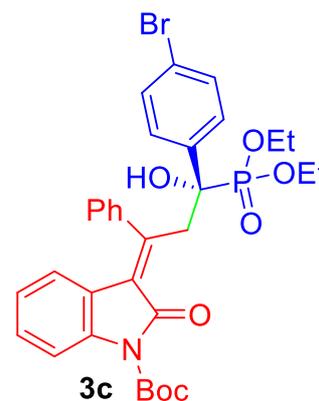


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 Area Percent Report  
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Sorted By : Signal  
 Multiplier : 1.0000  
 Dilution : 1.0000  
 Do not use Multiplier & Dilution Factor with ISTDs

Signal 1: VWD1 A, Wavelength=250 nm

Peak #	RetTime [min]	Type	Width [min]	Area [mAU*s]	Height [mAU]	Area %
1	9.182	BB	0.5069	1.11111e4	323.38364	49.5274
2	18.146	BB	1.0957	1.13231e4	157.14209	50.4726



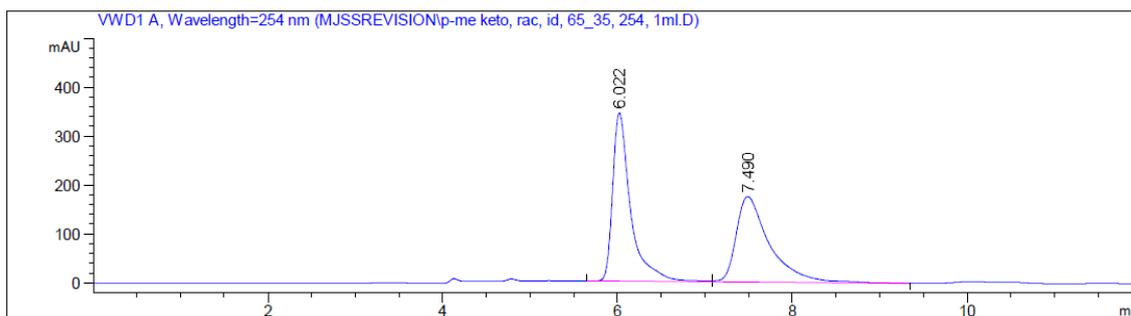
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Sorted By : Signal  
 Multiplier : 1.0000  
 Dilution : 1.0000  
 Do not use Multiplier & Dilution Factor with ISTDs

Signal 1: VWD1 A, Wavelength=250 nm

Peak #	RetTime [min]	Type	Width [min]	Area [mAU*s]	Height [mAU]	Area %
1	9.136	MM	0.5993	4.93350e4	1372.02771	99.1442
2	18.217	BB	0.9852	425.86655	6.07995	0.8558

HPLC, Chiralpak ID, hexane: isopropanol = 65:35, 1 mL/min,  $\lambda = 254$  nm

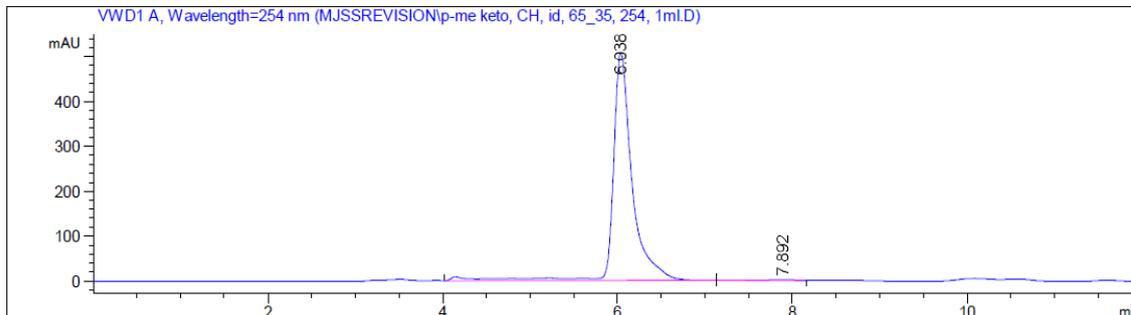
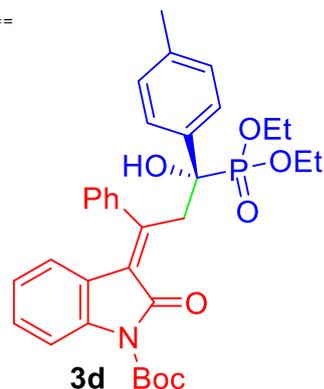


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 Area Percent Report  
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Sorted By : Signal  
 Multiplier : 1.0000  
 Dilution : 1.0000  
 Do not use Multiplier & Dilution Factor with ISTDs

Signal 1: VWD1 A, Wavelength=254 nm

Peak #	RetTime [min]	Type	Width [min]	Area [mAU*s]	Height [mAU]	Area %
1	6.022	BV	0.2110	4916.67041	343.43179	51.6152
2	7.490	VB	0.3865	4608.94678	174.30978	48.3848



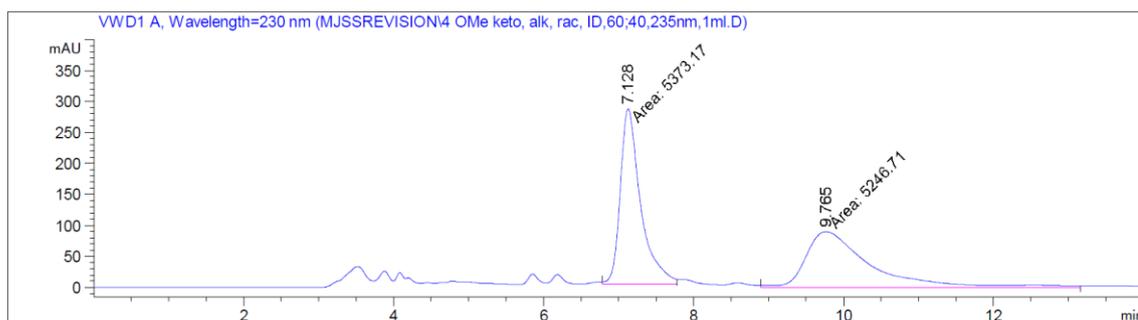
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 Area Percent Report  
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Sorted By : Signal  
 Multiplier : 1.0000  
 Dilution : 1.0000  
 Do not use Multiplier & Dilution Factor with ISTDs

Signal 1: VWD1 A, Wavelength=254 nm

Peak #	RetTime [min]	Type	Width [min]	Area [mAU*s]	Height [mAU]	Area %
1	6.038	VB R	0.2106	7734.45703	507.80411	99.1671
2	7.892	BV	0.4274	64.96202	2.11476	0.8329

HPLC, Chiralpak ID, hexane: isopropanol = 60:40, 1 mL/min,  $\lambda = 230$  nm

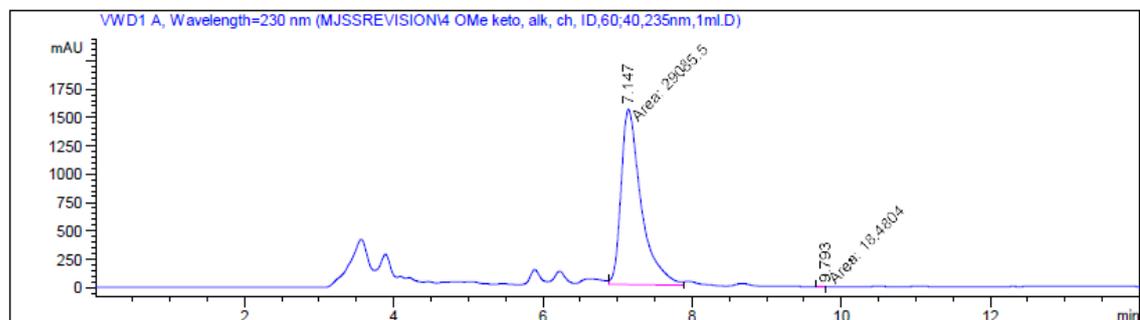
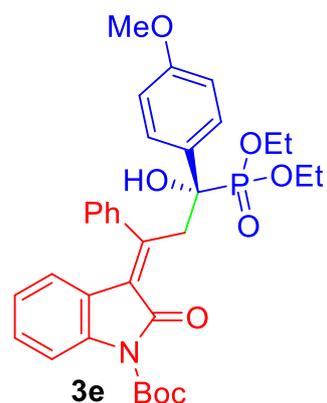


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 Area Percent Report  
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Sorted By : Signal  
 Multiplier : 1.0000  
 Dilution : 1.0000  
 Do not use Multiplier & Dilution Factor with ISTDs

Signal 1: VWD1 A, Wavelength=230 nm

Peak #	RetTime [min]	Type	Width [min]	Area [mAU*s]	Height [mAU]	Area %
1	7.128	FM	0.3165	5373.16650	282.93958	50.5954
2	9.765	MM	0.9772	5246.70508	89.48128	49.4046



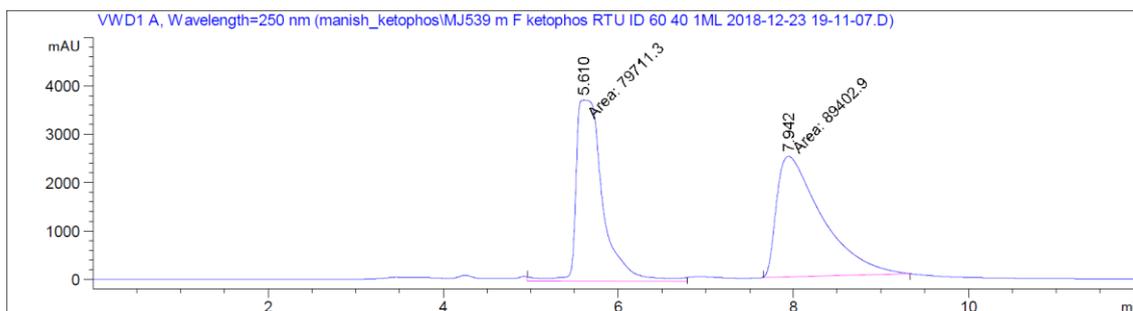
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 Area Percent Report  
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Sorted By : Signal  
 Multiplier : 1.0000  
 Dilution : 1.0000  
 Do not use Multiplier & Dilution Factor with ISTDs

Signal 1: VWD1 A, Wavelength=230 nm

Peak #	RetTime [min]	Type	Width [min]	Area [mAU*s]	Height [mAU]	Area %
1	7.147	MF	0.3132	2.90855e4	1547.99097	99.9365
2	9.793	MM	0.1161	18.48042	2.65184	0.0635

PLC, Chiralpak ID, hexane: isopropanol = 60:40, 1 mL/min,  $\lambda = 254$  nm

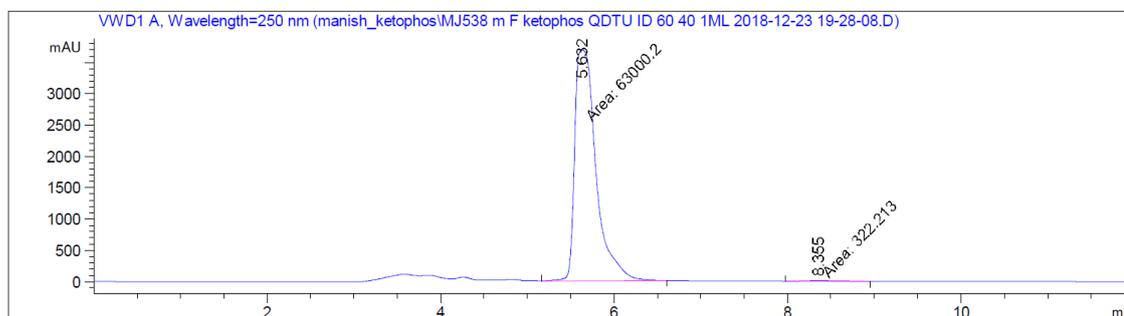
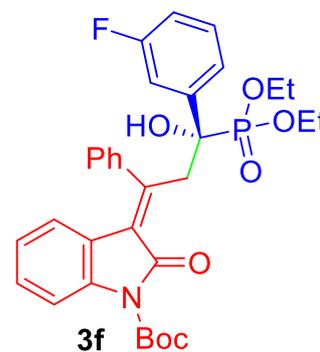


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 Area Percent Report  
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Sorted By : Signal  
 Multiplier : 1.0000  
 Dilution : 1.0000  
 Do not use Multiplier & Dilution Factor with ISTDs

Signal 1: VWD1 A, Wavelength=250 nm

Peak #	RetTime [min]	Type	Width [min]	Area [mAU*s]	Height [mAU]	Area %
1	5.610	MM	0.3555	7.97113e4	3737.41699	47.1346
2	7.942	MM	0.5991	8.94029e4	2487.01001	52.8654



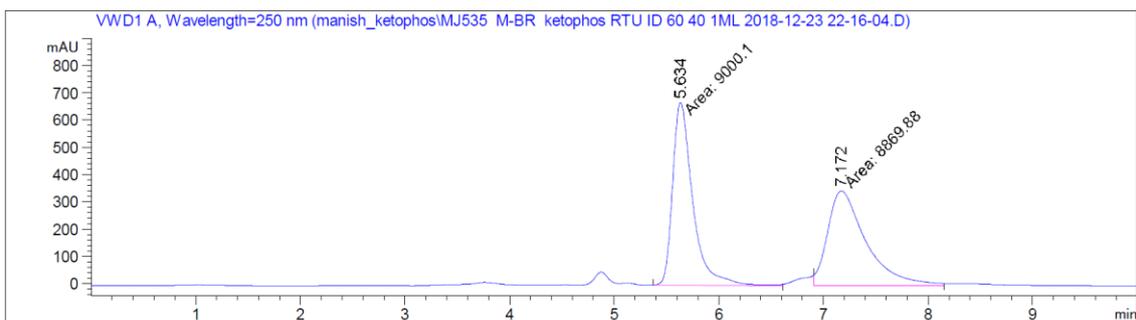
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 Area Percent Report  
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Sorted By : Signal  
 Multiplier : 1.0000  
 Dilution : 1.0000  
 Do not use Multiplier & Dilution Factor with ISTDs

Signal 1: VWD1 A, Wavelength=250 nm

Peak #	RetTime [min]	Type	Width [min]	Area [mAU*s]	Height [mAU]	Area %
1	5.632	MM	0.2852	6.30002e4	3681.93652	99.4912
2	8.355	MM	0.4045	322.21329	13.27578	0.5088

HPLC, Chiralpak ID, hexane: isopropanol = 60:40, 1 mL/min,  $\lambda = 254 \text{ nm}$

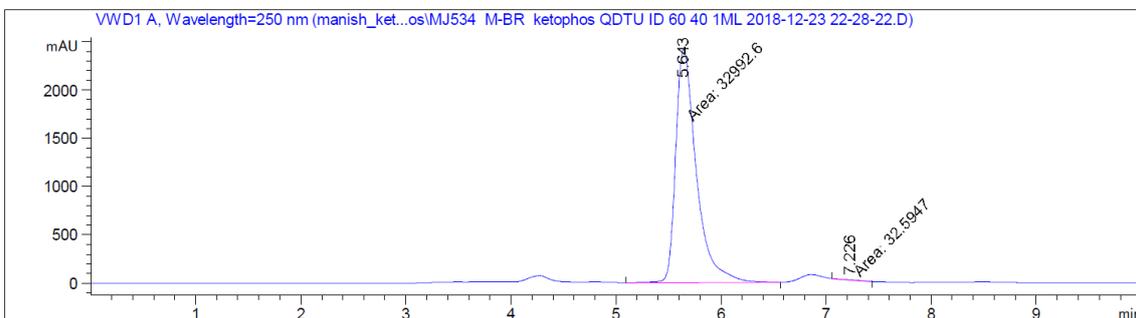
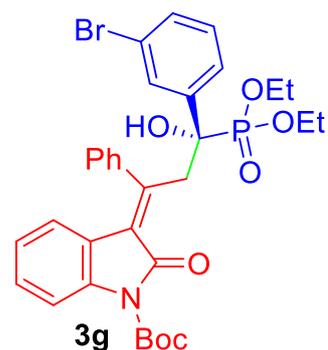


Area Percent Report

Sorted By : Signal  
Multiplier : 1.0000  
Dilution : 1.0000  
Do not use Multiplier & Dilution Factor with ISTDs

Signal 1: VWD1 A, Wavelength=250 nm

Peak #	RetTime [min]	Type	Width [min]	Area [mAU*s]	Height [mAU]	Area %
1	5.634	MF	0.2238	9000.10352	670.23096	50.3644
2	7.172	FM	0.4259	8869.87793	347.10147	49.6356



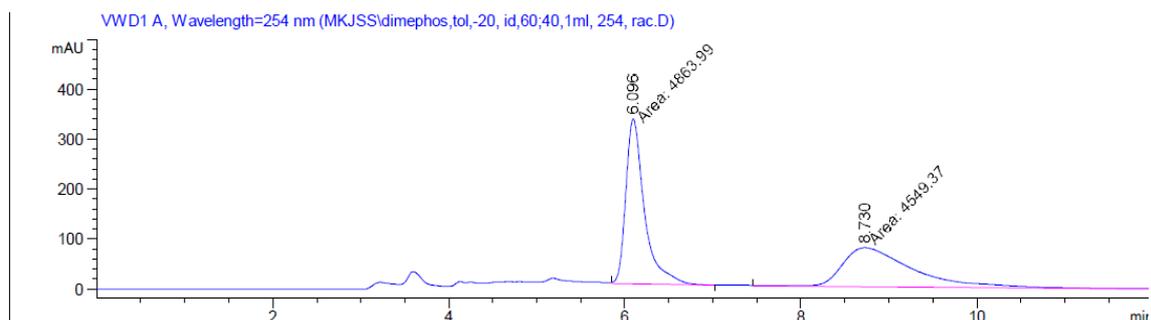
Area Percent Report

Sorted By : Signal  
Multiplier : 1.0000  
Dilution : 1.0000  
Do not use Multiplier & Dilution Factor with ISTDs

Signal 1: VWD1 A, Wavelength=250 nm

Peak #	RetTime [min]	Type	Width [min]	Area [mAU*s]	Height [mAU]	Area %
1	5.643	MM	0.2273	3.29926e4	2419.12891	99.9013
2	7.226	MM	0.2198	32.59469	2.63012	0.0987

HPLC, Chiralpak ID, hexane: isopropanol = 60:40, 1 mL/min,  $\lambda = 254$  nm

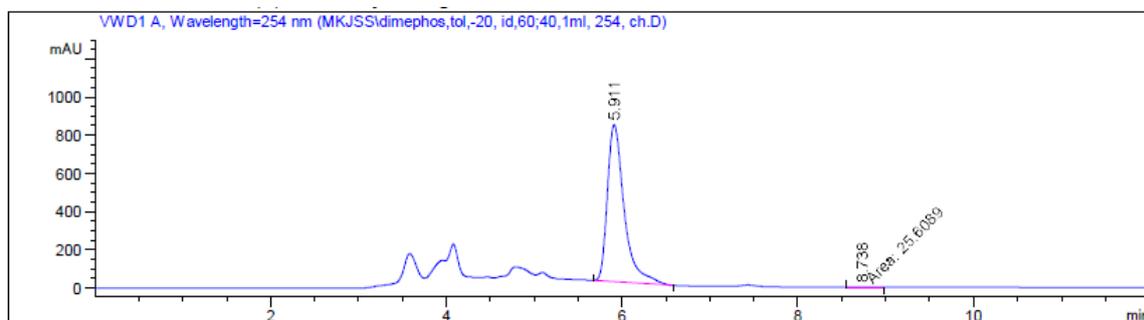
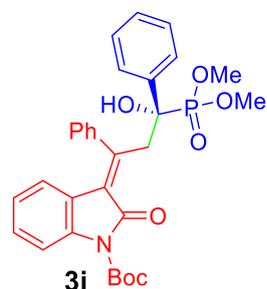


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 Area Percent Report  
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Sorted By : Signal  
 Multiplier : 1.0000  
 Dilution : 1.0000  
 Do not use Multiplier & Dilution Factor with ISTDs

Signal 1: VWD1 A, Wavelength=254 nm

Peak #	RetTime [min]	Type	Width [min]	Area [mAU*s]	Height [mAU]	Area %
1	6.096	FM	0.2453	4863.99316	330.42349	51.6712
2	8.730	MM	0.9640	4549.36523	78.65718	48.3288



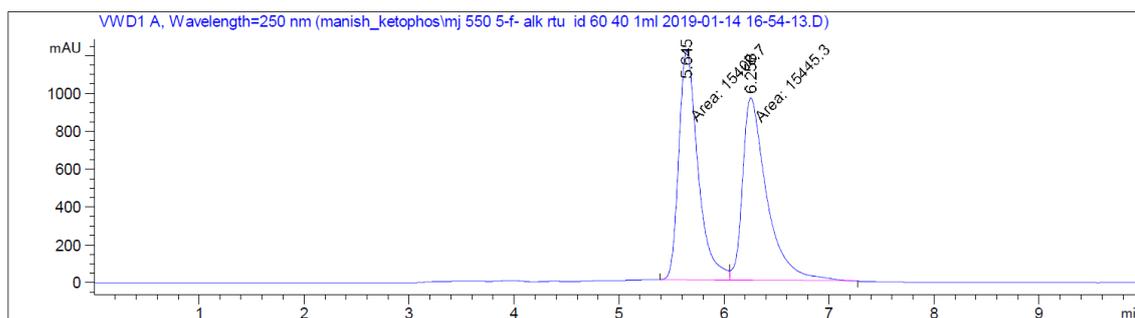
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 Area Percent Report  
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Sorted By : Signal  
 Multiplier : 1.0000  
 Dilution : 1.0000  
 Do not use Multiplier & Dilution Factor with ISTDs

Signal 1: VWD1 A, Wavelength=254 nm

Peak #	RetTime [min]	Type	Width [min]	Area [mAU*s]	Height [mAU]	Area %
1	5.911	BB	0.2014	1.09532e4	822.23517	99.7667
2	8.738	MM	0.2420	25.60891	1.76374	0.2333

HPLC, Chiralpak ID, hexane: isopropanol = 60:40, 1 mL/min,  $\lambda = 254 \text{ nm}$

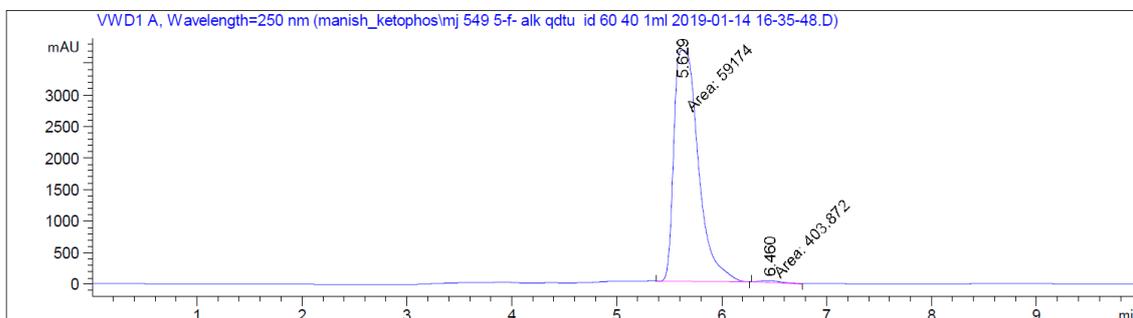
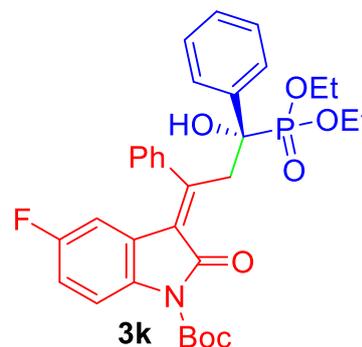


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 Area Percent Report  
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Sorted By : Signal  
 Multiplier : 1.0000  
 Dilution : 1.0000  
 Do not use Multiplier & Dilution Factor with ISTDs

Signal 1: VWD1 A, Wavelength=250 nm

Peak #	RetTime [min]	Type	Width [min]	Area [mAU*s]	Height [mAU]	Area %
1	5.645	MF	0.2123	1.54087e4	1209.73059	49.9407
2	6.256	FM	0.2673	1.54453e4	963.21143	50.0593



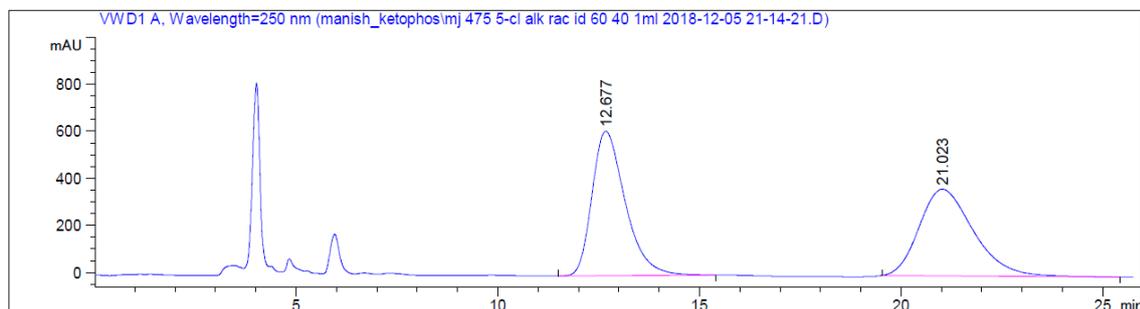
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 Area Percent Report  
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Sorted By : Signal  
 Multiplier : 1.0000  
 Dilution : 1.0000  
 Do not use Multiplier & Dilution Factor with ISTDs

Signal 1: VWD1 A, Wavelength=250 nm

Peak #	RetTime [min]	Type	Width [min]	Area [mAU*s]	Height [mAU]	Area %
1	5.629	MM	0.2690	5.91740e4	3665.86987	99.3221
2	6.460	MM	0.2196	403.87192	30.64550	0.6779

HPLC, Chiralpak ID, hexane: isopropanol = 60:40, 1 mL/min,  $\lambda = 254 \text{ nm}$

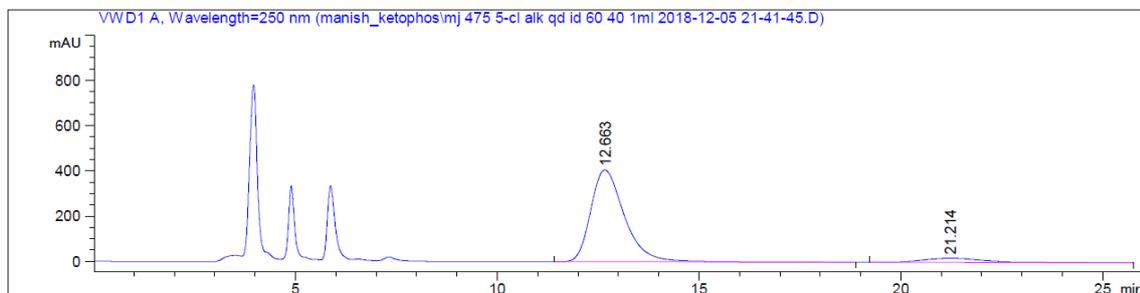
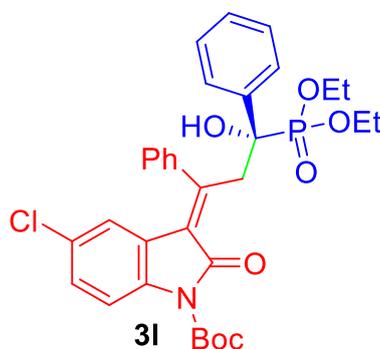


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Area Percent Report  
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Sorted By : Signal  
Multiplier : 1.0000  
Dilution : 1.0000  
Do not use Multiplier & Dilution Factor with ISTDs

Signal 1: VWD1 A, Wavelength=250 nm

Peak #	RetTime [min]	Type	Width [min]	Area [mAU*s]	Height [mAU]	Area %
1	12.677	BB	0.8752	3.51169e4	613.15472	50.5340
2	21.023	BBA	1.3520	3.43748e4	367.93561	49.4660



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Area Percent Report  
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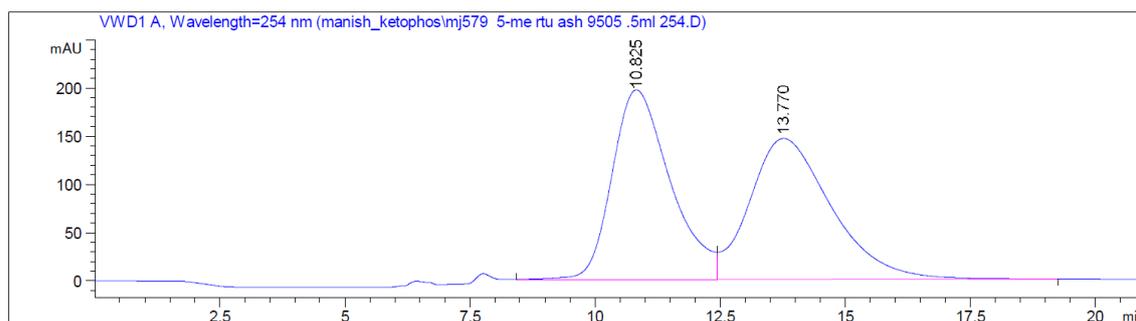
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Multiplier : 1.0000  
Dilution : 1.0000  
Do not use Multiplier & Dilution Factor with ISTDs

Signal 1: VWD1 A, Wavelength=250 nm

Peak #	RetTime [min]	Type	Width [min]	Area [mAU*s]	Height [mAU]	Area %
1	12.663	BB	0.8904	2.37148e4	406.63763	92.9252
2	21.214	BBA	1.4280	1805.49512	18.87534	7.0748

Totals : 2.55203e4 425.51297

HPLC, Chiralpak ASH, hexane: isopropanol = 95:05, 0.5 mL/min,  $\lambda = 254$  nm

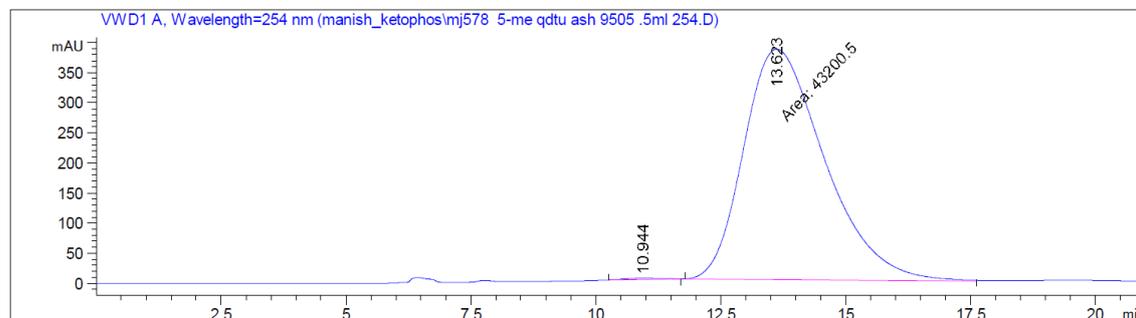
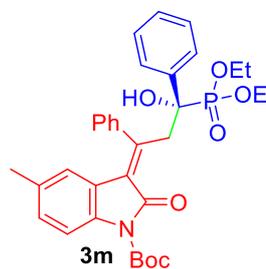


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Area Percent Report  
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Sorted By : Signal  
Multiplier : 1.0000  
Dilution : 1.0000  
Do not use Multiplier & Dilution Factor with ISTDs

Signal 1: VWD1 A, Wavelength=254 nm

Peak #	RetTime [min]	Type	Width [min]	Area [mAU*s]	Height [mAU]	Area %
1	10.825	BV	1.2288	1.58901e4	196.42509	48.9779
2	13.770	VB	1.7165	1.65533e4	146.02483	51.0221



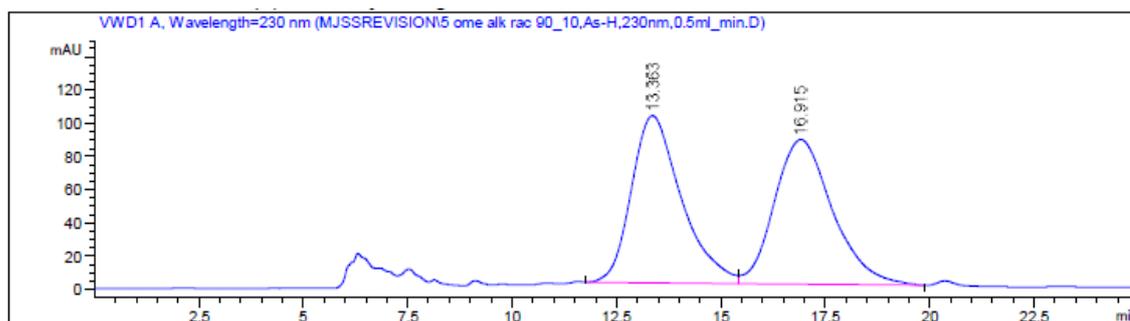
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Area Percent Report  
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Sorted By : Signal  
Multiplier : 1.0000  
Dilution : 1.0000  
Do not use Multiplier & Dilution Factor with ISTDs

Signal 1: VWD1 A, Wavelength=254 nm

Peak #	RetTime [min]	Type	Width [min]	Area [mAU*s]	Height [mAU]	Area %
1	10.944	BB	0.5947	91.97793	2.13026	0.2125
2	13.623	MM	1.8789	4.32005e4	383.19907	99.7875

HPLC, Chiralpak ASH, hexane: isopropanol = 95:05, 0.5 mL/min,  $\lambda = 254$  nm

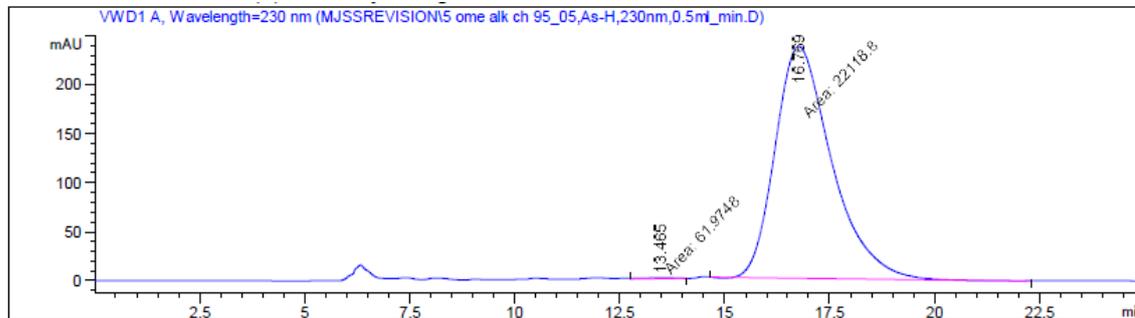
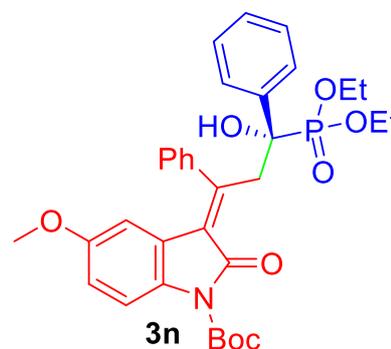


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Area Percent Report  
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Sorted By : Signal  
Multiplier : 1.0000  
Dilution : 1.0000  
Do not use Multiplier & Dilution Factor with ISTDs

Signal 1: VWD1 A, Wavelength=230 nm

Peak #	RetTime [min]	Type	Width [min]	Area [mAU*s]	Height [mAU]	Area %
1	13.363	BV	1.2291	8386.93848	100.65562	49.8408
2	16.915	VB	1.4820	8440.51563	87.14101	50.1592



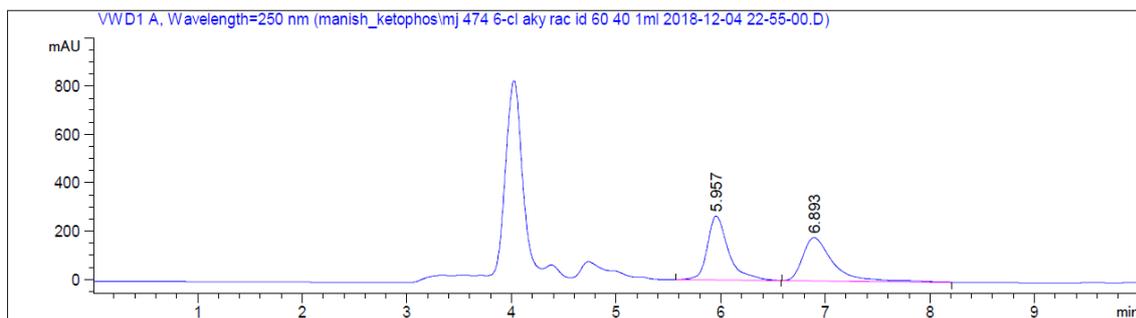
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Area Percent Report  
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Sorted By : Signal  
Multiplier : 1.0000  
Dilution : 1.0000  
Do not use Multiplier & Dilution Factor with ISTDs

Signal 1: VWD1 A, Wavelength=230 nm

Peak #	RetTime [min]	Type	Width [min]	Area [mAU*s]	Height [mAU]	Area %
1	13.465	MM	0.8642	61.97480	1.19523	0.2794
2	16.769	MM	1.5621	2.21188e4	235.99660	99.7206

HPLC, Chiralpak ID, hexane: isopropanol = 60:40, 1 mL/min,  $\lambda = 254 \text{ nm}$

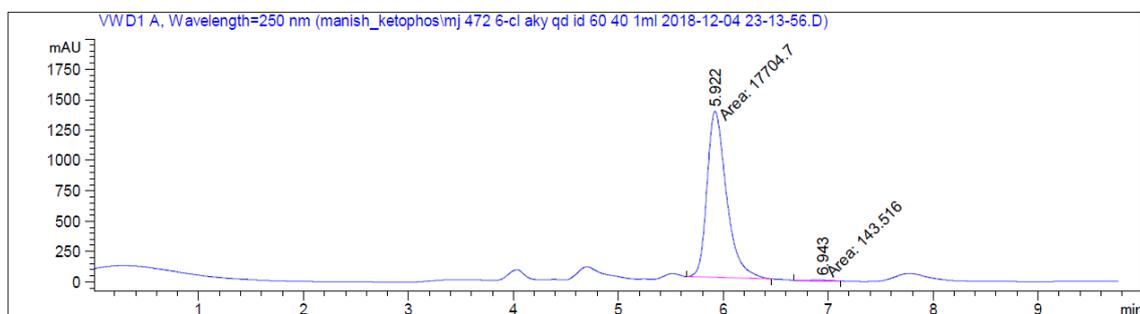
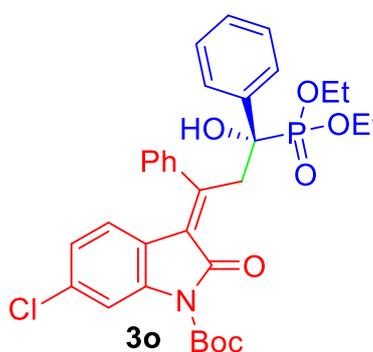


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 Area Percent Report  
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Sorted By : Signal  
 Multiplier : 1.0000  
 Dilution : 1.0000  
 Do not use Multiplier & Dilution Factor with ISTDs

Signal 1: VWD1 A, Wavelength=250 nm

Peak #	RetTime [min]	Type	Width [min]	Area [mAU*s]	Height [mAU]	Area %
1	5.957	BB	0.2101	3720.50781	264.49811	50.9713
2	6.893	BB	0.2991	3578.70801	178.33482	49.0287



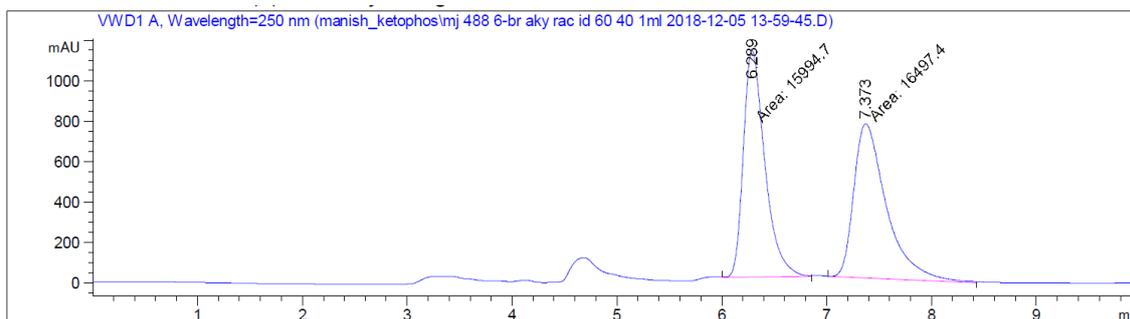
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 Area Percent Report  
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Sorted By : Signal  
 Multiplier : 1.0000  
 Dilution : 1.0000  
 Do not use Multiplier & Dilution Factor with ISTDs

Signal 1: VWD1 A, Wavelength=250 nm

Peak #	RetTime [min]	Type	Width [min]	Area [mAU*s]	Height [mAU]	Area %
1	5.922	MM	0.2158	1.77047e4	1367.38428	99.1959
2	6.943	MM	0.3120	143.51630	7.66682	0.8041

HPLC, Chiralpak ID, hexane: isopropanol = 60:40, 1 mL/min,  $\lambda = 254 \text{ nm}$

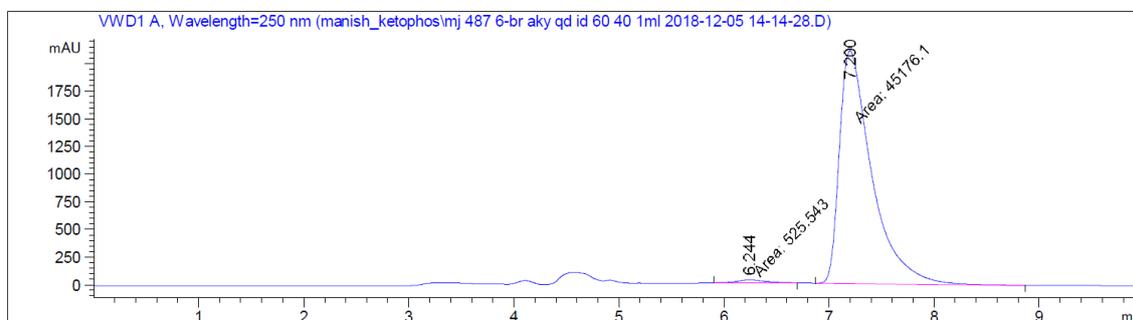
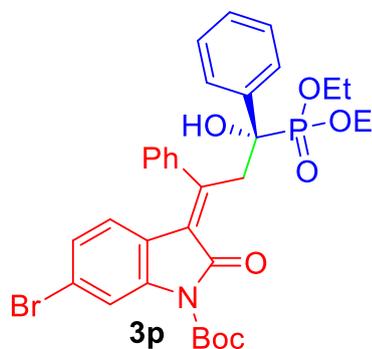


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Area Percent Report  
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Sorted By : Signal  
Multiplier : 1.0000  
Dilution : 1.0000  
Do not use Multiplier & Dilution Factor with ISTDs

Signal 1: VWD1 A, Wavelength=250 nm

Peak #	RetTime [min]	Type	Width [min]	Area [mAU*s]	Height [mAU]	Area %
1	6.289	MM	0.2377	1.59947e4	1121.26318	49.2263
2	7.373	MM	0.3604	1.64974e4	762.89465	50.7737



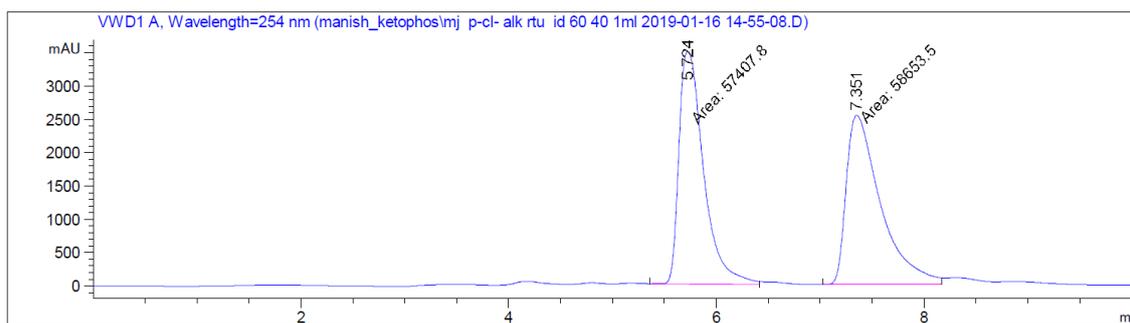
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Area Percent Report  
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Sorted By : Signal  
Multiplier : 1.0000  
Dilution : 1.0000  
Do not use Multiplier & Dilution Factor with ISTDs

Signal 1: VWD1 A, Wavelength=250 nm

Peak #	RetTime [min]	Type	Width [min]	Area [mAU*s]	Height [mAU]	Area %
1	6.244	MM	0.3256	525.54333	26.90079	1.1499
2	7.200	MM	0.3574	4.51761e4	2106.44116	98.8501

HPLC, Chiralpak ID, hexane: isopropanol = 60:40, 1 mL/min,  $\lambda = 254$  nm

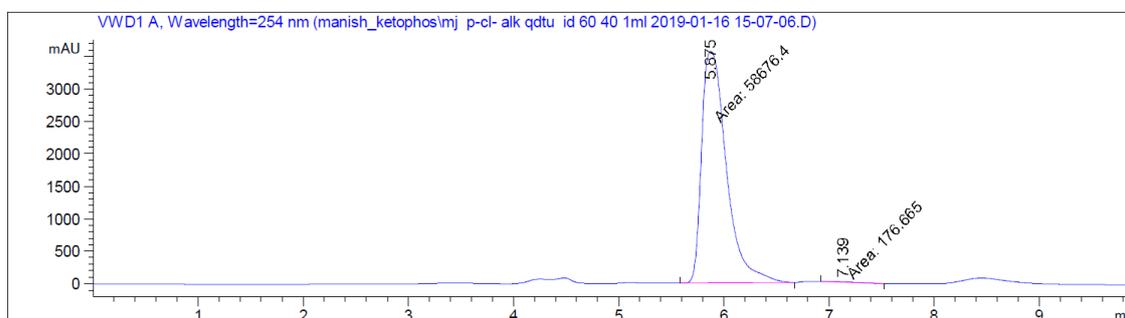
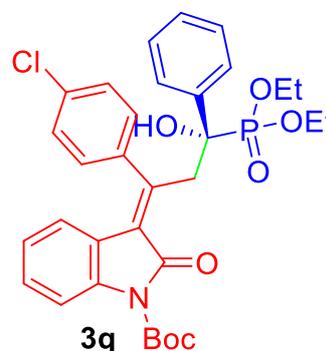


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 Area Percent Report  
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Sorted By : Signal  
 Multiplier : 1.0000  
 Dilution : 1.0000  
 Do not use Multiplier & Dilution Factor with ISTDs

Signal 1: VWD1 A, Wavelength=254 nm

Peak #	RetTime [min]	Type	Width [min]	Area [mAU*s]	Height [mAU]	Area %
1	5.724	MF	0.2746	5.74078e4	3483.69775	49.4633
2	7.351	MF	0.3851	5.86535e4	2538.58179	50.5367



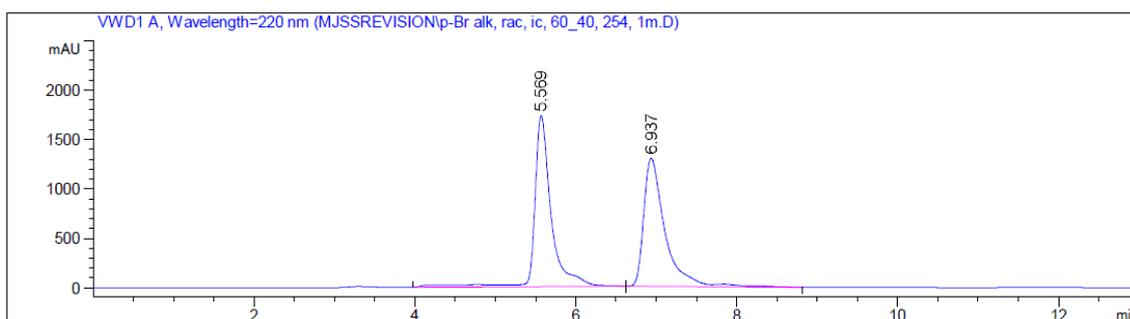
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 Area Percent Report  
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Sorted By : Signal  
 Multiplier : 1.0000  
 Dilution : 1.0000  
 Do not use Multiplier & Dilution Factor with ISTDs

Signal 1: VWD1 A, Wavelength=254 nm

Peak #	RetTime [min]	Type	Width [min]	Area [mAU*s]	Height [mAU]	Area %
1	5.875	MM	0.2738	5.86764e4	3571.20288	99.6998
2	7.139	MM	0.3264	176.66528	9.02099	0.3002

HPLC, Chiralpak IC, hexane: isopropanol = 60:40, 1 mL/min,  $\lambda = 254$  nm

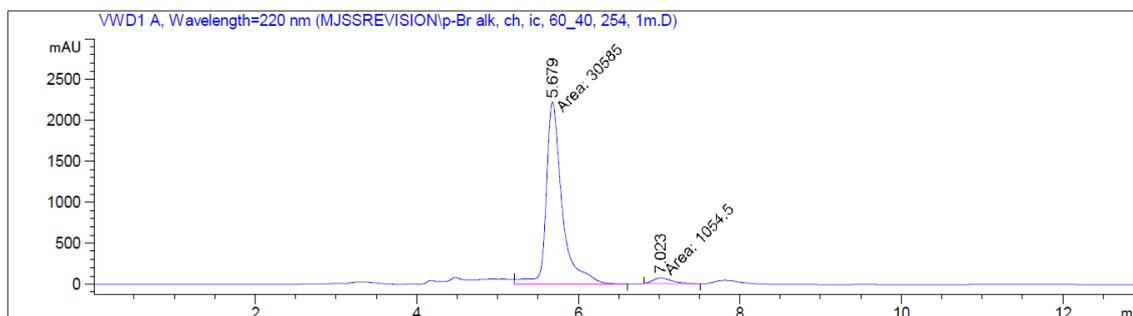
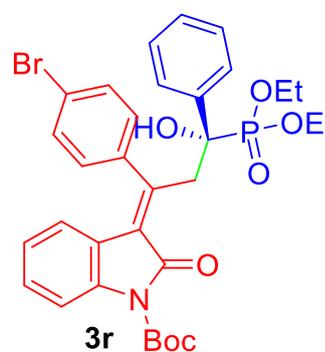


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Area Percent Report  
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Sorted By : Signal  
Multiplier : 1.0000  
Dilution : 1.0000  
Do not use Multiplier & Dilution Factor with ISTDs

Signal 1: VWD1 A, Wavelength=220 nm

Peak #	RetTime [min]	Type	Width [min]	Area [mAU*s]	Height [mAU]	Area %
1	5.569	VB R	0.2084	2.48437e4	1725.12891	51.0500
2	6.937	BV R	0.2660	2.38217e4	1293.24817	48.9500



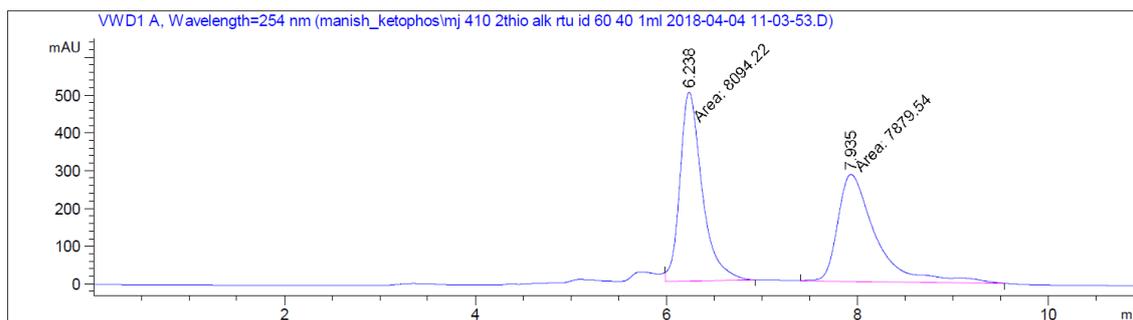
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Area Percent Report  
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Sorted By : Signal  
Multiplier : 1.0000  
Dilution : 1.0000  
Do not use Multiplier & Dilution Factor with ISTDs

Signal 1: VWD1 A, Wavelength=220 nm

Peak #	RetTime [min]	Type	Width [min]	Area [mAU*s]	Height [mAU]	Area %
1	5.679	FM	0.2292	3.05850e4	2223.82349	96.6671
2	7.023	MM	0.2627	1054.49841	66.90570	3.3329

HPLC, Chiralpak ID, hexane: isopropanol = 60:40, 1 mL/min,  $\lambda = 254$  nm

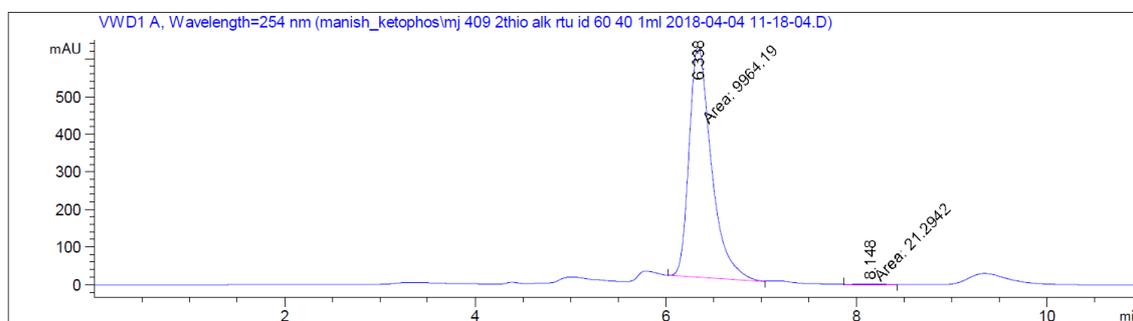
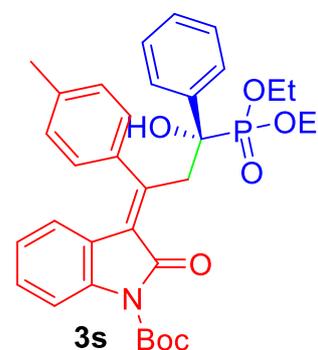


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 Area Percent Report  
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Sorted By : Signal  
 Multiplier : 1.0000  
 Dilution : 1.0000  
 Do not use Multiplier & Dilution Factor with ISTDs

Signal 1: VWD1 A, Wavelength=254 nm

Peak #	RetTime [min]	Type	Width [min]	Area [mAU*s]	Height [mAU]	Area %
1	6.238	FM	0.2691	8094.22363	501.23218	50.6720
2	7.935	MM	0.4630	7879.54297	283.64966	49.3280



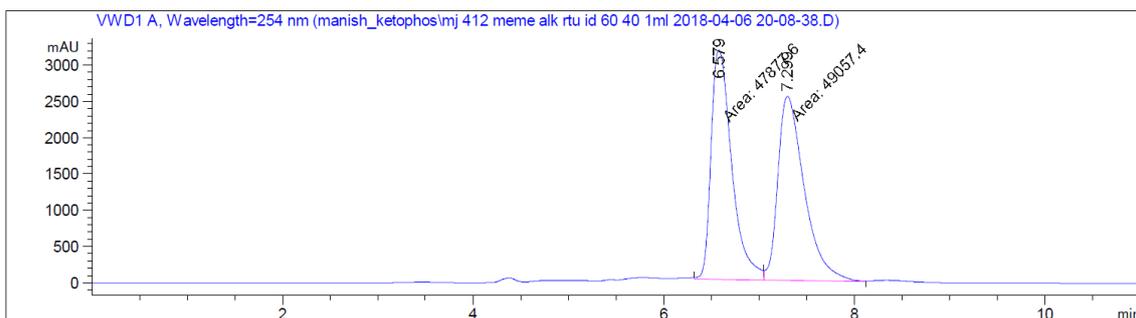
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 Area Percent Report  
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Sorted By : Signal  
 Multiplier : 1.0000  
 Dilution : 1.0000  
 Do not use Multiplier & Dilution Factor with ISTDs

Signal 1: VWD1 A, Wavelength=254 nm

Peak #	RetTime [min]	Type	Width [min]	Area [mAU*s]	Height [mAU]	Area %
1	6.338	MM	0.2709	9964.18750	612.93939	99.7867
2	8.148	MM	0.3081	21.29416	1.15190	0.2133

HPLC, Chiralpak ID, hexane: isopropanol = 60:40, 1 mL/min,  $\lambda = 254$  nm

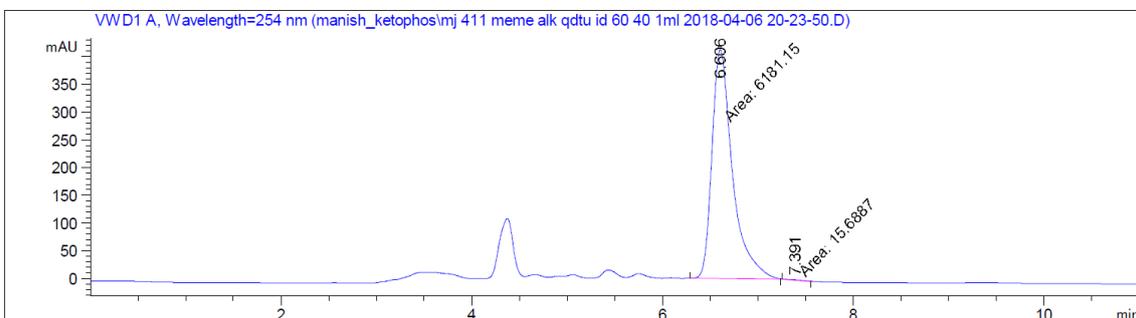
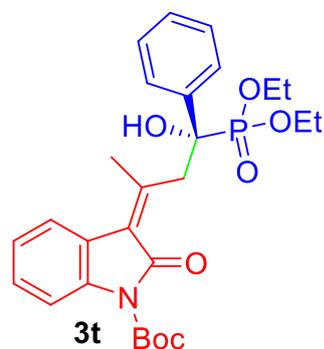


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Area Percent Report  
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Sorted By : Signal  
Multiplier : 1.0000  
Dilution : 1.0000  
Do not use Multiplier & Dilution Factor with ISTDs

Signal 1: VWD1 A, Wavelength=254 nm

Peak #	RetTime [min]	Type	Width [min]	Area [mAU*s]	Height [mAU]	Area %
1	6.579	MF	0.2520	4.78776e4	3166.49658	49.3914
2	7.299	FM	0.3218	4.90574e4	2541.13110	50.6086



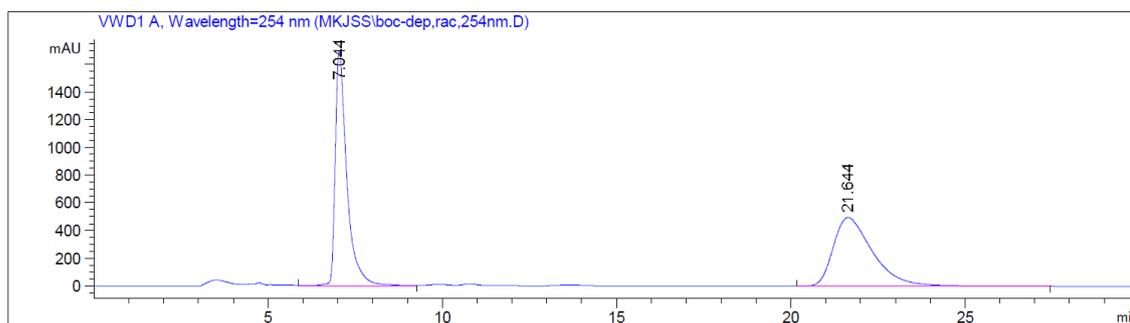
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Area Percent Report  
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Sorted By : Signal  
Multiplier : 1.0000  
Dilution : 1.0000  
Do not use Multiplier & Dilution Factor with ISTDs

Signal 1: VWD1 A, Wavelength=254 nm

Peak #	RetTime [min]	Type	Width [min]	Area [mAU*s]	Height [mAU]	Area %
1	6.606	MM	0.2497	6181.14551	412.60873	99.7468
2	7.391	MM	0.2415	15.68868	1.03731	0.2532

HPLC, Chiralpak ID, hexane: isopropanol = 60:40, 1 mL/min,  $\lambda = 254 \text{ nm}$

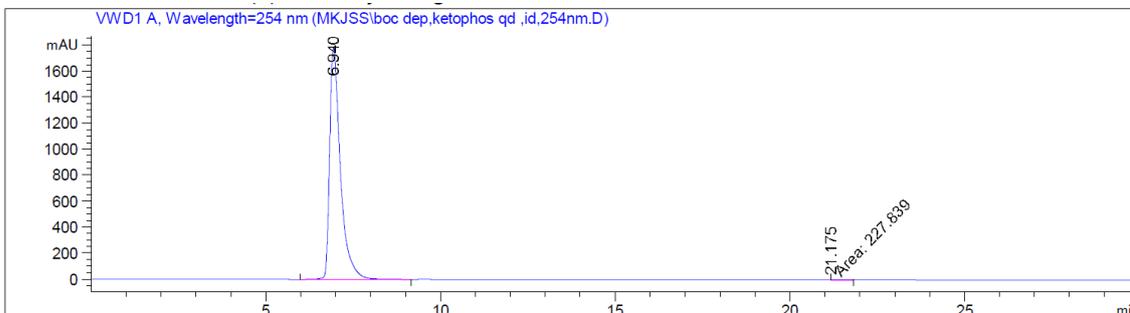
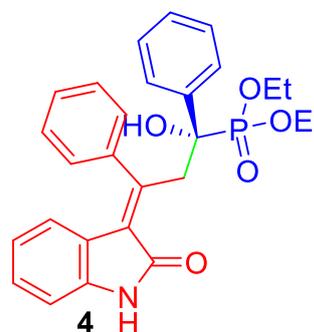


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Area Percent Report  
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Sorted By : Signal  
Multiplier : 1.0000  
Dilution : 1.0000  
Do not use Multiplier & Dilution Factor with ISTDs

Signal 1: VWD1 A, Wavelength=254 nm

Peak #	RetTime [min]	Type	Width [min]	Area [mAU*s]	Height [mAU]	Area %
1	7.044	VB R	0.3424	3.90704e4	1692.07239	50.1096
2	21.644	BB	1.1925	3.88995e4	496.23624	49.8904



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Area Percent Report  
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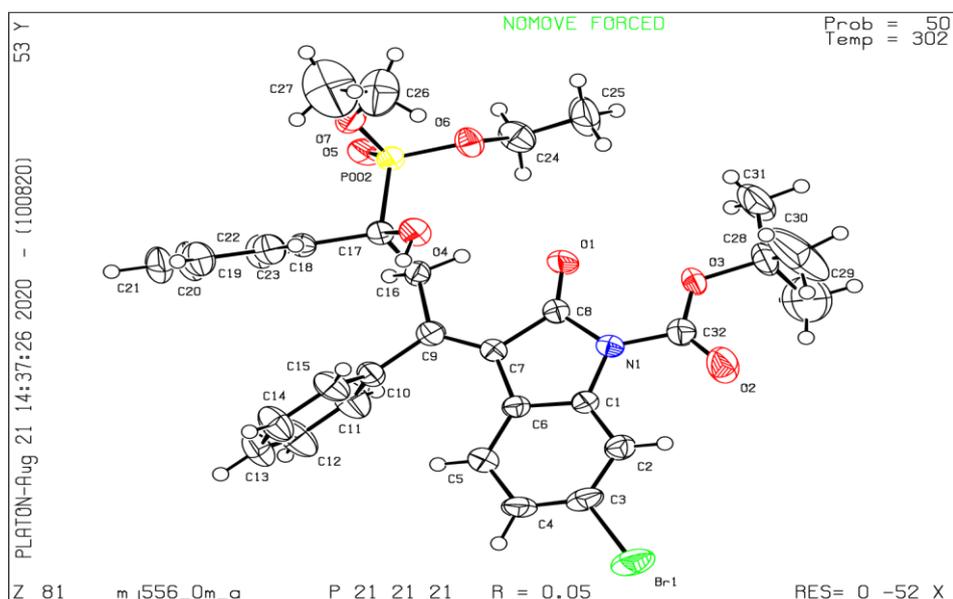
Sorted By : Signal  
Multiplier : 1.0000  
Dilution : 1.0000  
Do not use Multiplier & Dilution Factor with ISTDs

Signal 1: VWD1 A, Wavelength=254 nm

Peak #	RetTime [min]	Type	Width [min]	Area [mAU*s]	Height [mAU]	Area %
1	6.940	BB	0.3219	3.83197e4	1782.12158	99.4089
2	21.175	MM	0.6286	227.83940	6.04072	0.5911

## Single crystal XRD data for Compound

Structure Determination of **3p** by X-ray analysis: CCDC Number: **2024642**



Bond precision: C-C = 0.0084 Å Wavelength=0.71073  
 Cell: a=6.5171(3) b=9.8455(6) c=48.456(3)  
 alpha=90 beta=90 gamma=90

Temperature: 302 K

	Calculated	Reported
Volume	3109.1(3)	3109.2(3)
Space group	P 21 21 21	P 21 21 21
Hall group	P 2ac 2ab	P 2ac 2ab
Moiety formula	C <sub>32</sub> H <sub>35</sub> Br N O <sub>7</sub> P	C <sub>32</sub> H <sub>35</sub> Br N O <sub>7</sub> P
Sum formula	C <sub>32</sub> H <sub>35</sub> Br N O <sub>7</sub> P	C <sub>32</sub> H <sub>35</sub> Br N O <sub>7</sub> P
Mr	656.48	656.48
Dx, g cm <sup>-3</sup>	1.403	1.403
Z	4	4
Mu (mm <sup>-1</sup> )	1.421	1.421
F000	1360.0	1360.0
F000'	1359.86	
h,k,lmax	8,13,64	8,13,64
Nref	7717[ 4435]	7717
Tmin,Tmax	0.761,0.843	0.761,0.843
Tmin'	0.672	

Correction method= # Reported T Limits: Tmin=0.761 Tmax=0.843

AbsCorr = MULTI-SCAN

Data completeness= 1.74/1.00

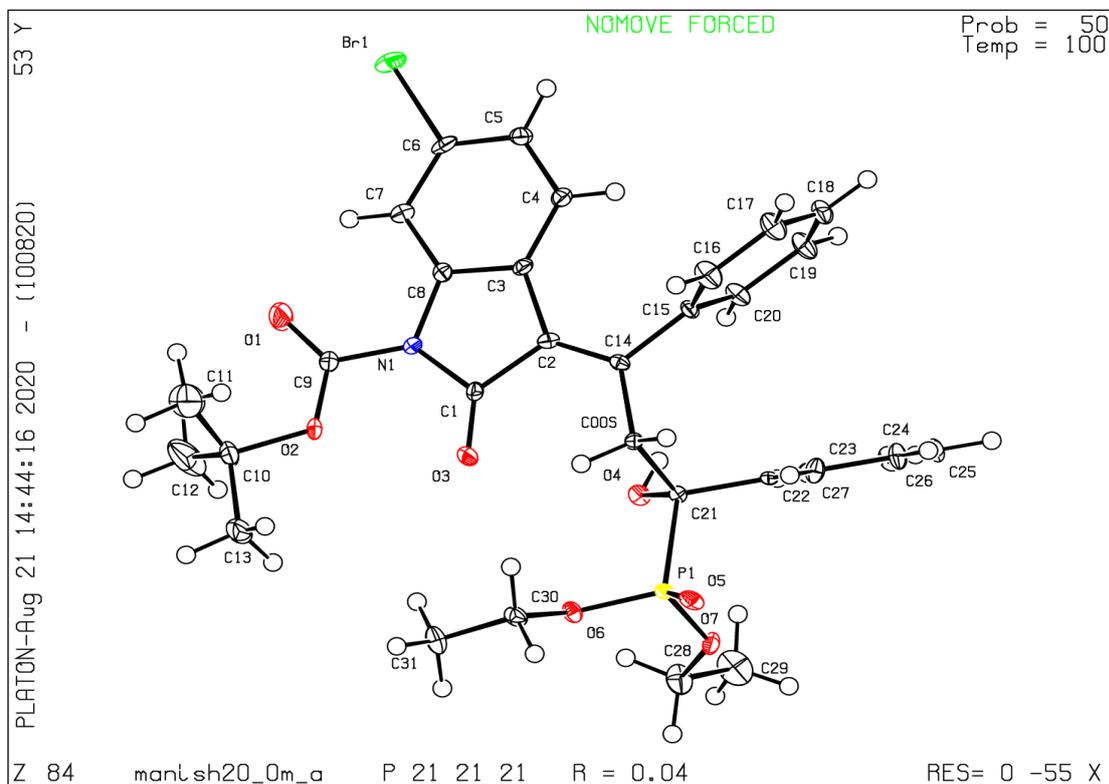
Theta(max)= 28.271

R(reflections)= 0.0489( 5197)

wR2(reflections)= 0.1455( 7675)

S = 0.819

Npar= 385



### Structure Determination of **3p'** by X-ray analysis: CCDC Number: **2024647**

Bond precision:

C-C = 0.0054 Å

Wavelength=0.71073

Cell:

a=6.4713(9)

b=9.6298(12)

c=48.285(7)

alpha=90

beta=90

gamma=90

Temperature: 100 K

	Calculated	Reported
Volume	3009.0(7)	3009.0(7)
Space group	P 21 21 21	P 21 21 21
Hall group	P 2ac 2ab	P 2ac 2ab
Moiety formula	C <sub>32</sub> H <sub>35</sub> Br N O <sub>7</sub> P	C <sub>32</sub> H <sub>35</sub> Br N O <sub>7</sub> P
Sum formula	C <sub>32</sub> H <sub>35</sub> Br N O <sub>7</sub> P	C <sub>32</sub> H <sub>35</sub> Br N O <sub>7</sub> P
Mr	656.48	656.48

Dx,g cm-3	1.449	1.449
Z	4	4
Mu (mm-1)	1.469	1.469
F000	1360.0	1360.0
F000'	1359.86	
h,k,lmax	8,12,64	8,12,64
Nref	7515[ 4324]	7515
Tmin,Tmax	0.768,0.863	0.768,0.863
Tmin'	0.693	

Correction method= # Reported T Limits: Tmin=0.768 Tmax=0.863

AbsCorr = MULTI-SCAN

Data completeness= 1.74/1.00      Theta(max)= 28.319

R(reflections)= 0.0393( 7156)      wR2(reflections)= 0.1214( 7515)

S = 0.969      Npar= 385

## Reference:

1. a) Y. Takemoto, *Chem. Pharm. Bull.*, 2010, **58**, 593-601; b) C. Cassani, R. Martín-Rapún, E. Arceo, F. Bravo, P. Melchiorre, *Nature Protocols*, 2013, **8**, 325–344; c) J. P. Malerich, K. Hagihara and V. H. Rawal, *J. Am. Chem. Soc.*, 2008, **130**, 14416–14417; d) Vakulya, B.; Varga, S.; Csámpai, A.; Soós, T. *Org. Lett.*, 2005, **7**, 1967.
2. Liu, Y.; Yang, Y.; Huang, Y.; Xu, X.-H.; Qing, F.-L. *Synlett*, 2015, **26**, 67.
3. a) Maeda, H.; Takahashi, K.; Ohmori, H. *Tetrahedron*, 1998, **54**, 12233. b) E. Breuer, R. Karaman, A. Goldblum and H. Leader, *J. Chem. Soc., Perkin Trans. 2*, 1988, 2029-2034. c) Jang, K. P.; Hutson, G. E.; Johnston, R. C.; McCusker, E. O.; Cheong, P. H. Y.; Scheidt, K. A. *J. Am. Chem. Soc.* 2014, **136**, 76.