

Supporting Information for

**A Pd-Catalysed One-Pot Three-Step Reaction in the Synthesis
of Naphthalenes and 1,2-Naphthoquinones**

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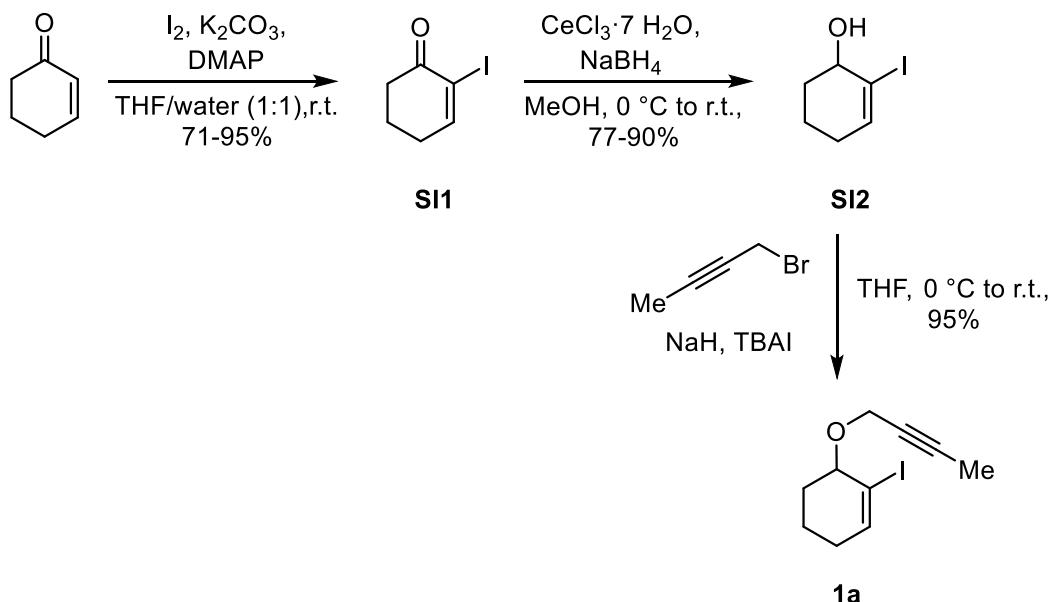
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1. General experimental procedures

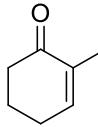
Unless otherwise specified, the following general procedures were used in all reactions. Commercially available compounds were used without further purification unless otherwise stated. Levoglucosenone was kindly donated by the Circa Group Pty Ltd (Australia). Tetrahydrofuran (THF) purified and dried by distillation from sodium/benzophenone. Dry dichloromethane was purchased from Acros and used without purification. Analytical thin layer chromatography (TLC) was performed on Merck Silica gel 60- F254 coated aluminum plates. Eluted plates were checked using a UV lamp (254 nm) and/or by treatment with a suitable dip followed by heating. Followed dips were used: phosphomolybdate dip: [Ce(SO₄)₂·4H₂O (2 g), H₃[P(Mo₃O₁₀)₄] (4g), H₂SO₄ (10 mL), H₂O (200 mL)]; anisaldehyde dip: [CH₃COOH (99%) (6 mL), anisaldehyde (8 mL), CH₃CH₂OH (400 mL), H₂SO₄ (20 mL)]. Flash chromatography was performed on Acros Silica gel 60A (35–70 µm). Proton (¹H) and carbon (¹³C) NMR spectra were recorded on a Bruker AVANCE III HD 400 instrument using the residual signals from CHCl₃, δ 7.26 ppm and δ 77.16 ppm; DMSO, δ 2.50 ppm and δ 39.52 ppm; THF δ 3.58 and 1.73 ppm, δ 67.57 and δ 25.37 ppm; MeOH δ 3.31 and δ 49.00 ppm, as internal references for ¹H and ¹³C chemical shifts, respectively. IR spectra were measured on Thermo Nicolet AVATAR 370 FT-IR spectrometer on KBr tablets of the compounds via DRIFT method. EI and CI mass spectra were measured using orthogonal acceleration time-of-flight mass spectrometer GCT Premier (Waters) coupled to a 7890A gas chromatograph (Agilent). ESI mass spectra (low resolution) were recorded using Q-Tof micro (Waters) mass spectrometer. ESI or APCI mass spectra (high resolution) was measured using LTQ Orbitrap XL hybrid mass spectrometer (Thermo Fisher Scientific) equipped with an electrospray ion source. Melting points were measured on Büchi Melting Point B-545 using capillary method and are uncorrected. Optical rotations measured on AUTOMATIC POLARIMETR, Autopol III are given in deg·mL·g⁻¹·dm⁻¹ with accuracy ±2 and the mass concentrations (marked as c are given in g/100 mL). The cytotoxic activity screening was performed by our collaborators from the group of Dr. Hana Mertlikova-Kaiserova at the Institute of Organic Chemistry and Biochemistry of the Czech Academy of Sciences.

2. Synthesis of starting materials

2.1 Synthesis of compound **1a**



2-Iodocyclohex-2-en-1-one (**SI1**)


Applying modified procedure from the literature source,^[1] to a solution of cyclohex-2-en-1-one (1.936 mL, 20.0 mmol) in THF/H₂O (50/50 mL) K₂CO₃ (3.317 g, 24.0 mmol), I₂ (7.594 g, 30.0 mmol) and 4-dimethylaminopyridine (0.49 g, 4.0 mmol) were added subsequently. The reaction mixture was allowed to stir at room temperature and after 3 h was quenched with a saturated aqueous solution of Na₂S₂O₃ (15 ml) and extracted between brine (50 ml) and EtOAc (2 × 50 mL). The combined organic layers were dried over Na₂SO₄, filtered, and concentrated under reduced pressure. The residue was purified on a silica gel column using hexanes/EtOAc (85/15) as eluent to obtain the target iodinated compound **SI1** as a yellow amorphous solid (4.22 g, 95%). The iodination reaction was performed several times and the isolated yields were in the range of 75–95%. The recorded spectral data were in agreement with previously reported values.^[2]

¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.77 (t, *J* = 4.4 Hz, 1H), 2.69–2.63 (m, 2H), 2.44 (td, *J* = 6.0, 4.4 Hz, 2H), 2.13–2.05 (m, 2H); **¹³C NMR** (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 192.3, 159.5, 104.0, 37.4, 30.1, 23.0.

2-Iodocyclohex-2-en-1-ol (**SI2**)

Applying modified Luche reduction conditions,^[3] 2-iodocyclohex-2-en-1-one **SI1** (3.363 g, 15.15 mmol) and CeCl₃·7H₂O (12.7 g, 34.09 mmol) were diluted with MeOH (140 mL) and cooled to 0 °C. NaBH₄ (0.716 g, 18.94 mmol) was added portionwise and the reaction was allowed to stir at 0 °C for 1.5 h. Then the reaction mixture was quenched with H₂O (15 mL) and stirred for additional 10–15 min. After evaporation of MeOH, extraction between H₂O (40 mL) and EtOAc (3 × 50 mL) the organic layers were separated, dried with Na₂SO₄, filtered, and concentrated under reduced pressure. The resulting colorless solid compound **SI2** was obtained in (3.06 g, 90%) and applied to the next step without purification. The reaction was performed several times and the yields were in the range of 77–90%. The recorded spectral data were in agreement with previously reported values.^[4]

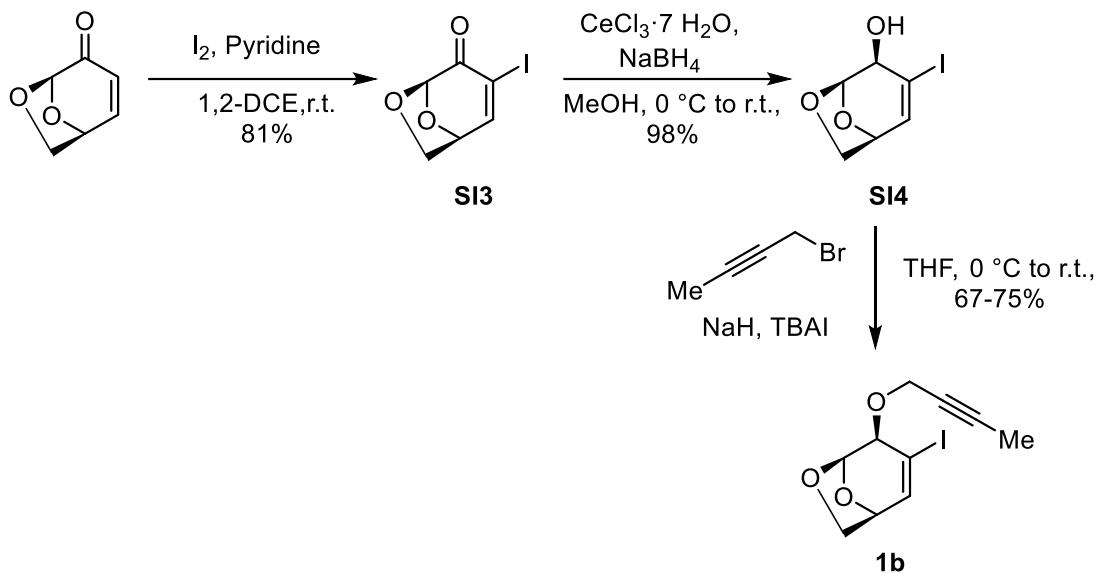
¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 6.50 (t, *J* = 4.1 Hz, 1H), 4.24–4.15 (m, 1H), 2.18–1.95 (m, 4H), 1.91–1.84 (m, 1H), 1.82–1.63 (m, 2H); **¹³C NMR** (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 141.2, 103.8, 72.2, 32.1, 29.5, 17.9.

6-(But-2-yn-1-yloxy)-1-iodocyclohex-1-ene (**1a**)

2-Iodocyclohex-2-en-1-ol **SI2** (0.493 g, 2.2 mmol) and tetrabutylammonium iodide (TBAI) (0.082 g, 0.22 mmol) were dissolved in dry THF (6.6 mL) under argon atmosphere. 1-Bromobut-2-yne (0.347 mL, 3.96 mmol) was added and the reaction mixture cooled to 0 °C. NaH (0.159 g, 60% dispersion in mineral oil, 3.96 mmol) was added portionwise and the reaction was stirred at 0 °C. After 20 min it was allowed to warm to room temperature and the stirring was continued overnight. Reaction mixture was quenched with saturated NH₄Cl (10 mL) and extracted between brine (30 mL) and EtOAc (3 × 30 mL). The combined organic layers were dried over Na₂SO₄, filtered, and concentrated under reduced pressure. Column chromatography on silica gel using hexanes/diethyl ether (90/10) as eluent delivered desired product **1a** as a yellow oil (0.590 g, 97%). Compound **1a** is relatively stable in a refrigerator under argon atmosphere within 4 days, after that it starts to decompose slowly.

¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 6.56–6.53 (m, 1H), 4.30–4.17 (m, 2H), 4.06–4.01 (m, 1H), 2.19–1.92 (m, 3H), 1.86 (t, *J* = 2.3 Hz, 3H), 1.85–1.58 (m, 3H); **¹³C NMR** (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 142.2, 98.8, 82.7, 78.1, 75.5, 57.7, 29.5, 29.3, 17.2, 3.8; **IR** (KBr) ν_{max} 2941, 2848, 2295, 2229, 1138, 1063, 988, 940, 806 cm⁻¹; **MS** (EI) *m/z* (%) 276.0 (10, M⁺), 246.0 (48), 223.0 (70), 205.9 (95), 149.1 (35), 119.1 (100), 97.1 (48), 79.0 (85), 77.0 (60), 53.0 (40); **HRMS** (EI) *m/z* calcd for C₁₀H₁₃IO 276.0011, found 276.0014.

2.2 Synthesis of compound **1b**

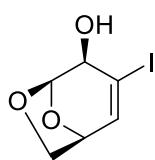


(1*S*,5*R*)-3-Iodo-6,8-dioxabicyclo[3.2.1]oct-2-en-4-one (**SI3**)

According to a literature procedure^[5] to a solution of levoglucosenone (1.5 g, 11.9 mmol) in dry 1,2-dichloroethane (20 mL) iodine (4.2 g, 16.5 mmol) and pyridine (1.08 mL, 13.4 mmol) were added subsequently. The reaction mixture was allowed to stir at room temperature and after 15 min toluene (20 ml) was added. The resulting media was poured onto a 5 cm plug of silica and the product eluted with toluene. Concentration on a rotary evaporator provided the target iodinated levoglucosenone **SI3** as a yellow crystalline solid (2.45 g, 81%). The recorded spectral data were in agreement with previously reported values.^[5]

¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.96 (d, *J* = 5.0 Hz, 1H), 5.57 (s, 1H), 4.93 (ddd, *J* = 5.1, 4.5, 0.7 Hz, 1H), 3.87 (dd, *J* = 7.0, 4.5 Hz, 1H), 3.81 (d, *J* = 7.1 Hz, 1H); **¹³C NMR** (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 183.2, 155.7, 101.1, 100.0, 74.4, 66.7.

(1*S*,4*R*,5*R*)-3-*Iodo*-6,8-dioxabicyclo[3.2.1]oct-2-en-4-ol (SI4**)**

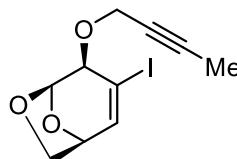


Using reaction conditions for **SI2**, the compound **SI4** was obtained as brownish oil in (2.431 g, 98%) and applied to the next step without purification. The recorded spectral data were in agreement with previously reported values.^[6]

Reagent	n [mmol]	m [g]	V [mL]
MeOH			98
SI3	9.7	2.45	
NaBH ₄	12.2	0.5	
CeCl ₃ ·7H ₂ O	21.9	8.14	

¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 6.78 (dd, *J* = 4.8, 0.8 Hz, 1H), 5.55 (d, *J* = 2.8 Hz, 1H), 4.53 (t, *J* = 4.5 Hz, 1H), 4.22 (dd, *J* = 11.8, 3.0 Hz, 1H), 3.86 (d, *J* = 6.9 Hz, 1H), 3.69 (ddd, *J* = 6.9, 4.1, 1.1 Hz, 1H), 2.38 (d, *J* = 11.8 Hz, 1H); **¹³C NMR** (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 140.5, 103.6, 100.8, 74.3, 73.7, 70.6; **Specific rotation** [α]_D = -51.0° (c 0.5, CHCl₃) [*lit.*⁶ [α]_D = -56.7 (0.2, CHCl₃)].

(1*S*,4*R*,5*R*)-4-(But-2-yn-1-yloxy)-3-*Iodo*-6,8-dioxabicyclo[3.2.1]oct-2-ene (1b**)**



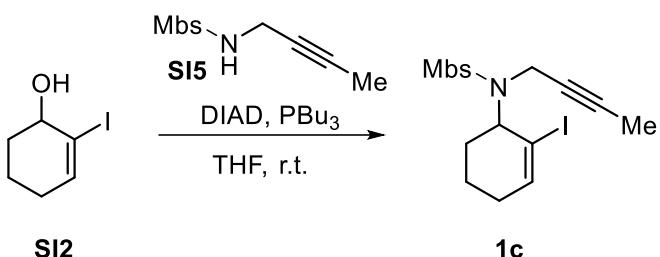
Reaction conditions for **1** were applied. Column chromatography on silica gel with hexanes/diethyl ether (80/20) as eluent delivered desired product **1b** as a viscous yellowish oil (1.21 g, 67%).

Reagent	n [mmol]	m [g]	V [mL]
THF			17.8
SI4	5.93	1.506	
TBAI	0.59	0.219	
1-bromobut-2-yne	10.67		0.9
NaH (60% dispersion in mineral oil)	10.67	0.256	

¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 6.77 (dd, *J* = 4.7, 1.3 Hz, 1H), 5.68 (d, *J* = 2.6 Hz, 1H), 4.51 (t, *J* = 4.4 Hz, 1H), 4.44–4.29 (m, 3H), 3.95 (d, *J* = 6.8 Hz, 1H), 3.71 (ddd, *J* = 6.9,

4.0, 1.3 Hz, 1H), 1.86 (t, J = 2.3 Hz, 3H); **^{13}C NMR** (101 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 141.0, 100.4, 99.7, 83.8, 80.0, 74.9, 73.7, 71.0, 59.1, 3.8; **IR** (KBr) ν_{max} 3485, 3354, 2887, 1625, 1329, 1129, 1087, 985 cm^{-1} ; **MS** (EI) m/z (%) 306.0 (18, M^+), 253.8 (55), 207.9 (100), 206.9 (40), 179.9 (17), 133.1 (30), 97.0 (18); **HRMS** (EI) m/z calcd for $\text{C}_{10}\text{H}_{11}\text{IO}_3$ 305.9753, found 305.9754; **Specific rotation** $[\alpha]_D = -39.3^\circ$ (c 1, CHCl_3).

2.3 Synthesis of compound **1c**



N-(But-2-yn-1-yl)-4-methoxybenzenesulfonamide (SI5)


 Applying modified procedure from the literature source,^[7] 4-methoxybenzenesulfonamide (2.25 g, 12 mmol) was dissolved in dry MeCN (10 mL) under an argon atmosphere, then K₂CO₃ (829 mg, 6 mmol) and 1-bromobut-2-yne (0.53 mL, 6 mmol) were added. The resulting mixture was heated at reflux for 2 h, before being cooled down and extracted with water (25 mL) and EtOAc (3 × 25 mL). The combined organic layers were dried over Na₂SO₄, filtered, and concentrated under reduced pressure. Column chromatography on silica gel using hexanes/EtOAc (80/20 → 70/30 → 60/40) as eluent delivered desired product **SI5** as a yellowish powder (0.613 g, 43%). The recorded spectral data were in agreement with previously reported values.^[8]

¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.86 – 7.78 (m, 2H), 7.02 – 6.94 (m, 2H), 4.52 (bt, *J* = 6.0 Hz, 1H), 3.87 (s, 3H), 3.75 (dq, *J* = 6.1, 2.4 Hz, 2H), 1.61 (t, *J* = 2.4 Hz, 3H).

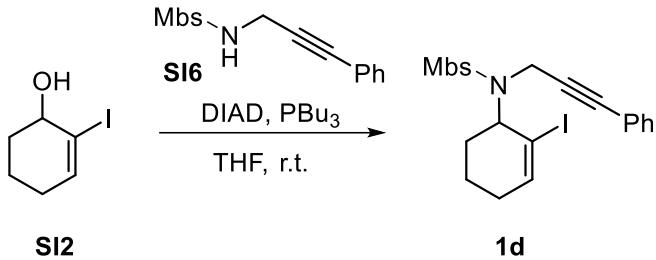
N-(But-2-yn-1-yl)-N-(2-iodocyclohex-2-en-1-yl)-4-methoxybenzenesulfonamide (1c)

Mbs-N Me Alcohol **SI2** (500 mg, 2.23 mmol) was dissolved in dry THF (12 mL) under an argon atmosphere, then tributylphosphine (542 mg, 2.68 mmol) and sulfonamide **SI5** (588 mg, 2.46 mmol) were added, and

the mixture was stirred until clear solution was formed. Then the reaction mixture was cooled to 0 °C, and DIAD (541 mg, 2.68 mmol) was added. After 5 min the reaction mixture was warmed to room temperature and stirred for 1 h. Silica gel (1.5 g) was added to the mixture, concentrated under reduced pressure and used directly to column chromatography on silicagel with hexanes/EtOAc (85/15 → 80/20 → 70/30) (to provide the title compound as a white crystalline solid (812 g, 82%), m.p. = 141.3 °C (recrystallized from hexanes/DCM).

¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.91 – 7.85 (m, 2H), 6.98 – 6.91 (m, 2H), 6.73 (ddd, *J* = 5.2, 3.4, 2.0 Hz, 1H), 4.59 – 4.51 (m, 1H), 4.26 (dq, *J* = 18.4, 2.4 Hz, 1H), 3.86 (s, 3H), 3.60 (dq, *J* = 18.2, 2.3 Hz, 1H), 2.20 – 1.78 (m, 5H), 1.68 (t, *J* = 2.4 Hz, 3H), 1.67 – 1.55 (m, 1H); **¹³C NMR** (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 162.9, 145.4, 133.1, 130.1, 113.7, 100.1, 80.5, 75.5, 61.6, 55.7, 33.9, 29.6, 29.0, 20.6, 3.7; **IR** (KBr) ν_{max} 2947, 2870, 2220, 1593, 1496, 1338, 1261, 1151, 1099, 1026, 833, 669, 577 cm⁻¹; **MS** (ESI) *m/z* (%) 469.0 (15), 468.0 (100, [M+Na]⁺), 446.0 (5, [M+H]⁺), 240.1 (7); **HRMS** (ESI) *m/z* calcd for C₁₇H₂₀O₃NISNa 468.0101, found 468.0096.

2.4 Synthesis of compound **1d**



4-Methoxy-N-(3-phenylprop-2-yn-1-yl)benzenesulfonamide (**SI6**)

The product was prepared from Mbs-protected propargylamine^[9] and iodobenzene using procedure from the literature source.^[10] Column chromatography on silica gel with hexanes/EtOAc (80/20 → 70/30 → 1/1) as eluent delivered the desired product **SI6** (86% yield) as a white crystalline solid.

¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.89 – 7.83 (m, 2H), 7.32 – 7.21 (m, 3H), 7.18 – 7.13 (m, 2H), 6.97 – 6.91 (m, 2H), 4.54 (bs, 1H), 4.07 (d, *J* = 5.9 Hz, 2H), 3.78 (s, 3H); **¹³C NMR**

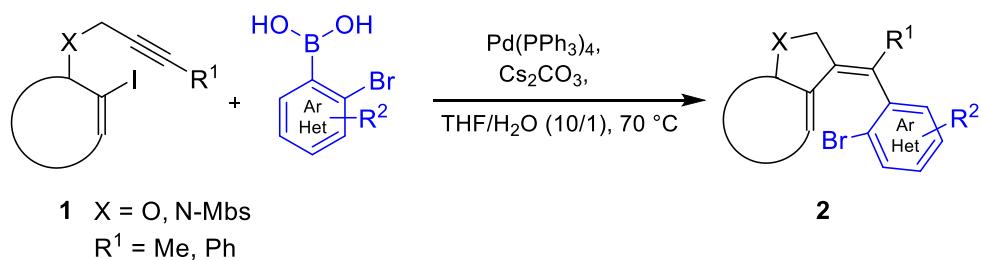
(101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 163.2, 131.7, 131.5, 129.8, 128.7, 128.3, 122.2, 114.4, 84.9, 83.5, 55.7, 33.9; **IR** (KBr) ν_{max} 3273, 1598, 1497, 1425, 1329, 1263, 1159, 1027, 836, 755, 692 cm⁻¹; **MS** (EI) *m/z* (%) 302.1 (12), 301.1 (58, M⁺), 238.1 (82), 236.1 (80), 208.1 (60), 155.0 (80), 130.1 (100); **HRMS** (ESI) *m/z* calcd for C₁₆H₁₅O₃NS 301.0773, found 301.0775.

N-(2-Iodocyclohex-2-en-1-yl)-4-methoxy-N-(3-phenylprop-2-yn-1-yl)benzenesulfonamide (1d)

Alcohol **SI2** (448 mg, 2 mmol) was dissolved in dry THF (12 mL) under an argon atmosphere, then tributylphosphine (0.6 mL, 2.4 mmol) and sulfonamide **SI6** (723 mg, 2.4 mmol) were added, and the mixture was stirred until clear solution was formed. Then the reaction mixture was cooled to 0 °C, and DIAD (0.47 mL, 2.4 mmol) was added. After 5 min the reaction mixture was warmed to room temperature and stirred for 3 h. Silica gel (1.5 g) was added to the mixture, concentrated under reduced pressure and used directly to column chromatography on silicagel with hexanes/EtOAc (85/15 → 80/20 → 70/30 as eluent delivered the desired product **1d** as a colourless oil (0.800 g, 79%).

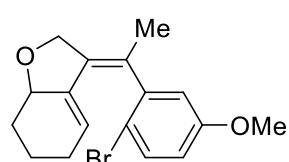
¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.95 – 7.87 (m, 2H), 7.34 – 7.18 (m, 5H), 6.90 – 6.83 (m, 2H), 6.78 (ddd, *J* = 5.3, 3.4, 1.9 Hz, 1H), 4.69 – 4.61 (m, 1H), 4.55 (d, *J* = 18.7 Hz, 1H), 3.90 (d, *J* = 18.7 Hz, 1H), 3.76 (s, 3H), 2.22 – 2.06 (m, 2H), 2.03 – 1.79 (m, 3H), 1.65 – 1.59 (m, 1H); **¹³C NMR** (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 162.9, 145.6, 133.1, 131.6, 130.1, 128.4, 128.3, 122.8, 113.9, 100.0, 85.7, 84.6, 61.6, 55.6, 34.3, 29.6, 29.0, 20.5; **IR** (KBr) ν_{max} 2947, 2917, 2869, 2851, 1736, 1595, 1503, 1341, 1302, 1263, 1153, 1099, 1027, 833, 761, 665, 588 cm⁻¹; **MS** (ESI) *m/z* (%) 1037.1 (50, [2M+Na]⁺), 531.0 (26), 530.0 (100, [M+Na]⁺), 448.3 (6), 447.3 (22), 433.1 (10), 365.1 (10); **HRMS** (ESI) *m/z* calcd for C₂₂H₂₂O₃NISNa 530.0257, found 530.0256.

3. Tandem cyclisation/Suzuki cross-coupling reaction



General procedure for the tandem reaction: The iodinated propargylic starting material **1** (1 mmol) was dissolved in (9.1 mL) of THF or DMF followed by addition of 2-bromo-(hetero)arylboronic acid (1.5 mmol), Cs_2CO_3 (2.0 mmol) and water (0.9 mL). The reaction mixture was degassed and backfilled with argon (2×), then $\text{Pd}(\text{PPh}_3)_4$ (4 mol%) was added and the degassing procedure was repeated again (2×). Reaction was stirred at 70 °C (80 °C for DMF) until the full conversion of the starting material was observed by TLC, cooled down and extracted with water (25 mL) and EtOAc (2×25 mL). The combined organic layers were dried over Na_2SO_4 , filtered, and concentrated under reduced pressure. Crude mixture was subjected to column chromatography on silica gel delivering desired Heck/Suzuki product **2**. Reaction and purification details are specified for each substrate below.

(E)-3-(1-(2-Bromo-5-methoxyphenyl)ethylidene)-2,3,5,6,7,7a-hexahydrobenzofuran (2aa)



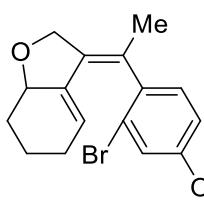
Reaction time: 9 h; Column chromatography: (98/2)
hexanes/diethyl ether
Yield: 80% (0.504 g); pale yellow solid, mp = 59.6 °C
(recrystallized from CHCl_3)

Reagent	n [mmol]	m [mg]	V [mL]
THF			17.1
Water			1.7
1a	1.88	519	

<chem>O=[B]([OH])c1ccc(OC)cc1Br</chem>	2.82	651	
Pd(PPh ₃) ₄	0.075	87	
Cs ₂ CO ₃	3.76	1225	

¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃; mixture of atropoisomers, signals of both atropoisomers are listed) δ 7.47 (d, J = 0.7 Hz, 1H), 7.45 (d, J = 0.8 Hz, 1H[#]), 6.75 (d, J = 3.0 Hz, 1H), 6.71 (d, J = 3.3 Hz, 1H[#]), 6.69 (d, J = 3.3 Hz, 1H[#]), 6.67 (d, J = 3.0 Hz, 1H), 4.80–4.73 (m, 1H, 1H[#]), 4.62 (d, J = 12.9 Hz, 1H), 4.60 (d, J = 12.7 Hz, 1H[#]), 4.49–4.41 (m, 1H, 1H[#]), 4.22–4.13 (m, 1H, 1H[#]), 3.79 (s, 3H), 3.77 (s, 3H[#]), 2.21–2.11 (m, 1H, 1H[#]), 1.95–1.84 (m, 2H, 2H[#]), 1.91 (s, 3H), 1.89 (s, 3H[#]), 1.79–1.70 (m, 1H, 1H[#]), 1.50–1.23 (m, 2H, 2H[#]); **¹³C NMR** (101 MHz, CDCl₃; mixture of atropoisomers, signals of both atropoisomers are listed) δ 159.7, 159.2[#], 145.1, 144.5[#], 137.6, 136.9[#], 134.0, 133.5, 133.4[#], 127.1, 126.7[#], 121.6, 120.7[#], 115.1, 114.8[#], 114.5, 114.4[#], 113.5, 112.3[#], 79.2, 79.1[#], 70.5, 70.4[#], 55.7 (1C, 1C[#]), 28.7, 28.6[#], 25.8, 25.7[#], 21.8, 21.5[#], 19.4, 19.3[#], one aromatic signal is overlapped (#atropoisomer signals – the signals are in pairs but could not be assigned to the particular atropoisomer, one signal of the pair is always marked by #); **IR** (KBr) ν_{max} 3425, 2944, 2857, 2833, 1592, 1565, 1467, 1296, 1234, 1069, 1048, 1018 cm⁻¹; **MS** (EI) m/z (%) 336.1 (9, M⁺), 334.1 (10, M⁺), 255.1 (75), 237.1 (22), 226.1 (25), 225.1 (100), 212.1 (15), 199.1 (22), 171.1 (25); **HRMS** (EI) m/z calcd for C₁₇H₁₉O₂Br 334.0568, found 334.0566.

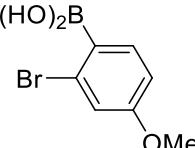
(E)-3-(1-(2-Bromo-4-methoxyphenyl)ethylidene)-2,3,5,6,7,7a-hexahydrobenzofuran (2ab)



Reaction time: 7 h; Column chromatography: (90/10) hexanes/diethyl ether

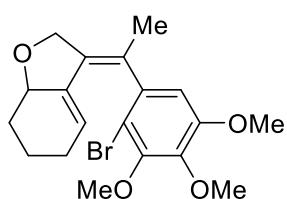
The boronic acid was synthesised according to a literature procedure.^[11]

Yield: 81% (0.368 g); colourless oil

Reagent	n [mmol]	m [mg]	V [mL]
THF			13.7
Water			1.3
1a	1.50	414	
	2.25	519	
Pd(PPh ₃) ₄	0.06	69	
Cs ₂ CO ₃	3.00	977	

¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃; mixture of atropoisomers, signals of both atropoisomers are listed) δ 7.14 (s, 1H), 7.14 (s, 1H[#]), 7.09 (d, J = 8.5 Hz, 1H), 7.01 (d, J = 8.5 Hz, 1H[#]), 6.87 (dd, J = 8.5, 2.6 Hz, 1H), 6.85 (dd, J = 8.6, 2.6 Hz, 1H[#]), 4.76–4.69 (m, 1H, 1H[#]), 4.61 (d, J = 12.5 Hz, 1H), 4.59 (d, J = 12.3 Hz, 1H[#]), 4.48–4.40 (m, 1H, 1H[#]), 4.22–4.12 (m, 1H, 1H[#]), 3.81 (s, 3H, 3H[#]), 2.20–2.11 (m, 1H, 1H[#]), 1.98–1.83 (m, 2H, 2H[#]), 1.90 (s, 3H), 1.87 (s, 3H[#]), 1.80–1.68 (m, 1H, 1H[#]), 1.51–1.23 (m, 2H, 2H[#]); **¹³C NMR** (101 MHz, CDCl₃; mixture of atropoisomers, signals of both atropoisomers are listed) δ 159.1, 159.0[#], 137.8, 137.2[#], 136.5, 135.9[#], 133.9, 133.8[#], 130.4, 130.0[#], 127.0, 126.5[#], 123.3, 122.2[#], 121.3, 120.4[#], 118.4, 117.7[#], 114.7, 113.9[#], 79.2, 79.1[#], 70.5, 70.5[#], 55.7 (1C, 1C[#]), 28.7, 28.7[#], 25.7, 25.6[#], 22.1, 21.7[#], 19.4, 19.3[#] (#atropoisomer signals – the signals are in pairs but could not be assigned to the particular atropoisomer, one signal of the pair is always marked by #); **IR** (KBr) ν_{max} 2938, 2833, 1598, 1488, 1281, 1228, 1075, 1039 cm⁻¹; **MS** (EI) m/z (%) 334.1 (32, M⁺), 334.1 (34, M⁺⁺), 316.0 (100), 255.1 (45), 235.1 (28), 222.1 (20), 199.0 (13), 165.1 (13); **HRMS** (EI) m/z calcd for C₁₇H₁₉O₂Br 334.0568, found 334.0568.

(E)-3-(1-(2-Bromo-3,4,5-trimethoxyphenyl)ethylidene)-2,3,5,6,7,7a-hexahydrobenzofuran (2ac)



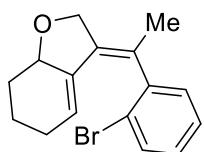
Reaction time: 5 h; Column chromatography: (90/10 → 85/15)
hexanes/EtOAc

Yield: 93% (0.368 g); dark orange oil

Reagent	n [mmol]	m [mg]	V [mL]
THF			9.1
Water			0.9
1a	1.00	276	
(HO) ₂ B Br- MeO- OMe	1.50	436	
Pd(PPh ₃) ₄	0.04	46	
Cs ₂ CO ₃	2.00	652	

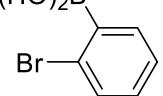
¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃; mixture of atropoisomers, signals of both atropoisomers are listed) δ 6.56 (s, 1H), 6.47 (s, 1H[#]), 4.80–4.72 (m, 1H, 1H[#]), 4.62 (d, *J* = 12.9 Hz, 1H), 4.59 (d, *J* = 12.3 Hz, 1H[#]), 4.48–4.40 (m, 1H, 1H[#]), 4.21–4.13 (m, 1H, 1H[#]), 3.92 (s, 3H), 3.91 (s, 3H), 3.91 (s, 3H[#]), 3.89 (s, 3H[#]), 3.84 (s, 3H), 3.82 (s, 3H[#]), 2.21–2.11 (m, 1H, 1H[#]), 1.95–1.84 (m, 2H, 2H[#]), 1.90 (s, 3H), 1.89 (s, 3H[#]), 1.80–1.69 (m, 1H, 1H[#]), 1.52–1.19 (m, 2H, 2H[#]); **¹³C NMR** (101 MHz, CDCl₃; mixture of atropoisomers, signals of both atropoisomers are listed) δ 153.6, 153.1[#], 151.8, 151.2[#], 142.1, 142.0[#], 139.7, 139.2[#], 137.6, 136.9[#], 133.6, 133.3[#], 127.1, 126.7[#], 121.4, 120.5[#], 109.1, 108.3, 108.0[#], 107.8[#], 79.3, 79.1[#], 70.5, 70.4[#], 61.4, 61.4[#], 61.2 (1C, 1C[#]), 56.4, 56.3[#], 28.7, 28.6[#], 25.8, 25.7[#], 21.8, 21.6[#], 19.4, 19.3[#] (#atropoisomer signals – the signals are in pairs but could not be assigned to the particular atropoisomer, one signal of the pair is always marked by #); **IR** (KBr) ν_{max} 2938, 2845, 1559, 1482, 1386, 1105, 1006 cm⁻¹; **MS** (APCI) *m/z* (%) 397.1 (44, [M+H]⁺), 395.1 (45, [M+H]⁺), 317.2 (15), 316.2 (100), 315.2 (20), 285.1 (40), 279.1 (22); **HRMS** (ESI) *m/z* calcd for C₁₉H₂₄O₄Br 395.0853, found 395.0849.

(E)-3-(1-(2-Bromophenyl)ethylidene)-2,3,5,6,7,7a-hexahydrobenzofuran (2ad)



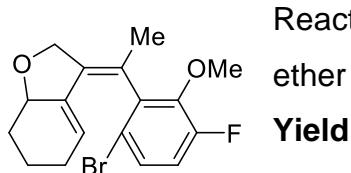
Reaction time: 9 h; Column chromatography: (95/5) hexanes/EtOAc

Yield: 77% (0.234 g); yellow crystalline solid, mp = 54.5 °C (recrystallized from CHCl₃)

Reagent	n [mmol]	m [mg]	V [mL]
THF			9.1
Water			0.9
1a	1.00	276	
	1.50	301	
Pd(PPh ₃) ₄	0.04	46	
Cs ₂ CO ₃	2.00	651	

¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃; mixture of atropoisomers, signals of both atropoisomers are listed) δ 7.61–7.55 (m, 1H, 1H[#]), 7.34–7.25 (m, 1H, 1H[#]), 7.21–7.10 (m, 2H, 2H[#]), 4.69–4.58 (m, 2H, 2H[#]), 4.50–4.42 (m, 1H, 1H[#]), 4.22–4.14 (m, 1H, 1H[#]), 2.21–2.11 (m, 1H, 1H[#]), 1.96–1.82 (m, 2H, 2H[#]), 1.93 (s, 3H), 1.90 (s, 3H[#]), 1.78–1.68 (m, 1H, 1H[#]), 1.50–1.22 (m, 2H, 2H[#]); **¹³C NMR** (101 MHz, CDCl₃; mixture of atropoisomers, signals of both atropoisomers are listed) δ 144.2, 143.6[#], 137.7, 137.1[#], 133.6, 133.5[#], 133.4, 132.7[#], 130.1, 129.6[#], 128.6, 128.5[#], 128.3, 127.6[#], 127.3, 126.8[#], 123.0, 121.9[#], 121.5, 120.6[#], 79.2, 79.1[#], 70.5, 70.4[#], 28.7, 28.6[#], 25.7, 25.6[#], 21.8, 21.4[#], 19.3, 19.3[#] (#atropoisomer signals – the signals are in pairs but could not be assigned to the particular atropoisomer, one signal of the pair is always marked by #); **IR** (KBr) ν_{max} 2944, 2866, 2830, 1473, 1431, 1102, 1075, 1021, 755 cm⁻¹; **MS** (EI) *m/z* (%) 306.0 (92, M⁺), 304.0 (100, M⁺), 250 (29), 248 (29), 225.1 (52), 222.0 (70), 169.1 (55), 165.1 (45), 141.1 (67), 128.1 (25), 115.1 (25); **HRMS** (EI) *m/z* calcd for C₁₆H₁₇OBr 304.0463, found 304.0464.

(E)-3-(1-(6-Bromo-3-fluoro-2-methoxyphenyl)ethylidene)-2,3,5,6,7,7a-hexahydrobenzofuran (2ae)



Reaction time: 9 h; Column chromatography: (90/10) hexanes/diethyl

ether

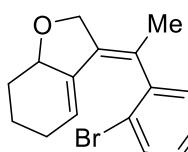
Yield: 67% (0.282 g); yellow amorphous solid

Reagent	n [mmol]	m [mg]	V [mL]
THF			10.8

Water			1.1
1a	1.19	3304	
(HO) ₂ B Br—C ₆ H ₃ —F	1.79	445	
Pd(PPh ₃) ₄	0.05	55	
Cs ₂ CO ₃	3	775	

¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 6.99 (dd, *J* = 7.1, 2.4 Hz, 1H), 6.90 (dd, *J* = 5.4, 2.3 Hz, 1H), 5.06–4.99 (m, 1H), 4.59 (d, *J* = 13.0 Hz, 1H), 4.44 (d, *J* = 13.2 Hz, 1H), 4.22–4.14 (m, 1H), 3.88 (s, 3H), 2.21–2.13 (m, 1H), 1.98–1.92 (m, 2H), 1.90 (s, 3H), 1.81–1.71 (m, 1H), 1.50–1.36 (m, 1H), 1.34–1.22 (m, 1H); **¹³C NMR** (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 149.0 (d, *J* = 12.2 Hz), 137.1, 135.2, 132.9 (d, *J* = 15.8 Hz), 124.1 (d, *J* = 2.5 Hz), 121.8, 119.9, 116.2 (d, *J* = 4.3 Hz), 115.3 (d, *J* = 1.8 Hz), 79.1, 70.7, 56.6, 28.7, 25.7, 21.7, 19.2 (C–F signal is not clearly visible in the spectrum even when measured in high concentration, it is probably around 148 ppm and splitted); **IR** (KBr) ν_{max} 2944, 2857, 2830, 1601, 1568, 1479, 1410, 1326, 1257, 1213, 1069, 1045 cm⁻¹; **MS** (EI) *m/z* (%) 354.0 (9, M⁺), 352.0 (10, M⁺•), 338.1 (15), 334.0 (100), 332.0 (80), 319.0 (20), 291.0 (20), 253.1 (13), 209.1 (13), 183.1 (10); **HRMS** (EI) *m/z* calcd for C₁₇H₁₈O₂BrF 352.0474, found 352.0468.

(E)-3-(1-(2-Bromo-5-fluorophenyl)ethylidene)-2,3,5,6,7,7a-hexahydrobenzofuran (2af)



Reaction time: 8 h; Column chromatography: (96/4) hexanes/EtOAc

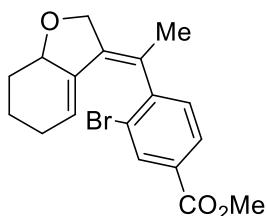
Yield: 85% (0.274 g); yellow crystalline solid, mp = 92.2 °C (recrystallized from CHCl₃)

Reagent	n [mmol]	m [mg]	V [mL]
THF			9.1
Water			0.9
1a	1.00	276	
(HO) ₂ B Br—C ₆ H ₃ —F	1.50	328	

Pd(PPh ₃) ₄	0.04	46	
Cs ₂ CO ₃	2.00	652	

¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃; mixture of atropoisomers, signals of both atropoisomers are listed) δ 7.57–7.51 (m, 1H, 1H[#]), 6.98–6.82 (m, 2H, 2H[#]), 4.77–4.70 (m, 1H, 1H[#]), 4.62 (d, *J* = 12.5 Hz, 1H), 4.60 (d, *J* = 12.4 Hz, 1H[#]), 4.48–4.41 (m, 1H, 1H[#]), 4.21–4.13 (m, 1H, 1H[#]), 2.21–2.12 (m, 1H, 1H[#]), 1.96–1.84 (m, 2H, 2H[#]), 1.91 (s, 3H), 1.89 (s, 3H[#]), 1.80–1.71 (m, 1H, 1H[#]), 1.51–1.23 (m, 2H, 2H[#]); **¹³C NMR** (101 MHz, CDCl₃; mixture of atropoisomers, signals of both atropoisomers are listed) δ 162.5 (d, *J* = 247.8 Hz), 162.1[#] (d, *J* = 248.0 Hz), 146.0 (d, *J* = 7.7 Hz), 145.4[#] (d, *J* = 7.7 Hz), 137.5, 136.9[#], 134.7 (d, *J* = 8.2 Hz), 134.2, 134.1[#], 134.0[#] (d, *J* = 8.2 Hz), 126.1 (d, *J* = 1.2 Hz), 125.6[#] (d, *J* = 1.3 Hz), 122.0, 121.1[#], 117.3 (d, *J* = 3.2 Hz), 117.1 (d, *J* = 21.8 Hz), 116.6[#] (d, *J* = 22.0 Hz), 116.2[#] (d, *J* = 3.2 Hz), 115.8 (d, *J* = 22.5 Hz), 115.7[#] (d, *J* = 22.4 Hz), 79.1, 79.1[#], 70.4, 70.4[#], 28.6, 28.6[#], 25.8, 25.6[#], 21.5, 21.1[#], 19.3, 19.2[#] ([#]atropoisomer signals – the signals are in pairs but could not be assigned to the particular atropoisomer, one signal of the pair is always marked by [#]); **IR** (KBr) ν_{max} 3055, 2938, 2869, 2839, 1574, 1461, 1305, 1198, 1069, 1003 cm⁻¹; **MS** (EI) *m/z* (%) 324.0 (92, M⁺•), 322.0 (100, M⁺•), 266.0 (33), 268 (29), 240.0 (70), 238.0 (66), 187.1 (55), 159.1 (75), 146.1 (25), 133.0 (20); **HRMS** (EI) *m/z* calcd for C₁₆H₁₆OBrF 322.0369, found 322.0368.

Methyl (*E*)-3-bromo-4-(1-(5,6,7,7a-tetrahydrobenzofuran-3(2*H*)-ylidene)ethyl)-benzoate (2ai)

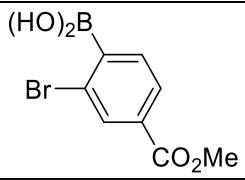


Reaction time: 4 h; Column chromatography: (95/5 → 90/10) hexanes/EtOAc

The boronic acid was synthesised according to a literature procedure.^[11]

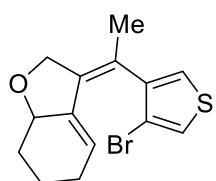
Yield: 60% (0.087 g); yellowish oil

Reagent	n [mmol]	m [mg]	V [mL]
THF			3.6
Water			0.4

1a	0.40	110	
	0.52	134	
Pd(PPh ₃) ₄	0.016	18	
Cs ₂ CO ₃	0.8	261	

¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃; mixture of atropoisomers, signals of both atropoisomers are listed) δ 8.26 (d, J = 1.7 Hz, 1H), 8.25 (d, J = 1.7 Hz, 1H[#]), 7.97 (dd, J = 7.9, 1.7 Hz, 1H), 7.93 (dd, J = 7.9, 1.7 Hz, 1H[#]), 7.27 (d, J = 7.9 Hz, 1H), 7.20 (d, J = 7.9 Hz, 1H[#]), 4.68 – 4.57 (m, 2H, 2H[#]), 4.48 – 4.45 (m, 1H), 4.44 – 4.41 (m, 1H[#]), 4.20 – 4.12 (m, 1H, 1H[#]), 3.92 (s, 3H, 3H[#]), 2.19 – 2.10 (m, 1H, 1H[#]), 1.92 (s, 3H), 1.89 (s, 3H[#]), 1.88 – 1.82 (m, 2H, 2H[#]), 1.77 – 1.68 (m, 1H, 1H[#]), 1.48 – 1.19 (m, 2H, 2H[#]); **¹³C NMR** (101 MHz, CDCl₃; mixture of atropoisomers, signals of both atropoisomers are listed) δ 165.8 (1C, 1C[#]), 149.0, 148.4[#], 137.5, 136.9[#], 134.6, 134.1, 134.0[#], 133.95[#], 130.5, 130.4[#], 130.2, 129.7[#], 129.4, 128.7[#], 126.3, 125.8[#], 123.2, 122.12, 122.10[#], 121.1[#], 79.1, 79.0[#], 70.4, 70.3[#], 52.5 (1C, 1C[#]), 28.6, 28.5[#], 25.7, 25.6[#], 21.4, 21.0[#], 19.22, 19.17[#] (#atropoisomer signals – the signals are in pairs but could not be assigned to the particular atropoisomer, one signal of the pair is always marked by #); **IR** (KBr) ν_{max} 2949, 2829, 1727, 1549, 1435, 1379, 1282, 1238, 1113, 774 cm⁻¹; **MS** (APCI) m/z (%) 365.1 (68, [M+H]⁺), 363.1 (63, [M+H]⁺), 347.0 (99), 345.0 (100), 284.1 (49), 266.1 (96), 253.1 (67); **HRMS** (APCI) m/z calcd for C₁₈H₂₀O₃Br 363.0590, found 363.0586.

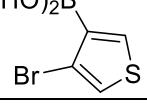
(E)-3-(1-(4-Bromothiophen-3-yl)ethylidene)-2,3,5,6,7,7a-hexahydrobenzofuran (2aj)



Reaction time: 3.5 h; Column chromatography: (99/1) hexanes/EtOAc

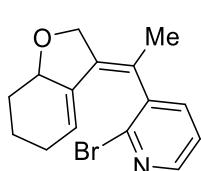
Yield: 79% (0.173 g); yellow oil

Reagent	n [mmol]	m [mg]	V [mL]
THF			6.4
Water			0.6

1a	0.70	193	
	1.05	217	
Pd(PPh ₃) ₄	0.03	32	
Cs ₂ CO ₃	1.40	456	

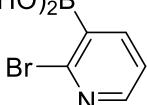
¹H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-*d*₆) δ 7.73 (d, *J* = 3.4 Hz, 1H), 7.39 (bs, 1H), 4.76–4.70 (m, 1H), 4.54 (dd, *J* = 13.3, 1.1 Hz, 1H), 4.33 (dd, *J* = 13.3, 1.1 Hz, 1H), 4.13–4.03 (m, 1H), 2.09–2.01 (m, 1H), 1.93–1.85 (m, 2H), 1.84 (s, 3H), 1.74–1.65 (m, 1H), 1.41–1.27 (m, 1H), 1.22–1.10 (m, 1H); **¹³C NMR** (101 MHz, DMSO-*d*₆) δ 142.5, 137.6, 135.1, 124.6, 123.1, 120.9, 119.9, 78.2, 69.6, 28.1, 25.0, 22.0, 18.7, one aromatic signal was not found; **IR** (KBr) ν_{max} 3506, 3270, 2944, 2866, 2827, 1335, 1075, 1006, 794 cm⁻¹; **MS** (EI) *m/z* (%) 312.0 (28, M⁺•), 310.0 (30, M⁺•), 231.1 (100), 216.1 (13), 203.1 (18), 187.1 (12), 161.0 (8), 147.0 (8); **HRMS** (EI) *m/z* calcd for C₁₄H₁₅OSBr 310.0027, found 310.0027.

(E)-2-Bromo-3-(1-(5,6,7,7a-tetrahydrobenzofuran-3(2H)-ylidene)ethyl)pyridine (2ak)



Reaction time: 7 h; Column chromatography: (85/15) hexanes/EtOAc

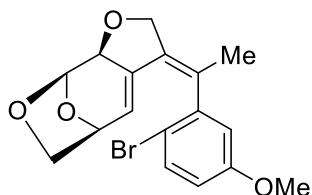
Yield: 43% (0.218 g); pale yellow crystalline solid; mp = 69.1 °C
(recrystallized from CHCl₃)

Reagent	n [mmol]	m [mg]	V [mL]
DMF			9.1
Water			0.9
1a	1.64	453	
	2.46	496	
Pd(PPh ₃) ₄	0.065	6	
Cs ₂ CO ₃	3.28	1069	

¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃; mixture of atropoisomers, signals of both atropoisomers are listed) δ 8.34–8.28 (m, 1H, 1H[#]), 7.48 (ddd, *J* = 26.0, 7.5, 2.0 Hz, 1H, 1H[#]), 7.32–7.22

(m, 1H, 1H[#]), 4.75–4.70 (m, 1H), 4.69–4.64 (m, 1H[#]), 4.66–4.57 (m, 1H, 1H[#]), 4.50–4.40 (m, 1H, 1H[#]), 4.24–4.13 (m, 1H, 1H[#]), 2.23–2.12 (m, 1H, 1H[#]), 2.00–1.81 (m, 2H, 2H[#]), 1.95 (s, 3H), 1.93 (s, 3H[#]), 1.80–1.71 (m, 1H, 1H[#]), 1.51–1.21 (m, 2H, 2H[#]); **¹³C NMR** (101 MHz, CDCl₃; mixture of atropoisomers, signals of both atropoisomers are listed) δ 148.7, 148.6[#], 142.9, 142.0[#], 141.3, 140.6[#], 138.8, 138.3[#], 137.8, 137.0, 135.2[#], 124.7, 124.2[#], 123.6, 122.8[#], 122.8, 121.5[#], 79.1, 79.0[#], 70.5 (1C, 1C[#]), 28.6, 28.5[#], 25.8, 25.6[#], 21.0, 21.0[#], 19.2, 19.2[#], one aromatic signal is overlapped ([#]atropoisomer signals – the signals are in pairs but could not be assigned to the particular atropoisomer, one signal of the pair is always marked by [#]); **IR** (KBr) ν_{max} 3369, 2935, 2863, 2833, 1545, 1389, 1051, 1009 cm⁻¹; **MS** (EI) *m/z* (%) 307.0 (43, M⁺), 305.0 (45, M⁺⁺), 226.1 (100), 211.1 (13), 198.1 (23), 182.1 (10); **HRMS** (EI) *m/z* calcd for C₁₅H₁₆NOBr 305.0415, found 305.0416.

(5*S*,8*R*,8a*S*,*E*)-3-(1-(2-Bromo-5-methoxyphenyl)ethylidene)-2,3,5,6,8,8a-hexahydro-5,8-epoxyfuro[2,3-*c*]oxepine (2ba)



Reaction time: 5 h; Column chromatography: (99/1 → 95/5)
dichloromethane/diethyl ether

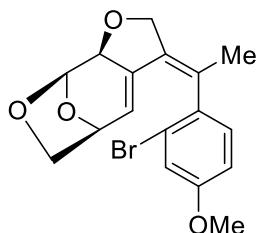
Yield: 70% (0.256 g); brownish amorphous solid

Reagent	n [mmol]	m [mg]	V [mL]
THF			9.1
Water			0.9
1b	1.0	306	
(HO) ₂ B- Br-phenyl-OMe	1.50	346	
Pd(PPh ₃) ₄	0.04	46	
Cs ₂ CO ₃	2.0	651	

¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃; mixture of atropoisomers, signals of both atropoisomers are listed) δ 7.50–7.42 (m, 1H, 1H[#]), 6.75–6.62 (m, 2H, 2H[#]), 5.72 (s, 1H), 5.71 (s, 1H[#]), 4.86–4.80 (m, 1H, 1H[#]), 4.76–4.67 (m, 1H, 1H[#]), 4.60–4.55 (m, 1H, 1H[#]), 4.54–4.44 (m,

2H, 2H[#]), 3.88 (d, *J* = 6.5 Hz, 1H), 3.81 (d, *J* = 6.6 Hz, 1H[#]), 3.79 (s, 3H), 3.78 (s, 3H[#]) 3.77–3.71 (m, 1H, 1H[#]), 1.92 (s, 3H), 1.90 (s, 3H[#]); **¹³C NMR** (101 MHz, CDCl₃; mixture of atropoisomers, signals of both atropoisomers are listed) δ 159.8, 159.1[#], 144.2, 143.7[#], 135.2, 134.5[#], 134.3, 133.4[#], 131.8, 131.5[#], 130.5, 129.9[#], 120.3, 119.4[#], 114.9, 114.9[#], 114.5 (1C, 1C[#]), 112.8, 112.1[#], 100.1, 100.0[#], 80.3, 80.3[#], 74.2 (1C, 1C[#]), 72.7 (1C, 1C[#]), 71.4, 71.3[#], 55.7 (1C, 1C[#]), 21.6, 21.3[#] (#atropoisomer signals – the signals are in pairs but could not be assigned to the particular atropoisomer, one signal of the pair is always marked by #); **IR** (KBr) ν_{max} 3557, 3482, 3416, 2920, 2851, 1712, 1619, 1464, 1299, 1225, 1066, 1024 cm⁻¹; **MS** (EI) *m/z* (%) 366.0 (8, M⁺), 364.0 (10, M⁺), 302.0 (12), 277.1 (100), 239.1 (18), 201.1 (17), 199.0 (20), 183.0 (18), 152.1 (17); **HRMS** (EI) *m/z* calcd for C₁₇H₁₇O₄Br 364.0310, found 364.0319; **Specific rotation** [α]_D = -32° (c 1, CHCl₃).

(5*S*,8*R*,8a*S*,*E*)-3-(1-(2-Bromo-4-methoxyphenyl)ethylidene)-2,3,5,6,8,8a-hexahydro-5,8-epoxyfuro[2,3-*c*]oxepine (2bb)



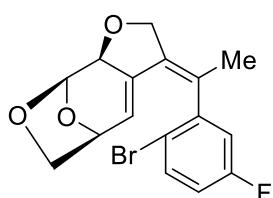
Reaction time: 10 h; Column chromatography: (97/3)
dichloromethane/EtOAc

Yield: 88% (0.546 g); brownish amorphous solid

Reagent	n [mmol]	m [mg]	V [mL]
THF			15.5
Water			1.5
1b	1.70	520	
	2.55	589	
Pd(PPh ₃) ₄	0.07	79	
Cs ₂ CO ₃	3.40	1108	

¹H NMR (400 MHz, THF-*d*₈; mixture of atropoisomers, signals of both atropoisomers are listed) δ 7.19 (d, *J* = 2.6 Hz, 1H), 7.17 (d, *J* = 2.5 Hz, 1H[#]), 7.12 (d, *J* = 8.5 Hz, 1H), 7.02 (d, *J* = 8.4 Hz, 1H[#]), 6.92 (dd, *J* = 8.5, 2.5 Hz, 1H), 6.90 (dd, *J* = 8.5, 2.5 Hz, 1H[#]), 5.52–5.50 (m, 1H, 1H[#]), 4.81–4.76 (m, 1H, 1H[#]), 4.62–4.53 (m, 1H, 1H[#]), 4.51–4.46 (m, 1H, 1H[#]), 4.43–4.40 (m, 1H), 4.39–4.36 (m, 1H[#]), 4.35–4.32 (m, 1H, 1H[#]), 3.79 (s, 3H), 3.78 (s, 3H[#]), 3.69 (d, *J* = 6.4 Hz, 1H), 3.64 (d, *J* = 6.4 Hz, 1H[#]), 3.61–3.54 (m, 1H, 1H[#], signal overlapped by the solvent signal), 1.90 (s, 3H), 1.87 (s, 3H[#]); **¹³C NMR** (101 MHz, THF-*d*₈; mixture of atropoisomers, signals of both atropoisomers are listed) δ 160.8, 160.6[#], 136.6, 136.6[#], 136.2, 136.1[#], 134.0, 133.9[#], 131.0, 131.0[#], 130.4, 129.8[#], 123.5, 122.9[#], 121.4, 120.5[#], 119.4, 118.6[#], 115.5, 114.6[#], 101.2, 101.2[#], 81.7, 81.6[#], 74.7 (1C, 1C[#]), 73.6, 73.6[#], 71.7, 71.7[#], 56.0 (1C, 1C[#]), 21.9, 21.7[#] (#atropoisomer signals – the signals are in pairs but could not be assigned to the particular atropoisomer, one signal of the pair is always marked by #); **IR** (KBr) ν_{max} 2950, 2836, 1604, 1491, 1284, 1228, 1129, 1081, 1033, 976 cm⁻¹; **MS** (EI) *m/z* (%) 366.0 (95, M⁺), 364.0 (100, M⁺•), 318.0 (30), 285.1 (32), 239.1 (60), 211.1 (48), 196.1 (50), 179.1 (15), 165.1 (20); **HRMS** (EI) *m/z* calcd for C₁₇H₁₇O₄Br 364.0310, found 364.0309; **Specific rotation** [α]_D = -42° (c 1, CHCl₃).

(5*S*,8*R*,8a*S*,*E*)-3-(1-(2-bromo-5-fluorophenyl)ethylidene)-2,3,5,6,8,8a-hexahydro-5,8-epoxyfuro[2,3-*c*]oxepine (2bf)



Reaction time: 18 h; Column chromatography: (95/5 → 80/20)
hexanes/EtOAc

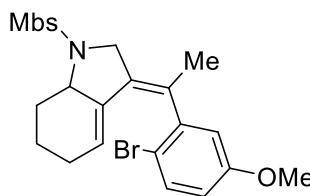
Yield: 62% (0.110 g); brown foam

Reagent	n [mmol]	m [mg]	V [mL]
THF			4.5
Water			0.5
1b	0.50	153	
(HO) ₂ B- Br- F	0.75	164	
Pd(PPh ₃) ₄	0.02	23	

<chem>Cs2CO3</chem>	1.00	325	
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¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃; mixture of atropoisomers, signals of both atropoisomers are listed) δ 7.58 – 7.54 (m, 1H[#]); 7.53 (dd, *J* = 8.7, 5.2 Hz, 1H), 6.93 – 6.83 (m, 2H, 2H[#]), 5.71 (s, 1H[#]), 5.70 (s, 1H), 4.82 – 4.79 (m, 1H, 1H[#]), 4.75 – 4.66 (m, 1H, 1H[#]), 4.61 – 4.55 (m, 1H, 1H[#]), 4.53 – 4.45 (m, 2H, 2H[#]), 3.86 (d, *J* = 6.6 Hz, 1H), 3.82 (d, *J* = 6.6 Hz, 1H[#]), 3.76 – 3.71 (m, 1H, 1H[#]), 1.92 (s, 3H), 1.92 (s, 3H[#]); **¹³C NMR** (101 MHz, CDCl₃; mixture of atropoisomers, signals of both atropoisomers are listed) δ 162.5 (d, *J* = 248.5 Hz), 161.9[#] (d, *J* = 248.5 Hz), 145.0 (d, *J* = 7.7 Hz), 144.5[#] (d, *J* = 7.7 Hz), 135.1[#], 135.0[#] (d, *J* = 8.3 Hz), 134.4, 134.0 (d, *J* = 8.4 Hz), 132.4[#], 132.2, 129.4 (d, *J* = 1.4 Hz), 128.7[#] (d, *J* = 1.3 Hz), 120.6, 119.7[#], 116.7 (d, *J* = 3.1 Hz), 116.58 (d, *J* = 22.4 Hz), 116.55[#] (d, *J* = 22.0 Hz), 116.2 (d, *J* = 22.4 Hz), 116.1[#] (d, *J* = 22.3 Hz), 116.0[#] (d, *J* = 3.1 Hz), 100.0, 99.9[#], 80.2, 80.1[#], 74.1[#], 74.0, 72.61[#], 72.59, 71.3, 71.2[#], 21.3[#], 21.0; **IR** (KBr) ν_{max} 3062, 2949, 2885, 2843, 1712, 1601, 1574, 1462, 1402, 1300, 1213, 1176, 1131, 1087, 1074, 1055, 1028, 989, 979, 916, 889, 847, 814, 679, 623, 611, 461 cm⁻¹; **HRMS** (ESI) *m/z* calcd for C₁₆H₁₄O₃BrFNa 375.0003, found 374.9998.

(E)-3-(1-(2-bromo-5-methoxyphenyl)ethylidene)-1-((4-methoxyphenyl)sulfonyl)-2,3,5,6,7,7a-hexahydro-1*H*-indole (2ca)



Reaction time: 23 h; Column chromatography: (85/15 → 80/20)

hexanes/EtOAc

Yield: 59% (0.149 g); yellowish foam

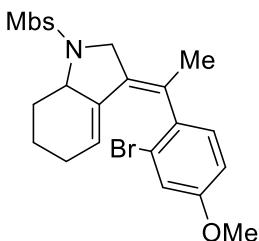
(27% of unreacted starting material was isolated)

Reagent	n [mmol]	m [mg]	V [mL]
THF			4.5
Water			0.5
1c	0.50	223	
(HO) ₂ B- Br- OMe	0.75	173	
Pd(PPh ₃) ₄	0.02	23	

Cs ₂ CO ₃	1.00	326	
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¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃; mixture of atropoisomers, signals of both atropoisomers are listed) δ 7.85 – 7.77 (m, 2H, 2H[#]), 7.44 (d, *J* = 8.8 Hz, 1H), 7.38 (d, *J* = 8.7 Hz, 1H[#]), 7.08 – 7.00 (m, 2H, 2H[#]), 6.71 – 6.64 (m, 2H, 1H[#]), 6.47 (d, *J* = 3.0 Hz, 1H[#]), 4.90 – 4.82 (m, 1H, 1H[#]), 4.26 – 4.19 (m, 1H, 1H[#]), 3.90 (s, 3H), 3.89 (s, 3H[#]), 3.78 (s, 3H), 3.78 – 3.73 (m, 1H, 1H[#]), 3.72 (s, 3H[#]), 3.47 – 3.37 (m, 1H, 1H[#]), 2.59 – 2.51 (m, 1H, 1H[#]), 1.89 (s, 3H), 1.87 (s, 3H[#]), 1.88 – 1.70 (m, 3H, 3H[#]), 1.49 – 1.23 (m, 2H, 2H[#]); **¹³C NMR** (101 MHz, CDCl₃; mixture of atropoisomers, signals of both atropoisomers are listed) δ 163.3, 163.2[#], 159.6, 159.3[#], 144.8, 144.2[#], 135.3, 134.5[#], 134.0, 133.5[#], 130.3, 130.3[#], 129.3, 129.0[#], 128.9, 128.3[#], 127.8, 127.4[#], 124.7, 123.7[#], 115.0, 114.6[#], 114.6, 114.4[#], 114.36 (1C, 1C[#]), 113.4, 112.0[#], 60.9, 60.7[#], 55.8 (1C, 1C[#]), 55.6, 55.6[#], 52.6, 52.6[#], 29.5, 29.5[#], 25.2, 25.1[#], 22.2, 21.8[#], 19.8, 19.7[#] (#atropoisomer signals – the signals are in pairs but could not be assigned to the particular atropoisomer, one signal of the pair is always marked by #); **IR** (KBr) ν_{max} 2939, 2837, 1595, 1496, 1464, 1346, 1261, 1161, 1093, 1041, 814, 671, 594, 561 cm⁻¹; **MS** (ESI) *m/z* (%) 1031.1 (23, [2M+Na]⁺), 528.1 (94, [M+Na]⁺), 526.1 (100, [M+Na]⁺), 506.1 (4, [M+H]⁺); **HRMS** (ESI) *m/z* calcd for C₂₄H₂₇O₄NBrS 504.0839, found 504.0843.

(E)-3-(1-(2-bromo-4-methoxyphenyl)ethylidene)-1-((4-methoxyphenyl)sulfonyl)-2,3,5,6,7,7a-hexahydro-1*H*-indole (2cb)



Reaction time: 16 h; Column chromatography: (95/5 → 80/20) hexanes/EtOAc

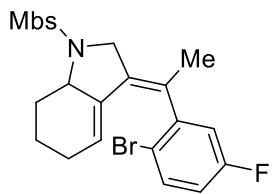
Yield: 62% (0.079 g) as a mixture of *E/Z* isomers (9.7:1); yellowish foam

Reagent	n [mmol]	m [mg]	V [mL]
THF			2.3
Water			0.3
1c	0.25	111	

<chem>B2(O)C1=CC=C(C=C1Br)c2ccccc2O</chem>	0.37	87	
Pd(PPh ₃) ₄	0.02	12	
Cs ₂ CO ₃	1.00	163	

¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃; mixture of atropoisomers, signals of both atropoisomers are listed) δ 7.84 – 7.77 (m, 2H, 2H[#]), 7.11 (d, J = 2.5 Hz, 1H), 7.06 (d, J = 2.5 Hz, 1H[#]), 7.06 – 7.01 (m, 2H, 3H[#]), 6.85 (dd, J = 8.5, 2.5 Hz, 1H[#]), 6.81 (d, J = 8.5, 2.5 Hz, 1H), 6.76 (dd, J = 8.8, 2.5 Hz, 1H), 4.85 – 4.78 (m, 1H, 1H[#]), 4.26 – 4.18 (m, 1H, 1H[#]), 3.89 (s, 3H), 3.88 (s, 3H[#]), 3.78 (m, 3H, 3H[#]), 3.78 – 3.71 (m, 1H, 1H[#]), 3.46 – 3.37 (m, 1H, 1H[#]), 2.60 – 2.50 (m, 1H, 1H[#]), 1.88 (s, 3H[#]), 1.85 (s, 3H), 1.88 – 1.77 (m, 1H, 3H[#]), 1.78 – 1.70 (m, 1H, 1H[#]), 1.53 – 1.27 (m, 3H, 1H[#]); **¹³C NMR** (101 MHz, CDCl₃; mixture of atropoisomers, signals of both atropoisomers are listed) δ 163.24[#], 163.22, 159.1, 159.0[#], 136.1[#], 135.5[#], 135.4, 134.7, 130.31, 130.27, 130.25, 129.7[#], 129.6, 129.3[#], 128.9[#], 128.2[#], 127.6[#], 127.4[#], 124.4, 123.4, 123.2[#], 121.9[#], 118.4, 117.8, 114.6[#], 114.36, 114.34, 113.9[#], 60.9, 60.7[#], 55.8 (1C, 1C[#]), 55.6 (1C, 1C[#]), 52.7, 52.6[#], 29.5 (1C, 1C[#]), 25.2, 25.0[#], 22.5[#], 22.1, 19.8, 19.7[#] (#atropoisomer signals – the signals are in pairs but could not be assigned to the particular atropoisomer, one signal of the pair is always marked by #); **IR** (KBr) ν_{max} 2968, 2939, 2837, 1597, 1495, 1460, 1346, 1261, 1225, 1161, 1034, 835, 818, 669, 579, 558 cm⁻¹; **MS** (ESI) m/z (%) 1031.2 (12, [2M+Na]⁺), 528.1 (97, [M+Na]⁺), 526.1 (100, [M+Na]⁺), 507.1 (4), 506.1 (11, [M+H]⁺), 505.1 (4), 504.1 (12, [M+H]⁺); **HRMS** (ESI) m/z calcd for C₂₄H₂₇O₄NBrS 504.0839, found 504.0839.

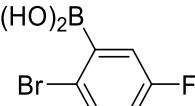
(E)-3-(1-(2-bromo-4-fluorophenyl)ethylidene)-1-((4-methoxyphenyl)sulfonyl)-2,3,5,6,7,7a-hexahydro-1*H*-indole (2cf)



Reaction time: 48 h; Column chromatography: (95/5 → 83/17)
hexanes/EtOAc

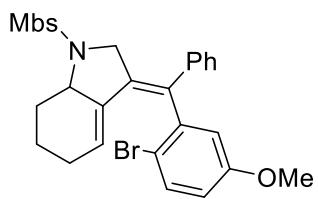
Yield: 53% (0.131 g); white foam

(27% of unreacted starting material was isolated)

Reagent	n [mmol]		m [mg]	V [mL]
THF				4.5
Water				0.5
1c	0.50		223	
	0.75		164	
Pd(PPh ₃) ₄	0.02		23	
Cs ₂ CO ₃	1.00		326	

¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃; mixture of atropoisomers, signals of both atropoisomers are listed) δ 7.85 – 7.78 (m, 2H, 2H[#]), 7.51 (dd, *J* = 8.7, 5.3 Hz, 1H), 7.46 (dd, *J* = 8.8, 5.3 Hz, 1H[#]), 7.08 – 7.00 (m, 2H, 2H[#]), 6.89 (dd, *J* = 8.8, 3.0 Hz, 1H[#]), 6.87 – 6.80 (m, 1H, 1H[#]), 6.65 (dd, *J* = 8.9, 3.1 Hz, 1H), 4.85 – 4.80 (m, 1H, 1H[#]), 4.26 – 4.18 (m, 1H, 1H[#]), 3.90 (s, 3H), 3.89 (s, 3H[#]), 3.81 – 3.71 (m, 1H, 1H[#]), 3.46 – 3.38 (m, 1H, 1H[#]), 2.61 – 2.51 (m, 1H, 1H[#]), 1.89 (s, 3H), 1.86 (s, 3H[#]), 1.88 – 1.80 (m, 1H, 3H[#]), 1.80 – 1.71 (m, 1H, 1H[#]), 1.48 – 1.30 (m, 3H, 1H[#]); **¹³C NMR** (101 MHz, CDCl₃; mixture of atropoisomers, signals of both atropoisomers are listed) δ 163.3 (1C, 1C[#]), 162.4 (d, *J* = 247.8 Hz), 162.2[#] (d, *J* = 248.5 Hz), 145.7 (d, *J* = 7.8 Hz), 145.1[#] (d, *J* = 7.6 Hz), 135.2[#], 134.6[#] (d, *J* = 8.3 Hz), 134.4, 134.2 (d, *J* = 8.4 Hz), 130.3, 130.2[#], 130.1[#], 129.7, 128.0 (d, *J* = 1.2 Hz), 127.51, 127.49[#], 127.2[#] (d, *J* = 1.5 Hz), 125.1, 124.1[#], 117.3 (d, *J* = 3.1 Hz), 117.0[#] (d, *J* = 22.1 Hz), 116.3 (d, *J* = 22.4 Hz), 115.96[#] (d, *J* = 3.1 Hz), 115.95 (d, *J* = 22.4 Hz), 115.8[#] (d, *J* = 22.2 Hz), 114.39, 114.38[#], 60.8, 60.6[#], 55.8 (1C, 1C[#]), 52.6, 52.5[#], 29.50, 29.47[#], 25.2, 25.1[#], 21.9[#], 21.5, 19.71, 19.66[#] (#atropoisomer signals – the signals are in pairs but could not be assigned to the particular atropoisomer, one signal of the pair is always marked by #); **IR** (KBr) ν_{max} 2941, 2839, 1597, 1576, 1496, 1462, 1346, 1306, 1261, 1161, 1093, 1026, 835, 816, 671, 594, 561 cm⁻¹; **MS** (ESI) *m/z* (%) 1007.2 (9, [2M+Na]⁺), 532.1 (23, [M+K]⁺), 530.1 (22, [M+K]⁺), 516.1 (100, [M+Na]⁺), 514.1 (98, [M+Na]⁺), 494.1 (37, [M+H]⁺), 492.1 (36, [M+H]⁺), 342.1 (6); **HRMS** (ESI) *m/z* calcd for C₂₃H₂₄O₃NBrFS 492.0639, found 492.0640.

(E)-3-((2-bromo-5-methoxyphenyl)(phenyl)methylene)-1-((4-methoxyphenyl)sulfonyl)-2,3,5,6,7,7a-hexahydro-1*H*-indole (2da)



Reaction time: 23 h; Column chromatography: (85/15 → 80/20)
hexanes/EtOAc

Yield: 72% (0.081 g); white foam

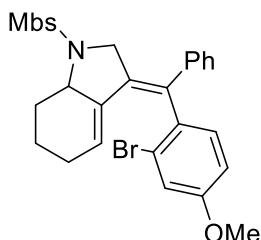
(33% of unreacted starting material was isolated)

Reagent	n [mmol]	m [mg]	V [mL]
THF			1.8
Water			0.2
1d	0.20	102	
(HO) ₂ B- Br- OMe	0.30	69	
Pd(PPh ₃) ₄	0.008	9.2	
Cs ₂ CO ₃	0.40	130	

¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃; mixture of atropoisomers, signals of both atropoisomers are listed) δ 7.66 – 7.60 (m, 2H, 2H[#]), 7.40 – 7.35 (m, 1H, 1H[#]), 7.33 – 7.22 (m, 3H, 3H[#]), 7.12 – 7.05 (m, 2H, 2H[#]), 6.96 – 6.88 (m, 2H, 2H[#]), 6.70 – 6.62 (m, 2H, 1H[#]), 6.37 (d, *J* = 3.1 Hz, 1H[#]), 5.17 – 5.13 (m, 1H), 5.06 – 5.01 (m, 1H[#]), 4.40 (d, *J* = 14.8 Hz, 1H), 4.40 (d, *J* = 14.7 Hz, 1H[#]), 3.92 (d, *J* = 14.8 Hz, 1H), 3.88 (d, *J* = 14.7 Hz, 1H[#]), 3.86 (s, 3H), 3.84 (s, 3H[#]), 3.73 (s, 3H), 3.70 (s, 3H[#]), 3.65 – 3.58 (m, 1H), 3.58 – 3.51 (m, 1H[#]), 2.57 – 2.44 (m, 1H, 1H[#]), 2.02 – 1.63 (m, 3H, 3H[#]), 1.52 – 1.34 (m, 2H, 2H[#]); **¹³C NMR** (101 MHz, CDCl₃; mixture of atropoisomers, signals of both atropoisomers are listed) δ 163.2, 163.1[#], 159.2, 159.0[#], 142.9, 142.9[#], 140.3, 139.6[#], 136.5, 136.0[#], 133.9, 133.9[#], 133.5, 132.8[#], 132.7, 132.0[#], 130.1, 130.0[#], 129.1, 128.8[#], 128.4, 128.3[#], 128.2, 127.8[#], 127.7, 127.6[#], 126.7, 126.0[#], 116.8, 116.6[#], 115.2, 114.7[#], 114.4, 114.3[#], 114.28, 113.5[#], 59.9, 59.6[#], 55.7, 55.7[#], 55.6, 55.5[#], 52.8, 52.7[#], 29.9, 29.6[#], 25.2, 25.1[#], 19.9, 19.8[#] (#atropoisomer signals – the signals are in pairs but could not be assigned to the particular atropoisomer, one signal of the pair is always marked by #); **IR** (KBr) ν_{max} 2935, 2837, 1595, 1496, 1464, 1343, 1261, 1159, 1093, 1018, 835, 669, 598, 565 cm⁻¹;

MS (APCI) *m/z* (%) 568.1 (100, [M+H]⁺), 566.1 (97, [M+H]⁺), 486.2 (50), 379.1 (9), 300.2 (46); **HRMS** (APCI) *m/z* calcd for C₂₉H₂₉O₄NBrS 566.0995, found 566.0999.

(E)-3-((2-bromo-4-methoxyphenyl)(phenyl)methylene)-1-((4-methoxyphenyl)sulfonyl)-2,3,5,6,7,7a-hexahydro-1*H*-indole (2db)



Reaction time: 72 h; Column chromatography: (95/5 → 80/20)
hexanes/EtOAc

Yield: 82% (0.092 g) as a mixture of *E/Z* isomers (2.4:1); brown foam

Reagent	n [mmol]	m [mg]	V [mL]
THF			1.8
Water			0.2
1d	0.20	100	
(HO) ₂ B- Br- OMe	0.30	68	
Pd(PPh ₃) ₄	0.008	9	
Cs ₂ CO ₃	0.39	128	

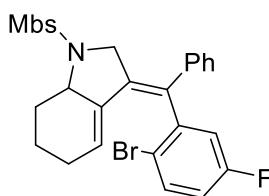
(E)-2db (major): **¹H NMR** (400 MHz, CDCl₃; mixture of atropoisomers, signals of both atropoisomers are listed) δ 7.67 – 7.60 (m, 2H, 2H[#]), 7.32 – 7.21 (m, 4H, 4H[#]), 7.09 – 7.04 (m, 3H, 3H[#]), 6.95 – 6.89 (m, 2H, 2H[#]), 6.81 – 6.73 (m, 1H, 1H[#]), 5.13 – 5.07 (m, 1H[#]), 5.01 – 4.96 (m, 1H), 4.42 (d, *J* = 14.7 Hz, 1H[#]), 4.34 (d, *J* = 14.7 Hz, 1H), 3.91 – 3.86 (m, 1H, 1H[#]), 3.86 (s, 3H), 3.81 (s, 3H[#]), 3.78 (s, 3H[#]), 3.77 (s, 3H), 3.65 – 3.47 (m, 1H, 1H[#]), 2.62 – 2.46 (m, 1H, 1H[#]), 2.03 – 1.84 (m, 2H, 2H[#]), 1.84 – 1.70 (m, 1H, 1H[#]), 1.52 – 1.36 (m, 2H, 2H[#]);

(Z)-2db (minor): **¹H NMR** (400 MHz, CDCl₃; mixture of atropoisomers, signals of both atropoisomers are listed) δ 7.75 – 7.71 (m, 2H), 7.71 – 7.67 (m, 2H[#]), 7.32 – 7.15 (m, 4H, 4H[#]), 7.09 – 7.04 (m, 2H, 2H[#]), 7.04 – 6.98 (m, 2H, 2H[#]), 6.92 – 6.87 (m, 1H[#]), 6.81 – 6.73 (m, 2H, 1H[#]), 5.50 – 5.45 (m, 1H[#]), 5.43 – 5.38 (m, 1H), 4.02 (d, *J* = 14.9 Hz,

1H[#]), 3.93 (d, *J* = 14.9 Hz, 1H), 3.90 (s, 3H[#]), 3.89 (s, 3H, 3H[#]), 3.87 (s, 3H), 3.65 – 3.47 (m, 1H, 1H[#]), 3.57 (d, *J* = 14.9 Hz, 1H), 3.48 (d, *J* = 14.9 Hz, 1H[#]), 2.62 – 2.46 (m, 1H, 1H[#]), 2.03 – 1.84 (m, 2H, 2H[#]), 1.84 – 1.70 (m, 1H, 1H[#]), 1.52 – 1.35 (m, 2H, 2H[#]) (# atropoisomer signals – the signals are in pairs but could not be assigned to the particular atropoisomer, one signal of the pair is always marked by #);

Mixture of *E/Z* isomers of **2db**: **¹³C NMR** (101 MHz, CDCl₃; mixture of atropoisomers, signals of both atropoisomers are listed) δ 163.3^Z, 163.2^E, 163.13^{Z#}, 163.09^{E#}, 159.5, 159.4, 159.1, 140.9, 140.4, 139.8, 136.8, 136.2, 134.8, 134.53, 134.46, 134.41, 133.95, 133.1, 132.6, 132.3, 132.1, 131.5, 131.0, 130.4, 130.3, 130.12, 130.07, 129.99, 129.1, 128.8, 128.7, 128.6, 128.5, 128.42, 128.40, 128.2, 127.9, 127.6, 127.4, 127.3, 126.9, 126.7, 126.6, 125.7, 125.0, 123.4, 118.7^Z, 118.4^E, 117.94^{Z#}, 117.90^{E#}, 114.7, 114.4, 114.30, 114.29, 114.0, 113.8, 60.89^Z, 60.73^{Z#}, 59.95^{E#}, 59.63^E, 55.76^E, 55.75, 55.70, 55.61, 55.59^E, 53.67^Z, 53.43^{Z#}, 52.92^E, 52.76^{E#}, 29.93^Z, 29.89^E, 29.78^{Z#}, 29.68^{E#}, 25.23^{E#}, 25.16 (1C^E, 1C^Z), 25.08^{Z#}, 19.94^{E#}, 19.87^E, 19.85^{Z#}, 19.78^Z (^E signal could be assigned to the major *E* isomer; ^Z signal could be assigned to the minor *Z* isomer); **IR** (KBr) ν_{max} 2939, 2837, 1597, 1493, 1441, 1346, 1284, 1261, 1225, 1159, 1093, 1036, 835, 700, 669, 558 cm⁻¹; **MS** (APCI) *m/z* (%) 590.1 (8, [M+Na]⁺), 588.1 (6, [M+Na]⁺), 568.1 (97, [M+H]⁺), 566.1 (100, [M+H]⁺), 381.1 (12), 379.1 (13), 300.2 (89); **HRMS** (ESI) *m/z* calcd for C₂₉H₂₉O₄NBrS 566.0995, found 566.0997.

(*E*)-3-((2-bromo-5-fluorophenyl)(phenyl)methylene)-1-(4-methoxyphenyl)sulfonyl)-2,3,5,6,7,7a-hexahydro-1*H*-indole (2df)



Reaction time: 7 h, 80 °C; Column chromatography: (95/5 → 80/20) hexanes/EtOAc

Yield: 75% (0.104 g) as a mixture of *E/Z* isomers (2.5:1); white foam

Reagent	n [mmol]	m [mg]	V [mL]
THF			2.3
Water			0.2
1d	0.25	127	

<chem>B(O)(O)c1ccc(F)cc(Br)</chem>	0.33	72	
Pd(PPh ₃) ₄	0.01	12	
Cs ₂ CO ₃	0.50	163	

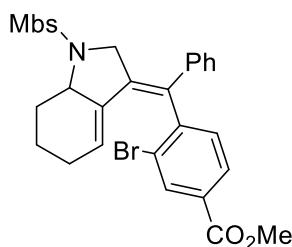
(E)-2df (major): **¹H NMR** (400 MHz, CDCl₃; mixture of atropoisomers, signals of both atropoisomers are listed) δ 7.66 – 7.59 (m, 2H, 2H[#]), 7.48 – 7.41 (m, 1H, 1H[#]), 7.34 – 7.22 (m, 4H, 4H[#]), 7.11 – 7.06 (m, 1H, 1H[#]), 7.04 – 6.98 (m, 4H, 3H[#]), 6.49 (dd, *J* = 8.8, 3.1 Hz, 1H[#]), 5.15 – 5.09 (m, 1H[#]), 5.06 – 4.99 (m, 1H), 4.41 (d, *J* = 15.0 Hz, 1H[#]), 4.34 (d, *J* = 14.9 Hz, 1H), 3.94 – 3.89 (m, 1H, 1H[#]), 3.88 (s, 3H[#]), 3.85 (s, 3H), 3.67 – 3.52 (m, 1H, 1H[#]), 2.61 – 2.44 (m, 1H, 1H[#]), 2.03 – 1.85 (m, 2H, 2H[#]), 1.85 – 1.74 (m, 1H, 1H[#]), 1.53 – 1.39 (m, 2H, 2H[#]);

(Z)-2df (minor): **¹H NMR** (400 MHz, CDCl₃; mixture of atropoisomers, signals of both atropoisomers are listed) δ 7.76 – 7.71 (m, 2H), 7.71 – 7.68 (m, 2H[#]), 7.50 – 7.41 (m, 1H, 1H[#]), 7.34 – 7.22 (m, 4H, 4H[#]), 7.11 – 7.06 (m, 1H, 1H[#]), 7.04 – 6.98 (m, 4H, 3H[#]), 6.56 (dd, *J* = 8.8, 3.1 Hz, 1H[#]), 5.52 – 5.47 (m, 1H[#]), 5.45 – 5.40 (m, 1H), 4.01 (d, *J* = 14.9 Hz, 1H[#]), 3.94 – 3.91 (m, 1H), 3.90 (s, 3H[#]), 3.89 (s, 3H), 3.60 – 3.52 (m, 1H), 3.58 (d, *J* = 14.9 Hz, 1H), 3.52 – 3.48 (m, 1H[#]), 3.44 (d, *J* = 14.9 Hz, 1H[#]), 2.61 – 2.44 (m, 1H, 1H[#]), 2.03 – 1.85 (m, 2H, 2H[#]), 1.85 – 1.74 (m, 1H, 1H[#]), 1.53 – 1.39 (m, 2H, 2H[#]) (# atropoisomer signals – the signals are in pairs but could not be assigned to the particular atropoisomer, one signal of the pair is always marked by #);

Mixture of *E/Z* isomers of **2df**: **¹³C NMR** (101 MHz, CDCl₃; mixture of atropoisomers, signals of both atropoisomers are listed) δ 163.3, 163.2, 162.1 (d, *J* = 247.9 Hz), 162.04 (d, *J* = 247.9 Hz), 161.99 (d, *J* = 248.7 Hz), 143.9 (d, *J* = 7.8 Hz), 143.8 (d, *J* = 7.8 Hz), 139.9, 139.8, 139.1, 136.5, 136.1, 134.8 (d, *J* = 8.4 Hz), 134.7 (d, *J* = 8.4 Hz), 134.6 (d, *J* = 8.2 Hz), 134.3 (d, *J* = 8.2 Hz), 133.6, 133.2 (d, *J* = 1.3 Hz), 132.9, 131.8 (d, *J* = 1.5 Hz), 131.6, 130.3, 130.09, 130.06, 130.0, 129.1, 128.9, 128.8, 128.34, 128.32, 128.30, 127.95, 127.93, 127.80, 127.75, 127.66, 127.61, 127.5, 127.3, 126.4, 119.1 (d, *J* = 3.1 Hz), 118.7 (d, *J* = 22.1 Hz), 118.0 (d, *J* = 22.1 Hz), 117.4 (d, *J* = 3.1 Hz), 116.3 (d, *J* = 22.3 Hz), 116.1 (d, *J* = 22.3 Hz), 114.42, 114.39, 114.35, 114.30, 60.8, 60.7, 59.8, 59.5, 55.8, 55.7, 55.6, 53.4, 53.1, 52.7, 52.6, 29.9, 29.8, 29.6, 29.5, 25.24, 25.17, 25.1, 20.5,

19.9, 19.8, 19.7 (distinguishing between signals of *E/Z* isomers was not possible); **IR** (KBr) ν_{max} 2933, 2862, 2839, 2825, 1597, 1576, 1498, 1464, 1348, 1269, 1157, 1097, 1032, 827, 702, 671, 598, 561 cm^{-1} ; **MS** (ESI) m/z (%) 1131.1 (12, [2M+Na] $^{+}$), 578.1 (97, [M+Na] $^{+}$), 576.1 (100, [M+Na] $^{+}$), 530.0 (39), 301.1 (13); **HRMS** (ESI) m/z calcd for $\text{C}_{28}\text{H}_{25}\text{O}_3\text{NBrFSNa}$ 576.0615, found 576.0614.

Methyl (*E*)-3-bromo-4-((1-((4-methoxyphenyl)sulfonyl)-1,2,5,6,7,7a-hexahydro-3*H*-indol-3-ylidene)(phenyl)methyl)benzoate (2di)



Reaction time: 72 h; Column chromatography: (95/5 \rightarrow 80/20) hexanes/EtOAc

Yield: 63% (0.093 g) as a mixture of *E/Z* isomers (3.2:1); yellowish foam

Reagent	n [mmol]	m [mg]	V [mL]
THF			2.3
Water			0.3
1d	0.25	127	
(HO) ₂ B- Br-C ₆ H ₃ -CO ₂ Me	0.38	97	
Pd(PPh ₃) ₄	0.01	12	
Cs ₂ CO ₃	0.50	163	

(E)-2di (major): **¹H NMR** (400 MHz, CDCl₃; mixture of atropoisomers, signals of both atropoisomers are listed) δ 8.18 (d, J = 1.6 Hz, 1H, 1H $^{\#}$), 7.90 – 7.86 (m, 1H, 1H $^{\#}$), 7.72 – 7.76 (m, 2H, 2H $^{\#}$), 7.33 – 7.19 (m, 4H, 4H $^{\#}$), 7.06 – 6.99 (m, 2H, 2H $^{\#}$), 6.98 – 6.89 (m, 2H, 2H $^{\#}$), 5.08 – 5.04 (m, 1H $^{\#}$), 4.96 – 4.91 (m, 1H), 4.43 (d, J = 14.9 Hz, 1H $^{\#}$), 4.35 (d, J = 14.9 Hz, 1H), 3.95 – 3.82 (m, 7H, 7H $^{\#}$), 3.67 – 3.48 (m, 1H, 1H $^{\#}$), 2.63 – 2.45 (m, 1H, 1H $^{\#}$), 2.00 – 1.71 (m, 3H, 3H $^{\#}$), 1.49 – 1.36 (m, 2H, 2H $^{\#}$);

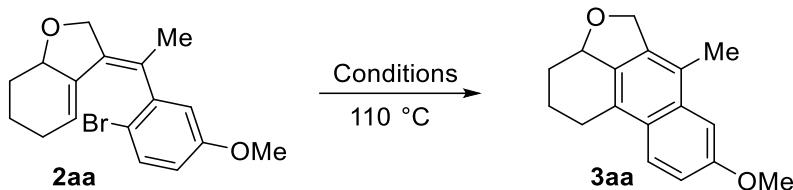
(Z)-2di (minor): **¹H NMR** (400 MHz, CDCl₃; mixture of atropoisomers, signals of both atropoisomers are listed) δ 8.30 (d, J = 1.7 Hz, 1H $^{\#}$), 8.21 (d, J = 1.7 Hz, 1H), 8.01 (dd, J

= 8.0, 1.7 Hz, 1H), 7.90 – 7.86 (m, 1H[#]), 7.72 – 7.76 (m, 2H, 2H[#]), 7.44 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 7.33 – 7.19 (m, 3H, 4H[#]), 7.06 – 6.99 (m, 2H, 2H[#]), 6.98 – 6.89 (m, 2H, 2H[#]), 5.54 – 5.50 (m, 1H[#]), 5.48 – 5.43 (m, 1H), 3.98 (d, *J* = 14.9 Hz, 1H[#]), 3.95 – 3.82 (m, 7H, 6H[#]), 3.67 – 3.48 (m, 2H, 1H[#]), 3.40 (d, *J* = 14.9 Hz, 1H[#]), 2.63 – 2.45 (m, 2H, 1H[#]), 2.00 – 1.71 (m, 2H, 3H[#]), 1.49 – 1.36 (m, 2H, 2H[#]) (# atropoisomer signals – the signals are in pairs but could not be assigned to the particular atropoisomer, one signal of the pair is always marked by #);

Mixture of *E/Z* isomers of **2di**: **¹³C NMR** (101 MHz, CDCl₃; mixture of atropoisomers, signals of both atropoisomers are listed) δ 165.67^{*E*}, 165.66 (1C^{*E*#}, 1C^{*Z*#}), 165.5^{*Z*}, 163.3^{*Z*}, 163.23^{*E*}, 163.18^{*Z*#}, 163.1^{*E*#}, 147.4, 146.9, 146.84, 146.80, 139.8, 139.0, 138.5, 136.5, 136.0, 134.63, 134.61, 134.51, 134.48, 134.2, 134.1, 133.6, 133.4, 132.8, 132.7, 132.03, 132.00, 131.89, 131.88, 131.1, 130.9, 130.51, 130.49, 130.2, 130.1, 130.04, 130.01, 129.9, 129.19, 129.16, 129.0, 128.93, 128.88, 128.8, 128.59, 128.57, 128.4, 128.3, 128.0, 127.83, 127.80, 127.77, 127.68, 127.66, 127.5, 127.4, 126.9, 126.6, 124.9, 123.3, 123.2, 122.6, 114.4, 114.33, 114.30, 60.8^{*Z*}, 60.7^{*Z*#}, 59.8^{*E*#}, 59.4^{*E*}, 55.8^{*E,Z*#}, 53.3^{*Z*}, 53.2^{*Z*#}, 52.7^{*E*}, 52.6^{*E*#}, 52.53^{*E*#}, 52.52^{*Z*}, 29.9^{*Z*}, 29.8^{*E*}, 29.7^{*Z*#}, 29.6^{*E*#}, 25.19^{*E*#}, 25.17^{*Z*}, 25.1^{*E,Z*#}, 19.8^{*E*#}, 19.73^{*E,Z*#}, 19.68^{*Z*} (^{*E*} signal could be assigned to the major *E* isomer; ^{*Z*} signal could be assigned to the minor *Z* isomer); **IR** (KBr) ν_{max} 2947, 2868, 2839, 1726, 1597, 1496, 1435, 1346, 1284, 1261, 1244, 1159, 1111, 1093, 1024, 835, 764, 700, 669, 606, 563 cm⁻¹; **MS** (ESI) *m/z* (%) 1211.2 (11, [2M+Na]⁺), 618.1 (98, [M+Na]⁺), 616.1 (100, [M+Na]⁺), 596.1 (12, [M+H]⁺), 594.1 (14, [M+H]⁺), 279.1 (10); **HRMS** (ESI) *m/z* calcd for C₃₀H₂₉O₅NBrS 594.0944, found 594.0945.

4. Synthesis of naphthalenes

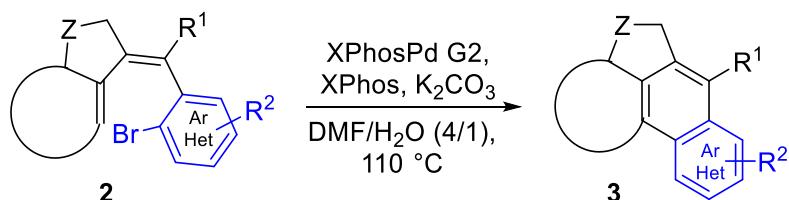
Table S1. Optimisation of the conditions of the Heck reaction of **2aa**



Entry	Catalyst (mol%)	Ligand (mol%)	Base (eq)	Solvent	Time [h]	Yield ^[a] [%]
1	Pd ₂ (dba) ₃ (10)	XPhos (20)	K ₂ CO ₃ (4)	DMF/H ₂ O (4:1)	2	63 (60)
2	Pd(OAc) ₂ (10)	XPhos (20)	K ₂ CO ₃ (4)	DMF/H ₂ O (4:1)	48	15
3	Pd(OAc) ₂ (10)	XPhos (20)	K ₂ CO ₃ (4)	DMF/H ₂ O (4:1)	4.5	68 (61)
4	Pd(PPh ₃) ₄ (10)	XPhos (20)	K ₂ CO ₃ (4)	DMF/H ₂ O (4:1)	2	65
5	PdCl ₂ (CH ₃ CN) ₂ (10)	XPhos (20)	K ₂ CO ₃ (2)	DMF/H ₂ O (4:1)	4	27
6	Pd(TFA) ₂ (10)	XPhos (20)	K ₂ CO ₃ (2)	DMF/H ₂ O (4:1)	2	29
7	Pd(PPh ₃) ₂ Cl ₂ (10)	XPhos (20)	K ₂ CO ₃ (2)	DMF/H ₂ O (4:1)	3.5	64
8	Hermann-Beller Pd (10)	XPhos (20)	K ₂ CO ₃ (2)	DMF/H ₂ O (4:1)	2	66
9	XPhosPd G2	XPhos (20)	K ₂ CO ₃ (4)	DMF/H ₂ O (4:1)	2	70
10	XPhosPd G2	–	K ₂ CO ₃ (2)	DMF/H ₂ O (4:1)	6	48
11	Pd(OAc) ₂ (10)	BINAP (20)	K ₂ CO ₃ (4)	DMF/H ₂ O (4:1)	5	0
12	Pd(OAc) ₂ (10)	dppf (20)	K ₂ CO ₃ (4)	DMF/H ₂ O (4:1)	5	68
13	Pd(OAc) ₂ (10)	TTBP.HBF ₄ (20)	K ₂ CO ₃ (4)	DMF/H ₂ O (4:1)	23	63
14	Pd(OAc) ₂ (10)	SPhos (20)	K ₂ CO ₃ (4)	DMF/H ₂ O (4:1)	4.5	66
15	Pd(OAc) ₂ (10)	–	K ₂ CO ₃ (4) ^[b]	DMF	27	0
16	Pd(OAc) ₂ (10)	XPhos (20)	K ₂ CO ₃ (4)	Toluene/H ₂ O (4:1)	2	0
17	Pd(OAc) ₂ (10)	XPhos (20)	K ₂ CO ₃ (4)	Ethanol/H ₂ O (4:1)	2	5
18	Pd(OAc) ₂ (10)	XPhos (20)	K ₂ CO ₃ (4)	DMF	12	43
19	Pd(OAc) ₂ (10)	XPhos (20)	K ₂ CO ₃ (4) ^[c]	DMF	4.5	65
20	Pd(OAc) ₂ (10)	XPhos (20)	K ₂ CO ₃ (4)	dioxane/H ₂ O (4:1)	3	11

21	Pd(OAc) ₂ (10)	XPhos (20)	K ₂ CO ₃ (4)	DMSO/H ₂ O (4:1)	6.5	10
22	Pd(OAc) ₂ (10)	XPhos (20)	K ₂ CO ₃ (4)	DMA/H ₂ O (4:1)	3	61
23	Pd(OAc) ₂ (10)	XPhos (20)	K ₂ CO ₃ (4)	iPrOH/H ₂ O (4:1)	5	12
24	Pd(OAc) ₂ (10)	XPhos (20)	Ag ₂ CO ₃ (4)	DMF	5	4
25	Pd(OAc) ₂ (10)	XPhos (20)	K ₂ CO ₃ (0.5)	DMF/H ₂ O (4:1)	2	29
26	Pd(OAc) ₂ (10)	XPhos (20)	Na ₂ CO ₃ (4)	DMF/H ₂ O (4:1)	23	39
27	Pd(OAc) ₂ (10)	XPhos (20)	Cs ₂ CO ₃ (4)	DMF/H ₂ O (4:1)	5	51
28	Pd(OAc) ₂ (10)	XPhos (20)	K ₃ PO ₄ (4)	DMF/H ₂ O (4:1)	5	63
29	Pd(OAc) ₂ (10)	XPhos (20)	DIPEA (4)	DMF/H ₂ O (4:1)	5	19
30	Pd(OAc) ₂ (10)	XPhos (20)	KOtBu (2)	DMF/H ₂ O (4:1)	2	0
31	Pd(OAc) ₂ (10)	XPhos (20)	Li ₂ CO ₃ (2)	DMF/H ₂ O (4:1)	19	12
32	Pd(OAc) ₂ (10)	XPhos (20)	KF (2)	DMF/H ₂ O (4:1)	18	27
33	Pd(OAc) ₂ (10)	XPhos (20)	NaHCO ₃ (2)	DMF/H ₂ O (4:1)	12	30
34	Pd(OAc) ₂ (10)	XPhos (20)	K ₂ CO ₃ (2)	DMF/H ₂ O (2:1)	4	11
35	Pd(OAc) ₂ (10)	XPhos (20)	K ₂ CO ₃ (2)	DMF/H ₂ O (9:1)	2	63
36	Pd(OAc) ₂ (5)	XPhos (10)	K ₂ CO ₃ (2)	DMF/H ₂ O (4:1)	4	7
37	Pd(OAc) ₂ (10)	XPhos (10)	K ₂ CO ₃ (2)	DMF/H ₂ O (4:1)	2	16

[^a] ¹H NMR yield; 3,4,5-trimethoxybenzaldehyde was used as internal standard. [^b] 2 equiv. of nBu₄NOAc were used as additive. [^c] 2 equiv. of nBu₄NCl were used as additive.

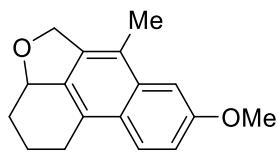


General procedure 1 for the Heck reaction: Compound **2** (1.0 mmol), K₂CO₃ (2.0 mmol), XPhos (20 mol%) and XPhosPd G2 (10 mol%) were dissolved in DMF (8 mL) and stirred for 5 minutes followed by addition of water (2 mL). The reaction mixture was degassed and backfilled with argon (3×) and stirred at 110 °C for an indicated time. Upon completion, it was cooled down, filtrated through the sand/cotton layer and

extracted between brine (2×20 mL) and EtOAc (20 mL). The combined organic layers were dried over Na_2SO_4 , filtered, and concentrated under reduced pressure. Crude mixture was subjected to column chromatography on silica gel providing desired naphthalene product **3**. Reaction and purification details are specified for the each substrate below.

General procedure 2 for the Heck reaction: Compound **2** (0.2 mmol) and Cs_2CO_3 (0.4 mmol) were dissolved in DMF (1.8 mL) and water (0.18 mL). The reaction mixture was degassed and backfilled with argon (3 \times), or degassed by bubbling Ar through the mixture for 5 minutes. Then $\text{Pd}_2(\text{dba})_3$ (0.02 mmol) and $\text{P}(\text{o-tol})_3$ (0.04 mmol) were added, the mixture was degassed again and stirred at 130 °C for an indicated time. Upon completion, it was cooled down, diluted with toluene and concentrated under reduced pressure. Crude mixture was subjected to column chromatography on silica gel providing desired naphthalene product **3**. Reaction and purification details are specified for the each substrate below.

8-Methoxy-6-methyl-2,3,3a,5-tetrahydro-1*H*-phenanthro[1,10-*bc*]furan (3aa)



General procedure 1; Reaction time: 2 h; Column chromatography:
(97/3) hexanes/ acetone

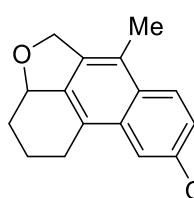
Yield: 61% (0.070 g); white crystalline solid; mp = 135.1 °C
(recrystallized from CHCl_3)

Reagent	n [mmol]	m [mg]	V [mL]
DMF			3.6
Water			0.9
2aa	0.45	151	
XPhosPd G2	0.045	52	
XPhos	0.09	43	
K_2CO_3	0.90	124	

$^1\text{H NMR}$ (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 7.81 (d, J = 9.0 Hz, 1H), 7.29 (d, J = 2.6 Hz, 1H), 7.18 (dd, J = 9.0, 2.6 Hz, 1H), 5.11 (d, J = 12.4 Hz, 1H), 5.06 (d, J = 12.3 Hz, 1H), 4.96–5.90 (m,

1H), 3.96 (s, 3H), 3.14 (dd, J = 17.5, 6.9 Hz, 1H), 2.91–2.79 (m, 1H), 2.50 (s, 3H), 2.46–2.38 (m, 1H), 2.32–2.23 (m, 1H), 1.96–1.82 (m, 1H), 1.50 (dtd, J = 13.9, 11.0, 3.0 Hz, 1H); ^{13}C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 157.4, 137.2, 136.3, 134.6, 127.0, 125.8, 125.2, 122.9, 116.8, 104.1, 79.9, 71.4, 55.43, 29.5, 23.5, 20.9, 15.8; IR (KBr) ν_{max} 3422, 2938, 2917, 2851, 1458, 1228, 1030 cm^{-1} ; MS (EI) m/z (%) 255.1 (10), 254.1 (90, M^{+}), 226.1 (100), 211.1 (22), 198.1 (20), 183.1 (22), 168.1 (7), 155.1 (3); HRMS (EI) m/z calcd for $\text{C}_{17}\text{H}_{18}\text{O}_2$ 254.1307, found 254.1308.

9-Methoxy-6-methyl-2,3,3a,5-tetrahydro-1*H*-phenanthro[1,10-*bc*]furan (3ab)



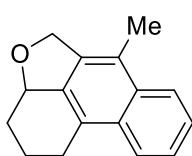
General procedure 1; Reaction time: 2 h; Column chromatography: (97/2) hexanes/acetone

Yield: 55% (0.154 g); white crystalline solid; mp = 130.3 °C (recrystallized from CHCl_3)

Reagent	n [mmol]	m [mg]	V [mL]
DMF			8.8
Water			2.2
2ab	1.10	354	
XPhosPd G2	0.11	87	
XPhos	0.22	105	
K_2CO_3	2.20	304	

^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 7.96–7.89 (m, 1H), 7.21–7.14 (m, 2H), 5.10 (d, J = 12.1 Hz, 1H), 5.05 (d, J = 12.0 Hz, 1H), 4.98–4.91 (m, 1H), 3.94 (s, 3H), 3.10 (dd, J = 17.3, 7.0 Hz, 1H), 2.88–2.77 (m, 1H), 2.52 (s, 3H), 2.47–2.39 (m, 1H), 2.35–2.26 (m, 1H), 1.99–1.85 (m, 1H), 1.52 (dtd, J = 13.9, 11.0, 3.0 Hz, 1H); ^{13}C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 157.4, 139.0, 134.4, 133.2, 128.4, 126.0, 124.7, 124.2, 116.7, 103.1, 80.0, 71.3, 55.4, 29.4, 23.6, 20.9, 15.7; IR (KBr) ν_{max} 3411, 2947, 2842, 1616, 1431, 1234, 1048, 815 cm^{-1} ; MS (EI) m/z (%) 255.1 (8), 254.1 (55, M^{+}), 236.1 (100), 226.1 (34), 223.1 (52), 211.1 (25), 193.1 (20), 178.1 (35), 165.1 (23), 152.1 (12); HRMS (EI) m/z calcd for $\text{C}_{17}\text{H}_{18}\text{O}_2$ 254.1307, found 254.1308.

6-Methyl-2,3,3a,5-tetrahydro-1*H*-phenanthro[1,10-*bc*]furan (3ad)



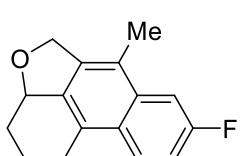
General procedure 1; Reaction time: 4 h; Column chromatography: (97/2) hexanes/acetone

Yield: 70% (0.063 g); yellow crystalline solid, mp = 119.6 °C (recrystallized from CHCl₃)

Reagent	n [mmol]	m [mg]	V [mL]
DMF			3.2
Water			0.8
2ad	0.40	122	
XPhosPd G2	0.04	31	
XPhos	0.08	38	
K ₂ CO ₃	0.80	110	

¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.05–7.99 (m, 1H), 7.93–7.87 (m, 1H), 7.56–7.48 (m, 2H), 5.13 (d, *J* = 12.4 Hz, 1H), 5.08 (d, *J* = 12.3 Hz, 1H), 5.00–4.92 (m, 1H), 3.18 (dd, *J* = 17.5, 7.0 Hz, 1H), 2.95–2.82 (m, 1H), 2.55 (s, 3H), 2.48–2.41 (m, 1H), 2.35–2.26 (m, 1H), 1.99–1.85 (m, 1H), 1.52 (dtd, *J* = 13.9, 11.0, 3.1 Hz, 1H); **¹³C NMR** (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 138.3, 136.6, 133.3, 131.9, 125.8, 125.3, 125.2, 124.5, 124.2, 123.7, 80.0, 71.4, 29.4, 23.47, 20.9, 15.7; **IR** (KBr) ν_{max} 2941, 2926, 2860, 2836, 1512, 1443, 1332, 1045, 964, 749 cm⁻¹; **MS** (EI) *m/z* (%) 225.1 (10), 224.1 (93, M⁺), 220.1 (20), 205.1 (25), 196.1 (100), 181.1 (22), 168.1 (17), 153.1 (15); **HRMS** (EI) *m/z* calcd for C₁₆H₁₆O 224.1201, found 224.1203.

8-Fluoro-6-methyl-2,3,3a,5-tetrahydro-1*H*-phenanthro[1,10-*bc*]furan (3af)



General procedure 1; Reaction time: 4 h; Column chromatography: (97/2) hexanes/ acetone

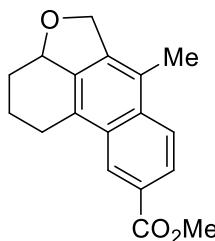
Yield: 67% (0.074 g); yellow crystalline solid, mp = 112.4 °C (recrystallized from CHCl₃)

Reagent	n [mmol]	m [mg]	V [mL]
DMF			3.6

Water			0.9
2af	0.45	145	
XPhosPd G2	0.045	35	
XPhos	0.09	43	
K ₂ CO ₃	0.90	124	

¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.87 (dd, *J* = 9.1, 5.9 Hz, 1H), 7.60 (dd, *J* = 11.3, 2.6 Hz, 1H), 7.27 (ddd, *J* = 9.1, 8.0, 2.6 Hz, 1H), 5.11 (d, *J* = 12.5 Hz, 1H), 5.06 (d, *J* = 12.5 Hz, 1H), 4.97–4.89 (m, 1H), 3.15 (dd, *J* = 17.5, 7.0 Hz, 1H), 2.92–2.80 (m, 1H), 2.49 (s, 3H), 2.47–2.39 (m, 1H), 2.34–2.25 (m, 1H), 1.98–1.84 (m, 1H), 1.51 (dt, *J* = 14.0, 11.1, 3.0 Hz, 1H); **¹³C NMR** (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 160.7 (d, *J* = 244.2 Hz), 137.9, 137.8 (d, *J* = 2.4 Hz), 134.6 (d, *J* = 8.1 Hz), 128.9 (d, *J* = 0.8 Hz), 126.0 (d, *J* = 0.8 Hz), 125.9 (d, *J* = 9.1 Hz), 123.7 (d, *J* = 5.4 Hz), 115.0 (d, *J* = 24.5 Hz), 108.5 (d, *J* = 21.1 Hz), 79.8, 71.3, 29.3, 23.6, 20.8, 15.7; **IR** (KBr) ν_{max} 2965, 2935, 2878, 2839, 1619, 1530, 1446, 1329, 1222, 1186, 1039, 964 cm⁻¹; **MS** (EI) *m/z* (%) 243.1 (15), 242.1 (85, M⁺), 224.1 (22), 214.1 (100), 209.1 (22), 199.1 (30), 183.1 (28), 171.1 (33); **HRMS** (EI) *m/z* calcd for C₁₆H₁₅OF 242.1107, found 242.1104.

**Methyl 6-methyl-2,3,3a,5-tetrahydro-1*H*-phenanthro[1,10-*bc*]furan-9-carboxylate
(3ai)**



General procedure 2; Reaction time: 4 h; Column chromatography:
(95/5 → 90/10) hexanes/EtOAc

Yield: 16% (9 mg); yellowish oil

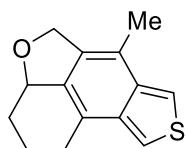
(ester partially hydrolysed in the reaction)

Reagent	n [mmol]	m [mg]	V [mL]
DMF			1.8
Water			0.18
2ai	0.20	74	
Pd ₂ (dba) ₃	0.02	9	
P(o-tol) ₃	0.04	12	

<chem>Cs2CO3</chem>	0.40	129	
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¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.65 (d, *J* = 1.5 Hz, 1H), 8.08 (dd, *J* = 8.8, 1.7 Hz, 1H), 8.03 (d, *J* = 8.8 Hz, 1H), 5.12 (d, *J* = 12.8 Hz, 1H), 5.07 (d, *J* = 12.7 Hz, 1H), 4.99 – 4.92 (m, 1H), 3.99 (s, 3H), 3.26 (dd, *J* = 17.7, 6.9 Hz, 1H), 3.00 – 2.87 (m, 1H), 2.55 (s, 3H), 2.48 – 2.41 (m, 1H), 2.36 – 2.28 (m, 1H), 2.00 – 1.85 (m, 1H), 1.52 (dtd, *J* = 13.9, 11.0, 3.0 Hz, 1H); **¹³C NMR** (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 167.6, 139.3, 139.2, 135.8, 131.3, 127.5, 126.64, 126.63, 124.8, 124.7, 124.3, 79.9, 71.4, 52.3, 29.2, 23.5, 20.8, 15.7; **IR** (KBr) ν_{max} 2949, 2835, 1716, 1448, 1315, 1277, 1255, 1219, 1107, 1043, 1005, 964, 754 cm⁻¹; **MS** (APCI) *m/z* (%) 284.1 (17), 283.1 (100, [M+H]⁺), 265.1 (6), 253.1 (5); **HRMS** (APCI) *m/z* calcd for C₁₈H₁₉O₃ 283.1329, found 283.1326.

6-Methyl-1,2,3,3a-tetrahydro-5*H*-thieno[3',4':5,6]naphtho[1,8-*bc*]furan (3aj)



General procedure 1; Reaction time: 2 h; Column chromatography: (97/2) hexanes/acetone

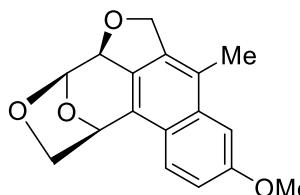
Yield: 30% (0.031 g); pale brown amorphous solid

Reagent	n [mmol]	m [mg]	V [mL]
DMF			3.6
Water			0.9
2aj	0.45	139	
XPhosPd G2	0.045	35	
XPhos	0.09	43	
K ₂ CO ₃	0.90	124	

¹H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-*d*₆) δ 7.88 (d, *J* = 3.2 Hz, 1H), 7.77 (d, *J* = 3.2 Hz, 1H), 4.85 (d, *J* = 12.6 Hz, 1H), 4.77 (d, *J* = 12.7 Hz, 1H), 4.70–4.63 (m, 1H), 2.86 (dd, *J* = 17.9, 6.8 Hz, 1H), 2.68–2.56 (m, 1H), 2.34 (s, 3H), 2.29–2.20 (m, 1H), 2.17–2.07 (m, 1H), 1.86–1.71 (m, 1H), 1.30 (dtd, *J* = 13.9, 10.9, 3.1 Hz, 1H); **¹³C NMR** (101 MHz, DMSO-*d*₆) δ 140.3, 138.1, 136.9, 134.1, 120.8, 119.3, 115.9, 114.6, 77.6, 69.0, 28.9, 23.2, 19.9, 15.4; **IR** (KBr) ν_{max} 3560, 2929, 2839, 1715, 1518, 1458, 1386, 1329, 1051, 755 cm⁻¹; **MS** (EI) *m/z* (%) 231.1 (15), 230.1 (100, M⁺), 212.1 (30), 202.1 (65), 197.0 (27), 187.1

(28), 174.1 (30), 165.1 (5), 152.1 (8); **HRMS** (EI) *m/z* calcd for C₁₄H₁₄OS 230.0765, found 230.0768.

(1*S,4R,4aS*)-9-Methoxy-7-methyl-1,2,4a,6-tetrahydro-4*H*-1,4-epoxybenzo[*f*]oxepino[3,4,5-*cd*]isobenzofuran (3ba)



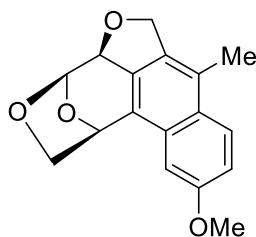
General procedure 1; Reaction time: 3 h; Column chromatography: (97/3) dichloromethane/diethyl ether

Yield: 64% (0.091 g); white amorphous solid

Reagent	n [mmol]	m [mg]	V [mL]
DMF			3.6
Water			0.9
2ba	0.50	183	
XPhosPd G2	0.05	39	
XPhos	0.10	48	
K ₂ CO ₃	1.0	138	

¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.69 (d, *J* = 9.0 Hz, 1H), 7.29 (d, *J* = 2.5 Hz, 1H), 7.19 (dd, *J* = 9.0, 2.6 Hz, 1H), 6.02–6.00 (m, 1H), 5.92 (d, *J* = 3.7 Hz, 1H), 5.27 (s, 1H), 5.15 (d, *J* = 12.2 Hz, 1H), 5.07 (d, *J* = 12.2 Hz, 1H), 4.06 (ddd, *J* = 6.7, 3.8, 1.1 Hz, 1H), 3.95 (s, 3H), 3.62 (d, *J* = 6.7 Hz, 1H), 2.50 (s, 3H); **¹³C NMR** (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 157.6, 138.0, 135.4, 132.1, 126.8, 125.8, 124.2, 123.3, 117.8, 104.6, 101.1, 81.1, 76.3, 72.6, 72.5, 55.5, 16.3; **IR** (KBr) ν_{max} 3422, 2968, 2884, 2842, 1622, 1431, 1231, 1048, 934 cm⁻¹; **MS** (ESI) *m/z* (%) 308.1 (18), 307.1 (100, [M+Na]⁺), 285.1 (25, [M+H]⁺), 267.1 (8); **HRMS** (ESI) *m/z* calcd for C₁₇H₁₆O₄Na 307.0941, found 307.0939; **Specific rotation** [α]_D = +119.7° (c 1, CHCl₃).

(1*S,4R,4aS*)-10-Methoxy-7-methyl-1,2,4a,6-tetrahydro-4*H*-1,4-epoxybenzo[*f*]oxepino[3,4,5-*cd*]isobenzofuran (3bb)



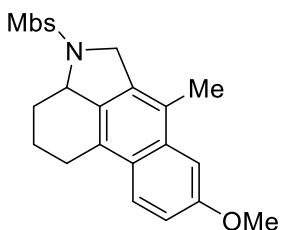
General procedure 1; Reaction time: 3 h; Column chromatography: (97/3) dichloromethane/ acetone; Compound was additionally washed with n-pentane.

Yield: 36% (0.092 g); pale brown amorphous solid

Reagent	n [mmol]	m [mg]	V [mL]
DMF			8.0
Water			2.0
2bb	1.0	365	
XPhosPd G2	0.10	79	
XPhos	0.20	95	
K ₂ CO ₃	2.0	276	

¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.94 (d, *J* = 9.2 Hz, 1H), 7.19 (dd, *J* = 9.2, 2.6 Hz, 1H), 7.04 (d, *J* = 2.6 Hz, 1H), 6.02–6.00 (m, 1H), 5.91 (d, *J* = 3.6 Hz, 1H), 5.26 (s, 1H), 5.13 (d, *J* = 12.0 Hz, 1H), 5.06 (d, *J* = 12.0 Hz, 1H), 4.08 (ddd, *J* = 6.7, 3.7, 1.0 Hz, 1H), 3.93 (s, 3H), 3.66 (d, *J* = 6.7 Hz, 1H), 2.51 (s, 3H); **¹³C NMR** (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 157.9, 135.2, 135.1, 129.4, 129.2, 127.4, 126.6, 125.6, 117.2, 102.2, 101.1, 81.3, 76.2, 72.6, 72.4, 55.5, 16.2; **IR** (KBr) ν_{max} 3602, 3249, 1619, 1461, 1428, 1228, 1048 cm⁻¹; **MS** (APCI) *m/z* (%) 286.1 (17), 285.1 (100, [M+H]⁺), 267.1 (47), 257.1 (6), 239.1 (40), 227.1 (27), 211.1 (16); **HRMS** (APCI) *m/z* calcd for C₁₇H₁₇O₄ 285.1121, found 285.1118; **Specific rotation** [α]_D = +156.1° (c 1, CHCl₃).

8-Methoxy-4-((4-methoxyphenyl)sulfonyl)-6-methyl-1,2,3,3a,4,5-hexahydro-naphtho[3,2,1-*cd*]indole (3ca)



General procedure 2; Reaction time: 6 h; Column chromatography: (85/15 → 80/20 → 70/30) hexanes/EtOAc

Yield: 62% (76 mg); brownish powder

(21% of unreacted starting material was isolated)

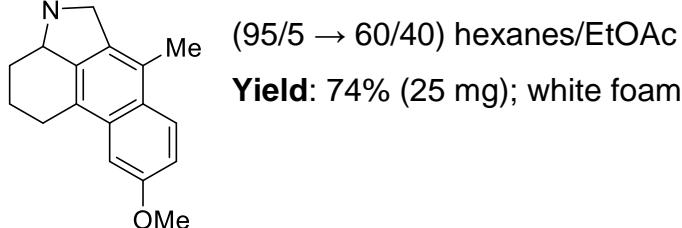
Reagent	n [mmol]	m [mg]	V [mL]
DMF			2.6
Water			0.26
2ca	0.29	146	

Pd ₂ (dba) ₃	0.03	13	
P(o-tol) ₃	0.06	17	
Cs ₂ CO ₃	0.58	188	

¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.92 – 7.86 (m, 2H), 7.77 (d, *J* = 9.1 Hz, 1H), 7.22 (d, *J* = 2.6 Hz, 1H), 7.15 (dd, *J* = 9.1, 2.6 Hz, 1H), 7.07 – 7.01 (m, 2H), 4.72 (d, *J* = 13.0 Hz, 1H), 4.36 (d, *J* = 13.0 Hz, 1H), 4.18 (dd, *J* = 10.9, 4.4 Hz, 1H), 3.93 (s, 3H), 3.86 (s, 3H), 3.08 (dd, *J* = 17.6, 7.0 Hz, 1H), 2.90 – 2.75 (m, 2H), 2.45 (s, 3H), 2.33 – 2.24 (m, 1H), 1.92 – 1.78 (m, 1H), 1.71 – 1.59 (m, 1H); **¹³C NMR** (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 163.3, 157.4, 134.4, 133.0, 132.0, 130.6, 127.5, 127.3, 127.1, 125.1, 124.1, 117.1, 114.5, 103.8, 62.4, 55.8, 55.4, 53.9, 30.1, 23.4, 21.5, 15.5; **IR** (KBr) ν_{max} 2931, 2837, 1595, 1496, 1456, 1346, 1259, 1230, 1159, 1095, 1032, 837, 804, 667, 596, 561 cm⁻¹; **MS** (ESI) *m/z* (%) 869.3 (12, [2M+Na]⁺), 446.1 (100, [M+Na]⁺), 424.2 (6, [M+H]⁺); **HRMS** (ESI) *m/z* calcd for C₂₄H₂₅O₄NSNa 446.1397, found 446.1402.

9-Methoxy-4-((4-methoxyphenyl)sulfonyl)-6-methyl-1,2,3,3a,4,5-hexahydro-naphtho[3,2,1-*cde*]indole (3cb)

General procedure 2; Reaction time: 16 h; Column chromatography:



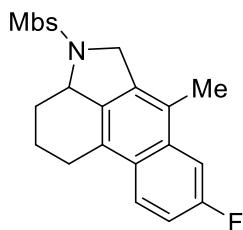
(95/5 → 60/40) hexanes/EtOAc

Yield: 74% (25 mg); white foam

Reagent	n [mmol]	m [mg]	V [mL]
DMF			0.8
Water			0.08
2cb	0.08	40	
Pd ₂ (dba) ₃	0.008	7.2	
P(o-tol) ₃	0.016	5.4	
Cs ₂ CO ₃	0.16	52	

¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.91 – 7.86 (m, 3H), 7.15 (dd, *J* = 9.0, 2.7 Hz, 1H), 7.12 (d, *J* = 2.2 Hz, 1H), 7.06 – 7.02 (m, 2H), 4.72 (d, *J* = 12.7 Hz, 1H), 4.35 (d, *J* = 12.7 Hz, 1H), 4.23 – 4.16 (m, 1H), 3.92 (s, 3H), 3.87 (s, 3H), 3.05 (dd, *J* = 17.5, 7.0 Hz, 1H), 2.98 – 2.76 (m, 2H), 2.47 (s, 3H), 2.36 – 2.26 (m, 1H), 1.95 – 1.81 (m, 1H), 1.75 – 1.60 (m, 1H); **¹³C NMR** (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 163.3, 157.5, 135.8, 133.3, 130.5, 129.1, 128.2, 127.5, 126.1, 126.0, 125.5, 117.2, 114.5, 102.8, 62.6, 55.8, 55.4, 53.8, 30.0, 23.5, 21.5, 15.4; **IR** (KBr) ν_{max} 2949, 2925, 2843, 1597, 1495, 1460, 1425, 1344, 1265, 1232, 1153, 1095, 1028, 839, 669, 571, 559 cm⁻¹; **MS** (ESI) *m/z* (%) 446.1 (4, [M+Na]⁺), 425.2 (18), 424.2 (100, [M+H]⁺), 321.1 (18), 237.1 (5); **HRMS** (ESI) *m/z* calcd for C₂₄H₂₆O₄NS 424.1577, found 424.1576.

8-Fluoro-4-((4-methoxyphenyl)sulfonyl)-6-methyl-1,2,3,3a,4,5-hexahydro-naphtho[3,2,1-cd]indole (3cf)



General procedure 2; Reaction time: 15 h; Column chromatography:
(95/5 → 83/17) hexanes/EtOAc

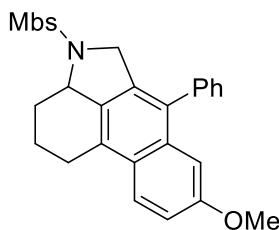
Yield: 85% (25 mg); brownish foam

Reagent	n [mmol]	m [mg]	V [mL]
DMF			0.65
Water			0.06
2cf	0.07	35	
Pd ₂ (dba) ₃	0.007	6.5	
P(o-tol) ₃	0.014	4.3	
Cs ₂ CO ₃	0.14	47	

¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.93 – 7.81 (m, 3H), 7.55 (dd, *J* = 11.2, 2.6 Hz, 1H), 7.28 (m, 1H), 7.08 – 7.02 (m, 2H), 4.72 (d, *J* = 13.2 Hz, 1H), 4.36 (d, *J* = 13.2 Hz, 1H), 4.18 (dd, *J* = 11.2, 4.4 Hz, 1H), 3.87 (s, 3H), 3.10 (dd, *J* = 17.7, 7.1 Hz, 1H), 2.92 – 2.76 (m, 2H), 2.44 (s, 3H), 2.35 – 2.25 (m, 1H), 1.86 (tddd, *J* = 13.9, 10.4, 7.1, 2.9 Hz, 1H), 1.73 – 1.60 (m, 1H); **¹³C NMR** (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 163.4, 160.78 (d, *J* = 244.9 Hz), 134.6 (d, *J* = 2.4 Hz), 134.3 (d, *J* = 8.4 Hz), 132.6, 130.5, 128.9, 127.5, 127.3, 125.9 (d, *J* = 9.0 Hz),

124.9 (d, J = 5.4 Hz), 115.3 (d, J = 24.6 Hz), 114.5, 108.3 (d, J = 21.2 Hz), 62.3, 55.8, 53.8, 30.0, 23.4, 21.4, 15.4; **IR** (KBr) ν_{max} 2962, 2972, 2898, 2843, 1597, 1523, 1496, 1444, 1344, 1267, 1178, 1155, 1093, 1051, 841, 804, 667, 592, 561 cm^{-1} ; **MS** (ESI) m/z (%) 845.2 (8, [2M+Na] $^+$), 823.3 (7, [2M+H] $^+$), 434.1 (6, [M+Na] $^+$), 413.1 (21), 412.1 (100, [M+H] $^+$); **HRMS** (ESI) m/z calcd for C₂₃H₂₃O₃NFS 412.1377, found 412.1378.

8-Methoxy-4-((4-methoxyphenyl)sulfonyl)-6-phenyl-1,2,3,3a,4,5-hexahydro-naphtho[3,2,1-cd]indole (3da)



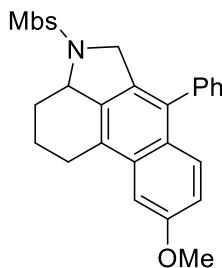
General procedure 2; Reaction time: 7 h; Column chromatography: (85/15) hexanes/EtOAc

Yield: 91% (51 mg); brownish foam

Reagent	n [mmol]	m [mg]	V [mL]
DMF			1.0
Water			0.1
2da	0.12	65	
Pd ₂ (dba) ₃	0.01	5	
P(o-tol) ₃	0.02	7	
Cs ₂ CO ₃	0.23	74	

¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.85 – 7.79 (m, 2H), 7.82 (d, J = 9.1 Hz, 1H), 7.53 – 7.39 (m, 3H), 7.35 – 7.27 (m, 2H), 7.15 (dd, J = 9.1, 2.6 Hz, 1H), 7.06 – 7.01 (m, 2H), 6.99 (d, J = 2.6 Hz, 1H), 4.37 (d, J = 13.4 Hz, 1H), 4.26 (d, J = 13.3 Hz, 1H), 4.26 – 4.20 (m, 1H), 3.87 (s, 3H), 3.70 (s, 3H), 3.17 (dd, J = 17.8, 7.0 Hz, 1H), 2.98 – 2.86 (m, 1H), 2.85 – 2.77 (m, 1H), 2.38 – 2.28 (m, 1H), 1.96 – 1.82 (m, 1H), 1.76 – 1.64 (m, 1H); **¹³C NMR** (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 163.3, 157.6, 138.1, 134.0, 133.1, 132.2, 131.0, 130.4, 129.9, 129.7, 129.0, 128.9, 128.8, 127.8, 127.4, 127.3, 124.7, 117.5, 114.4, 106.0, 62.3, 55.7, 55.2, 54.1, 23.0, 23.6, 21.5; **IR** (KBr) ν_{max} 2937, 2835, 1595, 1496, 1458, 1343, 1259, 1228, 1159, 1095, 1055, 1024, 806, 667, 584, 561 cm^{-1} ; **MS** (ESI) m/z (%) 993.3 (21, [2M+Na] $^+$), 509.2 (8), 508.2 (100, [M+Na] $^+$), 486.2 (7, [M+H] $^+$); **HRMS** (ESI) m/z calcd for C₂₉H₂₈O₄NS 486.1734, found 486.1738.

9-Methoxy-4-((4-methoxyphenyl)sulfonyl)-6-phenyl-1,2,3,3a,4,5-hexahydro-naphtho[3,2,1-cd]indole (3db)



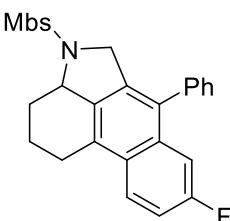
General procedure 2; Reaction time: 6 h; Column chromatography:
(85/15) hexanes/EtOAc

Yield: 63% (27 mg); brownish foam

Reagent	n [mmol]	m [mg]	V [mL]
DMF			0.8
Water			0.8
2db	0.09	50	
Pd ₂ (dba) ₃	0.009	8	
P(o-tol) ₃	0.018	5.4	
Cs ₂ CO ₃	0.18	58	

¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.85 – 7.80 (m, 2H), 7.57 (d, *J* = 9.2 Hz, 1H), 7.52 – 7.40 (m, 3H), 7.30 – 7.24 (m, 2H), 7.16 (d, *J* = 2.6 Hz, 1H), 7.06 – 7.00 (m, 3H), 4.38 (d, *J* = 13.1 Hz, 1H), 4.26 (d, *J* = 13.1 Hz, 1H), 4.27 – 4.22 (m, 1H), 3.92 (s, 3H), 3.87 (s, 3H), 3.13 (dd, *J* = 17.6, 7.0 Hz, 1H), 2.96 – 2.80 (m, 2H), 2.40 – 2.31 (m, 1H), 1.99 – 1.85 (m, 1H), 1.78 – 1.65 (m, 1H); **¹³C NMR** (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 163.3, 157.7, 138.1, 135.9, 133.3, 132.2, 130.4, 130.1, 129.7, 129.2, 128.73, 128.66, 128.32, 127.80, 127.76, 127.66, 127.4, 117.5, 114.5, 102.3, 62.5, 55.8, 55.4, 54.0, 29.9, 23.7, 21.5; **IR** (KBr) ν_{max} 2949, 2929, 2841, 1616, 1595, 1496, 1458, 1425, 1348, 1303, 1261, 1227, 1161, 1151, 1093, 1057, 1034, 833, 764, 673, 619, 580, 550 cm⁻¹; **MS** (ESI) *m/z* (%) 1010.3 (5, [2M+K]⁺), 993.3 (26, [2M+Na]⁺), 524.1 (18, [M+K]⁺), 509.2 (31), 508.2 (100, [M+Na]⁺), 486.2 (23, [M+H]⁺), 343.1 (12); **HRMS** (ESI) *m/z* calcd for C₂₉H₂₈O₄NS 486.1734, found 486.1734.

8-Fluoro-4-((4-methoxyphenyl)sulfonyl)-6-phenyl-1,2,3,3a,4,5-hexahydro-naphtho[3,2,1-cd]indole (3df)



General procedure 2; Reaction time: 5 h; Column chromatography:
(95/15 → 80/20) hexanes/EtOAc

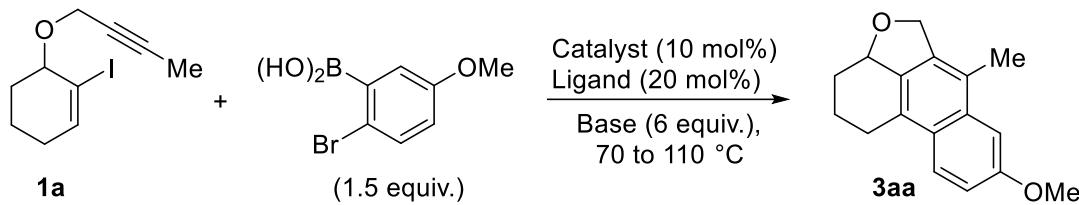
Yield: 77% (18 mg); brownish foam

Reagent	n [mmol]	m [mg]	V [mL]
DMF			0.45
Water			0.05
2df	0.05	27	
Pd ₂ (dba) ₃	0.005	4.9	
P(o-tol) ₃	0.01	3.3	
Cs ₂ CO ₃	0.1	35	

¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.90 (ddd, *J* = 8.6, 5.8, 1.0 Hz, 1H), 7.86 – 7.80 (m, 2H), 7.53 – 7.42 (m, 3H), 7.32 – 7.21 (m, 4H), 7.07 – 7.00 (m, 2H), 4.39 (d, *J* = 13.4 Hz, 1H), 4.26 (d, *J* = 13.6 Hz, 1H), 4.26 – 4.19 (m, 1H), 3.87 (s, 3H), 3.19 (dd, *J* = 17.8, 7.0 Hz, 1H), 2.99 – 2.88 (m, 1H), 2.84 (dtd, *J* = 11.9, 4.3, 3.0 Hz, 1H), 2.40 – 2.30 (m, 1H), 1.98 – 1.84 (m, 1H), 1.78 – 1.65 (m, 1H); **¹³C NMR** (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 163.4, 160.9 (d, *J* = 245.1 Hz), 137.4, 134.7 (d, *J* = 2.4 Hz), 133.9 (d, *J* = 8.7 Hz), 132.9, 131.6 (d, *J* = 5.3 Hz), 130.4, 129.9, 129.6, 129.2, 129.0, 128.94, 128.90, 128.1, 127.3, 125.5 (d, *J* = 8.9 Hz), 115.7 (d, *J* = 24.9 Hz), 114.5, 110.4 (d, *J* = 22.0 Hz), 62.3, 55.8, 54.0, 29.9, 23.7, 21.4; **IR** (KBr) ν_{max} 2966, 2939, 2839, 1712, 1595, 1496, 1456, 1350, 1309, 1261, 1163, 1093, 1053, 1026, 806, 737, 667, 582, 558 cm⁻¹; **MS** (ESI) *m/z* (%) 947.3 (5, [2M+H]⁺), 496.1 (4, [M+Na]⁺), 475.2 (27), 474.2 (100, [M+H]⁺), 287.1 (6); **HRMS** (ESI) *m/z* calcd for C₂₈H₂₅O₃NFS 474.1534, found 474.1533.

5. Optimisation of the one-pot procedure

*Table S2. Optimisation of the one-pot cyclisation/Suzuki/Heck reaction of **1a** (additional experiments, see Table 2 for the best results)*



Entry	Catalyst	Ligand	Base	Solvent	Time at 70 °C [h]	Time at 110 °C [h]	Yield ^[a] of 2aa [%]	Yield ^[a] of 3aa [%]
1	Pd(PPh ₃) ₄	–	Cs ₂ CO ₃	dioxane/H ₂ O (10:1)	3.5	2	17	20
2	Pd(PPh ₃) ₄	–	Cs ₂ CO ₃	dioxane/H ₂ O/HMPA (10:1:2)	3.5	2	13	24
3	Pd(PPh ₃) ₄	–	Cs ₂ CO ₃	dioxane/H ₂ O (10:1)	2.3	3	12	16
4	Pd(PPh ₃) ₄	XPhos	Cs ₂ CO ₃	dioxane/H ₂ O (10:1)	2.3	3	14	14
5	Pd(PPh ₃) ₄	XPhos	Cs ₂ CO ₃	DMF/H ₂ O (10:1)	2	3	0	26
6	Pd(PPh ₃) ₄	XPhos	K ₂ CO ₃	DMF	2	3 ^[b]	19	15
7	XPhosPd G2	–	K ₂ CO ₃	DMF	2	3 ^[b]	traces	traces
8	XPhosPd G2	XPhos	K ₂ CO ₃	DMF	2	3 ^[b]	traces	traces
9	Pd(PPh ₃) ₄	XPhos	K ₂ CO ₃	DMF/H ₂ O (10:1)	2	3 ^[b]	17	16
10	Pd(PPh ₃) ₄	SPhos	K ₂ CO ₃	DMF/H ₂ O (10:1)	2	3 ^[b]	16	14
11	XPhosPd G2	XPhos	K ₂ CO ₃	DMF/H ₂ O (10:1)	2	3 ^[b]	11	7
12	Pd(PPh ₃) ₄	XPhos	K ₂ CO ₃	DMF	1.5	5 ^[b]	20	18
13	Pd(OAc) ₂	XPhos	K ₂ CO ₃	DMF	1.5	5 ^[b]	0	3
14	Pd(dba) ₂	XPhos	K ₃ PO ₄	DMF	1.5	5 ^[b]	0	6
15	Pd(PPh ₃) ₄	–	K ₂ CO ₃	dioxane/H ₂ O (15:1)	2	16 ^[b]	54	5
16	Pd(PPh ₃) ₄	XPhos	K ₂ CO ₃	dioxane/H ₂ O (15:1)	2	16 ^[b]	10	22
17	Pd(PPh ₃) ₄	–	K ₂ CO ₃	DMF/H ₂ O (15:1)	1.6	3 ^[b]	24	13

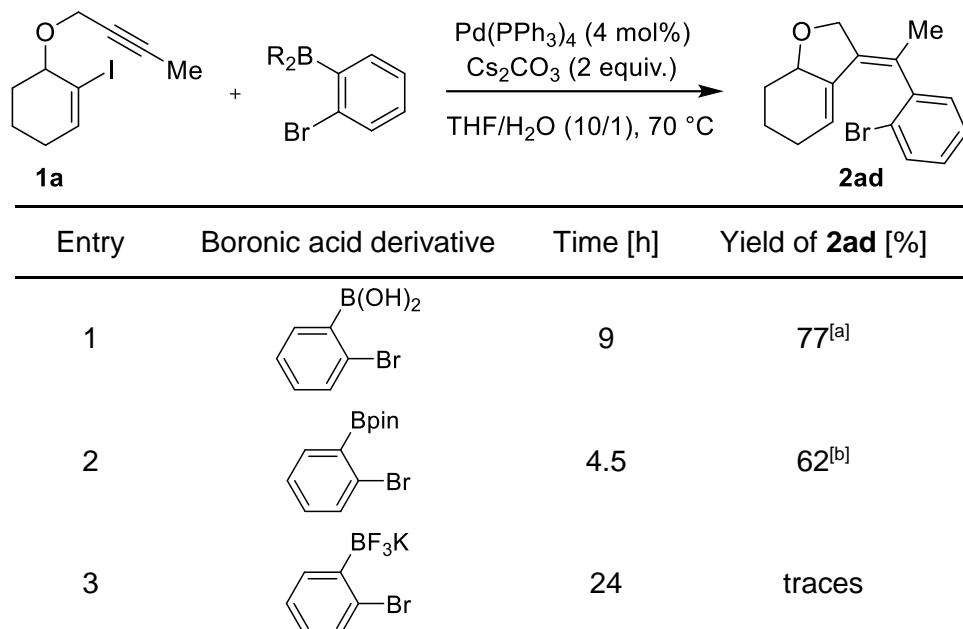
18	Pd(PPh ₃) ₄	–	K ₂ CO ₃	DMF/H ₂ O (15:1) ^[c]	1.6	3 ^[b]	70	1
19	Pd(PPh ₃) ₄	–	K ₂ CO ₃	dioxane/H ₂ O (15:1)	1.6	24 ^[b]	19	16
20	Pd(PPh ₃) ₄	–	K ₂ CO ₃	dioxane/H ₂ O (15:1) ^[c]	1.6	24 ^[b]	61	traces
21	Pd(PPh ₃) ₄	XPhos	K ₂ CO ₃	toluene/H ₂ O (10:1)	2	3	30	4
22	Pd(PPh ₃) ₄	–	AcOK	DMF-d ₇ /D ₂ O (10:1)	1.5	3	30	18
23	SPhosPd G3	–	Cs ₂ CO ₃	DMF-d ₇ /D ₂ O (10:1)	1.5	3	traces	20
24	Pd ₂ (dba) ₃	P(o-tol) ₃	Cs ₂ CO ₃	toluene/H ₂ O (10:1)	2	4	15	1
25	Pd ₂ (dba) ₃	PCy ₃	Cs ₂ CO ₃	toluene/H ₂ O (10:1)	2	4	9	36
26	Pd ₂ (dba) ₃	P(o-tol) ₃	AcOK ^[d]	toluene/H ₂ O (10:1)	2	4	traces	traces
27	Pd ₂ (dba) ₃	TFP ^[e]	Cs ₂ CO ₃	DMF-d ₇ /D ₂ O (10:1)	1.5	4	62	traces
28	Pd ₂ (dba) ₃	P(o-tol) ₃	Et ₃ N	DMF-d ₇ /D ₂ O (10:1)	1.5	4	0	0

^[a] ¹H NMR yield; 3,4,5-trichloropyridine was used as internal standard. ^[b] At 100 °C. ^[c] Reaction was conducted without inert atmosphere and without degassing the solvents. ^[d] 0.5 equiv. of CsOPiv was added. ^[e] Tri(2-furyl)phosphine.

Optimised procedure for the one-pot reaction: Compound **1** (0.2 mmol), arylboronic acid (0.3 mmol) and Cs₂CO₃ (1.2 mmol) were dissolved in DMF (1.8 mL) and water (0.18 mL). The reaction mixture was degassed and backfilled with argon (3×), or degassed by bubbling Ar through the mixture for 5 minutes. Then Pd₂(dba)₃ (0.02 mmol) and P(o-tol)₃ (0.04 mmol) were added, the mixture was degassed again and stirred for an indicated time at 70 or 80 °C, and then at 110 or 130 °C. Upon completion, it was cooled down, diluted with toluene and concentrated under reduced pressure. The crude mixture was subjected to column chromatography on silica gel providing desired naphthalene product **3**.

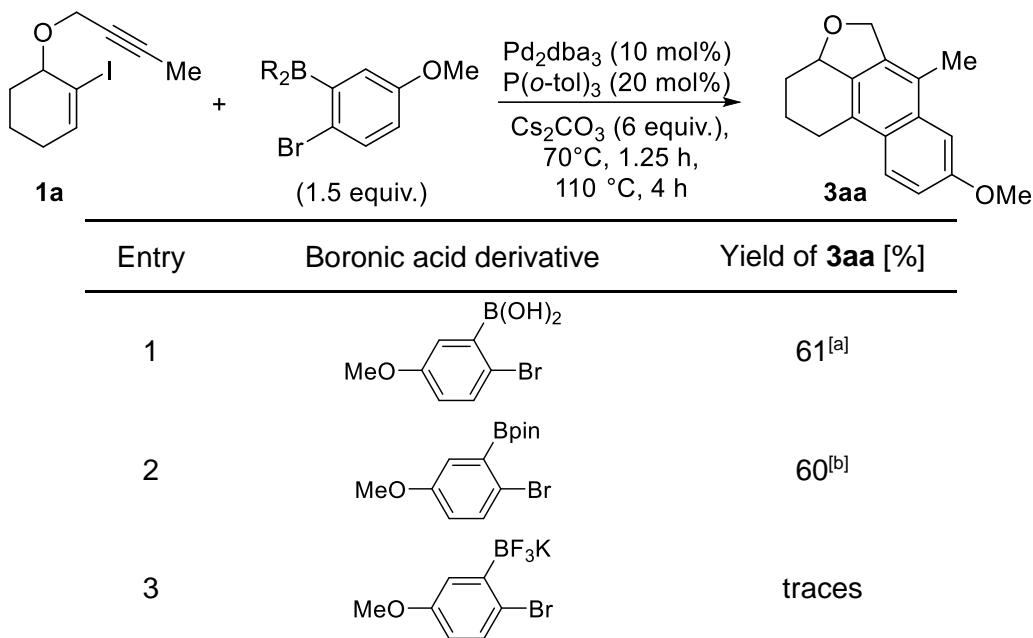
6. Reactions with boronic acid derivatives

Table S3. Cyclisation/Suzuki cross-coupling reaction of **1a** with boronic acid derivatives



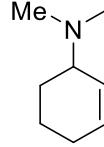
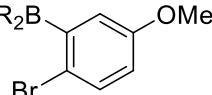
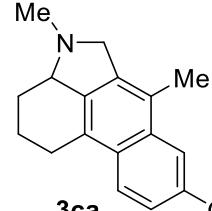
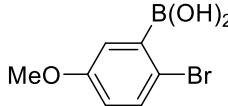
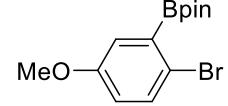
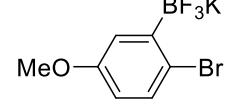
^[a] Isolated yield. ^[b] ¹H NMR yield; 3,4,5-trichloropyridine was used as internal standard.

Table S4. One-pot cyclisation/Suzuki/Heck reaction of **1a** with boronic acid derivatives



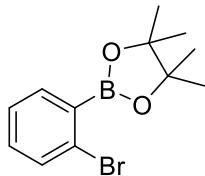
^[a] Isolated yield. ^[b] ¹H NMR yield; 3,4,5-trichloropyridine was used as internal standard.

Table S5. One-pot cyclisation/Suzuki/Heck reaction of **1c** with boronic acid derivatives

 1c	 + (1.5 equiv.)	$\frac{\text{Pd}_2\text{dba}_3 \text{ (10 mol\%)} \\ \text{P(o-tol)}_3 \text{ (20 mol\%)} \\ \text{Cs}_2\text{CO}_3 \text{ (6 equiv.)}, \\ 80^\circ\text{C, 2 h,}}{130^\circ\text{C, 5 h}}$	 3ca
Entry	Boronic acid derivative	Yield of 3ca [%]	
1		76 ^[a]	
2		63 ^[b]	
3		traces	

^[a] Isolated yield. ^[b] ¹H NMR yield; 3,4,5-trichloropyridine was used as internal standard.

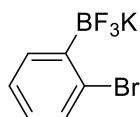
2-(2-Bromophenyl)-4,4,5,5-tetramethyl-1,3,2-dioxaborolane



The pinacol ester was synthesised from 2-bromophenylboronic acid using a literature procedure.^[12] The recorded spectral data were in agreement with previously reported values.^[13]

¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.64 – 7.60 (m, 1H), 7.56 – 7.51 (m, 1H), 7.30 – 7.21 (m, 2H), 1.38 (s, 12H); **¹³C NMR** (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 136.5, 132.7, 132.0, 128.1, 126.4, 84.4, 24.9, signal of a boron-bonded carbon was not found; **¹¹B NMR** (128 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 30.86.

Potassium (2-bromophenyl)trifluoroborate

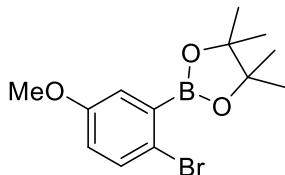


The trifluoroborate salt was synthesised from 2-bromophenylboronic acid using a literature procedure.^[14] The recorded spectral data were in agreement with previously reported values.^[15]

¹H NMR (400 MHz, CD₃OD) δ 7.59 – 7.51 (m, 1H), 7.41 – 7.35 (m, 1H), 7.17 – 7.10 (m, 1H), 7.04 – 6.96 (m, 1H); **¹³C NMR** (101 MHz, CD₃OD) δ 135.2 (q, J = 3.2 Hz), 132.9,

129.0, 128.8, 126.6, signal of a boron-bonded carbon was not found; **¹¹B NMR** (128 MHz, CD₃OD) δ 3.03 (q, *J* = 52.5 Hz); **¹⁹F NMR** (376 MHz, CD₃OD) δ -142.68 – -143.43 (m).

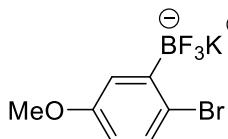
2-(2-Bromo-5-methoxyphenyl)-4,4,5,5-tetramethyl-1,3,2-dioxaborolane



The pinacol ester was synthesised from 2-bromophenylboronic acid using a literature procedure.^[12] The recorded spectral data were in agreement with previously reported values.^[16]

¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.41 (d, *J* = 8.7 Hz, 1H), 7.13 (d, *J* = 3.2 Hz, 1H), 6.80 (dd, *J* = 8.8, 3.2 Hz, 1H), 3.79 (s, 3H), 1.37 (s, 12H); **¹³C NMR** (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 158.2, 133.7, 121.2, 118.5, 118.2, 84.5, 55.6, 24.9, signal of a boron-bonded carbon was not found; **¹¹B NMR** (128 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 30.72; **MS** (APCI) *m/z* (%) 314.1 (96, M⁺), 313.1 (24), 312.1 (100, M⁺), 311.1 (15), 233.1 (36); **HRMS** (ESI) *m/z* calcd for C₁₃H₁₈O₃BBr 312.0527, found 312.0528.

Potassium (2-bromo-5-methoxyphenyl)trifluoroborate



The trifluoroborate salt was synthesised from 2-bromophenylboronic acid using a modified literature procedure,^[17] using dry THF instead of Et₂O.

¹H NMR (400 MHz, CD₃OD) δ 7.26 (d, *J* = 8.6 Hz, 1H), 7.12 (d, *J* = 3.3 Hz, 1H), 6.59 (dd, *J* = 8.6, 3.3 Hz, 1H), 3.74 (s, 3H); **¹³C NMR** (101 MHz, CD₃OD) δ 159.4, 133.6, 120.4 (q, *J* = 3.2 Hz), 119.3, 114.7, 55.6, signal of a boron-bonded carbon was not found; **¹¹B NMR** (128 MHz, CD₃OD) δ 3.03 (q, *J* = 52.8, 52.1 Hz); **MS** (ESI) *m/z* (%) 255.0 (99, M⁻), 254.0 (29), 253.0 (100, M⁻), 252.0 (23), 80.9 (11); **HRMS** (ESI) *m/z* calcd for C₇H₆OBBrF₃ 252.9653, found 252.9656.

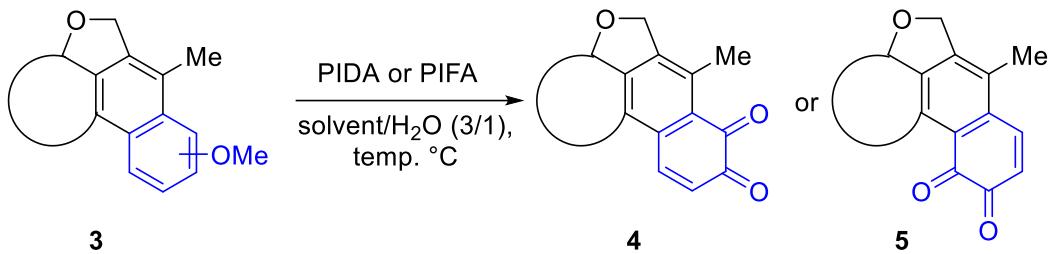
7. Synthesis of 1,2-naphthoquinones

*Table S6. Optimisation of the oxidation reaction of **3aa** (additional experiments, see Table 3 for the best results)*

Entry	Starting material	Oxidant (equiv.)	Additive (equiv.)	Solvent	Temp. [°C]	Time [min]	Yield ^[a] of product 4a [%]
1	3aa	CAN ^[b] (3)	KH ₂ PO ₄ (0.62)	MeCN/H ₂ O (4:1)	0 to rt	240	10
2	3aa	CAN (3)		Acetone	0	240	8
3	3aa	IBX ^[c] (2)	-	TFE/H ₂ O (1:1)	r.t.	1440	0 ^[d]
4	3aa	PIFA ^[e] (2)	-	TFE/H ₂ O (1:1)	0	1080	12
5	3aa	PIFA (2)	NaHCO ₃ (2)	TFE/H ₂ O (1:1)	0	120	22
6	3aa	PIFA (4)	NaHCO ₃ (4)	TFE/H ₂ O (1:1)	0	120	15
7	3aa	PIDA ^[f] (2)	NaHCO ₃ (2)	TFE/H ₂ O (1:1)	0	60	0 ^[g]
8	3aa	PIFA (2)	NaHCO ₃ (2)	HFIP/H ₂ O (1:1)	0	15	15
9	3aa	CAN (2)	NaHCO ₃ (2)	TFE/H ₂ O (1:1)	0	40	4
10	3aa	HTIB ^[h] (2)	NaHCO ₃ (2)	TFE/H ₂ O (1:1)	0	180	0 ^[i]
11	3aa	AgO (10)	HNO ₃ (excess)	Dioxane	rt	150	23 ^[j]
12	3aa	PIFA (2)	NaHCO ₃ (2)	MeNO ₂ /H ₂ O (2:1)	0 to rt	270	12
13	3aa	PIFA (2)	NaHCO ₃ (2)	MeOH/H ₂ O (1:1)	0 to rt	150	0 ^[g]
14	3aa	PIFA (2)	TFA (1)	TFE/H ₂ O (1:1)	0	20	17
15	3aa	PIFA (2)	BF ₃ ·Et ₂ O (2)	TFE/H ₂ O (5:1)	0	30	18
16	3aa	PhI(OPiv) ₂ (2)	BF ₃ ·Et ₂ O (3)	TFE/H ₂ O (3:1)	0	5	36
17	3aa	PIDA (2)	BF ₃ ·Et ₂ O (3)	TFE/H ₂ O (3:1)	0	5	34
18	3aa	HTIB (2)	BF ₃ ·Et ₂ O (3)	TFE/H ₂ O (3:1)	0	5	21
19	3aa	IBX (2)	BF ₃ ·Et ₂ O (3)	TFE/H ₂ O (3:1)	0	90	0 ^[g]
20	3aa	PhI(OPiv) ₂ (2)	BF ₃ ·Et ₂ O (6)	TFE/H ₂ O (3:1)	0	5	38

21	3aa	PhI(OPiv) ₂ (2)	BF ₃ ·Et ₂ O (6)	TFE/H ₂ O (3:1)	-35 to -15	15	33
22	3aa	PhI(OPiv) ₂ (2)	B(C ₆ F ₅) ₃ (6)	TFE/H ₂ O (3:1)	-15	15	9
23	3aa	PhI(OPiv) ₂ (2)	PTSA ^[k] (6)	TFE/H ₂ O (3:1)	-15	5	19
24	3aa	PhI(OPiv) ₂ (2)	TFA ^[l] (6) BF ₃ ·Et ₂ O (6)	TFE/H ₂ O (3:1)	-15 to 10	5	16
25	3aa	PhI(OPiv) ₂ (2)	H ₂ SO ₄ (10)	TFE/H ₂ O (3:1)	-15	5	82
26	3aa	PhI(OPiv) ₂ (2)	H ₂ SO ₄ (6)	MeCN/H ₂ O (4:1)	-15 to 0	30	82
27	3aa	PhI(OPiv) ₂ (1.2)	H ₂ SO ₄ (6)	TFE/H ₂ O (3:1)	-15	5	44
28	3aa	PhI(OPiv) ₂ (2)	H ₂ SO ₄ (6)	Acetone/H ₂ O (6:1)	-15 to 0	30	18
29	3aa	PIDA (2)	H ₂ SO ₄ (6)	HFIP/H ₂ O (3:1)	-15	30	41

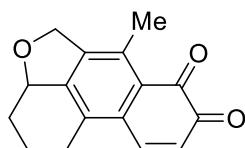
^[a] ¹H NMR yield; 3,4,5-trimethoxybenzaldehyde was used as internal standard. ^[b] CAN = ammonium cerium(IV) nitrate. ^[c] IBX = 2-iodoxybenzoic acid. ^[d] 92% of starting material remained unreacted. ^[e] PIFA = [bis(trifluoroacetoxy)iodo]benzene. ^[f] PIDA = (diacetoxido)benzene. ^[g] Starting material remained unreacted. ^[h] HTIB = [hydroxy(tosyloxy)iodo]benzene. ^[i] Starting material decomposed. ^[j] Product of nitration was formed. ^[k] PTS = p-toluenesulfonic acid. ^[l] TFA = Trifluoroacetic acid.



General procedure for the oxidation: Naphthalene **3** (0.3 mmol), bearing methoxy group was suspended in of 2,2,2-trifluoroethanol (TFE) or MeCN (1.8 mL) under argon atmosphere and cooled down to an indicated temperature. Sulphuric acid (1.8 mmol) preliminary mixed with water (0.6 mL) followed by of (diacetoxido)benzene (PIDA) or (bis(trifluoroacetoxy)iodo)benzene (PIFA) (0.6 mmol) were added to a mixture and kept with a vigorous stirring at indicated time and temperature. Upon completion, the reaction was quenched at 0 °C by the slow addition of saturated aqueous NaHCO₃ and the mixture extracted between water (15 mL) and EtOAc (2 × 15 mL). The combined organic

layers were dried over Na_2SO_4 , filtered and concentrated under reduced pressure. The crude product was purified by flash chromatography yielding desired 1,2-naphthoquinone **4** or **5**. Reaction and purification details are specified for each substrate below.

6-Methyl-2,3,3a,5-tetrahydro-1*H*-phenanthro[1,10-*bc*]furan-7,8-dione (4a)



Reaction time: 5 min; Reaction temperature: -15°C;

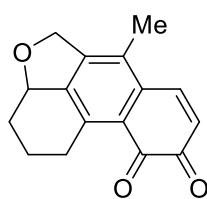
Column chromatography: (70/30) hexanes/EtOAc;

Yield: 84% (0.065 g); purple amorphous solid

Reagent	n [mmol]	m [mg]	V [mL]
TFE			1.8
Water			0.6
3aa	0.3	76	
PIDA	0.6	193	
H_2SO_4	1.8	176	

$^1\text{H NMR}$ (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 7.64 (d, $J = 10.3$ Hz, 1H), 6.40 (d, $J = 10.3$ Hz, 1H), 5.08–4.97 (m, 2H), 4.92–4.85 (m, 1H), 3.00 (dd, $J = 17.6$, 7.0 Hz, 1H), 2.68 (ddd, $J = 17.8$, 11.0, 7.0 Hz, 1H), 2.54 (s, 3H), 2.44–2.37 (m, 1H), 2.29–2.19 (m, 1H), 1.89–1.75 (m, 1H), 1.48 (dtd, $J = 14.2$, 11.4, 3.1 Hz, 1H); **$^{13}\text{C NMR}$** (101 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 181.7, 181.5, 147.6, 143.3, 141.7, 137.0, 133.3, 130.9, 130.5, 126.5, 80.7, 71.8, 28.6, 23.5, 20.6, 19.2; **IR** (KBr) ν_{max} 2941, 2872, 2815, 1718, 1682, 1658, 1452, 1296, 1045 cm^{-1} ; **MS** (ESI) m/z (%) 278.1 (18), 277.1 (100, $[\text{M}+\text{Na}]^+$), 255.1 (28, $[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$), 227.1 (3); **HRMS** (ESI) m/z calcd for $\text{C}_{16}\text{H}_{14}\text{O}_3\text{Na}$ 277.0835, found 277.0833.

6-Methyl-2,3,3a,5-tetrahydro-1*H*-phenanthro[1,10-*bc*]furan-9,10-dione (5a)



Reaction time: 40 min; Reaction temperature: -35°C → r.t (slowly warmed up);

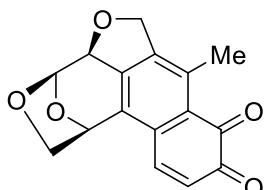
Column chromatography: (97/3) dichloromethane/diethyl ether;

Yield: 71% (0.055 g); bright orange amorphous solid

Reagent	n [mmol]	m [mg]	V [mL]
MeCN			1.8
Water			0.6
3ab	0.3	76	
PIDA	0.6	193	
H ₂ SO ₄	1.8	176	

¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.76 (d, *J* = 10.5 Hz, 1H), 6.39 (d, *J* = 10.4 Hz, 1H), 5.06–4.94 (m, 2H), 4.92–4.83 (m, 1H), 3.37 (dd, *J* = 20.3, 6.8 Hz, 1H), 2.92 (ddd, *J* = 19.5, 11.1, 7.1 Hz, 1H), 2.41–2.28 (m, 1H), 2.35 (s, 3H), 2.24–2.11 (m, 1H), 1.80–1.66 (m, 1H), 1.44 (dtd, *J* = 14.1, 11.3, 3.1 Hz, 1H); **¹³C NMR** (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 181.2, 181.0, 146.6, 144.4, 142.2, 138.9, 134.2, 129.3, 129.0, 126.3, 80.8, 71.8, 28.7, 27.3, 20.7, 15.5; **IR** (KBr) ν_{max} 3554, 3479, 3419, 2956, 2935, 2845, 1682, 1658, 1622, 1577, 1287 cm⁻¹; **MS** (ESI) *m/z* (%) 278.1 (17), 277.1 (100, [M+Na]⁺), 255.1 (16, [M+H]⁺); **HRMS** (ESI) *m/z* calcd for C₁₆H₁₄O₃Na 277.0835, found 277.0836.

(1*S*,4*R*,4a*S*)-7-Methyl-1,2,4a,6-tetrahydro-4*H*-1,4-epoxybenzo[*f*]oxepino[3,4,5-*cd*]-isobenzofuran-8,9-dione (4b)



Reaction time: 20 min; Reaction temperature: -15°C → r.t. (placed at r.t. after 5 minutes);

Column chromatography: (96/4) dichloromethane/diethyl ether;

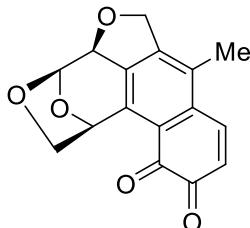
Yield: 52% (0.033 g); bright orange amorphous solid

Reagent	n [mmol]	m [mg]	V [mL]
TFE			1.35
Water			0.45
3ba	0.22	62	
PIFA	0.44	190	
H ₂ SO ₄	1.32	130	

¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.49 (d, *J* = 10.2 Hz, 1H), 6.47 (d, *J* = 10.2 Hz, 1H), 5.97–5.95 (m, 1H), 5.73 (d, *J* = 3.8 Hz, 1H), 5.19–5.15 (m, 1H), 5.10 (dd, *J* = 13.0, 3.0 Hz,

1H), 5.03 (dd, J = 13.0, 1.8 Hz, 1H), 4.09 (dd, J = 6.9, 3.9 Hz, 1H), 3.72 (d, J = 7.1 Hz, 1H), 2.57 (s, 3H); **^{13}C NMR** (101 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 181.0, 181.0, 145.1, 144.1, 140.0, 139.7, 131.9, 130.9, 129.4, 127.8, 101.2, 82.0, 76.5, 72.8, 71.9, 19.6; **IR** (KBr) ν_{max} 2920, 2860, 1670, 1293, 1141, 1060, 964 cm^{-1} ; **MS** (ESI) m/z (%) 308.0 (20), 307.0 (100, $[\text{M}+\text{Na}]^+$), 285.0 (22, $[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$), 239.0 (5); **HRMS** (ESI) m/z calcd for $\text{C}_{16}\text{H}_{12}\text{O}_5\text{Na}$ 307.0577, found 307.0576; **Specific rotation** $[\alpha]_D = -241.5^\circ$ (c 1, CHCl_3).

(1*S*,4*R*,4*aS*)-7-Methyl-1,2,4*a*,6-tetrahydro-4*H*-1,4-epoxybenzo[*f*]oxepino[3,4,5-*cd*]-isobenzofuran-10,11-dione (5b)



Reaction time: 40 min; Reaction temperature: $-15^\circ\text{C} \rightarrow 5^\circ\text{C}$ (slowly warmed up);

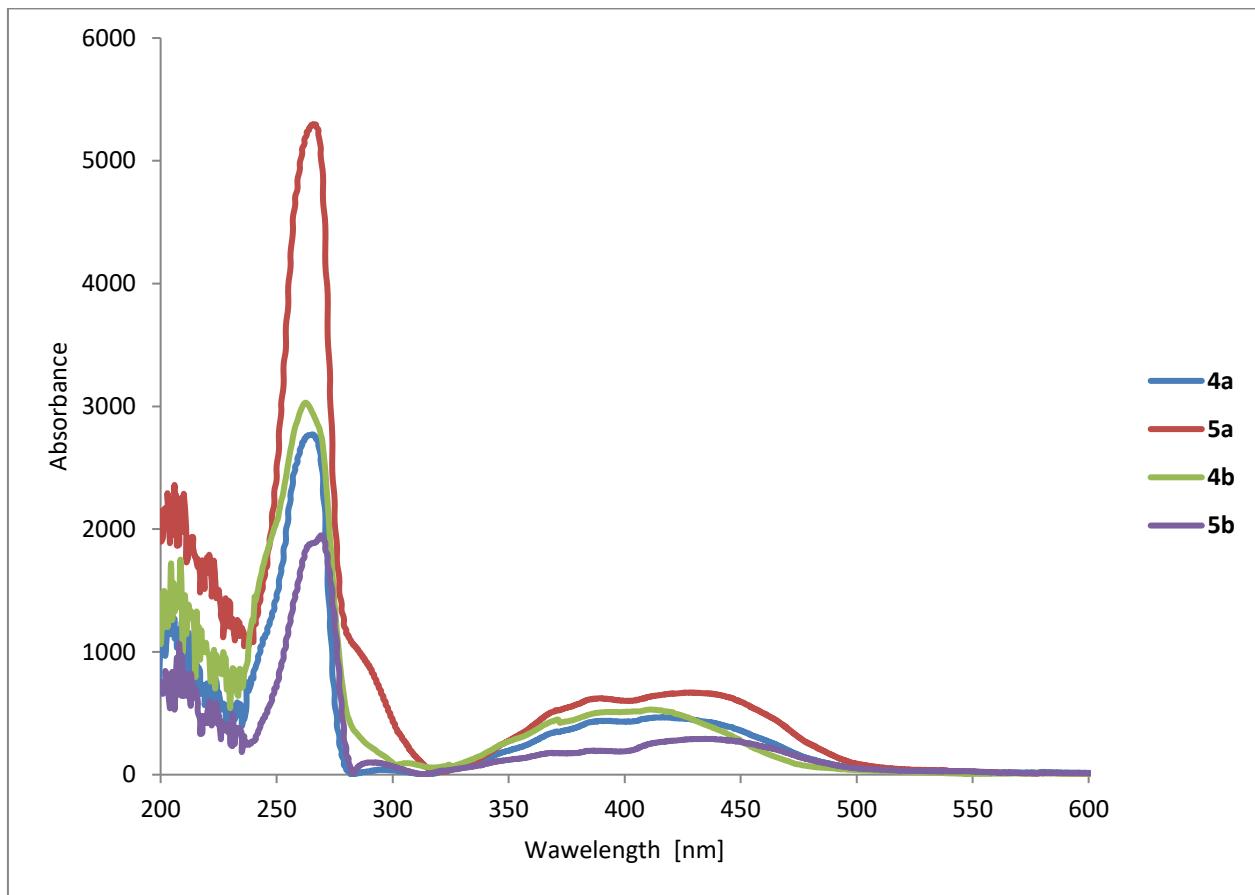
Column chromatography: (40/60) hexanes/EtOAc;

Yield – 24% (0.011 g); bright orange amorphous solid

Reagent	n [mmol]	m [mg]	V [mL]
TFE			1.0
Water			0.2
3bb	0.161	46	
PIFA	0.323	139	
H_2SO_4	0.966	95	

^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 7.75 (d, J = 10.5 Hz, 1H), 6.43 (d, J = 10.5 Hz, 1H), 6.33 (d, J = 4.1 Hz, 1H), 5.93–5.91 (m, 1H), 5.19–5.14 (m, 1H), 5.07 (dd, J = 13.5, 3.1 Hz, 1H), 4.99 (dd, J = 13.4, 1.6 Hz, 1H), 4.16 (dd, J = 7.3, 4.1 Hz, 1H), 3.67 (d, J = 7.4 Hz, 1H), 2.37 (s, 3H); **^{13}C NMR** (101 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 181.5, 180.6, 148.7, 141.7, 140.8, 138.1, 134.3, 131.7, 126.7, 126.2, 100.5, 81.8, 76.7, 73.9, 72.8, 15.7; **IR** (KBr) ν_{max} 2950, 2920, 2890, 2842, 1667, 1302, 1272, 1165, 1132, 1087, 1051, 1006, 964 cm^{-1} ; **MS** (ESI) m/z (%) 308.1 (18), 307.1 (100, $[\text{M}+\text{Na}]^+$), 285.1 (19, $[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$); **HRMS** (APCI) m/z calcd for $\text{C}_{16}\text{H}_{13}\text{O}_5$ 285.0758, found 285.0755; **Specific rotation** $[\alpha]_D = +916.7^\circ$ (c 0.4, CHCl_3).

8. UV/Vis spectroscopy data



UV/Vis spectroscopy data for 1,2-naphthoquinones **4a**, **5a**, **4b**, **5b**

Concentration: 1×10^{-5} M in CHCl_3

4a: $\lambda_{\max} = 265.5$ nm

5a: $\lambda_{\max} = 266.5$ nm

4b: $\lambda_{\max} = 262.5$ nm

5b: $\lambda_{\max} = 269.5$ nm

9. X-ray structure data for compound **5a**

Crystallographic data for naphthoquinone **5a** (Figure 1) were collected on Bruker D8 VENTURE Kappa Duo PHOTONIII by $1\mu\text{S}$ micro-focus sealed tube CuK α radiation ($\lambda = 1.54178 \text{ \AA}$). The measurement was performed at low temperature at 150K. The structure was solved by direct methods (SHELXT 2014/5)^[18] and refined by full matrix least squares based on F^2 (SHELXL2018/1).^[19] The hydrogen atoms on carbon were fixed into idealised positions (riding model) and assigned temperature factors either $H_{\text{iso}}(\text{H}) = 1.2 U_{\text{eq}}$ (pivot atom) or $H_{\text{iso}}(\text{H}) = 1.5 U_{\text{eq}}$ (pivot atom) for methyl moiety. The position of molecule **5a** on the mirror of space group *Pnma* is causing a disorder of several atoms.

Crystal data for **5a**: $\text{C}_{17}\text{H}_{14}\text{Cl}_3\text{O}_3$, $M_r = 372.63$; Orthorhombic, *Pnma* (No.62), $a = 21.5473 (6) \text{ \AA}$, $b = 6.9275 (2) \text{ \AA}$, $c = 10.8993 (3) \text{ \AA}$, $V = 1626.93 (8) \text{ \AA}^3$, $Z = 4$, $D_x = 1.521 \text{ Mg m}^{-3}$, orange-red bar of dimensions $0.39 \times 0.17 \times 0.15 \text{ mm}$, multi-scan absorption correction ($\mu = 5.21 \text{ mm}^{-1}$), $T_{\min} = 0.32$, $T_{\max} = 0.51$; a 26286 total of measured reflections ($\theta_{\max} = 72.3^\circ$), from which 1738 were unique ($R_{\text{int}} = 0.029$) and 1696 observed according to the $I > 2\sigma(I)$ criterion. The refinement converged ($\Delta/\sigma_{\text{max}} = 0.001$) to $R = 0.049$ for observed reflections and $wR(F^2) = 0.135$, $GOF = 1.17$ for 149 parameters and all 1738 reflections. The final difference Fourier map displayed no peaks of chemical significance ($\Delta\rho_{\text{max}} = 0.37 \text{ e.\AA}^{-3}$, $\Delta\rho_{\text{min}} = -0.31 \text{ e.\AA}^{-3}$).

Crystallographic data have been deposited with Cambridge Crystallographic Data Centre: CCDC number: 1985309. Copies of the data can be obtained free of charge via <https://www.ccdc.cam.ac.uk/structures/> (or from the Cambridge Crystallographic Data Centre, 12, Union Road, Cambridge, CB2 1EZ, UK; Fax: +44 1223 336033; e-mail: deposit@ccdc.cam.ac.uk).

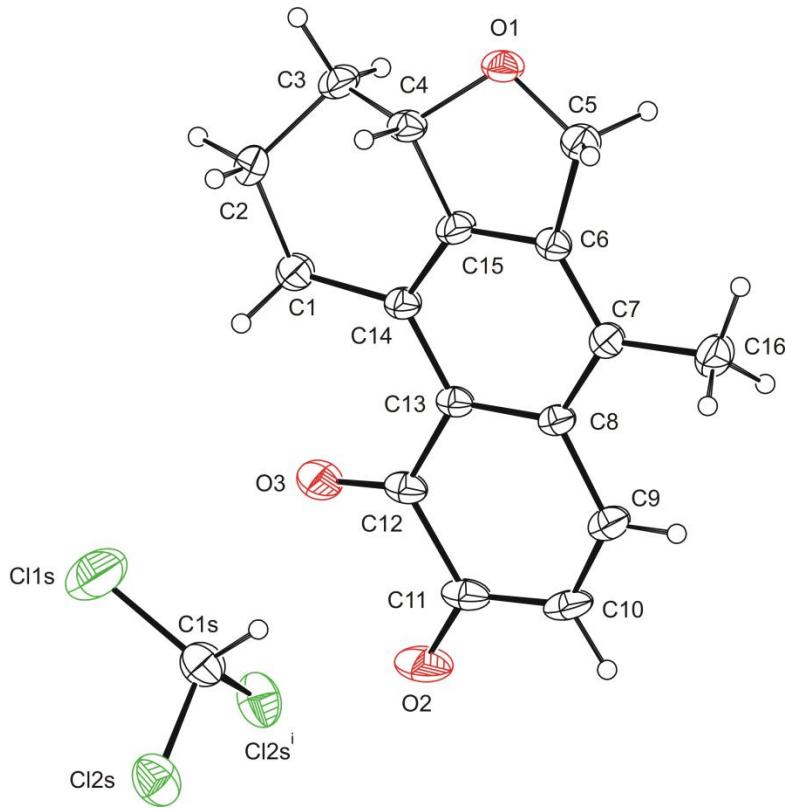


Figure 1. Platon plot of the molecular structure of **5a** showing the atom-labelling scheme, the displacement ellipsoids are drawn at 30% probability level.
Symmetry code: (i) $x, -y+1/2, z$. The disordered atoms are omitted for clarity.

10. Cytotoxicity screening

Cell lines:

CCRF-CEM - human T-lymphoblastic leukemia (suspension)

HL-60 - human promyelocytic leukemia (suspension)

HeLa - human cervical carcinoma (adherent)

HepG2 - human hepatocellular carcinoma (adherent)

NHDF - human normal dermal fibroblasts (adherent)

Results:

	CEM				HL60				HeLa			
	% of ctrl*	SD	IC ₅₀ **	SD	% of ctrl	SD	IC ₅₀	SD	% of ctrl	SD	IC ₅₀	SD
3ba	97	1	n.d.		96	8	n.d.		89	5	n.d.	
4b	4	0	1.80	0.09	14	3	4.65	0.06	24	5	4.32	0.15
5a	4	1	1.54	0.04	2	1	3.79	0.02	11	4	5.33	0.09
4a	3	1	1.66	0.03	4	2	4.38	0.11	39	7	6.28	0.24

	HepG2				NHDF			
	% of ctrl	SD	IC ₅₀	SD	% of ctrl	SD	IC ₅₀	SD
3ba	96	7	n.d.		91	7	n.d.	
4b	61	9	n.d.		6	2	1.97	0.08
5a	64	4	n.d.		15	3	2.82	0.28
4a	82	4	n.d.		7	2	3.06	0.49

*percentage of viability of compound-treated cells (10 µM) vs. untreated cells

**only compounds with >50% decrease in cell viability in the 10 µM screening test were subjected to IC₅₀ determination, values are in µmol/L

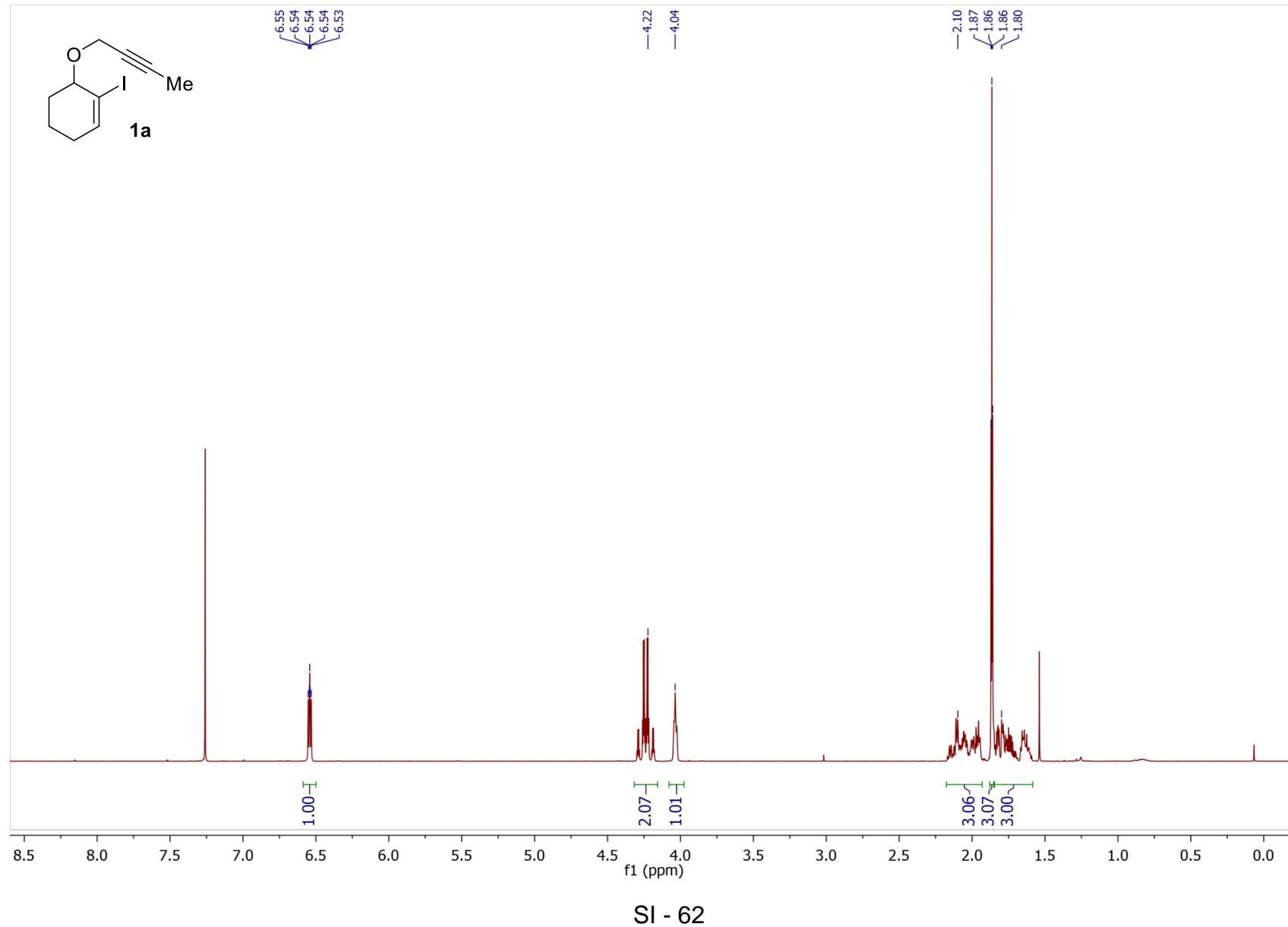
Method:

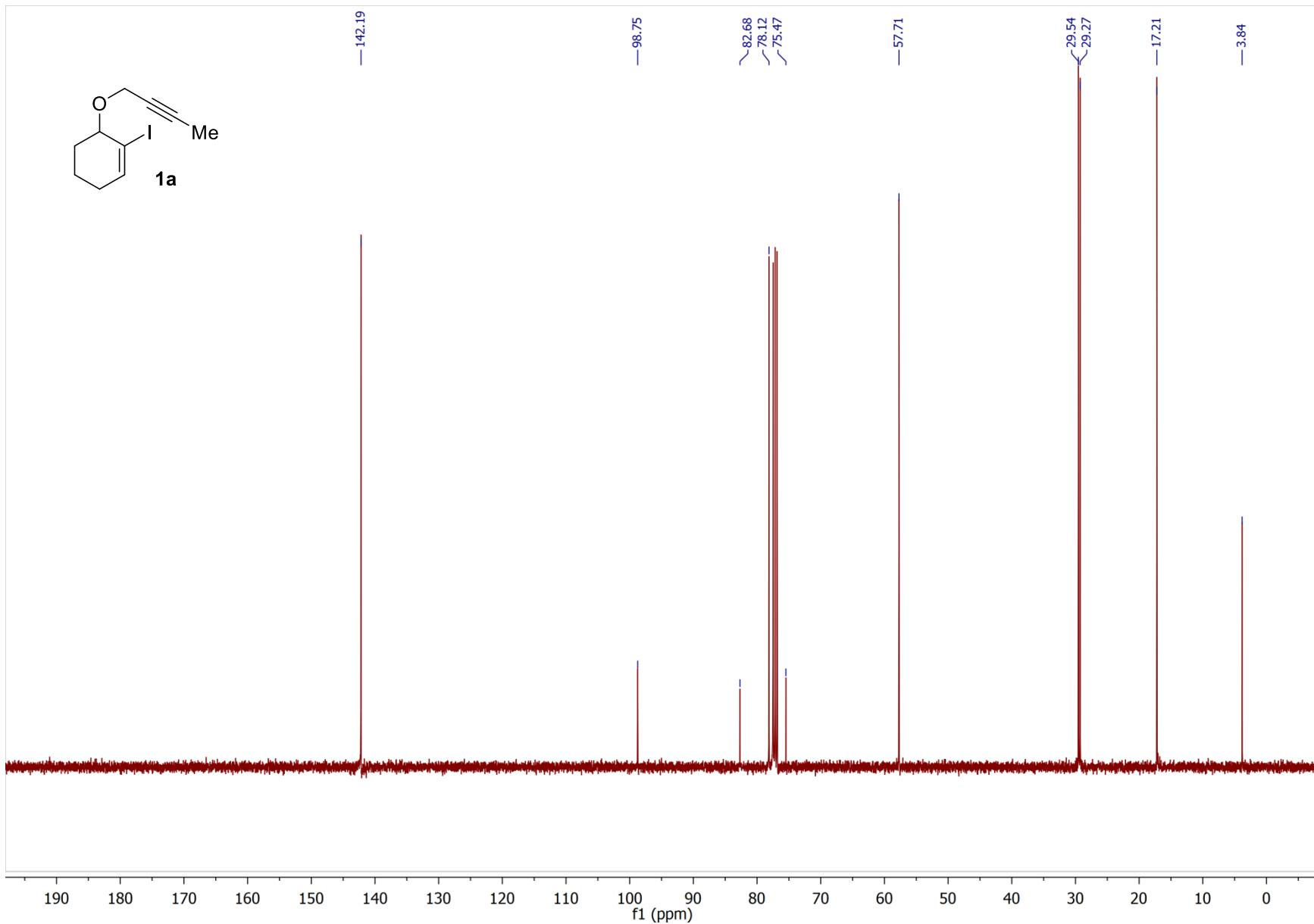
Cytotoxicity of compounds **3ba**, **4a**, **4b** and **5a** was evaluated in four cancer cell lines (CCRF-CEM, HepG2, Hela S3, HL-60) and non-tumour human dermal fibroblasts (NHDF). All cell lines were from ATCC (Manassas, VA, USA). The cells were maintained in RPMI-1640 or DMEM culture medium containing 10% FBS and 1% GlutaMax without antibiotics. Cells were seeded in 384-well white plates (Thermo Fisher Scientific, Waltham, USA) at a concentration between 2,000 – 50,000 cells per well and left to rest overnight. The next day, indicated concentrations of the test compounds were added, the cells were incubated at 37 °C, 5% CO₂ for 72 h after which CellTiter-Glo® 2.0 detection reagent (Promega, Madison, USA) was added. The plate was left on a shaker (350 rpm) for 20 min at room temperature. Luminescence was measured by a multimode plate reader. The signal of the compound-treated cells was related to the value of untreated control which was arbitrarily set to 100% viability. IC₅₀ values were calculated from dose-response curves using non-linear regression method using GraphPad Prism software.

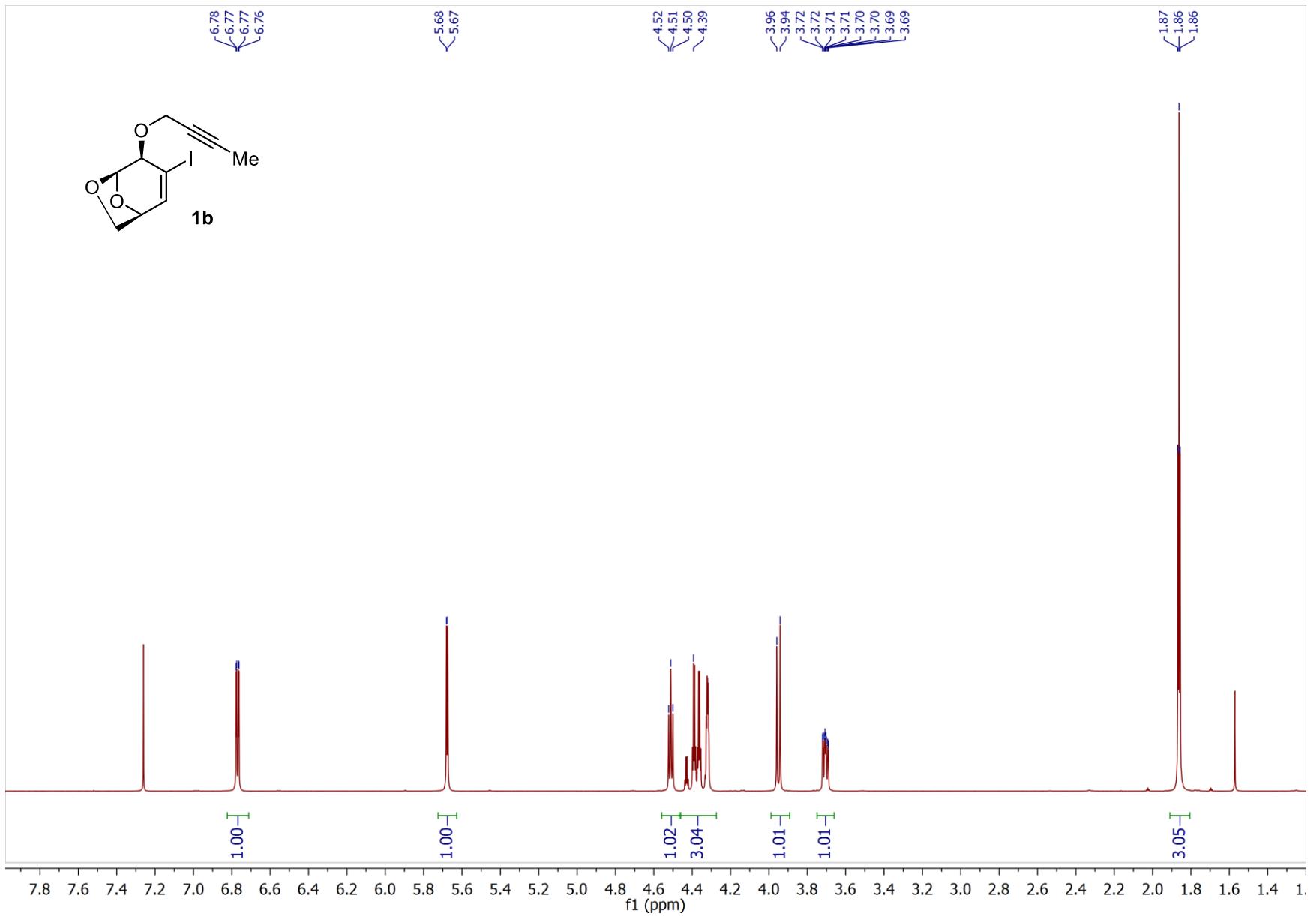
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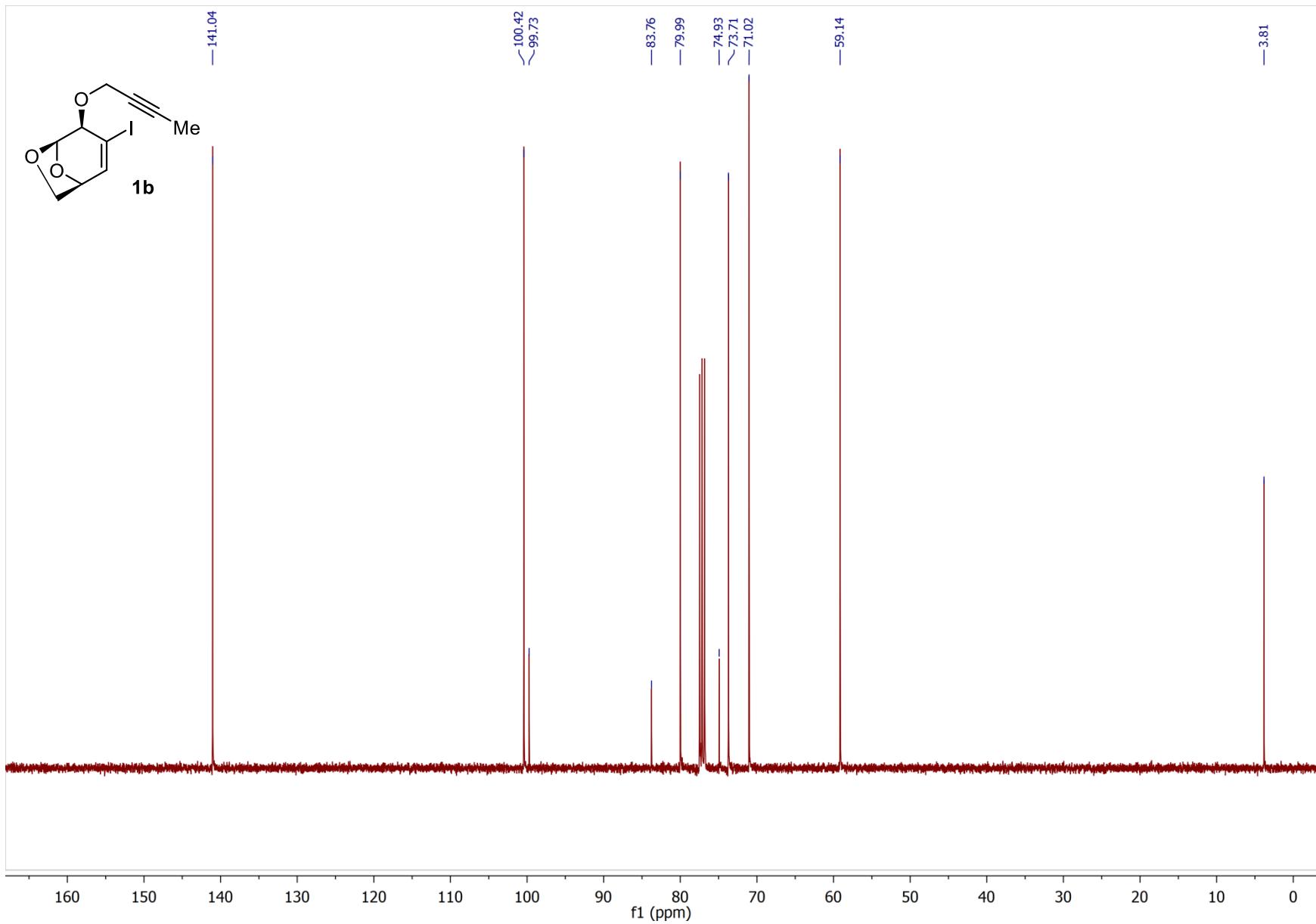
12. Copies of ^1H and ^{13}C NMR spectra

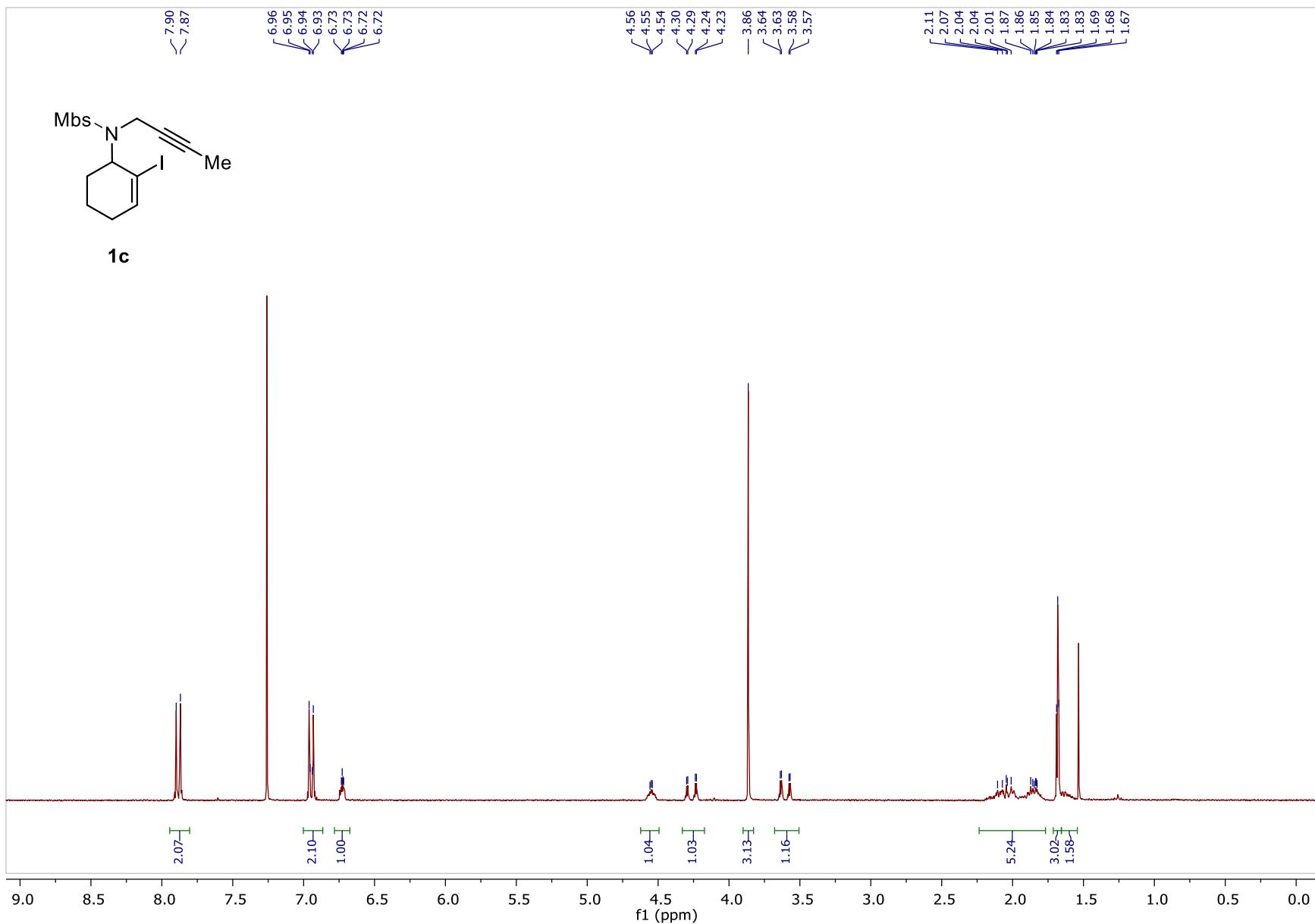


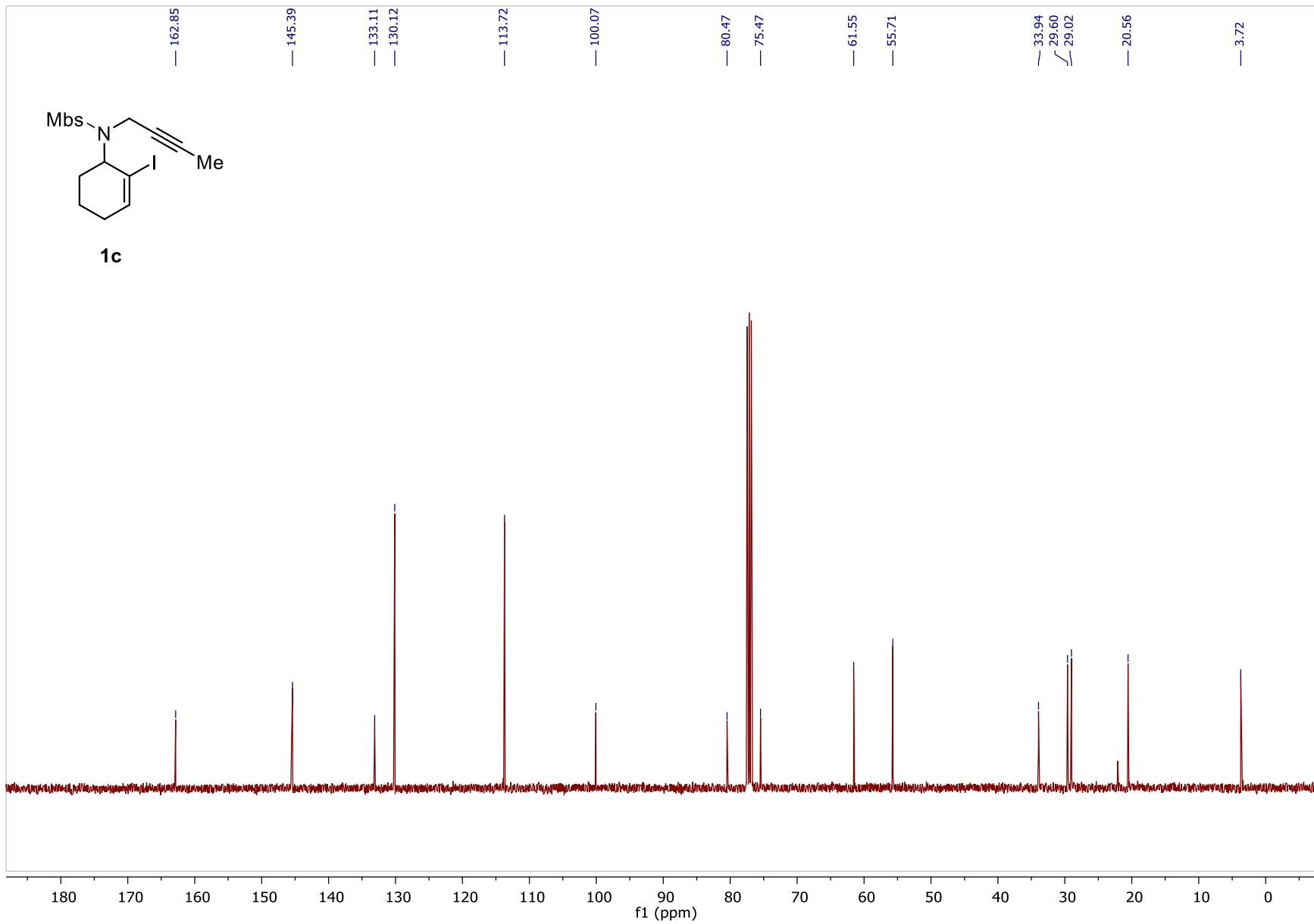


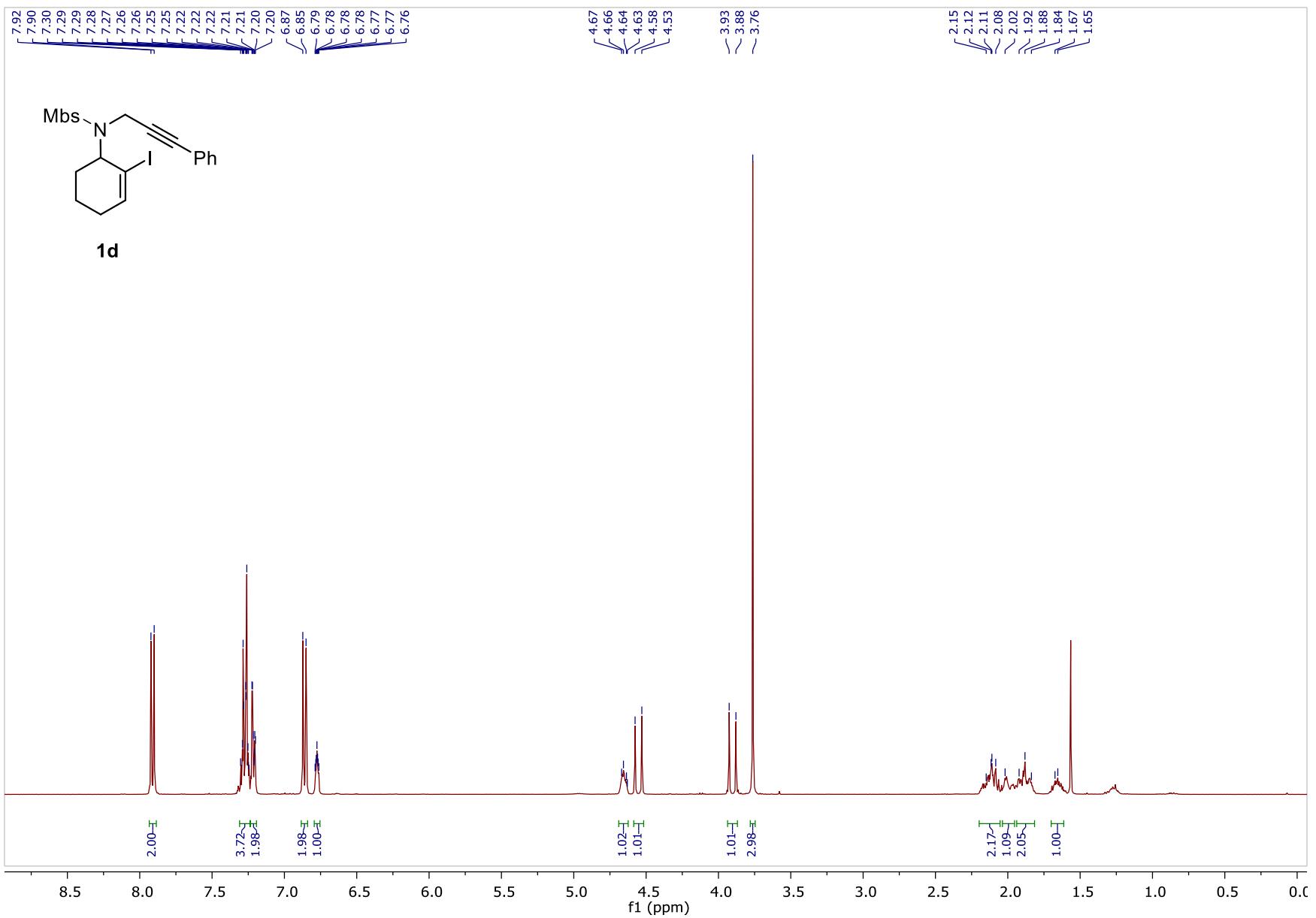


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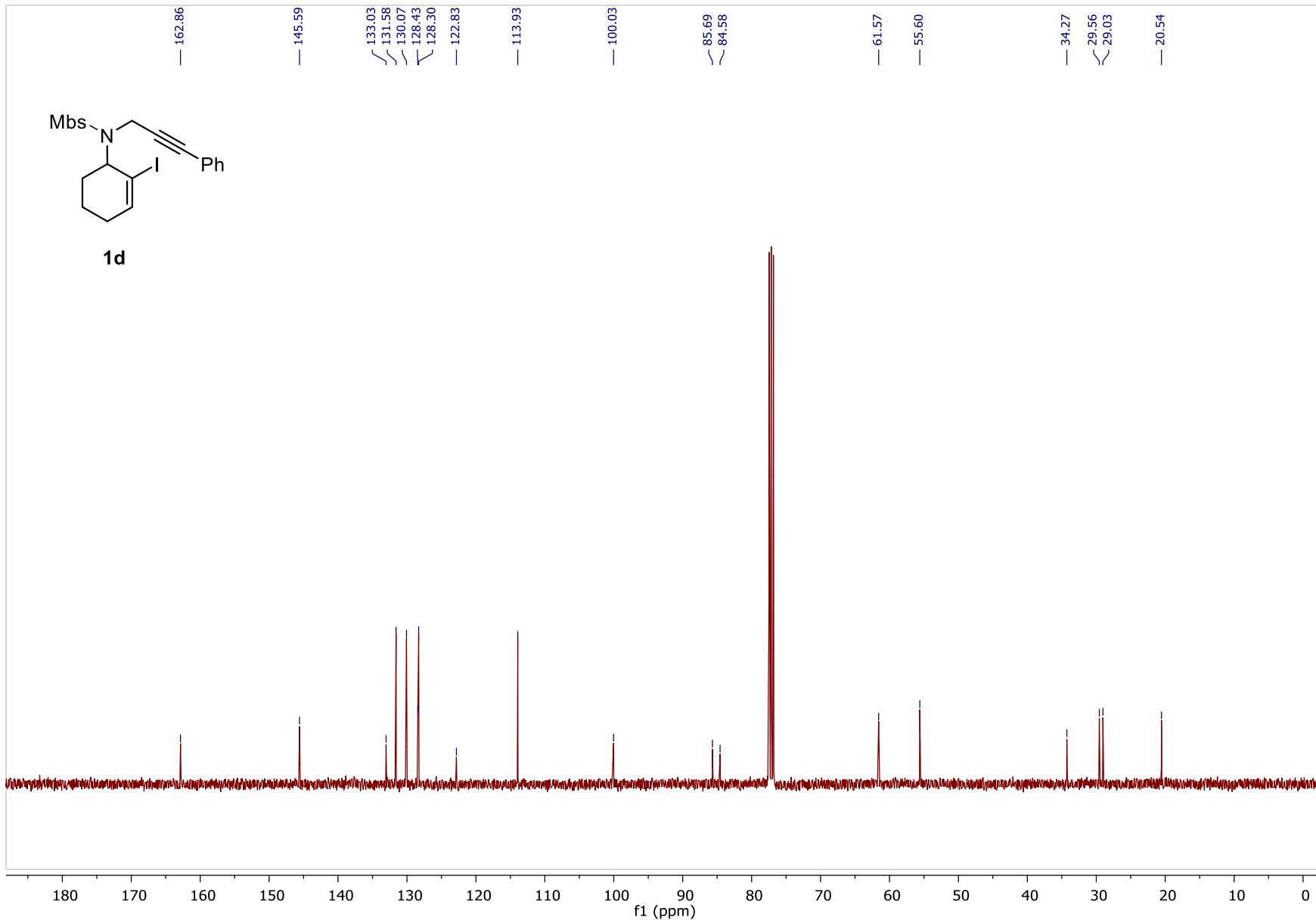




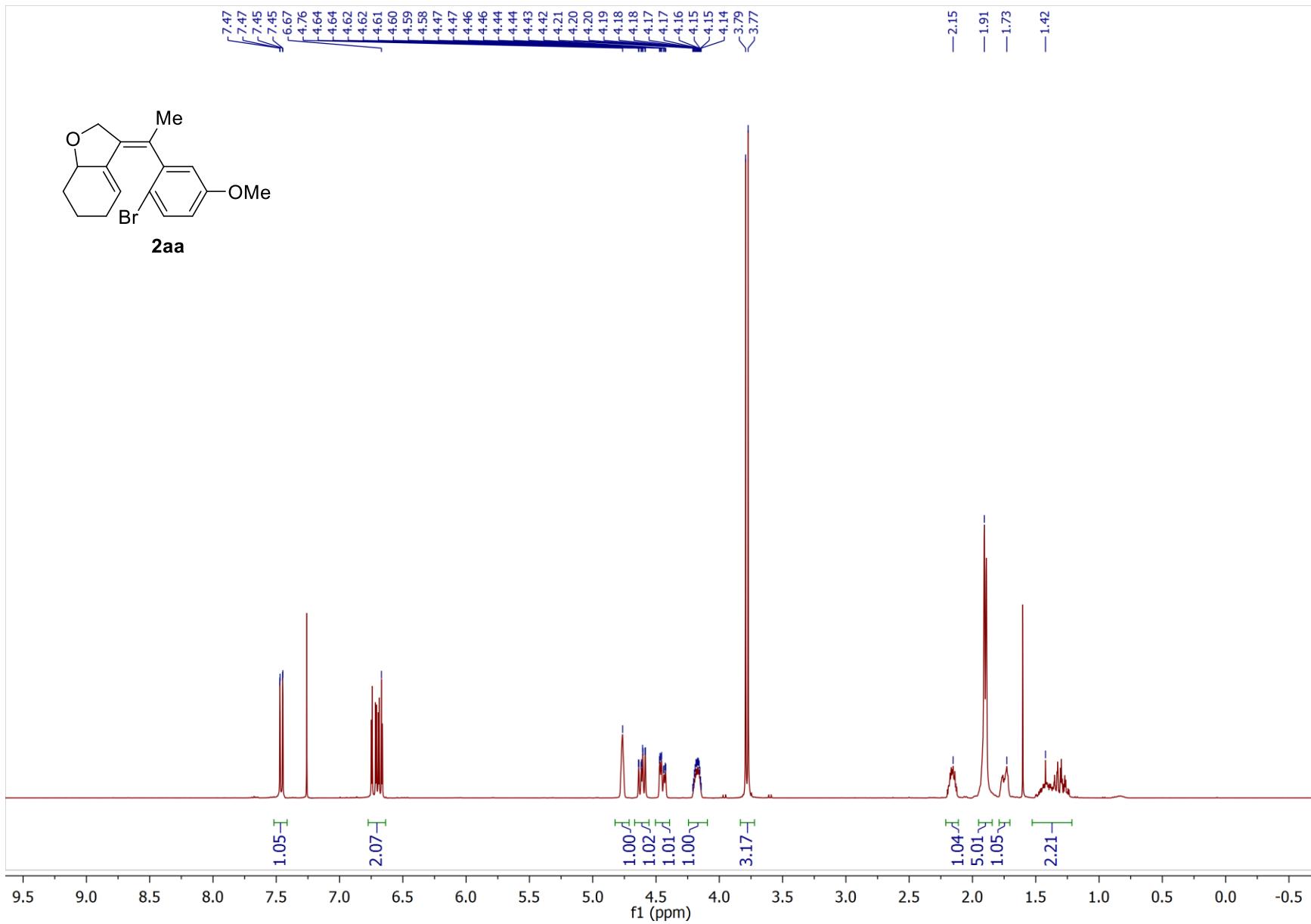




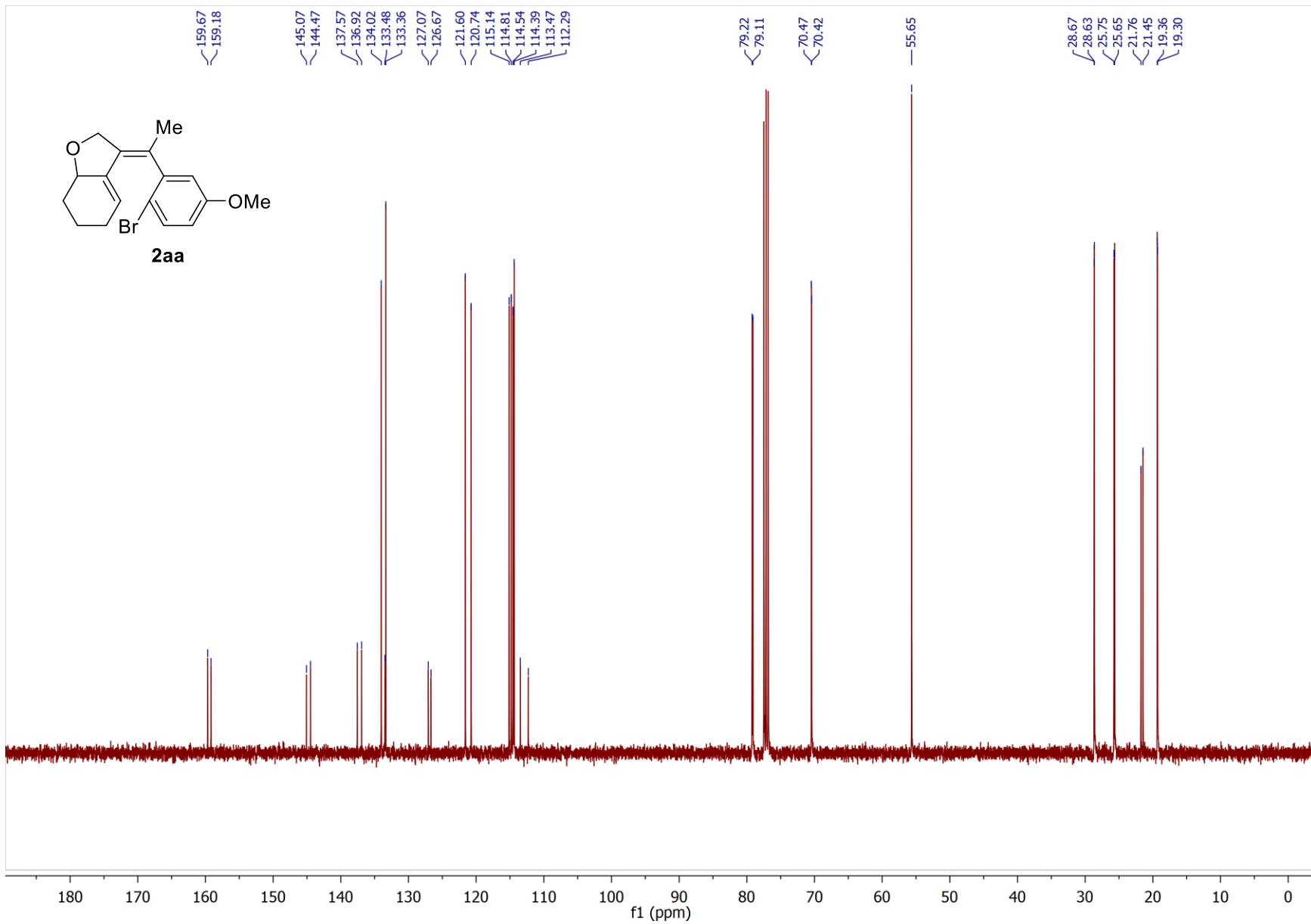
SI - 68

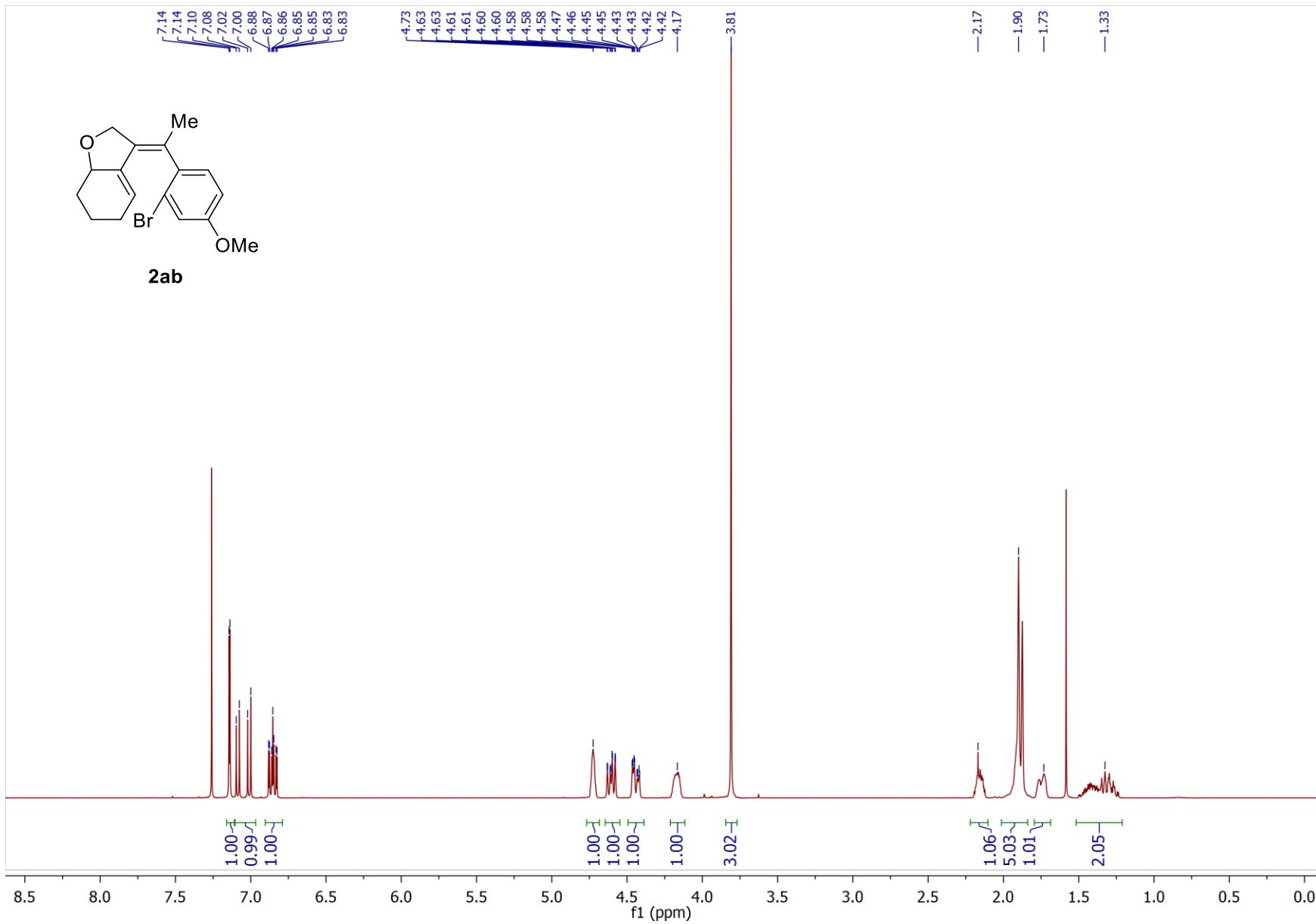


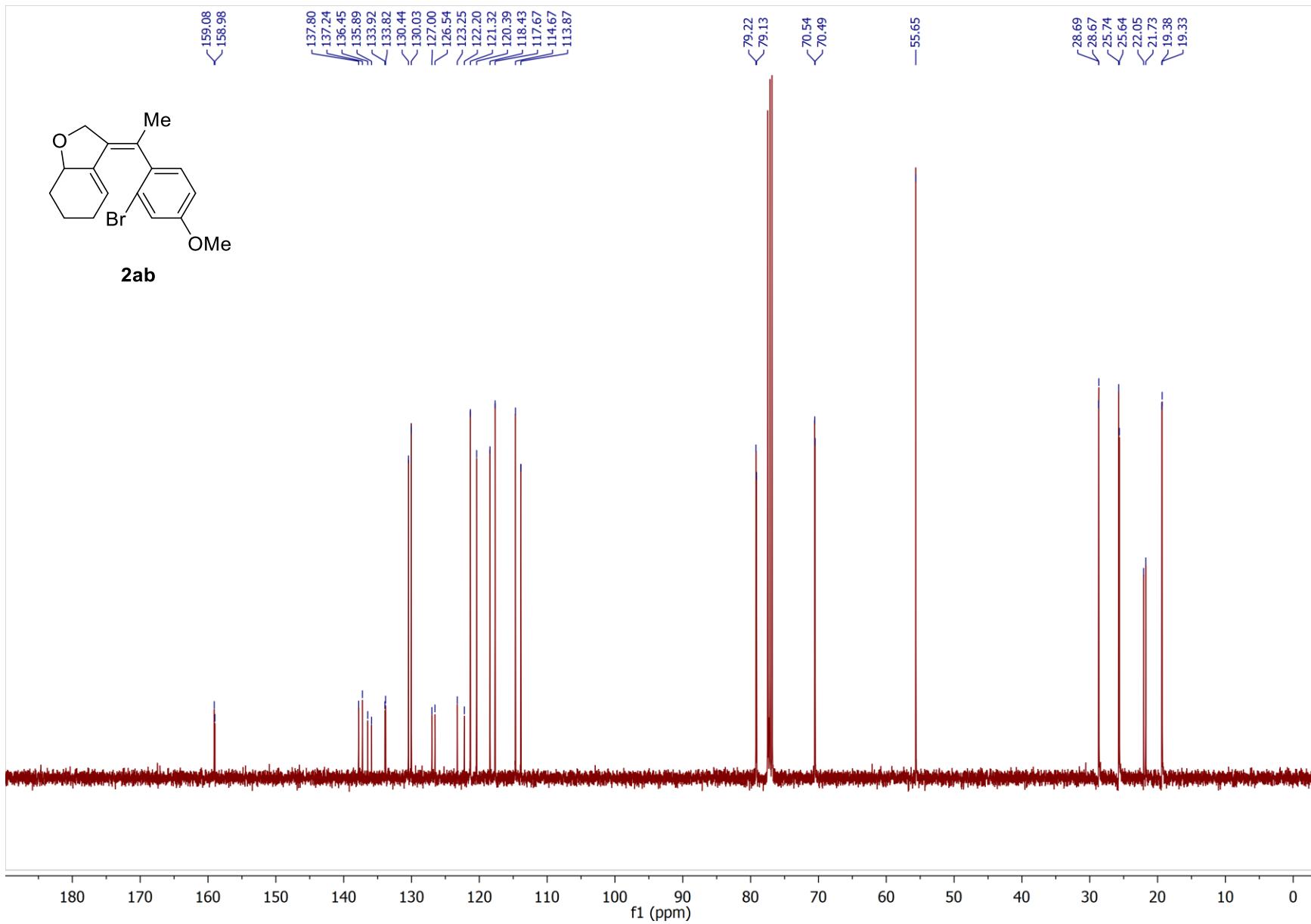
SI - 69

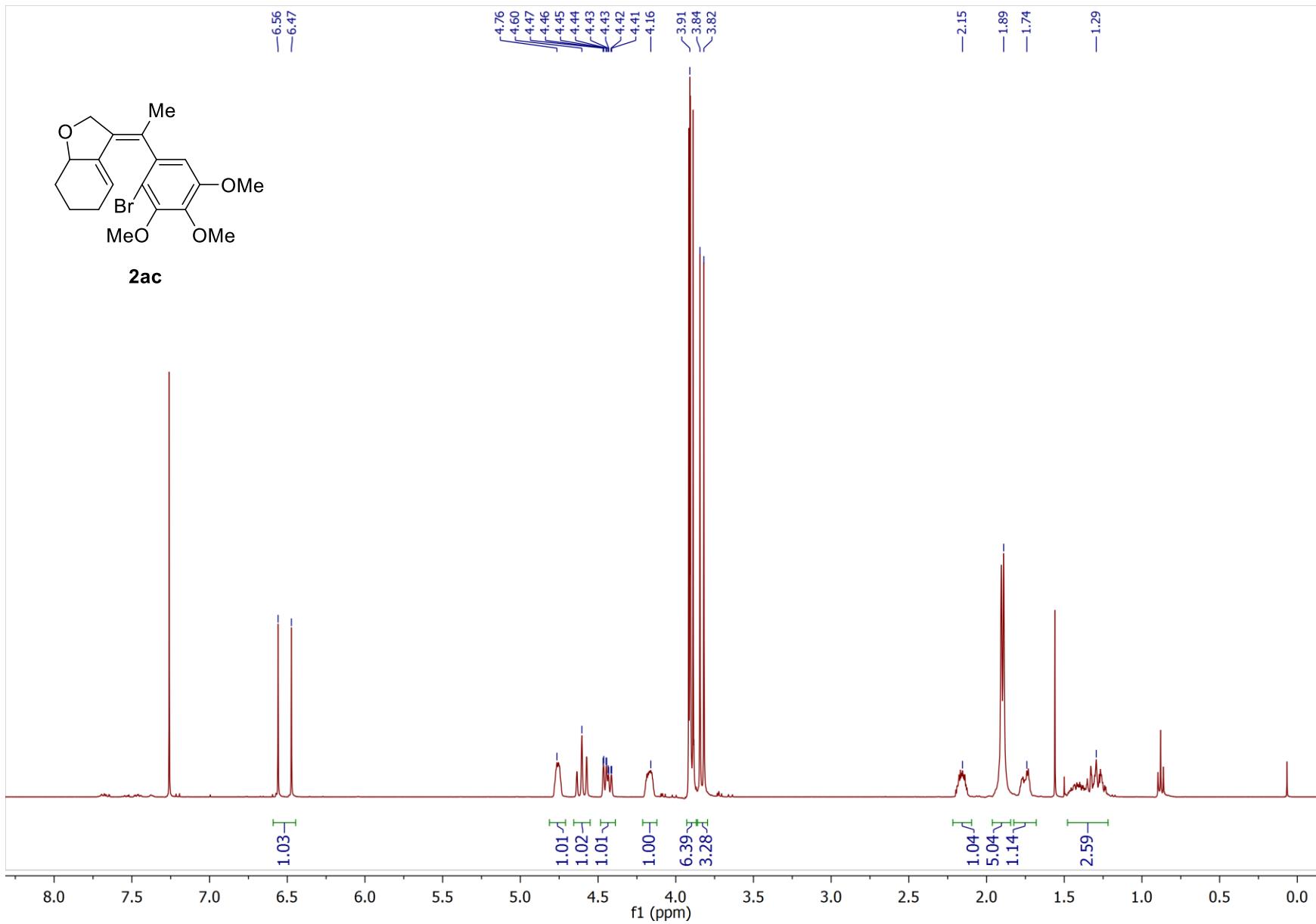


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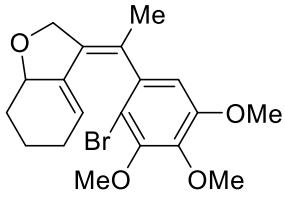




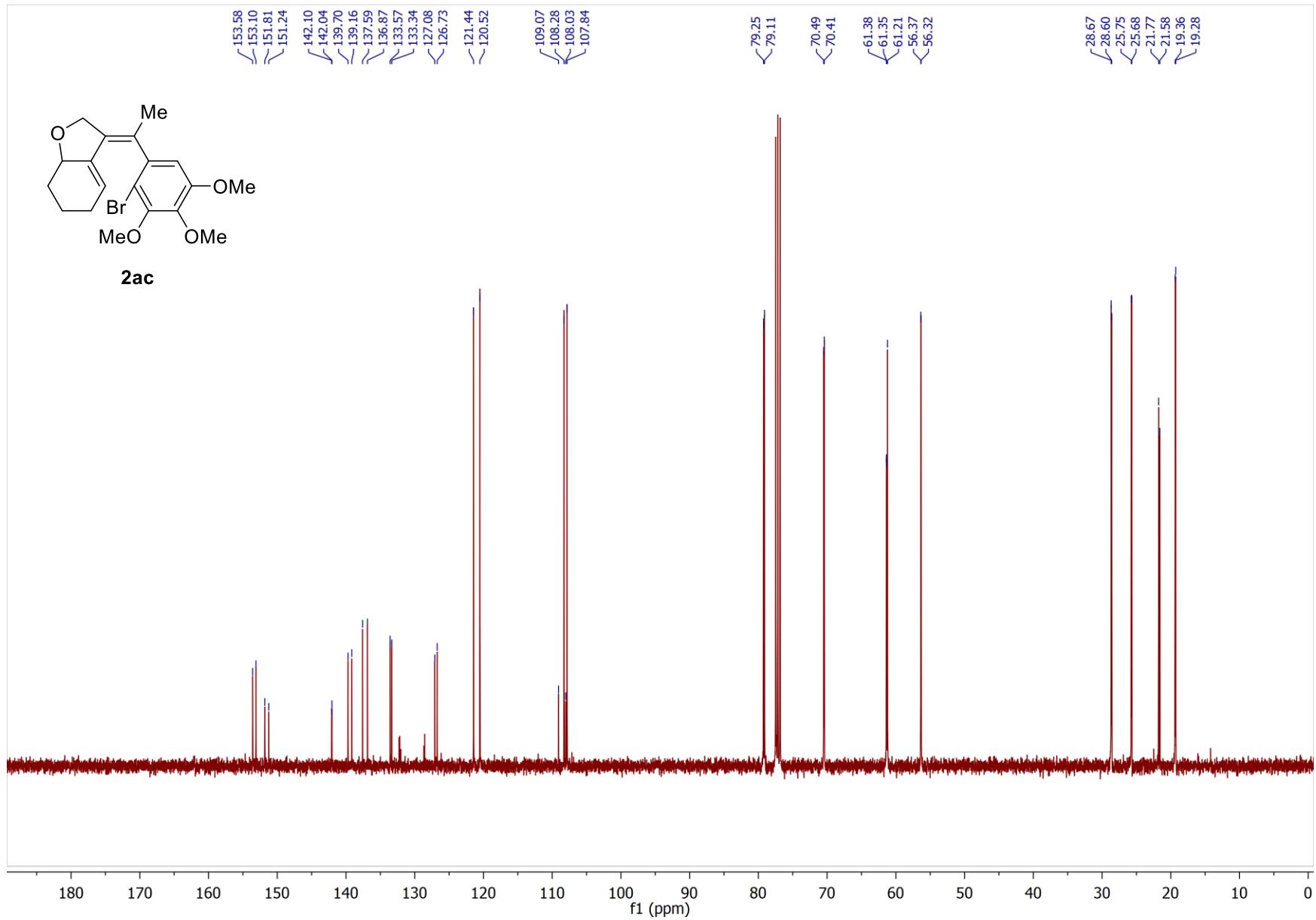


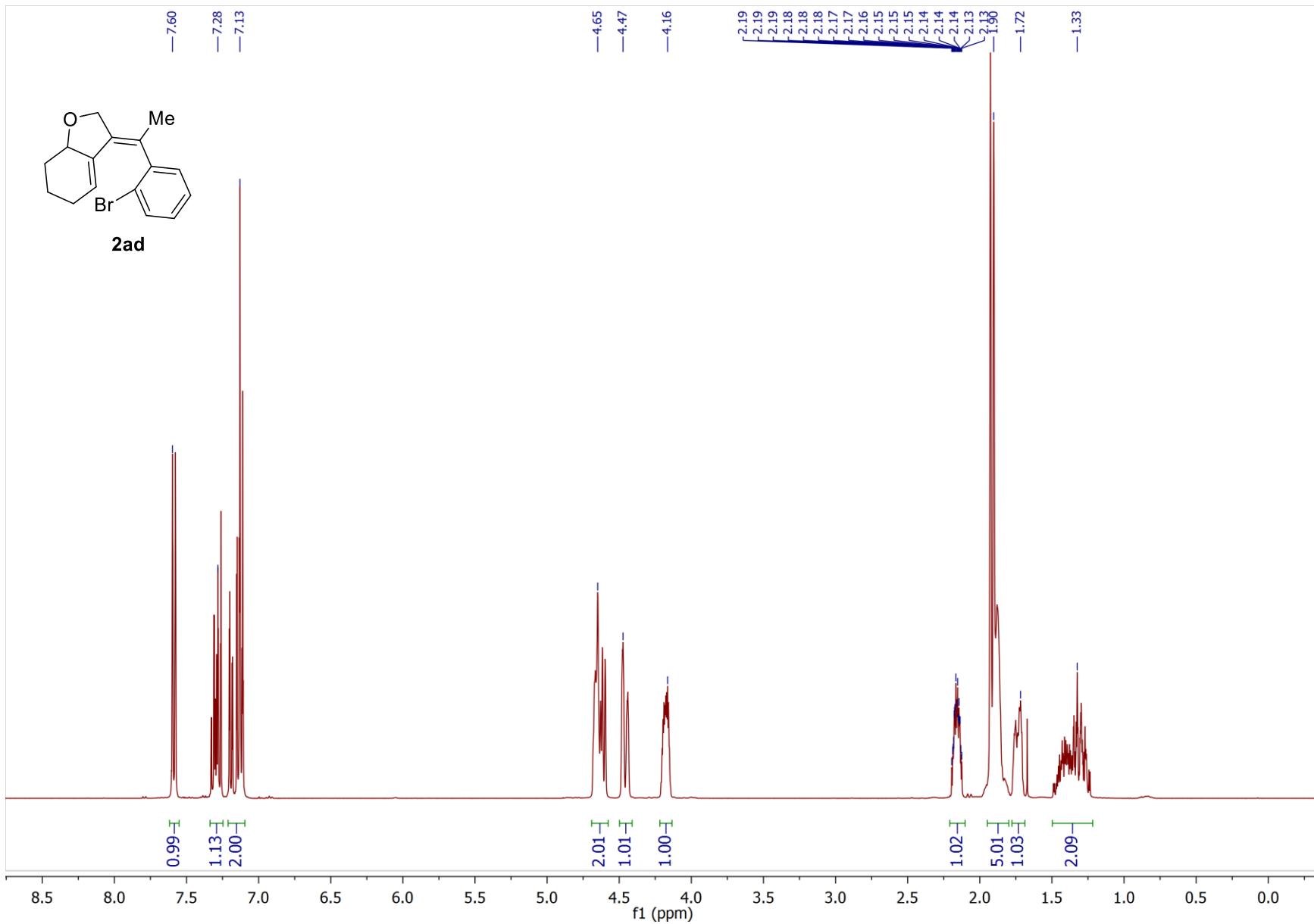


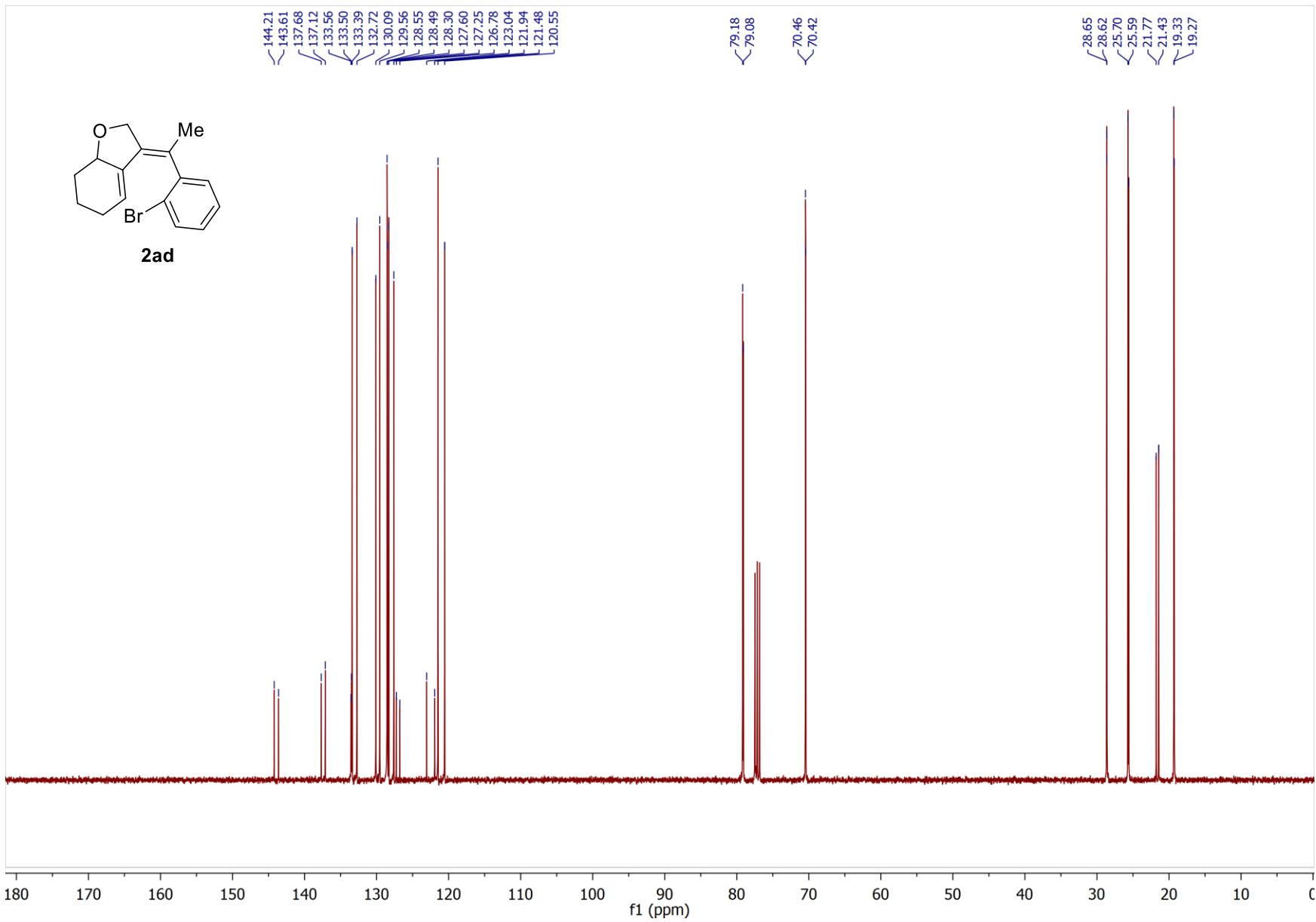
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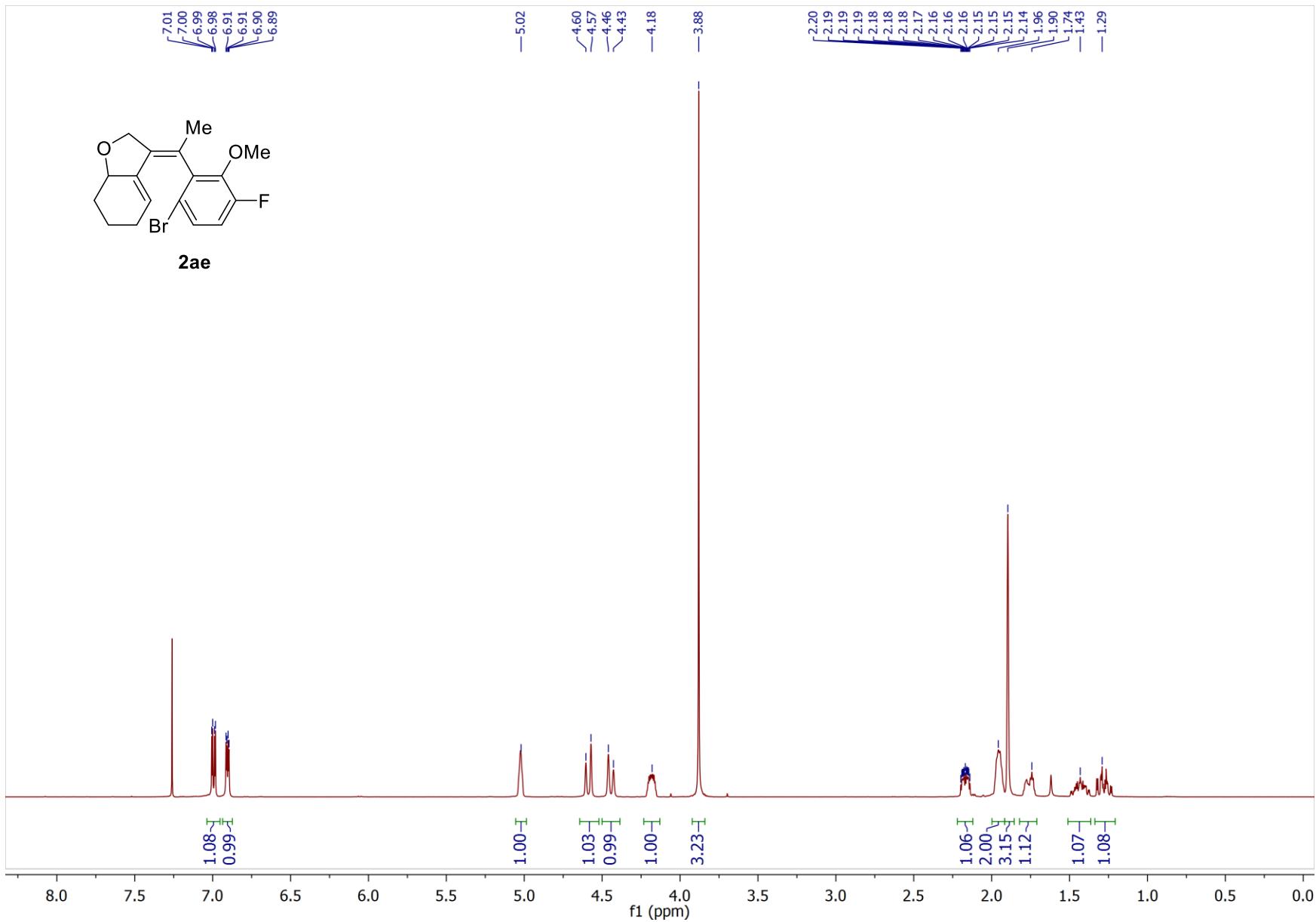


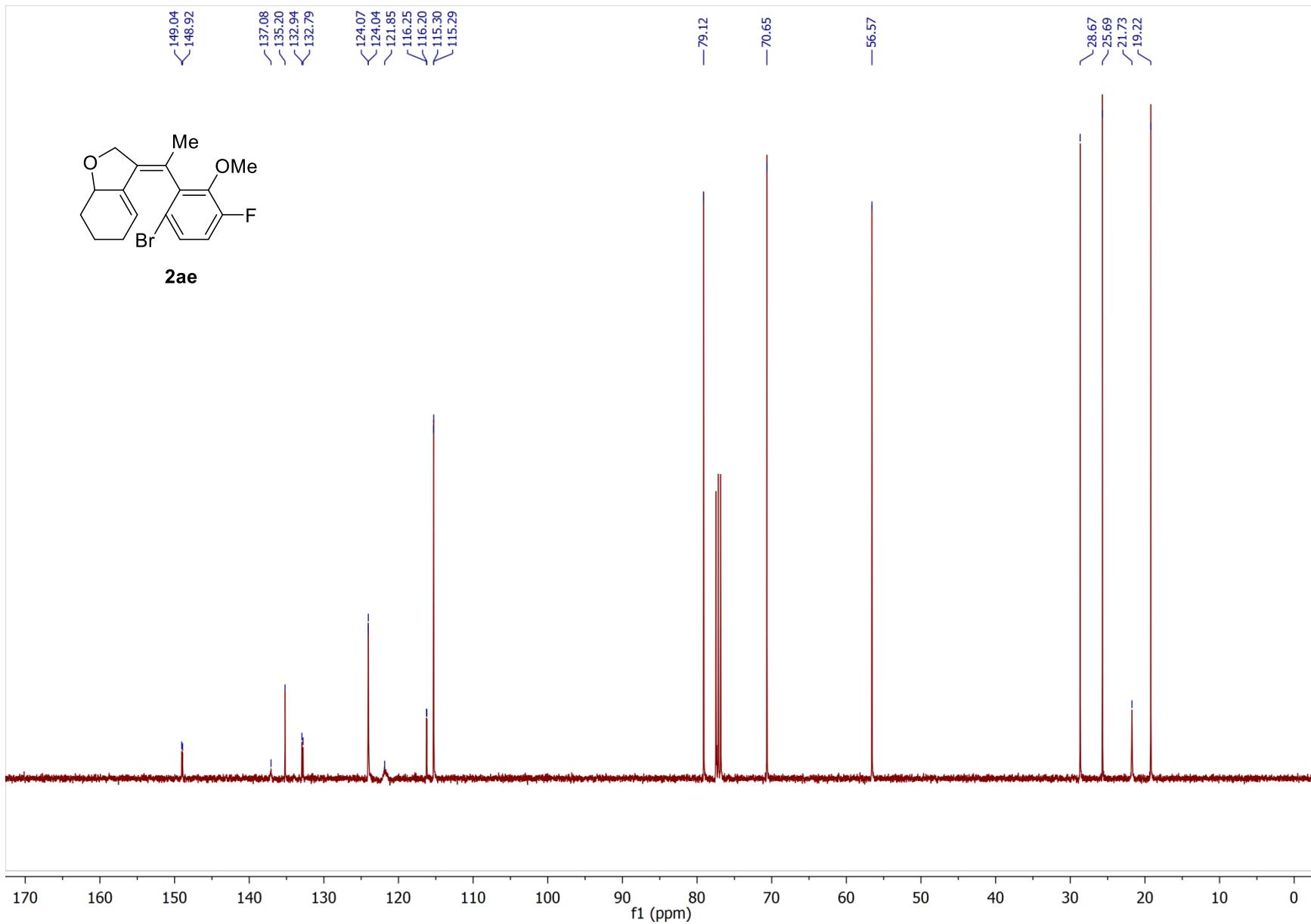
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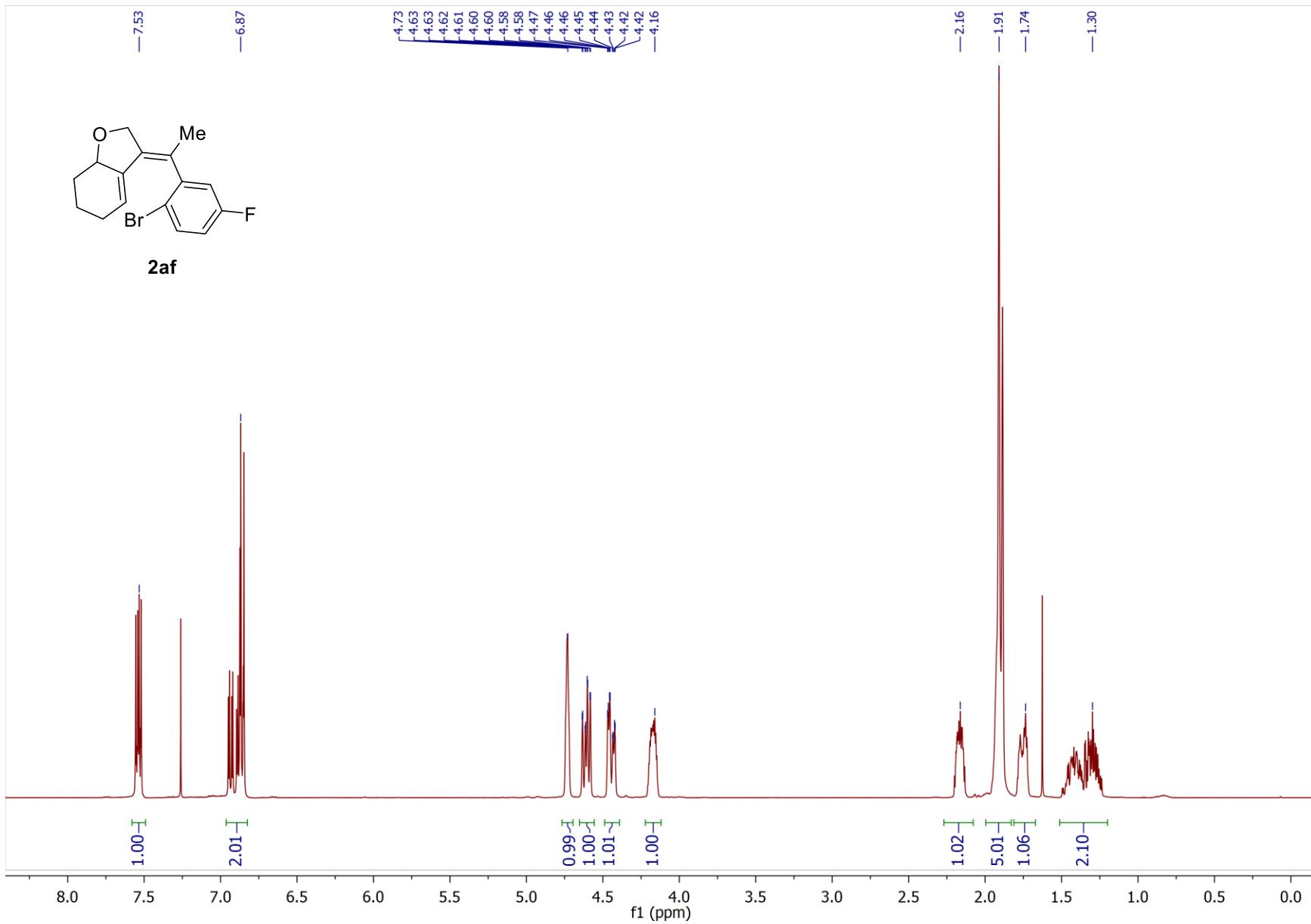


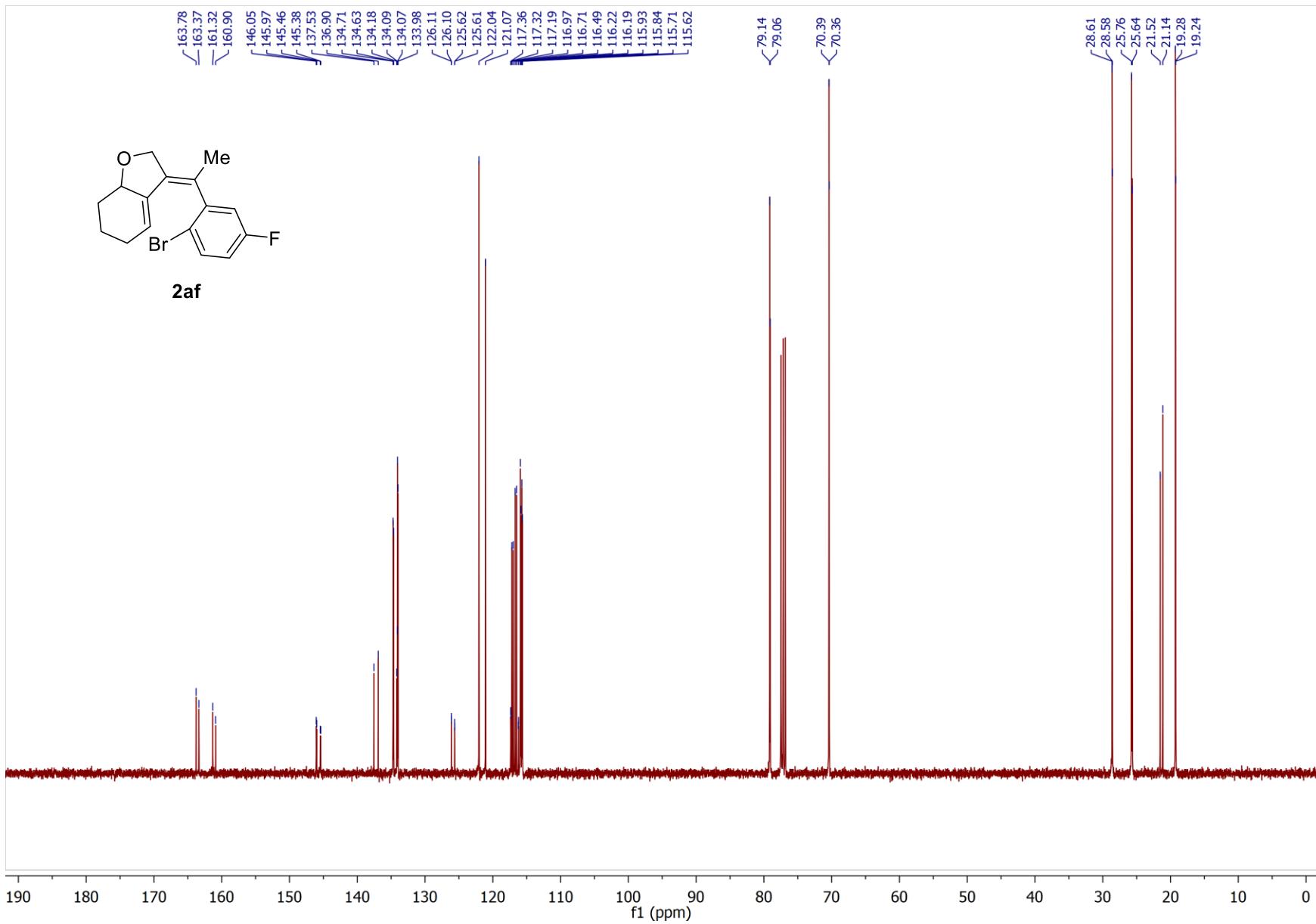


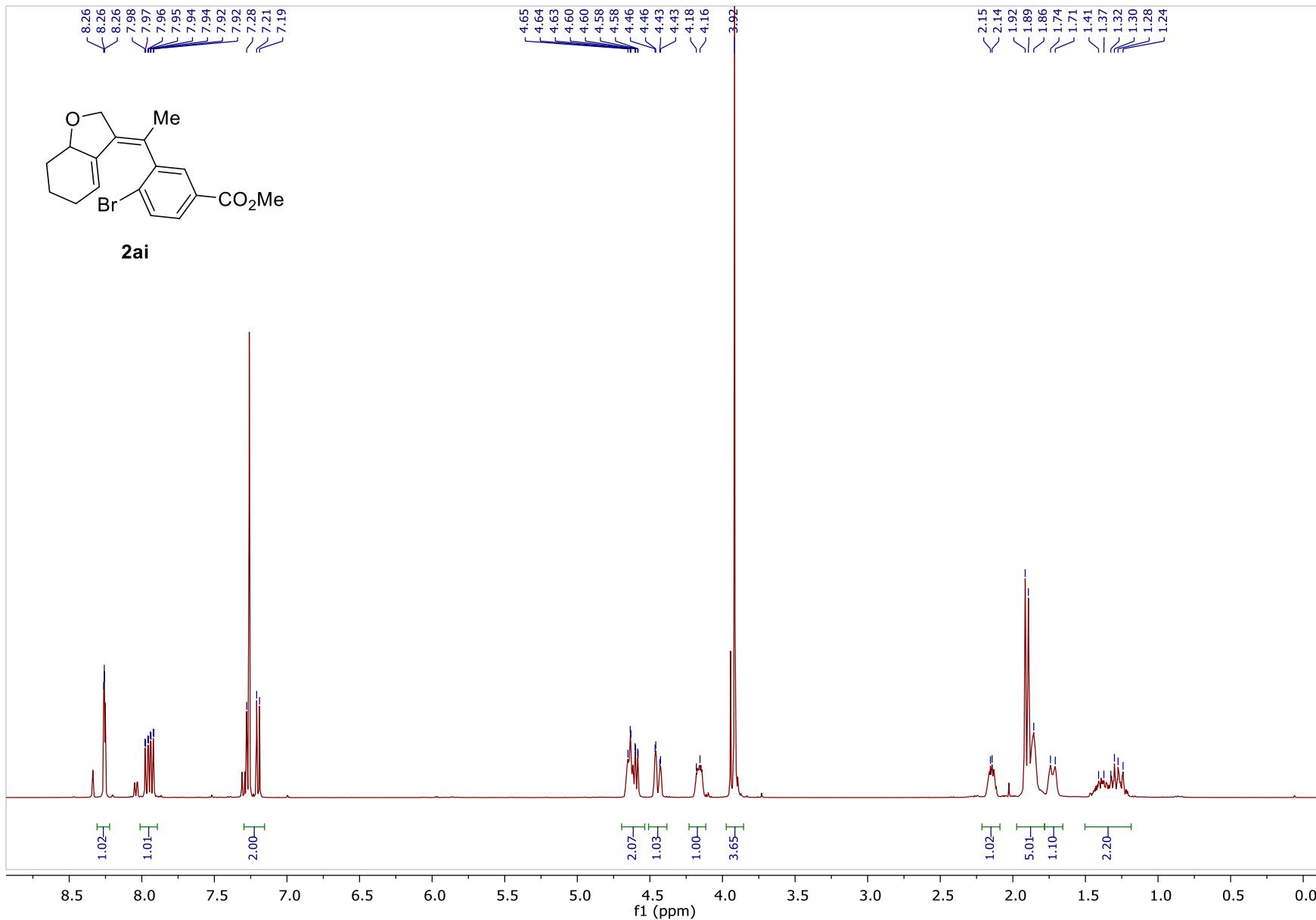


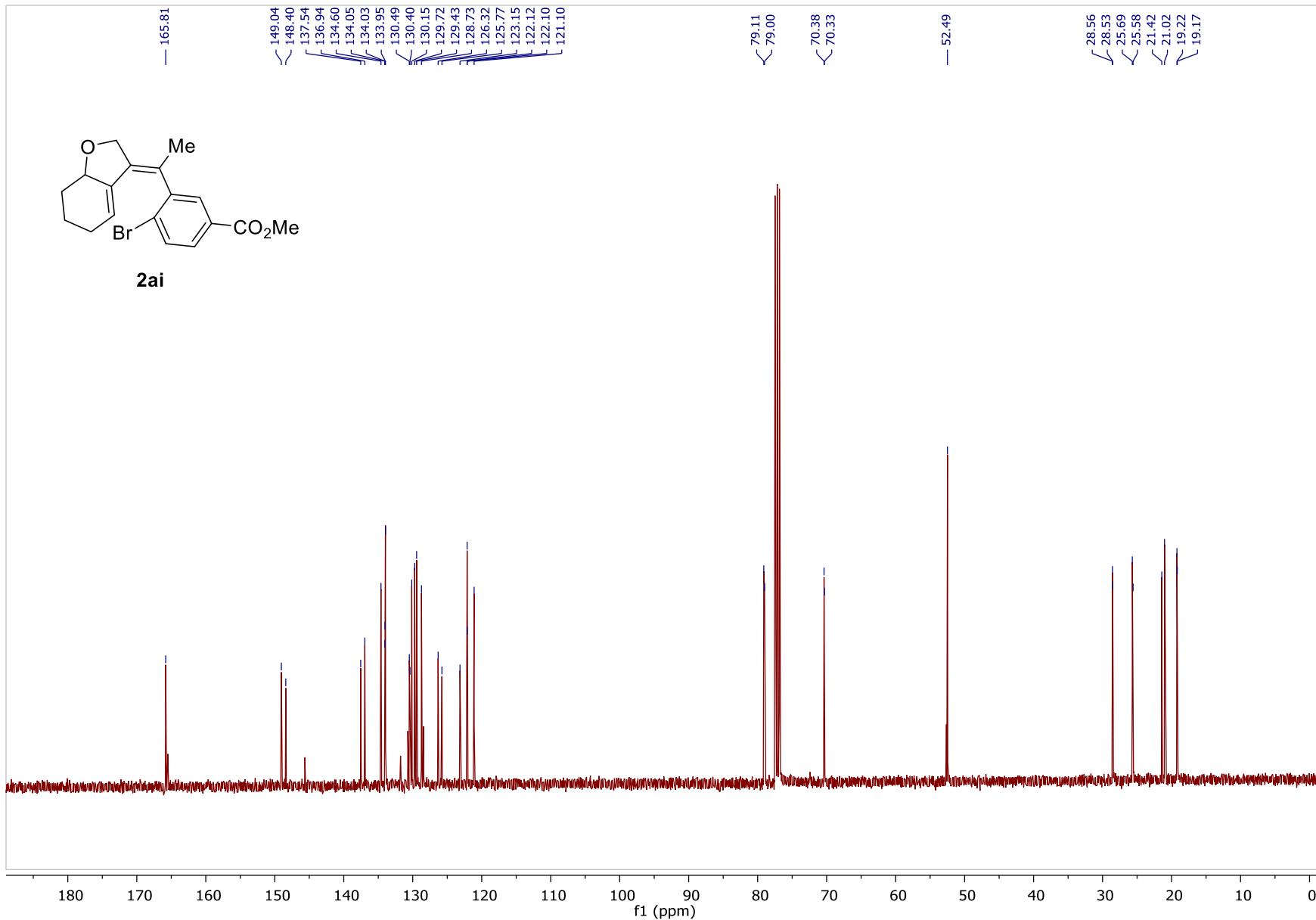


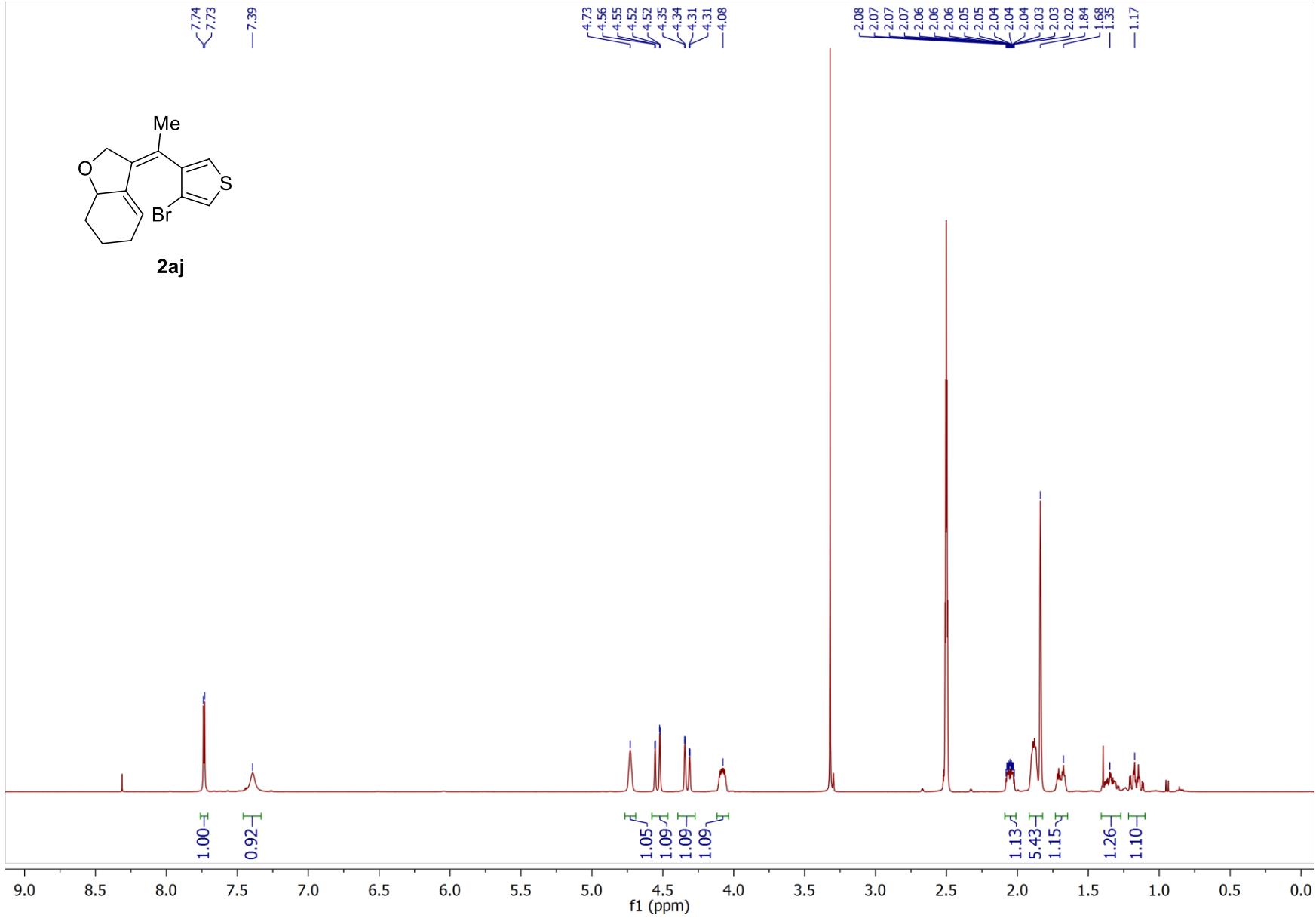
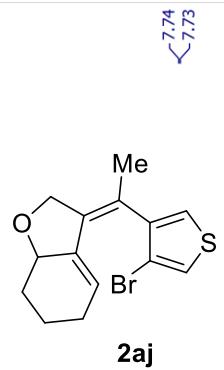
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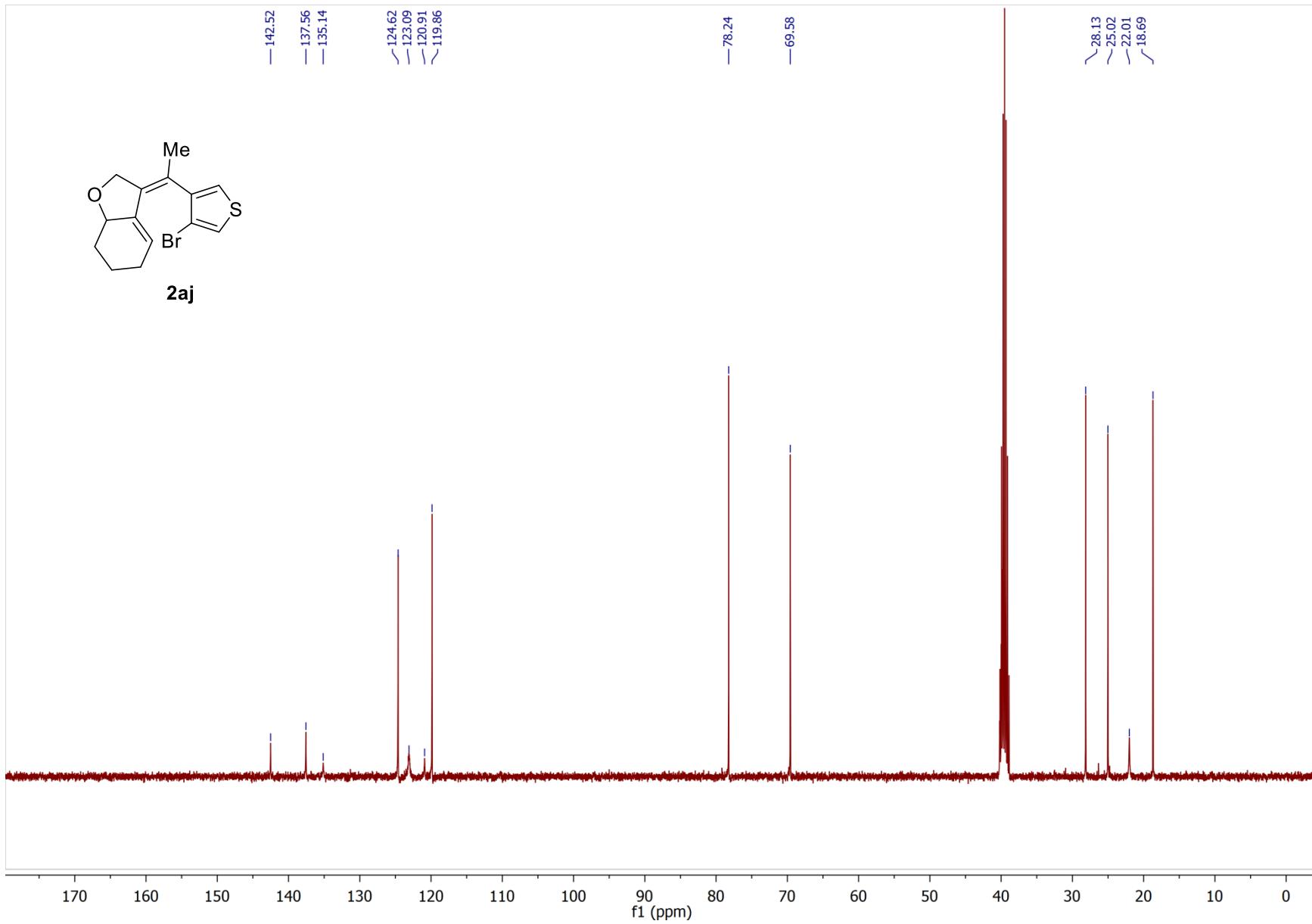


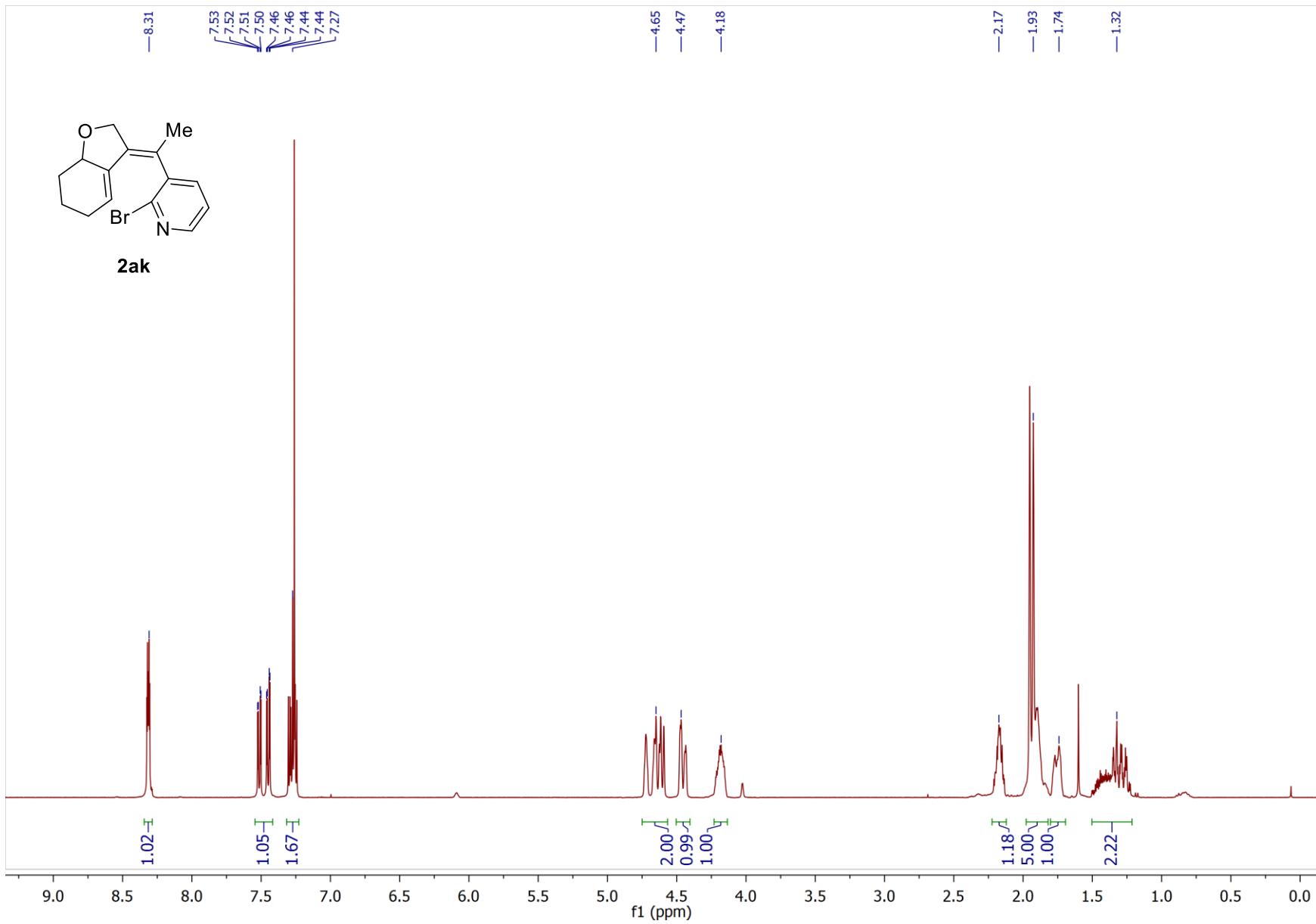


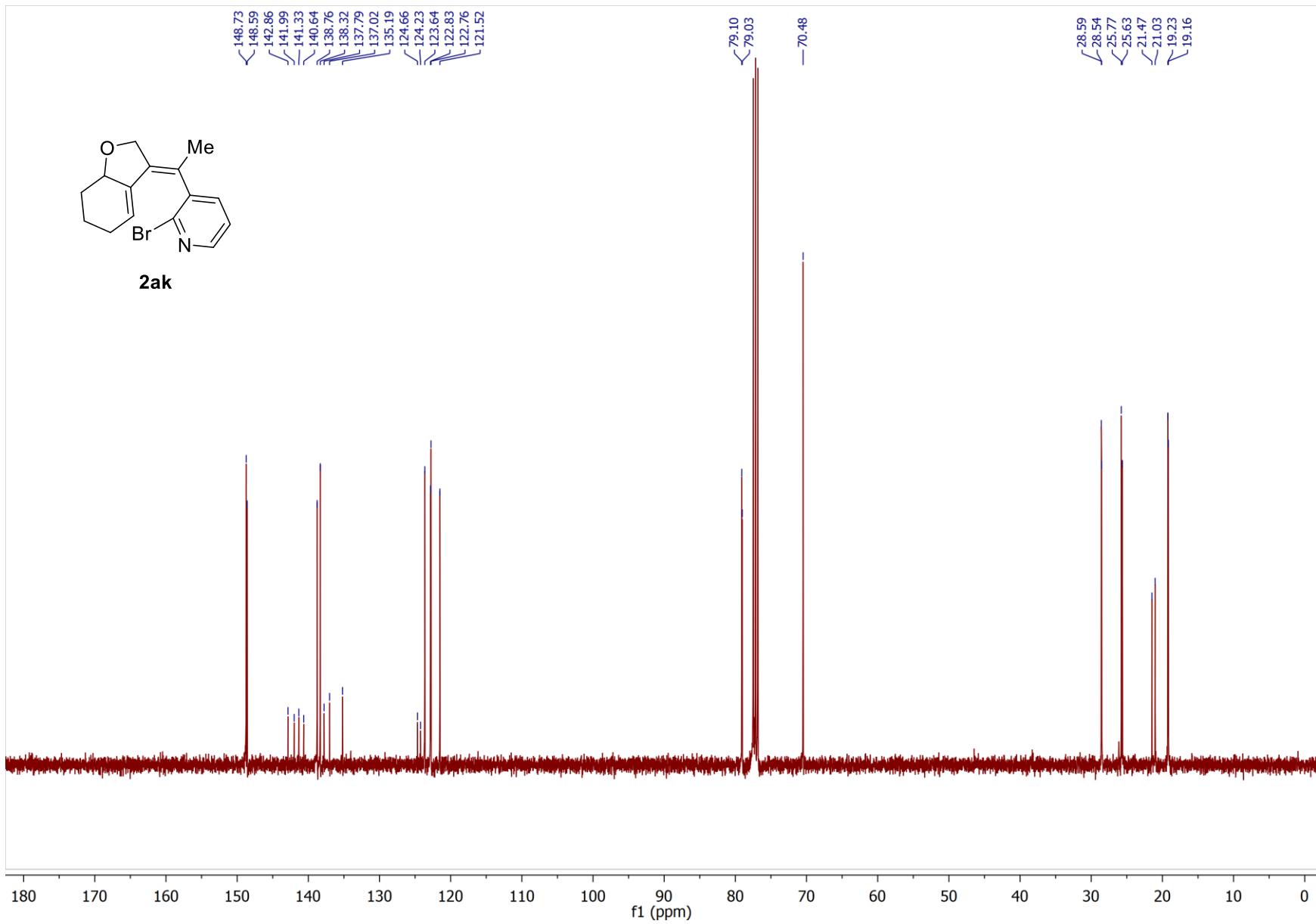


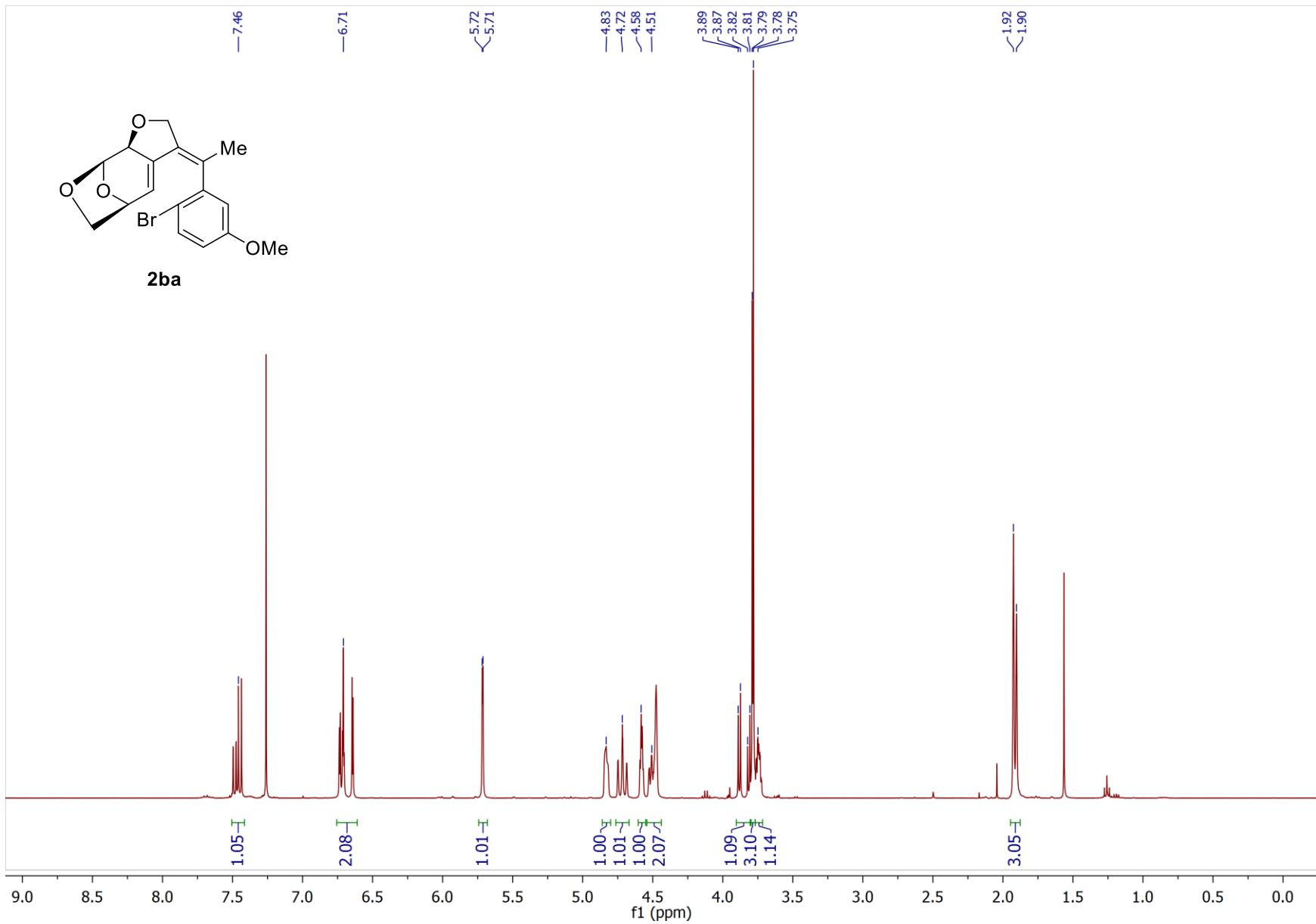


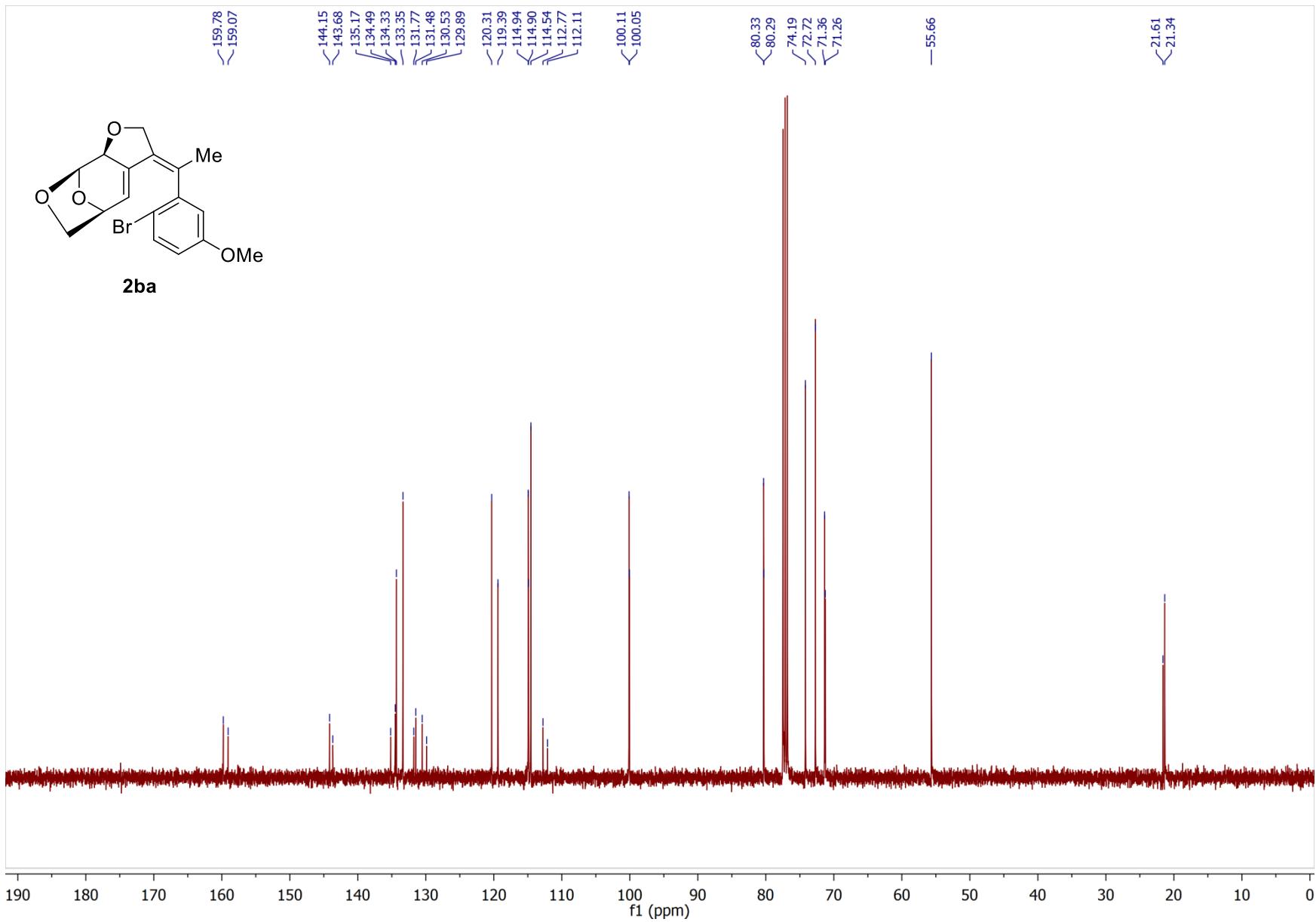


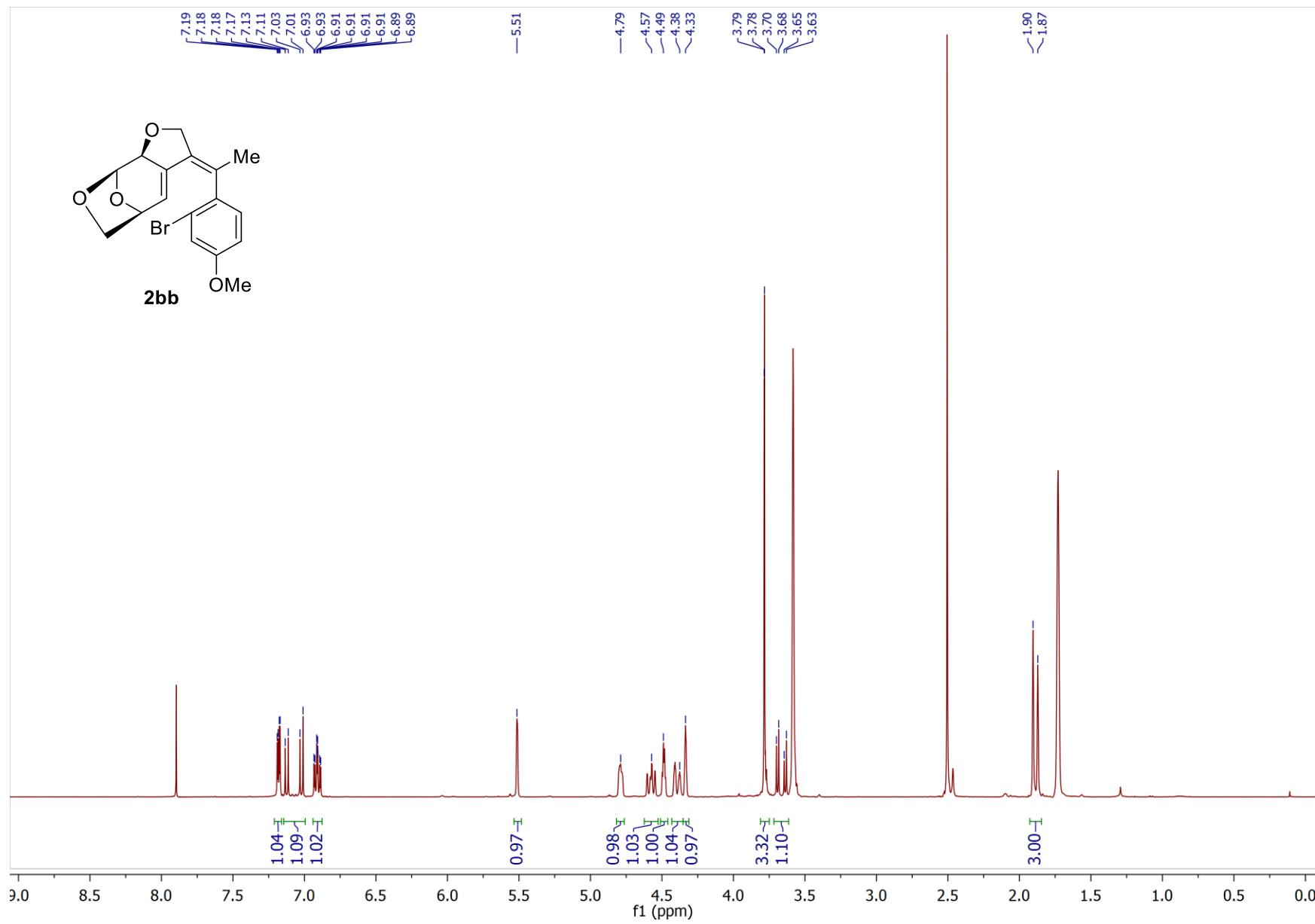




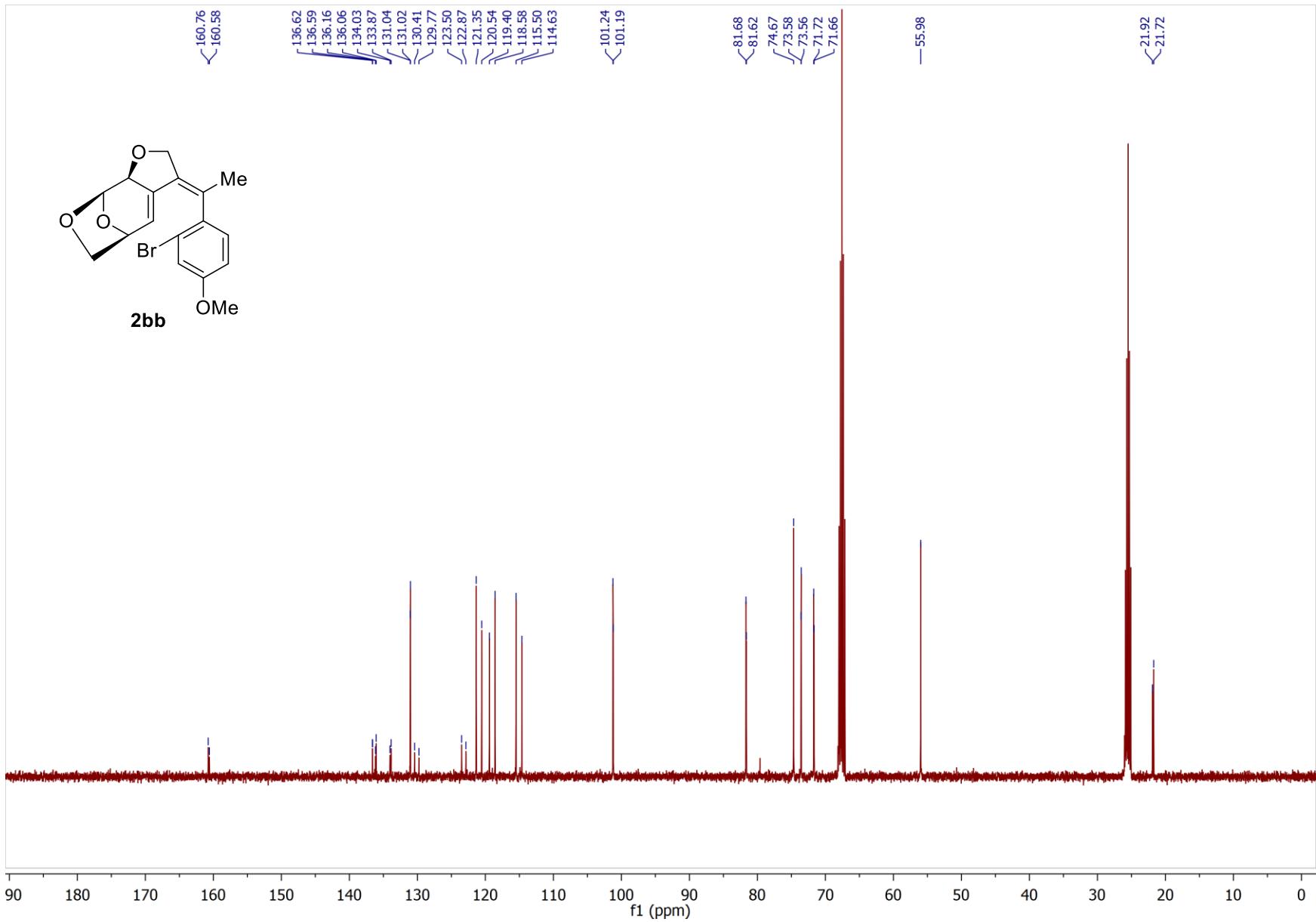




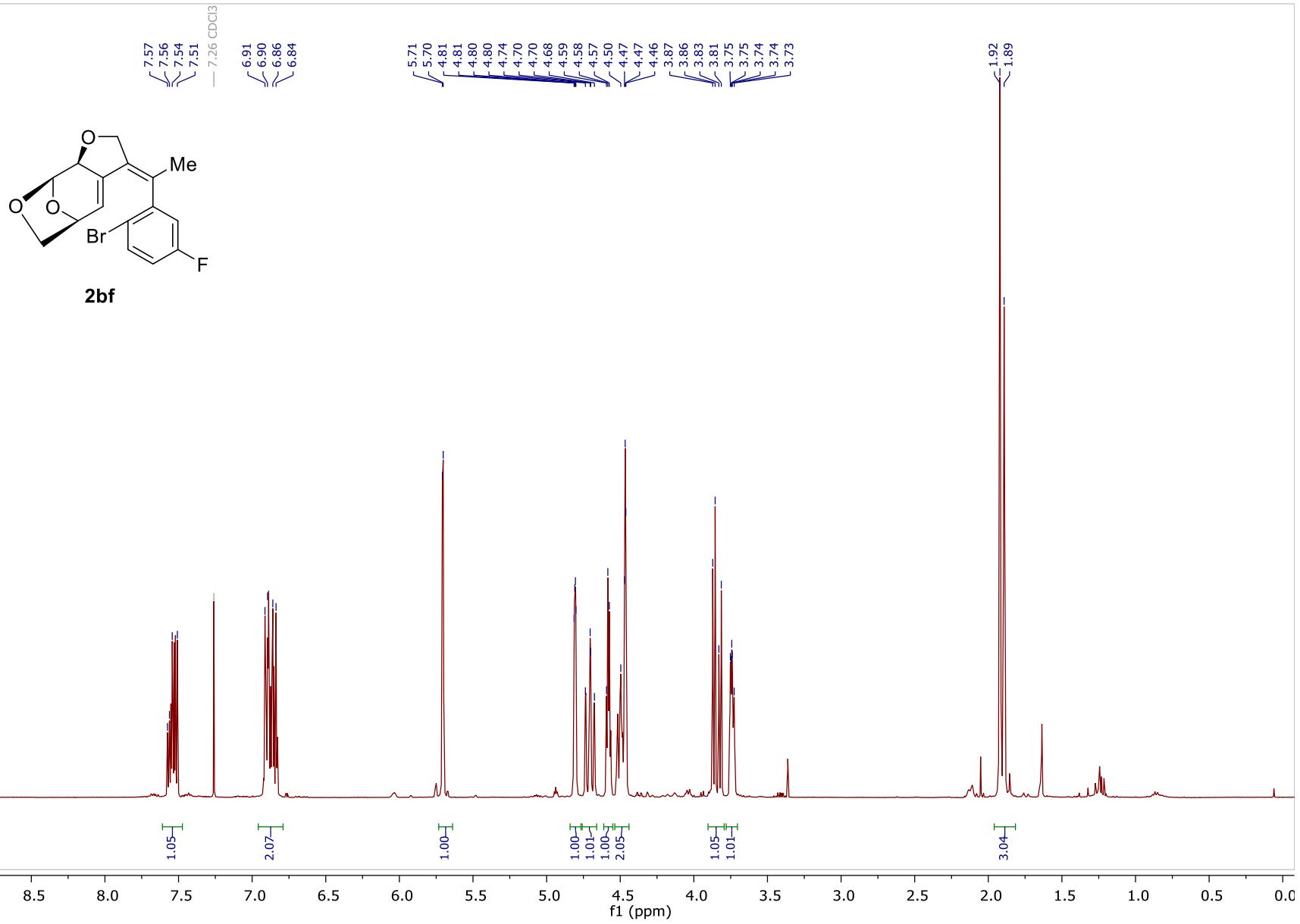


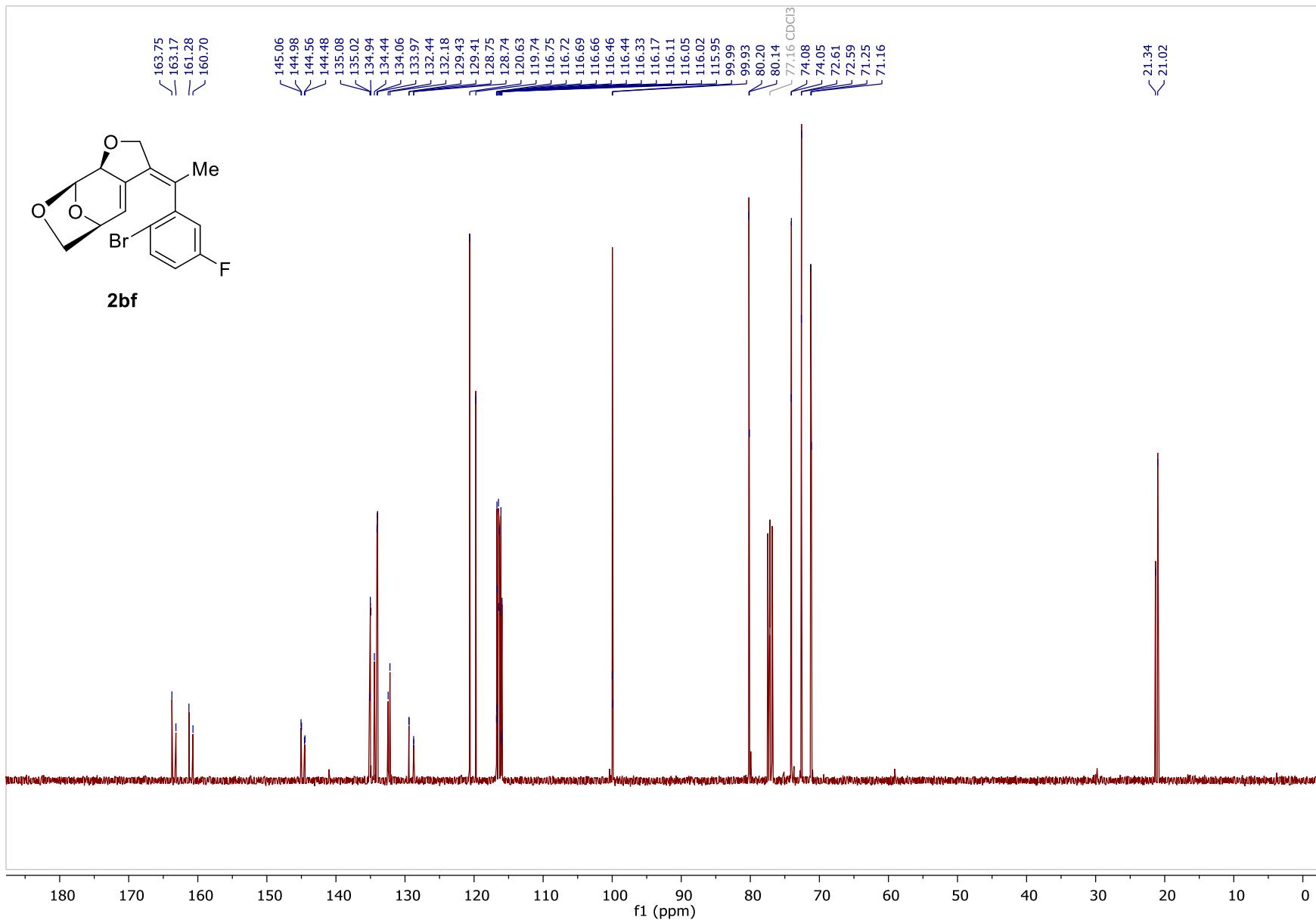


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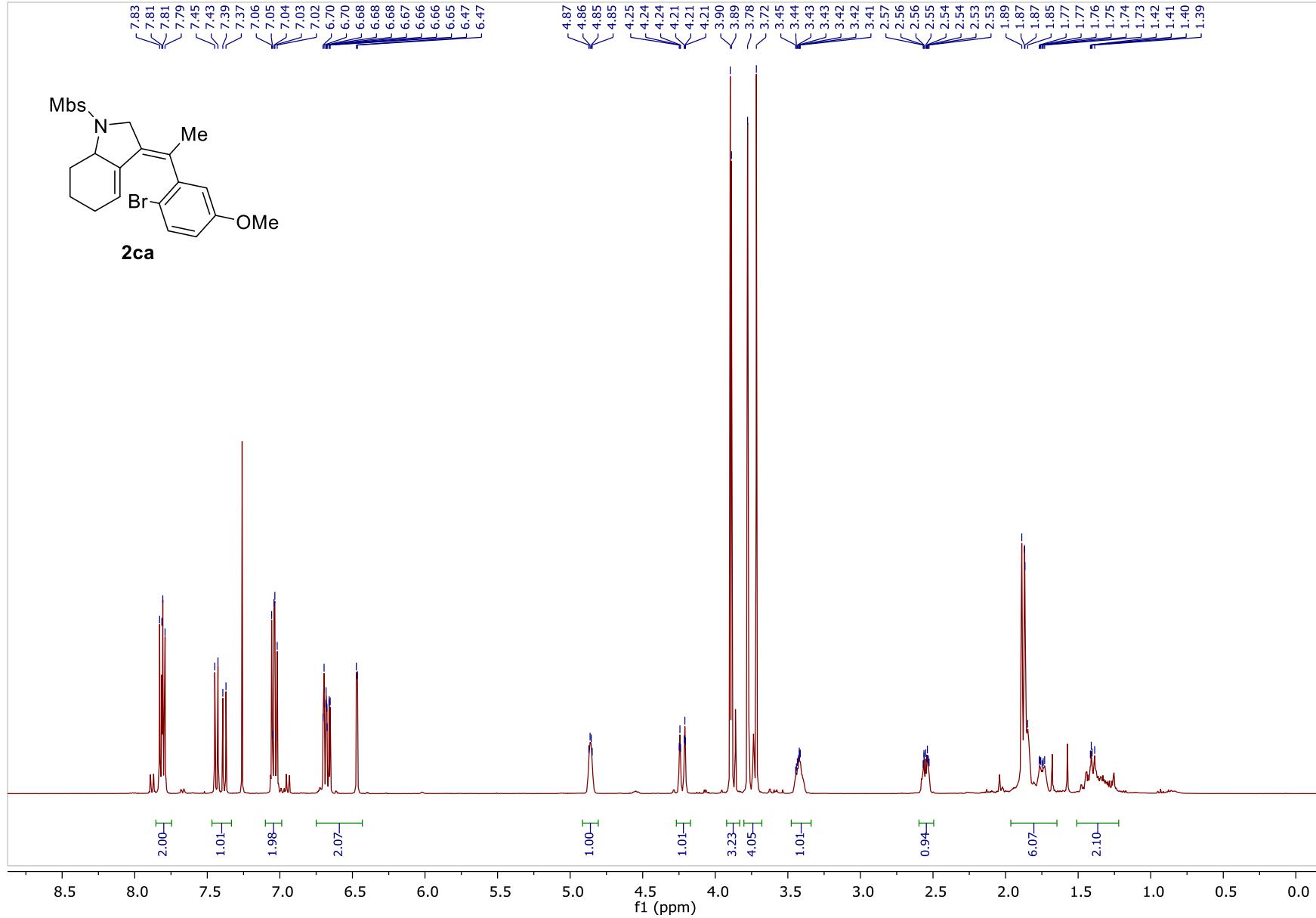
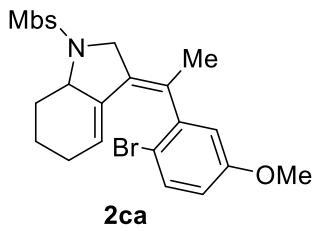


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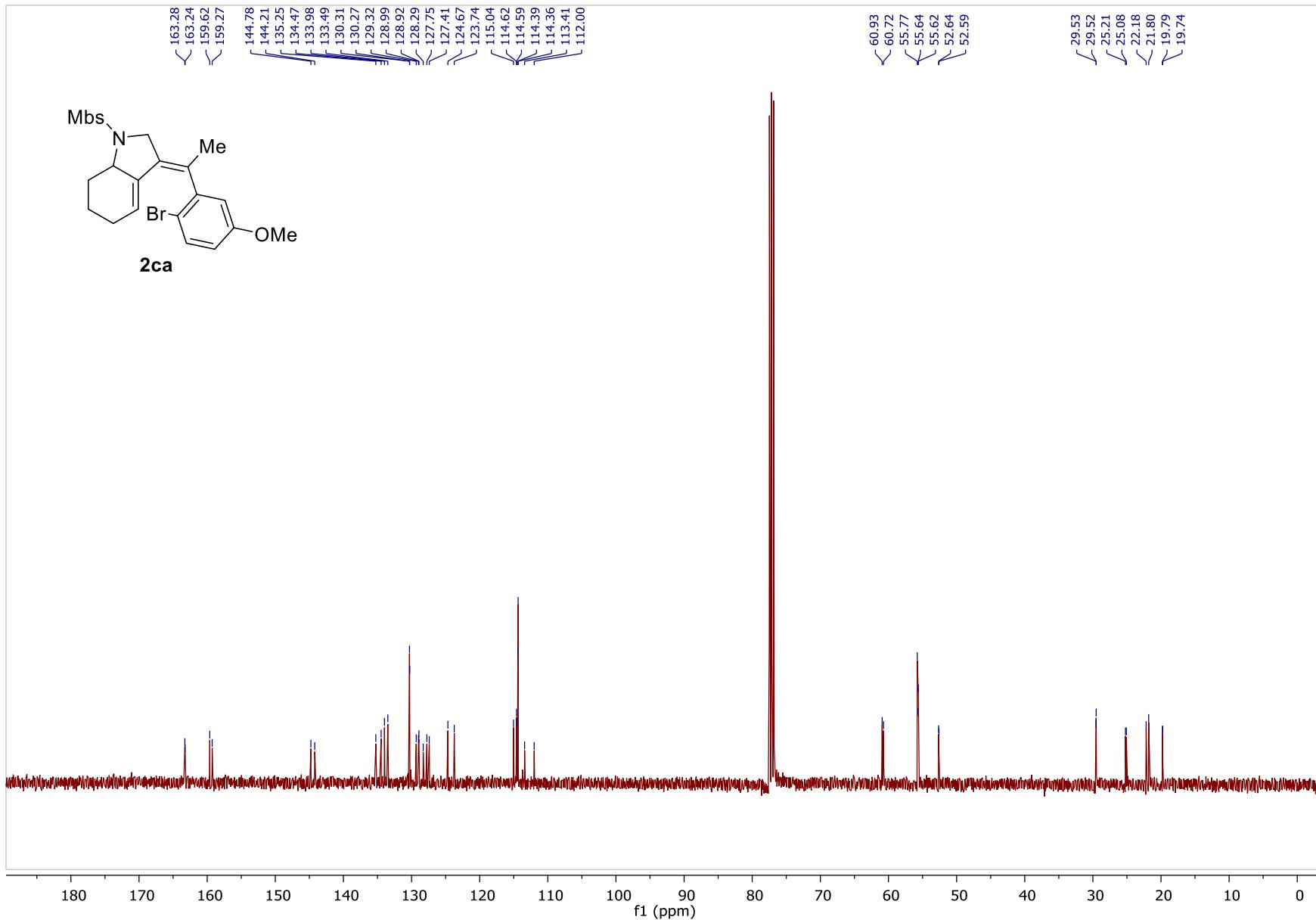


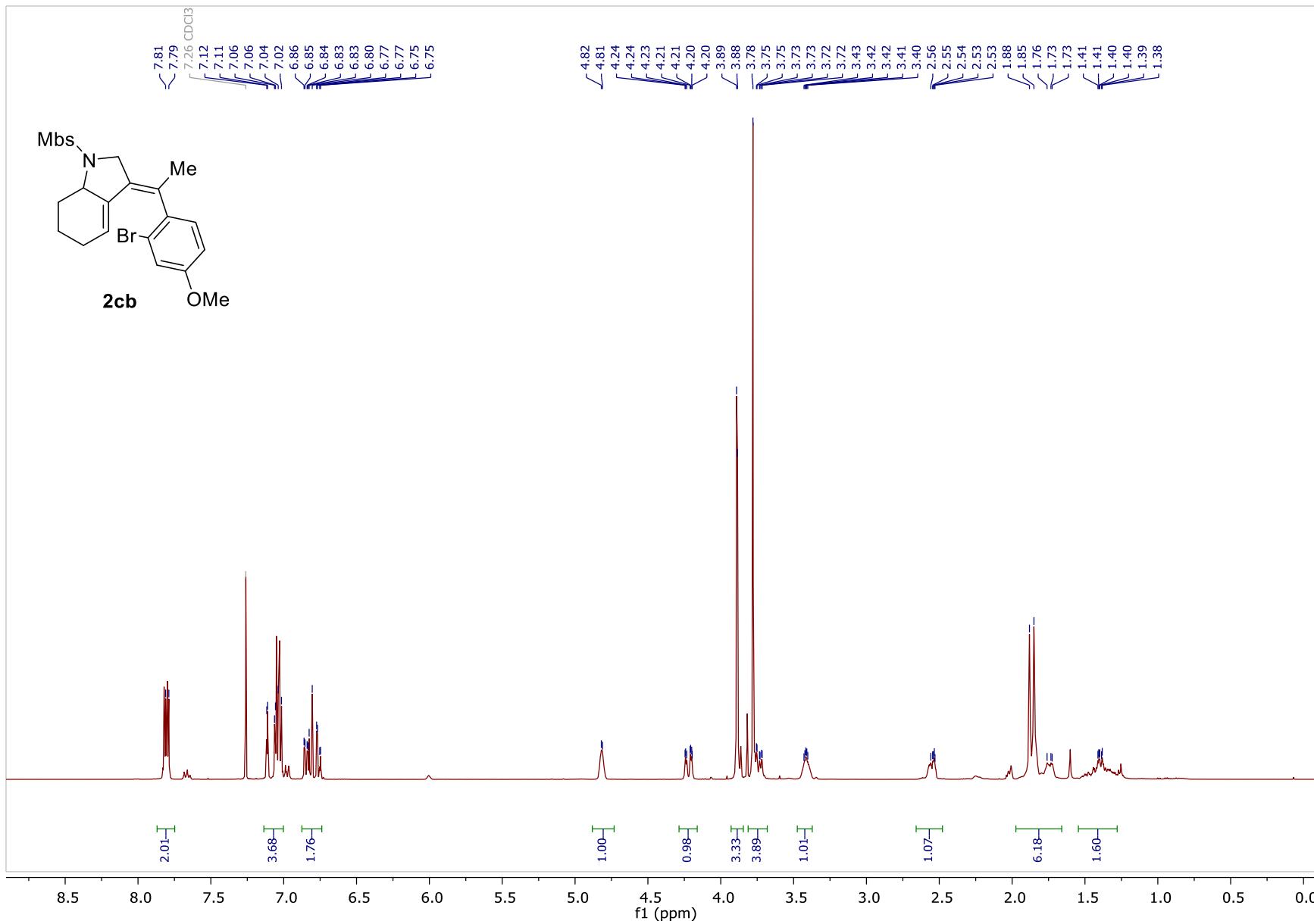


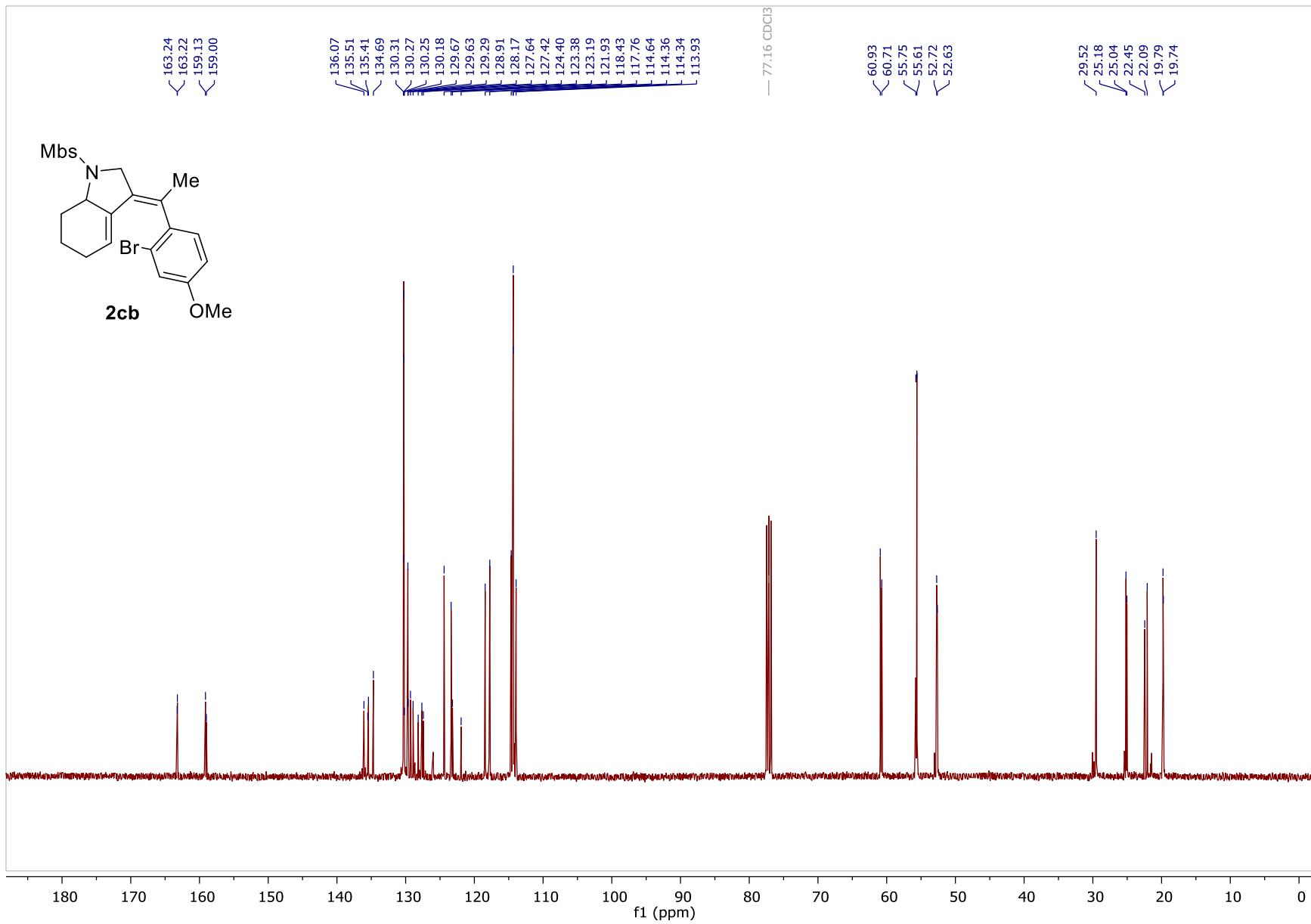
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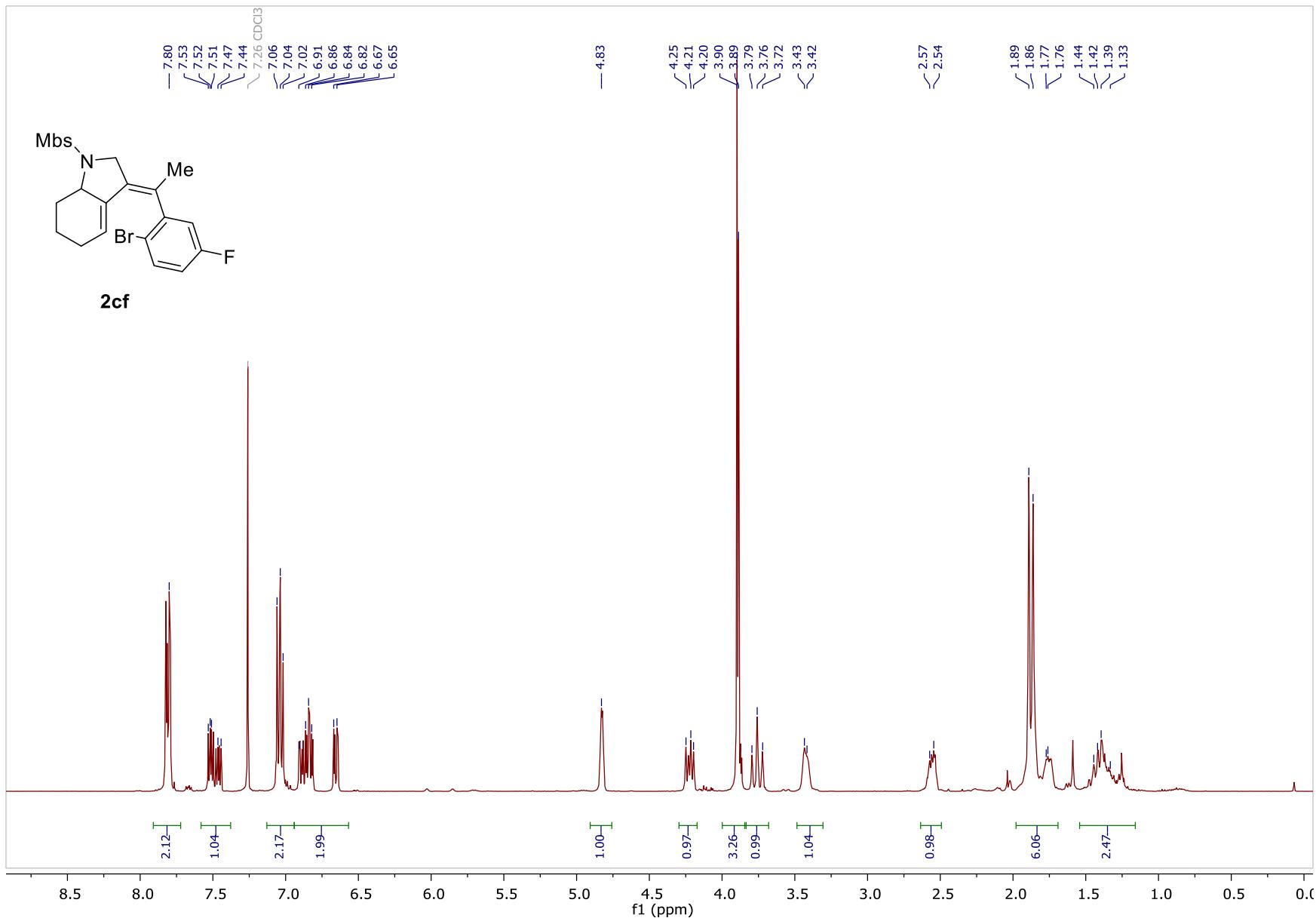


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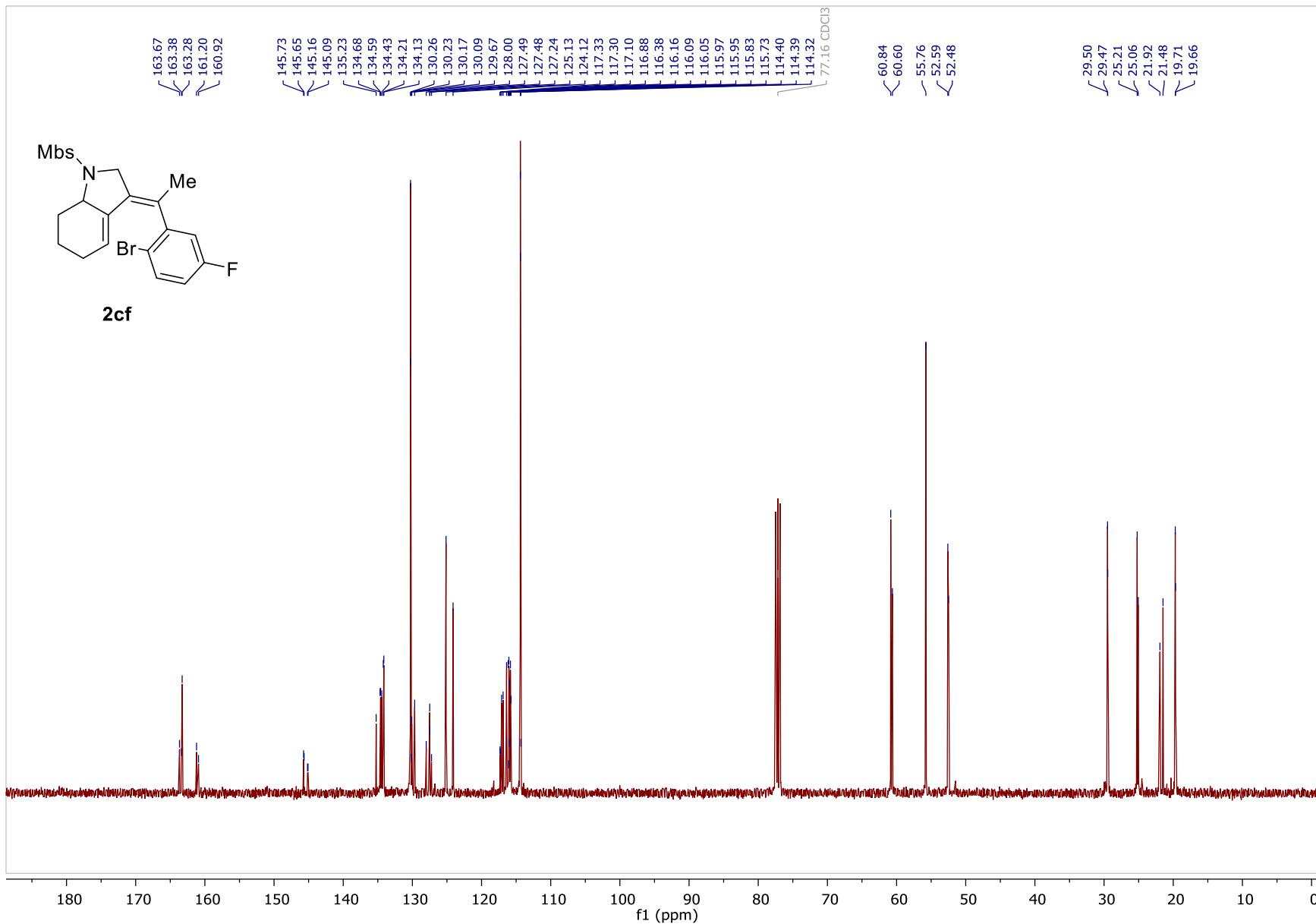


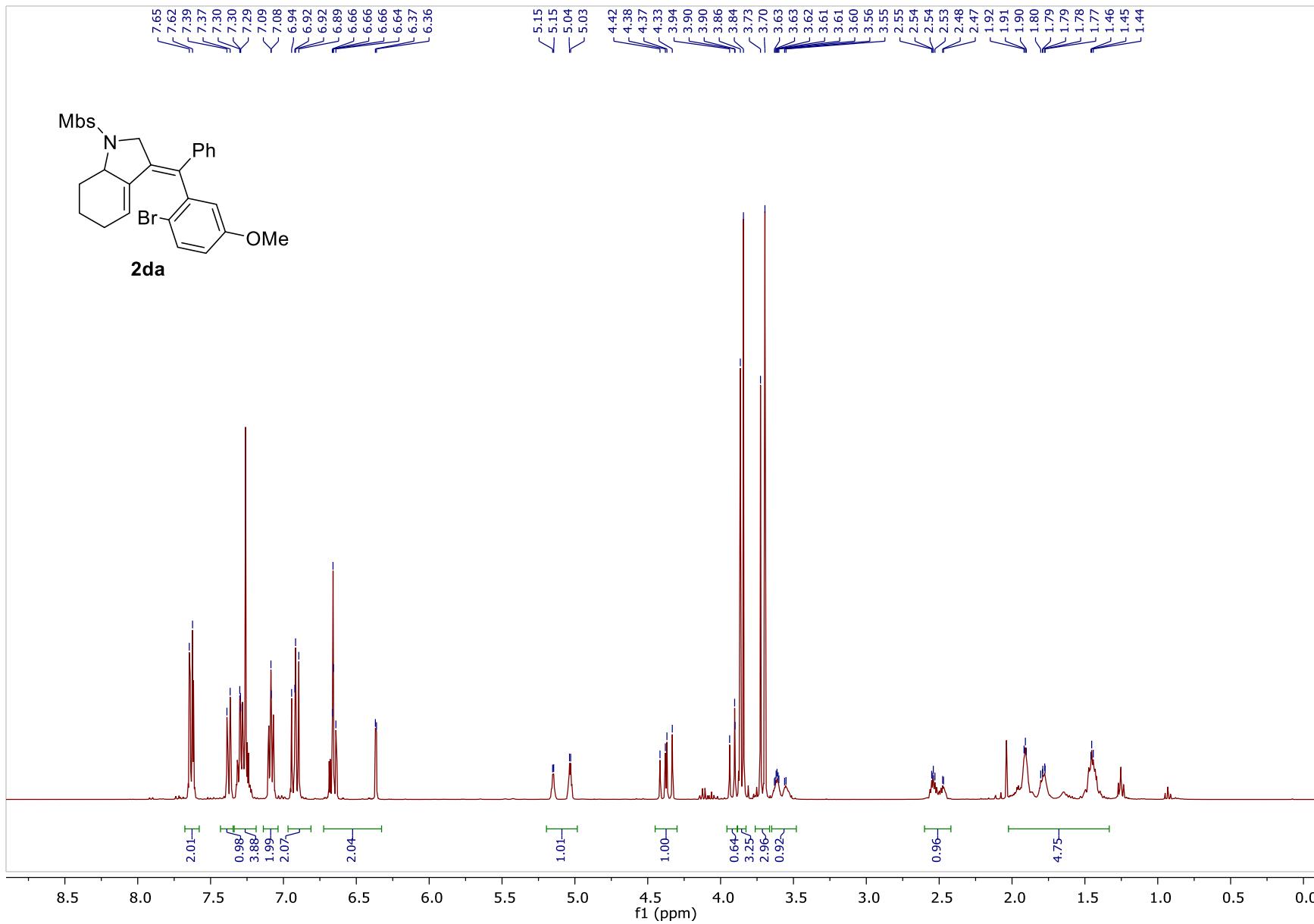




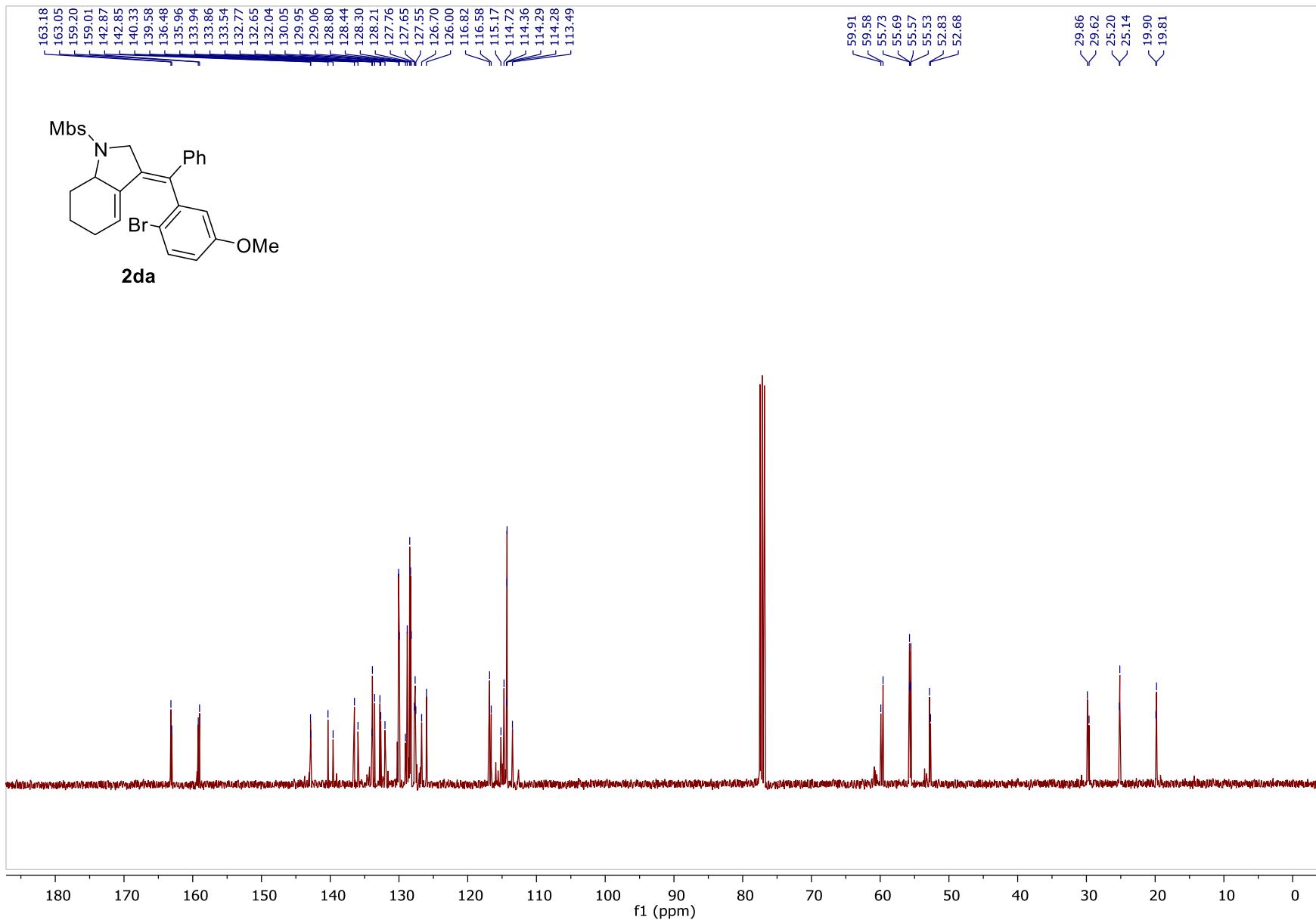


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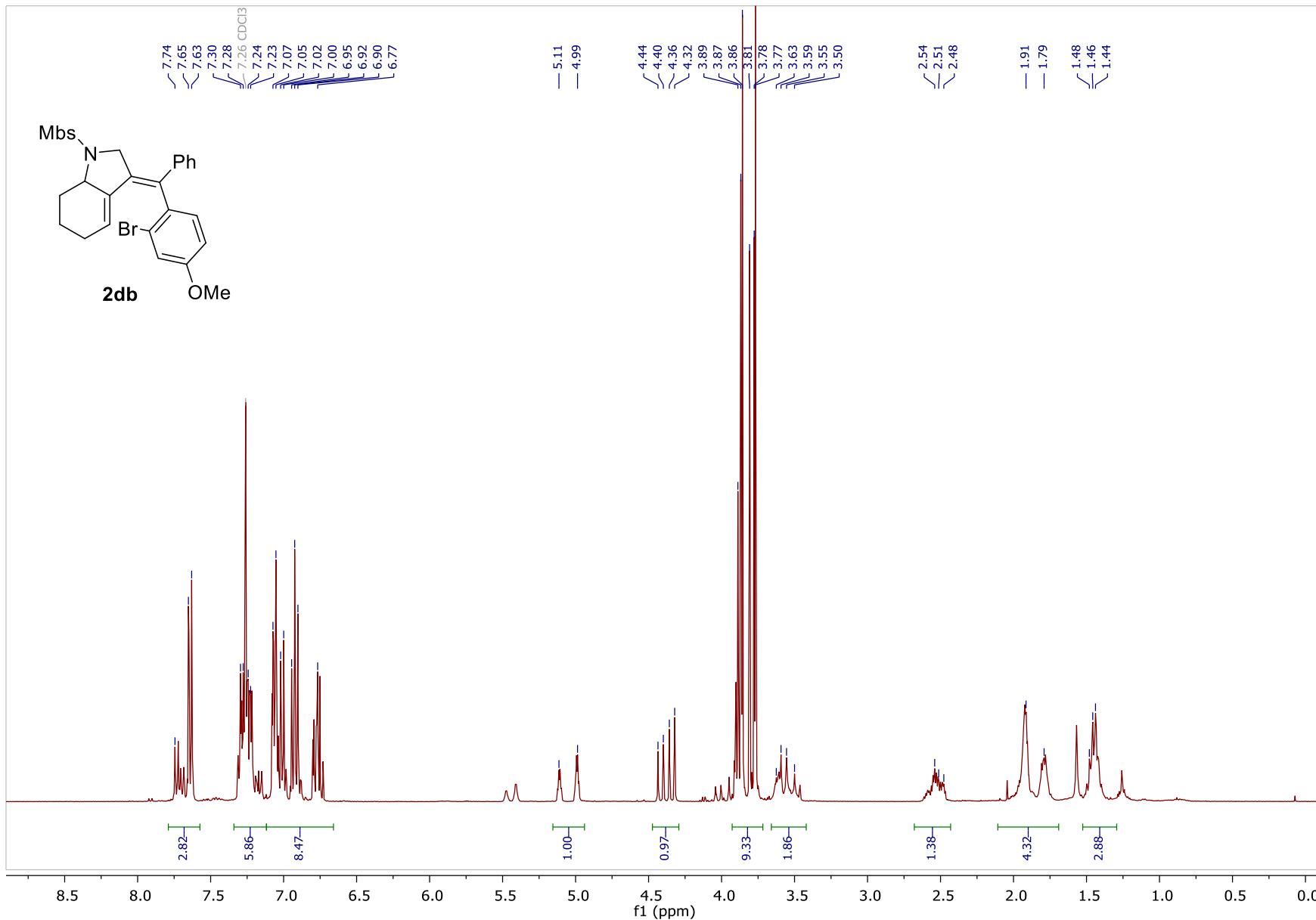




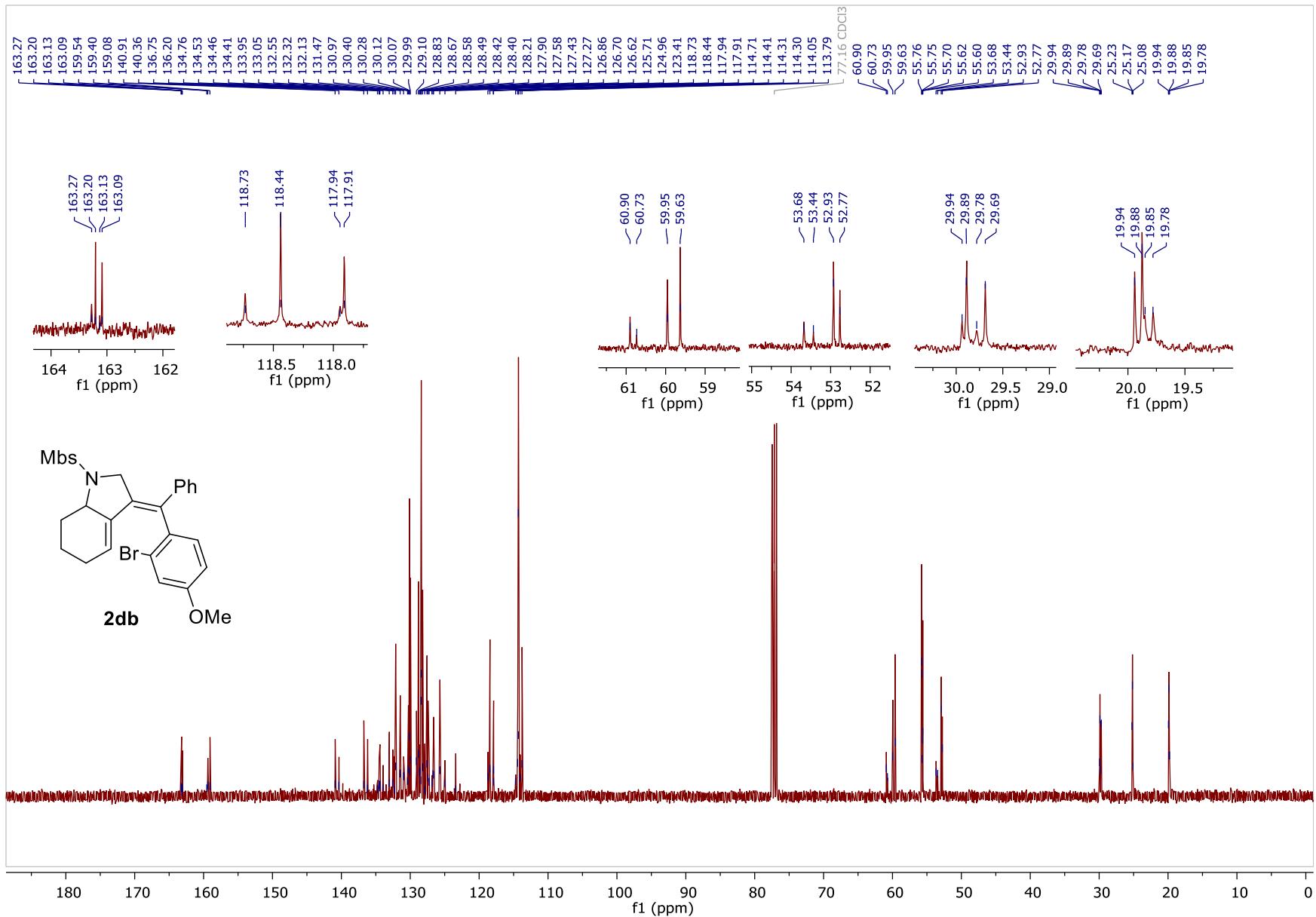
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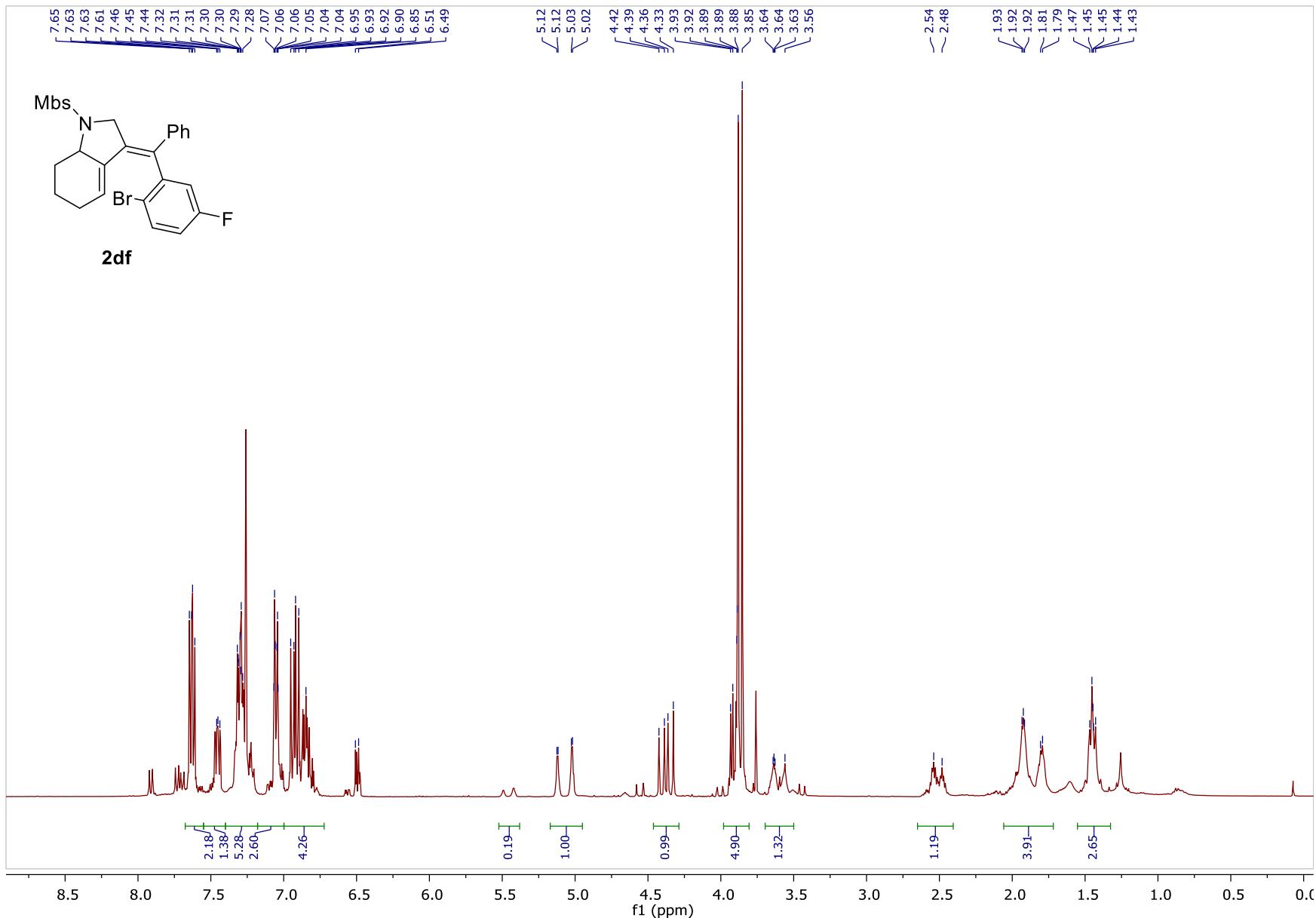


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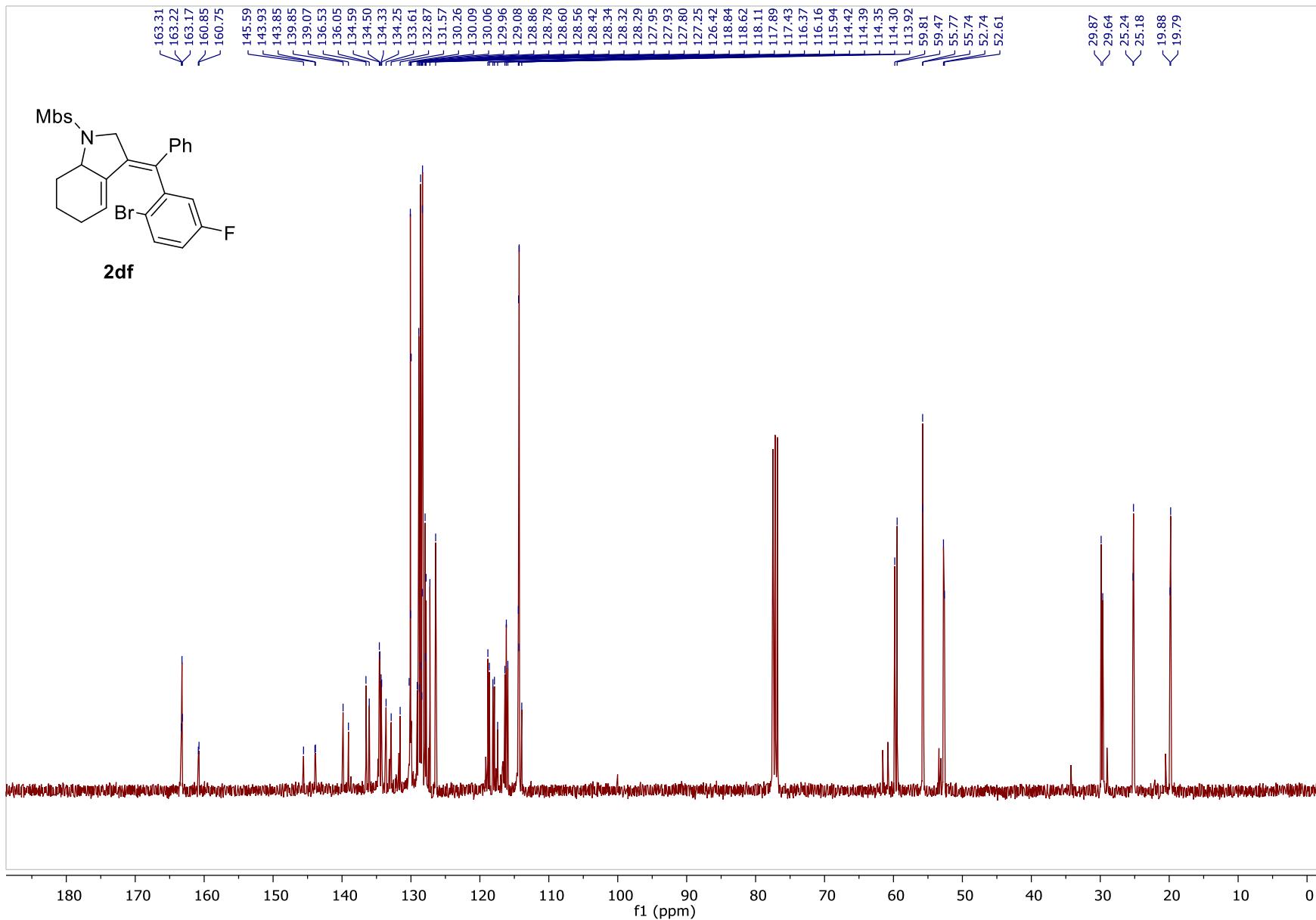


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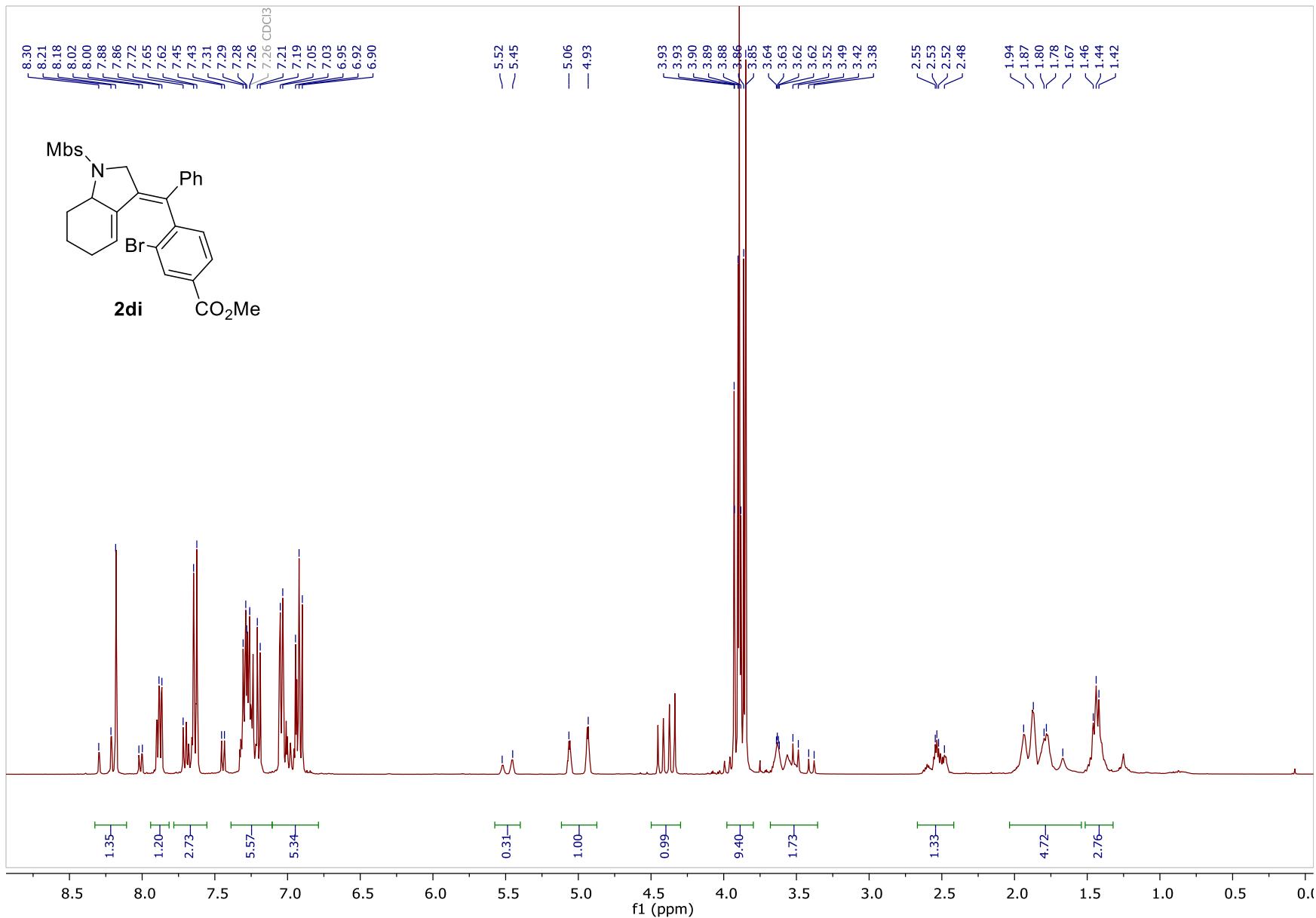




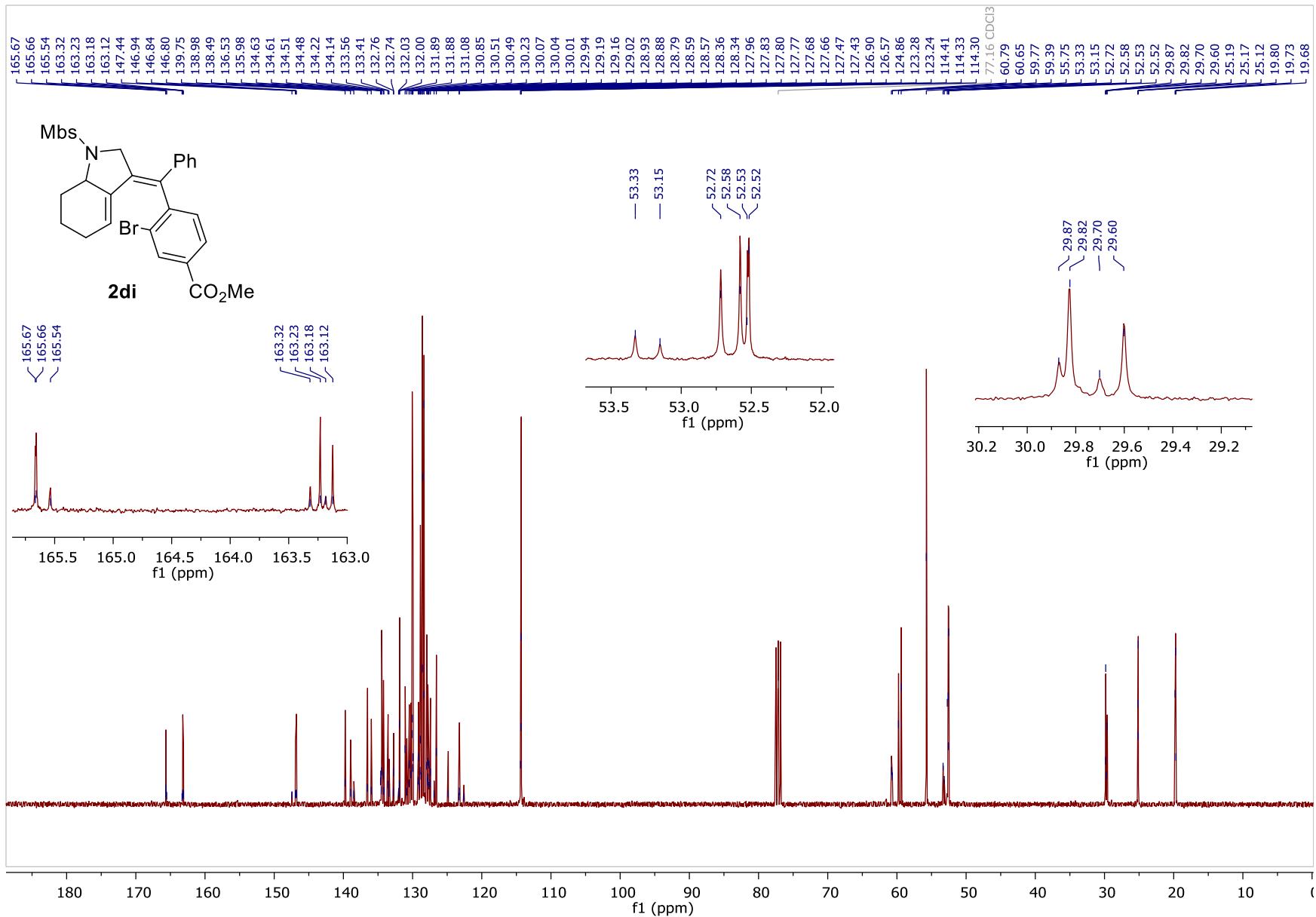
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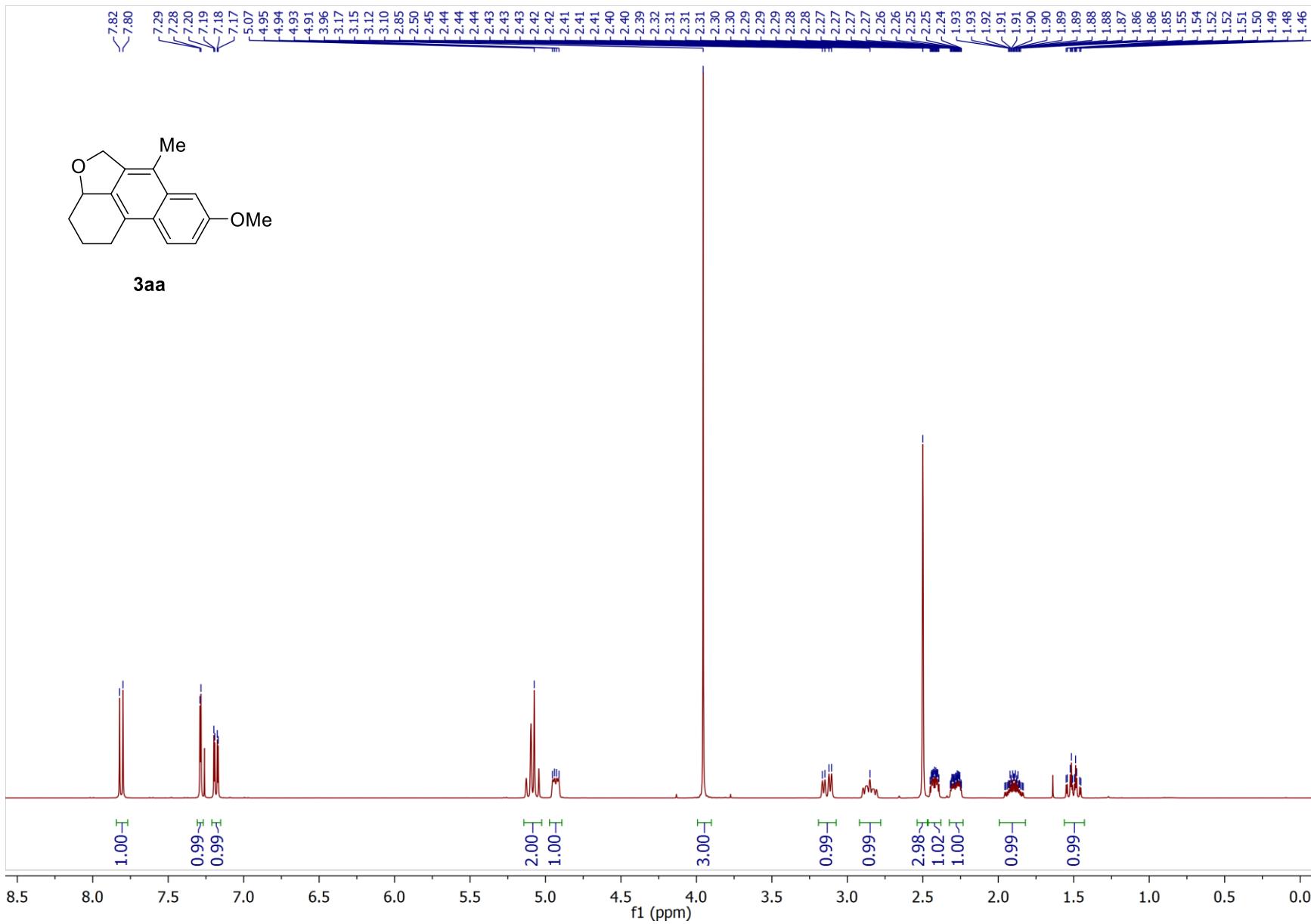


SI - 105

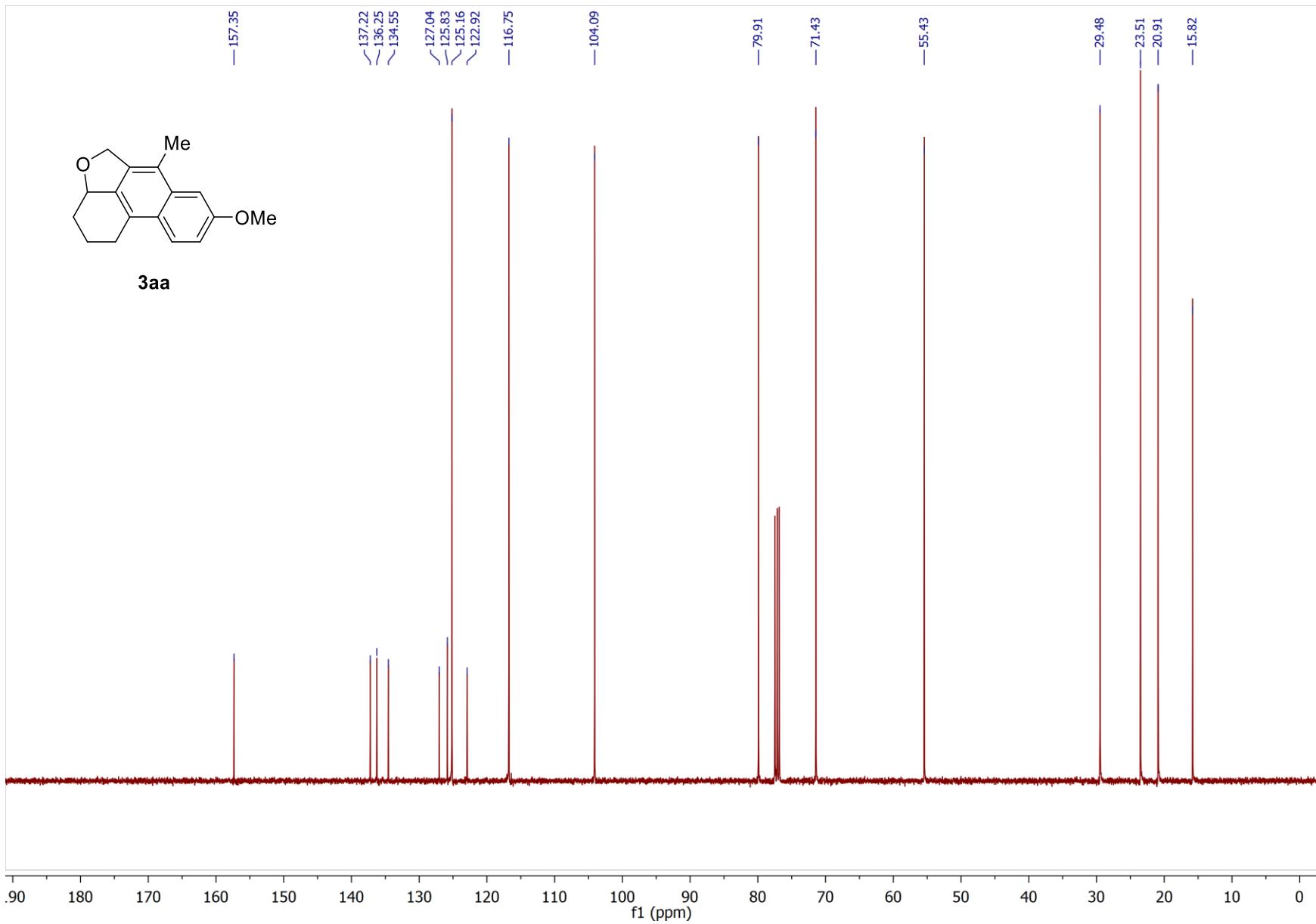


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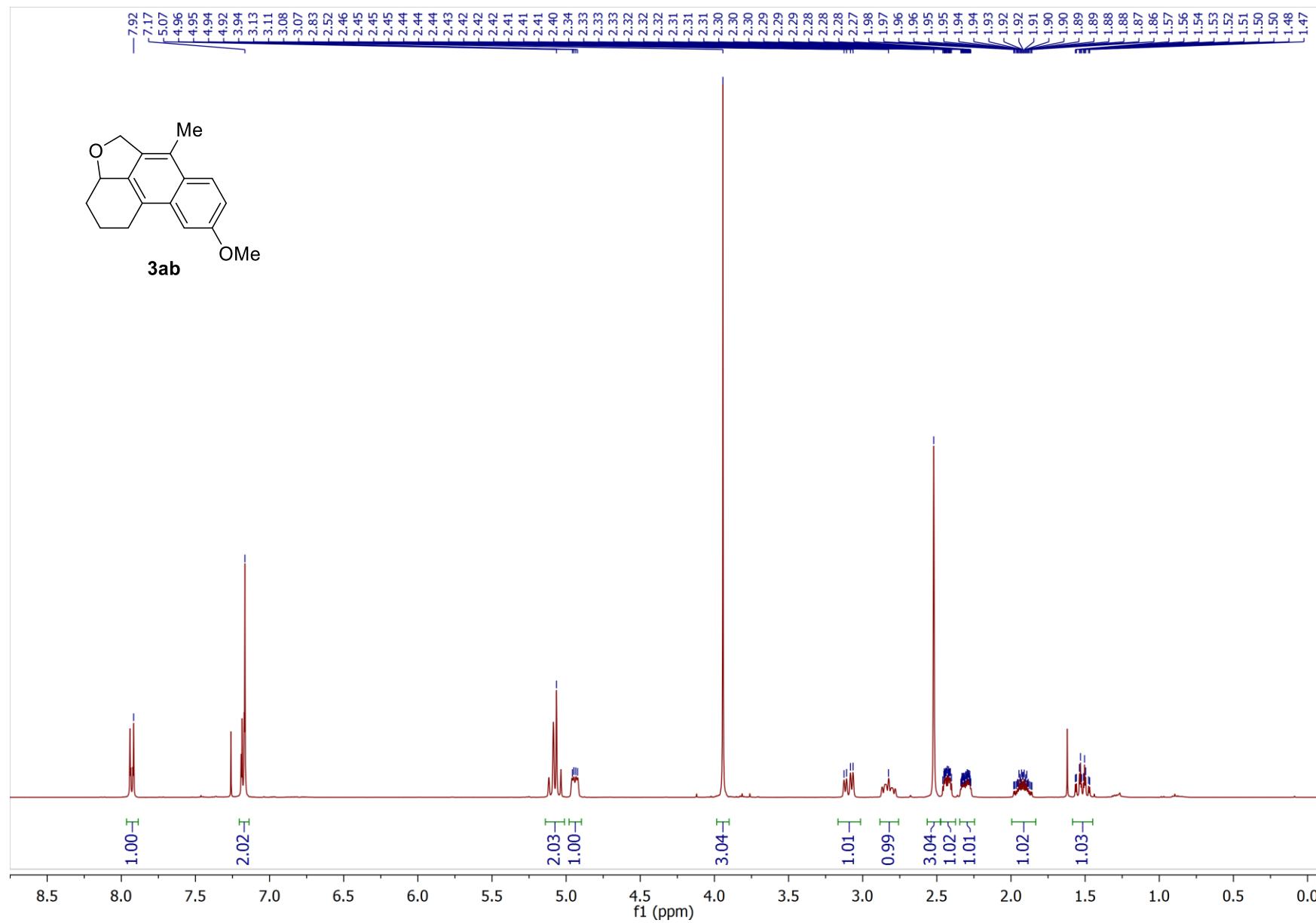




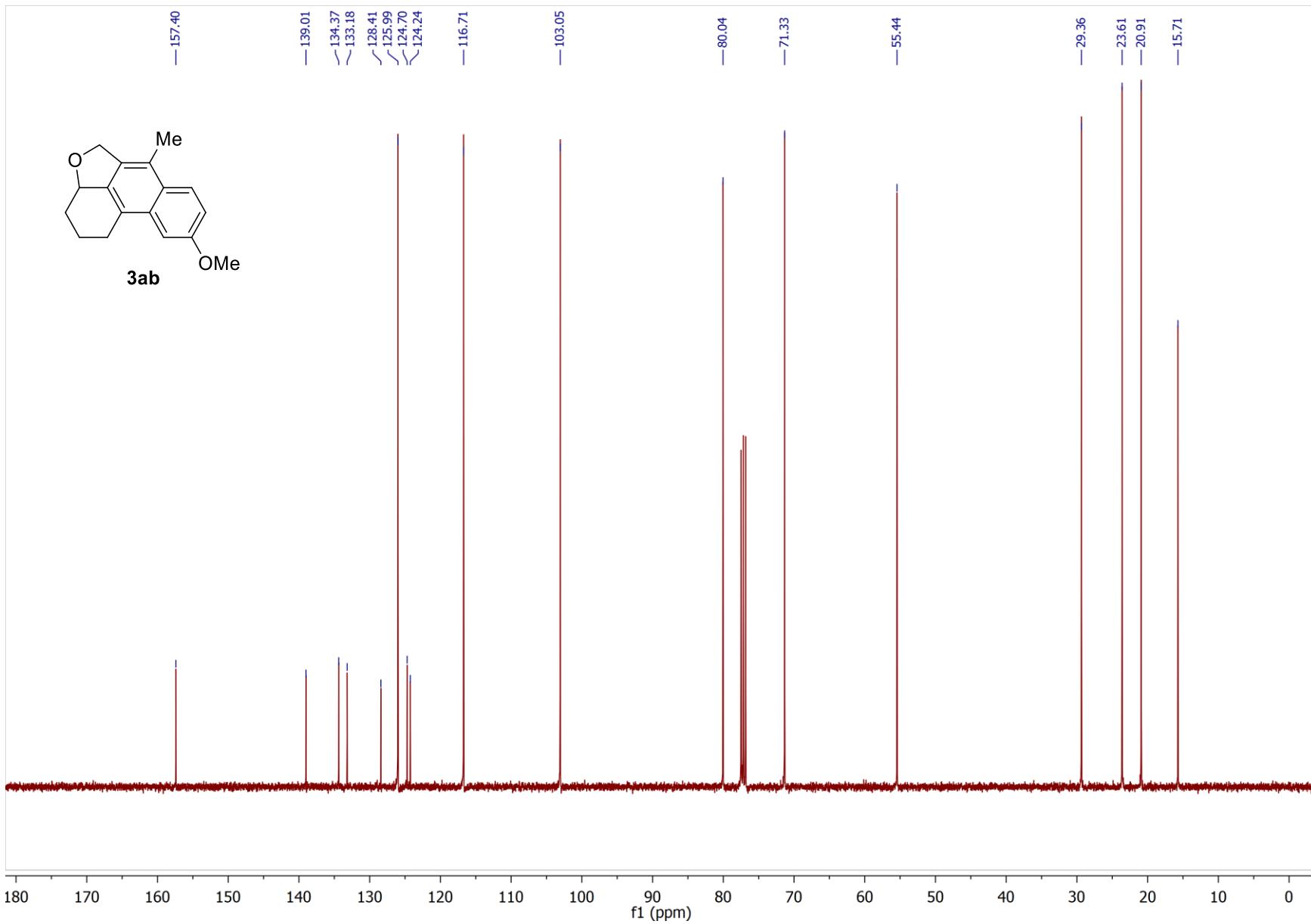
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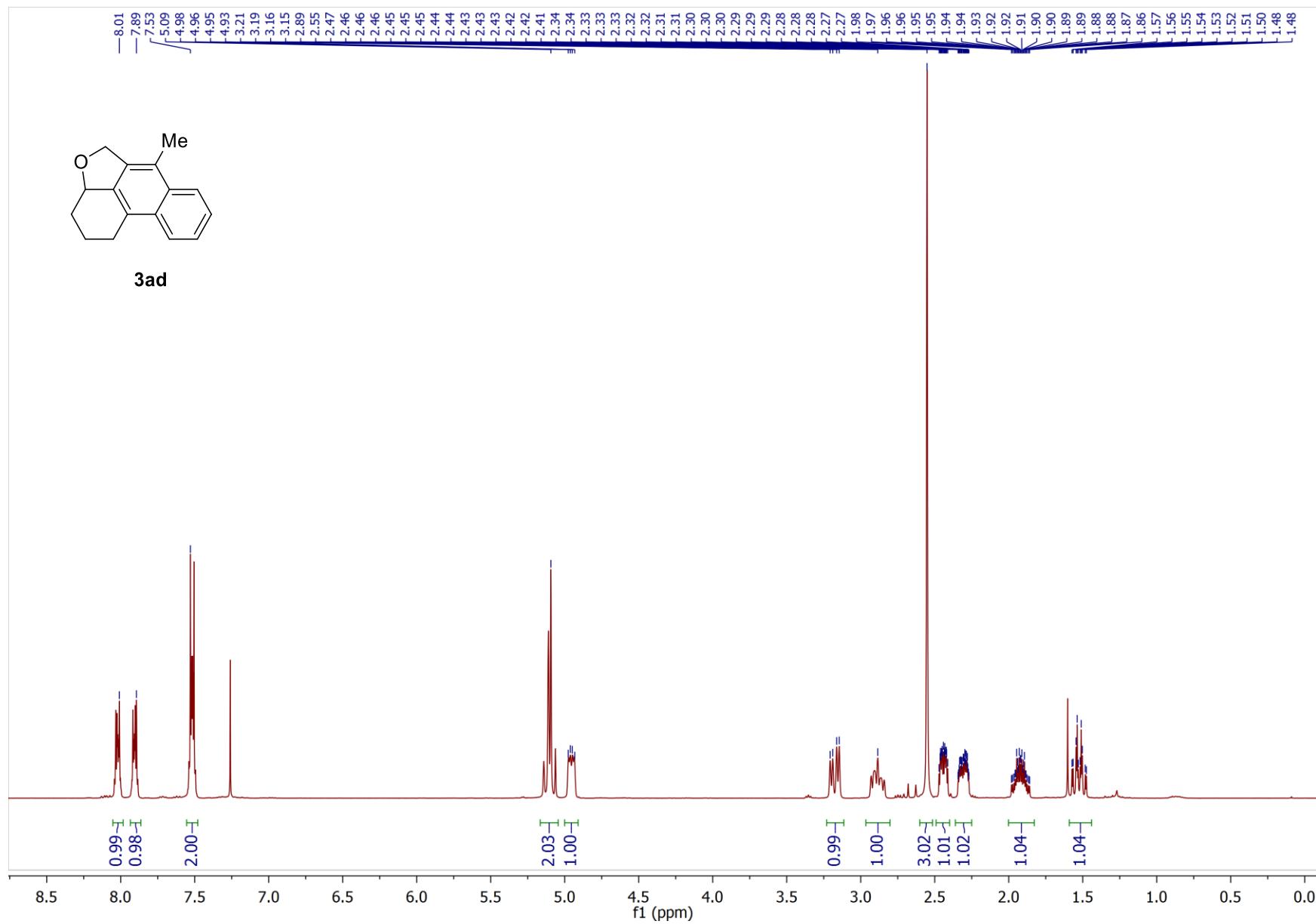
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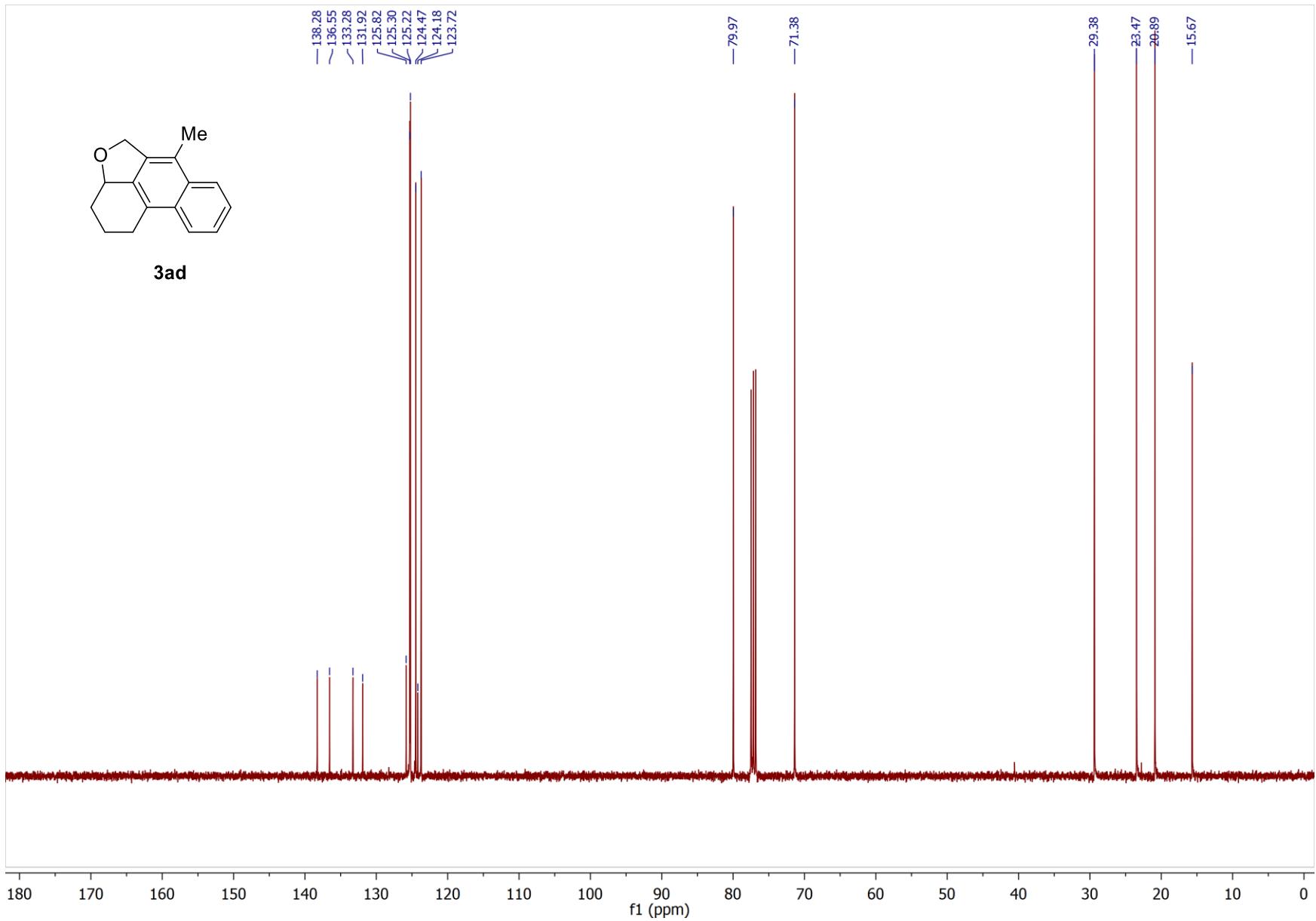
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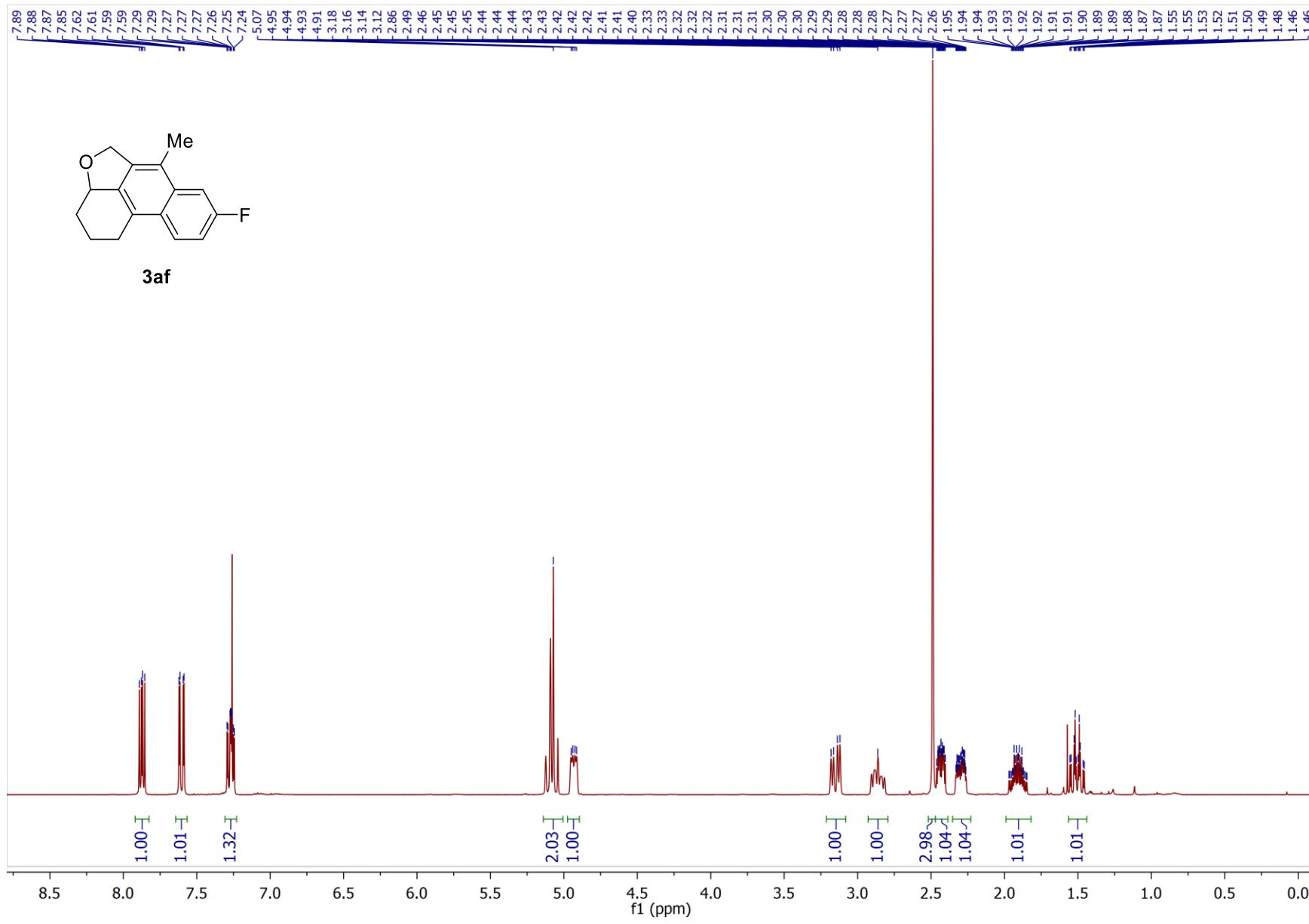
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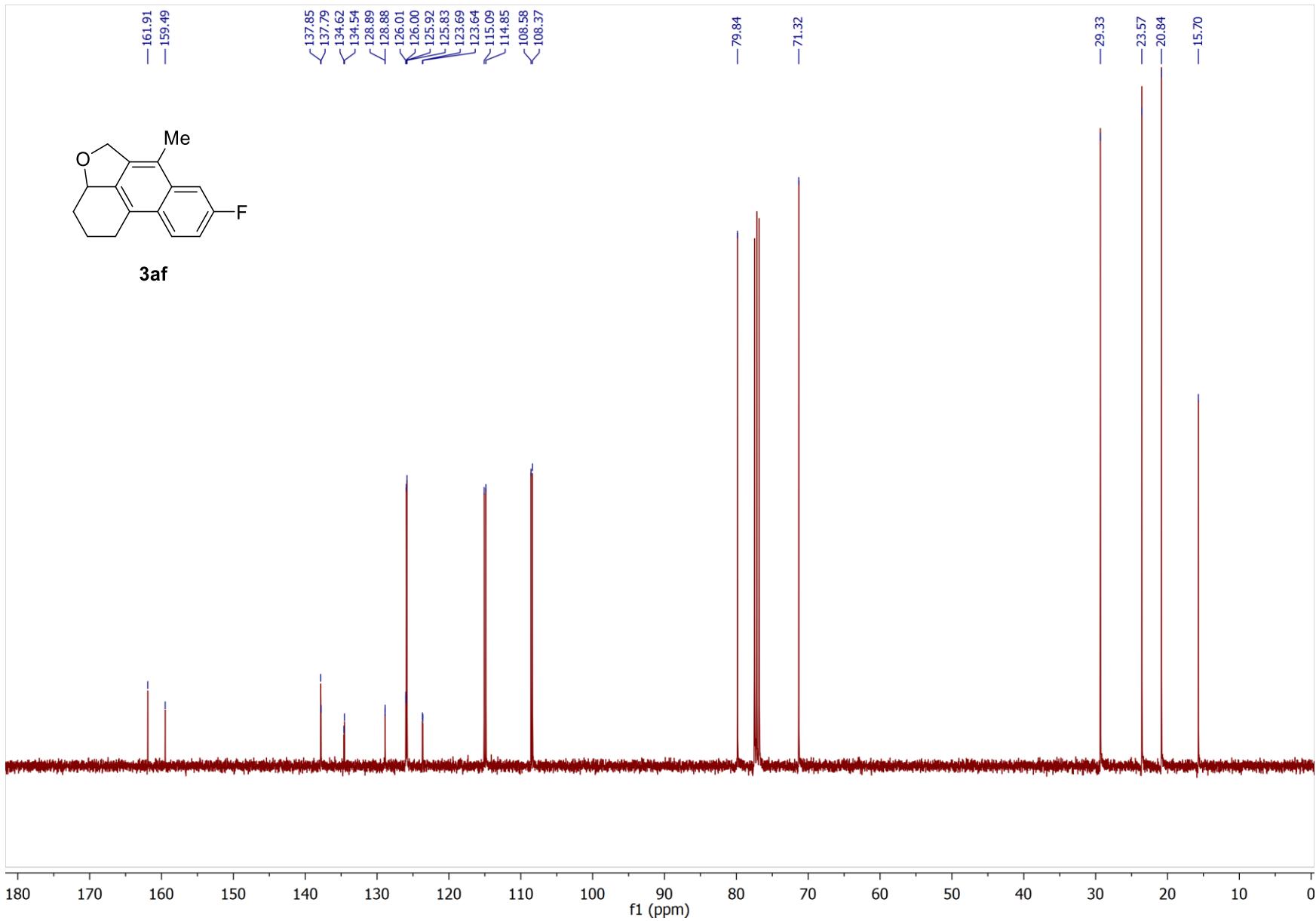
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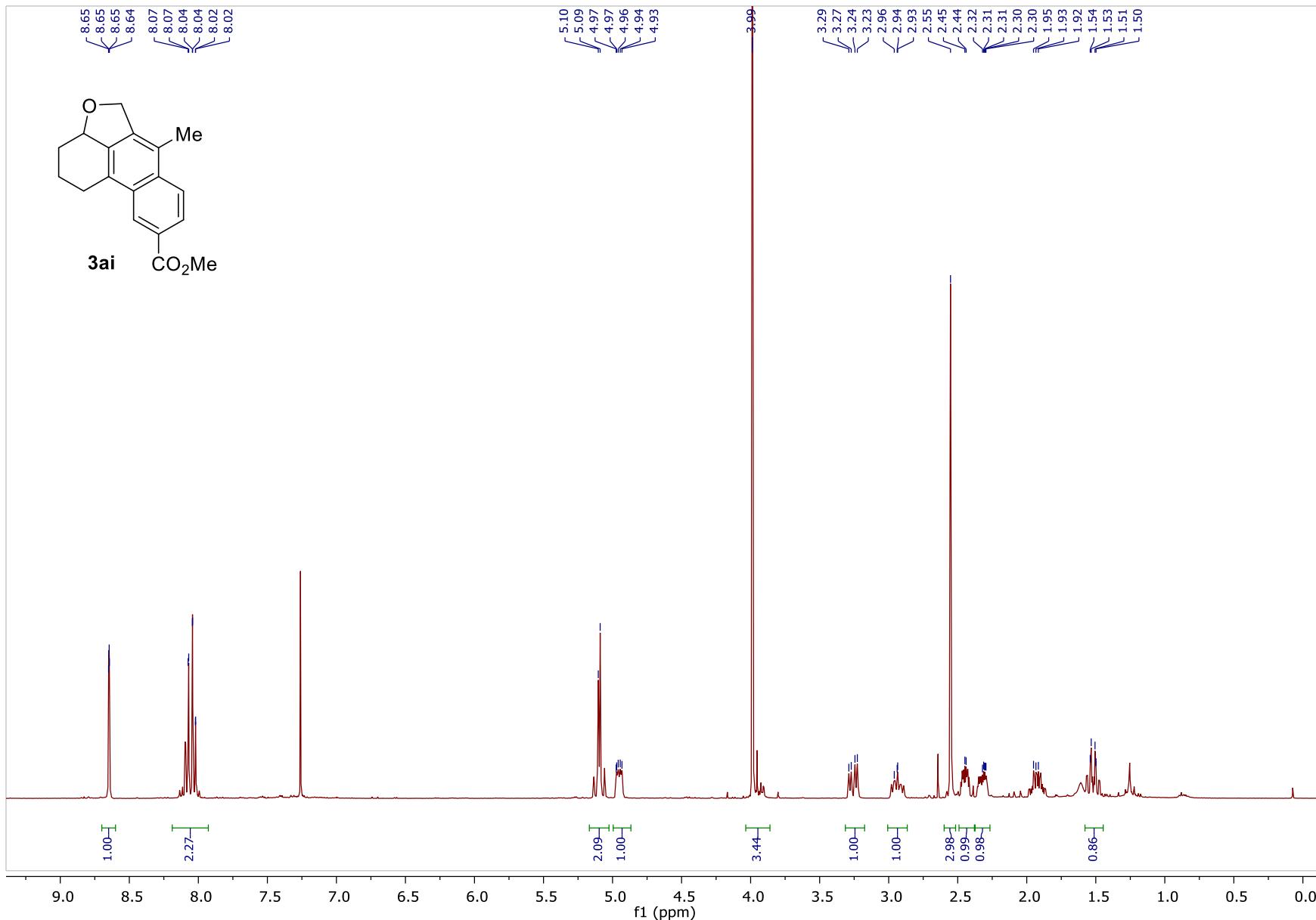
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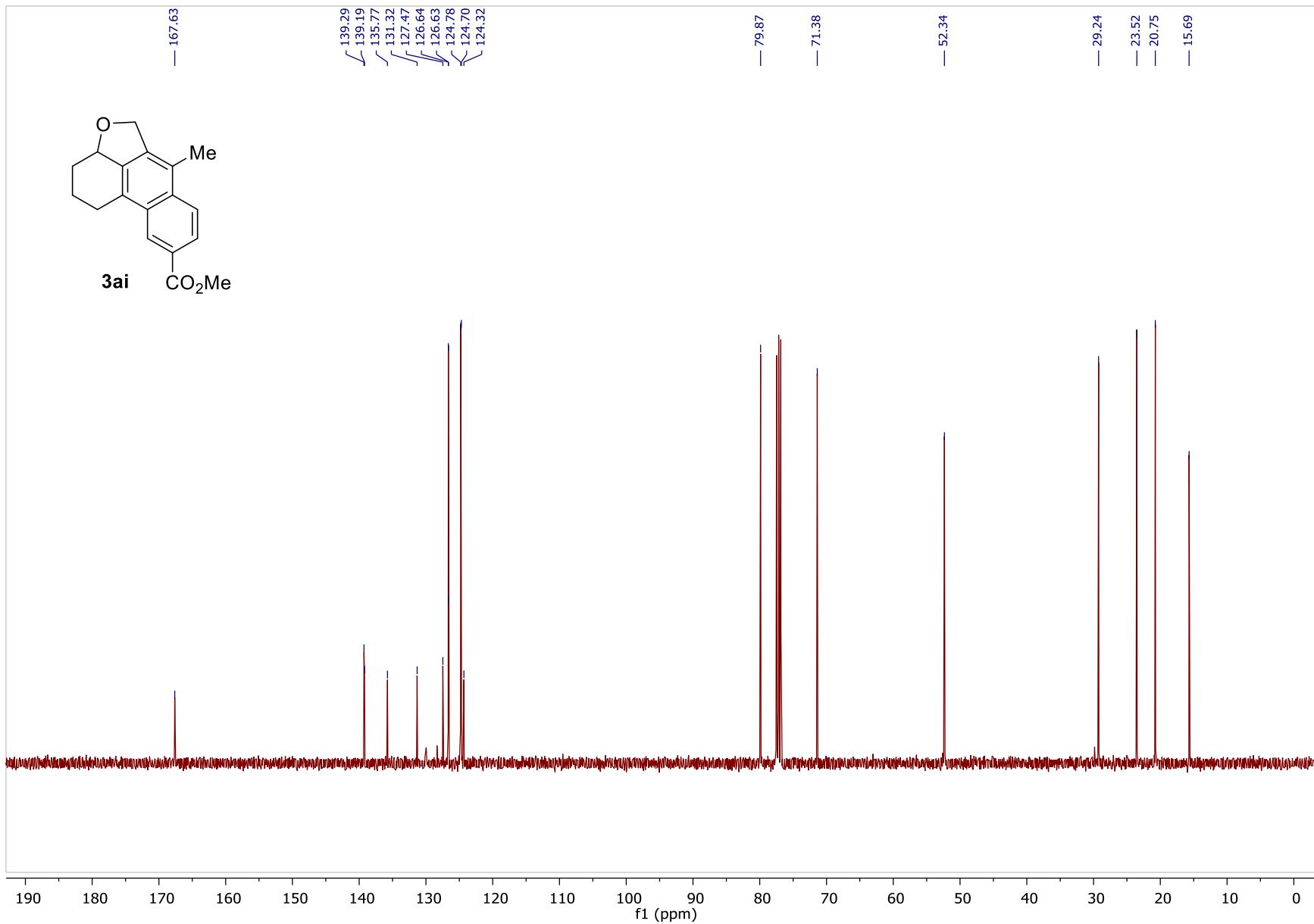
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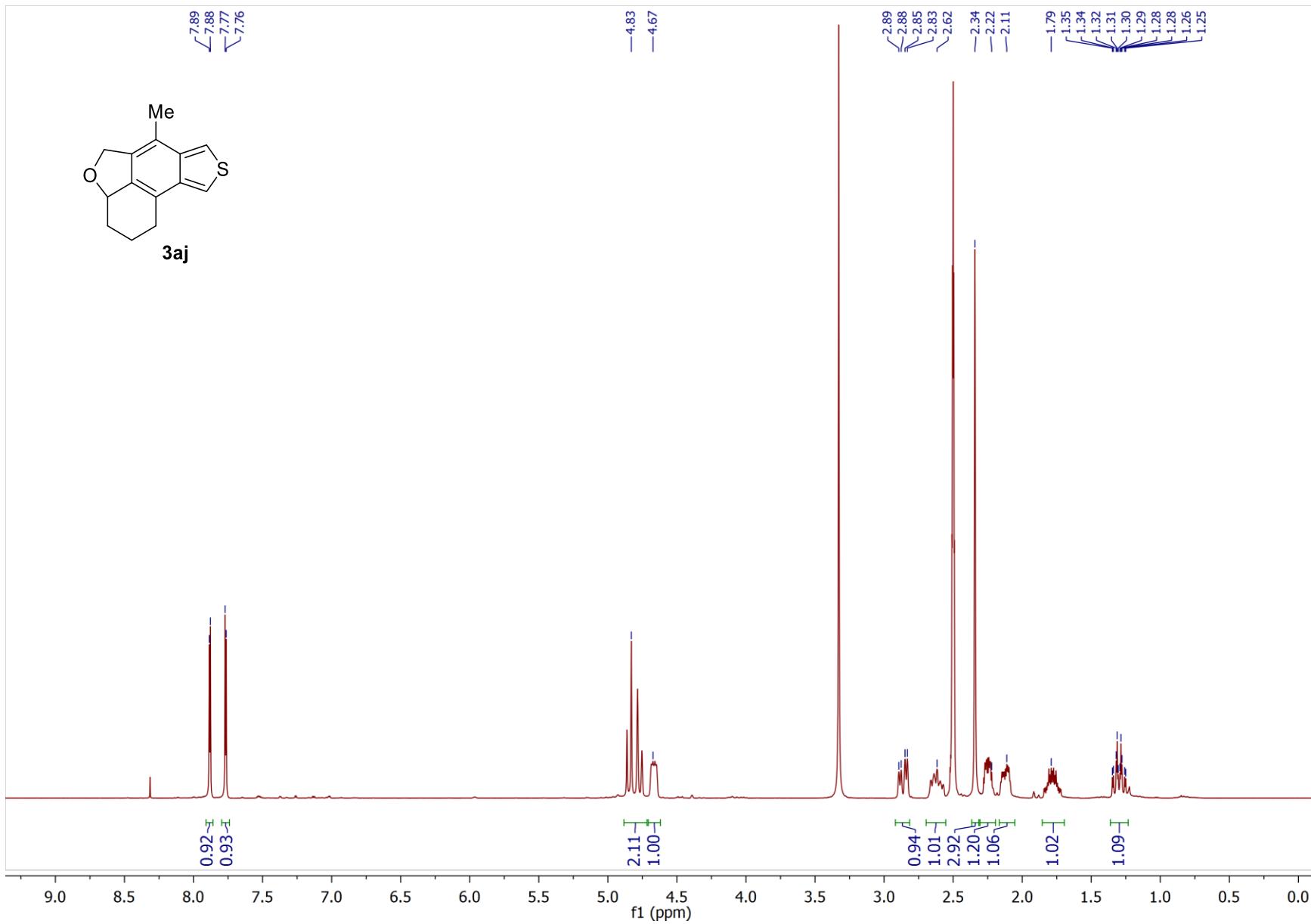
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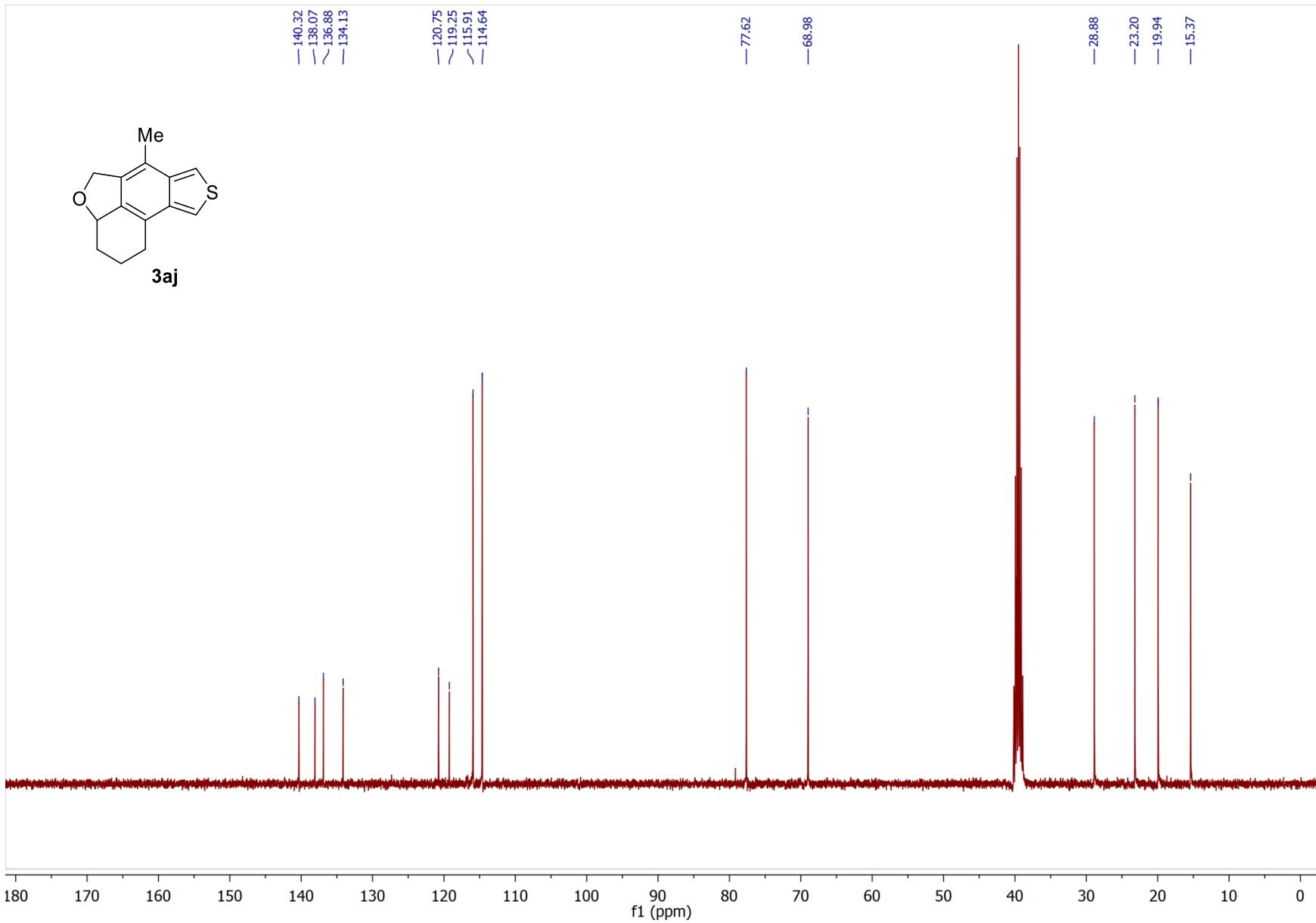
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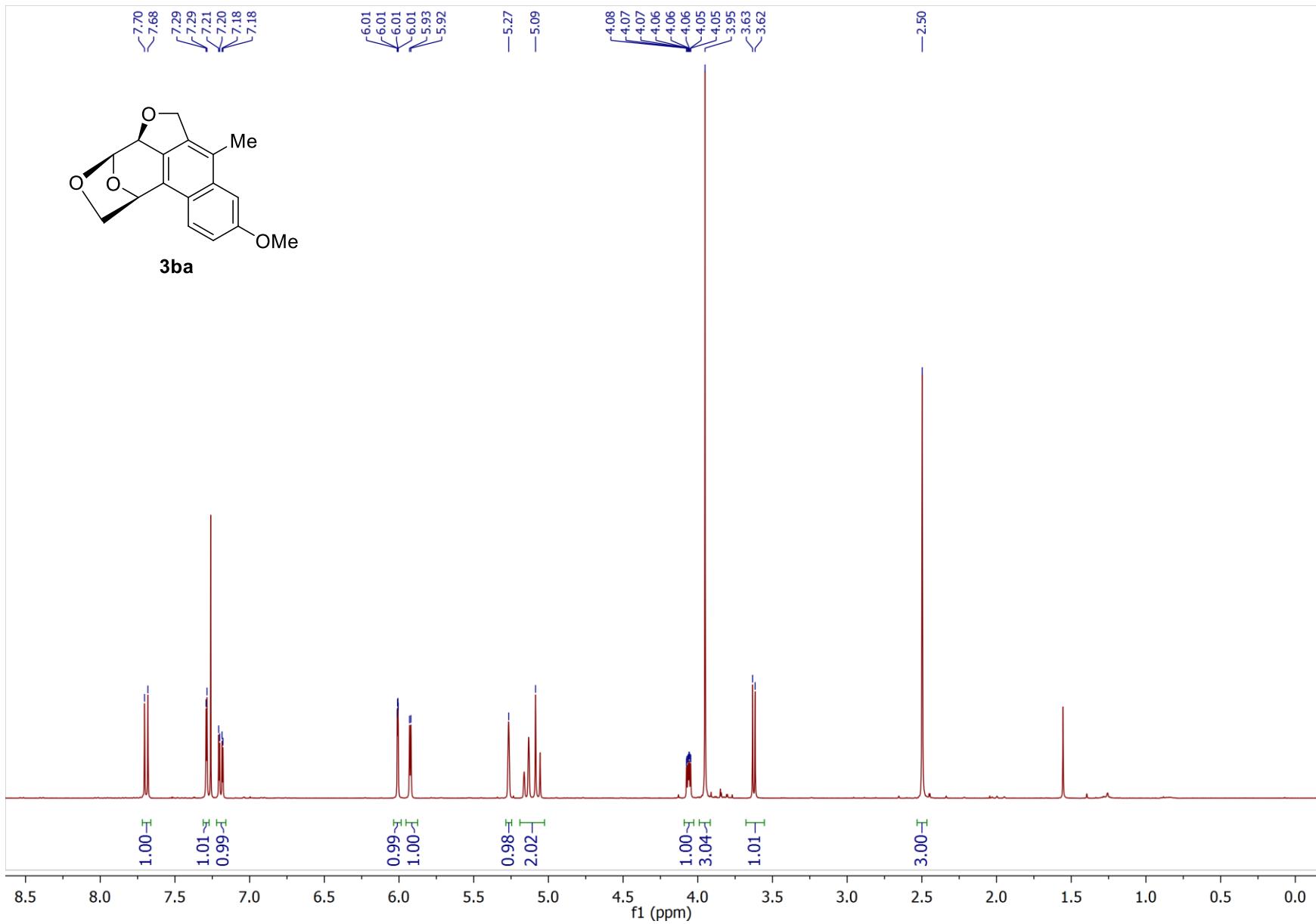
SI - 117



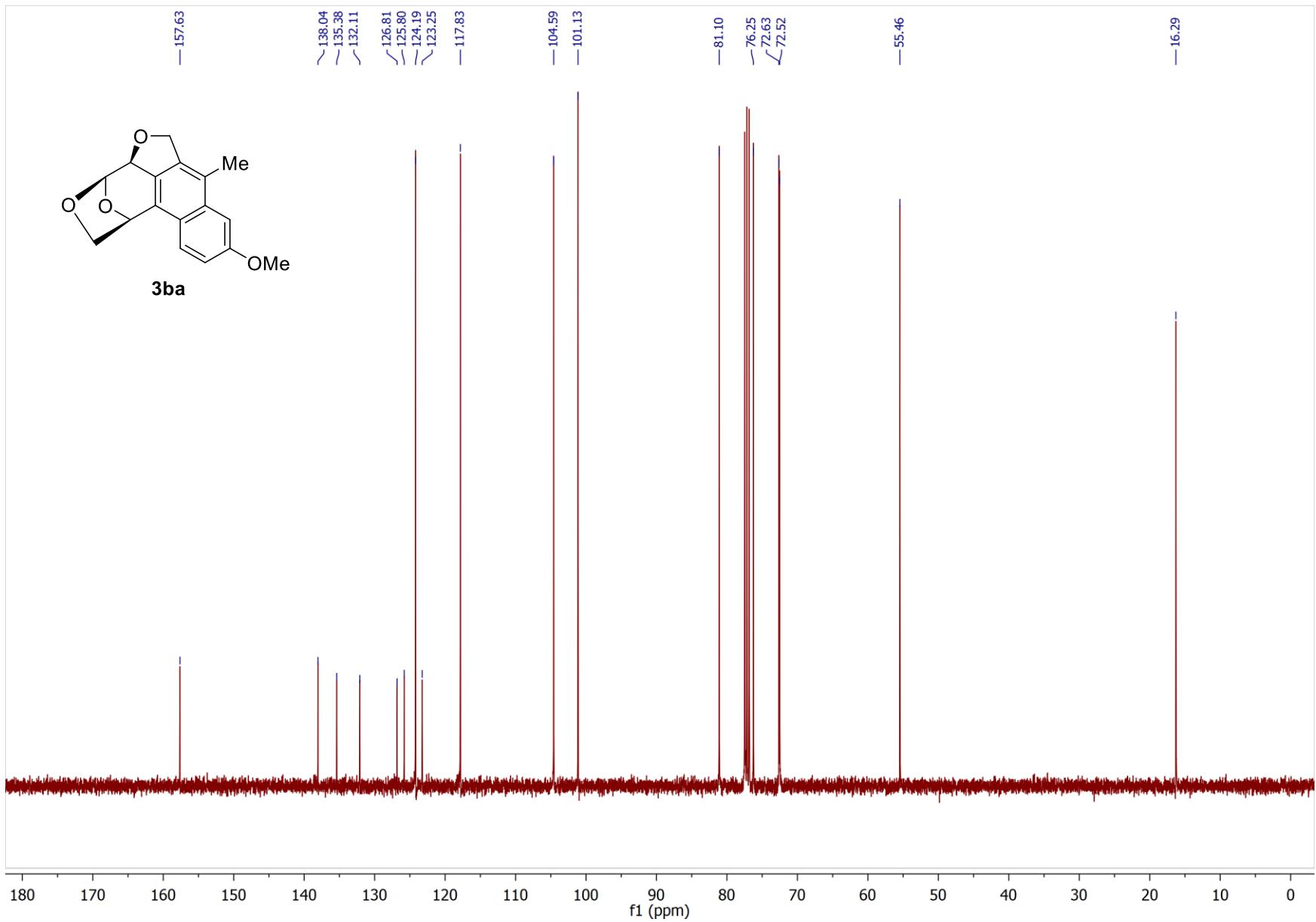
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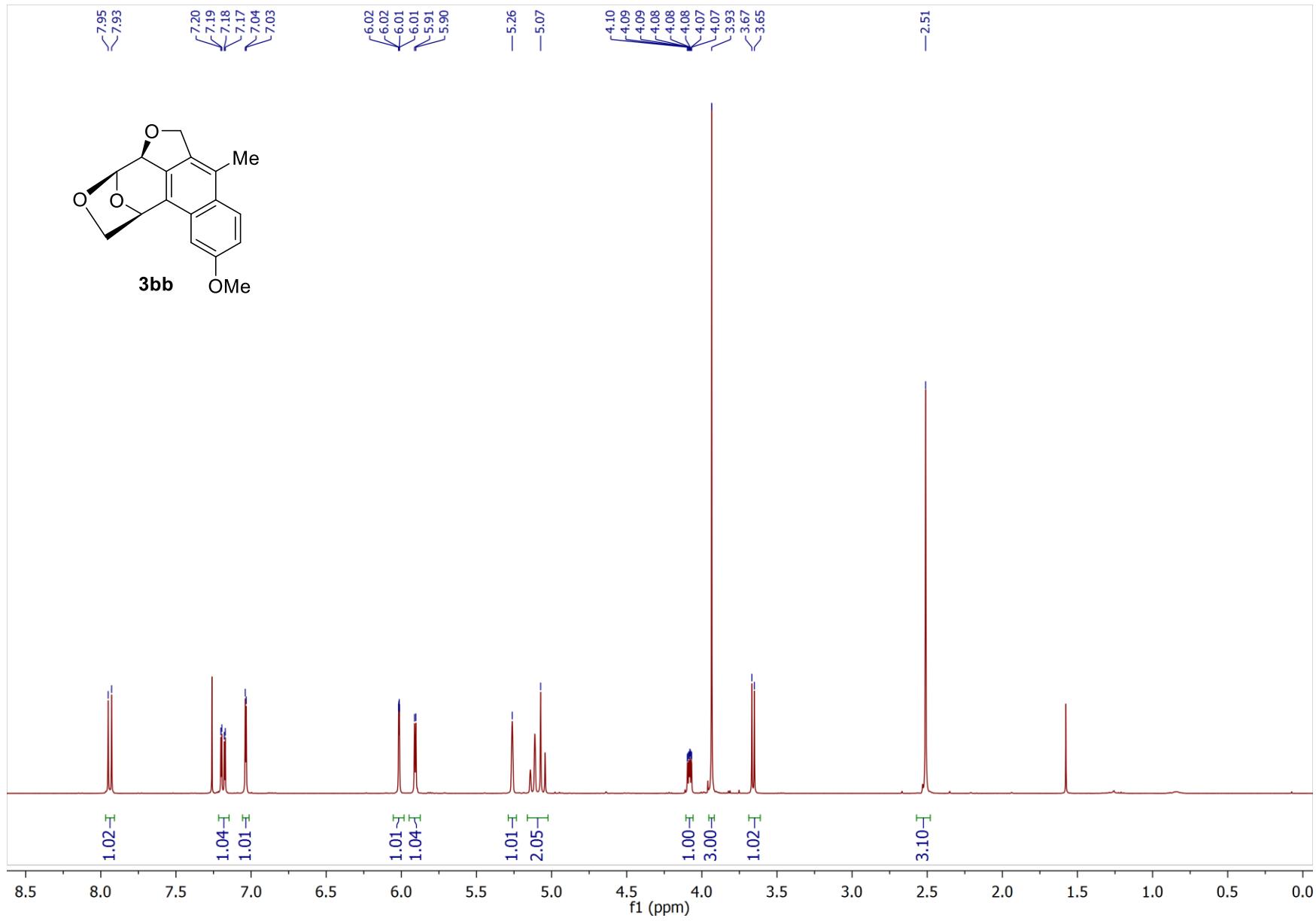
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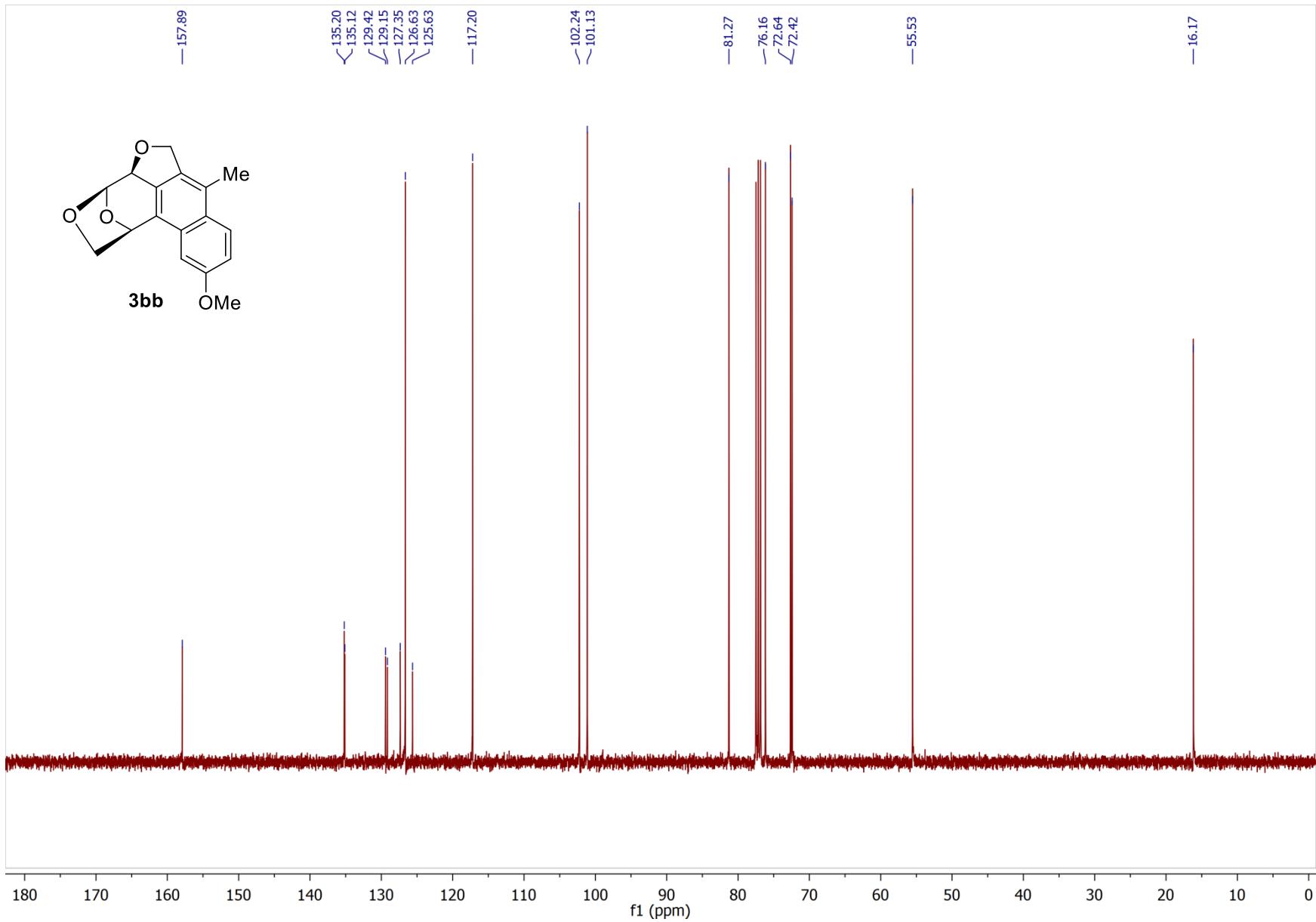
SI - 120



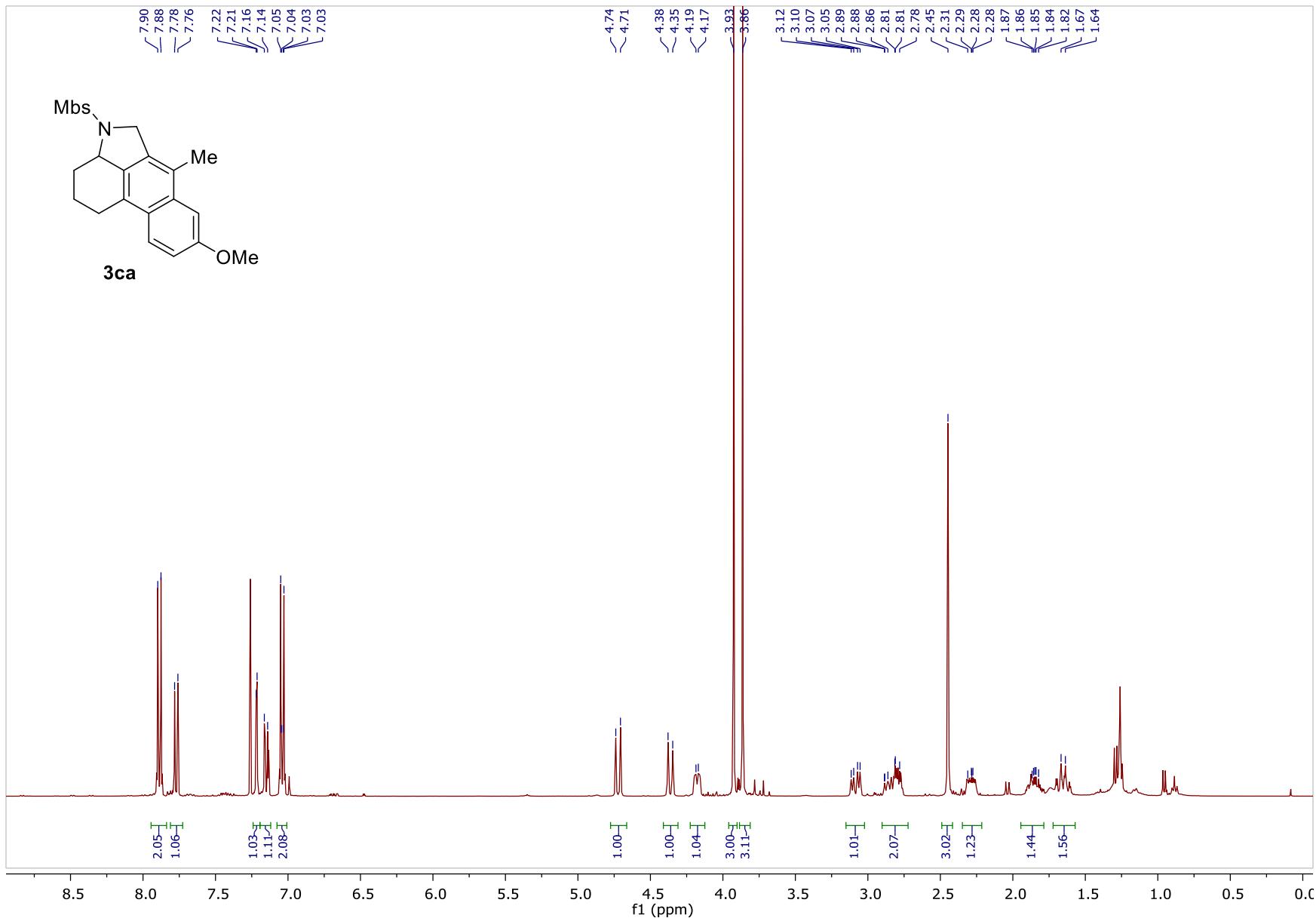
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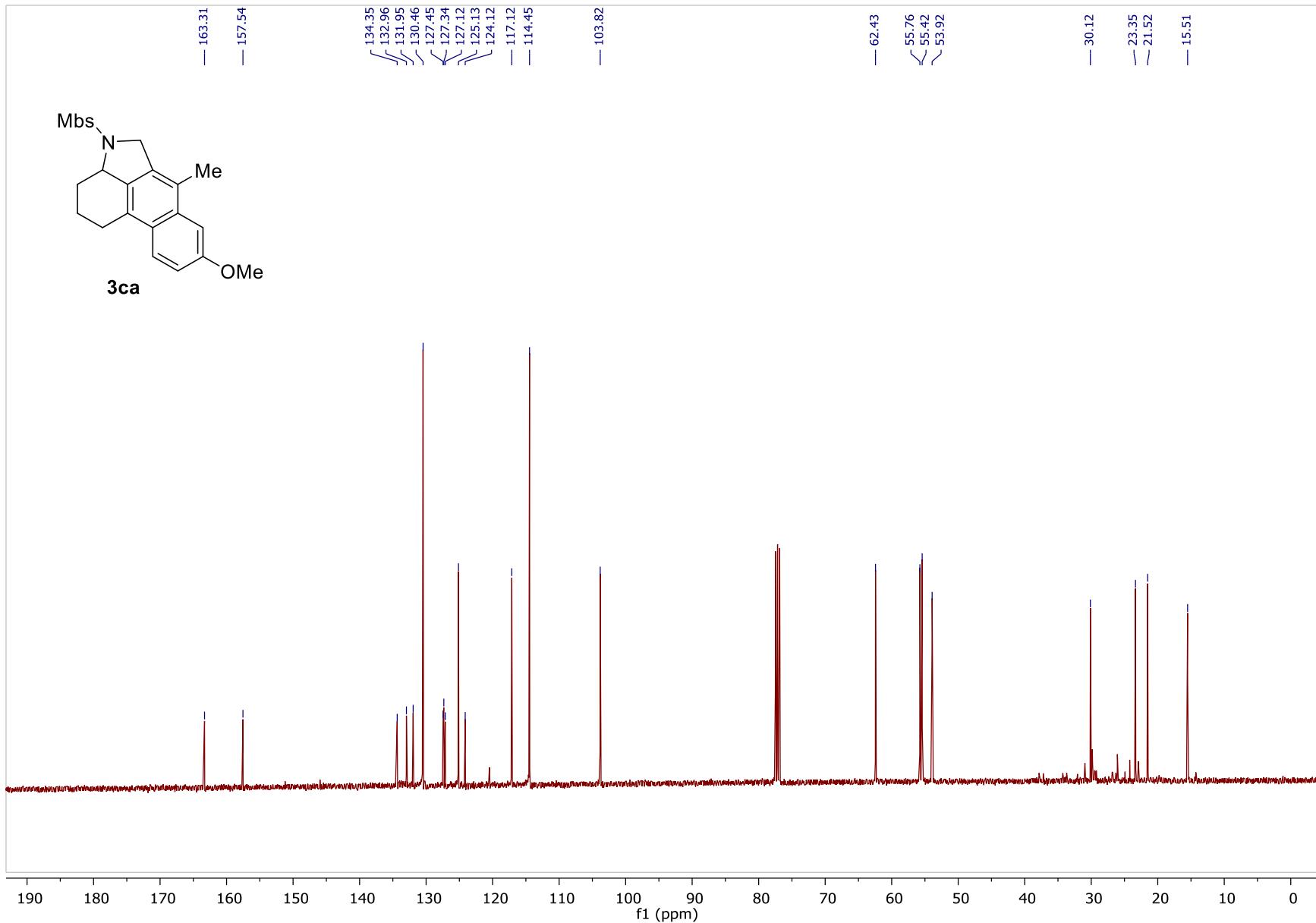
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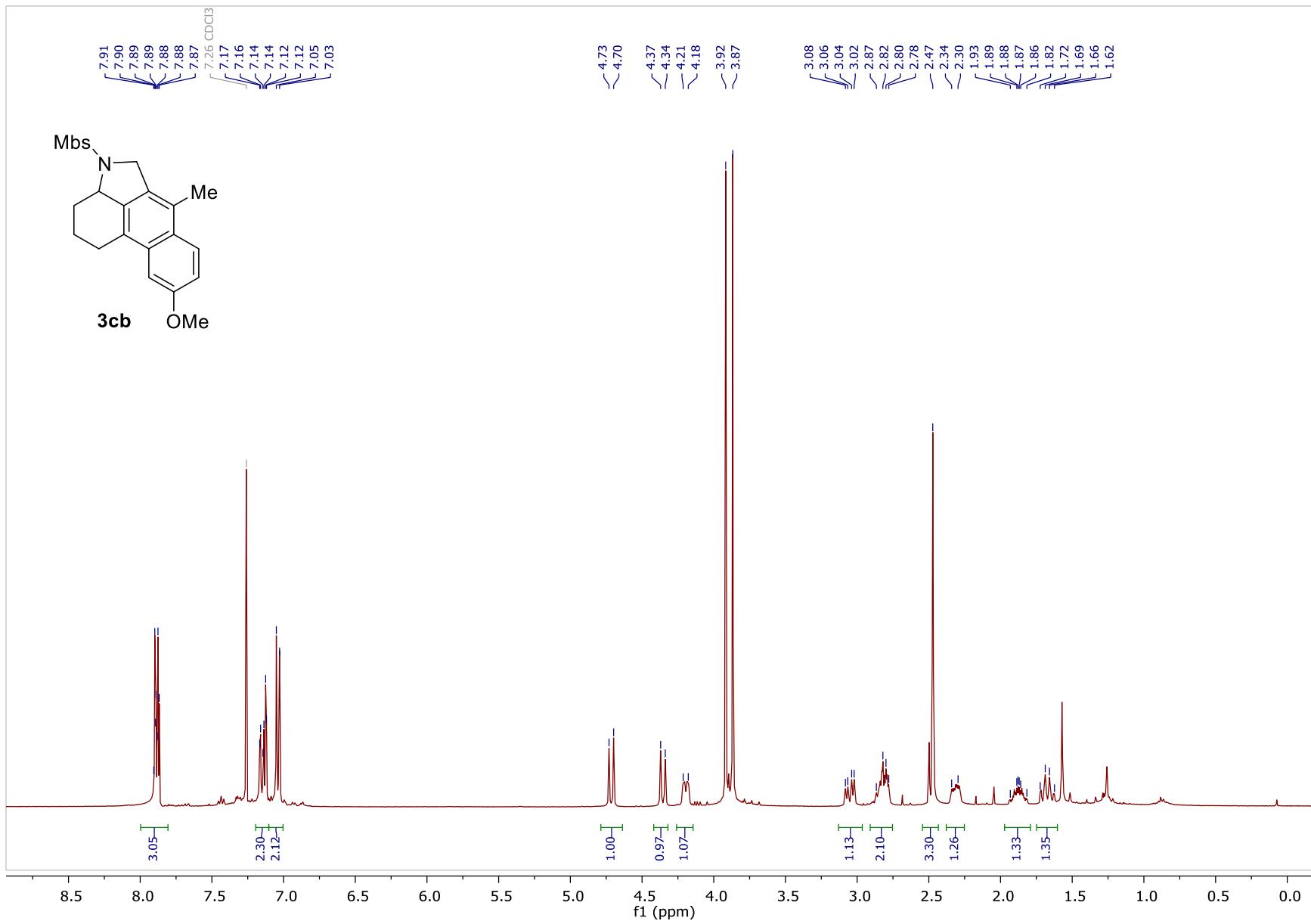
SI - 123

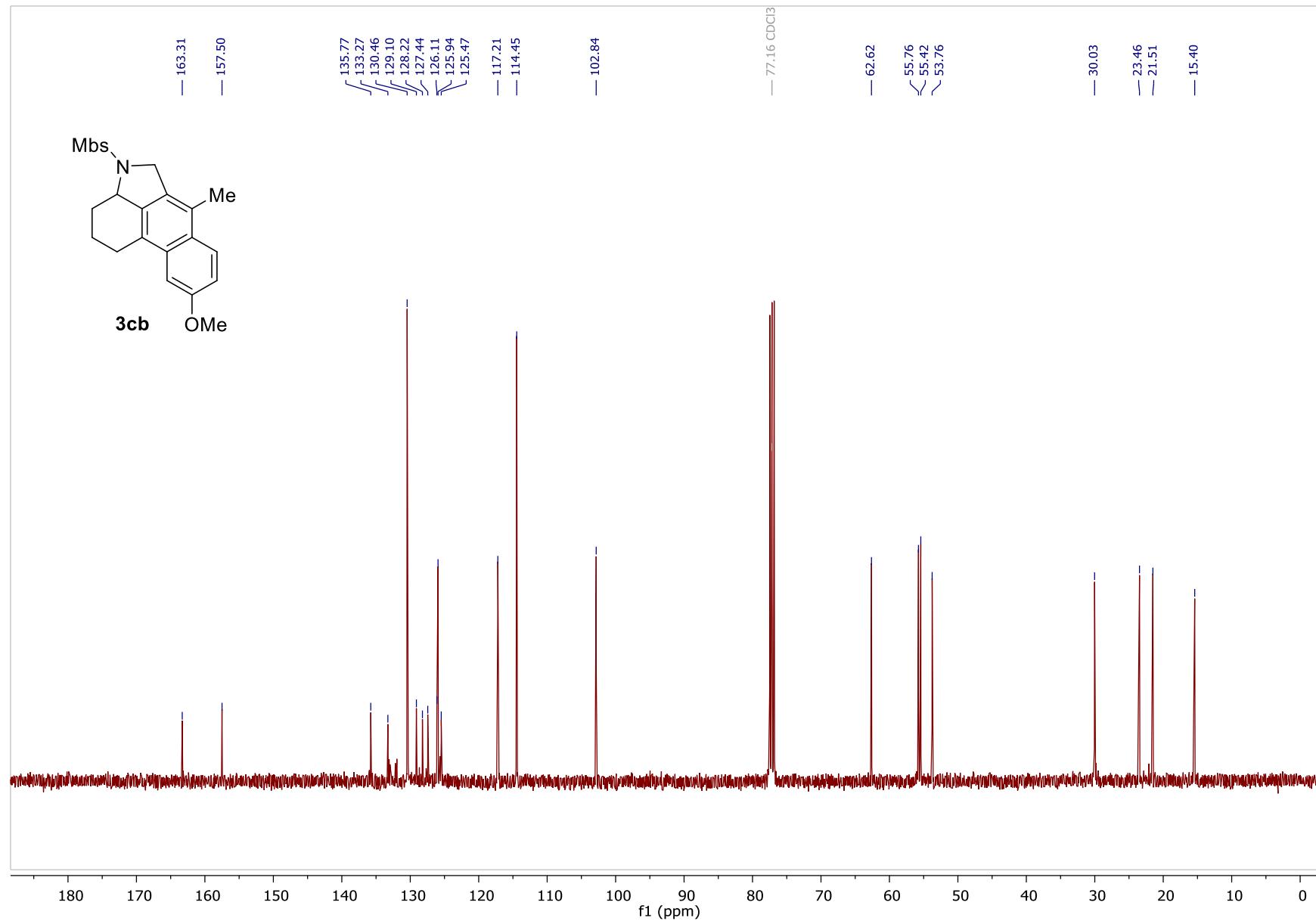


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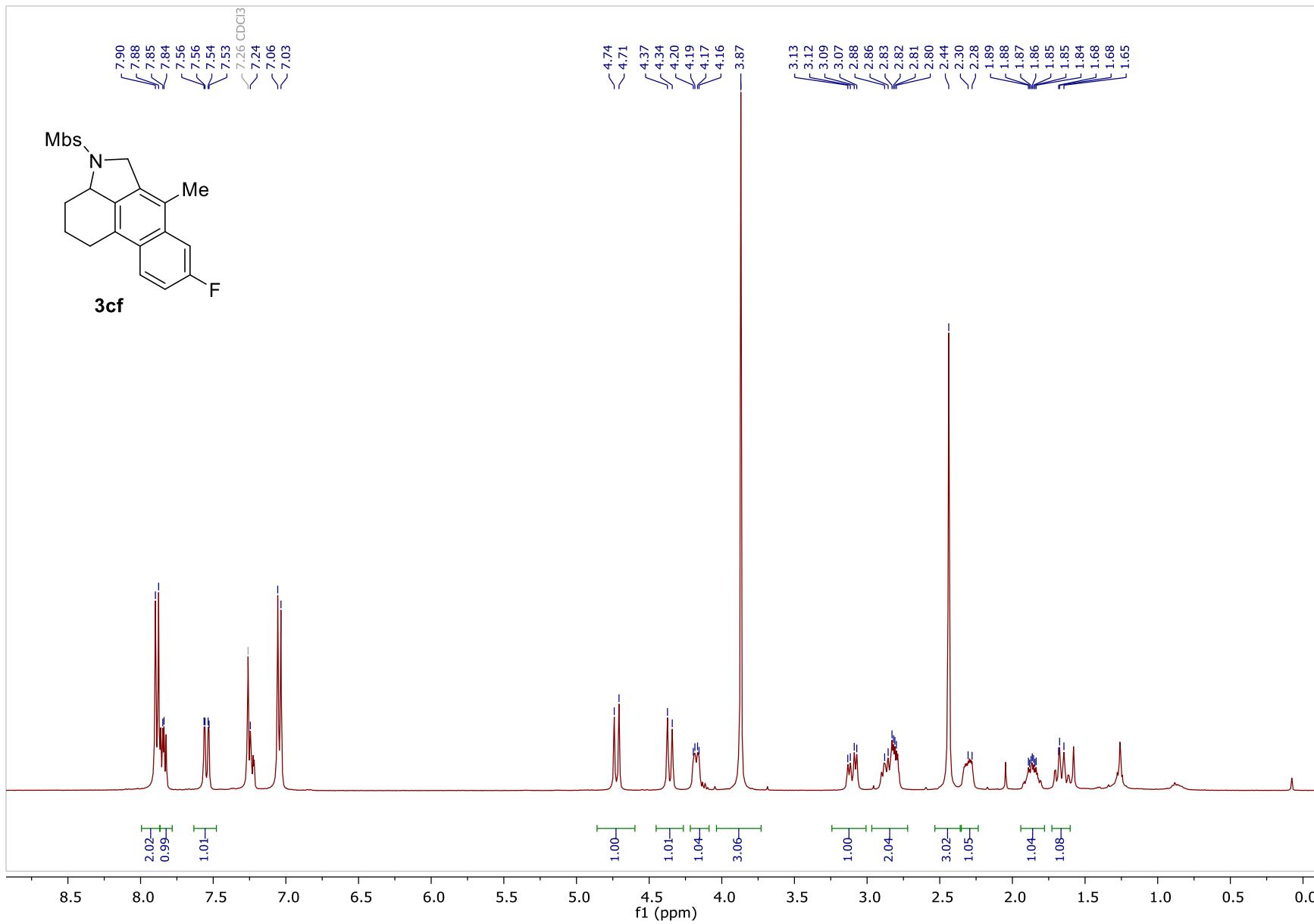


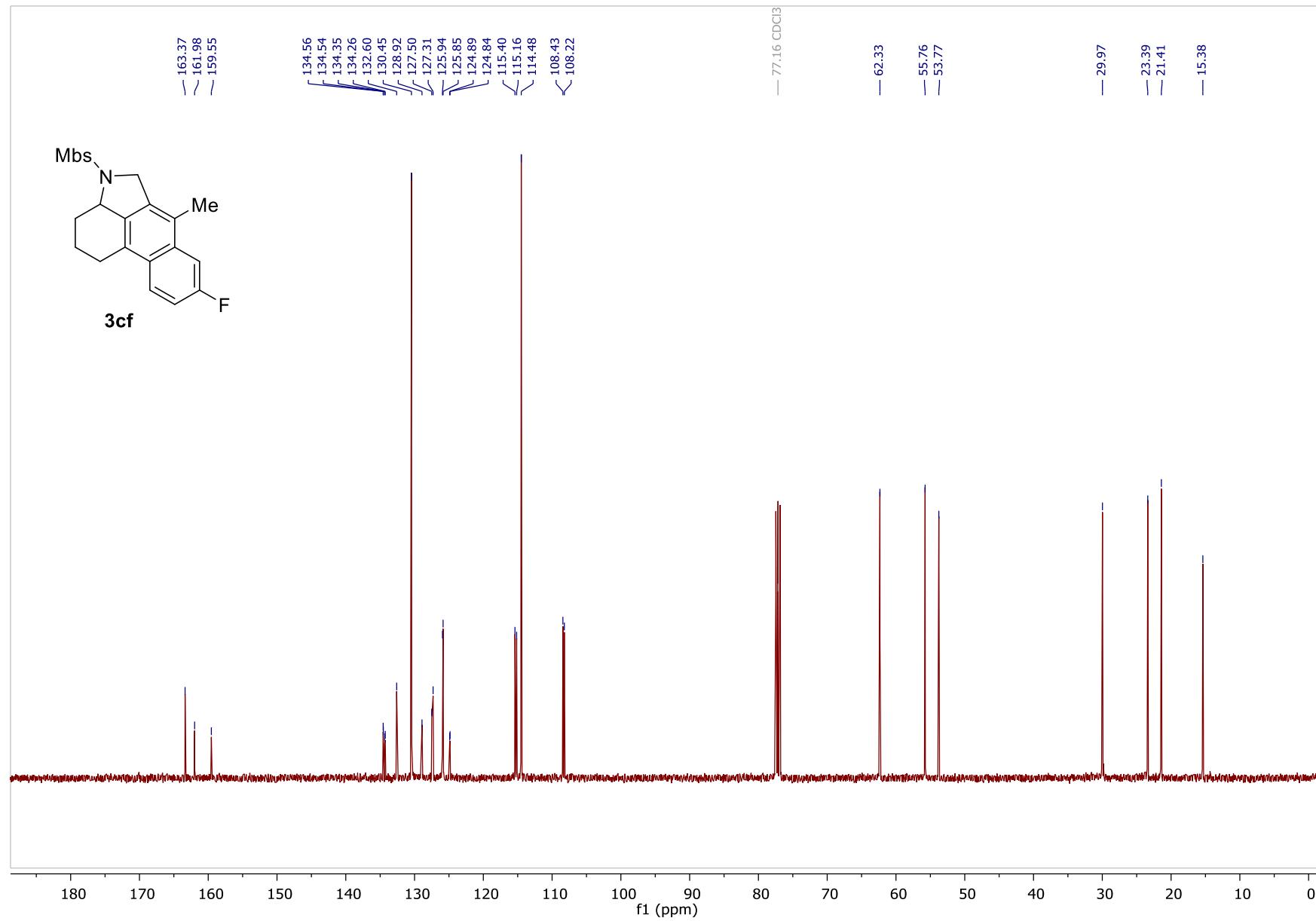
SI - 125



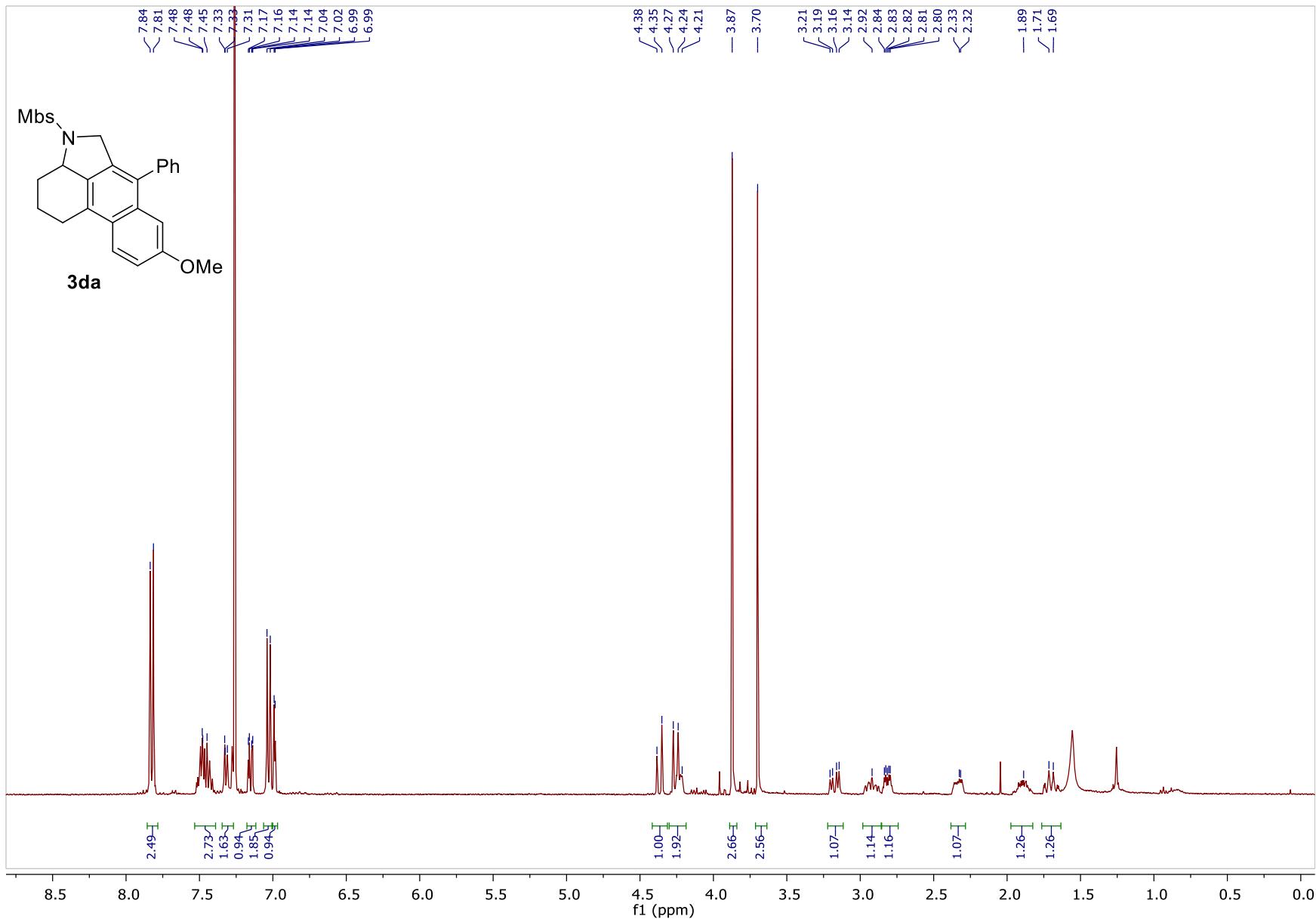


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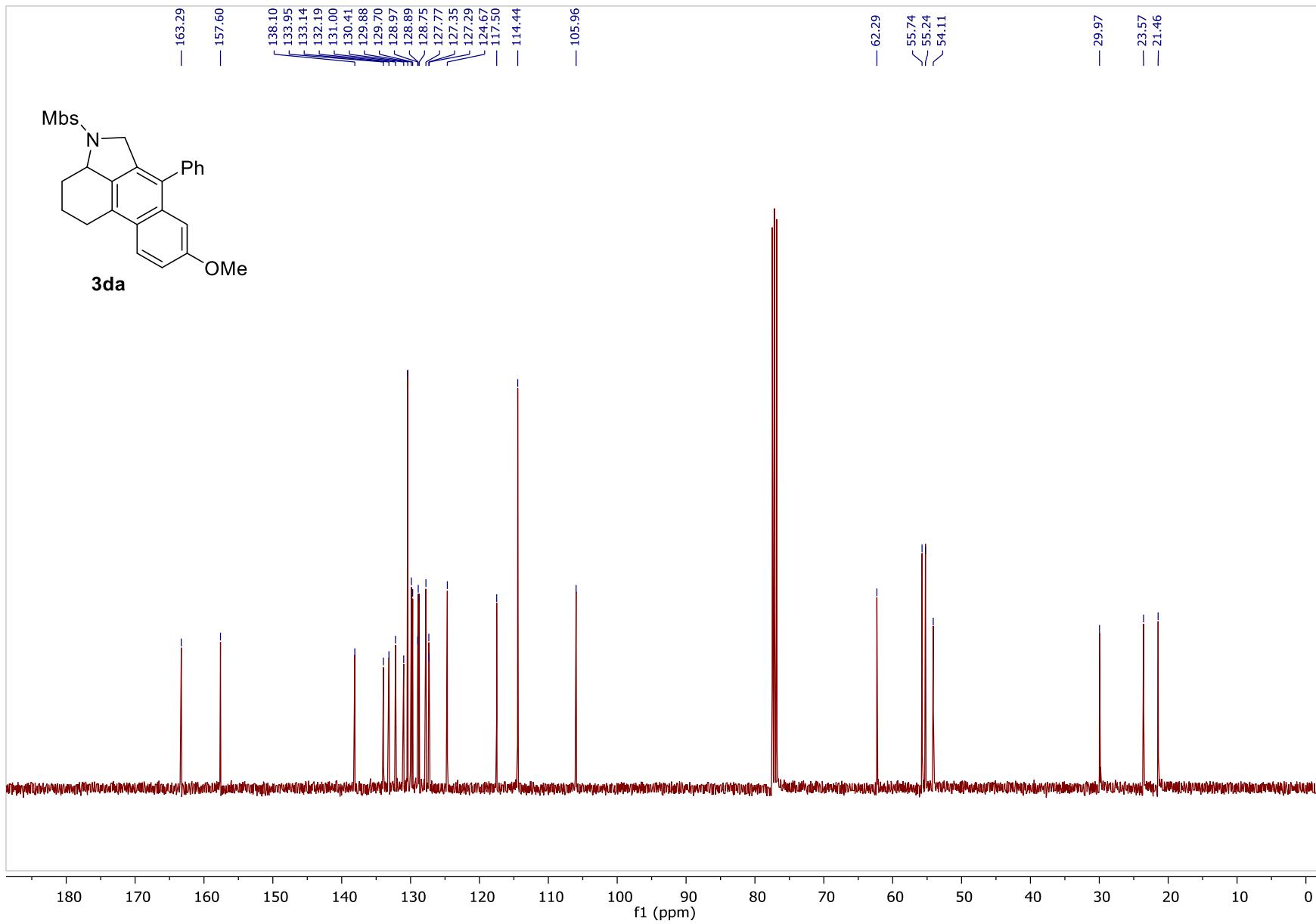




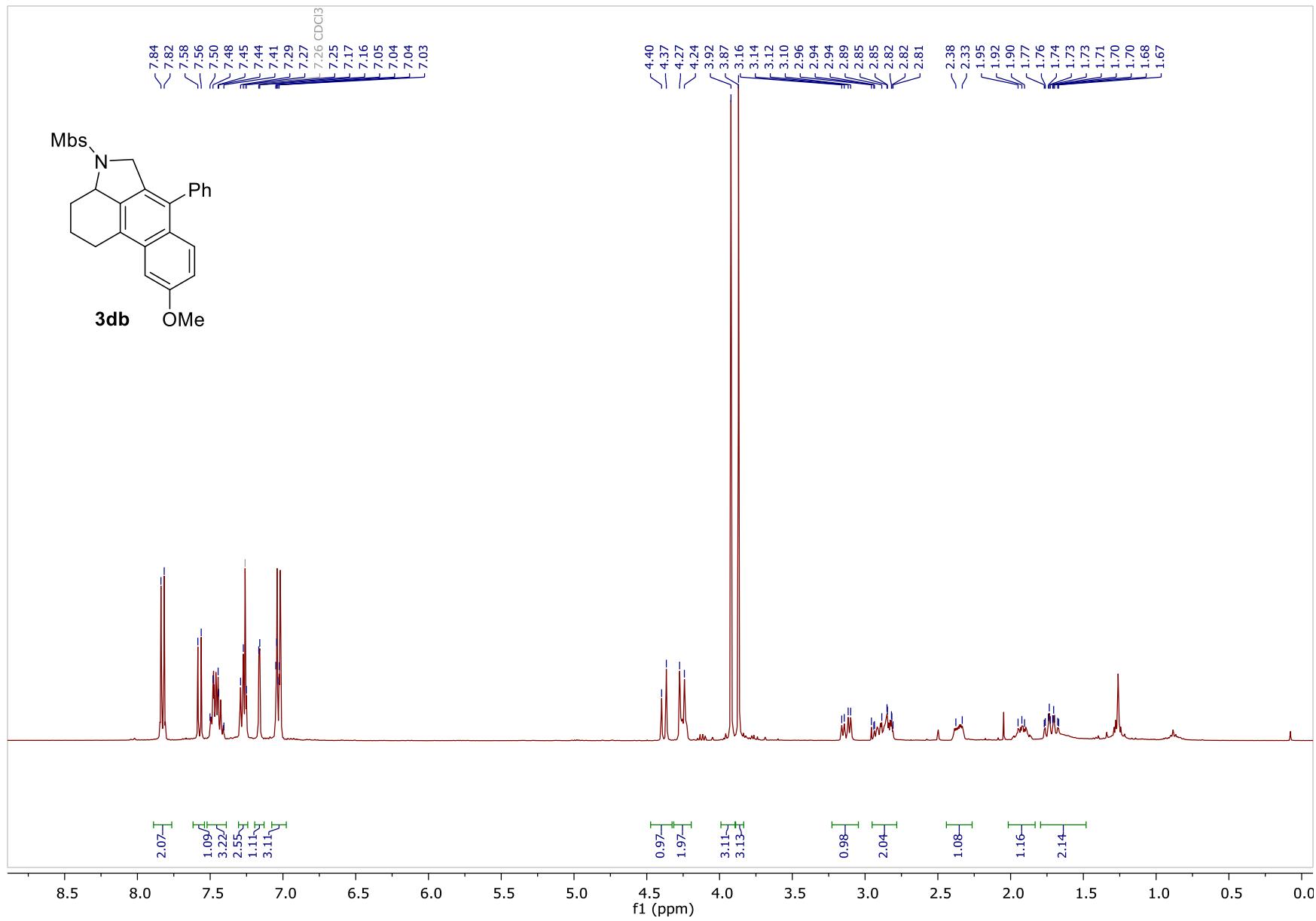
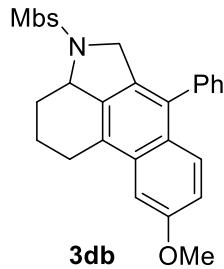
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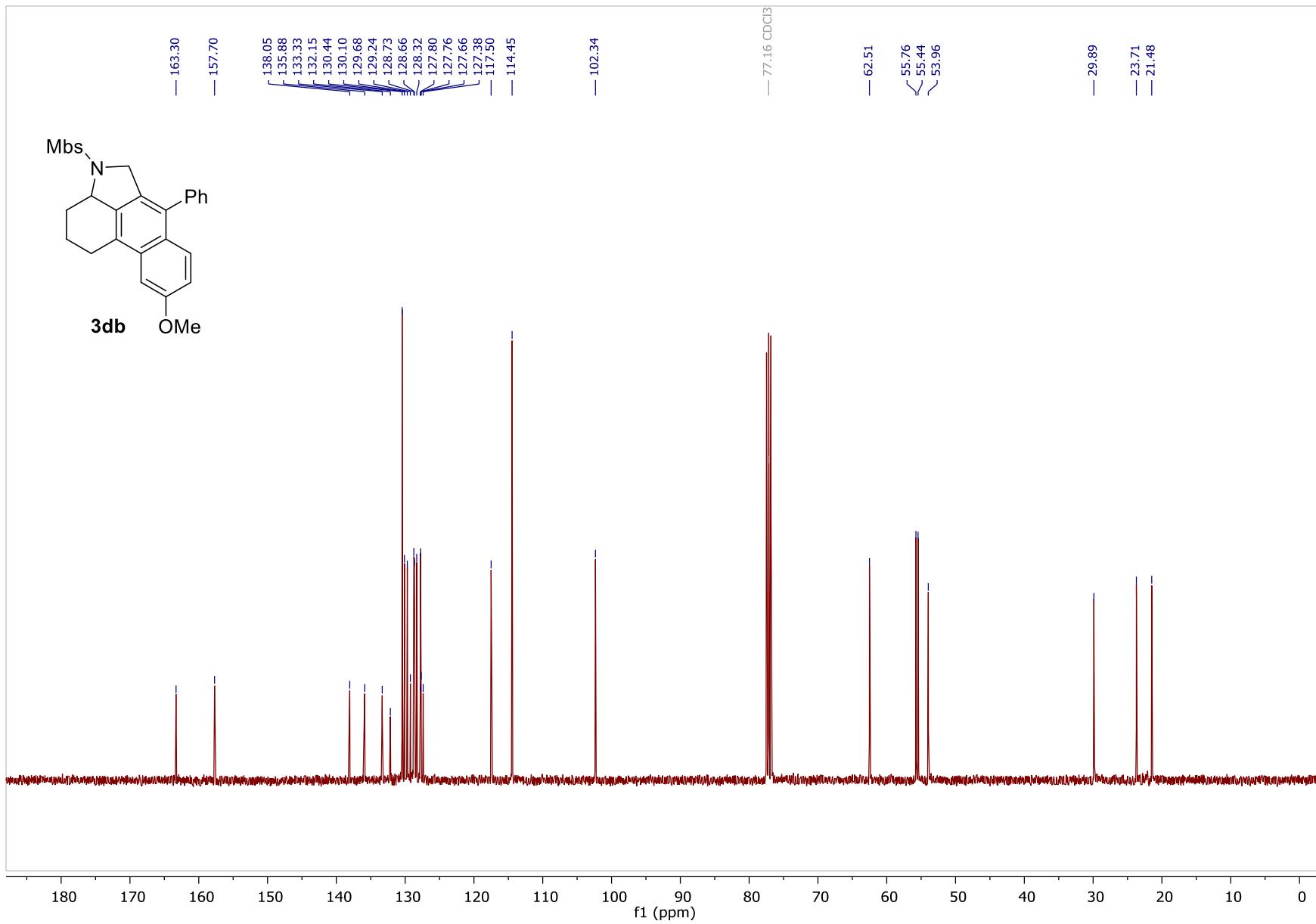
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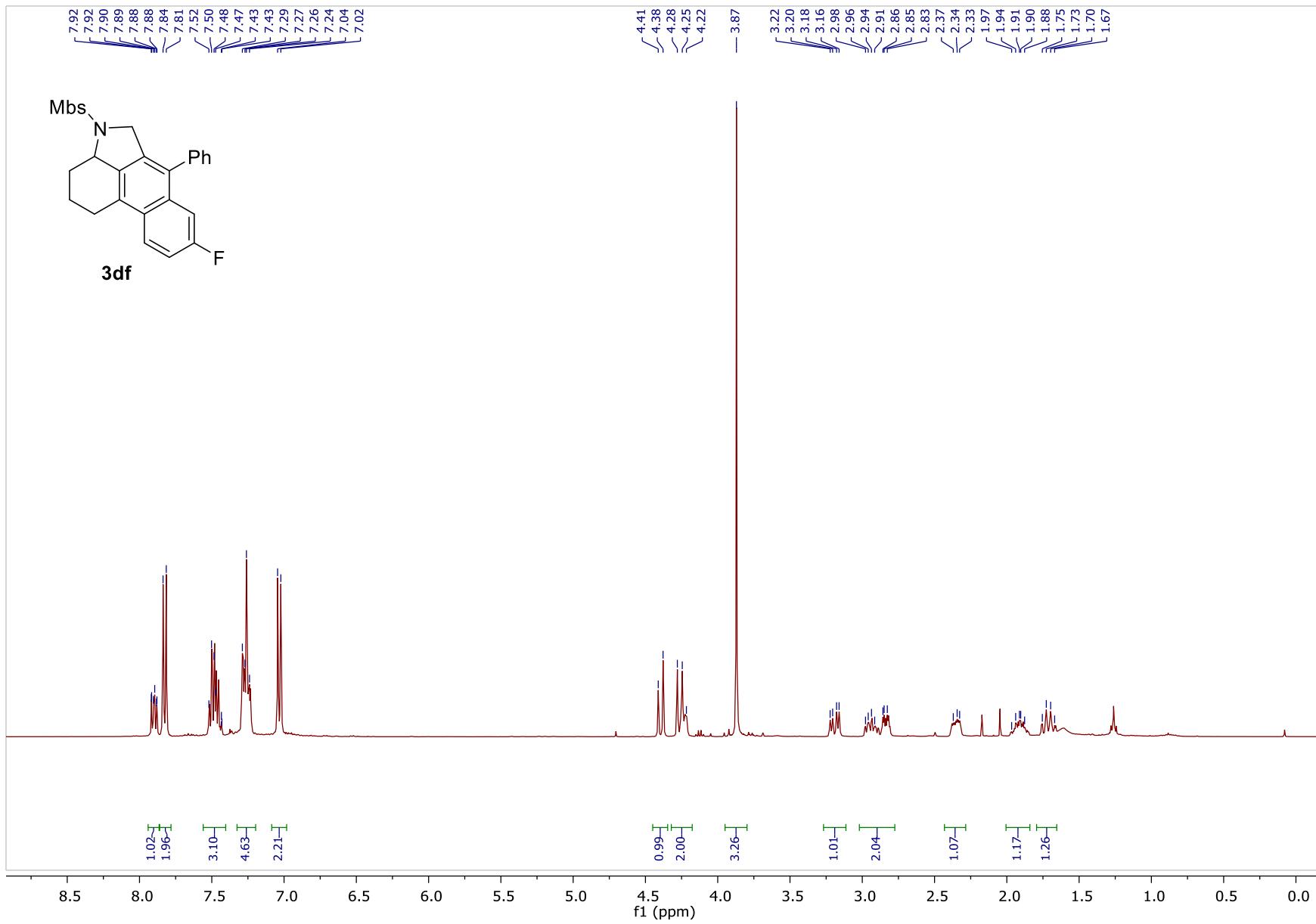
SI - 131



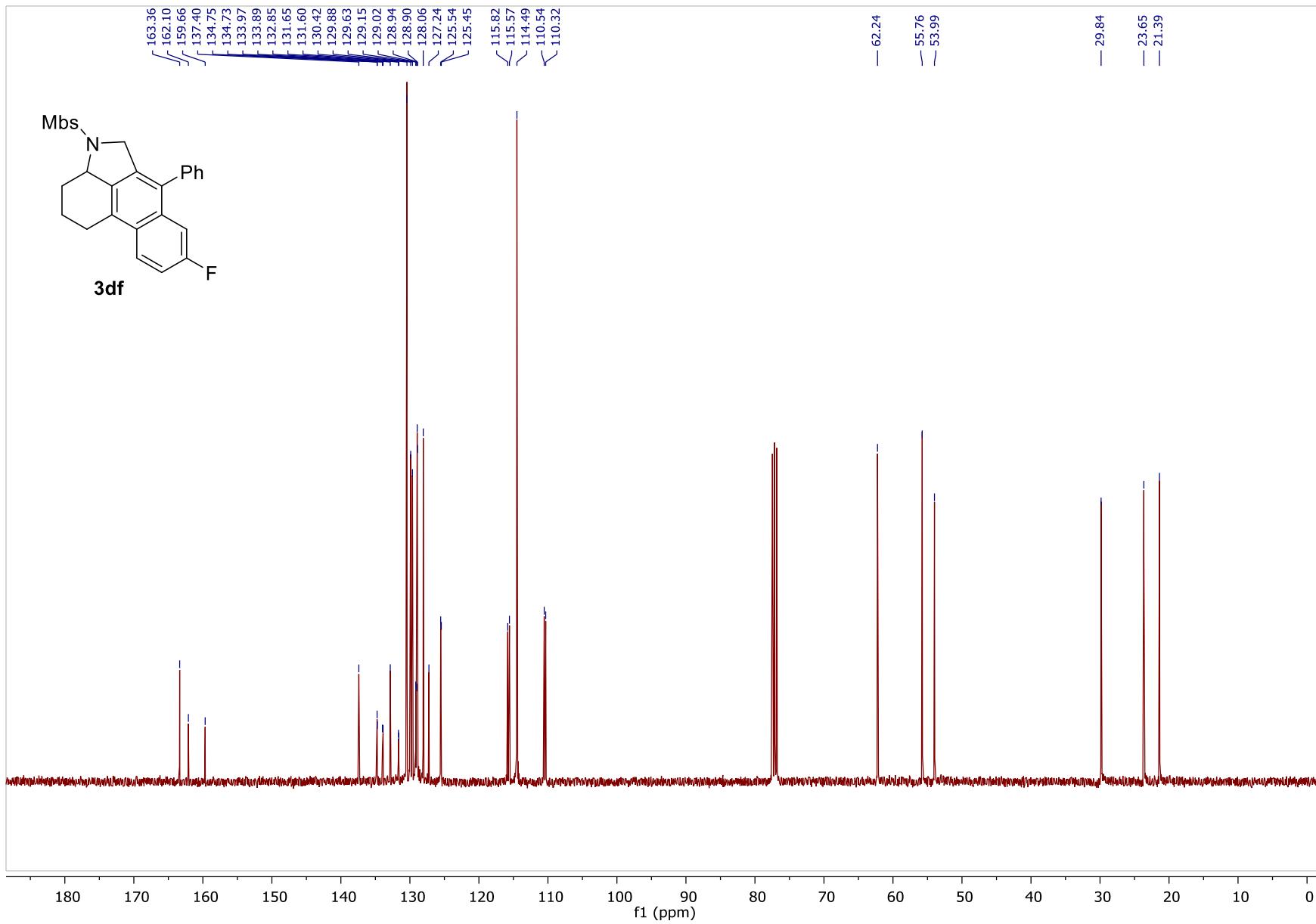
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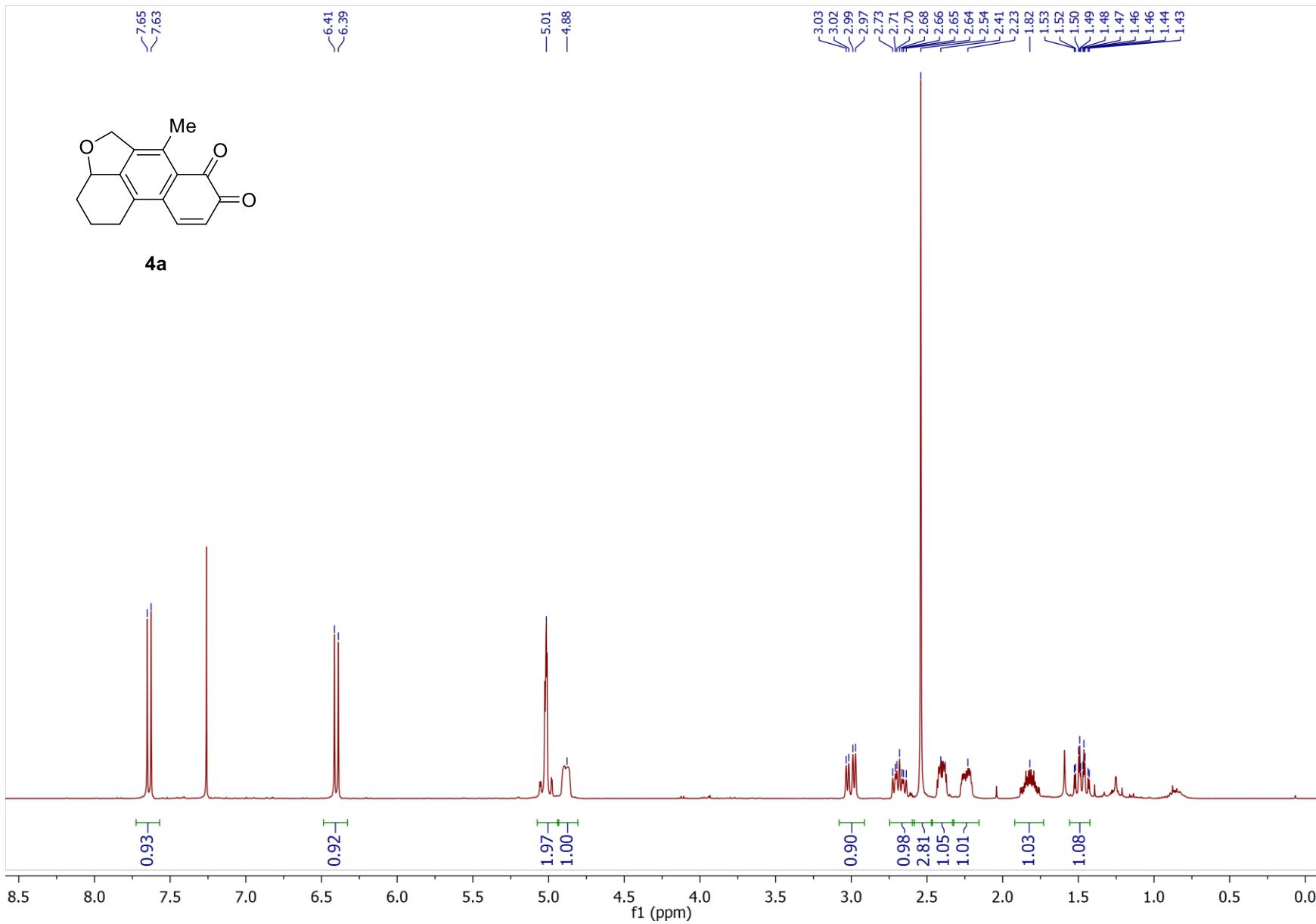
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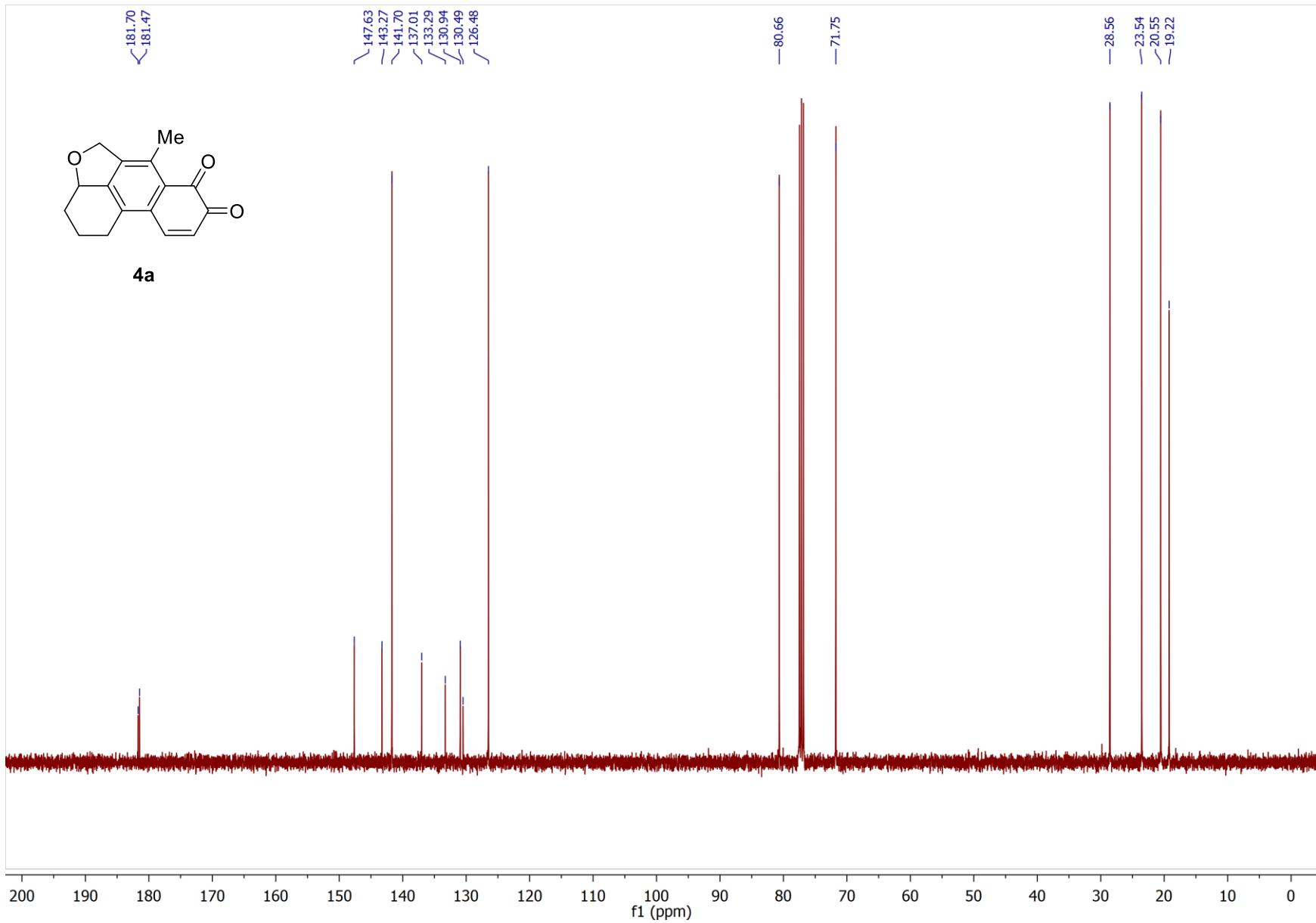
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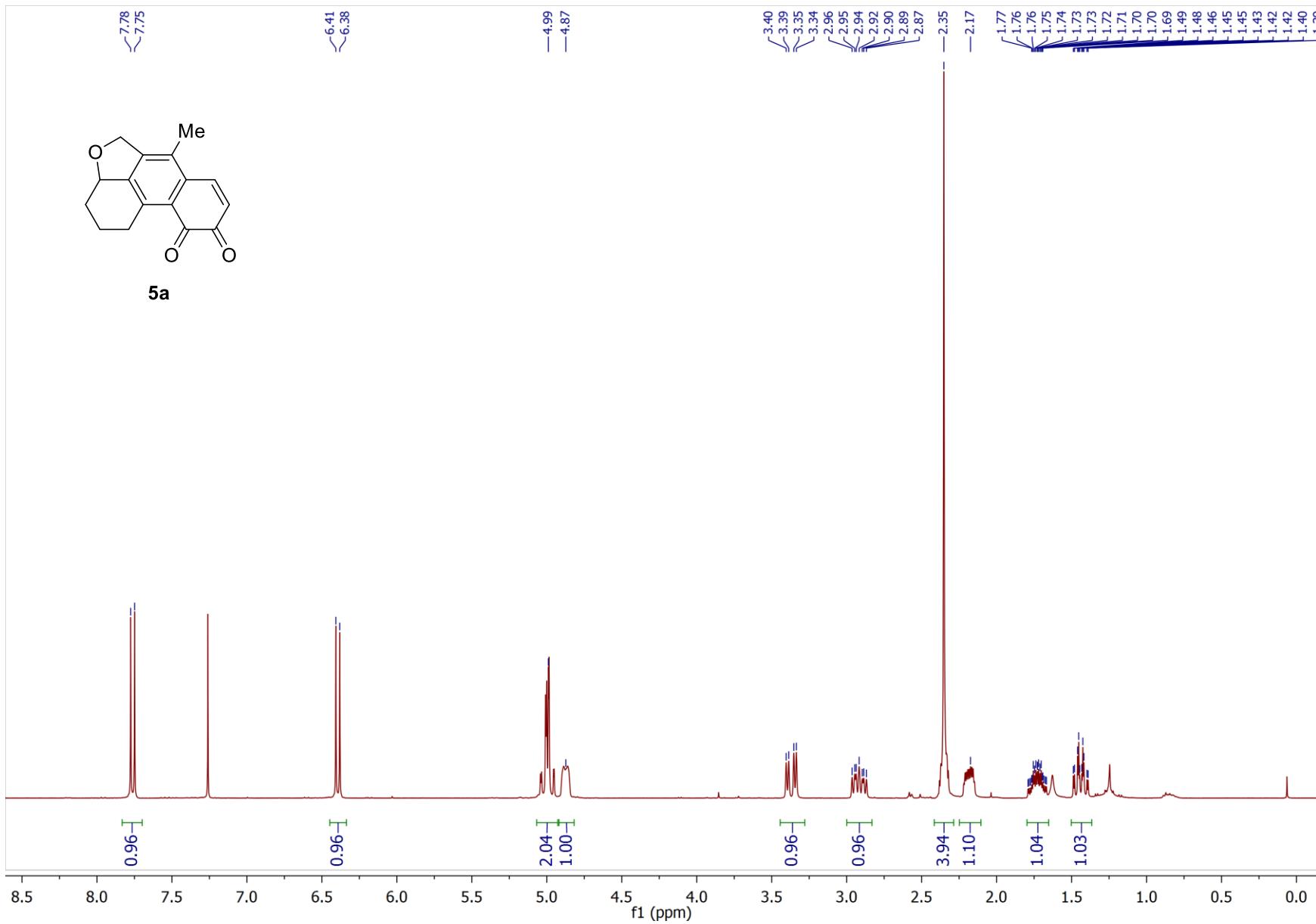
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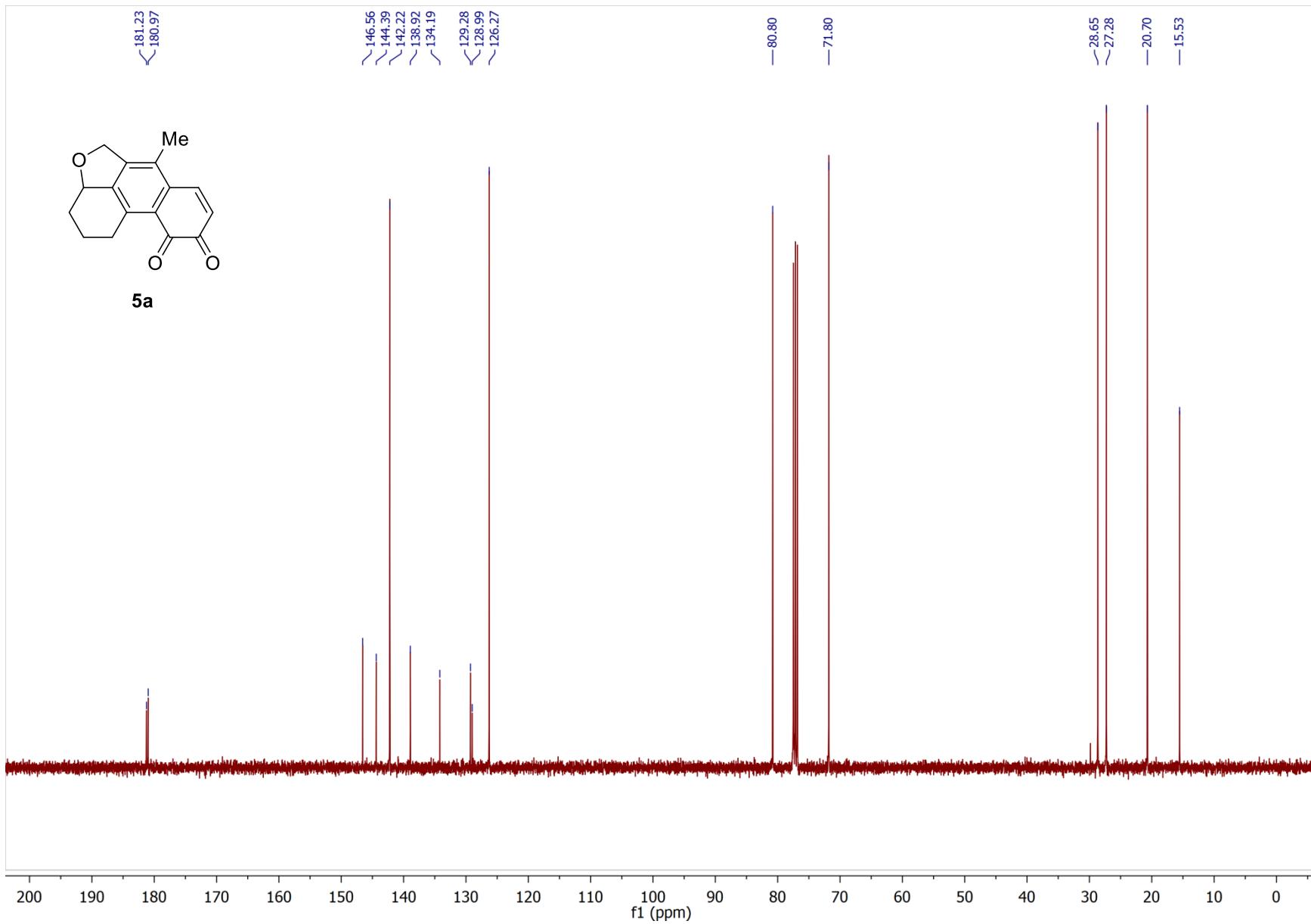
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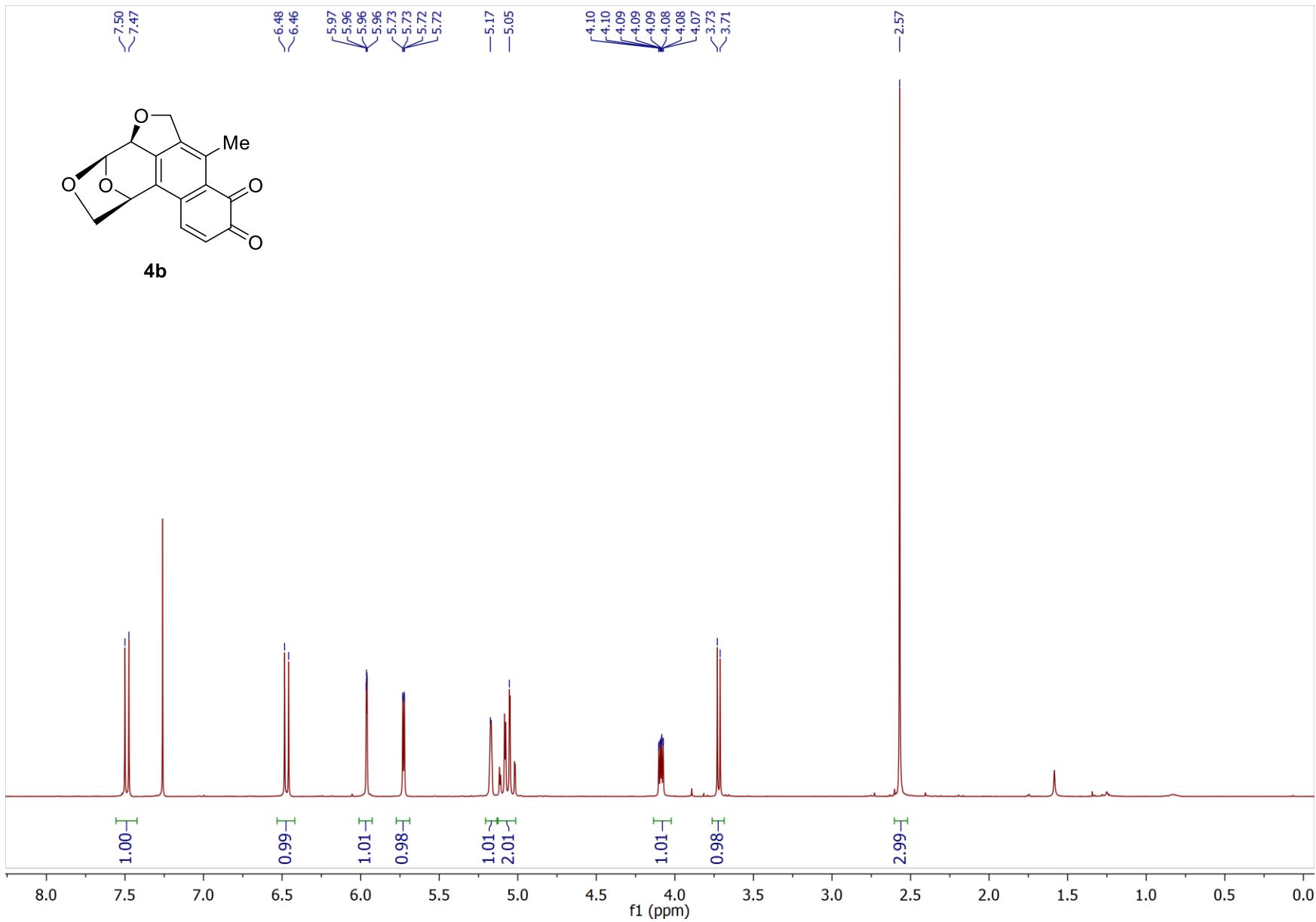
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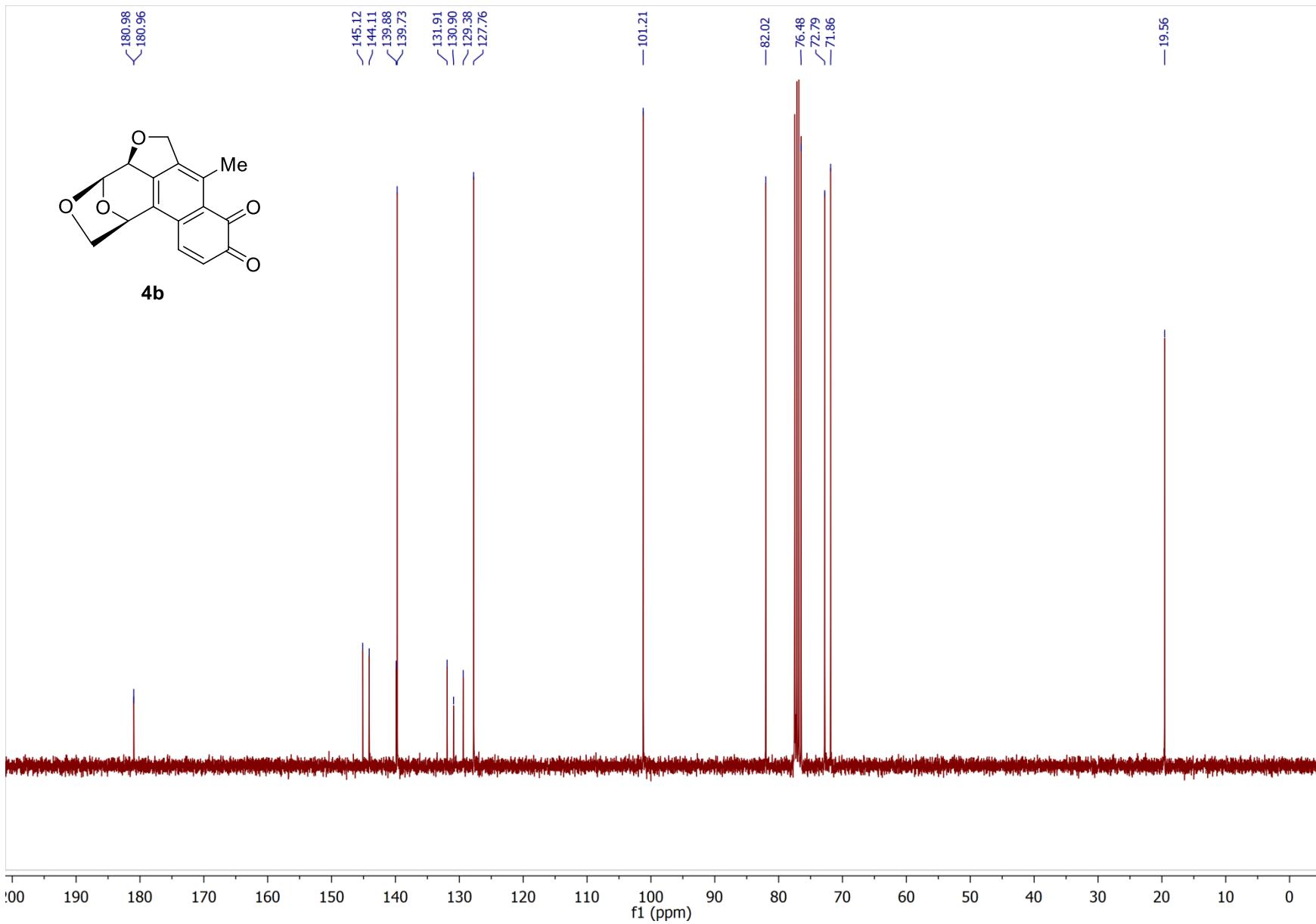
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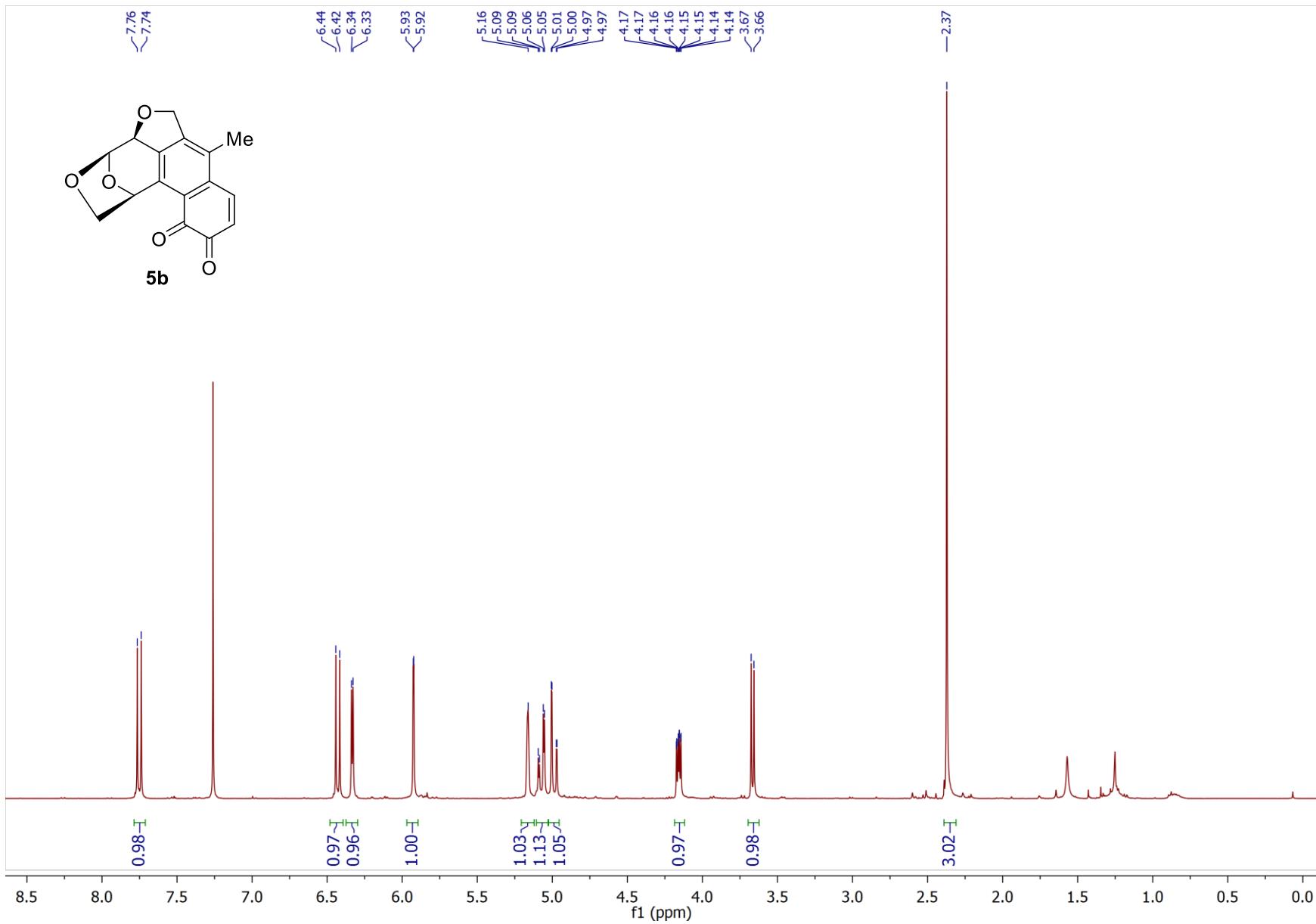
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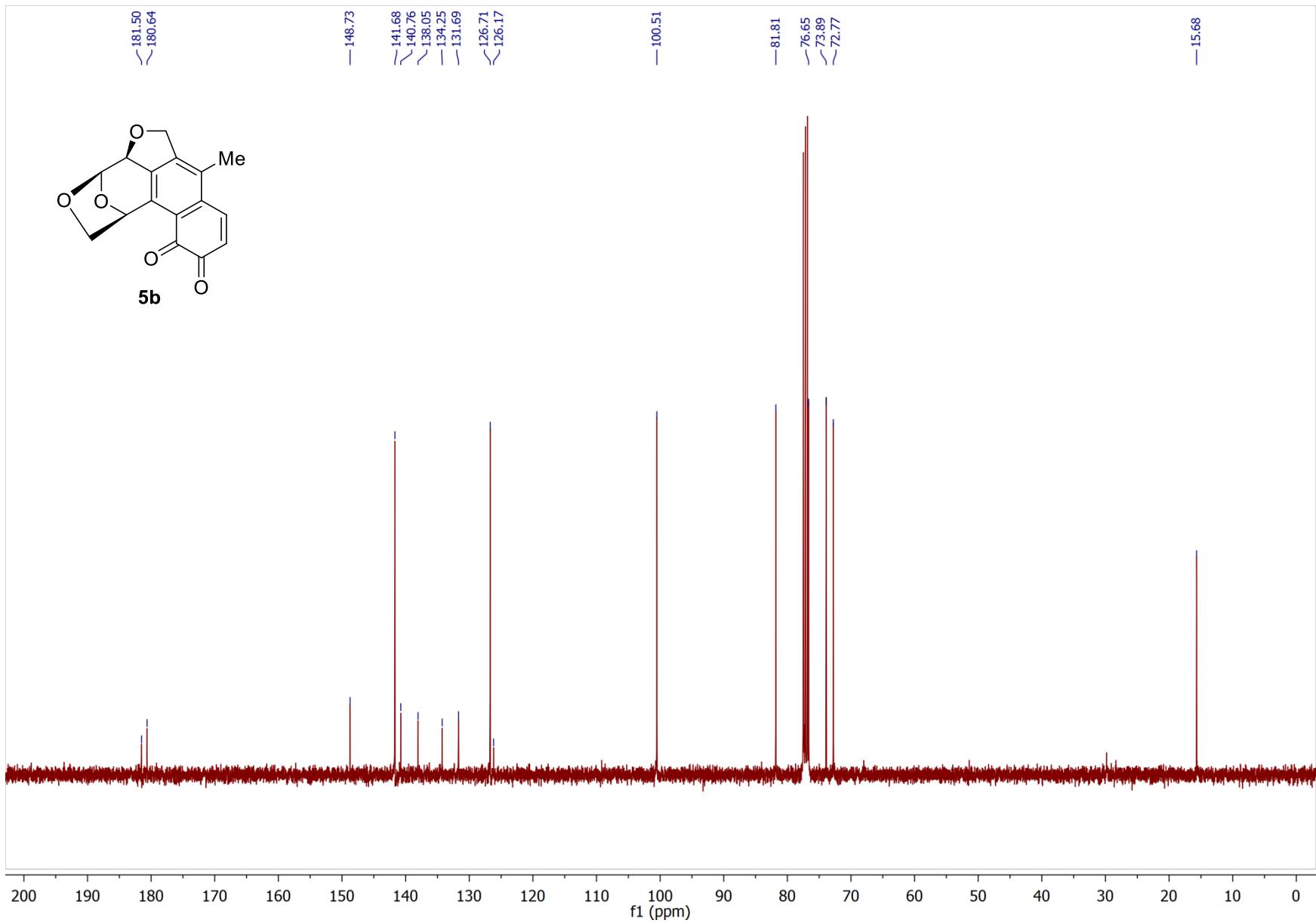
SI - 140



SI - 141



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