Supplementary Information

(2-Fluoroallyl)pyridinium tetrafluoroborates: novel fluorinated electrophiles for Pd-catalyzed allylic substitution

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1. General information

All reagents were purchased from Acros, Aldrich or ABCR and used without further purification. THF was distilled over Na-benzophenone ketyl anion-radical and stored over 4A Linde type molecular sieves. DMSO was distilled over CaH₂ under reduced pressure and stored over 4A Linde type molecular sieves. All reactions were carried out under argon atmosphere using standard Schlenk technique. Silica gel 60 (40-63 µm, Macherey-Nagel) was used for column chromatography. TLC analysis was made on standard Merck plates with F₂₅₄-inducator using UV or KMnO₄ solution for visualization. GC analysis was performed on Chromatec Crystal 5000.2 gas chromatographer (column J&W Scientific DB-5+, 30 m x 0.245 mm, 5%-phenyl-95%dimethylpolysiloxane 0.25 µm, carrier gas – He, detector – FID). ¹H, ¹⁹F and ¹³C NMR were recorded on Varian Inova 400 (400.1, 376.4 and 100.6 MHz, respectively) or Bruker AVANCE II 300 (300.1, 282.3 and 75.4 MHz, respectively) in CDCl₃ containing TMS and C₆F₆ as internal standards or in DMSO-d₆. Chemical shifts in CDCl₃ were measured relative to TMS ($\delta = 0$ ppm) for ¹H, CDCl₃ (δ = 77.1 ppm) for ¹³C, or C₆F₆ (δ = -162.2 ppm) for ¹⁹F. Chemical shifts in DMSO-d₆ were measured relative to residual DMSO-d₅ ($\delta = 2.50$ ppm) for ¹H, DMSO-d₆ ($\delta =$ 39.5 ppm) for ¹³C, or relative to CFCl₃ ($\delta = 0.0$ ppm) used as an external standard. GC/MS analysis was performed on Chromatec Crystal 5000.2 gas chromatographer equipped with Chromatec Quadrupole mass-detector (EI, 70 eV, 200°C) and Chromatec CR-5MS chromatographic column (30 m x 0.25 mm, 5%-phenyl-95%-dimethylpolysiloxane 0.25 µm). For non-volatile compounds, MS data were registered on Finnigan MAT INCOS-50 (EI, 70 eV) using direct probe injections. HRMS were recorded on Bruker micrOTOF equipment using electro-spray ionization (ESI). Melting points were determined on Stuart SMP10 and reported uncorrected. Elemental analyses were made in Laboratory of microanalysis IOC RAS on Perkin-Elmer Series II 2400 CHN Analyzer.

2. Synthesis of gem-bromofluorocyclopropanes

gem-Bromofluorocyclopropanes **1** were synthesized by cyclopropanation of alkenes according to previously published procedures using either CHBr₂F under PTC conditions (**1a**, **1b**, **1c**, **1h**, **1j**, see ref. ¹), or CBr₂FCO₂Na under (IPr)AgCl catalysis (**1d**, **1e**, **1f**, **1g**, **1i**, **1k**, see ref. ²). Cyclopropanes **1e** and **1i** were not previously published, detailed procedures and characterization data for them are listed below.

(2-Bromo-2-fluoro-3-methylcyclopropyl)methyl benzoate 1e



Obtained by the standard procedure (see ref. ²) from crotyl benzoate (8.825g, 50 mmol, E/Z = 80/20), CFBr₂CO₂Na (29.433 g, 144 mmol), (IPr)AgCl (556 mg, 1.0 mmol, 2 mol.%) and anhydrous DCE (100 mL).

A mixture of CFBr₂CO₂Na and (IPr)AgCl was loaded into three-neck round-bottom flask and dried under high vacuum on a Schlenk line with stirring for 2 h (at this point, if CFBr₂CO₂Na is dried alone, then activation period of 1–2 h was noted previously on model cyclopropanation of styrene). Next, the flask was filled with argon, DCE was added, and the reaction was stirred at 80°C (oil bath) under argon atmosphere while being opened to a Schlenk line for 7 h in the first day plus 9 h in the second day. The reaction progress was monitored by GC. [NOTE: reflux conditions must be avoided. Presumably, if CO₂ is removed from reaction mixture due to reflux, it results in too fast decomposition of CFBr₂CO₂Na, and low yield of cyclopropane is observed]. After the reaction complete, it was transferred to a round bottom flask with CH₂Cl₂ and evaporated with Celite (18 g) on a rotary evaporator. The residue was dry loaded on a short silica column (80 g) and eluted with *n*-hexane/EtOAc 10/1 affording **1e** as a yellow oil (12.467 g, 87% yield, *syn*-**1e**/*anti*-**1e**/*anti*-**1e**/*anti*-**1e**/*anti*-**1e**/*anti*-**1**/*a*.

(For the mixture of isomers): ¹H NMR (400.0 MHz, CDCl₃) δ : 8.21 – 8.00 (m, 2H), 7.70 – 7.37 (m, 3H), 4.61 – 4.17 (m, 2H), 2.10 – 1.97 and 1.85 – 1.71 and 1.70 – 1.55 and 1.54 – 1.41 (m, 2H total, isomers could not be assigned), 1.33 – 1.18 (m, 3H). ¹⁹F NMR (376.4 MHz, CDCl₃) δ : –122.7 (t, *J* = 19.5 Hz, *syn*-1e'), –141.6 (d, *J* = 21.6 Hz, *anti*-1e), –143.6 (d, *J* = 18.9 Hz, *syn*-1e), –160.9 (s, *anti*-1e'). ¹³C{¹H} NMR (100.6 MHz, CDCl₃) δ : (isomers could not be assigned, some signals of minor isomers were lost due to low intensity or overlapped with other peaks) 166.5 – 166.2 (m, C=O), 133.2 – 133.0 (m), 133.1, 130.6, 123.0 – 129.8 (m), 129.7, 129.7, 128.9, 128.4 (aromatic C and CH), 91.4 (d, *J* = 300.7 Hz, CF), 88.8 (d, *J* = 301.1 Hz, CF), 86.8 (d, *J* = 301.9 Hz, CF), 65.4 (s, CH₂), 62.1 (s, CH₂), 61.9 (d, *J* = 7.7 Hz, CH₂), 58.7 (d, *J* = 7.1 Hz, CH₂), 33.5 (d, *J* = 10.5 Hz, CH), 30.1 (d, *J* = 10.0 Hz, CH), 28.1 (d, *J* = 10.6 Hz, CH), 26.4 (d, *J* = 11.2 Hz, CH), 26.1 (d, *J* = 6.4 Hz, CH₃), 10.8 (s, CH₃). MS (EI) *m/z* 286, 288 ([*M*]⁺, 2, 3), 148 (6), 105 (100), 85 (5), 77 (17). HRMS (ESI), *m/z*: [*M*+Na]⁺, Calcd. for C₁₂H₁₂BrFO₂Na⁺ 308.9897 and 310.9877. Found 308.9892 and 310.9872.

Diethyl 2-((2-bromo-2-fluorocyclopropyl)methyl)malonate 1i



Obtained by the standard procedure (see ref. ²) from diethyl allylmalonate (5.00 g, 25 mmol), CFBr₂CO₂Na (32.25 g, 125 mmol), (IPr)AgCl (279 mg, 0.52 mmol, 2 mol.%) and anhydrous DCE (100 mL) at 80°C (oil bath) for 46 h total. The procedure was similar to the described above, but CFBr₂CO₂Na was added in 4 portions — 50 mmol were added first, then the reaction was heated for 7 h, after that 25 mmol were added followed by 10 h of heating, then 25 mmol more and 9 h of heating, then again 25 mmol and 20 h of heating. Work-up as above using *n*-hexane/EtOAc 7/1 for chromatography afforded **1i** as an orange oil (6.621 g, ca. 70% yield, *syn*-**1i**/*anti*-**1i** = 49/51, contained ca. 15 w/w % of side products, presumably, resulted from radial addition of CFBr₂ and Br to the C=C bond similar to previously published²).

(For the mixture of isomers): ¹**H NMR (300.0 MHz, CDCI₃)** δ : 4.30 – 4.17 (m, 4H), 3.57 – 3.45 (m, 1H), 2.18 – 2.07 and 2.06 – 1.93 (m, 2H total), 1.75 – 1.38 and 1.35 – 1.15 and 1.04 – 0.93 (m, 2H total), 1.32–1.25 (m, 6H). ¹⁹**F NMR (282.4 MHz, CDCI₃)** δ : –128.0 (dddd, *J* = 19.4, 17.1, 7.2, 2.5 Hz, *syn*-1i), –149.6 (br. dd, *J* = 17.6, 7.5 Hz, *anti*-1i). ¹³C{¹H} NMR (75.5 MHz, CDCI₃) δ : 168.9 (s, C=O), 168.8 (s, C=O), 168.7 (s, C=O), 168.7 (s, C=O), 86.1 (d, *J* = 298.3 Hz, CF), 81.2 (d, *J* = 300.7 Hz, CF), 61.7 (s, CH₂), 61.7 (s, CH₂), 51.2 (s, CH), 50.7 (s, CH), 30.6 (s, CH₂), 26.6 (d, *J* = 5.8 Hz, CH₂), 26.4 (d, *J* = 10.6 Hz, CH), 23.3 (d, *J* = 10.4 Hz, CH), 22.7 (d, *J* = 10.9 Hz, CH₂), 22.4 (d, *J* = 10.4 Hz, CH₂), 14.1 (s, CH₃), 14.1 (s, CH₃). MS (EI) *m/z* 310, 312 ([M⁺], 4, 4), 284 (40), 282 (44), 267 (10), 265 (11), 256 (45), 254 (46), 240 (30), 239 (23), 238 (61), 237 (23), 236 (34), 221 (29), 219 (34), 210 (10), 191 (18), 185 (21), 160 (52), 157 (100), 152 (70), 150 (74), 139 (27), 133 (38), 129 (59), 113 (56), 111 (64), 104 (42), 101 (48), 85 (56). HRMS (ESI), *m/z*: [*M*+H]⁺, Calcd. for C₁₁H₁₀BrFO4⁺ 311.0289 and 313.0269. Found 311.0284 and 313.0268. [*M*+NH₄]⁺, Calcd. for C₁₁H₁₀BrFO4Na⁺ 333.0108 and 335.0088. Found 333.0097 and 335.0079.

3. Synthesis of (2-fluoroallyl)pyridinium salts

General procedure (NMR tube experiment)

NMR tube was charged with a cyclopropane (0.50 mmol) and CuBr (0.10 mmol, 20 mol.%) and filled with argon on a Schlenk line. Next, 4-fluoroanisole or 4-fluorobenzotrifluoride (5.0 µl,

0.044 mmol, an internal standard), followed by pyridine (0.50 mL) were added [for solvent screening, pyridine (1.5 mmol) and a Solvent (0.50 mL) were used]. The tube was sealed with a Teflon cap [Norell TC-5-PTFE caps were used] and heated at 100°C (oil bath) for 5–48 hours. The reaction progress was monitored by ¹⁹F NMR. The reaction time determined in these experiments were used for large scale syntheses.

General procedure (large scale synthesis)

A round-bottom flask was charged with a cyclopropane (5.0–50 mmol) and CuBr (20 mol.%) and filled with argon. In a stream of argon, either pyridine (1.0 mL/mmol) or pyridine (3.0 equiv.) and MeCN (1.0 mL/mmol) were added. The reaction flask was sealed with a glass stopper well-fixed with stainless steel springs and heated at 100°C (oil bath) for 5–48 hours [the appropriate reaction time was determined in NMR tube experiments]. After cooling to r.t., the reaction progress can be checked by ¹H and ¹⁹F NMR of an aliquot (0.10 mL) diluted with DMSO-d₆ (0.50 mL).

For work-up (except benzoate-containing salts 2d and 2e, see below), the reaction mixture was evaporated on a rotary evaporator and dried under high vacuum using oil pump connected to the rotary evaporator. The residue was dissolved in MeOH, diluted with *n*-heptane, evaporated and dried on a rotary evaporator again (*n*-heptane is used to completely remove pyridine as an azeotrope). This was repeated two times more. [At this point, usage of an electronic vacuum gauge in not recommended as pyridine vapors can be strongly adsorbed by the pressure sensor making the measured vacuum value erratic. However, this adsorption was found to be reversible and damaged pressure sensor can be recovered by prolonged evacuation under high vacuum.]

The black residue was next extracted with water 5 times using ultrasonic bath. The combined extracts were filtered through a short pad of Celite, and then washed with Et₂O. Next, saturated solution of NH₄BF₄ (2.5 equiv.) was added and the resulted solution was concentrated on a rotary evaporator until precipitation of pyridinium salt was observed, and then extracted 5 times with CH₂Cl₂. The organic extracts were dried over MgSO₄, concentrated on a rotary evaporator, and the residue was dried under high vacuum.

(2-Fluoro-3-phenylallyl)pyridinium tetrafluoroborate (2a)



Obtained by the General procedure on 101 mmol scale using pyridine as the solvent after 5 h at 100°C as a brown glassy solid (25.74 g, 85% yield, Z/E = 99/1).

(Z-isomer): ¹**H** NMR (400.0 MHz, DMSO-d₆) δ : 9.19 (d, *J* = 6.0 Hz, 2H), 8.71 (t, *J* = 7.8 Hz, 1H), 8.25 (t, *J* = 7.0 Hz, 2H), 7.57–7.50 (m, 2H), 7.48–7.32 (m, 3H), 6.51 (d, *J* = 39.7 Hz, 1H), 5.68 (d, *J* = 18.8 Hz, 2H). ¹⁹**F** NMR (376.4 MHz, DMSO-d₆) δ : –112.2 (dt, *J* = 38.7, 18.8 Hz, 1F), –148.1 (br. s, 4F, ¹⁰BF₄⁻), –148.2 (br. s, 4F, ¹¹BF₄⁻). ¹³C{¹H} NMR (100.6 MHz, DMSO-d₆) δ : 151.6 (d, *J* = 265.3 Hz, CF), 146.8 (s, CH), 145.0 (s, CH), 131.3 (d, *J* = 3.0 Hz, C), 129.1 (d, *J* = 7.1 Hz, CH), 128.9 (s, CH), 128.7 (d, *J* = 2.2 Hz, CH), 128.6 (s, CH), 113.1 (d, *J* = 4.1 Hz, CH), 61.1 (d, *J* = 27.6 Hz, CH₂). HRMS (ESI), *m*/*z*: [*M*]⁺, Calcd. for C₁₄H₁₃FN⁺ 214.1027. Found 214.1024.

(*E*-isomer, selected peaks): ¹H NMR (400.0 MHz, DMSO-d₆) δ : 9.02 (d, *J* = 6.1 Hz, 2H), 8.76–8.67 (m, 1H, overlapped with *Z*-isomer), 8.20 (t, *J* = 7.0 Hz, 2H), 7.57–7.50 (m, 2H, overlapped with *Z*-isomer), 7.48–7.32 (m, 3H, overlapped with *Z*-isomer), 6.99 (d, *J* = 21.2 Hz, 1H), 5.83 (d, *J* = 17.5 Hz, 2H). ¹⁹F NMR (376.4 MHz, DMSO-d₆) δ : –109.9 (dt, *J* = 21.2, 17.8 Hz, 1F).

(3-Fluoro-4-Phenylbut-3-en-2-yl)pyridinium tetrafluoroborate (2b)



Obtained by the General procedure on 25 mmol scale using pyridine as the solvent after 5 h at 100°C as a brown oil which slowly solidifies upon storage (6.953 g, 88% yield, Z/E > 20/1).

¹H NMR (400.0 MHz, DMSO-d₆) δ : 9.27 (d, J = 6.1 Hz, 2H), 8.71 (t, J = 7.7 Hz, 1H), 8.25 (t, J = 7.0 Hz, 2H), 7.59–7.53 (m, 2H), 7.46–7.32 (m, 3H), 6.54 (d, J = 40.8 Hz, 1H), 6.00 (dq, J = 13.8, 7.0 Hz, 1H), 1.94 (d, J = 6.9 Hz, 3H). ¹⁹F NMR (376.4 MHz, DMSO-d₆) δ : -114.1 (dd,

J = 40.8, 13.1 Hz, 1F), -148.1 (br. s, 4F, ¹⁰BF₄⁻), -148.2 (br. s, 4F, ¹¹BF₄⁻). ¹³C{¹H} NMR (100.6 MHz, DMSO-d₆) δ : 154.0 (d, J = 265.1 Hz, CF), 147.0 (s, CH), 143.6 (s, CH), 131.2 (d, J = 2.7 Hz, C), 129.2 (d, J = 7.1 Hz, CH), 128.9–128.6 (m, CH groups), 111.4 (d, J = 4.7 Hz, CH), 67.5 (d, J = 26.9 Hz, CH), 17.3 (d, J = 4.0 Hz, CH₃). HRMS (ESI), m/z: $[M]^+$, Calcd. for C₁₅H₁₅FN⁺ 228.1183. Found 228.1185.

(2-Fluoro-3-cyclopropylallyl)pyridinium tetrafluoroborate (2c) and (2-fluoro-1cyclopropylallyl)pyridinium tetrafluoroborate (2c')



Obtained by the General procedure on 25 mmol scale using pyridine as the solvent after 5 h at 100°C as a brown oil (6.124 g, 87% yield, Z-2c/E-2c/2c' = 67/18/15, contained 4% of impurity preliminary assigned to S1).

(For *Z*-2c): ¹H NMR (400.0 MHz, DMSO-d₆) δ : 9.10 – 9.03 (m, 2H), 8.76 – 8.64 (m, 1H), 8.30 – 8.18 (m, 2H), 5.46 (d, *J* = 19.2 Hz, 2H), 5.07 (dd, *J* = 36.5, 10.2 Hz, 1H), 1.66 – 1.55 (m, 1H), 0.88 – 0.77 (m, 2H), 0.54 – 0.45 (m, 2H). ¹⁹F NMR (376.4 MHz, DMSO-d₆) δ : –124.0 (dt, *J* = 37.5, 19.2 Hz), –148.2 (br. s, 4F, ¹⁰BF₄⁻), –148.2 (br. s, 4F, ¹¹BF₄⁻). ¹³C{¹H} NMR (100.6 MHz, DMSO-d₆) δ : (aromatic C and CH are overlapped with other isomers and could not be resolved: 147.2, 146.8, 146.7, 145.7, 144.8, 144.7, 143.5, 129.0, 128.7, 128.6), 150.9 (d, *J* = 249.8 Hz, CF), 119.2 (d, *J* = 10.0 Hz, CH), 60.4 (d, *J* = 27.8 Hz, CH₂), 6.8 (s, CH₂), 6.8 (d, *J* = 6.0 Hz, CH). HRMS (ESI), *m/z*: [*M*]⁺, Calcd. for C₁₁H₁₃FN⁺ 178.1027. Found 178.1027.

(For *E*-2c, selected peaks): ¹H NMR (400.0 MHz, DMSO-d₆) δ : (aromatic signals are overlapped with other isomers), 5.74 (d, *J* = 20.7 Hz, 2H), 5.29 – 5.19 (m, 1H), 1.88 – 1.77 (m, 1H, overlapped with 2c'), 1.01 – 0.45 (m, 4H, overlapped with other isomers). ¹⁹F NMR (376.4 MHz, DMSO-d₆) δ : –116.0 (q, *J* = 20.3 Hz). ¹³C{¹H} NMR (100.6 MHz, DMSO-d₆) δ : (aromatic C and CH are overlapped with other isomers), 145.0 (d, *J* = 241.1 Hz, CF), 120.0 (d, *J* = 20.6 Hz, CH), 57.1 (d, *J* = 28.0 Hz, CH₂), 7.1 (d, *J* = 9.9 Hz, CH), 6.8 (s, CH₂).

(For 2c', selected peaks): ¹H NMR (400.0 MHz, DMSO-d₆) δ : (aromatic signals are overlapped with other isomers), 5.41 – 5.25 (m, 2H), 5.15 – 5.05 (m, 1H), 1.88 – 1.77 (m, 1H, overlapped with *E*-2c), 1.01 – 0.45 (m, 4H, overlapped with other isomers). ¹⁹F NMR (376.4 MHz, DMSO-d₆) δ : –106.7 (ddd, J = 49.7, 17.9, 11.3 Hz). ¹³C{¹H} NMR (100.6 MHz, DMSO-d₆) δ : (aromatic C and CH are overlapped with other isomers), 159.2 (d, J = 258.7 Hz, CF), 97.9 (d, J = 15.2 Hz, CH₂), 74.5 (d, J = 27.1 Hz, CH), 12.5 (d, J = 4.6 Hz, CH), 6.1 (s, CH₂), 4.1 (s, CH₂).

(For S1, selected peaks): ¹H NMR (400.0 MHz, DMSO-d₆) δ : (aromatic signals are overlapped with other isomers), 6.05 – 5.91 (m, 2H), 4.73 (t, *J* = 7.0 Hz, 2H), 4.69 (dd, *J* = 16.9, 3.0 Hz, 1H), 4.57 (dd, *J* = 50.7, 2.9 Hz, 1H), 2.81 (q, *J* = 6.5 Hz, 2H). ¹⁹F NMR (376.4 MHz, DMSO-d₆) δ : –111.3 (m). ¹³C{¹H} NMR (100.6 MHz, DMSO-d₆) δ : (CF is missed due to low intensity, aromatic C and CH are overlapped with other isomers), 127.0 (d, *J* = 3.8 Hz, CH), 125.1 (d, *J* = 24.0 Hz, CH), 94.0 (d, *J* = 19.0 Hz, CH₂), 59.6 (s, CH₂), 33.3 (s, CH₂).

(4-Benzoyloxy-2-fluorobut-2-en-1-yl)pyridinium tetrafluoroborate (2d)



Prepared according to the General procedure on 2.1 mmol scale using 1.0 equiv. of CuBr in MeCN after 1 h of heating at 100°C. Column chromatography on NaBr-saturated silica was required to isolate pure **2d**: after evaporation of the reaction mixture and azeotropic removal of pyridine with *n*-heptane, the residue was dissolved in MeCN and evaporated with Celite (2 g per 1 g of the crude product). The residue was loaded on a column with NaBr-saturated silica³ (20 g per 1 g of the crude product) and eluted first with CH₂Cl₂/MeOH 10/1 to remove deep-brown copper-containing impurities, then with small amount of CH₂Cl₂/MeOH 7/1, followed by CH₂Cl₂/MeOH 5/1 (R_f on NaBr-saturated TLC plates in CH₂Cl₂/MeOH 7/1 was 0.28 for *E*-isomer and 0.21 for *Z*-isomer). The fractions containing **2d** were combined and evaporated. The most of NaBr was removed by extraction of **2d** from the residue with minimal amount of CH₂Cl₂/MeOH 10/1. After evaporation, crude **2d** as bromide salt was obtained. Next, it was dissolved in minimal amount of water, followed by addition of saturated solution of NH₄BF₄ in water and the resulted solution was extracted with CH₂Cl₂ 5 times. The organics were dried over MgSO₄, evaporated on a rotary evaporator and the residue was dried under high vacuum affording **2d** as a brown oil (391.8 mg, 47% yield, Z/E = 86/14, contained ca. 15% of fluorinated impurities and could not be

purified more, contained ca. 9 w/w. % of CH_2Cl_2 that could not be removed by 3 h of drying under high vacuum).

(Z-isomer): ¹H NMR (400.0 MHz, DMSO-d₆) δ : 9.16 – 9.10 (m, 2H), 8.74 – 8.67 (m, 1H), 8.29 – 8.21 (m, 2H), 8.03 – 7.93 (m, 2H), 7.71 – 7.64 (m, 1H), 7.59 – 7.49 (m, 2H), 5.91 (dt, *J* = 36.5, 6.9 Hz, 1H), 5.61 (d, *J* = 18.1 Hz, 2H), 4.92 (d, *J* = 6.2 Hz, 2H). ¹⁹F NMR (376.4 MHz, DMSO-d₆) δ : –112.5 (dt, *J* = 36.2, 18.1 Hz), –148.2 (br. s, 4F, ¹⁰BF₄⁻), –148.2 (br. s, 4F, ¹¹BF₄⁻). ¹³C{¹H} NMR (100.6 MHz, DMSO-d₆) δ : 165.4 (s, C), 153.7 (d, *J* = 260.8 Hz), (C from phenyl group is overlapped with the signals of *E*-isomer and impurities), 146.9 (s, CH), 145.0 (s, CH), 133.6 (s, CH), 129.2 (s, CH), 128.8 (s, CH), 128.6 (s, CH), 109.0 (d, *J* = 8.5 Hz, CH), 59.7 (d, *J* = 27.6 Hz, CH₂), 57.1 (d, *J* = 6.0 Hz, CH₂). HRMS (ESI), *m/z*: [*M*]⁺, Calcd. for C₁₆H₁₅FNO₂⁺ 272.1081. Found 272.1089.

(*E*-isomer, selected peaks): ¹H NMR (400.0 MHz, DMSO-d₆) δ : (aromatic signals are overlapped with *Z*-isomer), 6.02 (d, J = 18.9 Hz, 1H), 5.87 (d, J = 19.3 Hz, 1H), 5.11 (d, J = 7.8 Hz, 2H). ¹⁹F NMR (376.4 MHz, DMSO-d₆) δ : -107.1 (q, J = 19.4 Hz). ¹³C{¹H} NMR (100.6 MHz, DMSO-d₆) δ : (CF and aromatic C signals lost due too low intensity), (aromatic CH are overlapped with the signals of *Z*-isomer and impurities), 109.4 (d, J = 22.0 Hz, CH), 58.9 (d, J = 13.2 Hz, CH₂), 56.4 (d, J = 26.5 Hz, CH₂).

(3-Fluorobuta-1,3-dien-1-yl)pyridinium tetrafluoroborate (S2)



Side product **S2** was isolated in the above experiment during column chromatography (34.6 mg, 7% yield, a brown oil, contained ca. 5% of **2d** and ca. 5% of other fluorinated impurities, R_f on NaBr-saturated TLC plates in CH₂Cl₂/MeOH 7/1 was 0.13).

It should be noted that substantial amounts of side product S2 were formed (as detected by ¹⁹F NMR) when ring-opening of 1d was heated for longer time. Besides that, it seems that S2 could forms even during work-up procedure. S2 was found to be rather soluble in water resulting in substantial loses during conversion to tetrafluoroborate salt.

¹H NMR (400.0 MHz, DMSO-d₆) δ : 9.28 (d, J = 6.2 Hz, 2H), 8.68 (t, J = 7.8 Hz, 1H), 8.25 (t, J = 7.1 Hz, 2H), 7.90 (d, J = 14.0 Hz, 1H), 7.47 (dd, J = 25.4, 14.1 Hz, 1H), 5.30 (dd, J = 16.3, 3.5 Hz, 1H), 5.16 (dd, J = 49.6, 3.4 Hz, 1H). ¹⁹F NMR (376.4 MHz, DMSO-d₆) δ : -111.3 (ddd, J = 49.6, 25.4, 16.4 Hz), -148.2 (br. s, 4F, ¹⁰BF₄⁻), -148.2 (br. s, 4F, ¹¹BF₄⁻). ¹³C{¹H}

NMR (100.6 MHz, DMSO-d₆) δ: 158.1 (d, *J* = 251.0 Hz, CF), 147.1 (s, CH), 142.3 (s, CH), 131.7 (d, *J* = 4.5 Hz, CH), 128.0 (s, CH), 121.2 (d, *J* = 22.0 Hz, CH), 101.7 (d, *J* = 17.5 Hz, CH₂). HRMS (ESI), *m*/*z*: [*M*]⁺, Calcd. for C₉H₉FN⁺ 150.0714. Found 150.0712.

(5-Benzoyloxy-3-fluoropent-3-en-2-yl)pyridinium tetrafluoroborate (2e)



syn-1e/anti-1e/syn-1e'/anti-1e' = 49/33/12/6

Prepared according to the General procedure on 0.60 mmol scale using 1.0 equiv. of CuBr in MeCN after 6 h of heating at 100°C. Column chromatography on NaBr-saturated silica was required to isolate pure **2e** similar as described above for **2d** but eluting with CH₂Cl₂/MeOH 7/1 (118.7 mg, 49% yield, Z/E = 94/6, contained 9 w/w % of CH₂Cl₂ that could not be removed by 3 h of drying under high vacuum, R_f on NaBr-saturated TLC plates in CH₂Cl₂/MeOH 7/1 was 0.31 for *E*-isomer and 0.24 for *Z*-isomer).

(Z-isomer): ¹H NMR (400.0 MHz, DMSO-d₆) δ : 9.25 – 9.20 (m, 2H), 8.74 – 8.67 (m, 1H), 8.29 – 8.22 (m, 2H), 8.01 – 7.96 (m, 2H), 7.72 – 7.65 (m, 1H), 7.58 – 7.51 (m, 2H), 6.01 – 5.84 (m, 2H), 4.95 (d, *J* = 6.4 Hz, 2H), 1.86 (d, *J* = 6.9 Hz, 3H). ¹⁹F NMR (376.4 MHz, DMSO-d₆) δ : –114.1 (dd, *J* = 37.0, 12.4 Hz), –148.2 (br. s, 4F, ¹⁰BF₄⁻), –148.2 (br. s, 4F, ¹¹BF₄⁻). ¹³C{¹H} NMR (100.6 MHz, DMSO-d₆) δ : 165.5 (s, C), 156.0 (d, *J* = 260.7 Hz, CF), (C from phenyl group is overlapped with the other signals), 147.1 (s, CH), 143.6 (s, CH), 133.6 (s, CH), 129.3 (s, CH), 128.8 (s, CH), 128.8 (s, CH), 107.7 (d, *J* = 9.2 Hz, CH), 66.1 (d, *J* = 26.7 Hz, CH), 57.3 (d, *J* = 6.7 Hz, CH₂), 16.9 (d, *J* = 3.9 Hz, CH₃). HRMS (ESI), *m/z*: [*M*]⁺, Calcd. for C₁₇H₁₇FNO₂⁺ 286.1238. Found 286.1235.

(*E*-isomer, selected peaks): ¹H NMR (400.0 MHz, DMSO-d₆) δ : (aromatic signals are overlapped with *Z*-isomer), 6.42 (dq, J = 27.2, 7.0 Hz, 1H), 5.15 – 5.02 (m, 1H), (BzOCH₂ signals are overlapped with *Z*-isomer), 1.94 (d, J = 6.9 Hz, 3H). ¹⁹F NMR (376.4 MHz, DMSO-d₆) δ : – 115.8 (dd, J = 27.2, 19.2 Hz).

(2-Fluoronon-2-en-1-yl)pyridinium tetrafluoroborate (2f) and (2-fluoronon-1-en-3-yl)pyridinium tetrafluoroborate (2f')



syn/anti = 46/54

Obtained by the General procedure on 25.8 mmol scale using pyridine as the solvent after 10 h at 100°C as a beige oil (6.309 g, 79% yield, Z-2f/2f' = 53/34/13).

(Z-isomer): ¹H NMR (400.0 MHz, DMSO-d₆) δ : 9.08 (d, *J* = 6.0 Hz, 2H), 8.78 – 8.62 (m, 1H, overlapped with other isomers), 8.38 – 8.17 (m, 2H, overlapped with other isomers), 5.78 – 5.43 (m, 1H, overlapped with other isomers), 5.49 (d, *J* = 18.8 Hz, 2H), 2.13 – 2.02 (m, 2H), 1.56 – 1.00 (m, 8H, overlapped with other isomers), 0.96 – 0.75 (m, 3H, overlapped with other isomers). ¹⁹F NMR (376.4 MHz, DMSO-d₆) δ : –119.1 (dt, *J* = 37.5, 18.7 Hz, 1F), -148.2 (br. s, 4F, ¹⁰BF₄⁻), –148.3 (br. s, 4F, ¹¹BF₄⁻). ¹³C{¹H} NMR (100.6 MHz, DMSO-d₆) δ : 151.3 (d, *J* = 252.1 Hz, CF),146.7 (s, CH), 144.7 (s, CH), 128.5 (s, CH), 114.4 (d, *J* = 11.4 Hz, CH), 60.3 (d, *J* = 28.6 Hz, CH₂), 30.9 (s, CH₂), 28.1 (s, CH₂), 28.0 (d, *J* = 1.6 Hz, CH₂), 23.1 (d, *J* = 3.4 Hz, CH₂), 22.0 (s, CH₂), 13.9 (s, CH₃). HRMS (ESI), *m*/z: [*M*]⁺, Calcd. for C₁₄H₂₁FN⁺ 222.1653. Found 222.1653.

(*E*-isomer, selected peaks): ¹H NMR (400.0 MHz, DMSO-d₆) δ : 9.03 (d, *J* = 6.1 Hz, 2H), 8.78 – 8.62 (m, 1H, overlapped with other isomers), 8.38 – 8.17 (m, 2H, overlapped with other isomers), 5.65 (d, *J* = 20.3 Hz, 2H), 5.78 – 5.43 (m, 1H, overlapped with other isomers), 2.37 – 2.14 (m, 2H, overlapped with other isomers), 1.56 – 1.00 (m, 8H, overlapped with other isomers), 0.96 – 0.75 (m, 3H, overlapped with other isomers). ¹⁹F NMR (376.4 MHz, DMSO-d₆) δ : –112.9 (dt, *J* = 20.4, 20.4 Hz, 1F). ¹³C{¹H} NMR (100.6 MHz, DMSO-d₆) δ : 150.7 (d, *J* = 244.4 Hz, CF),146.7 (s, CH), 144.9 (s, CH), 128.6 (s, CH), 115.1 (d, *J* = 16.9 Hz, CH), 56.4 (d, *J* = 28.2 Hz, CH₂), 31.0 (s, CH₂), 28.9 (d, *J* = 2.2 Hz, CH₂), 28.2 (s, CH₂), 24.5 (d, *J* = 7.1 Hz, CH₂), 22.1 (s, CH₂), 13.9 (s, CH₃).

(Branched isomer, selected peaks): ¹H NMR (400.0 MHz, DMSO-d₆) δ : 9.19 (d, J = 6.2 Hz, 2H), 8.78 – 8.62 (m, 1H, overlapped with other isomers), 8.38 – 8.17 (m, 2H, overlapped with other isomers), 5.78 – 5.43 (m, 1H, overlapped with other isomers), 5.35 – 5.18 (m, 2H), 2.37

- 2.14 (m, 2H, overlapped with other isomers), 1.56 - 1.00 (m, 8H, overlapped with other isomers), 0.96 - 0.75 (m, 3H, overlapped with other isomers). ¹⁹F NMR (376.4 MHz, DMSO-d6) **δ**: -107.4 (ddd, J = 52.1, 15.5, 15.5 Hz, 1F). ¹³C{¹H} NMR (100.6 MHz, DMSO-d6) **δ**: 159.2 (d, J = 258.6 Hz, CF), 147.2 (s, CH), 143.6 (s, CH), 129.0 (s, CH), 98.1 (d, J = 15.5 Hz, CH₂), 70.3 (d, J = 26.8 Hz, CH₂), 30.8 (s, CH₂), 29.9 (d, J = 2.6 Hz, CH₂), 27.8 (s, CH₂), 24.8 (s, CH₂), 21.9 (s, CH₂), 13.8 (s, CH₃).

[2-Fluoro-4-(naphth-1-yl)but-2-en-1-yl]pyridinium tetrafluoroborate (2g)



Obtained by the General procedure on 5 mmol scale using pyridine as the solvent after 24 h at 100°C as a brown amorphous solid (1.2185 g, 67% yield, Z/E = 55/45).

(Z-isomer): ¹**H** NMR (400.0 MHz, DMSO-d₆): 9.14–9.07 (m, 2H), 8.76–8.67 (m, 1H), 8.29– 8.20 (m, 2H), 8.16–8.12 (m, 1H), 8.03–7.94 and 7.89–7.82 and 7.65–7.39 (m, 7H total, overlapped with *E*-isomer), 5.85 (dt, *J* = 36.6, 7.4 Hz, 1H, CH), 5.55 (d, *J* = 18.7 Hz, 2H, CH₂), 3.91 (d, *J* = 7.5 Hz, 2H, CH₂). ¹⁹F NMR (376.4 MHz, DMSO-d₆) δ: –117.7 (dt, *J* = 37.2, 18.8 Hz, 1F), –148.1 (br. s, 4F, ¹⁰BF₄⁻), –148.2 (br. s, 4F, ¹¹BF₄⁻). ¹³C NMR (100.6 MHz, DMSO-d₆) δ: 151.5 (d, *J* = 254.5 Hz, CF), {aromatic C and CH signals are overlapped for both isomers and could not be resolved: 146.9 (s, CH), 146.8 (s, CH), 145.1 (s, CH), 144.9 (s, CH), 135.1 (s, C), 134.7 (s, C), 133.5 (s, C), 133.5 (s, C), 131.3 (s, C), 131.2 (s, C), 128.7 (s, CH), 128.7 (s, CH), 128.6 (s, CH), 125.9 (s, CH), 127.2 (s, CH), 126.4 (s, CH), 126.3 (s, CH), 126.2 (s, CH), 126.0 (s, CH), 125.9 (s, CH), 125.8 (s, CH), 125.8 (s, CH), 125.7 (s, CH), 123.5 (s, CH)}, 113.5 (d, *J* = 19.2 Hz, CH), 56.5 (d, *J* = 27.7 Hz, CH₂), 27.4 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, CH₂). HRMS (ESI), *m/z*: [*M*]⁺, Calcd. for C₁₉H₁₇FN⁺ 278.1340. Found 278.1336.

(*E*-isomer, selected peaks): ¹H NMR (400.0 MHz, DMSO-d₆): (aromatic signals are overlapped with *Z*-isomer), 6.05 (dt, *J* = 20.5, 8.1 Hz, 1H, CH), 5.86 (d, *J* = 20.1 Hz, 2H, CH₂), 4.13 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 2H, CH₂). ¹⁹F NMR (376.4 MHz, DMSO-d₆) δ: -110.9 (dt, *J* = 20.2, 20.1 Hz, 1F). ¹³C NMR (100.6 MHz, DMSO-d₆) δ: 151.7 (d, *J* = 246.5 Hz, CF), (aromatic C and CH are overlapped with *Z*-isomer), 113.5 (d, *J* = 19.2 Hz, CH), 56.5 (d, *J* = 27.7 Hz, CH₂), 27.4 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, CH₂-Naphthyl).

(2-Fluorocyclohept-2-en-1-yl)pyridinium tetrafluoroborate (2h)



Obtained by the General procedure from 33 mmol of *endo*-Br-isomer (54 mmol of *endo*-Br/*exo*-Br mixture) using pyridine as the solvent after 24 h at 100°C as a beige amorphous solid (8.254 g, 88% yield on *endo*-Br-**1h**).

(NOTE: *exo*-Br-1h is completely unreactive in this reaction).

¹H NMR (400.0 MHz, DMSO-d₆) δ: 9.16 (d, J = 6.0 Hz, 2H), 8.70 (t, J = 7.8 Hz, 1H), 8.24 (t, J = 7.0 Hz, 2H), 6.07 (ddd, J = 24.1, 7.6, 5.5 Hz, 1H), 5.92 (ddd, J = 6.4, 6.4, 6.3 Hz, 1H), 2.54–2.38 (m, 1H), 2.37–2.24 (m, 2H), 2.25–2.12 (m, 1H), 1.83–1.55 (m, 4H). ¹⁹F NMR (376.4 MHz, DMSO-d₆) δ: –106.5 (dddd, J = 24.1, 3.8, 3.7, 3.7 Hz, 1F), –148.2 (br. s, 4F, ¹⁰BF₄⁻), –148.3 (br. s, 4F, ¹¹BF₄⁻). ¹³C{¹H} NMR (100.6 MHz, DMSO-d₆) δ: 152.9 (d, J = 244.3 Hz, CF), 146.9 (s, CH), 143.7 (s, CH), 128.8 (s, CH), 115.5 (d, J = 19.2 Hz, CH), 71.1 (d, J = 26.7 Hz, CH), 30.5 (d, J = 6.5 Hz, CH₂), 25.1 (s, CH₂), 21.6 (s, CH₂), 20.5 (d, J = 9.2 Hz, CH₂). HRMS (ESI), m/z: $[M]^+$, Calcd. for C₁₂H₁₅FN⁺ 192.1183. Found 192.1189.

[4,4-Bis(ethoxycarbonyl)-2-fluorobut-2-en-1-yl)pyridinium tetrafluoroborate (2i)



Obtained by the General procedure on 5 mmol scale using pyridine as the solvent after 24 h at 100°C as a brown oil (1.202 g, 61% yield, Z/E = 56/44, contained ca. 5% of fluorinated impurities).

(For the mixture of isomers): ¹H NMR (400.0 MHz, DMSO-d₆) δ : 9.10 – 9.03 (m, 4H), 8.74 – 8.65 (m, 2H), 8.28 – 8.19 (m, 4H), 5.69 (d, J = 19.7 Hz, 2H), 5.73 – 5.46 (m, 2H), 5.51 (d, J = 19.0 Hz, 2H), 4.21 – 4.03 (m, 8H), 3.78 (t, J = 7.2 Hz, 1H), 3.67 (t, J = 7.2 Hz, 1H), 2.78 (t, J = 7.8 Hz, 2H), 2.57 (t, J = 7.5 Hz, 2H), 1.19 (t, J = 7.1 Hz, 6H), 1.14 (t, J = 7.1 Hz, 6H). ¹⁹F NMR (376.4 MHz, DMSO-d₆) δ : –110.4 (q, J = 20.1 Hz, E-2i), –116.2 (dt, J = 37.0, 18.9 Hz,

Z-2i), -148.2 (br. s, 4F, $^{10}BF_{4^-}$), -148.3 (br. s, 4F, $^{11}BF_{4^-}$). $^{13}C{^{1}H}$ NMR (100.6 MHz, DMSOd6) δ : 168.4 (s, C), 168.3 (s, C), 152.6 (d, *J* = 256.0 Hz, CF), 152.4 (d, *J* = 246.8 Hz, CF), 146.8 (s, CH), 145.2 (s, CH), 144.8 (s, CH), 128.6 (s, CH), 128.5 (s, CH), 111.2 (d, *J* = 20.8 Hz, CH), 110.6 (d, *J* = 10.3 Hz, CH), 61.3 (s, CH₂), 61.2 (s, CH₂), 60.0 (d, *J* = 27.7 Hz, CH₂), 56.2 (d, *J* = 27.1 Hz, CH₂), 50.3 (d, *J* = 2.6 Hz, CH), 49.9 (s, CH), 24.4 (d, *J* = 8.6 Hz, CH₂), 22.8 (d, *J* = 4.3 Hz, CH₂), 13.9 (s, CH₃), 13.9 (s, CH₃). HRMS (ESI), *m/z*: [*M*]⁺, Calcd. for C₁₆H₂₁FNO₄⁺ 310.1449. Found 310.1449.

1-(2-Cyclopentylidene-2-fluoroethyl)pyridinium tetrafluoroborate (2j)



Obtained by the General procedure on 3.3 mmol scale using pyridine as the solvent after 48 h at 100°C as a beige oil (580.4 mg, 63%).

¹H NMR (400.0 MHz, DMSO-d₆) δ : 9.05 (d, *J* = 6.1 Hz, 2H), 8.67 (t, *J* = 7.8 Hz, 1H), 8.20 (t, *J* = 7.0 Hz, 2H), 5.56 (d, *J* = 20.1 Hz, 2H, CH₂), 2.70–2.50 (m, 2H), 2.40–2.31 (m, 2H), 1.77–1.61 (m, 4H). ¹⁹F NMR (376.4 MHz, DMSO-d₆) δ : –117.0 (t, *J* = 20.2 Hz, 1F), –148.2 (br. s, 4F, ¹⁰BF₄⁻), –148.3 (br. s, 4F, ¹¹BF₄⁻). ¹³C{¹H} NMR (100.6 MHz, DMSO-d₆) δ : 146.6 (s, CH), 144.8 (s, CH), 143.6 (d, *J* = 240.2 Hz, CF), 129.6 (d, *J* = 14.4 Hz, C), 128.5 (s, CH), 58.9 (d, *J* = 28.8 Hz, CH₂), 28.1 (d, *J* = 3.5 Hz, CH₂), 27.9 (d, *J* = 1.9 Hz, CH₂), 26.3 (s, CH₂), 25.7 (s, CH₂). HRMS (ESI), *m/z*: [*M*]⁺, Calcd. for C₁₂H₁₅FN⁺ 192.1183. Found 192.1188.

(2,3-Difluoro-3-phenylallyl)pyridinium tetrafluoroborate (2k)



Obtained by the General procedure on 5 mmol scale using 3 equiv. of pyridine and MeCN as the solvent after 72 h at 100°C as a brown amorphous solid (986.0 mg, 62% yield, E/Z = 83/17, contained ca. 5% of unidentified non-fluorinated impurity by ¹H NMR).

(*E*-isomer): ¹H NMR (400.0 MHz, DMSO-d₆) δ : 9.19 – 9.13 (m, 2H), 8.75 – 8.66 (m, 1H), 8.30 – 8.17 (m, 2H), 7.70 – 7.45 (m, 5H), 5.96 (dd, J = 20.9, 4.8 Hz, 2H). ¹⁹F NMR (282.4)

MHz, DMSO-d₆) δ: -148.1 (dt, J = 125.5, 4.9 Hz, 1F), -153.0 (dt, J = 125.5, 20.7 Hz, 1F), -148.3 (br. s, 4F, ¹⁰BF₄⁻), -148.4 (br. s, 4F, ¹¹BF₄⁻). ¹³C{¹H} **NMR (100.6 MHz, DMSO-d**₆) δ: 149.7 (dd, J = 237.2, 40.2 Hz, CF), 146.7 (s, CH), 145.0 (s, CH), 143.8 (dd, J = 246.0, 55.4 Hz, CF), 130.6 (s, CH), 128.8 (s, CH), 128.5 (s, CH), 126.9 (dd, J = 23.9, 6.0 Hz, C), 125.8 (t, J = 7.6 Hz, CH), 56.0 (d, J = 24.4 Hz, CH₂). **HRMS (ESI)**, *m/z*: [*M*]⁺, Calcd. for C₁₄H₁₂F₂N⁺ 232.0932. Found 232.0932.

(Z-isomer, selected peaks): ¹H NMR (400.0 MHz, DMSO-d₆) δ : (aromatic signal are overlapped with *E*-isomer), 5.77 (dd, *J* = 19.6, 2.2 Hz, 2H). ¹⁹F NMR (282.4 MHz, DMSO-d₆) δ : -117.7 (d, *J* = 13.3 Hz, 1F), -141.5 (td, *J* = 19.6, 13.2 Hz, 1F).

4. Scope of amination

General procedure A

A 25-mL Schlenk flask was charged with pyridinium salt (1.0 mmol), $C_{19}H_{40}$ (20–30 mg, an internal standard) and Na₃PO₄ (3.0 mmol), then connected to a Schlenk line, and evacuated/backfilled with argon three times. Next, freshly prepared solution of Pd(OAc)₂ (0.050 mmol) and XantPhos (0.050 mmol) in 5.0 mL of THF was added, the mixture was stirred for 5 min, followed by addition of a solution of a nucleophile (3.0 mmol) in 5.0 mL of THF. The resulted mixture was stirred at 60°C (oil bath) for 4 h. Then, it was diluted with EtOAc and 10% aqueous NaOH. Organic layer was separated, dried over Na₂SO₄, concentrated on a rotary evaporator. The residue was triturated with *n*-heptane, concentrated on a rotary evaporator once again to remove formed pyridine as azeotrope with *n*-heptane and dried under high vacuum. The residue was subjected to column chromatography using 50/1 g/g of silica passivated with NEt₃ (5 µL on 1 g of silica, added to a suspension of silica in an eluent prior to column packing).

General procedure B

The same as the General procedure A, except no Na₃PO₄ was used and the reaction was carried out at r.t. for 5 days.

General procedure C

The same as the General procedure A, except DMSO was used as the reaction medium instead of THF.

General procedure D

The same as the General procedure A, except the reaction was carried out at r.t. for 5 days.



Obtained by the General procedure A as a colorless oil (268.5 mg, 81%). Eluent — n-hexane/benzene/EtOAc 50/50/1 ($R_f = 0.27$).

¹**H** NMR (400.0 MHz, CDCl₃) δ : 7.31 – 7.26 (m, 2H), 6.87 – 6.79 (m, 2H), 5.34 (ddd, J = 23.6, 8.6, 5.6 Hz, 1H), 3.86 – 3.73 (m, 5H), 3.52 – 3.42 (m, 1H), 2.63 – 2.52 (m, 1H), 2.24 – 2.11 (m, 1H), 1.95 – 1.82 (m, 2H), 1.82 – 1.63 (m, 6H), 1.64 – 1.51 (m, 3H), 1.42 – 0.94 (m, 6H). ¹⁹**F** NMR (376.4 MHz, CDCl₃) δ : –99.7 (dd, J = 23.7, 9.0 Hz). ¹³C{¹H} NMR (100.6 MHz, CDCl₃) δ : 163.0 (d, J = 252.2 Hz, CF), 158.2 (s, C), 134.6 (s, C), 129.1 (s, CH), 113.4 (s, CH), 106.4 (d, J = 22.0 Hz, CH), 59.8 (d, J = 24.4 Hz, CH), 58.5 (s, CH), 55.3 (s, CH), 50.8 (d, J = 1.4 Hz, CH₂), 32.6 (s, CH₂), 30.7 (d, J = 2.4 Hz, CH₂), 29.0 (d, J = 11.1 Hz, CH₂), 26.7 (s, CH₂), 26.5 (s, CH₂), 26.3 (s, CH₂), 25.6 (s, CH₂), 22.5 (s, CH₂), 20.3 (d, J = 11.3 Hz, CH₂). MS (EI) *m*/z 331 ([*M*]⁺, 9), 288 (4), 274 (3), 219 (2), 210 (3), 122 (24), 121 (100). HRMS (ESI), *m*/z: [*M*+H]⁺, Calcd. for C₂₁H₃₁FNO⁺ 332.2384; Found 332.2381.

N,*N*-Dibenzyl-2-fluorocyclohept-2-en-1-amine (4b)



Obtained by the General procedure A as a colorless oil (129.8 mg, 41%). Eluent — n-hexane/EtOAc 25/1 (R_f = 0.30).

¹H NMR (400.0 MHz, CDCl₃) δ : 7.43 – 7.37 (m, 4H), 7.33 – 7.26 (m, 4H), 7.24 – 7.18 (m, 2H), 5.44 (ddd, J = 24.3, 8.5, 5.6 Hz, 1H), 3.81 – 3.69 (m, 4H), 3.49 – 3.40 (m, 1H), 2.28 – 2.14 (m, 1H), 1.93 – 1.69 (m, 4H), 1.64 – 1.53 (m, 2H), 1.38 – 1.24 (m, 1H). ¹⁹F NMR (376.4 MHz, CDCl₃) δ : –102.2 (d, J = 23.6 Hz). ¹³C{¹H} NMR (100.6 MHz, CDCl₃) δ : 162.5 (d, J = 253.7 Hz, CF), 140.5 (s, C), 128.7 (s, CH), 128.2 (s, CH), 126.8 (s, CH), 107.2 (d, J = 21.3 Hz, CH), 59.9 (d, J = 23.0 Hz, CH), 55.0 (d, J = 1.5 Hz, CH₂), 26.0 (d, J = 10.5 Hz, CH₂), 25.6 (d, J = 1.6 Hz, CH₂), 22.7 (s, CH₂), 20.4 (d, J = 11.1 Hz, CH₂). MS (EI) m/z 309 ([M]⁺, 36), 280 (6),

218 (12), 197 (7), 106 (9), 91 (100). **HRMS (ESI)**, *m/z*: [*M*+H]⁺, Calcd. for C₂₁H₂₅FN⁺ 310.1966; Found 310.1971.

Ethyl 1-(2-fluorocyclohept-2-en-1-yl)piperidine-4-carboxylate (4c)



Obtained by the General procedure A as a yellow-orange oil (247.3 mg, 88%). Eluent — *n*-benzene/EtOAc 8/1 ($R_f = 0.33$).

¹**H** NMR (400.0 MHz, CDCl₃) δ : 5.43 (ddd, J = 22.0, 8.1, 5.6 Hz, 1H), 4.13 (q, J = 7.2 Hz, 2H), 3.06 – 2.89 (m, 3H), 2.34 – 2.05 (m, 4H), 1.98 – 1.80 (m, 5H), 1.79 – 1.64 (m, 4H), 1.59 – 1.43 (m, 2H), 1.25 (t, J = 7.1 Hz, 3H). ¹⁹**F** NMR (376.4 MHz, CDCl₃) δ : –94.5 (t, J = 19.6 Hz). ¹³C{¹H} NMR (100.6 MHz, CDCl₃) δ : 175.4 (s, C), 162.6 (d, J = 251.8 Hz, CF), 108.2 (d, J = 21.1 Hz, CH), 65.6 (d, J = 26.5 Hz, CH), 60.3 (s, CH₂), 50.4 (s, CH₂), 49.9 (s, CH₂), 41.5 (s, CH), 28.8 (s. CH₂), 28.8 (s, CH₂), 26.6 (d, J = 9.6 Hz), 26.4 (d, J = 1.4 Hz), 23.4 (s, CH₂), 21.4 (d, J = 11.1 Hz, CH₂), 14.3 (s, CH₃). MS (EI) *m*/*z* 269 ([*M*]⁺, 54), 240 (86), 224 (25), 212 (15), 196 (23), 194 (14), 182 (12), 166 (29), 156 (59), 140 (15), 128 (43), 113 (19), 97 (16), 84 (53), 82 (100). HRMS (ESI), *m*/*z*: [*M*+H]⁺, Calcd. for C₁₅H₂₅FNO₂⁺ 270.1864; Found 270.1866.

N-Cyclohexyl-2-fluorocyclohept-2-en-1-amine (5a)



Obtained by the General procedure A as a yellowish oil (130.8 mg, 62%). Eluent — benzene/EtOAc 1/1 + 1 v/v% of NEt₃ (R_f = 0.48).

¹H NMR (400.0 MHz, CDCl₃) δ: 5.37 (dt, J = 22.7, 6.6 Hz, 1H), 3.60 – 3.48 (m, 1H), 2.58 – 2.49 (m, 1H), 2.14 – 1.88 (m, 3H), 1.87 – 1.45 (m, 10H), 1.40 – 0.99 (m, 6H). ¹⁹F NMR (376.4 MHz, CDCl₃) δ: –98.6 (dd, J = 22.5, 14.4 Hz). ¹³C{¹H} NMR (100.6 MHz, CDCl₃) δ: 164.7 (d, J = 253.2 Hz, CF), 106.7 (d, J = 22.1 Hz, CH), 54.9 (d, J = 27.9 Hz, CH), 54.3 (s, CH), 34.1 (s, CH₂), 33.6 (s, CH₂), 30.2 (d, J = 9.0 Hz, CH₂), 27.3 (s, CH₂), 26.2 (s, CH₂), 25.2 (s, CH₂), 25.1 (s, CH₂), 24.1 (s, CH₂), 22.4 (d, J = 11.4 Hz, CH₂). MS (EI) *m/z* 211 ([*M*]⁺, 43), 182 (23),

168 (100), 154 (9), 113 (9), 100 (19), 93 (10). **HRMS (ESI)**, *m/z*: [*M*+H]⁺, Calcd. for C₁₃H₂₃FN⁺ 212.1809; Found 212.1812.

N-Benzyl-2-fluorocyclohept-2-en-1-amine (5b)



Obtained by the General procedure A as a yellow oil (183.4 mg, 84%). Eluent — benzene/EtOAc 10/1 ($R_f = 0.30$).

¹**H** NMR (400.0 MHz, CDCl₃) δ : 7.40 – 7.20 (m, 5H), 5.44 (ddd, J = 22.8, 7.4, 5.6 Hz, 1H), 3.88 – 3.76 (m, 2H), 3.51 – 3.42 (m, 1H), 2.18 – 2.07 (m, 1H), 2.05 – 1.93 (m, 1H), 1.92 – 1.60 (m, 6H), 1.60 – 1.49 (m, 1H). ¹⁹**F** NMR (376.4 MHz, CDCl₃) δ : –99.1 (dd, J = 22.8, 13.7 Hz). ¹³C{¹H} NMR (100.6 MHz, CDCl₃) δ : 163.9 (d, J = 251.9 Hz, CF), 140.4 (s, C), 128.4 (s, CH), 128.3 (s, CH), 127.0 (s, CH), 107.5 (d, J = 22.1 Hz, CH), 57.8 (d, J = 27.8 Hz, CH), 51.6 (s, CH₂), 29.6 (d, J = 8.7 Hz, CH₂), 27.3 (s, CH₂), 24.1 (s, CH₂), 22.4 (d, J = 11.3 Hz, CH₂). MS (EI) m/z 219 ([M]⁺, 41), 190 (14), 91 (100). HRMS (ESI), m/z: [M+H]⁺, Calcd. for C₁₄H₁₉FN⁺ 220.1496; Found 220.1496.

N-(4,4-Diethoxybutyl)-2-fluorocyclohept-2-en-1-amine (5c)



Obtained by the General procedure A as a yellow oil (226.6 mg, 83%). Eluent — benzene/EtOAc 1/1 + 1 v/v% of NEt₃ (R_f = 0.25).

¹H NMR (400.0 MHz, CDCl₃) δ : 5.39 (ddd, J = 22.9, 7.4, 5.7 Hz, 1H), 4.50 (t, J = 5.6 Hz, 1H), 3.69 – 3.60 (m, 2H), 3.54 – 3.44 (m, 2H), 3.43 – 3.35 (m, 1H), 2.66 (t, J = 7.0 Hz, 2H), 2.15 – 2.03 (m, 1H), 2.03 – 1.92 (m, 1H), 1.88 – 1.73 (m, 3H), 1.72 – 1.61 (m, 4H), 1.61 – 1.48 (m, 3H), 1.32 (br. s, 1H), 1.20 (t, J = 7.1 Hz, 6H). ¹⁹F NMR (376.4 MHz, CDCl₃) δ : –99.4 (dd, J = 23.0, 13.5 Hz). ¹³C{¹H} NMR (100.6 MHz, CDCl₃) δ : 164.0 (d, J = 252.2 Hz, CF), 107.0 (d, J = 22.2 Hz, CH), 102.9 (s, CH), 61.0 (s, CH₂), 61.0 (s, CH₂), 58.5 (d, J = 27.5 Hz, CH), 47.4 (s, CH₂), 31.5 (s, CH₂), 29.6 (d, J = 8.7 Hz, CH₂), 27.2 (s, CH₂), 25.7 (s, CH₂), 24.0 (s, CH₂), 22.3 (d, J = 11.4 Hz, CH₂), 15.4 (s, CH₃). MS (EI) *m/z* 273 ([*M*]⁺, 2), 224 (13), 227 (19),

198 (10), 182 (83), 155 (9), 142 (100), 128 (12), 113 (25), 93 (14), 86 (15), 70 (52). **HRMS** (ESI), *m/z*: [*M*+H]⁺, Calcd. for C₁₅H₂₉FNO₂⁺ 274.2177; Found 274.2171.

N-(Furan-2-ylmethyl)-2-fluorocyclohept-2-en-1-amine (5d)



Obtained by the General procedure A as an orange oil (158.6 mg, 76%). Eluent — benzene/EtOAc 8/1 ($R_f = 0.29$).

¹H NMR (400.0 MHz, CDCl₃) δ : 7.38 – 7.35 (m, 1H), 6.33 – 6.29 (m, 1H), 6.22 – 6.18 (m, 1H), 5.44 (ddd, J = 22.9, 7.3, 5.7 Hz, 1H), 3.90 – 3.77 (m, 2H), 3.48 – 3.40 (m, 1H), 2.18 – 2.06 (m, 1H), 2.05 – 1.93 (m, 1H), 1.89 – 1.60 (m, 6H), 1.59 – 1.48 (m, 1H). ¹⁹F NMR (376.4 MHz, CDCl₃) δ : –99.1 (dd, J = 23.0, 13.6 Hz). ¹³C{¹H} NMR (100.6 MHz, CDCl₃) δ : 163.6 (d, J = 251.7 Hz, CF), 153.8 (s, C), 141.9 (s, CH), 110.2 (s, CH), 107.6 (d, J = 21.9 Hz, CH), 107.1 (s, CH), 57.5 (d, J = 27.9 Hz, CH), 44.2 (s, CH₂), 29.6 (d, J = 8.6 Hz, CH₂), 27.2 (s, CH₂), 24.0 (s, CH₂), 22.3 (d, J = 11.3 Hz, CH₂). MS (EI) *m*/*z* 209 ([*M*]⁺, 14), 81 (100). HRMS (ESI), *m*/*z*: [*M*+H]⁺, Calcd. for C₁₂H₁₇FNO⁺ 210.1289; Found 210.1295.

N-(3-Diethylaminopropyl)-2-fluorocyclohept-2-en-1-amine (5e)



Obtained by the General procedure A. Eluent — $CH_2Cl_2/MeOH 1/1 + 1 v/v \%$ of NEt₃ (R_f = 0.30). After column chromatography additional purification of **5e** was necessary. It was performed by conversion of **5e** into hydrochloride with HCl solution in dioxane, dissolving in water, washing with Et₂O, followed by conversion back into base form adding aqueous NaOH to pH 14, extraction with CH₂Cl₂, drying over K₂CO₃ and rotary evaporation. The title compound was obtained as a brown oil (202.4 mg, 84%).

¹H NMR (400.0 MHz, CDCl₃) δ : 5.39 (ddd, J = 22.9, 7.4, 5.6 Hz, 1H), 3.43 – 3.32 (m, 1H), 2.67 (t, J = 6.7 Hz, 2H), 2.58 – 2.44 (m, 6H), 2.15 – 2.04 (m, 1H), 2.03 – 1.93 (m, 1H), 1.89 – 1.60 (m, 8H), 1.59 – 1.48 (m, 1H), 1.01 (t, J = 7.1 Hz, 6H). ¹⁹F NMR (376.4 MHz, CDCl₃) δ : -98.8 (dd, J = 22.8, 13.7 Hz). ¹³C{¹H} NMR (100.6 MHz, CDCl₃) δ : 164.1 (d, J = 252.7 Hz, CF), 106.8 (d, J = 22.0 Hz, CH), 58.5 (d, J = 27.3 Hz, CH), 51.4 (s, CH₂), 46.8 (s, CH₂), 46.7

(s, CH₂), 29.6 (d, *J* = 8.8 Hz, CH₂), 27.5 (s, CH₂), 27.2 (s, CH₂), 24.0 (s, CH₂), 22.2 (d, *J* = 11.4 Hz, CH₂), 11.7 (s, CH₃). **MS (EI)** *m*/*z* 242 ([*M*]⁺, 0.4), 222 (1), 169 (2), 154 (5), 140 (4), 129 (17), 113 (5), 100 (18), 98 (22), 86 (100), 72 (18), 58 (19). **HRMS (ESI)**, *m*/*z*: [*M*+H]⁺, Calcd. for C₁₄H₂₈FNO₂⁺ 243.2231; Found 243.2230.

N-(4-Methoxyphenyl)-2-fluorocyclohept-2-en-1-amine (6a)



Obtained by the General procedure A as an orange oil (198.5 mg, 84%). Eluent — benzene/EtOAc 25/1 ($R_f = 0.32$).

¹H NMR (400.0 MHz, CDCl₃) δ : 6.80 – 6.75 (m, 2H), 6.65 – 6.60 (m, 2H), 5.46 (dt, *J* = 22.1, 6.6 Hz, 1H), 4.20 – 4.12 (m, 1H), 3.74 (s, 2H), 3.64 (br. s, 1H), 2.18 – 1.99 (m, 2H), 1.98 – 1.76 (m, 3H), 1.75 – 1.58 (m, 3H). ¹⁹F NMR (376.4 MHz, CDCl₃) δ : –102.7 (dd, *J* = 22.4, 11.9 Hz). ¹³C{¹H} NMR (100.6 MHz, CDCl₃) δ : 162.8 (d, *J* = 253.6 Hz, CF), 152.5 (s, C), 141.2 (s, C), 115.1 (s, CH), 114.9 (s, CH), 107.8 (d, *J* = 21.6 Hz, CH), 55.8 (s, CH₃), 55.4 (d, *J* = 27.4 Hz, CH), 29.6 (d, *J* = 6.9 Hz, CH₂), 27.1 (s, CH₂), 24.4 (s, CH₂), 22.5 (d, *J* = 10.8 Hz, CH₂). MS (EI) *m/z* 235 ([*M*]⁺, 100), 220 (19), 206 (31), 123 (52), 122 (60), 108 (62), 95 (20). HRMS (ESI), *m/z*: [*M*+H]⁺, Calcd. for C₁₄H₁₉FNO⁺ 236.1445; Found 236.1449.

N-(4-Fluorophenyl)-2-fluorocyclohept-2-en-1-amine (6b)



Obtained by the General procedure A as a yellow oil (198.7 mg, 88%). Eluent — n-hexane/benzene/EtOAc 30/50/1 (R_f = 0.36).

¹H NMR (400.0 MHz, CDCl₃) δ: 6.92 – 6.85 (m, 2H), 6.62 – 6.55 (m, 2H), 5.48 (dt, J = 22.0, 6.6 Hz, 1H), 4.21 – 4.13 (m, 1H), 3.79 (br. s, 1H), 2.19 – 2.00 (m, 2H), 1.97 – 1.75 (m, 3H), 1.75 – 1.60 (m, 3H). ¹⁹F NMR (376.4 MHz, CDCl₃) δ: –103.1 (dd, J = 22.0, 11.3 Hz), –128.0 (tt, J = 8.6, 4.4 Hz). ¹³C{¹H} NMR (100.6 MHz, CDCl₃) δ: 162.5 (d, J = 253.5 Hz, CF), 156.1 (d, J = 235.6 Hz, CF), 143.4 (s, C), 115.8 (d, J = 22.4 Hz, CH), 114.4 (d, J = 7.5 Hz, CH), 108.0 (d, J = 21.7 Hz, CH), 55.0 (d, J = 27.8 Hz, CH), 29.7 (d, J = 6.6 Hz, CH₂), 27.1 (s, CH₂), 24.5 (s, CH₂), 22.5 (d, J = 10.7 Hz, CH₂). MS (EI) m/z 223 ([M]⁺, 42), 202 (9), 194 (46), 174 (17),

N-(2-Butoxyphenyl)-2-fluorocyclohept-2-en-1-amine (6c)



Obtained by the General procedure A as a yellowish oil (206.3 mg, 72%). Eluent — n-hexane/benzene/EtOAc 50/50/1 ($R_f = 0.35$).

¹**H** NMR (400.0 MHz, CDCl₃) δ: 6.87 – 6.81 (m, 1H), 6.79 – 6.75 (m, 1H), 6.70 – 6.63 (m, 2H), 5.47 (dt, J = 21.7, 6.6 Hz, 1H), 4.62 (br. s, 1H), 4.29 – 4.22 (m, 1H), 3.99 (t, J = 6.4 Hz, 2H), 2.20 – 1.91 (m, 3H), 1.90 – 1.75 (m, 4H), 1.75 – 1.59 (m, 3H), 1.56 – 1.45 (m, 2H), 0.98 (t, J = 7.4 Hz, 3H). ¹⁹**F** NMR (376.4 MHz, CDCl₃) δ: –101.9 (dd, J = 21.7, 12.5 Hz). ¹³C{¹H} NMR (100.6 MHz, CDCl₃) δ: 163.0 (d, J = 254.1 Hz, CF), 146.5 (s, C), 137.2 (s, C), 121.2 (s, CH), 117.0 (s, CH), 110.9 (s, CH), 110.8 (d, J = 1.6 Hz, CH), 107.9 (d, J = 21.5 Hz, CH), 68.1 (s, CH₂), 54.0 (d, J = 28.1 Hz, CH), 31.5 (s, CH₂), 29.4 (d, J = 7.0 Hz, CH₂), 27.2 (d, J = 1.2 Hz, CH₂), 24.4 (s, CH₂), 22.5 (d, J = 10.8 Hz, CH₂), 19.4 (s, CH₂), 13.9 (s, CH₃). MS (EI) *m*/z 277 ([*M*]⁺, 100), 248 (9), 221 (13), 200 (17), 192 (12), 165 (15), 120 (16), 109 (40), 108 (17), 93 (8), 80 (16), 65 (8). HRMS (ESI), *m*/z: [*M*+H]⁺, Calcd. for C₁₇H₂₅FNO⁺ 278.1915; Found 278.1920.

N-(2-Fluorocyclohept-2-en-1-yl)-[1,1'-biphenyl]-2-amine (6d)



Obtained by the General procedure A as a colorless solid (206.6 mg, 73%, mp = $38-39^{\circ}$ C). Eluent — *n*-hexane/EtOAc 25/1 (R_f = 0.27).

¹H NMR (400.0 MHz, CDCl₃) δ: 7.48 – 7.39 (m, 4H), 7.38 – 7.32 (m, 1H), 7.27 – 7.20 (m, 1H), 7.13 – 7.08 (m, 1H), 6.82 – 6.73 (m, 2H), 5.40 (dt, J = 21.7, 6.6 Hz, 1H), 4.34 – 4.15 (m, 2H), 2.03 – 1.85 (m, 3H), 1.84 – 1.73 (m, 1H), 1.68 – 1.44 (m, 4H). ¹⁹F NMR (376.4 MHz, CDCl₃) δ: –101.8 (dd, J = 21.6, 12.5 Hz). ¹³C{¹H} NMR (100.6 MHz, CDCl₃) δ: 162.8 (d, J = 254.2 Hz, CF), 143.9 (s, C), 139.4 (s, C), 130.4 (s, CH), 129.4 (s, CH), 129.0 (s, CH), 128.8

(s, CH), 128.3 (s, C), 127.3 (s, CH), 117.5 (s, CH), 111.3 (d, *J* = 1.7 Hz, CH), 108.0 (d, *J* = 21.3 Hz, CH), 54.2 (d, *J* = 28.3 Hz, CH), 29.4 (d, *J* = 6.9 Hz, CH₂), 27.0 (d, *J* = 1.3 Hz, CH₂), 24.5 (s, CH₂), 22.4 (d, *J* = 10.7 Hz, CH₂). **MS (EI)** *m*/*z* 281 ([*M*]⁺, 100), 252 (24), 232 (12), 217 (10), 180 (37), 169 (88), 168 (68), 167 (47), 152 (15), 139 (7), 128 (11), 115 (6), 77 (10). **HRMS** (**ESI**), *m*/*z*: [*M*+H]⁺, Calcd. for C₁₉H₂₁FN⁺ 282.1653; Found 282.1650.

Ethyl 4-((2-fluorocyclohept-2-en-1-yl)amino)benzoate (6e)



Obtained by the General procedure A as a yellow solid (225.9 mg, 75%, mp = 60–61°C). Eluent — benzene/EtOAc 50/1 ($R_f = 0.26$).

¹H NMR (400.0 MHz, CDCl₃) δ : 7.90 – 7.85 (m, 2H), 6.66 – 6.53 (m, 2H), 5.51 (dt, *J* = 22.0, 6.6 Hz, 1H), 4.41 – 4.17 (m, 4H), 2.20 – 2.01 (m, 2H), 2.00 – 1.77 (m, 3H), 1.76 – 1.61 (m, 3H), 1.35 (t, *J* = 7.1 Hz, 3H). ¹⁹F NMR (376.4 MHz, CDCl₃) δ : –103.8 (m). ¹³C{¹H} NMR (100.6 MHz, CDCl₃) δ : 166.9 (s, C), 161.6 (d, *J* = 253.3 Hz, CF), 150.8 (s, C), 131.6 (s, CH), 119.2 (s, C), 111.9 (s, CH), 108.5 (d, *J* = 21.2 Hz, CH), 60.3 (s, CH₂), 53.7 (d, *J* = 27.6 Hz, CH), 29.6 (d, *J* = 6.4 Hz, CH₂), 27.0 (s, CH₂), 24.4 (s, CH₂), 22.4 (d, *J* = 10.5 Hz, CH₂), 14.5 (s, CH₃). MS (EI) *m*/z 277 ([*M*]⁺, 100), 248 (46), 232 (25), 204 (10), 165 (36), 148 (15), 137 (40), 120 (83), 93 (34), 85 (16), 77 (21). HRMS (ESI), *m*/z: [*M*+H]⁺, Calcd. for C₁₆H₂₁FNO₂⁺ 278.1551; Found 278.1549.

N-(4-Nitrophenyl)-2-fluorocyclohept-2-en-1-amine (6f)



Obtained by the General procedure A as an orange solid (78.5 mg, 28%, mp = 99–100°C). Eluent — benzene/EtOAc 100/1 ($R_f = 0.28$).

¹H NMR (400.0 MHz, CDCl₃) δ: 8.12 – 8.05 (m, 2H), 6.63 – 6.55 (m, 2H), 5.56 (dt, J = 22.0, 6.6 Hz, 1H), 4.77 (br. d, J = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 4.42 – 4.30 (m, 1H), 2.22 – 2.04 (m, 2H), 2.01 – 1.80 (m, 3H), 1.80 – 1.62 (m, 3H). ¹⁹F NMR (376.4 MHz, CDCl₃) δ: –104.2 (dd, J = 22.1, 10.0 Hz). ¹³C{¹H} NMR (100.6 MHz, CDCl₃) δ: 160.7 (d, J = 253.1 Hz, CF), 152.3 (s, C), 138.4 (s, C), 126.5 (s, CH), 111.6 (s, CH), 109.1 (d, J = 20.9 Hz, CH), 53.8 (d, J = 27.6 Hz, CH), 29.7

(d, J = 6.2 Hz, CH₂), 26.8 (d, J = 1.2 Hz, CH₂), 24.5 (s, CH₂), 22.4 (d, J = 10.4 Hz, CH₂). **MS** (**EI**) m/z 250 ([M]⁺, 95), 221 (97), 148 (32), 138 (50), 113 (63), 97 (54), 93 (100), 91 (64), 77 (45). **HRMS (ESI)**, m/z: [M+H]⁺, Calcd. for C₁₃H₁₆FN₂O₂⁺ 251.1190; Found 251.1192.

N-(2-fluorocyclohept-2-en-1-yl)-N-(4-methoxyphenyl)-4-methylbenzenesulfonamide (7)



Obtained by the General procedure A as a beige solid which solidified upon storage (341.0 mg, 88%, mp 97–98°C). Eluent — *n*-hexane/benzene/EtOAc 5/5/1 ($R_f = 0.39$).

¹**H** NMR (400.0 MHz, CDCl₃) **δ**: 7.55 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 7.20 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 7.03 – 6.97 (m, 2H), 6.82 – 6.75 (m, 2H), 5.31 (ddd, J = 22.5, 8.6, 5.4 Hz, 1H), 5.12 – 5.00 (m, 1H), 3.79 (s, 3H), 2.40 (s, 3H), 2.11 – 1.99 (m, 1H), 1.90 – 1.78 (m, 1H), 1.78 – 1.54 (m, 3H), 1.53 – 1.34 (m, 3H). ¹⁹F NMR (376.4 MHz, CDCl₃) **δ**: -101.5 (d, J = 21.6 Hz). ¹³C{¹H} NMR (100.6 MHz, CDCl₃) **δ**: 159.6 (s, C), 157.2 (d, J = 248.2 Hz, CF), 142.9 (s, C), 137.5 (s, C), 133.4 (d, J = 1.6 Hz, CH), 129.1 (s, CH), 128.2 (s, C), 127.8 (d, J = 1.6 Hz, CH), 113.9 (s, CH), 109.8 (d, J = 20.9 Hz, CH), 61.2 (d, J = 27.3 Hz, CH), 55.4 (s, CH₃), 29.1 (d, J = 9.7 Hz, CH₂), 24.8 (s, CH₂), 21.6 (s, CH₃), 21.3 (s, CH₂), 19.3 (d, J = 10.0 Hz, CH₂). MS (EI) *m/z* 389 ([*M*]⁺, 15), 277 (41), 234 (8), 122 (100), 91 (27). HRMS (ESI), *m/z*: [*M*+H]⁺, Calcd. for C₂₁H₂₅FNO₃S⁺ 390.1534; Found 390.1529. [*M*+NH₄]⁺, Calcd. for C₂₁H₂₈FN₂O₃S⁺ 407.1799; Found 407.1798. [*M*+Na]⁺, Calcd. for C₂₁H₂₄FNO₃SNa⁺ 412.1353; Found 412.1354. [*M*+K]⁺, Calcd. for C₂₁H₂₄FNO₃SK⁺ 428.1093; Found 428.1091.

N-(2-fluorocyclohept-2-en-1-yl)phthalimide (8)



Obtained by the General procedure A as a colorless solid (175.7 mg, 67%, mp = $107-108^{\circ}$ C). Eluent —benzene (R_f = 0.30). ¹H NMR (400.0 MHz, CDCl₃) δ : 7.89 – 7.81 (m, 2H), 7.76 – 7.69 (m, 2H), 5.60 (dt, J = 23.5, 6.5 Hz, 1H), 5.12 – 4.99 (m, 1H), 2.51 – 2.36 (m, 2H), 2.14 – 2.02 (m, 1H), 2.01 – 1.66 (m, 4H), 1.65 – 1.53 (m, 1H). ¹⁹F NMR (376.4 MHz, CDCl₃) δ : –107.9 (d, J = 23.9 Hz). ¹³C{¹H} NMR (100.6 MHz, CDCl₃) δ : 167.7 (s, C), 156.3 (d, J = 249.4 Hz, CF), 134.1 (s, CH), 132.0 (s, C), 123.4 (s, CH), 108.4 (d, J = 21.3 Hz, CH), 50.7 (d, J = 25.0 Hz, CH), 29.0 (d, J = 5.5 Hz, CH₂), 26.2 (d, J = 1.2 Hz, CH₂), 24.5 (s, CH₂), 21.7 (d, J = 10.1 Hz, CH₂). MS (EI) *m*/z 259 ([*M*]⁺, 5), 239 (8), 211 (8), 196 (4), 148 (100), 130 (38), 112 (16), 97 (29), 76 (17). HRMS (ESI), *m*/z: [*M*+H]⁺, Calcd. for C₁₅H₁₅FNO₂⁺ 260.1081; Found 260.1090. [*M*+Na]⁺, Calcd. for C₁₅H₁₄FNO₂Na⁺ 282.0901; Found 282.0908.

N-((*Z*)-2-Fluoro-3-phenylallyl)-*N*-(4-methoxybenzyl)cyclohexylamine (10a)



Obtained by the General procedure A as a yellow oil which solidified upon storage in a freezer (302.6 mg, 83%, Z/E = 98/2, mp = 44–45°C). Eluent — benzene/EtOAc 50/1 (R_f = 0.35).

(Z-isomer): ¹H NMR (400.0 MHz, CDCl₃) δ : 7.49 – 7.44 (m, 2H), 7.34 – 7.26 (m, 4H), 7.23 – 7.17 (m, 1H), 6.87 – 6.81 (m, 2H), 5.71 (d, *J* = 39.4 Hz, 1H), 3.78 (s, 3H), 3.67 (s, 2H), 3.28 (d, *J* = 12.7 Hz, 2H), 2.66 – 2.55 (m, 1H), 1.92 – 1.83 (m, 2H), 1.82 – 1.73 (m, 2H), 1.65 – 1.57 (m, 1H), 1.35 – 0.99 (m, 5H). ¹⁹F NMR (376.4 MHz, CDCl₃) δ : –105.6 (dt, *J* = 39.5, 12.7 Hz). ¹³C{¹H} NMR (100.6 MHz, CDCl₃) δ : 159.6 (d, *J* = 268.8 Hz, CF), 158.6 (s, C), 133.8 (d, *J* = 2.4 Hz, C), 132.6 (s, C), 129.5 (s, CH), 128.5 (d, *J* = 7.3 Hz, CH), 128.4 (s, CH), 126.9 (d, *J* = 2.3 Hz, CH), 113.7 (s, CH), 107.1 (d, *J* = 6.9 Hz, CH), 59.0 (s, CH), 55.3 (s, CH₃), 53.4 (s, CH₂), 51.2 (d, *J* = 29.5 Hz, CH₂), 29.1 (s, CH₂), 26.4 (s, CH₂), 26.2 (s, CH₂). MS (EI) *m*/z 353 ([*M*]⁺, 7), 262 (8), 206 (12), 135 (4), 121 (100), 115 (5).

HRMS (ESI), *m*/*z*: [*M*+H]⁺, Calcd. for C₂₃H₂₉FNO⁺ 354.2228; Found 354.2232.

(*E*-isomer): ¹⁹**F** NMR (376.4 MHz, CDCl₃) δ: -98.5 (q, *J* = 22.0 Hz). MS (EI) *m*/*z* 353 ([*M*]⁺, 8), 262 (8), 206 (13), 135 (5), 121 (100), 115 (5).



Obtained by the General procedure B as a colorless oil (286.2 mg, 78%, Z/E > 20/1). Eluent --- *n*-hexane/EtOAc 20/1 (R_f = 0.28).

¹H NMR (400.0 MHz, CDCl₃) δ: 7.52 – 7.44 (m, 2H), 7.36 – 7.26 (m, 4H), 7.25 – 7.16 (m, 1H), 6.89 – 6.80 (m, 2H), 5.56 (d, J = 39.8 Hz, 1H), 3.85 – 3.70 (m, 5H), 3.54 (dq, J = 17.2, 7.0 Hz, 1H), 2.77 – 2.65 (m, 1H), 1.87 – 1.67 (m, 4H), 1.62 – 1.54 (m, 1H), 1.26 (d, J = 7.0 Hz, 3H), 1.41 – 1.11 (m, 4H), 1.10 – 0.96 (m, 1H). ¹⁹F NMR (376.4 MHz, CDCl₃) δ: –106.9 (dd, J = 39.8, 17.2 Hz). ¹³C{¹H} NMR (100.6 MHz, CDCl₃) δ: 162.4 (d, J = 273.4 Hz, CF), 158.4 (s, C, 133.9 (s, C), 133.8 (d, J = 1.9 Hz, C), 129.2 (s, CH), 128.6 (d, J = 7.4 Hz, CH), 128.5 (s, CH), 126.9 (d, J = 1.8 Hz, CH), 113.6 (s, CH), 106.3 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, CH), 56.8 (s, CH), 55.3 (s, CH₃), 54.1 (d, J = 24.8 Hz, CH), 49.4 (s, CH₂), 32.4 (s, CH₂), 31.0 (s, CH₂), 26.6 (s, CH₂), 26.5 (s, CH₂), 26.3 (s, CH₂), 16.4 (d, J = 4.5 Hz, CH₃). MS (EI) *m/z* 271 (100), 256 (17), 149 (66), 129 (83), 123 (69), 122 (81), 108 (28), 95 (15), 77 (10). HRMS (ESI), *m/z*: [*M*+H]⁺, Calcd. for C₂₄H₃₁FNO⁺ 368.2384; Found 368.2387.

(Z)-4-(Cyclohexyl(4-methoxybenzyl)amino)-3-fluorobut-2-en-1-yl benzoate (10d)



Obtained by the General procedure B as a yellow oil (183.2 mg, 44%, Z/E = 98/2). Eluent — benzene/EtOAc 30/1 ($R_f = 0.20$).

(Z-isomer): ¹H NMR (400.0 MHz, CDCl₃) δ : 8.07 – 7.97 (m, 2H), 7.60 – 7.50 (m, 1H), 7.47 – 7.38 (m, 2H), 7.29 – 7.21 (m, 2H), 6.87 – 6.78 (m, 2H), 5.20 (dt, *J* = 35.2, 7.4 Hz, 1H), 4.88 (d, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 2H), 3.77 (s, 3H), 3.63 (s, 2H), 3.19 (d, *J* = 12.2 Hz, 2H), 2.59 – 2.48 (m, 1H), 1.88 – 1.72 (m, 4H), 1.65 – 1.54 (m, 1H), 1.30 – 1.00 (m, 5H). ¹⁹F NMR (376.4 MHz, CDCl₃) δ : –107.4 (dt, *J* = 35.4, 12.2 Hz). ¹³C{¹H} NMR (100.6 MHz, CDCl₃) δ : 166.5 (s, C), 162.3 (d, *J* = 264.8 Hz), 158.5 (s, C), 133.0 (s, CH), 132.4 (s, C), 130.3 (s, C), 129.7 (s, CH), 129.6 (s, CH), 128.4 (s, CH), 113.6 (s, CH), 101.7 (d, *J* = 11.1 Hz, CH), 59.2 (s, CH), 58.0 (d, *J* = 7.9

Hz, CH₂), 55.3 (s, CH₃), 53.6 (s, CH₂), 50.2 (d, J = 29.5 Hz, CH₂), 29.1 (s, CH₂), 26.4 (s, CH₂), 26.1 (s, CH₂). **MS (EI)** *m/z* 411 ([*M*]⁺, 66), 368 (6), 355 (10), 290 (24), 121 (100), 105 (13), 77 (9). **HRMS (ESI)**, *m/z*: [*M*+H]⁺, Calcd. for C₂₅H₃₁FNO₃⁺ 412.2282; Found 412.2286.

(*E*-isomer): ¹⁹**F** NMR (376.4 MHz, CDCl₃) δ : -96.3 (q, *J* = 19.8 Hz).

(Z)-4-(Cyclohexyl(4-methoxybenzyl)amino)-3-fluoropent-2-en-1-yl benzoate (10e)



Obtained by the General procedure B as a yellowish oil (237.3 mg, 56%, Z/E > 20/1). Eluent — benzene/EtOAc 40/1 ($R_f = 0.37$).

¹H NMR (400.0 MHz, DMSO-d₆) δ : 7.98 – 7.90 (m, 2H), 7.69 – 7.60 (m, 1H), 7.55 – 7.46 (m, 2H), 7.24 – 7.16 (m, 2H), 6.86 – 6.78 (m, 2H), 5.20 (dt, *J* = 37.2, 7.3 Hz, 1H), 4.82 (d, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 2H), 3.70 (s, 3H), 3.70 – 3.58 (m, 2H), 3.47 (dq, *J* = 14.0, 6.7 Hz, 1H), 2.57 – 2.47 (m, 1H), 1.75 – 1.55 (m, 4H), 1.51 – 1.41 (m, 1H), 1.32 – 0.89 (m, 3H), 1.12 (d, *J* = 7.0 Hz, 5H). ¹⁹F NMR (376.4 MHz, DMSO-d₆) δ : –106.7 (dd, *J* = 37.3, 14.9 Hz). ¹³C{¹H} NMR (100.6 MHz, DMSO-d₆) δ : 165.5 (s, C), 164.7 (d, *J* = 267.6 Hz), 158.0 (s, C), 133.4 (s, CH), 133.2 (s, C), 129.6 (s, C), 129.1 (s, CH), 128.8 (s, CH), 128.7 (s, CH), 113.5 (s, CH), 100.8 (d, *J* = 11.6 Hz, CH), 57.4 (d, *J* = 8.5 Hz, CH₂), 56.5 (s, CH), 54.9 (s, CH₃), 52.6 (d, *J* = 24.5 Hz, CH), 48.7 (s, CH₂), 31.1 (s, CH₂), 30.5 (s, CH₂), 25.9 (s, CH₂), 25.6 (s, CH₂), 15.5 (d, *J* = 5.0 Hz). MS (EI) *m/z* 425 ([*M*]⁺, 11), 410 (3), 382 (5), 369 (11), 304 (18), 121 (100), 105 (14), 77 (8). HRMS (ESI), *m/z*: [*M*+H]⁺, Calcd. for C₂₆H₃₃FNO₃⁺ 426.2439; Found 426.2431.

N-((Z)-2-Fluoronon-2-en-1-yl)-N-(4-methoxybenzyl)cyclohexylamine (10f)



Obtained by the General procedure B as a colorless oil (315.5 mg, 87%, Z/E = 91/9). Eluent — benzene/EtOAc 50/1 ($R_f = 0.33$ (*E*-isomer) and 0.26 (*Z*-isomer)).

(Z-isomer): ¹**H NMR** (400.0 MHz, CDCl₃) δ : 7.30 – 7.22 (m, 2H), 6.87 – 6.79 (m, 2H), 4.68 (dt, J = 37.6, 7.5 Hz, 1H), 3.79 (s, 3H), 3.61 (s, 2H), 3.11 (d, J = 14.8 Hz, 2H), 2.60 – 2.48 (m, 1H), 2.09 – 1.99 (m, 2H), 1.87 – 1.72 (m, 4H), 1.65 – 1.56 (m, 1H), 1.37 – 0.98 (m, 13H), 0.92

- 0.83 (m, 3H). ¹⁹F NMR (376.4 MHz, CDCl₃) δ : -114.8 (dt, J = 37.6, 14.7 Hz). ¹³C{¹H} NMR (100.6 MHz, CDCl₃) δ : 158.4 (s, C), 157.7 (d, J = 255.3 Hz, CF), 132.9 (s, C), 129.5 (s, CH), 113.5 (s, CH), 107.6 (d, J = 14.4 Hz, CH), 58.8 (s, CH), 55.3 (s, CH₃), 53.0 (s, CH₂), 50.6 (d, J = 29.7 Hz, CH₂), 31.7 (s, CH₂), 29.5 (d, J = 1.6 Hz), 29.1 (s, CH₂), 28.9 (s, CH₂), 26.5 (s, CH₂), 26.2 (s, CH₂), 23.5 (d, J = 4.7 Hz, CH₂), 22.7 (s, CH₂), 14.2 (s, CH₃). MS (EI) *m/z* 361 ([*M*]⁺, 15), 318 (13), 305 (4), 290 (3), 276 (2), 262 (3), 240 (3), 218 (3), 121 (100). HRMS (ESI), *m/z*: [*M*+H]⁺, Calcd. for C₂₃H₃₇FNO⁺ 362.2854; Found 362.2866.

(*E*-isomer, selected peaks): ¹H NMR (400.0 MHz, CDCl₃) δ : (aromatic signal are overlapped with the signals of *Z*-isomer), 5.11 (dt, *J* = 21.8, 8.0 Hz, 1H), 3.79 (s, 3H), 3.59 (s, 2H), 3.20 (d, *J* = 21.7 Hz, 2H), (alkyl signals are overlapped with the signals of *Z*-isomer). ¹⁹F NMR (376.4 MHz, CDCl₃) δ : –105.6 (q, *J* = 21.7 Hz).

Diethyl (Z)-2-[4-(cyclohexyl(4-methoxybenzyl)amino)-3-fluorobut-2-en-1-yl]malonate (10i)



Obtained by the General procedure B as a yellow oil (312.9 mg, 70%, Z/E = 93/7). Eluent — benzene/EtOAc 20/1 ($R_f = 0.26$).

(Z-isomer): ¹**H** NMR (400.0 MHz, CDCl₃) δ : 7.27 – 7.19 (m, 2H), 6.87 – 6.80 (m, 2H), 4.80 (dt, J = 36.4, 7.6 Hz, 1H), 4.25 – 4.07 (m, 4H), 3.79 (s, 3H), 3.58 (s, 2H), 3.35 (t, J = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 3.10 (d, J = 13.1 Hz, 2H), 2.64 (t, J = 7.6 Hz, 2H), 2.58 – 2.43 (m, 1H), 1.88 – 1.69 (m, 4H), 1.66 – 1.55 (m, 1H), 1.24 (t, J = 7.1 Hz, 6H), 1.29 – 1.00 (m, 5H). ¹⁹F NMR (376.4 MHz, CDCl₃) δ : –110.8 (dt, J = 36.2, 13.1 Hz). ¹³C{¹H} NMR (100.6 MHz, CDCl₃) δ : 168.9 (s, C), 159.9 (d, J = 259.8 Hz, CF), 158.5 (s, C), 132.6 (s, C), 129.4 (s, CH), 113.6 (s, CH), 102.6 (d, J = 13.1 Hz, CH), 61.4 (s, CH₂), 58.8 (s, CH), 55.3 (s, CH₃), 53.1 (s, CH₂), 51.8 (d, J = 1.9 Hz, CH), 50.2 (d, J = 29.7 Hz, CH₂), 29.0 (s, CH₂), 26.4 (s, CH₂), 26.1 (s, CH₂), 23.1 (d, J = 5.7 Hz, CH₂), 14.1 (s, CH₃). MS (EI) *m/z* 449 ([*M*]⁺, 9), 406 (5), 404 (6), 393 (4), 290 (23), 218 (3), 121 (100). HRMS (ESI), *m/z*: [*M*+H]⁺, Calcd. for C₂₅H₃₇FNO₅⁺ 450.2650; Found 450.2657.

(*E*-isomer): ¹⁹F NMR (376.4 MHz, CDCl₃) δ : -101.0 (q, J = 20.8 Hz).



Obtained by the General procedure B as a yellow oil which solidified upon storage in a freezer (132.5 mg, 36%, E/Z = 74/26, mp = 67–69°C). Eluent — benzene/EtOAc 100/1 (R_f = 0.34 (*E*-isomer) and 0.26 (*Z*-isomer)).

(*E*-isomer): ¹**H** NMR (400.0 MHz, CDCl₃) δ : 7.61 – 7.55 (m, 2H), 7.44 – 7.26 (m, 5H), 6.85 – 6.79 (m, 2H), 3.76 (s, 3H), 3.69 (s, 2H), 3.55 (dd, *J* = 22.7, 5.8 Hz, 2H), 2.66 – 2.54 (m, 1H), 1.96 – 1.86 (m, 2H), 1.83 – 1.74 (m, 2H), 1.66 – 1.56 (m, 1H), 1.38 – 0.98 (m, 5H). ¹⁹**F** NMR (376.4 MHz, CDCl₃) δ : –147.3 (dt, *J* = 122.2, 22.8 Hz), –158.2 (dt, *J* = 122.4, 5.8 Hz). ¹³C{¹H} NMR (100.6 MHz, CDCl₃) δ : 158.5 (s, C), 150.6 (dd, *J* = 250.9, 53.8 Hz, CF), 148.2 (dd, *J* = 227.0, 43.0 Hz, CF), 132.8 (s, C), 129.8 – 127.8 (other aromatic signals are overlapped with the signals of *Z*-isomer), 125.5 (dd, *J* = 8.9, 7.4 Hz, CH), 113.6 (s, CH), 59.8 (s, CH), 55.3 (s, CH₃), 53.6 (s, CH₂), 46.3 (d, *J* = 22.3 Hz, CH₂), 29.3 (s, CH₂), 26.5 (s, CH₂), 26.2 (s, CH₂). MS (EI) *m*/*z* 371 ([*M*]⁺, 9), 262 (8), 206 (10), 153 (6), 133 (8), 121 (100). HRMS (ESI), *m*/*z*: [*M*+H]⁺, Calcd. for C₂₃H₂₈F₂NO⁺ 372.2133; Found 372.2138.

(Z-isomer, selected peaks): ¹H NMR (400.0 MHz, CDCl₃) δ : (aromatic signals are overlapped with the signals of *E*-isomer), 3.78 (s, 3H), 3.56 (s, 2H), 3.37 (dd, *J* = 23.6, 2.9 Hz, 2H), (cyclohexyl signals are overlapped with the signals of *E*-isomer). ¹⁹F NMR (376.4 MHz, CDCl₃) δ : –130.7 (d, *J* = 11.2 Hz, 1F), –131.9 (td, *J* = 23.6, 11.3 Hz, 1F). ¹³C{¹H} NMR (100.6 MHz, CDCl₃) δ : 158.6 (s, C), 146.8 (dd, *J* = 245.4, 18.3 Hz, CF), 145.8 (dd, *J* = 253.5, 16.3 Hz, CF), 132.2 (s, C), 130.0 – 128.2 (other aromatic signals are overlapped with the signals of *E*-isomer), 127.8 (dd, *J* = 4.3, 3.0 Hz, CH), 113.6 (s, CH), 59.2 (s, CH), 55.3 (s, CH₃), 53.1 (s, CH₂), 47.5 (d, *J* = 22.3 Hz, CH₂), 29.0 (s, CH₂), 26.4 (s, CH₂), 26.2 (s, CH₂). MS (EI) *m/z* 371 ([*M*]⁺, 6), 262 (7), 206 (6), 153 (6), 133 (9), 121 (100).



Obtained by the General procedure A as an orange oil which solidified upon storage (187.4 mg, 73%, Z/E = 99/1, mp = 71–72°C). Eluent — benzene/EtOAc 50/1 (R_f = 0.24).

(Z-isomer): ¹H NMR (400.0 MHz, CDCl₃) δ : 7.49 – 7.44 (m, 2H), 7.34 – 7.27 (m, 2H), 7.25 – 7.18 (m, 1H), 6.82 – 6.76 (m, 2H), 6.68 – 6.61 (m, 2H), 5.73 (d, *J* = 39.6 Hz, 1H), 3.94 (d, *J* = 10.2 Hz, 2H), 3.79 (br. s, 1H), 3.73 (s, 3H). ¹⁹F NMR (376.4 MHz, CDCl₃) δ : –109.9 (dt, *J* = 39.6, 10.3 Hz). ¹³C{¹H} NMR (100.6 MHz, CDCl₃) δ : 157.5 (d, *J* = 267.7 Hz, CF), 152.7 (s, C), 141.3 (s, C), 133.1 (d, *J* = 2.6 Hz, C), 128.6 (d, *J* = 7.2 Hz, CH), 128.5 (s, CH), 127.2 (d, *J* = 2.3 Hz, CH), 115.0 (s, CH), 114.6 (s, CH), 106.9 (d, *J* = 6.6 Hz, CH), 55.8 (s, CH₃), 46.5 (d, *J* = 33.1 Hz, CH₂). MS (EI) *m*/*z* 257 ([*M*]⁺, 51), 135 (16), 122 (100), 115 (17), 95 (10). HRMS (ESI), *m*/*z*: [*M*+H]⁺, Calcd. for C₁₆H₁₇FNO⁺ 258.1289; Found 258.1290.

(*E*-isomer): ¹⁹**F** NMR (376.4 MHz, CDCl₃) δ: -107.2 (q, *J* = 19.9 Hz). MS (EI) *m/z* 257 ([*M*]⁺, 50), 135 (18), 122 (100), 115 (16), 95 (13).

N-((Z)-3-Fluoro-4-phenylbut-3-en-2-yl)-4-methoxyaniline (11b)



Obtained by the General procedure C as an orange oil (219.1 mg, 59%, Z/E > 20/1). Eluent — benzene/EtOAc 40/1 ($R_f = 0.16$).

¹H NMR (400.0 MHz, CDCl₃) δ : 7.48 – 7.42 (m, 2H), 7.33 – 7.26 (m, 2H), 7.23 – 7.17 (m, 1H), 6.79 – 6.74 (m, 2H), 6.66 – 6.60 (m, 2H), 5.73 (d, *J* = 40.0 Hz, 1H), 4.02 (dq, *J* = 13.4, 6.7 Hz, 1H), 3.72 (s, 3H), 3.54 (br. s, 1H), 1.49 (d, *J* = 6.7 Hz, 3H). ¹⁹F NMR (376.4 MHz, CDCl₃) δ : -116.4 (dd, *J* = 40.0, 13.0 Hz). ¹³C{¹H} NMR (100.6 MHz, CDCl₃) δ : 160.9 (d, *J* = 270.5 Hz, CF), 152.6 (s, C), 140.7 (s, C), 133.3 (s, C), 128.6 (d, *J* = 7.3 Hz, CH), 128.5 (s, CH), 127.1 (d, *J* = 2.3 Hz, CH), 115.1 (s, CH), 114.9 (s, CH), 105.4 (d, *J* = 6.9 Hz, CH), 55.8 (s, CH₃), 52.1 (d, *J* = 31.3 Hz, CH), 20.0 (s, CH₃). MS (EI) *m/z* 271 ([*M*]⁺, 100), 256 (17), 149 (66), 133 (11), 129 (83), 123 (69), 122 (81), 108 (28), 95 (15), 77 (10). HRMS (ESI), *m/z*: [*M*+H]⁺, Calcd. for C₁₇H₁₉FNO⁺ 272.1445; Found 272.1441.

N-((Z)-2-Fluoronon-2-en-1-yl)-4-methoxyaniline (11f)



Obtained by the General procedure D as a brown oil (237.9 mg, 90%, Z-11f/E-11f/11f' = 61/14/25). Eluent — benzene/EtOAc 40/1 (R_f = 0.39 (11f'), 0.30 (E-11f), 0.27 (Z-11f)).

(For *Z*-11f): ¹H NMR (400.0 MHz, CDCl₃) δ : 6.81 – 6.74 (m, 2H), 6.65 – 6.55 (m, 2H), 4.76 (dt, *J* = 37.9, 7.6 Hz, 1H), 3.80 – 3.70 (m, 5H), 3.64 (br. s, 1H), 2.11 – 1.97 (m, 2H), 1.48 – 1.18 (m, 8H), 0.93 – 0.81 (m, 3H). ¹⁹F NMR (376.4 MHz, CDCl₃) δ : –118.7 (dt, *J* = 37.8, 12.3 Hz). ¹³C{¹H} NMR (100.6 MHz, CDCl₃) δ : 156. (d, *J* = 253.8 Hz, CF), 152.6 (s, C), 141.6 (s, C), 115.2 – 114.6 (aromatic CH are overlapped for all isomers), 107.5 (d, *J* = 14.1 Hz, CH), 55.8 (s, CH₃, overlapped with the other isomers), 45.9 (d, *J* = 33.0 Hz, CH₂), (following signals of alkyl CH₂ are overlapped for all isomers and could not be resolved): {33.3, 31.8 – 31.6 (m), 30.0 (d, *J* = 2.2 Hz), 29.3 (d, *J* = 1.7 Hz), 29.1, 28.8 (d, *J* = 1.4 Hz), 26.0, 25.5 (d, *J* = 8.5 Hz), 23.5 (d, *J* = 4.5 Hz), 22.7 – 22.6 (m), } 14.1 (s, CH₃, overlapped with the other isomers). MS (EI) *m/z* 265 ([*M*]⁺, 56), 250 (4), 180 (5), 136 (5), 123 (43), 122 (100), 108 (18), 95 (10), 81 (5), 55 (6). HRMS (ESI), *m/z*: [*M*+H]⁺, Calcd. for C₁₆H₂₅FNO⁺ 266.1915; Found 266.1920.

(For *E*-11f, selected signals): ¹H NMR (400.0 MHz, CDCl₃) δ : 5.19 (dt, *J* = 21.7, 8.1 Hz, 1H), 3.84 (d, *J* = 19.6 Hz, 2H), (other signals are overlapped with the signals of *Z*-11f and 11f'). ¹⁹F NMR (376.4 MHz, CDCl₃) δ : -112.4 (q, *J* = 20.1 Hz). ¹³C{¹H} NMR (100.6 MHz, CDCl₃) δ : 156.2 (d, *J* = 247.1 Hz, CF), 152.8 (s, C), 141.6 (s, C), (aromatic CH are overlapped with the other isomers), 108.9 (d, *J* = 19.7 Hz, CH), 55.8 (s, CH₃, overlapped with the other isomers), 42.3 (d, *J* = 29.2 Hz, CH₂), (alkyl CH₂ are overlapped with the other isomers), 14.1 (s, CH₃, overlapped with the other isomers). MS (EI) *m*/*z* 265 ([*M*]⁺, 42), 250 (2), 180 (3), 136 (5), 123 (100), 122 (68), 108 (27), 95 (11), 81 (4), 55 (5).

(For 11f', selected signals): ¹H NMR (400.0 MHz, CDCl₃) δ : 4.62 (dd, J = 17.4, 3.0 Hz, 1H), 4.43 (dd, J = 50.1, 3.0 Hz, 1H), 1.83 – 1.58 (m, 2H), (other signals are overlapped with the signals of *Z*-11f and *E*-11f). ¹⁹F NMR (376.4 MHz, CDCl₃) δ : –111.6 (dt, J = 50.0, 16.4 Hz). ¹³C{¹H} NMR (100.6 MHz, CDCl₃) δ : 165.6 (d, J = 262.6 Hz, CF), 152.5 (s, C), 141.0 (s, C), (aromatic CH are overlapped with the other isomers), 90.9 (d, J = 18.5 Hz, CH₂), 55.9 (d, J = 30.0 Hz, CH), (alkyl CH₂ are overlapped with the other isomers), 14.1 (s, CH₃, overlapped with

the other isomers). **MS (EI)** *m*/*z* 265 ([*M*]⁺, 28), 180 (100), 160 (19), 148 (4), 136 (3), 123 (6), 122 (13), 108 (8), 95 (4), 77 (3).

Diethyl (Z)-2-[3-fluoro-4-((4-methoxyphenyl)amino)but-2-en-1-yl]malonate (11i)



Obtained by the General procedure D as a brown oil (235.7 mg, 67%, Z/E = 87/13). Eluent — benzene/EtOAc 9/1 ($R_f = 0.29$).

(Z-isomer): ¹H NMR (400.0 MHz, CDCl₃) δ : 6.79 – 6.75 (m, 2H), 6.59 – 6.55 (m, 2H), 4.85 (dt, *J* = 36.4, 7.6 Hz, 1H), 4.24 – 4.09 (m, 4H), 3.77 (d, *J* = 11.3 Hz, 2H), 3.74 (s, 3H), 3.69 (br. s, 1H), 3.36 (t, *J* = 7.5 Hz, 1H), 2.67 (t, *J* = 7.5 Hz, 2H), 1.24 (t, *J* = 7.1 Hz, 3H). ¹⁹F NMR (376.4 MHz, CDCl₃) δ : –114.5 (dt, *J* = 36.2, 11.2 Hz). ¹³C{¹H} NMR (100.6 MHz, CDCl₃) δ : 168.8 (s, C), 158.1 (d, *J* = 259.0 Hz, CF), 152.6 (s, C), 141.3 (s, C), 114.9 (s, CH), 114.6 (s, CH), 102.7 (d, *J* = 12.7 Hz, CH), 61.5 (s, CH₂), 55.8 (s, CH₃), 51.6 (d, *J* = 1.9 Hz, CH), 45.6 (d, *J* = 32.7 Hz, CH₂), 23.0 (d, *J* = 5.4 Hz, CH₂), 14.1 (s, CH₃). MS (EI) *m*/z 353 ([*M*]⁺, 73), 308 (4), 262 (5), 193 (21), 180 (14), 157 (13), 123 (38), 122 (100), 108 (10), 95 (12), 85 (8), 77 (4), 65 (5). HRMS (ESI), *m*/z: [*M*+H]⁺, Calcd. for C₁₈H₂₅FNO₅⁺ 354.1711; Found 354.1716.

(*E*-isomer): ¹**H NMR** (**400.0 MHz**, **CDCl**₃) δ: 6.80 – 6.75 (m, 2H, overlapped with *Z*-isomer), 6.67 – 6.63 (m, 2H), 5.16 (dt, *J* = 20.5, 8.3 Hz, 1H), 4.23 – 4.11 (m, 4H, overlapped with *Z*isomer), 3.89 (d, *J* = 19.8 Hz, 2H), 3.75 (s, 3H), 3.69 (br. s, 1H), 3.34 (t, *J* = 7.4 Hz, 1H), 2.63 (t, *J* = 7.8 Hz, 2H), 1.27 (t, *J* = 7.1 Hz, 3H). ¹⁹**F NMR** (**376.4 MHz**, **CDCl**₃) δ: –106.5 (q, *J* = 19.9 Hz). **MS** (**EI**) *m/z* 353 ([*M*]⁺, 53), 193 (82), 180 (50), 123 (100), 122 (71), 108 (30), 95 (18).

(Z)-N¹,N⁴-Dicyclohexyl-2-fluoro-N¹,N⁴-bis(4-methoxybenzyl)but-2-ene-1,4-diamine (12)



Isolated from the reaction of pyridinium salt **2d** with *N*-(4-methoxybenzyl)cyclohexylamine **3a** as a brown oil (69.7 mg, 13%, Z/E = 96/4). Eluent — benzene/EtOAc 30/1 (R_f = 0).

(Z-isomer): ¹**H** NMR (400.0 MHz, CDCl₃) δ : 7.28 – 7.19 (m, 4H), 6.86 – 6.77 (m, 4H), 4.83 (dt, J = 37.7, 7.0 Hz, 1H), 3.79 (s, 3H), 3.78 (s, 3H), 3.59 (s, 2H), 3.51 (s, 2H), 3.16 (d, J = 6.6 Hz, 2H), 3.10 (d, J = 13.9 Hz, 2H), 2.59 – 2.41 (m, 2H), 1.87 – 1.70 (m, 8H), 1.63 – 1.54 (m, 2H), 1.31 – 0.98 (m, 10H). ¹⁹**F** NMR (376.4 MHz, CDCl₃) δ : –112.8 (dt, J = 37.7, 14.0 Hz). ¹³C{¹H} NMR (100.6 MHz, CDCl₃) δ : 159.2 (d, J = 257.6 Hz, CF), 158.4 (s, C), 158.3 (s, C), 133.3 (s, C), 132.7 (s, C), 129.6 (s, CH), 129.4 (s, CH), 113.5 (s, CH), 113.5 (s, CH), 106.3 (d, J = 11.5 Hz, CH), 59.1 (s, CH), 58.8 (s, CH), 55.3 (s, CH₂), 29.0 (s, CH₂), 26.5 (s, CH₂), 26.4 (s, CH₂), 26.2 (s, CH₂). MS (EI) *m*/*z* 508 ([*M*]⁺, 9), 488 (3), 425 (4), 405 (5), 387 (10), 367 (7), 332 (7), 289 (81), 269 (7), 219 (9), 121 (100), 77 (6). HRMS (ESI), *m*/*z*: [*M*+H]⁺, Calcd. for C₃₂H₄₆FN₂O₂⁺ 509.3538; Found 509.3522.

(*E*-isomer): ¹⁹F NMR (376.4 MHz, CDCl₃) δ: -101.9 (q, *J* = 21.8 Hz).

5. Reactions with other nucleophiles

Dimethyl 2-((Z)-2-fluoro-3-phenylallyl)-2-methylmalonate (13)



A 10-ml Schlenk tube was charged with **2a** (151.6 mg, 0.50 mmol), Pd(OAc)₂ (5.6 mg, 5 mol.%) and XantPhos (14.9 mg, 5 mol.%), and filled with argon on a Schlenk line. THF (2.5 mL) was added, and the mixture was stirred at r.t. for 5 min. Next, freshly prepared solution of sodium dimethyl methylmalonate (1.6 equiv.) in 2.5 mL of THF was added [prepared from dimethyl methylmalonate (146.9 mg, 1.0 mmol) and NaH (60% dispersion in mineral oil, 32.3 mg, 0.81 mmol) at 0°C]. The reaction mixture was stirred at r.t. for 5 h. Then, it was diluted with EtOAc and satd. NH₄Cl; the organic phase was separated, dried over Na₂SO₄, and concentrated. The residue was purified by column chromatography on silica (50/1) eluting with *n*-hexane/benzene/EtOAc (20/80/1). The title compound was obtained as a colorless oil (120.9 mg, 86% yield, Z/E > 20/1, $R_f = 0.17$, contained ca. 3% of probable branched isomer).

NMR data are in agreement with previously published.⁴

¹H NMR (400.0 MHz, CDCl₃) δ : 7.46 – 7.42 (m, 2H), 7.34 – 7.28 (m, 2H), 7.25 – 7.19 (m, 1H), 5.57 (d, J = 38.7 Hz, 1H), 3.75 (s, 6H), 2.99 (d, J = 21.9 Hz, 2H), 1.53 (s, 3H). ¹⁹F NMR (376.4 MHz, CDCl₃) δ : –100.4 (dt, J = 38.7, 21.9 Hz). ¹³C{¹H} NMR (100.6 MHz, CDCl₃) δ : 171.8 (s, C), 156.4 (d, J = 266.3 Hz, CF), 133.1 (d, J = 2.8 Hz, C), 128.5 (d, J = 7.4 Hz, CH),

128.5 (s, CH), 127.3 (d, *J* = 2.3 Hz, CH), 110.1 (d, *J* = 8.3 Hz, CH), 52.9 (s, CH₃), 39.5 (d, *J* = 25.2 Hz, CH₂), 19.7 (s, CH₃).

((Z)-2-fluoro-3-phenylallyl)benzene (14)



A 25-ml Schlenk tube was charged with $Pd(OAc)_2$ (5.9 mg, 5 mol.%), $PCy_3 \cdot HBF_4$ (18.6 mg, 10 mol.%), Cs_2CO_3 (544.8 mg, 1.7 mmol), and filled with argon on a Schlenk line. Pyridinium salt **2a** (150.6 mg, 0.50 mmol) was added, followed by PhBpin (221.6 mg, 1.1 mmol) as a solution in degassed THF (2.5 mL), and then degassed water (2.5 mL). The Schlenk tube was sealed with a glass stopper fixed with stainless steel springs (silicone grease was used). The reaction was stirred at 80°C (oil bath) for 4 h. After cooling to r.t., it was diluted with Et₂O, washed with sad. NH₄Cl, dried over Na₂SO₄, and concentrated on a rotary evaporator. The residue was purified by column chromatography on silica (100/1) eluting with *n*-hexane/benzene 99/1 [at this stage, side biphenyl was eluted first ($R_f = 0.32$)]. The title compound was obtained as a colorless oil (62.9 mg, 59% yield, Z/E = 96/4, $R_f = 0.17$).

NMR data are in agreement with previously published.⁵

(Z-isomer): ¹H NMR (400.0 MHz, CDCl₃) δ : 7.48 – 7.43 (m, 2H), 7.36 – 7.24 (m, 7H), 7.22 – 7.16 (m, 1H), 5.50 (d, J = 38.8 Hz, 1H), 3.63 (d, J = 17.0 Hz, 2H). ¹⁹F NMR (376.4 MHz, CDCl₃) δ : –100.6 (dt, J = 38.8, 17.0 Hz). ¹³C{¹H} NMR (100.6 MHz, CDCl₃) δ : 159.6 (d, J = 267.4 Hz, CF), 136.2 (d, J = 1.4 Hz, C), 133.6 (d, J = 2.6 Hz, C), 129.0 (s, CH), 128.7 (s, CH), 128.5 (s, CH), 128.4 (s, CH), 127.0 (s, CH), 127.0 (d, J = 2.3 Hz, CH), 107.4 (d, J = 8.2 Hz, CH), 39.7 (d, J = 27.9 Hz, CH₂).

(*E*-isomer, selected peaks): ¹H NMR (400.0 MHz, CDCl₃) δ: (aromatic signals are overlapped with *Z*-isomer), 6.39 (d, *J* = 21.0 Hz, 1H), 3.79 (d, *J* = 24.5 Hz, 2H). ¹⁹F NMR (376.4 MHz, CDCl₃) δ: –97.3 (td, *J* = 24.3, 20.9 Hz).

((Z)-2-fluoro-3-phenylallyl)pinacolboronate (15)



A 10-mL Schlenk tube was charged with **2a** (150.5 mg, 0.50 mmol), B₂pin₂ (217.3 mg, 0.86 mmol) and filled with argon on a Schlenk line. Next, DCE (0.50 mL) was added followed by freshly prepared solution of [(2-MeAll)PdCl]₂ (5.0 mg, 0.0125 mml, 5 mol.% of Pd) and tmeda (4

 μ L, 0.025 mmol, 5 mol.%) in DCE (0.50 mL). The reaction mixture was stirred at 60°C (oil bath) for 3 h. After cooling to r.t., it was concentrated on a rotary evaporator and subjected to column chromatography on silica (10/1) eluting with *n*-hexane/Et₂O 10/1. The title compound was obtained as a colorless oil (69.0 mg, 53% yield, Z/E = 98/2).

NMR data are in agreement with previously published.⁶

(Z-isomer): ¹H NMR (300.2 MHz, CDCl₃) δ : 7.51 – 7.46 (m, 2H), 7.36 – 7.29 (m, 2H), 7.24 – 7.17 (m, 1H), 5.54 (d, J = 39.3 Hz, 1H), 2.09 (d, J = 19.8 Hz, 2H), 1.32 (s, 12H). ¹⁹F NMR (282.5 MHz, CDCl₃) δ : –91.2 (dt, J = 39.5, 19.8 Hz). ¹³C{¹H} NMR (75.5 MHz, CDCl₃) δ : 158.5 (d, J = 265.3 Hz, CF), 134.4 (s, C), 128.3 (s, CH), 128.2 (d, J = 7.4 Hz, CH), 126.3 (d, J = 2.2 Hz, CH), 105.9 (d, J = 9.3 Hz, CH), 83.9 (s, C), 24.8 (s, CH₃), (signal of CH₂Bpin was lost due to low intensity caused by broadening by quadrupole boron near it).

(*E*-isomer, selected peaks): ¹H NMR (300.2 MHz, CDCl₃) δ : (aromatic signals are overlapped with *Z*-isomer), 6.22 (d, *J* = 21.6 Hz, 1H), 2.20 (d, *J* = 28.0 Hz, 2H), (Me-groups in Bpin are overlapped with *Z*-isomer). ¹⁹F NMR (282.5 MHz, CDCl₃) δ : –87.6 (td, *J* = 25.8, 21.6 Hz).

3-Fluoro-1,2-diphenylbut-3-en-1-ol (16)



A 12-mL screw-neck vial was charged with boronate **15** (35.3 mg, 0.135 mmol). In a stream of argon, DCE (0.50 mL) was added followed by PhCHO (16 μ L, 0.16 mmol). The vial was sealed and the solution was left for 24 h at r.t. After this period, GC indicated complete convertion of Z-**15**. The reaction mixture was diluted with Et₂O and vigorously stirred with 10% aq. NaOH for 10 min. The organic layer was separated and stirred with aq. NaHSO₃ for 15 min (to remove an excess of PhCHO). The organic layer was separated, washed with water and brine, and dried over Na₂SO₄. After solvent removal, the residue was purified by column chromatography on silica (50/1) eluting with benzene/EtOAc 97/3 (R_f = 0.23). The title compound was obtained as a colorless oil (26.5 mg, 81% yield, *anti/syn* > 20/1).

NMR data are in agreement with previously published.⁶

¹H NMR (400.0 MHz, CDCl₃) δ : 7.22 – 7.03 (m, 10H), 5.07 (dd, J = 9.5, 2.8 Hz, 1H), 4.80 (dd, J = 17.8, 3.1 Hz, 1H), 4.63 (dd, J = 50.2, 3.1 Hz, 1H), 3.71 (dd, J = 24.9, 9.4 Hz, 1H), 2.38 (br. d, J = 2.8 Hz, 1H). ¹⁹F NMR (376.4 MHz, CDCl₃) δ : –101.5 (ddd, J = 50.1, 24.9, 17.7 Hz). ¹³C{¹H} NMR (100.6 MHz, CDCl₃) δ : 165.1 (d, J = 261.7 Hz, CF), 141.3 (s, C), 137.4

(Z)-3-Fluoro-1,4-diphenylbut-3-en-1-ol (17)

Similarly to the synthesis of boronate **15**, pyridinium salt **2a** (151.8 mg, 0.50 mmol) and B_2pin_2 (192.7 mg, 0.76 mmol) were heated in the presence of 2.5 mol.% of [(2-MeAll)PdCl]₂ and 5 mol.% of tmeda in DCE (1.0 mL) at 60°C for 3 h. After cooling to r.t., benzaldehyde (61 µL, 0.60 mmol) was added, and the reaction mixture was stirred for 24 h at r.t. Next, it was diluted with Et₂O and stirred with aqueous NaHSO₃ for 15 min. Organic layer was separated, washed with water, brine, dried over Na₂SO₄, and concentrated on a rotary evaporator. The residue was purified by column chromatography on silica (50/1) eluting with benzene/EtOAc 97/3 (R_f = 0.27). The title compound was obtained as a colorless solid (66.7 mg, 55% yield, *Z/E* > 20/1, mp = 88–89°C, contained ca. 2% of **16**).

¹H NMR (400.0 MHz, CDCl₃) δ : 7.48 – 7.44 (m, 2H), 7.41 – 7.26 (m, 7H), 7.24 – 7.18 (m, 1H), 5.54 (d, *J* = 39.5 Hz, 1H), 5.05 – 4.97 (m, 1H), 2.76 – 2.64 (m, 2H), 2.28 (br. d, *J* = 2.4 Hz, 1H). ¹⁹F NMR (376.4 MHz, CDCl₃) δ : –102.6 (dt, *J* = 40.1, 20.2 Hz). ¹³C{¹H} NMR (100.6 MHz, CDCl₃) δ : 157.3 (d, *J* = 266.0 Hz, CF), 143.2 (s, C), 133.3 (d, *J* = 2.5 Hz, C), 128.6 (s, CH), 128.6 (s, CH), 128.5 (s, CH), 128.0 (s, CH), 127.1 (d, *J* = 2.3 Hz, CH), 125.7 (s, CH), 108.9 (d, *J* = 7.9 Hz, CH), 71.2 (s, CH), 43.7 (d, *J* = 25.5 Hz, CH₂). MS (EI) *m*/z 242 ([*M*]⁺, 1), 136 (100), 133 (16), 115 (23), 107 (88), 79 (58), 77 (32). Anal. calcd for C₁₆H₁₅FO: C, 79.32%; H, 6.24%. Found: C, 79.34%; H, 6.16%.

6. References

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