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Supporting Information 1

Supplemental material for:

Catalytic Decarboxylative Allylation of Enol Carbonates: Synthesis of Enantioenriched 3-Allyl-3'-Aryl 2-Oxindoles and Core Structure of Azonazine

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Materials and Methods

Unless otherwise stated, reactions were performed in oven-dried glassware fitted with rubber septa under an inert atmosphere and were stirred with Teflon-coated magnetic stirring bars. Liquid reagents and solvents were transferred via syringe using standard Schlenk techniques. Tetrahydrofuran (THF) and diethyl ether (Et₂O) were distilled over sodium/benzophenone ketyl. Dichloromethane (CH₂Cl₂), toluene, and benzene were distilled over calcium hydride. All other solvents and reagents were used as received unless otherwise noted. Reaction temperatures above 23 °C refer to oil bath temperature. Thin layer chromatography was performed using silica gel 60 F-254 precoated plates (0.25 mm) and visualized by UV irradiation, anisaldehyde stain and other stains. Silicagel of particle size 100-200 mesh was used for flash chromatography. Melting points were recorded on a digital melting point apparatus and are uncorrected. ¹H and ¹³C NMR spectra were recorded 400, 500 MHz spectrometers with ¹³C operating frequencies of 100, 125 MHz respectively. Chemical shifts (δ) are reported in ppm relative to the residual solvent (CDCl₃) signal ($\delta = 7.26$ for ¹H NMR and $\delta = 77.0$ for ¹³C NMR). Data for ¹H NMR spectra are reported as follows: chemical shift (multiplicity, coupling constants, and number of hydrogen). Abbreviations are as follows: s (singlet), d (doublet), t (triplet), q (quartet), m (multiplet), br (broad). IR spectra were recorded on a FT-IR system (Spectrum BX) and are reported in frequency of absorption (cm⁻¹). Only selected IR absorbencies are reported. High-Resolution Mass Spectrometry (HRMS) and Low-Resolution Mass Spectrometry (LRMS) data were recorded on MicrOTOF-Q-II mass spectrometer using methanol as solvent. Optical rotations were measured on an automatic polarimeter. Enantiomeric excess was determined by chiral HPLC analysis performed on HPLC system with Daicel Chiralpak AD-H, Daicel Chiralpak OD-3, Daicel Chiralpak OZ-3 and Daicel Chiralpak IB column.



General procedure for the synthesis of compounds (6a and 6d-f):

In an oven-dried round-bottom flask was charged with compound (\pm)-**12** (7.0 mmol, 1.0 equiv.) in dichloromethane (30 mL) under an argon atmosphere at room temperature. To this solution, trifluoroacetic acid (TFA) (42.0 mmol; 6.0 equiv.) was added dropwise at 0 °C. After 5 minutes of stirring triethyl silane (35.0 mmol, 5.0 equiv.) was added dropwise over 2 minutes and stirring was continued for 12 h. After completion of the reaction (judged by TLC analysis under UV and I₂ stain) 5% (w/v) aqueous solution of sodium citrate (5 mL) was added dropwise to the reaction mixture followed by addition of 20 mL of dicholoromethane. Then whole mixture was taken in a separatory funnel and the organic layer was separated. The organic layer was dried over anhydrous Na₂SO₄ and concentrated under reduced pressure. The crude product was directly charged for the next step.

The crude 3-aryl 2-oxindole (7.0 mmol, 1.0 equiv.) was taken in THF (30 mL) under nitrogen atmosphere at 0 °C. Then Et₃N (2.9 mL, 21.0 mmol, 3.0 equiv.) was added to the solution. After 5 minutes of stirring at 0 °C, allyl chloroformate (0.9 mL, 8.4 mmol, 1.2 equiv.) was added drop-wise over a period of 2 minutes and stirring was continued. Upon completion of the reaction (judged by TLC under UV light and I₂ stain), the reaction mixture was diluted with EtOAc (30 mL) and quenched with H₂O. Then the organic layer was separated, dried with anhydrous Na₂SO₄ and concentrated under reduced pressure. The crude product was purified by flash chromatography with *n*-Hexane-EtOAc (7:3) to afford product (**6a** and **6d-f**) as yellow gel.

[For synthesis of 3-hydroxy 2-oxindoles (±)-12a-d see the reference 18.]



Allyl (3-(2-methoxyphenyl)-1-methyl-1*H*-indol-2-yl) carbonate (6a): The compound 6a was obtained as orange color gel (7.0 mmol scale of reaction; 0.80 g; 34% over 2 steps). $R_f = 0.40$ (30% EtOAc in hexane).

¹**H NMR** (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.64 (d, J = 7.9 Hz, 1H), 7.53 (dd, J = 7.5, 1.9 Hz, 1H), 7.37 - 7.27 (m, 3H), 7.19 (td, J = 7.4, 6.8, 1.4 Hz, 1H), 7.09 (td, J = 7.4, 1.3 Hz, 1H), 7.04 (d, J = 8.3 Hz, 1H), 5.95 (ddt, J = 16.5, 10.6, 5.8 Hz, 1H), 5.41 (dt, J = 17.3, 1.5 Hz, 1H), 5.34 (dd, J = 10.5, 1.5 Hz, 1H), 4.76 (dd, J = 5.7, 1.4 Hz, 2H), 3.80 (s, 3H), 3.70 (s, 3H).

¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 157.0, 152.3, 139.2, 132.8, 131.4, 130.8, 128.1, 125.4, 121.8, 121.6, 120.8, 120.2, 120.2, 119.8, 111.3, 109.2, 99.1, 69.8, 55.5, 28.7.

IR (film) v_{max} 3736, 3368, 2916, 2540, 1779, 1490, 1421, 1300, 1214, 1104, 921, 710, 620 cm⁻¹.

HRMS (ESI-TOF) m/z: $[M + Na]^+$ Calcd for $[C_{20}H_{19}NO_4 + Na]^+$ 360.1206; Found 360.1191.



Allyl (3-(benzo[d][1,3]dioxol-5-yl)-1-methyl-1*H*-indol-2-yl) carbonate (6d): The compound 6d was obtained as orange color gel (7.0 mmol scale of reaction, 0.8 g, 33% over 2 steps). $R_f = 0.41$ (30% EtOAc in hexane).

¹**H NMR** (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.79 (d, *J* =7.9 Hz, 1H), 7.34 - 7.27 (m, 2H), 7.24 - 7.18 (m, 1H), 7.11 - 7.06 (m, 2H), 6.93 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 6.00 (s, 2H), 5.94 (ddd, *J* = 16.5, 10.9, 5.4 Hz, 1H), 5.41 (dd, *J* = 17.2, 1.6 Hz, 1H), 5.34 (d, *J* = 10.4 Hz, 1H), 4.74 (d, *J* = 5.7 Hz, 2H), 3.66 (s, 3H).

¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 152.2, 147.9, 146.1, 138.6, 132.5, 130.6, 126.7, 124.8, 122.1, 121.8, 120.5, 120.0, 119.6, 109.3, 109.0, 108.8, 102.9, 101.0, 70.0, 28.4.

IR (film) v_{max} 3666, 3328, 2906, 2510, 1769, 1500, 1431, 1320, 1213, 1154, 951, 718, 650 cm⁻¹.

HRMS (ESI-TOF) m/z: $[M + Na]^+$ Calcd for $[C_{20}H_{17}NO_5 + Na]^+$ 374.0999; Found 374.1005.



Allyl (3-(4-methoxyphenyl)-1-methyl-1*H*-indol-2-yl) carbonate (6e): The compound 6e was obtained as orange color gel (7.0 mmol scale of reaction, 0.70 g, 37% over 2 steps). $R_f = 0.43$ (30% EtOAc in hexane).

¹**H NMR** (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.92 (d, J = 8.1 Hz, 1H), 7.68 - 7.66 (m, 2H), 7.39 - 7.38 (m, 2H), 7.30 (ddd, J = 8.1, 4.8, 3.4 Hz, 1H), 7.13 - 7.11 (m, 2H), 5.99 (ddt, J = 17.3, 10.5, 5.8 Hz, 1H), 5.46 (dd, J = 17.2, 1.5 Hz, 1H), 5.39 (dq, J = 10.5, 1.3 Hz, 1H), 4.79 (dt, J = 5.8, 1.4 Hz, 2H), 3.91 (s, 3H), 3.71 (s, 3H).

¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 158.3, 152.4, 138.7, 132.7, 130.7, 129.6, 125.5, 125.0, 122.2, 120.6, 119.9, 119.7, 114.4, 109.4, 102.9, 70.0, 55.3, 28.4.

IR (film) v_{max} 3621, 3338, 2996, 2520, 1774, 1520, 1421, 1350, 1210, 1104, 901, 710, 610 cm⁻¹.

HRMS (ESI-TOF) m/z: $[M + H]^+$ Calcd for $[C_{20}H_{20}NO_4]^+$ 338.1387; Found 338.1373.



Allyl (3-(3-methoxyphenyl)-1-methyl-1*H*-indol-2-yl) carbonate (6f): The compound 6f was obtained as an orange color gel. (7.0 mmol scale of reaction; 0.70 g; 32% over 2 steps). $R_f = 0.50$ (20% EtOAc in hexane).

¹**H NMR** (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.84 (d, J = 7.9 Hz, 1H), 7.38 - 7.24 (m, 3H), 7.22 - 7.17 (m, 3H), 6.85 (dd, J = 8.3, 2.5 Hz, 1H), 5.90 (ddt, J = 16.5, 10.4, 5.8 Hz, 1H), 5.38 (dd, J = 17.2, 1.5 Hz, 1H), 5.31 (dd, J = 10.5, 1.3 Hz, 1H), 4.71 (dt, J = 5.8, 1.4 Hz, 2H), 3.85 (s, 3H), 3.67 (s, 3H).

¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 159.9, 152.1, 138.9, 134.3, 132.6, 130.5, 129.7, 124.6, 122.2, 120.8, 120.6, 119.9, 119.7, 113.6, 112.1, 109.3, 102.9, 70.0, 55.2, 28.4.

IR (film) v_{max} 3574, 3040, 2959, 2372, 1768, 1579, 1484, 1377, 1238, 1076, 904, 788, 521 cm⁻¹.

HRMS (ESI-TOF) m/z: $[M + H]^+$ Calcd for $[C_{20}H_{20}NO_4]^+$ 338.1387; Found 338.1375.

General procedure for the synthesis of compounds (6b and 6c):



In an oven-dried round-bottom flask was charged with (\pm)-**12e-f** (7.8 mmol; 1.0 equiv.) in dichloromethane (40 mL) under argon atmosphere at room temperature. To this solution trifluoroacetic acid (TFA) (3.6 mL; 47 mmol; 6.0 equiv) was added dropwise over a period of 2 minutes at 0 °C. Then triethyl silane (6.2 mL; 39.0 mmol; 5.0 equiv.) was added dropwise over a period of 2 minutes and stirring was continued for 13 h at 40 °C. After completion of the reaction (judged by TLC analysis under UV and I₂ stain) 5% (w/v) aqueous solution of sodium citrate (5 mL) was added drop wise to neutralize the mixture. Then the reaction mixture was taken in a separatory funnel and the organic layer was separated. The organic layer was dried over anhydrous Na₂SO₄ and concentrated under reduced. The crude product was directly charged for the next step.

The crude 3-aryl 2-oxinndole (7.8 mmol, 1.0 equiv.) was taken in tetrahydrofuran (40 mL) and Na₂CO₃ (6.6 g, 62.4 mmol; 8.0 equiv.) was added. Then di-*tert*-butyl pyrocarbonate (Boc-anhydride) (1.8 mL, 8.6 mmol, 1.1 equiv.) solution in THF (3 mL) was slowly added to the reaction mixture at room temperature. The reaction mixture was then placed in a preheated oil bath maintaining 60 °C and the stirring was continued for 24 h. Upon completion of the reaction (judged by TLC under UV light and I₂ stain) reaction mixture was diluted with EtOAc (50 mL) and saturated NH₄Cl solution (30 mL). The whole reaction mixture was taken in a seperatory funnel to separate the organic layer. The aqueous layer was further extracted with EtOAc (30 mL). The combined organic layer was dried over anhydrous Na₂SO₄ and concentrated under reduced. The crude product was directly charged for the next step.

The crude *N*-Boc protected 2-oxindole (7.8 mmol, 1.0 equiv.) was taken in dry THF (30 mL) under nitrogen atmosphere at 0 °C. Then triethyl amine (2.4 mL, 23.4 mmol, 3.0 equiv.) was added to the solution. After 5 minutes of stirring, allyl chloroformate (1.0

mL, 9.4 mmol, 1.2 equiv.) was added drop-wise over a period of 2 minutes at 0 °C and stirring was continued for 13 h. Upon completion of the reaction (judged by TLC under UV light and I_2 stain), the reaction mixture was diluted with EtOAc (50 mL) and quenched with H₂O. The whole reaction mixture was taken in a separatory funnel to separate the organic layer. Then the organic layer was separated, dried with Na₂SO₄ and concentrated under reduced pressure. The crude product was purified by flash chromatography with *n*-Hexane-EtOAc (7:3) to afford **6b-c** as yellow gel.

[For synthesis of 3-hydroxy 2-oxindoles (±)-12e-f see the reference 18.]



tert-Butyl 2-(((allyloxy)carbonyl)oxy)-3-(4-methoxyphenyl)-1*H*-indole-1-carboxylate (**6b**): The compound **6b** was obtained as an orange color gel. (7.8 mmol scale of reaction; 1.0 g of product; 30.7%, over three steps). $R_f = 0.45$ (30% EtOAc in hexane).

¹**H NMR** (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.18 (d, J = 8.3 Hz, 1H), 7.69 – 7.61 (m, 1H), 7.52 (d, J = 8.8 Hz, 2H), 7.38 (ddd, J = 8.4, 7.2, 1.4 Hz, 1H), 7.33 – 7.29 (m, 1H), 7.04 (d, J = 8.7 Hz, 2H), 5.97 (ddt, J = 16.5, 10.5, 5.8 Hz, 1H), 5.41 (dd, J = 17.2, 1.5 Hz, 1H), 5.33 (dd, J = 10.4, 1.4 Hz, 1H), 4.76 (dt, J = 5.8, 1.5 Hz, 2H), 3.89 (s, 3H), 1.69 (s, 9H).

¹³C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 159.0, 152.3, 148.9, 136.9, 132.2, 130.7, 130.2, 126.5, 124.6, 123.3, 123.1, 119.5, 115.5, 114.2, 109.8, 84.7, 69.8, 55.3, 28.

IR (film) v_{max} 3710, 3338, 2946, 2418, 1764, 1517, 1430, 1317, 1210, 1024, 957, 826, 782, 622 cm⁻¹.

HRMS (ESI-TOF) m/z: $[M + Na]^+$ Calcd for $[C_{24}H_{25}NO_6 + Na]^+$ 446.1574; Found 446.1572.



tert-Butyl 2-(((allyloxy)carbonyl)oxy)-3-(2-methoxyphenyl)-1*H*-indole-1-carboxylate (6c): The compound 6c was obtained as orange color gel (7.8 mmol scale of reaction; 1.0 g of product; 30% over three steps). $R_f = 0.30$ (10% EtOAc in hexane).

¹**H NMR** (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.17 (dd, J = 8.4, 0.9 Hz, 1H), 7.44 – 7.39 (m, 3H), 7.35 (ddd, J = 8.5, 7.3, 1.4 Hz, 1H), 7.28 – 7.24 (m, 1H), 7.09 – 7.04 (m, 2H), 5.98 (ddt, J = 17.2, 10.5, 5.8 Hz, 1H), 5.41 (dd, J = 17.2, 1.4 Hz, 1H), 5.32 (dq, J = 10.5, 1.2 Hz, 1H), 4.77 (dt, J = 5.8, 1.4 Hz, 2H), 3.79 (s, 3H), 1.69 (s, 9H).

¹³C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 157.5, 152.2, 148.9, 137.6, 132.3, 131.6, 130.8, 129.3, 126.9, 124.3, 123.0, 120.7, 120.2, 119.5, 119.4, 115.5, 111.4, 106.9, 84.5, 69.7, 55.5, 28.2.

IR (film) v_{max} 3711, 3328, 2956, 2420, 1776, 1520, 1420, 1310, 1200, 1014, 917, 790, 782, 610 cm⁻¹.

HRMS (ESI-TOF) *m*/*z*: [M + H]⁺ Calcd for [C₂₄H₂₆NO₆]⁺ 424.1755; Found 424.1756.

General synthetic procedure for synthesis of compound (6g-l and 6p-v):



A tetrahydrofuran solution of ethyl magnesium bromide (3 *M* in THF), (1.2 equiv.) was added dropwise to phenolic derivative (1.0 equiv.) in anhydrous THF (10 mL) at 0 °C. The resultant white suspension was concentrated by rotary evaporation to dryness and anhydrous methylene chloride (15 mL) was added and placed this reaction mixture at 0 °C. Solid *N*-alkyl isatin (12.4 mmol; 1.0 equiv.) was added pinch wise to this reaction mixture over 2 minutes. Then the reaction was stirred at room temperature for 12-16 h (TLC showed complete consumption of starting materials under UV light and I₂ stain). Then the reaction mixture was quenched with 1 *N* hydrochloric acid (5 mL) at room temperature. Then whole reaction mixture was taken into a separatory funnel and the organic layer was separated and dried with anhydrous Na₂SO₄. The crude products were

evaporated to dryness under reduced pressure and utilized for next step without purification.

The crude 3-aryl 3'-hydroxy 2-oxindole (12.4 mmol; 1.0 equiv.) was taken in DMF (20 mL) under argon atmosphere. To this reaction solution, NaH (60% in mineral oil) (2.2 equiv.) was added pinch wise at 0 °C for 2 minutes. After 5 minutes of stirring at the same temperature, MeI/BnBr (2.2 equiv.) was added drop wise to the reaction mixture. After 2 h of stirring (TLC showed complete consumption of the starting material), the reaction mixture was quenched by careful addition of water (5 mL), diluted with EtOAc (50 mL). Then the organic layer was separated, dried over anhydrous Na₂SO₄ and concentrated under reduced pressure. The crude products were utilized for next step without purification.

The crude hydroxy protected 3-aryl 2-oxindole (12.4 mmol, 1.0 equiv.) was taken in dichloromethane (30 mL) under argon atmosphere. To this reaction solution, trifluoroacetic acid (TFA, 6.0 equiv.) was added dropwise at room temperature. Then triethyl silane (5.0 equiv.) was added dropwise and stirring was continued for 5-8 h. After completion of the reaction (judged by TLC analysis under UV and I₂ stain). 5% (w/v) aqueous solution of sodium citrate (10 mL) was added dropwise to neutralize the mixture followed by addition of 30 mL of dichloromethane. The whole mixture was taken in a separatory funnel and the organic layer was separated. It was dried over anhydrous Na₂SO₄ and concentrated under reduced pressure to get crude products which were utilized for next step without purification.

The crude 3-aryl 2-oxindole (12.4 mmol, 1.0 equiv.) was taken in THF (30 mL) under argon atmosphere at 0 °C. Triethyl amine (5.0 equiv.) was added to the solution and stirred for 10 minutes. After that allyl chloroformate (1.2 equiv.) was added drop-wise over a period of 5 minutes at 0 °C. After completion of reaction (judged by TLC analysis under UV and I₂ stain), the reaction mixture was diluted with EtOAc (50 mL) and quenched with H₂O. Then the whole reaction mixture was taken in a separatory funnel to separate the organic layer. The organic layer was dried over anhydrous sodium sulphate and concentrated under reduced pressure. The crude mixture was purified by column chromatography using EtOAc and hexane mixture as eluent to afford the desired product (**6g-l** and **6p-v**).



Allyl (3-(2-methoxy-5-methylphenyl)-1-methyl-1*H*-indol-2-yl) carbonate (6g): The compound 6g was obtained as orange color gel (12.4 mmol, 1.4 g, 32% over four steps). $R_f = 0.52$ (30% EtOAc in hexane).

¹**H NMR** (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.63 (d, J = 8.5 Hz, 1H), 7.33 - 7.25 (m, 3H), 7.19 - 7.12 (m, 2H), 6.92 (d, J = 8.3 Hz, 1H), 5.95 (ddt, J = 16.4, 10.7, 5.8 Hz, 1H), 5.41 (dd, J = 17.3, 1.7 Hz, 1H), 5.33 (dd, J = 10.6, 1.4 Hz, 1H), 4.75 (d, J = 5.5 Hz, 2H), 3.76 (s, 3H), 3.69 (s, 3H), 2.37 (s, 3H).

¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 155.0, 152.3, 139.2, 132.8, 131.9, 130.8, 129.9, 128.4, 125.4, 121.8, 121.3, 120.2, 120.2, 119.7, 111.4, 109.1, 99.1, 69.7, 55.7, 28.7, 20.6.

IR (film) v_{max} 3726, 3428, 2906, 2440, 1770, 1429, 1401, 1360, 1204, 1124, 901, 750, 610 cm⁻¹.

HRMS (ESI-TOF) m/z: $[M + Na]^+$ Calcd for $[C_{21}H_{21}NO_4 + Na]^+$ 374.1363; Found 374.1356.



Allyl (3-(5-chloro-2-methoxyphenyl)-1-methyl-1*H*-indol-2-yl) carbonate (6h): The compound 6h was obtained as an orange colored gel. (12.4 mmol, 1.9 g, 41% over four steps). $R_f = 0.40$ (20% EtOAc in hexane).

¹**H NMR** (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.61 (dt, J = 8.0, 1.0 Hz, 1H), 7.48 (d, J = 2.7 Hz, 1H), 7.36 - 7.28 (m, 3H), 7.21 - 7.18 (m, 1H), 6.95 (d, J = 8.8 Hz, 1H), 5.98 (ddt, J = 17.2, 10.4, 5.9 Hz, 1H), 5.44 (dt, J = 17.2, 1.4 Hz, 1H), 5.37 (dq, J = 10.4, 1.2 Hz, 1H), 4.78 (dt, J = 5.9, 1.3 Hz, 2H), 3.79 (s, 3H), 3.71 (s, 3H).

¹³C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 155.6, 152.1, 139.4, 132.7, 130.8, 130.6, 127.6, 125.6, 125.0, 123.4, 122.0, 120.5, 120.0, 119.9, 112.5, 109.3, 97.9, 69.9, 55.9, 28.7.

IR (film) v_{max} 3771, 3408, 2936, 2408, 1771, 1597, 1468, 1327, 1223, 1027, 947, 806, 740, 602 cm⁻¹.

HRMS (ESI-TOF) m/z: $[M + Na]^+$ Calcd for $[C_{20}H_{18}CINO_4 + Na]^+$ 394.0817; Found 394.0825.



Allyl (3-(2, 5-dimethoxyphenyl)-1-methyl-1*H*-indol-2-yl) carbonate (6i): The compound 6i was obtained as an orange color gel. (12.4 mmol scale of reaction, 1.8 g, 39% over four steps). $R_f = 0.50$ (40% EtOAc in hexane).

¹**H** NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.63 (d, *J* =8.0 Hz, 1H), 7.32 - 7.24 (m, 2H), 7.1 - 7.13 (m, 1H), 7.07 (d, *J* = 3.1 Hz, 1H), 6.94 (d, *J* = 8.9 Hz, 1H), 6.85 (dd, *J* = 8.9, 3.1 Hz, 1H),

5.94 (ddt, *J* = 16.5, 10.4, 5.8 Hz, 1H), 5.40 (dq, *J* = 17.3, 1.5 Hz, 1H), 5.31 (dd, *J* = 10.5, 1.3 Hz, 1H), 4.74 (dt, *J* = 6.0, 1.4 Hz, 2H), 3.79 (s, 3H), 3.71 (s, 3H), 3.67 (s, 3H).

¹³C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 153.7, 152.2, 151.4, 139.2, 132.8, 130.8, 125.2, 122.6, 121.8, 120.3, 120.1, 119.7, 116.7, 113.0, 112.7, 109.2, 99.0, 69.8, 56.3, 55.8, 28.7.

IR (film) υ_{max} 3430, 2835, 2116, 1774, 1846, 1735, 1621,1477, 1373, 1329, 1225, 1136, 1082, 1047, 944, 842, 780, 741, 642 cm⁻¹.

HRMS (ESI-TOF) m/z: $[M + Na]^+$ Calcd for $[C_{21}H_{21}NO_5 + Na]^+$ 390.1312; Found 390.1324.



Allyl (3-(3-(*tert*-butyl)-2-methoxy-5-methylphenyl)-1-methyl-1*H*-indol-2-yl) carbonate (6j): The compound 6j was obtained as an orange colored gel. (12.4 mmol scale of reaction; 1.3 g; 26% over four steps). $R_f = 0.33$ (30% EtOAc in hexane).

¹**H** NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.71 (d, *J* = 7.9 Hz, 1H), 7.40 – 7.26 (m, 2H), 7.21 (ddd, *J* = 8.3, 7.1, 1.4 Hz, 1H), 7.16 (dd, *J* = 17.3, 2.3 Hz, 2H), 5.97 (ddt, *J* = 16.6, 10.4, 5.9 Hz, 1H), 5.41 (dt, *J* = 17.1, 1.5 Hz, 1H), 5.37 – 5.23 (m, 1H), 4.74 (d, *J* = 5.9 Hz, 2H), 3.72 (s, 3H), 3.30 (s, 3H), 2.37 (s, 3H), 1.47 (s, 9H).

¹³C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 156.2, 152.2, 142.6, 138.9, 132.9, 132.0, 130.8, 130.4, 126.5, 125.7, 124.8, 121.9, 120.3, 120.2, 119.7, 109.1, 100.7, 69.8, 60.6, 34.9, 30.8, 28.7, 21.2.

IR (film) v_{max} 3499, 2908, 2135, 1752, 1620, 1408, 1400, 1301, 1211, 1007, 841, 702, 509 cm⁻¹.

HRMS (ESI-TOF) m/z: $[M + Na]^+$ Calcd for $[C_{25}H_{29}NO_4 + Na]^+$ 430.1989; Found 430.1989.



Allyl (3-(2-(benzyloxy)-5-methylphenyl)-1-methyl-1*H*-indol-2-yl) carbonate (6k): The compound 6k was obtained as an orange color gel. (12.4 mmol scale of reaction, 3.0 g, 25% over four steps). $R_f = 0.48$ (30% EtOAc in hexane).

¹**H** NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.64 (d, *J* = 1.1 Hz, 1H), 7.34 – 7.26 (m, 5H), 7.25 – 7.18 (m, 3H), 7.03 (dd, *J* = 8.4, 2.4 Hz, 1H), 6.88 (d, *J* = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 5.85 (ddt, *J* = 17.3, 10.4, 5.8 Hz, 1H), 5.32 (dd, *J* = 17.2, 1.4 Hz, 1H), 5.26 (dd, *J* = 10.4, 1.3 Hz, 1H), 5.01 (s, 2H), 4.57 (dt, *J* = 5.8, 1.4 Hz, 2H), 3.67 (s, 3H), 2.33 (s, 3H).

¹³C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 154.4, 152.2, 139.2, 137.7, 132.7, 132.1, 130.7, 130.5, 128.4, 128.2, 127.3, 126.9, 125.5, 122.2, 121.7, 120.4, 120.1, 119.6, 114.5, 109.0, 99.5, 71.2, 69.6, 28.6, 20.6.

IR (film) v_{max} 3394, 2909, 2118, 1754, 1622, 1408, 1301, 1210, 1083, 911, 702, 509 cm⁻¹.

HRMS (ESI-TOF) m/z: $[M + Na]^+$ Calcd for $[C_{27}H_{25}NO_4 + Na]^+$ 450.1676; Found 450.1696.



Allyl (3-(5-(benzyloxy)-2-methoxyphenyl)-1-methyl-1*H*-indol-2-yl) carbonate (6l): The compound 6l was obtained as an orange color gel. (12.4 mmol scale of reaction, 1.4 g, 25% over four steps). $R_f = 0.40$ (40% EtOAc in hexane).

¹**H NMR** (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.48 - 7.30 (m, 6H), 7.24 (ddd, *J* = 8.1, 6.1, 1.2 Hz, 1H), 7.13 - 7.08 (m, 2H), 6.92 (d, *J* = 1.7 Hz, 2H), 5.93 (ddt, *J* = 17.2, 10.4, 5.8 Hz, 1H), 5.39 (dd, *J* = 17.2, 1.4 Hz, 1H), 5.31 - 5.28 (m, 1H), 5.05 (s, 2H), 4.73 (dt, *J* = 5.9, 1.4 Hz, 2H), 3.70 (s, 3H), 3.66 (s, 3H).

¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 152.8, 152.2, 151.5, 139.2, 137.4, 132.8, 130.7, 128.6, 127.8, 127.5, 125.1, 122.5, 121.8, 120.3, 120.0, 119.7, 117.7, 114.3, 112.7, 109.1, 98.9, 70.6, 69.8, 56.3, 28.7.

IR (film) v_{max} 3432, 2110, 1744, 1647, 1498, 1464, 1366, 1225, 1080, 1041, 1029, 946, 740, 698 cm⁻¹.

HRMS (ESI-TOF) m/z: $[M + H]^+$ Calcd for $[C_{27}H_{26}NO_5]^+$ 444.1805; Found 444.1819.



Allyl (1-benzyl-3-(2-(benzyloxy)-5-methylphenyl)-1*H*-indol-2-yl) carbonate (6p): The compound 6p was obtained as an orange color gel. (12.4 mmol scale of reaction, 1.8 g, 30% over four steps). $R_f = 0.40$ (40% EtOAc in hexane).

¹**H NMR** (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.68 (d, J = 7.7 Hz, 1H), 7.38 (d, J = 2.1 Hz, 1H), 7.30 – 7.14 (m, 13H), 7.09 (dd, J = 8.3, 2.2 Hz, 1H), 6.95 (d, J = 8.3 Hz, 1H), 5.77 (ddt, J = 16.5, 11.0, 5.7 Hz, 1H), 5.32 – 5.21 (m, 4H), 5.04 (s, 2H), 4.50 (d, J = 5.7 Hz, 2H), 2.37 (s, 3H).

¹³**C NMR** (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 154.4, 151.6, 139.0, 137.6, 136.9, 132.2, 132.1, 130.6, 130.5, 128.7, 128.5, 128.2, 127.4, 127.3, 127.0, 126.7, 125.9, 122.1, 121.8, 120.3, 120.2, 119.4, 114.2, 109.7, 99.9, 71.1, 69.6, 46.1, 20.6.

IR (film) v_{max} 3746, 3408, 2900, 2440, 1760, 1420, 1400, 1361, 1214, 1144, 981, 754, 620 cm⁻¹.

HRMS (ESI-TOF) m/z: $[M + Na]^+$ Calcd for $[C_{33}H_{29}NO_4 + Na]^+$ 526.1989; Found 526.1987.



Allyl (1-allyl-3-(2-methoxy-5-methylphenyl)-1*H*-indol-2-yl) carbonate (6q): The compound (6q) was obtained as an orange color gel. (12.4 mmol scale of reaction, 1.3 g, 27% over four steps). $R_f = 0.43$ (40% EtOAc in hexane).

¹**H NMR** (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.70 - 7.66 (m, 1H), 7.39 - 7.66 (m, 2H), 7.32 - 7.27 (m, 1H), 7.24 - 7.16 (m, 2H), 6.98 - 6.94 (m, 1H), 6.08 - 6.01 (m, 1H), 5.99 - 5.91 (m, 1H), 5.44 - 5.39 (m, 1H), 5.37 - 5.33 (m, 1H), 5.29 - 5.23 (m, 2H), 4.77 - 4.73 (m, 4H), 3.81 - 3.78 (m, 3H), 2.42 - 2.40 (m, 3H).

¹³C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 155.0, 152.1, 138.8, 132.9, 132.3, 131.9, 130.8, 129.9, 128.5, 125.7, 121.8, 121.3, 120.3, 120.3, 119.6, 117.3, 111.4, 109.7, 99.6, 69.7, 55.7, 45.2, 20.6.

IR (film) v_{max} 3434, 2949, 2128, 1774, 1624, 1498, 1464, 1361, 1212, 1087, 941, 742, 559 cm⁻¹.

HRMS (ESI-TOF) m/z: $[M + H]^+$ Calcd for $[C_{23}H_{24}NO_4]^+$ 378.1700; Found 378.1709.



Allyl (1-allyl-3-(2-(benzyloxy)-5-methylphenyl)-1*H*-indol-2-yl) carbonate (6r): The compound 6r was obtained as an orange colored gel. (12.4 mmol scale of reaction, 1.5 g, 27% over four steps). $R_f = 0.42$ (30% EtOAc in hexane).

¹**H** NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ = 7.63 (d, *J* = 8.0, 1H), 7.32 - 7.26 (m, 4H), 7.22 - 7.21 m, 4H), 7.14 (t, *J* = 7.5, 1H), 7.07 - 7.02 (m, 1H), 6.91 (d, *J* = 8.3, 1H), 5.97 (ddd, *J* = 16.0, 10.5, 5.2, 1H), 5.82 (ddt, *J* = 16.5, 10.9, 5.7, 1H), 5.31 - 5.112 (m, 4H), 5.01 (s, 2H), 4.70 (d, *J* = 5.2, 2H), 4.56 (d, *J* = 5.8, 2H), 2.34 (s, 3H).

¹³C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 154.4, 151.9, 138.9, 137.7, 132.8, 132.1, 130.7, 130.5, 128.5, 128.2 (2C), 127.3, 126.9, 125.8, 122.2, 121.7, 120.4, 120.2, 119.5, 117.2, 114.4, 109.5, 99.8, 71.2, 69.6, 45.0, 20.6.

IR (film) v_{max} 3630, 3049, 2928, 1754, 1644, 1508, 1464, 1361, 1262, 1187, 941, 792, 659 cm⁻¹.

HRMS (ESI-TOF) m/z: $[M + Na]^+$ Calcd for $[C_{29}H_{27}NO_4 + Na]^+$ 476.1832; Found 476.1809.



Allyl (5-bromo-3-(2-methoxy-5-methylphenyl)-1-methyl-1*H*-indol-2-yl) carbonate (6s): The compound 6s was obtained as yellow liquid (0.58 mmol scale of reaction, 0.221 g, 89% over four steps). $R_f = 0.65$ (40% EtOAc in hexane).

¹**H** NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) $\delta = 7.77 - 7.58$ (m, 1H), 7.38 - 7.29 (m, 2H), 7.25 - 7.11 (m, 2H), 6.93 (dd, J = 8.4, 1.6, 1H), 6.08 - 5.82 (m, 1H), 5.52 - 5.21 (m, 2H), 4.76 (ddt, J = 5.7, 4.2, 1.4, 2H), 3.77 (s, 3H), 3.69 (d, J = 10.7, 3H), 2.38 (d, J = 2.6, 3H).

¹³C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 155.0, 152.0, 134.0, 132.0, 130.6, 129.9, 129.5, 128.8, 128.4, 127.0, 121.0, 120.4, 119.8, 119.5, 111.3, 103.7, 99.9, 69.9, 55.7, 53.4, 20.5.

IR (film) 2618, 2092, 1782, 1595, 1469, 1326, 1196, 1101, 569 cm⁻¹.

HRMS (ESI) $m/z [M + H]^+$ Calcd for $[C_{21}H_{20}BrNO_4 + H]^+$ 430.0648; Found 430.0659.



Allyl (5-chloro-3-(2-methoxy-5-methylphenyl)-1-methyl-1*H*-indol-2-yl) carbonate (6t): The compound 6t was obtained as colorless gel (0.58 mmol scale of reaction, 0.116 g, 63% over four steps). $R_f = 0.55$ (40% EtOAc in hexane).

¹**H** NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.76 – 7.53 (m, 1H), 7.35 (dd, J = 8.7, 1.9, 1H), 7.25 – 7.17 (m, 2H), 7.14 (dd, J = 8.3, 2.3, 1H), 6.92 (d, J = 8.3, 1H), 5.95 (ddtd, J = 17.2, 10.4, 5.9, 0.9, 1H), 5.48 – 5.10 (m, 2H), 4.75 (dt, J = 5.9, 1.3, 2H), 3.77 (s, 3H), 3.68 (s, 3H), 2.37 (s, 3H).

¹³**C NMR** (125 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 154.8, 152.0, 139.9, 131.7, 130.6, 128.7, 129.8, 125.9, 126.3, 124.6, 122.1, 120.5, 119.8, 119.7, 111.3, 110.2, 99.2, 69.9, 55.7, 28.8, 20.6.

IR (film) 2526, 1991, 1765, 1428, 1169, 1210, 1053, 952, 542 cm⁻¹.

HRMS (ESI) $m/z [M + H]^+$ Calcd for $[C_{21}H_{20}CINO_4 + H]^+$ 386.1154; Found 386.1144.



Allyl (5-methoxy-3-(2-methoxy-5-methylphenyl)-1-methyl-1*H*-indol-2-yl) carbonate (6u): The compound 6u was obtained as yellowish gel (0.30 mmol scale of reaction, 0.069 g, 61% over four steps). $R_f = 0.55$ (30% EtOAc in hexane).

¹**H** NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ = 7.31 (d, *J* = 12.9, 1H), 7.22 (d, *J* = 8.9, 1H), 7.13 (dd, *J* = 8.4, 2.3, 1H), 7.09 (d, *J* = 2.5, 1H), 6.93 (dd, *J* = 8.5, 1.8, 2H), 5.95 (ddt, *J* = 17.4, 10.6, 5.8, 1H), 5.47 – 5.25 (m, 2H), 4.75 (dt, *J* = 5.8, 1.4, 2H), 3.83 (s, 3H), 3.77 (s, 3H), 3.66 (s, 3H), 2.36 (s, 3H).

¹³**C NMR** (125 MHz, CDCl₃) δ = 154.9, 154.6, 152.2, 139.5, 131.7, 130.7, 129.9, 128.3, 127.9, 125.6, 121.4, 119.7, 111.7, 111.3, 109.9, 102.7, 99.1, 69.7, 68.0, 56.1, 55.6, 25.6, 20.6.

IR (film) 2245, 1569, 1499, 1454, 1219, 1056, 1068, 584 cm⁻¹.

HRMS (ESI) $m/z [M + H]^+$ Calcd for $[C_{22}H_{23}NO_5 + H]^+$ 382.1649; Found 382.1647.



Allyl (7-bromo-3-(2-methoxy-5-methylphenyl)-1-methyl-1*H*-indol-2-yl) carbonate (6v): The compound 6v was obtained as yellow liquid (0.30 mmol scale of reaction; 0.094 g; 76% over four steps). $R_f = 0.65$ (30% EtOAc in hexane).

¹**H NMR** (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ = 7.48 (dd, *J* = 7.9, 1.1, 1H), 7.38 (dd, *J* = 7.7, 1.1, 1H), 7.21 (d, *J* = 2.1, 1H), 7.14 (ddd, *J* = 8.3, 2.4, 0.8, 1H), 7.00 – 6.89 (m, 2H), 5.94 (ddt, *J* = 17.2, 10.5, 5.8, 1H), 5.50 – 5.23 (m, 2H), 4.74 (dt, *J* = 5.8, 1.4, 2H), 4.04 (s, 3H), 3.75 (s, 3H), 2.35 (s, 3H).

¹³C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 155.0, 152.0, 134.0, 132.0, 130.6, 129.9, 129.5, 128.8, 128.4, 127.0, 121.0, 120.4, 119.8, 119.5, 111.3, 103.7, 99.9, 69.9, 55.7, 53.4, 20.5.

IR (film) 2622, 2063, 1690, 1411, 1215, 1100, 1023, 514 cm⁻¹.

HRMS (ESI) $m/z [M + H]^+$ Calcd for $[C_{21}H_{20}BrNO_4 + Na]^+$ 452.0468; Found 452.0525.

Synthetic procedure for synthesis of compound (6m):



In an oven dried round bottom flask *p*-Cresol (2.0 g; 12.4 mmol; 1.0 equiv.) was taken in anhydrous THF (20 mL) and the reaction vessel was cooled at 0 °C. To this solution, ethyl magnesium bromide (3*M* in THF) (5.0 mL; 14.9 mmol; 1.2 equiv.) was added dropwise over a period of 2 minutes. The resultant white suspension was concentrated by rotary evaporation to dryness and immediately dissolved in anhydrous methylene chloride (30 mL). To this solution was added solid *N*-methyl isatin (2.0 g; 12.4 mmol; 1.0 equiv.) pinch wise over a period of 2 minutes. The reaction was allowed to warm to room temperature and stirring was continued for 10 h. After completion of the reaction (TLC showed complete consumption of starting materials), 1*N* hydrochloric acid (5 mL) was added to the reaction mixture and whole mixture was taken in a separatory funnel. Then the organic layer was separated, dried with anhydrous Na₂SO₄ and evaporated to dryness under reduced pressure. The crude products were utilized for next step without purification.

Crude 3-hydroxy 2-oxindole (12.4 mmol; 1.0 equiv.) was taken in dichloromethane (50 mL) and the reaction mixture was cooled to 0 °C. Trifluoroacetic acid (TFA) (12.6 mL; 74.4 mmol; 6.0 equiv.) was added to the reaction mixture drop-wise over a period of 2 minutes at same temperature. Then triethyl silane (9.9 mL; 62.05 mmol; 5.0 equiv.) was added to the mixture at 0 °C for 2 minutes and stirring was continued for 3 h. After completion of the reaction (judged by TLC analysis under UV and I₂ stain), 5% (w/v) aqueous solution of sodium citrate (10 mL) was added drop wise to neutralize the mixture. Then whole reaction mixture was taken in separatory funnel and the organic layer was separated. It was dried over anhydrous Na₂SO₄ and concentrated under reduced pressure. The crude products were utilized for next step without purification.

The crude 3-aryl 2-oxindole (12.4 mmol; 1.0 equiv.) was taken in dichloromethane (50 mL) under argon atmosphere at rt. Then imidazole (5.1 gm; 74.4 mmol; 6.0 equiv.) was added to the reaction mixture and stirred for 10 minutes. Then *tert*-butyl dimethyl chlorosilane (TBSCl) (3.7 gm; 24.8 mmol; 2.0 equiv.) was added to the reaction mixture and stirring was continued for 10 h. After completion of the reaction, (judged by TLC analysis under UV and I₂ stain), water (20 mL) was added and whole reaction mixture was taken in a separatory funnel. The organic layer was separated and dried over anhydrous sodium sulphate and concentrated under reduced pressure. The crude products were utilized for next step without purification.

The crude TBS protected product (12.4 mmol; 1.0 equiv. as prepared earlier) was taken in THF (60 mL) under argon atmosphere at 0 °C. Then triethyl amine (8.7 mL; 62.0 mmol; 5.0 equiv.) was added to this solution. After 10 minutes of stirring allyl chloroformate (1.6 mL; 14.9 mmol; 1.2 equiv.) was added drop-wise over a period of 5 minutes at 0 °C. After completion of reaction (judged by TLC analysis under UV and I₂ stain), it was diluted with EtOAc (50 mL) and quenched with H₂O (30 mL). Then the whole reaction mixture was taken in a separatory funnel to separate the organic layer. The organic layer was dried over anhydrous sodium sulphate and concentrated under reduced pressure. The crude mixture was purified by column chromatography using EtOAc and hexane mixture as eluent to afford the desired product (**6m**).



Allyl (3-(2-((*tert*-butyldimethylsilyl)oxy)-5-methylphenyl)-1-methyl-1*H*-indol-2-yl) carbonate (6m): The compound 6m was obtained as an orange color gel. (12.4 mmol scale of reaction; 2.1 g of product; 38% over four steps); $R_f = 0.39$ (10% EtOAc in hexane).

¹**H NMR** (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.57 (d, *J* = 7.9 Hz, 1H), 7.30 (d, *J* = 7.7 Hz, 1H), 7.27 - 7.23 (m, 1H), 7.21 (d, *J* = 2.2 Hz, 1H), 7.16 – 7.10 (m, 1H), 7.03 (dd, *J* = 8.3, 2.2 Hz, 1H), 6.85 (d, *J* = 8.3 Hz, 1H), 5.96 – 5.86 (m, 1H), 5.37 (d, *J* = 17.2 Hz, 1H), 5.30 (d, *J* = 10.2 Hz, 1H), 4.70 (d, *J* = 5.7 Hz, 2H), 3.68 (s, 3H), 2.34 (s, 3H), 0.72 (s, 9H), -0.18 (s, 6H).

¹³**C NMR** (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 152.0, 151.5, 138.9, 132.4, 131.9, 130.7, 130.4, 128.5, 125.8, 124.1, 121.5, 121.0, 120.2, 119.9, 119.5, 108.6, 100.5, 69.6, 28.4, 25.5, 20.7, 17.9, -4.9.

IR (film) v_{max} 3400, 1702, 1600, 1409, 1205, 1070, 814, 617 cm⁻¹.

HRMS (ESI-TOF) m/z: $[M + Na]^+$ Calcd for $[C_{26}H_{33}NO_4Si + Na]^+$ 474.2071; Found 474.2092.

General procedure for the synthesis of compound (13e-f):



Compound **14a** (15.0 mmol, 1.0 equiv.) was taken in THF (60 mL) and the reaction mixture was cooled to 0 °C. To this solution, "BuLi (1.2 equiv.) was added drop wise at 0 °C over a period of 15 min and stirred for another 10 minutes. Then, THF solution (10 mL)) of *N*-methyl isatin (1.0 equiv.) was added at 0 °C. The reaction mixture was allowed to warm to room temperature and the stirring was continued for 6 h. After completion of the reaction (monitoring by TLC under UV light and I₂ stain), it was quenched by slow addition of water (10 mL) and diluted with ethyl acetate (75 mL). The whole reaction mixture was taken in a separatory funnel and washed with brine (60 mL). Then the organic layer was separated, dried with anhydrous Na₂SO₄ and concentrated under

reduced pressure. The crude product was purified by flash chromatography with *n*-Hexane-EtOAc (7:3) to afford (\pm) -**13e-f** as yellow gel.



3-(5-((tert-Butyldimethylsilyl)oxy)methyl)-2-methoxyphenyl)-3-hydroxy-1-

methylindolin-2-one [(±)-13e]: The compound (±)-13e was obtained as orange solid (15.0 mmol scale of reaction; 1.98 g of product; 32% over four steps). $R_f = 0.10$ (30% EtOAc in hexane).

¹**H NMR** (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.55 (d, J = 2.2 Hz, 1H), 7.30 (td, J = 7.8, 1.3 Hz, 1H), 7.23 (d, J = 2.1 Hz, 1H), 7.13 (dd, J = 7.4, 1.3 Hz, 1H), 7.03 – 6.94 (m, 1H), 6.85 (d, J = 7.8 Hz, 1H), 6.80 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 4.69 (s, 2H), 3.62 (s, 3H), 3.25 (s, 3H), 0.91 (s, 9H), 0.08 (s, 3H), -0.01 (s, 3H).

¹³**C NMR** (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 177.4, 155.5, 144.3, 134.1, 130.6, 129.7, 128.5, 127.3, 124.9, 124.5, 122.9, 111.9, 108.0, 64.7, 56.3, 26.3, 25.9, 18.4, 0.0, -5.2.

IR (film) v_{max} 3430, 2925, 2866, 2010, 1716, 1610, 1404, 1269, 1238, 1024, 1001, 937, 857, 710, 619, 501cm⁻¹.

HRMS (ESI-TOF) m/z: $[M + H]^+$ Calcd for $[C_{23}H_{32}NO_4Si]^+$ 414.2095; Found 414.2079.



3-Hydroxy-3-(2-methoxy-5-(methoxymethyl)phenyl)-1-methylindolin-2-one [(\pm)-**13f**]: The compound (\pm)-**13f** was obtained as orange solid (15.0 mmol scale of reaction; 1.4 g of product; 30% over four steps). $R_f = 0.50$ (30% EtOAc in hexane).

¹**H NMR** (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.70 (d, *J* = 2.2 Hz, 1H), 7.30 – 7.22 (m, 2H), 7.09 (d, *J* = 7.3 Hz, 1H), 6.96 (t, *J* = 7.5 Hz, 1H), 6.84 (d, *J* = 7.8 Hz, 1H), 6.77 (d, *J* = 8.3 Hz, 1H), 4.41 (s, 2H), 3.56 (s, 3H), 3.36 (s, 3H), 3.25 (s, 3H).

¹³**C NMR** (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 177.5, 155.7, 144.3, 130.7, 130.6, 129.6, 129.1, 129.0, 126.7, 124.3, 122.9, 111.8, 108.0, 76.3, 74.4, 57.9, 56.2, 26.3.

IR (film) v_{max} 3444, 2910, 2846, 2016, 1714, 1614, 1404, 1263, 1228, 1014, 1001, 947, 837, 726, 669, 521cm⁻¹.

HRMS (ESI-TOF) m/z: $[M + H]^+$ Calcd for $[C_{18}H_{20}NO_4]^+$ 314.1387; Found 314.1401.

General procedure for the synthesis of compound (6n-o):



An oven-dried round-bottom flask was charged with (\pm) -**13e-f** (1.8 mmol; 1.0 equiv) in DMF (40 mL) under nitrogen atmosphere at room temperature. To this solution, NaH (60% dispersion in mineral oil) (1.5 equiv.) was added pinch wise. After 5 minutes of stirring, di-*tert*-butyl dicarbonate (1.5 equiv.) was added drop-wise over a period of 2 minutes. Then the reaction mixture was placed to a preheated oil bath maintaining 60 °C and stirring continued for 3 h. Upon completion of the reaction (judged by TLC under

UV light and I_2 stain), the reaction mixture was quenched with H_2O (50 mL) and diluted with EtOAc (60 mL). Then the organic layer was separated, dried with anhydrous Na₂SO₄ and concentrated under reduced pressure. The crude product was directly charged for the next step.

The crude Boc protected compound (1.8 mmol; 1.0 equiv.) was taken in MeOH (10 mL) at room temperature. The solution was degassed by using argon balloon over a period of 10 minutes. Pd on activated charcoal [40 mg, 10% (w/w)] was added to the degassed solution under nitrogen atmosphere. The reaction vessel was purged with hydrogen gas for 10 minutes and stirring was continued for additional 3 h. Upon completion of the reaction (judged by TLC under UV light and I₂ stain), the reaction mixture was filtered through celite and concentrated under rotatory evaporator. The crude product was utilized for next step without purification.

The crude 3-aryl 2-oxindole (1.8 mmol scale; 1.0 equiv. as prepared earlier) was taken in THF (40 mL) under nitrogen atmosphere at 0 °C. Then Et₃N (0.75 mL; 5.4 mmol; 3.0 equiv.) was added to the solution. After 5 minutes of stirring, allyl chloroformate (0.25 mL; 2.15 mmol; 1.2 equiv.) was added drop-wise over a period of 2 minutes at 0 °C and stirring was continued. Upon completion of the reaction (judged by TLC under UV light and I₂ stain), it was quenched with H₂O and diluted with EtOAc (40 mL). Then the organic layer was separated, dried with anhydrous Na₂SO₄ and concentrated under reduced pressure. The crude product was purified by flash chromatography with *n*-Hexane-EtOAc (6:4) to afford (**6n-o**) as yellow gel.



Allyl (3-(5-(((*tert*-butyldimethylsilyl)oxy)methyl)-2-methoxyphenyl)-1-methyl-1*H*indol-2-yl) carbonate (6n):The compound 6n was obtained as orange color gel (1.8 mmol scale of reaction; 0.4 g of product; 47% over four steps). $R_f = 0.50$ (30% EtOAc in hexane).

¹**H NMR** (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.63 (d, *J* = 7.9 Hz, 1H), 7.46 (d, *J* = 2.1 Hz, 1H), 7.34 - 7.26 (m, 4H), 7.18 - 7.14 (m, 1H), 7.00 (d, *J* = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 5.96 (ddt, *J* = 16.5, 11.1, 5.7 Hz, 1H), 5.42 (dt, *J* = 17.2, 1.5 Hz, 1H), 5.34 (d, *J* = 10.4 Hz, 1H), 4.76 (d, *J* = 4.4 Hz, 4H), 3.79 (s, 3H), 3.70 (s, 3H), 0.98 (d, *J* = 1.5 Hz, 9H), 0.14 (d, *J* = 1.4 Hz, 6H).

¹³**C NMR** (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 156.0, 152.2, 139.1, 133.6, 132.8, 130.8, 129.5, 126.0, 125.3, 121.7, 121.3, 120.1(2C), 119.7, 111.1, 109.0, 99.0, 69.7, 64.8, 55.7, 28.7, 26.0, -5.1.

IR (film) υ_{max} 3434, 2930, 2856, 2116, 1774, 1624, 1464, 1363, 1328, 1226, 1084, 1031, 947, 837, 776, 741, 669, 561cm⁻¹.

HRMS (ESI-TOF) m/z: $[M + Na]^+$ Calcd for $[C_{27}H_{35}NO_5Si + Na]^+$ 504.2177; Found 504.2171.



Allyl (3-(2-methoxy-5-(methoxymethyl)phenyl)-1-methyl-1*H*-indol-2-yl) carbonate (60): The compound 60 was obtained as orange color gel (1.8 mmol scale of reaction; 0.34g of product; 49% over four steps). $R_f = 0.48$ (30% EtOAc in hexane).

¹**H** NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.62 (dt, J = 8.0, 1.0 Hz, 1H), 7.48 (d, J = 2.2 Hz, 1H), 7.36 - 7.28 (m, 3H), 7.18 (ddd, J = 8.1, 7.0, 1.2 Hz, 1H), 7.02 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 5.97 (ddt, J = 17.3, 10.6, 5.8 Hz, 1H), 5.43 (dt, J = 17.2, 1.4 Hz, 1H), 5.35 (dt, J = 10.5, 1.2

Hz, 1H), 4.77 (dt, *J* = 5.8, 1.4 Hz, 2H), 4.48 (s, 2H), 3.81 (s, 3H), 3.71 (s, 3H), 3.42 (s, 3H).

¹³C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 156.6, 152.2, 139.2, 132.8, 131.2, 130.7, 130.3, 127.8, 125.3, 121.8, 121.4, 120.2, 120.1, 119.8, 111.3, 109.1, 98.9, 74.4, 69.8, 57.7, 55.7, 28.7.

IR (film) v_{max} 3474, 3050, 2929, 2272, 1777, 1589, 1464, 1367, 1228, 1086, 984, 748, 561 cm⁻¹.

HRMS (ESI-TOF) m/z: $[M + Na]^+$ Calcd for $[C_{22}H_{23}NO_5 + Na]^+$ 404.1468; Found 404.1457.

Synthesis of compound 6w:



Synthetic procedure for the compound 6w (5.0 mmol; 52% yield over 3 steps) is similar as synthesis of compound 6e-j.



Allyl (3-(2-(((allyloxy)carbonyl)oxy)-5-methylphenyl)-1-methyl-1*H*-indol-2-yl) carbonate (6w): The compound 6w was obtained as orange color gel (5.0 mmol scale of reaction; 0.5g of product; 48% over three steps). $R_f = 0.38$ (10% EtOAc in hexane).

¹**H NMR** (400 MHz, CDCl₃) $\delta = 7.57$ (d, J = 7.9, 1H), 7.34 (s, 1H), 7.31 – 7.20 (m, 2H), 7.15 - 7.12 (m, 3H), 5.92 (ddt, J = 16.5, 10.4, 5.8, 1H), 5.78 (ddt, J = 16.5, 11.0, 5.7, 1H), 5.36 (dd, J = 17.2, 1.6, 1H), 5.31 – 5.25 (m, 1H), 5.19 (dd, J = 17.2, 1.6, 1H), 5.14 (dd, J = 10.4, 1.4, 1H), 4.69 (dt, J = 5.8, 1.4, 2H), 4.54 (dt, J = 5.7, 1.4, 2H), 3.63 (s, 3H), 2.37 (s, 3H).

¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 153.5, 151.9, 146.7, 139.2, 135.8, 132.7, 132.1, 131.4, 130.7, 128.7, 125.2, 124.8, 122.3, 122.0, 120.5, 119.8, 119.7, 118.6, 109.1, 98.2, 69.9, 68.8, 28.6, 20.9.

IR (film) v_{max} 3432, 2927, 2311, 2210, 1711, 1635, 1459, 1388, 1207, 1093, 1000, 888, 701, 509 cm⁻¹.

HRMS (ESI-TOF) m/z: $[M + H]^+$ Calcd for $[C_{24}H_{24}NO_6]^+$ 422.1598; Found 422.1621.

 $\begin{array}{c} \begin{array}{c} & & \\$

General procedure for the synthesis of compounds (\pm) -9a-b:

An oven dried round bottom flask was charged with compound **6d-e** (1.5 mmol; 1.0 equiv.) in dichloromethane (15 mL) under nitrogen atmosphere at room temperature. *N*,*N*-dimethyl amino pyridine (DMAP, 0.3 equiv.) was added to the solution and stirring was continued for 20 h at same temperature. Upon completion of the reaction (judged by TLC analysis), the reaction mixture was evaporated and the crude product was purified

by column chromatography by using EtOAc and hexane as an eluent to afford the desired product (\pm) -**9a-b**.



Allyl 3-(4-methoxyphenyl)-1-methyl-2-oxoindoline-3-carboxylate $[(\pm)-9a]$: The compound $(\pm)-9a$ was obtained as orange color gel (1.5 mmol scale of reaction; 0.4g of product; 80%). $R_f = 0.46$ (40% EtOAc in hexane).

¹**H NMR** (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.44 (dd, J = 7.5, 1.2 Hz, 1H), 7.40 (td, J = 7.7, 1.3 Hz, 1H), 7.26 (dd, J = 8.8, 2.0 Hz, 2H), 7.15 (td, J = 7.6, 1.1 Hz, 1H), 6.91 (d, J = 7.8 Hz, 1H), 6.88 – 6.81 (m, 2H), 5.79 (ddt, J = 17.2, 10.7, 5.4 Hz, 1H), 5.17 (dt, J = 12.5, 1.5 Hz, 1H), 5.15 – 5.11 (m, 1H), 4.76 – 4.49 (m, 2H), 3.76 (s, 3H), 3.21 (s, 3H).

¹³**C NMR** (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 173.1, 169.0, 159.5, 144.4, 131.3, 129.6, 129.1, 127.7, 127.1, 125.9, 122.8, 118.4, 113.9, 108.7, 66.4, 63.3, 55.3, 26.7.

IR (film) v_{max} 3932, 2827, 2411, 2440, 1722, 1645, 1559, 1488, 1117, 1003, 990, 808, 700, 505 cm⁻¹.

HRMS (ESI-TOF) m/z: $[M + H]^+$ Calcd for $[C_{20}H_{20}NO_4]^+$ 338.1387; Found 338.1374.



Allyl 3-(benzo[*d*][1,3]dioxol-5-yl)-1-methyl-2-oxoindoline-3-carboxylate [(±)-9b]: The compound (±)-9b was obtained as orange color gel (1.5 mmol scale of reaction; 0.5g of product; 48% over three steps). $R_f = 0.45$ (40% EtOAc in hexane).

¹**H NMR** (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.49 – 7.40 (m, 1H), 7.39 (td, *J* = 7.7, 1.2 Hz, 1H), 7.22 – 7.08 (m, 1H), 6.91 (dd, *J* = 4.9, 3.0 Hz, 2H), 6.81 – 6.65 (m, 2H), 5.91 (d, *J* = 2.2 Hz, 2H), 5.79 (ddt, *J* = 17.3, 10.7, 5.5 Hz, 1H), 5.21 – 5.16 (m, 1H), 5.15 – 5.11 (m, 1H), 4.76 – 4.50 (m, 2H), 3.21 (s, 3H).

¹³**C NMR** (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 172.8, 168.9, 147.8, 147.7, 144.3, 131.2, 129.7, 129.3, 126.9, 125.9, 122.9, 121.4, 118.5, 108.8, 108.7, 108.0, 101.3, 66.4, 63.5, 26.7.

IR (film) υ_{max} 3632, 2827, 2351, 2300, 1721, 1644, 1409, 1288, 1117, 1003, 900, 790, 601, 529 cm⁻¹.

HRMS (ESI-TOF) m/z: $[M + Na]^+$ Calcd for $[C_{20}H_{17}NO_5 + Na]^+$ 374.0999; Found 374.0997.

General Synthetic procedure for compound (±)-5a-r:



An oven-dried round-bottom flask was charged with carbonate **6a-s** (0.07 mmol; 1.0 equiv) in dry degassed THF (3 mL) at room temperature. Then 5 mol% of Pd(PPh₃)₄ was added at same temperature and stirring was continued for 15 h. Upon completion of reaction (monitored by TLC), the reaction mixture was concentrated and purified by column chromatography using EtOAc and hexane mixture as eluent to afford the desired product (\pm)-**5a-r**.

Optimization of catalytic enantioselective decarboxylative allylations:



entry ^a .	Lig-and	solvent	temp.	time	% yield ^b	% ee ^c
1	L1	Et ₂ O	25 °C	13 h	92%	-07
2	L2	Et ₂ O	25 °C	12 h	89%	-08
3	L3	Et ₂ O	25 °C	14 h	90%	-09
4	L4	Et ₂ O	25 °C	14 h	88%	-15
5	L5	Et ₂ O	25 °C	13 h	90%	35
6	L6	Et ₂ O	25 °C	12 h	88%	39
7	L7	Et ₂ O	25 °C	12 h	90%	79%
8	L7	CH ₂ Cl ₂	25 °C	11 h	78%	42%
9	L7	(CH ₂ Cl) ₂	25 °C	13 h	72%	40%
10	L7	CHCl ₃	25 °C	13 h	75%	46%
11	L7	Xylene	25 °C	14 h	85%	60%
12	L7	MTBE	25 °C	12 h	91%	78%
13	L7	THF	25 °C	10 h	89%	79%
14	L7	Et ₂ O	25 °C	12 h	90%	81%
15	L7 ^d	Et ₂ O	25 °C	18 h	88%	79%
16	L7	Et ₂ O	0 °C to rt	12 h	91%	82%
17	L7	Et ₂ O	0 °C	13 h	92%	84%
18	L7	Et ₂ O	-10 °C	16 h	91%	85%
19	L7	Et ₂ O	-25 °C	18 h	91%	90%
20	L7	Et ₂ O	-40 °C	30 h	90%	85%
21	L7	PhMe	-10 °C	18 h	87%	82%
22	L7	PhMe	-25 °C	20 h	84%	87%
23	L7	PhMe	-40 °C	36 h	60%	82%

^areactions were carried out using 0.06 mmol of **6a-c** in 3.0 mL solvent under argon condition. ^bisolated yields. ^cee's were determined by using chiral HPLC. ^dreaction was carried out using 1.25 mol% of $Pd_2(dba)_3$.



General procedure for catalytic enantioselective decarboxylative allylations:

In an oven-dried round-bottom flask, Et₂O (1.5 mL) was degassed by using nitrogen balloon at room temperature over a period of 10 minutes. To this solution, 0.025 mol% of Pd₂(dba)₃ and 0.075 mol% of ligand were added and stirring was continued for 20 minutes to make the metal-complex mixture. After that reaction mixture was cooled to the -25 °C. In another vessel, carbonate (**6**) (0.06 mmol; 1.0 equiv) was dissolved in dry degassed (1.5 mL) of Et₂O. This solution was added drop-wise to metal-complex solution at -25 °C and stirring was continued for specified time. After complete consumption of starting material (monitored by TLC), the reaction mixture was concentrated and purified by column chromatography to afford the desired enantioenriched compound (*R/S*)-**5a-v**.



(*R*)-3-Allyl-3-(2-methoxyphenyl)-1-methylindolin-2-one [(+)-5a]: The compound (+)-5a was obtained as orange color gel (0.06 mmol scale of reaction; 16 mg of product; 91%). $R_f = 0.35$ (30% EtOAc in hexane).

¹**H NMR** (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.64 (d, J = 7.9 Hz, 1H), 7.53 (dd, J = 7.5, 1.9 Hz, 1H), 7.37 - 7.27 (m, 3H), 7.19 (td, J = 7.4, 6.8, 1.4 Hz, 1H), 7.09 (td, J = 7.4, 1.3 Hz, 1H), 7.04 (d, J = 8.3 Hz, 1H), 5.95 (ddt, J = 16.5, 10.6, 5.8 Hz, 1H), 5.41 (dt, J = 17.3, 1.5 Hz, 1H), 5.34 (dd, J = 10.5, 1.5 Hz, 1H), 4.76 (dd, J = 5.7, 1.4 Hz, 2H), 3.80 (s, 3H), 3.70 (s, 3H).

¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 157.0, 152.3, 139.2, 132.8, 131.4, 130.8, 128.1, 125.4, 121.8, 121.6, 120.8, 120.2, 120.2, 119.8, 111.3, 109.2, 99.1, 69.8, 55.5, 28.7.

IR (film) v_{max} 3042, 2946, 2845, 1713, 1620, 1449, 1312, 1290, 1230, 1220, 792, 583 cm⁻¹.

HRMS (ESI-TOF) m/z: $[M + Na]^+$ Calcd for $[C_{19}H_{19}NO_2 + Na]^+$ 316.1308; Found 316.1287.

Enantiomeric excess of pure compound was determined *via* HPLC analysis using a Chiralpak IB column; solvent: hexane/2-propanol = 90/10; flow rate: 1.0 mL/min; detection: at 254 nm): $t_{\rm R}$ major = 12.45 min. $t_{\rm R}$ minor = 17.38 min, $[\alpha]_{\rm D}^{25.0}$ = +60.5 (c = 0.26, CH₂Cl₂ for 90% ee).



tert-Butyl (*S*)-3-allyl-3-(4-methoxyphenyl)-2-oxoindoline-1-carboxylate [(–)-5a]: The compound (–)-5b was obtained as orange color gel (0.06 mmol scale of reaction; 20 mg of product; 87%). $R_f = 0.40$ (10% EtOAc in hexane).

¹**H NMR** (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.31 (td, J = 7.7, 1.3 Hz, 1H), 7.24 - 7.22 (m, 1H), 7.09 (td, J = 7.5, 1.0 Hz, 1H), 6.90 (d, J = 1.9 Hz, 1H), 6.87 (d, J = 7.8 Hz, 1H), 6.79 (dd, J = 8.2, 1.9 Hz, 1H), 6.70 (d, J = 8.2 Hz, 1H), 5.89 (q, J = 1.5 Hz, 2H), 5.37 (ddt, J = 17.1, 10.0, 7.1 Hz, 1H), 5.00 (dq, J = 17.0, 1.5 Hz, 1H), 4.92 - 4.89 (m, 1H), 3.18 (s, 3H), 3.00 - 2.90 (m, 2H).

¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 178.0, 147.9, 146.8, 143.7, 133.3, 132.4, 131.7, 128.3, 125.1, 122.5, 120.4, 119.2, 108.2, 108.0, 107.9, 101.1, 56.0, 42.0.
IR (film) v_{max} 3442, 2937, 2301, 2211, 1721, 1623, 1449, 1358, 1267, 1033, 1040, 816, 701, 589 cm⁻¹.

HRMS (ESI-TOF) $m/z [M + H]^+$ Calcd for $[C_{23}H_{26}NO_4]^+$ 380.1856; Found 380.1844.

Enantiomeric excess of pure compound was determined *via* HPLC analysis using a Chiralpak IC-3 column; solvent: hexane/2-propanol = 80/20; flow rate: 1.0 mL/min; detection: at 254 nm): $t_{\rm R}$ major = 4.99 min. $t_{\rm R}$ minor = 6.49 min, $[\alpha]_{\rm D}^{23.1} = -7.1$ (c = 0.31, CH₂Cl₂ for 35% ee).



tert-Butyl (*R*)-3-allyl-3-(2-methoxyphenyl)-2-oxoindoline-1-carboxylate [(+)-5c]: The compound (+)-5c was obtained as orange color gel (0.06 mmol scale of reaction; 21 mg of product; 91%). $R_f = 0.45$ (10% EtOAc in hexane).

¹**H NMR** (400 MHz CDCl₃) δ 7.81 (d, J = 8.1 Hz, 1H), 7.55 (dd, J = 7.7, 1.6 Hz, 1H), 7.23 (qd, J = 8.1, 1.5 Hz, 2H), 7.02 (tdd, J = 7.5, 4.4, 1.1 Hz, 2H), 6.83 (dd, J = 7.5, 1.4 Hz, 1H), 6.75 (dd, J = 8.1, 1.2 Hz, 1H), 5.40 (ddt, J = 17.2, 10.1, 7.1 Hz, 1H), 5.04 - 4.99 (m, 1H), 4.95 (dd, J = 10.2, 1.9 Hz, 1H), 3.43 (s, 3H), 3.04 - 2.97 (m, 2H), 1.65 (s, 9H).

¹³**C** NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 177.5, 156.8, 149.7, 140.2, 132.1, 131.0, 129.9, 128.9, 127.6, 127.1, 124.1, 122.6, 120.9, 119.9, 114.3, 112.3, 83.6, 55.7, 54.1, 41.5, 28.2.

IR (film) v_{max} 3332, 2857, 2321, 2191, 1720, 1643, 1429, 1308, 1247, 1103, 1000, 810, 721, 689 cm⁻¹.

HRMS (ESI-TOF) m/z: $[M + H]^+$ Calcd for $[C_{23}H_{26}NO_4]^+$ 380.1856; Found 380.1858.

Enantiomeric excess of pure compound was determined *via* HPLC analysis using a Chiralpak AD-H column; solvent: hexane/2-propanol = 97/3; flow rate: 1.0 mL/min; detection: at 254 nm): $t_{\rm R}$ minor = 11.55 min, $t_{\rm R}$ major = 14.89 min. [α]_D^{23.1} = +31.9 (c = 0.12, CH₂Cl₂ for 42% ee).



(*S*)-3-Allyl-3-(benzo[*d*][1,3]dioxol-5-yl)-1-methylindolin-2-one [(–)-5d]: The compound (–)-5d was obtained as orange color gel (0.06 mmol scale of reaction; 16 mg of product; 89%). $R_f = 0.30$ (30% EtOAc in hexane).

¹**H** NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.35 (td, J = 7.7, 1.3 Hz, 1H), 7.27 (dd, J = 7.5, 1.2 Hz, 1H), 7.14 (td, J = 7.5, 1.0 Hz, 1H), 6.94 (d, J = 2.0 Hz, 1H), 6.93 - 6.89 (m, 1H), 6.83 (dd, J = 8.2, 1.9 Hz, 1H), 6.74 (d, J = 8.2 Hz, 1H), 5.94 - 5.92 (m, 2H), 5.41 (dddd, J = 16.9, 10.2, 7.6, 6.7 Hz, 1H), 5.05 (dq, J = 17.1, 1.4 Hz, 1H), 4.94 (ddt, J = 10.0, 1.8, 0.9 Hz, 1H), 3.22 (s, 3H), 3.22 - 2.94 (m, 2H).

¹³C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 178.0, 147.9, 146.8, 143.7, 133.3, 132.4, 131.7, 128.3, 125.1, 122.5, 120.4, 119.2, 108.2, 108.0, 107.9, 101.1, 56.0, 42.1, 26.3.

IR (film) υ_{max} 3042, 2936, 2815, 1717, 1610, 1489, 1372, 1287, 1220, 1010, 742, 513 cm⁻¹.

HRMS (ESI-TOF) m/z: $[M + Na]^+$ Calcd for $[C_{19}H_{17}NO_3 + Na]^+$ 330.1101; Found 330.1087.

Enantiomeric excess of pure compound was determined *via* HPLC analysis using a Chiralpak AS-3 column; solvent: hexane/2-propanol = 60/40; flow rate: 1.0 mL/min; detection: at 254 nm): $t_{\rm R}$ minor = 5.03 min, $t_{\rm R}$ major = 5.87 min. [α]_D ^{25.0} = -83.5 (c = 0.26, CH₂Cl₂ for 90% ee).



(*S*)-3-Allyl-3-(4-methoxyphenyl)-1-methylindolin-2-one [(–)-5e]: The compound (–)-5e was obtained as orange color gel (0.06 mmol scale of reaction; 15 mg of product; 87%; $R_f = 0.30$ (30% EtOAc in hexane).

¹**H NMR** (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.34 -7.24 (m, 4H), 7.10 (td, *J* = 7.5, 1.1 Hz, 1H), 6.88 (d, *J* = 7.8 Hz, 1H), 6.85 - 6.81 (m, 2H), 5.40 (ddt, *J* = 17.1, 10.1, 7.1 Hz, 1H), 5.02 (dq, *J* = 17.0, 1.5 Hz, 1H), 4.91 (dd, *J* = 10.2, 1.9 Hz, 1H), 3.75 (s, 3H), 3.18 (s, 3H), 2.99 (d, *J* = 7.0 Hz, 2H).

¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 178.25, 158.82, 143.84, 132.56, 131.84, 131.55, 128.2 (two different chemical shift carbons), 125.15, 122.44, 119.08, 113.92, 108.22, 55.75, 55.25, 42.14, 26.33.

IR (film) υ_{max} 3042, 2936, 2815, 1717, 1610, 1489, 1372, 1287, 1220, 1010, 742, 513 cm⁻¹.

HRMS (ESI-TOF) m/z: $[M + Na]^+$ Calcd for $[C_{19}H_{19}NO_2 + Na]^+$ 316.1308; Found 316.1304.

Enantiomeric excess of pure compound was determined *via* HPLC analysis using a Chiralpak AS-3 column; solvent: hexane/2-propanol = 90/10; flow rate: 1.0 mL/min; detection: at 254 nm): $t_{\rm R}$ major = 5.80 min, minor $t_{\rm R}$ = 7.93 min. [α]_D ^{24.5} = -75.9 (c = 0.18, CH₂Cl₂ for 90% ee).



(*S*)-3-Allyl-3-(3-methoxyphenyl)-1-methylindolin-2-one [(–)-5f]: The compound (–)-5f was obtained as orange color gel (0.06 mmol scale of reaction; 18 mg of product; 96%). $R_f = 0.40$ (50% EtOAc in hexane).

¹**H NMR** (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.35 (td, J = 7.7, 1.2 Hz, 1H), 7.30 - 7.23 (m, 1H), 7.25 (t, J = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 7.13 (td, J = 7.6, 1.1 Hz, 1H), 7.01 - 6.98 (m, 2H), 6.91 (dt, J = 7.8, 0.8 Hz, 1H), 6.82 (ddd, J = 8.2, 2.6, 0.9 Hz, 1H), 5.46 - 5.38 (m, 1H), 5.06 (dq, J = 17.1, 1.5 Hz, 1H), 4.95 (ddt, J = 10.1, 1.9, 1.0 Hz, 1H), 3.79 (s, 3H), 3.23 (s, 3H), 3.05 - 3.03 (m, 2H).

¹³**C NMR** (125 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 177.8, 159.6, 143.8, 141.1, 132.4, 131.6, 129.4, 128.2, 125.2, 122.3, 119.5, 119.1, 113.5, 112.2, 108.2, 56.3, 55.2, 41.9, 26.4.

IR (film) v_{max} 3022, 2926, 2901, 1720, 1610, 1450, 1311, 1217, 1140, 1020, 722, 563 cm⁻¹.

HRMS (ESI-TOF) *m*/*z*: [M + H]⁺ Calcd for [C₁₉H₂₀NO₂]⁺ 294.1489; Found 294.1492.

Enantiomeric excess of pure compound was determined *via* HPLC analysis using a Chiralpak AD-H column; solvent: hexane/2-propanol = 70/30; flow rate: 1.0 mL/min;

detection: at 254 nm): $t_{\rm R}$ minor = 4.57 min, $t_{\rm R}$ major = 5.33 min. $[\alpha]_{\rm D}^{24.5} = -71.5$ (c = 0.16, CH₂Cl₂ for 84% ee).



(*R*)-3-Allyl-3-(2-methoxy-5-methylphenyl)-1-methylindolin-2-one [(+)-5g]: The compound (+)-5g was obtained as orange color gel (0.06 mmol scale of reaction; 18 mg of product; 96%). $R_f = 0.47$ (30% EtOAc in hexane).

¹**H** NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.62 (dt, J = 8.0, 1.0 Hz, 1H), 7.48 (d, J = 2.2 Hz, 1H), 7.36 - 7.28 (m, 3H), 7.18 (ddd, J = 8.1, 7.0, 1.2 Hz, 1H), 7.02 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 5.97 (ddt, J = 17.3, 10.6, 5.8 Hz, 1H), 5.43 (dt, J = 17.2, 1.4 Hz, 1H), 5.35 (dt, J = 10.5, 1.2 Hz, 1H), 4.77 (dt, J = 5.8, 1.4 Hz, 2H), 4.48 (s, 2H), 3.81 (s, 3H), 3.71 (s, 3H), 3.42 (s, 3H).

¹³**C NMR** (125 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 156.6, 152.2, 139.2, 132.8, 131.2, 130.7, 130.3, 127.8, 125.3, 121.8, 121.4, 120.2, 120.1, 119.8, 111.3, 109.1, 98.9, 74.4, 69.8, 57.7, 55.7, 28.7.

IR (film) v_{max} 3052, 2926, 2855, 1719, 1611, 1499, 1347, 1257, 1140, 1020, 752, 543 cm⁻¹.

HRMS ESI-TOF) m/z: $[M + H]^+$ Calcd for $[C_{20}H_{22}NO_2]^+$ 308.1645; Found 308.1651.

Enantiomeric excess of pure compound was determined *via* HPLC analysis using a Chiralpak AD-H column; solvent: hexane/2-propanol = 70/30; flow rate: 1.0 mL/min; detection: at 254 nm): $t_{\rm R}$ minor = 4.20 min, $t_{\rm R}$ major = 8.19 min. [α]_D ^{24.0} = +85.5 (c = 0.19, CH₂Cl₂ for 91% ee).



(*R*)-3-Allyl-3-(5-chloro-2-methoxyphenyl)-1-methylindolin-2-one [(+)-5h]: The compound (+)-5h was obtained as orange color gel (0.06 mmol scale of reaction; 18 mg of product; 94%). $R_f = 0.23$ (20% EtOAc in hexane).

¹**H NMR** (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.52 (d, *J* = 2.6 Hz, 1H), 7.24 - 7.18 (m, 2H), 6.95 (td, *J* = 7.5, 1.0 Hz, 1H), 6.86 (dd, *J* = 7.4, 1.3 Hz, 1H), 6.81 (d, *J* = 7.7 Hz, 1H), 6.66 (d, *J* = 8.7 Hz, 1H), 5.30 (ddt, *J* = 17.1, 10.1, 7.1 Hz, 1H), 5.02 - 4.97 (m, 1H), 4.89 (dd, *J* = 10.2, 2.0 Hz, 1H), 3.38 (s, 3H), 3.24 (s, 3H), 2.95 - 2.93 (m, 2H).

¹³**C NMR** (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 178.5, 155.8, 144.4, 132.5, 131.4, 131.1, 128.3, 127.9, 127.7, 125.9, 122.5, 122.3, 119.4, 113.4, 107.2, 56.2, 53.6, 40.5, 26.2.

IR (film) υ_{max} 3420, 2898, 2827, 2114, 1721, 1642, 1404, 1367, 1320, 1222, 1107, 1092, 1009, 956, 788, 690, 640 cm⁻¹.

HRMS (ESI-TOF) m/z: $[M + H]^+$ Calcd for $[C_{19}H_{19}CINO_2]^+$ 328.1099; Found 328.1108.

Enantiomeric excess of pure compound was determined *via* HPLC analysis using a Chiralpak AD-H column; solvent: hexane/2-propanol = 70/30; flow rate: 1.0 mL/min; detection: at 254 nm): $t_{\rm R}$ minor = 4.49 min, $t_{\rm R}$ major = 9.19 min. [α]_D ^{23.7} = +98.5 (c = 0.13, CH₂Cl₂ for 92% ee).



(*R*)-3-Allyl-3-(2,5-dimethoxyphenyl)-1-methylindolin-2-one [(+)-5i]: The compound (+)-5i was obtained as orange color gel (0.06 mmol scale of reaction; 18 mg of product; 92%). $R_f = 0.20$ (30% EtOAc in hexane).

¹**H NMR** (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.21 (td, J = 7.6, 1.5 Hz, 1H), 7.16 (d, J = 2.9 Hz, 1H), 6.94 - 6.86 (m, 2H), 6.80 (d, J = 7.7 Hz, 1H), 6.75 (dd, J = 8.8, 2.9 Hz, 1H), 6.68 (d, J = 8.8 Hz, 1H), 5.35 (ddt, J = 17.2, 10.1, 7.1 Hz, 1H), 4.99 (dq, J = 17.0, 1.5 Hz, 1H), 4.90 -4.87 (m, 1H), 3.80 (s, 3H), 3.32 (s, 3H), 3.25 (s, 3H), 2.98 - 2.92 (m, 2H).

¹³**C NMR** (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 179.1, 153.9, 151.5, 144.4, 133.1, 131.6, 131.2, 127.5, 122.6, 122.1, 119.1, 114.9, 113.7, 112.2, 107.1, 56.8, 55.8, 53.7, 40.5, 26.1.

IR (film) υ_{max} 3440, 2998, 2797, 2214, 1720, 1621, 1432, 1325, 1320, 1210, 1137, 1052, 1019, 920, 798, 670, 510 cm⁻¹.

HRMS (ESI-TOF) m/z: $[M + H]^+$ Calcd for $[C_{20}H_{22}NO_3]^+$ 324.1594; Found 324.1592.

Enantiomeric excess of pure compound was determined *via* HPLC analysis using a Chiralpak AD-H column; solvent: hexane/2-propanol = 70/30; flow rate: 1.0 mL/min; detection: at 254 nm): $t_{\rm R}$ minor = 5.58 min, $t_{\rm R}$ major = 14.91 min. [α]_D^{24.0} = +73.5 (c = 0.22, CH₂Cl₂ for 90% ee).



(*R*)-3-Allyl-3-(3-(*tert*-butyl)-2-methoxy-5-methylphenyl)-1-methylindolin-2-one [(+)-5j]: The compound (+)-5j was obtained as orange color solid (0.06 mmol scale of reaction; 20 mg of product; 92%). mp = 110-112 °C.

¹**H NMR** (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.32 (d, *J*=2.2 Hz, 1H), 7.26 (td, *J*=7.6, 1.4 Hz, 1H), 7.18 - 7.17 (m, 1H), 7.04 (dd, *J*=7.3, 1.4 Hz, 1H), 6.99 (td, *J*=7.4, 1.0 Hz, 1H), 6.85 (d, *J*=7.7 Hz, 1H), 5.38 - 5.30 (m, 1H), 4.97 (dq, *J*=17.0, 1.4 Hz, 1H), 4.90 (ddt, *J*=10.2, 2.0, 0.9 Hz, 1H), 3.31 (s, 3H), 3.02 - 2.98 (m, 1H), 2.94 - 2.89 (m, 1H), 2.80 (s, 3H), 2.39 (s, 3H), 1.34 (s, 9H).

¹³**C NMR** (125 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 178.8, 155.4, 144.3, 142.9, 135.0, 133.7, 132.4, 131.8, 129.2, 127.7, 126.9, 123.2, 122.1, 119.0, 107.3, 62.6, 53.9, 42.7, 35.4, 32.0, 26.1, 21.4.

IR (film) v_{max} 3337, 2920, 2106, 1717, 1638, 1405, 1480, 1308, 1224, 1164, 1094,1001, 931, 818, 748, 707, 603 cm⁻¹.

HRMS (ESI-TOF) m/z: $[M + H]^+$ Calcd for $[C_{24}H_{30}NO_2]^+$ 364.2271; Found 364.2263.

Enantiomeric excess of pure compound was determined *via* HPLC analysis using a Chiralpak ID-3 column; solvent: hexane/2-propanol = 80/20; flow rate: 1.0 mL/min; detection: at 254 nm): $t_{\rm R}$ major = 10.52 min. $t_{\rm R}$ minor = 11.55 min, $[\alpha]_{\rm D}^{26.6}$ = +26.0 (c = 0.05, CH₂Cl₂ for 64% ee).



(*R*)-3-Allyl-3-(2-(benzyloxy)-5-methylphenyl)-1-methylindolin-2-one [(+)-5k]: The compound (+)-5k was obtained as orange color gel (0.06 mmol scale of reaction; 21 mg of product; 90%). $R_f = 0.45$ (20% EtOAc in hexane).

¹**H NMR** (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.44 (d, J = 2.3 Hz, 1H), 7.31 - 7.26 (m, 3H), 7.21 (td, J = 7.7, 1.3 Hz, 1H), 7.07 - 7.05 (m, 1H), 6.99 (td, J = 7.4, 1.0 Hz, 1H), 6.91 - 6.88 (m, 3H), 6.74 (d, J = 8.2 Hz, 1H), 6.48 (d, J = 7.7 Hz, 1H), 5.31 (ddt, J = 17.2, 10.1, 7.1 Hz, 1H), 4.98 (dq, J = 17.0, 1.4 Hz, 1H), 4.88 - 4.85 (m, 1H), 4.69 (d, J = 10.6 Hz, 1H), 4.56 (d, J = 10.6 Hz, 1H), 3.03 - 2.96 (m, 2H), 2.60 (s, 3H), 2.40 (s, 3H).

¹³C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 178.9, 154.0, 144.3, 136.2, 133.2, 131.8, 129.7, 128.8, 128.6, 128.6, 128.5, 128.2, 127.8, 127.0, 122.3, 121.8, 118.9, 111.7, 107.6, 70.2, 53.6, 40.8, 25.2, 20.9.

IR (film) υ_{max} 3430, 2928, 2857, 2104, 1718, 1612, 1494, 1467, 1376, 1347, 1252, 1137, 1091, 1019, 916, 748, 696, 649 cm⁻¹.

HRMS (ESI-TOF) m/z: $[M + H]^+$ Calcd for $[C_{26}H_{26}NO_2]^+$ 384.1958; Found 384.1984.

Enantiomeric excess of pure compound was determined *via* HPLC analysis using a Chiralpak AD-H column; solvent: hexane/2-propanol = 60/40; flow rate: 1.0 mL/min; detection: at 254 nm): $t_{\rm R}$ minor = 8.62 min, $t_{\rm R}$ major = 11.87 min. [α]_D ^{22.0} = +43.5 (c = 0.13, CH₂Cl₂ for 85% ee).



(*R*)-3-Allyl-3-(5-(benzyloxy)-2-methoxyphenyl)-1-methylindolin-2-one [(+)-5l]: The compound (+)-5l was obtained as orange color gel (0.06 mmol scale of reaction; 22 mg of product; 92%). $R_f = 0.30$ (30% EtOAc in hexane).

¹**H NMR** (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.47 - 7.31 (m, 5H), 7.24 - 7.19 (m, 2H), 6.92 (td, *J* = 7.5, 1.0 Hz, 1H), 6.88 - 6.79 (m, 3H), 6.68 (d, *J* = 8.8 Hz, 1H), 5.33 (ddt, *J* = 17.2, 10.1, 7.1 Hz, 1H), 5.04 (s, 2H), 5.01 - 4.96 (m, 1H), 4.88 (dd, *J* = 10.2, 1.9 Hz, 1H), 3.33 (s, 3H), 3.25 (s, 3H), 2.99 - 2.90 (m, 2H).

¹³**C NMR** (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 179.1, 153.1, 151.67, 144.4, 137.2, 133.1, 131.6, 131.1, 128.6, 128.0, 127.6, 127.5, 122.6, 122.1, 119.1, 116.1, 113.6, 113.4, 107.1, 70.8, 56.7, 53.7, 40.5, 26.2.

IR (film) v_{max} 3434, 2100, 1713, 1640, 1494, 1470, 1375, 1348, 1283, 1225, 1070, 1021, 967, 916, 736, 697, 515 cm⁻¹.

HRMS (ESI-TOF) m/z: $[M + Na]^+$ Calcd for $[C_{26}H_{25}NO_3 + Na]^+$ 422.1727; Found 422.1724.

Enantiomeric excess of pure compound was determined *via* HPLC analysis using a Chiralpak AD-H column; solvent: hexane/2-propanol = 60/40; flow rate: 1.0 mL/min; detection: at 254 nm): $t_{\rm R}$ minor = 5.47 min, $t_{\rm R}$ major = 14.07 min. [α]_D^{21.8} = +85.7 (c = 0.21, CH₂Cl₂ for 93% ee).



(*R*)-3-Allyl-3-(2-((*tert*-butyldimethylsilyl)oxy)-5-methylphenyl)-1-methylindolin-2-

one [(+)-5m]: The compound (+)-5m was obtained as orange color gel (0.06 mmol scale of reaction; 24 mg of product; 96%).

¹**H NMR** (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ = 7.34 (d, *J* = 2.3 Hz, 1H), 7.17 (td, *J* = 7.5, 1.7 Hz, 1H), 6.93 - 6.86 (m, 3H), 6.75 (d, *J* = 7.7 Hz, 1H), 6.62 (d, *J* = 8.2 Hz, 1H), 5.24 (ddt, *J* = 17.2, 10.1, 7.1 Hz, 1H), 4.95 - 4.90 (m, 1H), 4.85 (dd, *J* = 10.1, 2.0 Hz, 1H), 3.19 (s, 3H), 2.92 (d, *J* = 7.1 Hz, 2H), 2.32 (s, 3H), 0.67 (s, 9H), -0.02 (s, 3H), -0.07 (s, 2H).

¹³**C NMR** (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ = 178.4, 151.4, 144.1, 133.5, 131.9, 129.2 (2C), 128.9, 128.5, 127.2, 122.5, 122.1, 118.8, 117.6, 107.3, 54.2, 42.1, 26.3, 20.9, 19.1, -3.6, -3.6.

IR (film) v_{max} 3437, 2960, 2116, 1717, 1628, 1495, 1422, 1318, 1204, 1104, 1084,1001, 996, 802, 772, 617, 603 cm⁻¹.

HRMS (ESI-TOF) m/z: $[M + Na]^+$ Calcd for $[C_{25}H_{33}NO_2Si + Na]^+$ 430.2173; Found 430.2160.

Enantiomeric excess of pure compound was determined *via* HPLC analysis using a Chiralpak IC-3 column; solvent: hexane/2-propanol = 75/25; flow rate: 1.0 mL/min; detection: at 254 nm): $t_{\rm R}$ minor = 6.81 min, $t_{\rm R}$ major = 7.86 min. [α]_D ^{23.7} = +13.0 (c = 0.35, CH₂Cl₂ for 82% ee).



(R)-3-Allyl-3-(5-(((*tert*-butyldimethylsilyl)oxy)methyl)-2-methoxyphenyl)-1-

methylindolin-2-one [(+)-5n]: The compound (+)-5n was obtained as orange color gel (0.06 mmol scale of reaction; 24 mg of product; 92%). $R_f = 0.40$ (10% EtOAc in hexane).

¹**H NMR** (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.52 (d, J = 2.2 Hz, 1H), 7.25 - 7.16 (m, 2H), 6.91 (t, J = 7.4 Hz, 1H), 6.85 (dd, J = 7.4, 1.3 Hz, 1H), 6.80 (d, J = 7.7 Hz, 1H), 6.71 (d, J = 8.3 Hz, 1H), 5.34 (ddt, J = 17.1, 10.0, 7.0 Hz, 1H), 4.98 (dd, J = 17.0, 1.9 Hz, 1H), 4.88 (dd, J = 10.1, 2.0 Hz, 1H), 4.73 (d, J = 1.7 Hz, 2H), 3.38 (s, 3H), 3.25 (s, 3H), 2.99 (d, J = 7.1 Hz, 2H), 0.95 (s, 9H), 0.11 (d, J = 2.2 Hz, 6H).

¹³**C NMR** (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 179.3, 156.2, 144.4, 133.7, 133.3, 131.7, 129.4, 127.4, 126.4, 125.7, 122.6, 122.1, 119.0, 112.2, 107.0, 64.9, 56.1, 53.8, 40.5, 26.1, 26.0, 18.4, -5.1.

IR (film) v_{max} 3152, 2916, 2825, 1730, 1601, 1429, 1387, 1277, 1110, 1090, 782, 563 cm⁻¹.

HRMS (ESI-TOF) m/z: $[M + Na]^+$ Calcd for $[C_{26}H_{35}NO_3Si + Na]^+$ 460.2278; Found 460.2279.

Enantiomeric excess of pure compound was determined *via* HPLC analysis using a Chiralpak IC-3 column; solvent: hexane/2-propanol = 85/15; flow rate: 1.0 mL/min; detection: at 254 nm): $t_{\rm R}$ major = 5.78 min. $t_{\rm R}$ minor = 7.36 min, $[\alpha]_{\rm D}$ ^{25.0} = +57.5 (c = 0.39, CH₂Cl₂ for 93% ee).



(*R*)-**3-Allyl-3-(2-methoxy-5-(methoxymethyl)phenyl)-1-methylindolin-2-one** [(+)-**5o**]: The compound (+)-**5o** was obtained as orange color gel (0.06 mmol scale of reaction; 19 mg of product; 93%). $R_f = 0.51$ (30% EtOAc in hexane).

¹**H NMR** (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.57 (d, *J* = 2.1 Hz, 1H), 7.29 - 7.22 (m, 2H), 6.95 (td, *J* = 7.4, 1.0 Hz, 1H), 6.90 (dd, *J* = 7.4, 1.3 Hz, 1H), 6.84 (dd, *J* = 7.8, 0.8 Hz, 1H), 6.76 (d, *J* = 8.3 Hz, 1H), 5.36 (ddt, *J* = 17.1, 10.1, 7.1, 1H), 5.02 (dq, *J* = 17.0, 1.4 Hz, 1H), 4.93 - 4.90 (m, 1H), 4.51 - 4.45 (m, 2H), 3.43 (d, *J* = 5.2 Hz, 6H), 3.29 (s, 3H), 3.05 - 3.04 (m, 2H).

¹³**C NMR** (125 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 179.2, 156.7, 144.4, 133.1, 131.6, 130.4, 129.7, 128.3, 127.4, 127.4, 122.6, 122.1, 119.1, 112.1, 107.0, 74.6, 58.0, 56.0, 53.7, 40.6, 26.1.

IR (film) v_{max} 3432, 2927, 2401, 2111, 1711, 1643, 1469, 1348, 1257, 1093, 1020, 916, 751, 602 cm⁻¹.

HRMS (ESI-TOF) m/z: $[M + H]^+$ Calcd for $[C_{21}H_{24}NO_3]^+$ 338.1751; Found 338.1777.

Enantiomeric excess of pure compound was determined *via* HPLC analysis using a Chiralpak AD-H column; solvent: hexane/2-propanol = 70/30; flow rate: 1.0 mL/min; detection: at 254 nm): $t_{\rm R}$ minor = 4.17 min, $t_{\rm R}$ major = 6.60 min. [α]_D ^{22.1} = +101.5 (c = 0.31, CH₂Cl₂ for 94% ee).



(*R*)-**3-Allyl-1-benzyl-3-(2-(benzyloxy)-5-methylphenyl)indolin-2-one** [(+)-**5**p]: The compound (+)-**5**p was obtained as orange color gel (0.06 mmol scale of reaction; 27 mg of product; 93%). $R_f = 0.30$ (10% EtOAc in hexane).

¹**H NMR** (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.47 (d, J = 2.2 Hz, 1H), 7.39 - 7.31 (m, 3H), 7.25 - 7.20 (m, 4H), 7.13 - 7.05 (m, 2H), 6.97 - 6.91 (m, 4H), 6.73 (d, J = 8.3 Hz, 1H), 6.41 (d, J = 7.8 Hz, 1H), 5.39 (ddt, J = 17.1, 10.2, 7.0 Hz, 1H), 5.09 - 5.06 (m, 1H), 4.93 - 4.90 (m, 2H), 4.65 (d, J = 11.0 Hz, 1H), 4.57 (d, J = 11.0 Hz, 1H), 3.37 (d, J = 15.8 Hz, 1H), 3.12 - 3.04 (m, 2H), 2.41 (s, 3H).

¹³C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 179.0, 152.0, 143.8, 136.7, 136.4, 133.3, 132.1, 129.7, 128.8, 128.8, 128.6, 128.5, 128.4, 128.3, 127.9, 127.6, 127.1, 126.9, 122.5, 121.9, 119.3, 111.8, 108.8, 70.0, 53.5, 43.4, 41.0, 20.9.

IR (film) v_{max} 3430, 2109, 1715, 1641, 1488, 1348, 1247, 1174, 1015, 917, 805, 746, 697 cm⁻¹.

HRMS (ESI-TOF) m/z: $[M + H]^+$ Calcd for $[C_{32}H_{30}NO_2]^+$ 460.2271; Found 460.2288.

Enantiomeric excess of pure compound was determined *via* HPLC analysis using a Chiralpak AD-H column; solvent: hexane/2-propanol = 60/40; flow rate: 1.0 mL/min; detection: at 254 nm): $t_{\rm R}$ minor = 8.62 min, $t_{\rm R}$ major = 11.87 min. [α]_D ^{22.1} = +111.9 (c = 0.34, CH₂Cl₂ for 85% ee).



(*R*)-1,3-Diallyl-3-(2-methoxy-5-methylphenyl)indolin-2-one [(+)-5q]: The compound (+)-5q was obtained as orange color gel (0.06 mmol scale of reaction; 18 mg of product; 90%). $R_f = 0.40$ (20% EtOAc in hexane).

¹**H NMR** (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.41 (d, J = 2.1 Hz, 1H), 7.21 (td, J = 7.5, 1.7 Hz, 1H), 7.07 (dd, J = 8.2, 2.1 Hz, 1H), 6.98 – 6.91 (m, 2H), 6.86 (d, J = 7.7 Hz, 1H), 6.70 (d, J = 8.2 Hz, 1H), 6.01 – 5.83 (m, 1H), 5.44 – 5.36 (m, 2H), 5.29 (dq, J = 10.1, 1.5 Hz, 1H), 5.07 – 5.02 (m, 1H), 4.96 – 4.92 (m, 1H), 4.50 (ddt, J = 16.0, 5.5, 1.7 Hz, 1H), 4.36 (ddt, J = 16.1, 5.7, 1.7 Hz, 1H), 3.39 (s, 3H), 3.04 (d, J = 7.2 Hz, 2H), 2.39 (s, 9H).

¹³**C NMR** (125 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 178.8, 155.1, 143.6, 133.4, 132.5, 131.8, 130.0, 129.3, 128.9, 128.3, 127.2, 122.6, 122.0, 119.2, 117.6, 112.5, 108.0, 55.9, 53.6, 42.7, 40.8, 20.9.

IR (film) v_{max} 3310, 2219, 1719, 1602, 1448, 1322, 1208, 1107, 1021, 940, 850, 716, 607 cm⁻¹.

HRMS (ESI-TOF) m/z: $[M + H]^+$ Calcd for $[C_{22}H_{24}NO_2]^+$ 334.1802; Found 334.1810.

Enantiomeric excess of pure compound was determined *via* HPLC analysis using a Chiralpak AD-H column; solvent: hexane/2-propanol = 70/30; flow rate: 1.0 mL/min; detection: at 254 nm): $t_{\rm R}$ minor = 4.45 min, $t_{\rm R}$ major = 9.93 min. [α]_D ^{24.3} = +69.0 (c = 0.39, CH₂Cl₂ for 90% ee).



(*R*)-1,3-Diallyl-3-(2-(benzyloxy)-5-methylphenyl)indolin-2-one [(+)-5r]: The compound (+)-5r was obtained as orange color gel (0.06 mmol scale of reaction; 22 mg of product; 87%). $R_f = 0.50$ (20% EtOAc in hexane).

¹**H NMR** (500 MHz, CDCl₃) $\delta = 7.44$ (d, J = 2.1 Hz, 1H), 7.30 - 7.29 (m, 1H), 7.28 - 7.25 (m, 2H), 7.18 (td, J = 7.6, 1.4 Hz, 1H), 7.04 (ddd, J = 8.1, 2.2, 0.8 Hz, 1H), 6.97 (td, J = 7.5, 1.0 Hz, 1H), 6.91 (ddd, J = 7.4, 1.4, 0.6 Hz, 1H), 6.87 - 6.85 (m, 2H), 6.71 (d, J = 8.2 Hz, 1H), 6.55 (dt, J = 7.8, 0.8 Hz, 1H), 5.60 (dddd, J = 17.3, 10.3, 6.3, 4.8 Hz, 1H), 5.40 - 5.32 (m, 1H), 5.16 (dq, J = 17.2, 1.6 Hz, 1H), 5.08 (dq, J = 10.3, 1.5 Hz, 1H), 5.00 - 4.99 (m, 1H), 4.90 (ddd, J = 10.0, 1.9, 0.9 Hz, 1H), 4.70 (d, J = 11.1 Hz, 1H), 4.58 (d, J = 11.1 Hz, 1H), 4.29 (ddt, J = 16.2, 4.8, 1.9 Hz, 1H), 3.13 (ddt, J = 16.3, 6.3, 1.5 Hz, 1H), 3.04 - 3.01 (m, 2H), 2.39 (s, 3H).

¹³**C NMR** (125 MHz, CDCl₃) δ = 178.5, 153.9, 143.7, 136.3, 133.3, 132.5, 131.9, 129.7, 128.8, 128.6, 128.6, 128.3, 128.3, 127.8, 126.9, 122.4, 121.8, 119.2, 117.1, 111.8, 108.6, 70.0, 53.5, 42.0, 41.0, 20.9.

IR (film) v_{max} 3420, 2119, 1721, 1622, 1418, 1352, 1278, 1137, 1091, 949, 800, 706, 617 cm⁻¹.

HRMS (ESI-TOF) m/z: $[M + Na]^+$ Calcd for $[C_{28}H_{27}NO_2 + Na]^+$ 432.1934; Found 432.1943.

Enantiomeric excess of pure compound was determined *via* HPLC analysis using a Chiralpak AD-H column; solvent: hexane/2-propanol = 70/30; flow rate: 1.0 mL/min;

detection: at 254 nm): $t_{\rm R}$ minor = 7.78 min, $t_{\rm R}$ major = 22.76 min. $[\alpha]_{\rm D}^{23.3}$ = +66.0 (c = 0.05, CH₂Cl₂ for 84% ee).



(**R**)-3-Allyl-5-bromo-3-(2-methoxy-5-methylphenyl)-1-methylindolin-2-one [(+)-5s]: The compound (+)-5s was obtained as colorless gel (0.05 mmol scale of reaction; 15 mg of product; 81% yield). $R_f = 0.40$ (30% EtOAc in hexane).

¹**H** NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ = 7.38 (d, *J* = 2.1, 1H), 7.24 (td, *J* = 7.6, 1.4, 1H), 7.08 – 7.04 (m, 1H), 6.99 – 6.89 (m, 1H), 6.84 (d, *J* = 7.8, 1H), 6.69 (d, *J* = 8.2, 1H), 5.36 (ddt, *J* = 17.2, 10.1, 7.1, 1H), 5.08 – 4.96 (m, 1H), 4.91 (ddt, *J* = 10.2, 2.0, 1.0, 1H), 3.39 (s, 3H), 3.29 (s, 3H), 3.02 (dt, *J*=7.2, 1.2, 2H), 2.38 (s, 3H).

¹³**C NMR** (125 MHz, CDCl₃) δ = 179.4, 155.1, 144.4, 133.4, 131.7, 130.0, 129.4, 128.9, 128.3, 127.4, 122.6, 122.1, 119.0, 112.5, 107.0, 56.2, 53.8, 40.5, 26.2, 20.9.

IR (film) 2803, 2729, 1690, 1611, 1236, 1102, 999, 768, 519 cm⁻¹.

HRMS (ESI) $m/z [M + H]^+$ Calcd for $[C_{20}H_{20}BrNO_2 + H]^+$ 386.0750; Found 386.0741.

Enantiomeric excess of pure compound was determined via HPLC analysis using a Chiralpak IB column; solvent: hexane/2-propanol = 90/10; flow rate: 1.0 mL/min; detection: at 273 nm: ${}^{t}R$ minor = 9.03 min, ${}^{t}R$ major = 6.30 min. [α]_D ${}^{22.6}$ = +60.0 (c = 0.1, CHCl₃ for 92% ee).



(**R**)-3-Allyl-5-chloro-3-(2-methoxy-5-methylphenyl)-1-methylindolin-2-one [(+)-5t]: The compound (+)-5t was obtained as colorless gel (0.052 mmol scale of reaction; 16 mg of product; 91%). $R_f = 0.45$ (30% EtOAc in hexane).

¹**H NMR** (500 MHz, CDCl₃) $\delta = 7.38 - 7.33$ (m, 1H), 7.21 (dd, J = 8.2, 2.1, 1H), 7.08 (ddd, J = 8.3, 2.2, 0.9, 1H), 6.95 (dd, J = 64.0, 2.0, 1H), 6.78 - 6.67 (m, 2H), 5.35 (ddt, J = 15.6, 10.1, 7.3, 1H), 5.04 (ddd, J = 17.1, 2.0, 1.1, 1H), 4.94 (ddt, J = 10.1, 1.9, 0.9, 1H), 3.42 (s, 3H), 3.27 (d, J = 3.0, 3H), 3.09 - 2.93 (m, 2H), 2.38 (s, 3H).

¹³**C NMR** (125 MHz, CDCl₃) δ = 178.9, 154.9, 143.0, 135.1, 131.2, 130.2, 129.2, 128.5, 128.2, 127.4, 127.3, 123.1, 119.5, 112.2, 107.9, 56.0, 53.9, 40.4, 26.3, 20.9.

IR (film) 2799, 2614, 1601, 1526, 1165, 1098, 973, 842, 416 cm⁻¹.

HRMS (ESI) $m/z [M + H]^+$ Calcd for $[C_{20}H_{20}CINO_2 + H]^+$ 342.1255; Found 342.1252.

Enantiomeric excess of pure compound was determined via HPLC analysis using a Chiralpak IB column; solvent: hexane/2-propanol = 90/10; flow rate: 1.0 mL/min; detection: at 254 nm): 'R minor = 8.63 min, 'R major = 6.38 min. $[\alpha]_D$ ^{22.0} = +174.1 (c = 0.1, CHCl₃ for 92% ee).



(*R*)-3-Allyl-5-methoxy-3-(2-methoxy-5-methylphenyl)-1-methylindolin-2-one [(+)-5u]: The compound (+)-5u was obtained as yellowish gel (0.04 mmol scale of reaction; 10 mg of product; 76% yield). $R_f = 0.25$ (30% EtOAc in hexane).

¹**H** NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.41 – 7.31 (m, 1H), 7.09 – 6.98 (m, 1H), 6.80 – 6.71 (m, 2H), 6.68 (d, *J* = 8.2, 1H), 6.54 (d, *J* = 2.3, 1H), 5.36 (ddt, *J* = 17.1, 10.1, 7.1, 1H), 5.03 (dd, *J* = 16.7, 2.1, 1H), 4.96 – 4.87 (m, 1H), 3.73 (s, 3H), 3.42 (s, 3H), 3.26 (s, 3H), 3.00 (d, *J* = 7.1, 2H), 2.37 (s, 3H).

¹³C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 179.0, 155.7, 155.1, 138.1, 134.8, 131.8, 130.0, 129.3, 128.9, 128.3, 119.0, 112.5, 111.4, 110.3, 107.2, 56.2, 55.7, 54.2, 40.6, 26.3, 20.9.

IR (film) 2402, 2326, 1546, 1469, 1191, 1126, 984, 823, 559 cm⁻¹.

HRMS (ESI) $m/z [M + H]^+$ Calcd for $[C_{21}H_{23}NO_3 + H]^+$ 338.1751; Found 338.1734.

Enantiomeric excess of pure compound was determined via HPLC analysis using a Chiralpak IB column; solvent: hexane/2-propanol = 90/10; flow rate: 1.0 mL/min; detection: at 254 nm): ^{*t*}R minor = 10.62 min, ^{*t*}R major = 7.59 min. $[\alpha]_D$ ^{22.1} = +162.4 (*c* = 0.1, CHCl₃ for 84% ee).



(*R*)-3-Allyl-7-bromo-3-(2-methoxy-5-methylphenyl)-1-methylindolin-2-one [(–)-5v]: The compound (–)-5v was obtained as yellow liquid (0.023 mmol scale of reaction; 7 mg of product; 83% yield). $R_f = 0.20$ (30% EtOAc in hexane).

¹**H** NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.43 – 7.32 (m, 2H), 7.07 (dd, J = 8.2, 2.1, 1H), 6.84 – 6.75 (m, 2H), 6.69 (d, J = 8.2, 1H), 5.59 – 5.28 (m, 1H), 5.13 – 4.86 (m, 2H), 3.66 (s, 3H), 3.45 (s, 3H), 3.08 – 2.90 (m, 2H), 2.38 (s, 3H).

¹³C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 179.5, 155.1, 144.4, 131.7, 130.0, 129.4, 128.9, 128.3, 127.4, 122.6, 122.1, 119.0, 112.5, 107.0, 100.0, 56.2, 53.8, 53.4, 40.5, 26.2.

IR (film) 2699, 2601, 1524, 1496, 1191, 1063, 911, 519 cm⁻¹.

HRMS (ESI) $m/z [M + H]^+$ Calcd for $[C_{20}H_{20}BrNO_2 + H]^+$ 386.0750; Found 386.0739.

Enantiomeric excess of pure compound was determined via HPLC analysis using a Chiralpak IB column; solvent: hexane/2-propanol = 90/10; flow rate: 1.0 mL/min; detection: at 273 nm): ^{*t*}R minor = 5.17 min, ^{*t*}R major = 4.40 min. $[\alpha]_D^{22.4} = -119.6$ (c = 0.1, CHCl₃ for 90% ee).

Procedure for catalytic enantioselective decarboxylative allylation of 6w: In an ovendried round-bottom flask, Et₂O (1.5 mL) was degassed by using nitrogen balloon at room temperature over a period of 10 minutes. 0.025 mol% of Pd₂(dba)₃ and 0.075 mol% of ligand were added to it and stirring was continued for 20 minutes to make the complex mixture. After that reaction mixture was cooled to the -25 °C. In another vessel (1:1) mixture of carbonate (**6w**) (0.06 mmol; 1.0 equiv) were dissolved in dry degassed (1.5 mL) of Et₂O, then the resulting solution was added drop-wise to the complex solution and stirring was continued for specified time at -25 °C. After complete consumption of starting material (monitored by TLC) the reaction mixture was concentrated and purified by column chromatography to afford the desired enantioenriched mixture of compounds **8a** and **8b**. Further this mixture was reacted with TBSCI (4.0 equiv.) in presence of imidazole (8.0 equiv.) to afford compounds **8a** and **5m**.



Compounds (*R*)-**8a** and (*R*)-**8b** are inseparable mixture in column chromatography, we have separated these two compounds in HPLC and we have observed 3:1 ratio of the peaks in the HPLC chromatogram; Enantiomeric excess of pure compound was determined *via* HPLC analysis using a Chiralpak ID-3 column; solvent: hexane/2-propanol = 60/40; flow rate: 1.0 mL/min; detection: at 254 nm). For minor compound t_{R1} minor = 5.38 min, t_R major = 5.72 min. (94% ee). For major compound t_{R1} minor = 6.90 min, t_R major = 11.04 min. (85% ee). These two compounds were separated by after TBSCl reaction and provided individual data for the same.



(*R*)-**3-Allyl-3-(2-(allyloxy)-5-methylphenyl)-1-methylindolin- 2-one** [(+)-**8a**]: The compound (+)-**8a** was obtained as orange color gel (0.06 mmol scale of reaction; 14 mg of product; 71%). $R_f = 0.35$ (20% EtOAc in hexane).

¹**H NMR** (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.40 (d, J = 2.0 Hz, 1H), 7.23 (t, J = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 7.04 (dt, J = 8.3, 1.4 Hz, 1H), 6.95 (t, J = 7.4 Hz, 1H), 6.89 (d, J = 7.2 Hz, 1H), 6.80 (d, J = 7.7 Hz, 1H), 6.65 (d, J = 8.2 Hz, 1H), 5.51 - 5.40 (m, 1H), 5.38 - 5.30 (m, 1H), 5.09 - 4.93 (m, 3H), 5.06 - 4.98 (m, 1H), 4.20 (dd, J = 12.0, 6.1 Hz, 1H), 4.01 (dd, J = 12.1, 5.5 Hz, 1H), 3.22 (s, 3H), 3.01 (d, J = 7.2 Hz, 2H), 2.38 (s, 3H).

¹³**C NMR** (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 179.1, 153.9, 144.6, 133.5, 133.2, 131.8, 129.9, 129.2, 128.8, 128.5, 127.3, 122.5, 122.0, 119.0, 117.6, 112.8, 107.1, 69.5, 53.7, 40.7, 26.1, 20.9.

IR (film) v_{max} 3430, 2219, 1718, 1662, 1430, 1362, 1208, 1147, 1021, 920, 820, 713, 610 cm⁻¹.

HRMS (ESI-TOF) m/z: $[M + Na]^+$ Calcd for $[C_{22}H_{23}NO_2 + Na]^+$ 356.1621; Found 356.1650.

Enantiomeric excess of pure compound was determined *via* HPLC analysis using a Chiralpak ID-3 column; solvent: hexane/2-propanol = 70/30; flow rate: 1.0 mL/min; detection: at 254 nm): $t_{\rm R}$ minor = 6.00 min, $t_{\rm R}$ major = 9.68 min. [α]_D ^{22.0} = +33.0 (c = 0.13, MeOH for 85% ee).



(*R*)-3-Allyl-3-(2-((*tert*-butyldimethylsilyl)oxy)-5-methylphenyl)-1-methylindolin-2one [(+)-5m]: The compound (+)-5m was obtained as orange color gel (0.06 mmol scale of reaction; 5 mg of product; 22% yield.

¹**H NMR** (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.34 (d, *J* = 2.3 Hz, 1H), 7.17 (td, *J* = 7.5, 1.7 Hz, 1H), 6.93 - 6.86 (m, 3H), 6.75 (d, *J* = 7.7 Hz, 1H), 6.62 (d, *J* = 8.2 Hz, 1H), 5.24 (ddt, *J* = 17.2, 10.1, 7.1 Hz, 1H), 4.95 - 4.90 (m, 1H), 4.85 (dd, *J* = 10.1, 2.0 Hz, 1H), 3.19 (s, 3H), 2.92 (d, *J* = 7.1 Hz, 2H), 2.32 (s, 3H), 0.67 (s, 9H), -0.02 (s, 3H), -0.07 (s, 2H).

¹³**C NMR** (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 178.4, 151.4, 144.1, 133.5, 131.9, 129.2 (2C), 128.9, 128.5, 127.2, 122.5, 122.1, 118.8, 117.6, 107.3, 54.2, 42.1, 26.3, 20.9, 19.1, -3.6, -3.6.

IR (film) v_{max} 3437, 2960, 2116, 1717, 1628, 1495, 1422, 1318, 1204, 1104, 1084,1001, 996, 802, 772, 617, 603 cm⁻¹.

HRMS (ESI-TOF) m/z: $[M + Na]^+$ Calcd for $[C_{25}H_{33}NO_2Si + Na]^+$ 430.2173; Found 430.2160.

Enantiomeric excess of pure compound was determined *via* HPLC analysis using a Chiralpak IC-3 column; solvent: hexane/2-propanol = 75/25; flow rate: 1.0 mL/min; detection: at 254 nm): $t_{\rm R}$ minor = 6.67 min, $t_{\rm R}$ major = 7.36 min. [α]_D ^{24.0} = +18.0 (c = 0.28, CH₂Cl₂ for 94% ee).

Synthetic procedure for compound (+)-13:



In an oven dried round-bottom flask, compound (+)-**5q** (100 mg; 0.28 mmol; 1.0 equiv) was taken in dry dichloromethane under nitrogen atmosphere. After cooling the reaction mixture at 0 °C, boran tribromide (53 μ L); 0.56 mmol; 2.0 equiv.) was added stirring was continued to room temperature for 6 h. After completion of the reaction (judged by TLC analysis under UV and I₂ stain), diluted with EtOAc (20 mL) and quenched with H₂O. Then the organic layer was separated, dried with Na₂SO₄. The crude mixture was purified by column chromatography using EtOAc and hexane mixture as eluent to afford the desired product (+)-**13**.



(*R*)-1,3-diallyl-3-(2-hydroxy-5-methylphenyl)indolin-2-one [(+)-13]: The compound (+)-13 was obtained as orange color gel (0.28 mmol scale of reaction; 93 mg of product; 96%). $R_f = 0.50$ (20% EtOAc in hexane).

¹**H NMR** (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 10.31 (s, 1H), 7.41 (d, J = 7.4 Hz, 1H), 7.35 (td, J = 7.7, 1.3 Hz, 1H), 7.24 (dd, J = 8.7, 6.4 Hz, 1H), 6.99 (dd, J = 8.1, 2.1 Hz, 1H), 6.94 - 6.91 (m, 2H), 6.80 (d, J = 2.1 Hz, 1H), 5.78 (ddt, J = 17.4, 10.3, 5.2 Hz, 1H), 5.29 - 5.16 (m, 3H), 5.04 - 4.99 (m, 1H), 4.91 (dd, J = 10.0, 1.9 Hz, 1H), 4.55 - 4.33 (m, 1H), 4.24 (ddt, J = 16.3, 5.3, 1.7 Hz, 1H), 3.47 (dd, J = 13.7, 8.3 Hz, 1H), 2.93 (dd, J = 13.7, 6.3 Hz, 1H), 2.14 (s, 3H).

¹³**C NMR** (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 180.8, 154.6, 142.3, 132.0, 130.7, 130.0, 129.9, 129.1, 128.7, 128.5, 126.6, 123.5, 123.0, 120.1, 119.7, 117.9, 109.9, 57.8, 42.7, 39.4, 20.6.

IR (film) υ_{max} 3427, 2860, 2216, 1725, 1630, 1425, 1420, 1398, 1264, 1114, 1034,1001, 946, 856, 788, 714, 714, 653 cm⁻¹.

HRMS (ESI-TOF) m/z: $[M + Na]^+$ Calcd for $[C_{21}H_{21}NO_2 + Na]^+$ 342.1465; Found 338.1481.

Enantiomeric excess of pure compound was determined *via* HPLC analysis using a Chiralpak IC-3 column; solvent: hexane/2-propanol = 70/30; flow rate: 1.0 mL/min; detection: at 254 nm): $t_{\rm R}$ major = 4.37 min. $t_{\rm R}$ minor = 6.72 min, $[\alpha]_{\rm D}^{22.4}$ = +427.0 (c = 0.047, MeOH for 90% ee).

Synthetic procedure for compound (+)-12a:



In an oven-dried round-bottom flask was charged with (+)-13 (50 mg; 0.20 mmol; 1.0 equiv) was taken in tetrahydrofuran under nitrogen atmosphere. To this solution LiAlH₄ (16 mg; 0.40 mmol; 2.0 equiv.) was added at RT, stirring was continued at 65 °C for 3 h. After completion of the reaction (Judged by TLC analysis under UV and I₂ stain), quenched with EtOAc (15 mL) and diluted with water. Then the organic layer was separated, dried with Na₂SO₄. The crude mixture was purified by column chromatography using EtOAc and hexane mixture as eluent to afford the desired product (+)-12a.



(*R*)-6,10b-Diallyl-2-methyl-5a,10b-dihydro-6*H*-benzofuro[2,3-*b*]indole [(+)-12a]: The compound (+)-12a was obtained as orange color gel (0.20 mmol scale of reaction; 38 mg of product; 62%). $R_f = 0.72$ (5% EtOAc in hexane).

¹**H NMR** (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.24 - 7.21 (m, 1H), 7.10 (d, J = 1.7 Hz, 1H), 7.05 (t, J = 7.7 Hz, 1H), 6.87 (dd, J = 8.2, 1.8 Hz, 1H), 6.71 (t, J = 7.3 Hz, 1H), 6.66 (d, J = 8.1 Hz, 1H), 6.42 (d, J = 7.8 Hz, 1H), 6.01 (s, 1H), 5.90 (ddt, J = 16.0, 10.5, 5.3 Hz, 1H), 5.53 (ddt, J = 17.2, 10.1, 7.1 Hz, 1H), 5.28 (dd, J = 17.1, 1.9 Hz, 1H), 5.19 (dd, J = 10.4, 1.7 Hz, 1H), 5.16 - 5.02 (m, 2H), 4.03 - 4.01 (m, 2H), 2.80 (d, J = 7.3 Hz, 2H), 2.27 (s, 3H).

¹³**C NMR** (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 156.6, 148.4, 133.4, 133.3, 132.1, 131.5, 130.2, 128.7, 128.1, 123.5, 122.3, 118.6, 118.2, 117.1, 109.4, 106.4, 105.3, 58.4, 47.8, 41.7, 20.9.

IR (film) v_{max} 3337, 2960, 2816, 2101, 1680, 1465, 1410, 1378, 1204, 1110, 1074,1021, 906, 7996 708, 650 cm⁻¹.

HRMS (ESI-TOF) m/z: $[M + H]^+$ Calcd for $[C_{21}H_{22}NO]^+$ 304.1696; Found 304.1717.

Enantiomeric excess of pure compound was determined *via* HPLC analysis using a Chiralpak AD-H column; solvent: hexane/2-propanol = 95/05; flow rate: 1.0 mL/min; detection: at 254 nm): $t_{\rm R}$ major = 4.37 min. $t_{\rm R}$ minor = 5.34 min, $[\alpha]_{\rm D}^{24.2}$ = +63.6 (c = 0.13, MeOH for 90% ee).

Spectral graphs and HPLC data





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 ^{13}C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl₃) of compound **6b**







Scanned copy of mass spectrum of 6d





Display Report Analysis Info Acquisition Date 5/7/2018 12:52:34 PM D:\Data\NEW USER DATA 2017\2018\May-2018\07-05-2018\Dr A Bisai-KNB-04-089_1-C,7_01_1601.d Analysis Name Method hrlcms-20 sept.m Operator RUCHI Dr A Bisai-KNB-04-089 Sample Name Instrument micrOTOF-Q II 10330 Comment **Acquisition Parameter** Source Type Focus Positive 4500 V Set Nebulizer Set Dry Heater Set Dry Gas Set Divert Valve ESI Active Ion Polarity Set Capillary Set End Plate Offset 1.2 Bar 200 °C Scan Begin Scan End 50 m/z 3000 m/z -500 V 7.0 l/min Set Collision Cell RF 130.0 Vpp Waste Intens Dr A Bisai-KNB-04-089_1-C,7_01_1601.d: TIC +All MS x10⁶ OMe 4 2 Intens Dr A Bisai-KNB-04-089_1-C,7_01_1601.d: UV Chromatogram, 200-400 nm [mAU] x105 n Me 2 0 5 Time [min] Ż З 4 200 220 240 260 **280** 300 320 340 360 Wavelength [nm] Intens. UV, 2.6-2.7min #(1519-1601), [mAU] 100 50-Intens. +MS, 2.6-2.7min #(154-161) x104 332.1278 0.8-0.6 0.4 327.1017 338,1373 0.2 0.0 335.0 320.0 322.5 325.0 327.5 330.0 332.5 337.5 340.0 342.5 m/z Intens. +MS, 2.6-2.7min #(154-161) 338.1373 2000-1000 339.1373 340,1395 C20H19NO4, M+nH, 338.14 2500 338.1387 2000 1500 1000 339.1420 500 340.1454 0 338.5 340.0 337.5 338.0 339.5 340.5 339.0 341.0 m/z Bruker Compass DataAnalysis 4.0 printed: 5/7/2018 2:19:19 PM Page 1 of 1

Scanned copy of mass spectrum of 6e



¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) of compound **6f**



Scanned copy of mass spectrum of 6f




Scanned copy of mass spectrum of 6b





Scanned copy of mass spectrum of 6c



¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) of compound **6g**



Scanned copy of mass spectrum of 6g





Scanned copy of mass spectrum of 6h







Scanned copy of mass spectrum of 6i



¹³C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl₃) of compound 6j



Scanned copy of mass spectrum of 6j



¹³C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl₃) of compound 6k



Scanned copy of mass spectrum of 6k



¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) of compound **6**l



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Scanned copy of mass spectrum of 6p





Scanned copy of mass spectrum of 6q



¹³C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl₃) of compound 6r



Scanned copy of mass spectrum of 6r



Display Report

Analysis Info

Acquisition Date 6/10/2019 10:19:02 AM D:\Data\NEW USER DATA 2017\2019\JUNE\10 june\Dr A Bisai-AM-03-10_1-A,3_01_6852.d

Analysis Name Method Sample Name Comment

1500

500

0

430

hricms-20 sept.m

Dr A Bisai-AM-03-10

ui-AM-03-10_1-A,3_01_6852.d Operator RUCHI

Instrument

RUCHI micrOTOF-Q II 10330



432

Scanned copy of mass spectrum of 6s

431.0682

431

433.0662

433

434.0695

435

m/z

434







Display Report

Analysis Info Analysis Name

Acquisition Date 6/10/2019 12:07:05 PM D:\Data\NEW USER DATA 2017\2019\JUNE\10 june\Dr A Bisai-AM-03-15_1-B,5_01_6867.d

Method hricms-20 sept.m Operator RUCHI Dr A Bisai-AM-03-15 micrOTOF-Q II 10330 Sample Name Instrument Comment Acquisition Parameter Source Type Ion Polarity ESI Positive Set Nebulizer 1.2 Bar Active 50 m/z Set Capillary Set End Plate Offset Set Dry Heater Set Dry Gas 200 °C 7.0 / min Focus 4500 V Scan Begin -500 V Scan End 3000 m/z Set Collision Cell RF 130.0 Vpp Set Divert Valve Waste Intens Me Dr A Bisai-AM-03-15_1-B,5_01_6867.d: TIC +All MS x106 MeO 4 2 Dr A Bisai-AM-03-15 1-B,5 01 6867.d: UV Chromatogram, 200-400 nm Intens [mAU] x104 O 2 2 3 Time [min] d 200 220 300 340 240 260 280 320 360 Wavelength [nm] UV, 3.9-4.2min #(2301-2466). Intens. [mAU] 100 50 Intens. +MS, 3.9-4.2min #(233-248) x105 382.1647 338.1742 6 297.1351 4 176.0698 404.1483 2 210.0395 0 100 200 250 350 500 m/z 50 150 300 400 450 Intens. x10⁵ +MS, 3.9-4.2min #(233-248) 382.1647 6 383.1690 2 384.1725 0 C22H23NO5, M+nH, 382.17 382.1649 2000 1500 1000 383.1682 500 384.1716 0 383.5 381.5 382.0 382.5 383.0 384.5 384.0 m/z











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 ^{13}C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) of compound (±)-13e



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 ^{13}C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) of compound 6w



Scanned copy of mass spectrum of 6w



Display Report



Sample Name

hrlcms-20 sept.m

Dr A Bisai-KNB-05-093-R

Method

Comment

Acquisition Date 7/6/2018 12:26:18 PM D:\Data\NEW USER DATA 2017\2018\JULY-2018\06-07-2018\Dr A Bisai-KNB-05-093-R_1-A,8_01_2591.d RUCHI Operator

Instrument micrOTOF-Q II 10330





Scanned copy of mass spectrum of 9a







Scanned copy of mass spectrum of 9b







Data File C:\CHEM32\1\DATA\SAIKAT\2013-12-24AB-SC-01-194-IB-5-254-1-30.D Sample Name: AB-SC-01-194-IB-5-254-1-30

*** End of Report ***

HPLC data of (±)-5a

Data File C:\CHEM32\1\DATA\SAIKAT\2013-12-25AB-SC-01-201-IB-5-254-1-30.D Sample Name: AB-SC-01-201-IB-5-254-1-30



Signal 1: DAD1 A, Sig=254,4 Ref=360,100

Peak #	RetTime [min]	Туре	Width [min]	Area [mAU*s]	Height [mAU]	Area %
1	12.453	MM	0.6864	8.67003e4	2105.13916	94.7192
2	17.381	MM	0.6852	4833.70459	117.57524	5.2808

Totals : 9.15340e4 2222.71440

**** End of Report ***

HPLC data of (+)-5a



¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) of compound (–)-5b



Scanned copy of mass spectrum of 5b

Data File C:\CHEM32\1\DATA\NARESH\2017-02-14AB-KNB-04-115-IC-3-20-1-254-50M.D Sample Name: AB-KNB-04-115-IC-3-20-1-254-50M



HPLC data of (±)-5b

Data File C:\CHEM32\1\DATA\NARESH\2017-02-14AB-KNB-04-108-IC-3-20-1-254-50M.D Sample Name: AB-KNB-04-108-IC-3-20-1-254-50M



Signal 1: DAD1 A, Sig=254,4 Ref=360,100

Peak R #	etTime [min]	Type	Width [min]	Area [mAU*s]	Height [mAU]	Area %
1	4.994	BV	0.1727	5828.86377	528.29065	67.3404
2	6.490	MM	0.2205	2826.95044	213.67680	32.6596
Totals	:			8655.81421	741.96745	

*** End of Report ***







Scanned copy of mass spectrum of 5c

Data File C:\CHEM32\1\DATA\NARESH\AB-KNB-03-197-AD-H-3-254-1-40M.D Sample Name: AB-KNB-03-197-AD-H-3-254-1-40M



HPLC data of (±)-5c

Data File C:\CHEM32\1\DATA\NARESH\AB-KNB-03-199-AD-H-3-254-1-40M.D Sample Name: AB-KNB-03-199-AD-H-3-254-1-40M



Signal 1: DAD1 A, Sig=254,4 Ref=360,100

Peak #	RetTime [min]	Туре	Width [min]	Area [mAU*s]	Height [mAU]	Area %
 1 2	11.551 14.893	MM MM	0.7491 1.1608	2.15038e4 5.24007e4	478.44043 752.38489	29.0967 70.9033
Total	.s :			7.39045e4	1230.82532	

*** End of Report ***

HPLC data of (+)-5c





Scanned copy of mass spectrum of 5d

Data File C:\CHEM32\1\DATA\NARESH\2017-02-14AB-KNB-04-112-40-1-254-40M.D Sample Name: AB-KNB-04-112-40-1-254-40M



Data File C:\CHEM32\1\DATA\NARESH\2017-02-14AB-KNB-04-104-40-1-254-40M.D Sample Name: AB-KNB-04-104-40-1-254-40M



HPLC data of (-)-5d







Scanned copy of mass spectrum of 5e

Data File C:\CHEM32\1\DATA\NARESH\2017-02-14AB-KNB-04-113-R-AS-3-10-1-254-60M.D Sample Name: AB-KNB-04-113-R-AS-3-10-1-254-60M



Data File C:\CHEM32\1\DATA\NARESH\2017-02-14AB-KNB-04-105-2-AS-3-10-1-254-60M.D Sample Name: AB-KNB-04-105-2-AS-3-10-1-254-60M



Signal 1: DAD1 A, Sig=254,4 Ref=360,100

Peak	RetTime Type	Width	Area	Height	Area	
#	[min]	[min]	[mAU*s]	[mAU]	%	
1	5.805 MM	0.2850	1134.33728	66.34151	5.2578	
2	7.932 MM	0.3944	2.04398e4	863.64685	94.7422	
Total	s :		2.15742e4	929.98837		
			*** End of	Report ***		

End of hepore

HPLC data of (–)-5e





Scanned copy of mass spectrum of 5f

Data File C:\CHEM32\1\DATA\NARESH\2017-02-14AB-KNB-04-111-ADH-30-1-254-50M.D Sample Name: AB-KNB-04-111-ADH-30-1-254-50M



Signal 1: DAD1 A, Sig=254,4 Ref=360,100

F	Peak #	RetTime [min]	Туре	Width [min]	Area [mAU*s]	Height [mAU]	Area %	
	1 2	4.567	MM MM	0.2560	2.05528e4	1337.87659 1154.38843	50.2930 49.7070	
٦	[ota]	ls:			4.08662e4	2492.26501		

*** End of Report ***

HPLC data of (±)-5f

Data File C:\CHEM32\1\DATA\NARESH\2017-02-14AB-KNB-04-106-ADH-30-1-254-50M.D Sample Name: AB-KNB-04-106-ADH-30-1-254-50M



HPLC data of (-)-5f





Scanned copy of mass spectrum of (+)-5g

Data File C:\CHEM32\1\DATA\NARESH\2017-01-02AB-KNB-04-034-2-AD-H-30-1-ALLDAD-50M.D Sample Name: AB-KNB-04-034-2-AD-H-30-1-ALLDAD-50M





Peak RetTime Type Width Area Height Area [mAU*s] % # [min] [min] [mAU] 0.2006 1.53703e4 1063.69080 49.9624 1 4.208 BV 2 8.280 BB 0.4080 1.53935e4 537.75537 50.0376 Totals : 3.07638e4 1601.44617

HPLC data of (\pm) -5g

Data File C:\CHEM32\1\DATA\NARESH\2017-01-02AB-KNB-04-058-AD-H-30-1-ALLDAD-50M.D Sample Name: AB-KNB-04-058-AD-H-30-1-ALLDAD-50M









Scanned copy of mass spectrum of 5h

Data File C:\CHEM32\1\DATA\NARESH\2016-12-29AB-KNB-04-053-AD-H-30-1-254-50M.D Sample Name: AB-KNB-04-053-AD-H-30-1-254-50M



Peak I	RetTime	Туре	Width	Area	Height	Area
#	[min]		[min]	[mAU*s]	[mAU]	%
1	4.407	BB	0.2064	7975.66406	539 . 84253	50.1261
2	8.833	BB	0.4167	7935.55029	270.11868	49.8739
Total	s :			1.59112e4	809.96121	

HPLC data of (±)-**5h**

Data File C:\CHEM32\1\DATA\NARESH\2017-01-02AB-KNB-04-060-AD-H-30-1-254-50M.D Sample Name: AB-KNB-04-060-AD-H-30-1-254-50M



Signal 1: DAD1 A, Sig=254,4 Ref=360,100

Peak	RetTime	Туре	Width	Area	Height	Area
#	[min]		[min]	[mAU*s]	[mAU]	%
1	4.490	MM	0.2711	1902.19641	116.96391	3.7157
2	9.192	BB	0.4823	4.92918e4	1473.56006	96.2843
Total	s :			5.11940e4	1590,52397	

HPLC data of (+)-5h





Scanned copy of mass spectrum of 5i
Data File C:\CHEM32\1\DATA\NARESH\2017-01-03AB-KNB-04-052-AD-H-30-1-ALLDAD-50M.D Sample Name: AB-KNB-04-052-AD-H-30-1-ALLDAD-50M





Peak #	RetTime Type [min]	Width [min]	Area [mAU*s]	Height [mAU]	Area %
1	5.582 VV	0.2578	1.88038e4	1035.96680	50.3399
2	14.905 BB	0.7437	1.85499e4	360.88019	49.6601
Total	ls :		3.73538e4	1396.84698	

HPLC data of (\pm) -5i

Data File C:\CHEM32\1\DATA\NARESH\2017-01-03AB-KNB-04-060-OME-2-AD-H-30-1-254-50M.D Sample Name: AB-KNB-04-060-OMe-2-AD-H-30-1-254-50M



Signal 1: DAD1 A, Sig=254,4 Ref=360,100

Peak	RetTime	Туре	Width	Area	Height	Area
#	[min]		[min]	[mAU*s]	[mAU]	%
1	5.583	MM	0.3018	1318.40088	72.80338	5.0551
2	14.912	BB	0.7671	2.47621e4	468.10709	94.9449
Tota]	ls :			2.60805e4	540.91046	

HPLC data of (+)-5i





¹³C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl₃) of compound (+)-5j



Scanned copy of mass spectrum of 5j

Data File C:\CHEM32\1\DATA\NARESH\2017-03-2711-39-18AB-KNB-04-165-RR-ID-3-2-1-254-60M.D Sample Name: AB-KNB-04-165-RR-ID-3-2-1-254-60M





End of Report

HPLC data of (±)-5j

Data File C:\CHEM32\...TA\NARESH\2017-03-2711-58-36AB-KNB-04-166-CRYST2-ID-3-2-1-254-60M.D Sample Name: AB-KNB-04-166-Cryst2-ID-3-2-1-254-60M



HPLC data of (+)-5j





Scanned copy of mass spectrum of 5k

Data File C:\CHEM32\1\DATA\NARESH\2017-02-13AB-KNB-04-091-R3-40-1-254-40M.D Sample Name: AB-KNB-04-091-R3-40-1-254-40M



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#	[min]		[min]	[mAU*s]	[mAU]	%
1	8.433	BB	0.5357	1.04627e4	289.43933	49.5718
2	11.864	BB	0.7729	1.06434e4	204.58707	50.4282
Total	s :			2.11061e4	494.02640	
			=======			========
				*** End of	Report ***	

HPLC data of (±)-5k

Data File C:\CHEM32\1\DATA\NARESH\2017-02-14AB-KNB-04-099-R2-40-1-254-40M.D Sample Name: AB-KNB-04-099-R2-40-1-254-40M



Signal 1: DAD1 A, Sig=254,4 Ref=360,100

Peak #	RetTime [min]	Туре	Width [min]	Area [mAU*s]	Height [mAU]	Area %
1	8.623	VB	0.6409	1165.56616	28.04263	7.4069
2	11.870	MM	0.8095	1.45707e4	299.97736	92.5931
Total	ls :			1.57362e4	328.01999	

*** End of Report ***

HPLC data of (+)-5k





Scanned copy of mass spectrum of (+)-5l

Data File C:\CHEM32\1\DATA\NARESH\2017-02-08AB-KNB-04-090-ADH-40-1-254-40M.D Sample Name: AB-KNB-04-090-ADH-40-1-254-40M



*** End of Report ***

HPLC data of (±)-5l

Data File C:\CHEM32\1\DATA\NARESH\2017-06-1520-01-18AB-KNB-04-100-AD-H-40-1-254-40M.D Sample Name: AB-KNB-04-100-AD-H-40-1-254-40M



Signal 1: DAD1 A, Sig=254,4 Ref=360,100

Peak #	RetTime [min]	Туре	Width [min]	Area [mAU*s]	Height [mAU]	Area %
1	5.477	MM	0.3121	515.08655	27.50998	3.5338
2	14.017	BB	0.7855	1.40608e4	248.73813	96.4662
Tota]	ls :			1.45759e4	276.24810	

*** End of Report ***

HPLC data of (+)-5l



 ^{13}C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) of compound (+)-5m



Scanned copy of mass spectrum of 5m

Data File C:\CHEM32\...TA\NARESH\2017-06-1518-01-12AB-KNB-04-134-2-NPS-IC-3-05-1-254-60M.D Sample Name: AB-KNB-04-134-2-NPS-IC-3-05-1-254-60M



Signal 1: DAD1 A, Sig=254,4 Ref=360,100

Peak RetTime Type Width Area Height Area [min] [mAU*s] [mAU] # [min] % 1 6.625 BV 0.2446 8311.57715 519.60382 50.7135 2 7.311 MM 0.2898 8077.69971 464.60922 49.2865 Totals : 1.63893e4 984.21304 -----------

*** End of Report ***

HPLC data of (±)-5m

Data File C:\CHEM32\1\DATA\NARESH\2017-02-24AB-KNB-04-135-R-IC-3-5-1-254-30M.D Sample Name: AB-KNB-04-135-R-IC-3-5-1-254-30M



Signal 1: DAD1 A, Sig=254,4 Ref=360,100

Peak RetTi # [min	me Type]	Width [min]	Area [mAU*s]	Height [mAU]	Area %	
						l
1 6.8	10 BV	0.2292	5558.22168	374.46814	9.1051	
2 7.8	60 BV	0.2839	5.54872e4	3055.65625	90.8949	
Totals :			6 .1 0454e4	3430.12439		
			*** End of	Report ***		







Scanned copy of mass spectrum of 5n

Data File C:\CHEM32\1\DATA\NARESH\2017-02-24AB-KNB-04-132-IC-3-15-1-254-30M.D Sample Name: AB-KNB-04-132-IC-3-15-1-254-30M



Signal 1: DAD1 A, Sig=254,4 Ref=360,100

Peak #	RetTime [min]	Туре	Width [min]	Area [mAU*s]	Height [mAU]	Area %
1	5.785	BV	0.2057	1.65776e4	1242.45691	49.9095
2	7.355	VB	0.2477	1.66377e4	1056.90479	50.0905

Totals :

3.32153e4 2299.36169

HPLC data of (±)-5n



Peak RetTime Type Width Area Area Height # [min] [min] [mAU*s] [mAU] % 1 5.784 BV 0.2090 1.98198e4 1454.33374 96.4105 2 7.365 MM 0.2466 737.91748 49.86928 3.5895

Totals :

2.05577e4 1504.20302

*** End of Report ***

HPLC data of (+)-5n





Scanned copy of mass spectrum of 50

Data File C:\CHEM32\1\DATA\NARESH\2017-01-02AB-KNB-04-038-AD-H-40-1-254-40M.D Sample Name: AB-KNB-04-038-AD-H-40-1-254-40M



Signal 1: DAD1 A, Sig=254,4 Ref=360,100

Peak	RetTime	Туре	Width	Area	Height	Area
#	[min]		[min]	[mAU*s]	[mAU]	%
1	4.166	BV	0.2144	4.91079e4	3210.89624	50.5198
2	6.625	VB	0.3410	4.80972e4	2025.46716	49.4802
Total	s :			9.72051e4	5236.36340	

HPLC data of (±)-50

Data File C:\CHEM32\1\DATA\NARESH\2017-01-02AB-KNB-04-040-AD-H-40-1-254-40M.D Sample Name: AB-KNB-04-040-AD-H-40-1-254-40M



Signal 1: DAD1 A, Sig=254,4 Ref=360,100

Peak Re	etTime Type [min]	Width [min]	Area [mAU*s]	Height [mAU]	Area %
1	4.170 MM	0.2359	1411.64465	99.72189	3.1136
2	6.602 MM	0.3949	4.39263e4	1853.67590	96.8864
Totals	:		4.53379e4	1953.39780	

*** End of Report ***

HPLC data of (+)-50





Scanned copy of mass spectrum of 5p

Data File C:\CHEM32\1\DATA\NARESH\2017-02-13AB-KNB-04-091-R3-40-1-254-40M.D Sample Name: AB-KNB-04-091-R3-40-1-254-40M



Data File C:\CHEM32\1\DATA\NARESH\2017-02-14AB-KNB-04-099-R2-40-1-254-40M.D Sample Name: AB-KNB-04-099-R2-40-1-254-40M



Signal 1: DAD1 A, Sig=254,4 Ref=360,100

Peak	RetTime	Туре	Width	Area	Height	Area
#	[min]		[min]	[mAU*s]	[mAU]	%
1	8.623	VB	0.6409	1165.56616	28.04263	7.4069
2	11.870	MM	0.8095	1.45707e4	299.97736	92.5931
Total	ls :			1.57362e4	328.01999	

HPLC data of (+)-5p



7,74 7,722 7,722 7,722 7,722 7,722 7,722 7,722 7,722 7,722 7,722 7,722 7,722 7,722 6,637 7,722 6,637 7,722 6,637 6,6





Scanned copy of mass spectrum of 5q

Data File C:\CHEM32\1\DATA\NARESH\2017-02-11AB-KN-04-095-ADH-30-1-ALL-DAD-50M.D Sample Name: AB-KN-04-095-ADH-30-1-ALL-DAD-50M



Data File C:\CHEM32\1\DATA\NARESH\2017-02-11AB-KN-04-101-ADH-30-1-ALL-DAD-50M.D Sample Name: AB-KN-04-101-ADH-30-1-ALL-DAD-50M



HPLC data of (+)-5q



¹³C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl₃) of compound (+)-5r



Scanned copy of mass spectrum of 5r

Data File C:\CHEM32\1\DATA\NARESH\2017-02-11AB-KN-04-096-ADH-30-1-254-50M.D Sample Name: AB-KN-04-096-ADH-30-1-254-50M



Signal 1: DAD1 A, Sig=254,4 Ref=360,100

Peak	RetTime	Туре	Width	Area	Height	Area
#	[min]		[min]	[mAU*s]	[mAU]	%
1	7.730	BV	0.3783	2.37294e4	898.04633	49.5529
2	22.512	BB	1.2775	2.41577e4	272.71533	50.4471
Tota]	ls:			4.78871e4	1170.76166	

HPLC data of (±)-5r

Data File C:\CHEM32\1\DATA\NARESH\2017-02-11AB-KNB-04-102-R-ADH-30-1-254-50M.D Sample Name: AB-KNB-04-102-R-ADH-30-1-254-50M



Signal 1: DAD1 A, Sig=254,4 Ref=360,100

Peak RetTime Type Width Area Height Area % # [min] [min] [mAU*s] [mAU] 0.4156 412.60794 7.789 MM 1 16.54796 7.9149 2 22.762 MM 1.3375 4800.45703 59.81768 92.0851 Totals : 5213.06497 76.36564

HPLC data of (+)-5r







Scanned copy of mass spectrum of 5s







Peak RetTime Type Width Area Height Area # [min] [min] [mAU*s] % [mAU] 6.302 MM 0.1945 3131.54224 268.29449 96.0469 1 2 9.035 MM 0.2282 128.88745 9.41365 3.9531

Totals : 3260.42969 277.70815

HPLC data of (+)-5s





Scanned copy of mass spectrum of 5t

min





mAU 500 -400 -300 -200 -

100

Peak #	RetTime Type [min]	Width [min]	Area [mAU*s]	Height [mAU]	Area %
1	6.388 BV	0.5343	2.49075e4	639.62952	95.8482
2	8.633 VBA	0.6649	1078.90356	20.40334	4.1518
Total	.s :		2.59864e4	660.03285	

HPLC data of (+)-5t



S179








HPLC data of (\pm) -5u



HPLC Data of (+)-5u







Scanned Mass data of compound 5v



HPLC Data of (±)-5v



Signal 6: DAD1 F, Sig=273,4 Ref=360,100

Peak	RetTime	Туре	Width	Area	Height	Area
#	[min]		[min]	[mAU*s]	[mAU]	%
1	4.041	MM	0.1409	1207.73901	142.87244	95.0710
2	5.179	MM	0.2744	62.61616	3.80319	4.9290
Total	s :			1270.35518	146.67562	

HPLC data of (-)-5v



Data File C:\CHEM32\1\DATA\NARESH\2017-02-25AB-KNB-04-130-ID-3-20-1-254-50M.D Sample Name: AB-KNB-04-130-ID-3-20-1-254-50M



```
Signal 1: DAD1 A, Sig=254,4 Ref=360,100
```

Peak	RetTime	Туре	Width	Area	Height	Area
#	[min]		[min]	[mAU*s]	[mAU]	%
		·				
1	5.402	BV	0.1023	1.14922e4	1712.02576	25.3740
2	5.752	MM	0.1190	1.16142e4	1626.31165	25.6435
3	6.938	BB	0.1435	1.10967e4	1161.01721	24.5010
4	11.702	BBA	0.2466	1.10879e4	678.86127	24.4815
Tota]	ls :			4.52911e4	5178.21588	

*** End of Report ***

HPLC data of (+)-8a and (+)-8b

(dr = 1:1)



Data File C:\CHEM32\1\DATA\NARESH\2017-02-25AB-KNB-04-129-ID-3-20-1-254-50M.D Sample Name: AB-KNB-04-129-ID-3-20-1-254-50M



```
Signal 1: DAD1 A, Sig=254,4 Ref=360,100
```

Peak	RetTime	Туре	Width	Area	Height	Area
#	[min]		[min]	[mAU*s]	[mAU]	%
1	5.388	BV	0.0923	68.13051	11.31443	0.7650
2	5.728	w	0.1046	2171.73901	314.52011	24.3856
3	6.903	вв	0.1356	458.25934	50.64569	5.1456
4	11.645	MM	0.2630	6207.70898	393.42474	69.7038
Tota]	s:			8905.83784	769.90497	

*** End of Report ***

HPLC data of (+)-**8a** and (+)-**8b** (**dr** = **3:1**)





Scanned copy of mass spectrum of 8a

Data File C:\CHEM32\1\DATA\NARESH\2017-02-28AB-KNB-04-137-PS-R2-ID-3-30-1-254-50M.D Sample Name: AB-KNB-04-137-PS-R2-ID-3-30-1-254-50M



HPLC data of (±)-8a

Data File C:\CHEM32\1\DATA\NARESH\2017-03-1821-32-07AB-KNB-04-157-PS-ID-3-3-30-1-254-50M.D Sample Name: AB-KNB-04-157-PS-ID-3-3-30-1-254-50M



HPLC data of (+)-8a



Data File C:\CHEM32\...TA\NARESH\2017-06-1518-01-12AB-KNB-04-134-2-NPS-IC-3-05-1-254-60M.D Sample Name: AB-KNB-04-134-2-NPS-IC-3-05-1-254-60M



Signal 1: DAD1 A, Sig=254,4 Ref=360,100

Peak	RetTime	Туре	Width	Area	Height	Area
#	[min]		[min]	[mAU*s]	[mAU]	%
1	6.625	BV	0.2446	8311.57715	519.60382	50.7135
	7.311	MM	0.2898	8077.69971	464.60922	49.2865
Total	.s :			1.63893e4	984.21304	

*** End of Report ***

HPLC data of (\pm) -5m

Data File C:\CHEM32\...TA\NARESH\2017-06-1519-03-15AB-KNB-04-157-R-NPS-IC-3-05-1-254-60M.D Sample Name: AB-KNB-04-157-R-NPS-IC-3-05-1-254-60M



HPLC data of (R)-5m from TBS protection of decarboxylative O-protonation compound.



 ^{13}C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) of compound (+)-13



Scanned copy of mass spectrum of (+)-13

Data File C:\CHEM32\1\DATA\NARESH\2017-05-1017-46-58AB-KNB-04-167-R-IC-3-30-1-254-50M.D Sample Name: AB-KNB-04-167-R-IC-3-30-1-254-50M



HPLC data of (±)-13

Data File C:\CHEM32\1\DATA\NARESH\2017-05-1017-26-07AB-KNB-04-192-R-IC-3-30-1-254-50M.D Sample Name: AB-KNB-04-192-R-IC-3-30-1-254-50M



HPLC data of (+)-13









Data File C:\CHEM32\1\DATA\NARESH\2017-05-1112-09-53AB-KNB-04-169-AD-H-05-1-254-60M.D Sample Name: AB-KNB-04-169-AD-H-05-1-254-60M



Data File C:\CHEM32\1\DATA\NARESH\2017-06-1313-27-03AB-KNB-04-193-AD-H-05-1-254-60M.D Sample Name: AB-KNB-04-193-AD-H-05-1-254-60M



HPLC data of (+)-12a