Tandem Aza-Michael Addition—Vinylogous Aldol Condensation: Synthesis of N-Bridged Pyridine Fused Quinolones

Gummidi Lalitha,^{a,#} Altaf Muddassar,^{a,#} Gangavaram V. M. Sharma,^a V. Murugesh,^{*a,b} and Surisetti Suresh^{*a,b}

- a. Department of Organic Synthesis and Process Chemistry, CSIR-Indian Institute of Chemical Technology (CSIR-IICT), Hyderabad 500 007, India. E-mail: murugeshprasad@gmail.com; surisetti@iict.res.in; suresh.surisetti@yahoo.in
- b. Academy of Scientific and Innovative Research (AcSIR), Ghaziabad 201 002, India.

Equal contribution

Contents:

1.	General Information	<i>S2</i>
2.	Synthesis of quinoline-3-carboxylate derivatives	<i>S3</i>
3.	Synthesis of ynones	<i>S4</i>
4.	Optimization survey	<i>S5</i>
5.	Experimental procedure for the synthesis of 3a-y	<i>S</i> 7
6.	Gram scale synthesis of 3b	<i>S</i> 8
7.	Spectroscopic data of 3a-y	<i>S9</i>
8.	Crystallographic data	S26
9.	References.	S28
10.	Copies of ¹ H and ¹³ C NMR spectra of 3a-y	<i>S30</i>

1. General Information

All the reactions were performed using oven-dried standard glassware or screw-caped vials. The reactions were performed by using sealed screw caped vials and heating metal block. The reactions are stirred magnetically and monitored by analytical thin layer chromatography (TLC). TLC was made by silica gel 60 F254, and UV lamp was used as visualizing agent. Iodine, 5% aqueous potassium permanganate solution was used as a developing agents followed by heating. Purification of products was performed using column chromatography on silica gel (60-120 and 100-120, mesh) where it is required. Hexane/ethyl acetate was used as eluents. The solvents were removed by rotary evaporator at 40-45 °C under reduced pressure. All the reagents and solvents were purchased from commercial suppliers. Melting points reported in this work are uncorrected. 1H NMR spectra were recorded on 300, 400, and 500 MHz instruments. Chemical shifts (δ) are reported in parts per million (ppm) with the reference solvent and the internal standards (TMS = 0; $CDCl_3 = 7.26$) via residual solvent as $CDCl_3$. Peaks that appear at 1.26, 0.86 ppm in 1H NMR, and 29.7 ppm in 13C{1H}NMR correspond to the residual grease present in the solvent.^[1] The following abbreviations were used to explain the multiplicity of the spectra (s = singlet, d = doublet, dd = doublet, t = triplet, q = quartet, sep = septet, and m = multiplet). 13C NMR spectra were recorded on 75, 100, and 125 MHz spectrometers. Infrared spectroscopy was performed neat on a BRUKER FT-IR spectrophotometer in chloroform, IR[KBr] spectra were recorded on a Thermo Nicolet-NEXUS 670 FT-IR instrument. Mass spectrometric analyses were performed using ESI techniques, mass spectra obtained on a SHIMADZU LCMS-2020 mass spectrometer. High Resolution Mass Spectra data were obtained on a Thermo scientific ExactiveTM Orbitrap mass spectrometer or Q STAR XL Hybrid MS/MS.

2. Synthesis of quinoline-3-carboxylate derivatives



In a dry, clean round bottom flask, suspension of sodium hydride (15 mmol, 1.0 equiv) and β -ketoesters or 1,3-diketones (15 mmol, 1.0 equiv) were taken in a dry DMF (50 mL), followed by the drop wise addition of isatoic anhydride derivative (15 mmol, 1.0 equiv) in dry DMF (30 mL) and stirred overnight. After most of the solvent had been removed under reduced pressure, the residue was treated with 1M HCl to yield the oxoquinolone derivatives as yellow solids. The synthesized oxoquinolones were good agreement with reported data.^[2]

3. Synthesis of ynones



An oven-dried Schlenk reaction tube was charged with CuI (0.02 mmol, 3 mg), TMEDA (0.05 mmol, 6 mg), and acid chloride (1.2 mmol), followed by alkyne derivatives (1 mmol) and Et₃N (3.0 mmol, 0.42 mL). The mixture was stirred at room temperature for 1 h under N₂. After completion of the reaction, saturated aqueous NaHCO₃ (5 mL) and EtOAc (20 mL) were added. The organic layer was dried over anhydrous Na₂SO₄, filtered, and solvent removed under reduced pressure. The residue was purified by chromatography (silica gel) to give the cross-coupled ynones. The synthesized ynones were good agreement with reported data.^[3]

4. **Optimization survey**

An oven-dried reaction vial equipped with a magnetic stirrer bar, was charged with ethyl 1,4-dihydro-2-methyl-4-oxoquinoline-3-carboxylate (0.5 mmol, 115 mg), 1,3-diphenylprop-2-yn-1-one (1 equiv, 0.5 mmol, 103 mg) and base (x equiv) followed by the addition of solvent (2 mL). The reaction vial was closed and placed in a metal heating block, heated to mentioned time and temperature according to optimization table. After the reaction completion, the reaction mixture was cooled to room temperature, extracted with ethyl acetate (2 x 20 mL), washed with brine, dried over anhydrous Na₂SO₄ and filtered. The solvent was removed from organic layer under vacuum to afford a crude residue. The residue was purified by flash column chromatography (hexane/EtOAc, 80:20) on silica gel to afford methyl 6-oxo-1,3-diphenyl-6H-pyrido[1,2-a]quinoline-5carboxylate **3b**.



 Table S1: Optimization study

S. No	Base	Equiv (Base)	Solvent	Time	Temp (°C)	Yields of 3a
1	K ₂ CO ₃	1	DMSO	24 h	RT	-
2	K ₂ CO ₃	1	DMSO	24 h	100	66%
3	K ₂ CO ₃	1	DMSO	24 h	120	93%
4	K_2CO_3	1	DMSO	24 h	140	87%
5	K_2CO_3	1.2	DMSO	24 h	120	90%
6	K_2CO_3	1.5	DMSO	24 h	120	88%
7	K_2CO_3	2	DMSO	24 h	120	72%
8	K_2CO_3	2.5	DMSO	24 h	120	67%
9	K_2CO_3	3	DMSO	24 h	120	66%
10	NaH	1	DMSO	24 h	120	52%
11	^t BuOK	1	DMSO	24 h	120	54%
12	Cs ₂ CO ₃	1	DMSO	24 h	120	76%
13	K ₃ PO ₄	1	DMSO	24 h	120	68%
14	NaOH	1	DMSO	24 h	120	58%
15	DBU	1	DMSO	24 h	120	35%
16	K_2CO_3	1	DMF	24 h	120	86%
17	K_2CO_3	1	1,4-Dioxane	24 h	120	80%
18	K_2CO_3	1	^t Butanol	24 h	120	64%
19	K_2CO_3	1	DCE	24 h	120	61%
20	K_2CO_3	1	Toluene	24 h	120	49%
21	K_2CO_3	1	MeOH	24 h	120	23%
22	K_2CO_3	1	Water	24 h	120	-
23	K_2CO_3	1	DMSO	18 h	120	85%
24	K_2CO_3	1	DMSO	12 h	120	72%
25	-	1	DMSO	24 h	120	-

5. Experimental procedure for the synthesis of pyridine fused quinolone derivatives 3a-y



An oven-dried reaction vial equipped with a magnetic stirrer bar charged with quinoline-3-carboxylate derivatives (0.5 mmol), ynone (1 equiv, 0.5 mmol) and K_2CO_3 (1 equiv, 0.5 mmol, 69 mg) followed by the addition of DMSO (2 mL). The reaction vial was closed and placed in a metal heating block and the reaction mixture was stirred at 120 °C for 24 h. After reaction completion, the reaction mixture was cooled to room temperature, then extracted with ethyl acetate (2 x 20 mL), washed with brine, dried over anhydrous Na₂SO₄ and filtered. The solvent was removed under vacuum from organic layer to afford a crude residue. The residue was purified by flash column chromatography (hexane/EtOAc 80:20 to 60:40) on silica gel to afford pyridine fused quinolone derivatives **3a-3y**.

6. Gram scale synthesis of 3b



An oven-dried reaction vial equipped with a magnetic stirrer bar charged with ethyl 1,4-dihydro-2-methyl-4-oxoquinoline-3carboxylate (10 mmol, 2.31 g), 1,3-diphenylprop-2-yn-1-one (1 equiv, 10 mmol, 2.06 g) and K_2CO_3 (1 equiv, 10 mmol, 1.38 g) followed by the addition of DMSO (40 mL). The reaction vial was closed and placed in a metal heating block and the reaction mixture was stirred at 120 °C for 24 h. After reaction completion, the reaction mixture was cooled to room temperature, then extracted with ethyl acetate (3x100 mL), washed with brine, dried over anhydrous Na₂SO₄ and filtered. The solvent was removed from organic layer under vacuum to afford a crude residue. The residue was purified by flash column chromatography (hexane/EtOAc 80:20) on silica gel to afford methyl 6-oxo-1,3-diphenyl-6H-pyrido[1,2-*a*]quinoline-5-carboxylate **3b** (80% yield, 3.36 g).

7. Spectroscopic data of 3a-y

Methyl 6-oxo-1,3-diphenyl-6H-pyrido[1,2-*a*]quinoline-5-carboxylate (3a)



Yellow solid, 182 mg (0.450), 90%, $\mathbf{R}_{\mathbf{f}} = 0.6$ (EtOAC/Hexane, 60:40); **MP** 160-162 °C; **IR** (CHCl₃) 756, 1215, 1449, 1594, 1696, 1717, 2853, 2923 cm⁻¹; ¹**H NMR** (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 4.01 (s, 3H), 7.01 (d, J = 2.0 Hz, 1H), 7.08–7.16 (m, 2H), 7.28–7.31 (m, 2H), 7.33–7.39 (m, 4H), 7.45–7.53 (m, 3H), 7.73 (dd, J = 7.8, 1.5 Hz, 2H), 8.20 (d, J = 2.0 Hz, 1H), 8.43 (dd, J = 7.9, 0.9 Hz, 1H); ¹³C{1H}NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 52.3, 107.9, 117.4, 117.7, 123.8, 126.4, 126.5, 126.9, 127.2, 128.7, 129.2, 129.3, 129.4, 130.0, 130.4, 136.2, 137.3, 137.9, 144.3, 145.9, 149.6, 168.1, 173.1; **MS** (ESI) m/z 406 [M+H]⁺**HRMS** (ESI, m/z): calcd for C₂₇H₂₀NO₃ [M+H]⁺406.15823, found 406.15942.

Ethyl 6-oxo-1,3-diphenyl-6H-pyrido[1,2-a]quinoline-5-carboxylate (3b)



Yellow solid, 195 mg (0.465 mmol), 93%, $\mathbf{R}_{f} = 0.4$ (EtOAC/Hexane, 60:40); **MP** 160-162 °C; **IR** (CHCl₃) 759, 1217, 1595, 1614, 1718, 2923, 2959 cm⁻¹; ¹**H NMR** (400 MHz, CDCL₃) δ 1.47 (t, J = 8.9, 5.3 Hz, 3H), 4.52 (q, J = 7.1 Hz, 2H), 7.00 (d, J = 2.0 Hz, 1H), 7.07–7.19 (m, 2H), 7.27–7.34 (m, 2H), 7.35–7.42 (m, 4H), 7.47–7.54 (m, 3H), 7.71–7.76 (m, 2H), 8.06 (d, J = 2.0 Hz, 1H), 8.46 (dd, J = 7.9, 1.2 Hz, 1H); ¹³C{1H}NMR (101 MHz, CDCL₃) δ 14.5, 61.4, 109.1, 117.4, 117.7, 123.8, 126.5, 126.9, 127.3, 128.7, 129.1, 129.2, 129.3, 129.4, 130.0, 130.4, 136.4, 137.4, 138.1, 144.1, 145.9, 149.1, 167.6, 172.8; MS (ESI) m/z 420 [M+H]⁺**HRMS** (ESI, m/z): calcd for C₂₈H₂₂NO₃ [M+H]⁺420.15823, found 420.15942.

tert-Butyl 6-oxo-1,3-diphenyl-6H-pyrido[1,2-*a*]quinoline-5-carboxylate (3c)



Yellow solid, 206 mg (0.460 mmol), 92 %, $\mathbf{R}_{\mathbf{f}} = 0.5$ (EtOAC/Hexane, 60:40); **MP** 165-167 °C; **IR** (KBr) cm⁻¹ 766, 1149, 1459, 1530, 1601, 1724, 2922, 2973; ¹**H NMR** (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 1.70 (s, 9H), 6.94 (d, J = 2.0 Hz, 1H), 7.07–7.18 (m, 2H), 7.29–7.32 (m, 2H), 7.35–7.40 (m, 4H), 7.48–7.54 (m, 3H), 7.68–7.73 (m, 2H), 7.78 (d, J = 2.0 Hz, 1H), 8.46 (dd, J = 8.0, 1.3 Hz, 1H); ¹³C{1H}NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 28.5, 82.1, 111.9, 117.2, 1173, 123.7, 126.3, 126.4, 126.7, 127.2, 128.6, 129.3, 129.4, 129.7, 129.9, 130.3, 136.5, 137.4, 138.2, 143.4, 145.6, 147.7, 166.6, 172.3; **MS** (ESI) m/z 448 [M+H]⁺**HRMS** (ESI, m/z): calcd for C₃₀H₂₆NO₃ [M+H]⁺ 448.19072, found 448.18958.

Ethyl 8-chloro-6-oxo-1,3-diphenyl-6H-pyrido[1,2-a]quinoline-5-carboxylate (3d)



Yellow solid, 137 mg (0.300 mmol) 60%, $\mathbf{R}_{f} = 0.6$ (EtOAC/Hexane, 60:40); **MP** 163-165 °C; **IR** (CHCl₃) 719, 1158, 1461, 1589, 1615, 1725, 2919, 2957 cm⁻¹; ¹**H NMR** (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 1.45 (t, J = 7.1 Hz, 3H), 4.50 (q, J = 7.1 Hz, 2H), 7.02 (d, J = 2.0 Hz, 1H), 7.06 (dd, J = 9.1, 2.5 Hz, 1H), 7.11 (d, J = 9.1 Hz, 1H), 7.28–7.32 (m, 2H), 7.37–7.42 (m, 3H), 7.49–7.53 (m, 3H), 7.72 (dt, J = 4.4, 2.4 Hz, 2H), 8.04 (t, J = 2.8 Hz, 1H), 8.43 (d, J = 2.5 Hz, 1H); ¹³C{**1H}NMR** (101 MHz) δ 14.4, 61.5, 109.3, 117.6, 117.7, 125.2, 125.9, 126.8, 127.2, 128.4, 128.9, 129.3, 129.7, 130.2, 131.5, 132.9, 135.7, 136.1, 137.7, 144.4, 145.7, 149.0, 167.2, 171.5; **MS** (ESI) m/z 453 [M+H]⁺**HRMS** (ESI, m/z): calcd for C₂₈H₂₁NO₃Cl [M]⁺454.12045, found 454.11996.

5-Acetyl-1,3-diphenyl-6H-pyrido[1,2-*a*]quinolin-6-one (3e)



Yellow solid, 161 mg (0.415 mmol), 83%, $\mathbf{R}_{\mathbf{f}} = 0.6$ (EtOAC/Hexane, 60:40); **MP** 156-158 °C; **IR** (CHCl₃) 769, 1462, 1530, 1643, 1728, 2922, 2957 cm⁻¹; ¹**H NMR** (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 2.83 (s, 3H), 7.10–7.18 (m, 3H), 7.32 (dd, J = 6.4, 2.9 Hz, 2H), 7.36–7.42 (m, 4H), 7.51 (q, J = 5.7 Hz, 3H), 7.76–7.83 (m, 2H), 8.42 (d, J = 7.8 Hz, 1H), 8.92 (d, J = 1.7 Hz, 1H); ¹³C{1H}NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 29.5, 114.5, 118.1, 118.5, 124.1, 126.3, 126.9, 127.1, 127.4, 128.9, 129.2, 129.4, 129.5, 130.2, 131.1, 136.3, 137.4, 138.1, 145.4, 146.2, 150.5, 175.2, 201.1; MS (ESI) m/z 390 [M+H]⁺HRMS (ESI, m/z): calcd for C₂₇H₂₀NO₂ [M+H]⁺390.14886, found 390.15080.

Ethyl 6-oxo-3-phenyl-1-p-tolyl-6H-pyrido[1,2-a]quinoline-5-carboxylate (3f)



Yellow solid, 191 mg (0.441 mmol), 88%, $\mathbf{R}_{\mathbf{f}} = 0.5$ (EtOAC/Hexane, 60:40); **MP** 166-168 °C; **IR** (KBr) cm⁻¹ 772, 1227, 1495, 1690, 1735, 2677, 2842; ¹**H NMR** (300 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 1.47 (t, J = 7.1 Hz, 3H), 2.38 (s, 3H), 4.52 (q, J = 7.1 Hz, 2H), 6.97 (d, J = 1.7 Hz, 1H), 7.10–7.22 (m, 6H), 7.39 (t, J = 7.1 Hz, 1H), 7.51 (d, J = 6.2 Hz, 3H), 7.69–7.75 (m, 2H), 8.04 (d, J = 1.7 Hz, 1H), 8.46 (d, J = 7.8 Hz, 1H); ¹³C{1H}NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 14.5, 21.4, 61.3, 108.9, 117.1, 117.5, 123.8, 126.4, 126.6, 126.9, 127.2, 128.7, 129.3, 130.0, 130.1, 130.4, 135.3, 136.5, 137.6, 139.7, 144.1, 146.1, 149.2, 167.7, 172.9; MS (ESI) m/z 434, [M+H]⁺HRMS (ESI, m/z): calcd for C₂₉H₂₄NO₃ [M+H]⁺ 434.17507, found 434.17411.

Ethyl 6-oxo-1-(4-pentylphenyl)-3-phenyl-6H-pyrido[1,2-a]quinoline-5-carboxylate (3g)



Yellow solid, 232 mg (0.475 mmol), 95%, $\mathbf{R}_{\mathbf{f}}$ = 0.6 (EtOAC/Hexane, 60:40); **MP** 168-170 °C; **IR** (CHCl₃) 2956, 2922, 1722, 1615, 1596, 1457, 1217, 765 cm⁻¹; ¹**H NMR** (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 0.90 (t, *J* = 7.0 Hz, 3H), 1.29–1.36 (m, 4H), 1.47 (t, *J* = 7.1 Hz, 3H), 1.61 (dt, *J* = 14.8, 7.5 Hz, 2H), 2.59–2.66 (m, 2H), 4.56 (q, *J* = 5.0 Hz, 2H), 6.98 (d, *J* = 2.0 Hz, 1H), 7.08–7.13 (m, 1H), 7.18 (q, *J* = 8.1 Hz, 5H), 7.38 (t, *J* = 7.5 Hz, 1H), 7.46–7.53 (m, 3H), 7.74 (dd, *J* = 10.7, 9.3 Hz, 2H), 8.04 (d, *J* = 1.9 Hz, 1H), 8.45 (d, *J* = 7.9 Hz, 1H); ¹³C{1H}NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 14.0, 14.5, 22.5, 30.9, 31.3, 35.6, 61.4, 108.9, 117.0, 117.6, 123.7, 126.4, 126.5, 126.9, 127.1, 128.5, 129.2, 129.4, 129.9, 130.4, 135.4, 136.4, 137.5, 144.1, 144.7, 146.1, 149.1, 167.4, 172.8; **MS** (ESI) m/z 490 [M+H]⁺**HRMS** (ESI, m/z): calcd for C₃₃H₃₂NO₃ [M+H]⁺490.15823, found 490.15942.

Ethyl 6-oxo-1-(4-(pentyloxy)phenyl)-3-phenyl-6H-pyrido[1,2-a]quinoline-5-carboxylate (3h)



Yellow solid, 230 mg (0.450), 91%, $\mathbf{R}_{\mathbf{f}} = 0.6$ (EtOAC/Hexane, 60:40); **MP** 168-170 °C; **IR** (CHCl₃) 767, 1259, 1461, 1599, 1731, 2920, 2957 cm⁻¹; ¹**H NMR** (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 0.94 (t, J = 7.1 Hz, 3H), 1.36–1.44 (m, 4H), 1.47 (dd, J = 8.2, 5.2 Hz, 3H), 1.79 (dd, J = 14.5, 6.7 Hz, 2H), 3.96 (t, J = 6.6 Hz, 2H), 4.51 (q, J = 7.1 Hz, 2H), 6.86 (d, J = 8.8 Hz, 2H), 6.94 (d, J = 2.0 Hz, 1H), 7.11-7.18 (m, 1H), 7.18–7.24 (m, 3H), 7.35–7.40 (m, 1H), 7.47–7.53 (m, 3H), 7.72 (dd, J = 7.9, 1.6 Hz, 2H), 8.03 (d, J = 2.0 Hz, 1H), 8.45 (dd, J = 8.0, 1.4 Hz, 1H); ¹³C{1H}NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 13.9, 14.5, 22.4, 28.1, 28.8, 61.1, 68.7, 108.7, 115.3, 116.6, 117.1, 123.7, 126.4, 126.5, 126.9, 127.6, 128.6, 128.7, 129.2, 129.9, 130.2, 130.4, 136.5, 144.2, 146.2, 149.3, 159.9, 167.6, 172.8; **MS** (ESI) m/z 506 [M+H]⁺**HRMS** (ESI, m/z): calcd for C₃₃H₃₂NO₄ [M+H]⁺506.15823, found 506.15942.





Yellow solid, 209 mg (0.410), 82%, $\mathbf{R}_{\mathbf{f}} = 0.6$ (EtOAC/Hexane, 60:40); **MP** 169-171 °C; **IR** (CHCl₃) 762, 1126, 1216, 1454, 1594, 1717, 2922, 2958 cm⁻¹; ¹**H NMR** (300 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 1.47 (t, J = 7.1 Hz, 3H), 3.69 (s, 6H), 3.88 (s, 3H), 4.52 (q, J = 7.1 Hz, 2H), 6.48 (s, 2H), 7.01 (d, J = 1.9 Hz, 1H), 7.15–7.25 (m, 2H), 7.40 (d, J = 6.6 Hz, 1H), 7.49–7.56 (m, 3H), 7.73 (dd, J = 7.6, 1.8 Hz, 2H), 8.00 (d, J = 1.9 Hz, 1H), 8.46 (d, J = 7.7 Hz, 1H); ¹³C{1H}NMR (101 MHz) δ 14.5, 56.3, 61.1, 61.4, 104.6, 109.3, 116.7, 117.7, 121.6, 123.3, 126.5, 126.9, 128.9, 129.3, 129.8, 130.0, 130.1, 133.2, 136.4, 137.9, 139.1, 145.8, 148.9, 153.9, 167.0, 172.6; **MS** (ESI) m/z 510 [M+H]⁺**HRMS** (ESI, m/z): calcd for C₃₁H₂₈NO₆ [M+H]⁺510.15823, found 510.15942.

Ethyl 1-(4-chlorophenyl)-6-oxo-3-phenyl-6H-pyrido[1,2-a]quinoline-5-carboxylate (3j)



Yellow solid, 143 mg (0.315 mmol), 63%, $\mathbf{R}_{\mathbf{f}} = 0.6$ (EtOAC/Hexane, 60:40); **MP** 163-165 °C; **IR** (CHCl₃) 769, 1093, 1460, 1597, 1715, 2921, 2957 cm⁻¹; ¹**H NMR** (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 1.47 (t, J = 7.1 Hz, 3H), 4.51 (q, J = 7.1 Hz, 2H), 6.96 (d, J = 2.0 Hz, 1H), 7.12 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 7.16–7.21 (m, 1H), 7.23–7.25 (m, 1H), 7.34–7.37 (m, 2H), 7.41 (dd, J = 7.9, 1.0 Hz, 1H), 7.44–7.55 (m, 4H), 7.70–7.73 (m, 2H), 8.07 (d, J = 2.0 Hz, 1H), 8.47 (dd, J = 8.0, 1.4 Hz, 1H); ¹³C{1H}NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 14.5, 61.4, 117.5, 118.1, 123.6, 124.4, 126.6, 126.7, 126.8, 128.5, 128.7, 129.0, 129.3, 129.8, 130.1, 135.5, 136.2, 136.5, 137.2, 143.7,144.9, 149.0, 158.5, 172.8; MS (ESI) m/z 454 [M+H]⁺HRMS (ESI, m/z): calcd for C₂₈H₂₁ClNO₃ [M+H]⁺454.15823, found 454.15942.

Ethyl 1-(4-fluorophenyl)-6-oxo-3-phenyl-6H-pyrido[1,2-a]quinoline-5-carboxylate (3k)



Yellow solid, 155 mg (0.355 mmol), 71%, $\mathbf{R}_{\mathbf{f}}$ = 0.6 (EtOAC/Hexane, 60:40); **MP** 151-153 °C; **IR** (CHCl₃) 765, 1156, 1220, 1458, 1596, 1719, 2921, 2957 cm⁻¹; ¹**H NMR** (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 1.47 (t, J = 7.1 Hz, 3H), 4.51 (q, J = 7.1 Hz, 2H), 6.96 (d, J = 1.9 Hz, 1H), 7.08 (t, J = 8.5 Hz, 2H), 7.11–7.16 (m, 2H), 7.28–7.32 (m, 2H), 7.40 (t, J = 7.3 Hz, 1H), 7.48–7.54 (m, 3H), 7.72 (dd, J = 8.0, 1.5 Hz, 2H), 8.06 (d, J = 1.9 Hz, 1H), 8.47 (d, J = 7.9 Hz, 1H); ¹³C{1H}NMR (101 MHz) δ 14.5, 61.4, 108.9, 116.6, 116.8, 117.3, 117.9, 123.7, 126.6, 126.8, 126.9, 128.4, 128.9, 129.2, 129.3, 130.1, 134.6, 136.3, 137.9, 144.0, 145.0, 149.0, 159.7, 168.0; **MS** (ESI) m/z 438 [M+H]⁺**HRMS** (ESI, m/z): calcd for C₂₈H₂₁FNO₃ [M+H]⁺438.15823, found 438.15942.

Ethyl 6-oxo-3-phenyl-1-(4-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl)-6H-pyrido[1,2-a]quinoline-5-carboxylate (3l)



Yellow solid, 97 mg (0.200 mmol), 40%, $\mathbf{R}_{\mathbf{f}} = 0.6$ (EtOAC/Hexane, 60:40); **MP** 153-155 °C; **IR** (CHCl₃) 767, 1131, 1311, 1514, 1597, 1677, 1723, 2853, 2922, 2956 cm⁻¹; ¹**H NMR** (400 MHz) δ 1.47 (t, J = 7.1 Hz, 3H), 4.53 (q, J = 7.1 Hz, 2H), 7.01 (d, J = 2.0 Hz, 1H), 7.08 (d, J = 7.8 Hz, 1H), 7.14 (dd, J = 4.6, 1.2 Hz, 2H), 7.37–7.41 (m, 1H), 7.46–7.52 (m, 4H), 7.69–7.73 (m, 2H), 7.82 (dd, J = 5.3, 3.2 Hz, 1H), 7.88 (d, J = 7.4 Hz, 1H), 8.11 (d, J = 2.0 Hz, 1H), 8.48 (d, J = 7.8 Hz, 1H); ¹³C{1H}NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 31.9, 61.6, 118.4, 118.5, 122.2, 126.8, 126.9, 127.1, 127.4, 128.5, 128.7, 129.3, 129.4, 129.6, 130.2, 130.8, 132.3, 132.6, 133.6, 135.9, 137.0, 142.1, 148.4, 167.8, 171.5; MS (ESI) m/z 487 [M+H]⁺HRMS (ESI, m/z): calcd for C₂₉H₂₁F₃NO₃ [M+H]⁺488.14680, found 488.14556.

Ethyl 1-(4-nitrophenyl)-6-oxo-3-phenyl-6H-pyrido[1,2-a]quinoline-5-carboxylate (3m)



Yellow solid, 125 mg (0.270 mmol), 54%, $\mathbf{R}_{\mathbf{f}} = 0.6$ (EtOAC/Hexane, 60:40); **MP** 165-167 °C; **IR** (CHCl₃) 700, 1291, 1346, 1463, 1598, 1643, 1726, 2200, 2920, 2957 cm⁻¹; ¹**H NMR** (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 1.47 (t, J = 7.1 Hz, 3H), 4.51 (q, J = 8.5 Hz, 2H), 7.00 (d, J = 8.5 Hz, 1H), 7.05 (d, J = 1.9 Hz, 1H), 7.17–7.21 (m, 1H), 7.42–7.46 (m, 1H), 7.48–7.54 (m, 5H), 7.69–7.75 (m, 2H), 8.10–8.12 (m, 1H), 8.24 (d, J = 8.9 Hz, 2H), 8.48 (dd, J = 8.0, 1.4 Hz, 1H); ¹³C{**1H}NMR** (126 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 14.5, 61.5, 109.9, 118.7, 119.1, 123.4, 124.8, 126.7, 126.8, 126.9, 127.0, 128.0, 128.4, 128.6, 129.4, 130.1, 130.3, 133.5, 135.9, 143.1, 143.5, 147.8, 148.5, 167.0; **MS** (ESI) m/z 465 [M+H]⁺**HRMS** (ESI, m/z): calcd for C₂₈H₂₁N₂O₅ [M+H]⁺465.18563, found 465.18573.

Ethyl 6-oxo-3-phenyl-1-(pyren-2-yl)-6H-pyrido[1,2-a]quinoline-5-carboxylate (3n)



Yellow solid, 85 mg (0.149 mmol), 31%, $\mathbf{R}_{\mathbf{f}} = 0.4$ (EtOAC/Hexane, 60:40); **MP** 166-168 °C; **IR** (CHCl₃) 763, 1062, 1218, 1458, 1596, 1614, 1722, 2922, 2956 cm⁻¹; ¹**H NMR** (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 1.52 (t, J = 7.1 Hz, 3H), 4.58 (q, J = 7.1 Hz, 2H), 6.64–6.70 (m, 1H), 7.10 (d, J = 8.7 Hz, 1H), 7.13–7.18 (m, 1H), 7.20–7.24 (m, 1H), 7.45–7.56 (m, 3H), 7.74–7.81(m, 2H), 7.87 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 8.03–8.11 (m, 4H), 8.16 (dd, J = 10.4, 8.5 Hz, 2H), 8.19–8.24 (m, 2H), 8.27 (d, J = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 8.41 (dd, J = 8.0, 1.5 Hz, 1H); ¹³C{1H}NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 14.5, 61.4, 109.5, 117.8, 119.5, 122.2, 122.8, 124.5, 125.3, 126.0, 126.3, 126.5, 126.7, 126.9, 127.2, 128.9, 129.3, 129.8, 130.2, 130.7, 131.3, 131.9, 132.4, 136.3, 137.3, 143.8, 144.9, 148.9, 167.7, 172.7; **MS** (ESI) m/z 544 [M+H]⁺**HRMS** (ESI, m/z): calcd for C₃₈H₂₆NO₃ [M+H]⁺544.19072, found 544.19226.

Ethyl 6-oxo-1-phenyl-3-p-tolyl-6H-pyrido[1,2-a]quinoline-5-carboxylate (30)



Orange solid, 180 mg (0.415 mmol), 83%, $\mathbf{R}_{\mathbf{f}} = 0.3$ (EtOAC/Hexane, 60:40); **MP** 169-171 °C; **IR** (KBr) cm⁻¹ 767, 1224, 1460, 1526, 1611, 1687, 1727, 2922, 2972; ¹**H NMR** (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 1.47 (t, J = 7.1 Hz, 3H), 2.43 (s, 3H), 4.52 (q, J = 7.1 Hz, 2H), 6.99 (d, J = 2.0 Hz, 1H), 7.08–7.16 (m, 2H), 7.29–7.33 (m, 4H), 7.35–7.40 (m, 4H), 7.63 (d, J = 8.2 Hz, 2H), 8.04 (d, J = 2.0 Hz, 1H), 8.46 (dd, J = 7.9, 1.4 Hz, 1H); ¹³C{1H}NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 14.5, 21.4, 61.4, 108.9, 117.0, 117.4, 123.8, 126.4, 126.5, 126.8, 127.3, 128.7, 129.3, 129.5, 130.0, 130.4, 133.4, 137.4, 138.2, 140.5, 143.9, 145.8, 149.2, 167.5, 172.9; **MS** (ESI) m/z 434 [M+H]⁺**HRMS** (ESI, m/z): calcd for C₂₉H₂₄NO₃ [M+H]⁺ 434.17507, found 434.17329.

Ethyl 3-(4-methoxyphenyl)-6-oxo-1-phenyl-6H-pyrido[1,2-a]quinoline-5-carboxylate (3p)



Yellow solid, 196 mg (0.450), 87%, $\mathbf{R}_{\mathbf{f}} = 0.3$ (EtOAC/Hexane, 60:40); **MP** 152-154 °C; **IR** (CHCl₃) 720, 1286, 1462, 1516, 1600, 1727, 2923, 2957 cm⁻¹; ¹**H NMR** (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 1.48 (t, J = 7.1 Hz, 3H), 3.88 (s, 3H), 4.52 (q, J = 7.1 Hz, 2H), 6.99 (d, J = 2.1 Hz, 1H), 7.01–7.06 (m, 2H), 7.07–7.18 (m, 2H), 7.29–7.32 (m, 2H), 7.34–7.40 (m, 4H), 7.67–7.73 (m, 2H), 8.02 (d, J = 2.0 Hz, 1H), 8.43–8.48 (m, 1H); ¹³C{1H}NMR (101 MHz) δ 14.5, 55.5, 61.3, 108.5, 113.5, 114.7, 116.2, 117.2, 123.7, 126.4, 126.5, 127.3, 128.3, 128.6, 129.3, 129.4, 130.3, 137.4, 138.2, 143.5, 145.8, 149.3, 161.3, 167.7, 172.9; **MS** (ESI) m/z 450 [M+H]⁺**HRMS** (ESI, m/z): calcd for C₂₉H₂₄NO₄ [M+H]⁺450.16998, found 450.16938.

Ethyl 3-(4-chlorophenyl)-6-oxo-1-phenyl-6H-pyrido[1,2-a]quinoline-5-carboxylate (3q)



Yellow solid, 190 mg (0.420 mmol), 84 %, $\mathbf{R}_{\mathbf{f}} = 0.4$ (EtOAC/Hexane, 60:40); **MP** 158-160 °C; **IR** (KBr) cm⁻¹ 768, 1225, 1459, 1529, 1601, 1689, 1732, 2851, 2930; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 1.47 (t, J = 7.1 Hz, 3H), 4.52 (q, J = 7.1 Hz, 2H), 6.93 (d, J = 2.1 Hz, 1H), 7.10–7.15 (m, 2H), 7.28–7.32 (m, 2H), 7.35–7.43 (m, 4H), 7.45–7.52 (m, 2H), 7.61–7.72 (m, 2H), 8.07 (d, J = 2.1 Hz, 1H), 8.42–8.50 (m, 1H); ¹³C{1H}NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 14.5, 61.4, 109.1, 116.9, 117.7, 123.8, 126.5, 126.6, 127.3, 128.2, 128.4, 128.6, 128.8, 129.5, 130.4, 134.8, 136.3, 137.4, 137.9, 142.7, 146.1, 149.0, 167.6, 172.9; MS (ESI) m/z 454, [M+H]⁺HRMS (ESI, m/z): calcd for C₂₈H₂₁ClNO₃ [M+H]⁺ 454.12045, found 454.12051

Ethyl 3-(4-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl)-6-oxo-1-phenyl-6H-pyrido[1,2-a]quinoline-5-carboxylate (3r)



Yellow solid, 204 mg (0.420 mmol), 84%, $\mathbf{R}_{\mathbf{f}} = 0.5$ (EtOAC/Hexane, 60:40); MP 163-165 °C; IR (KBr) cm⁻¹764, 1135, 1329, 1535, 1686, 1734, 2937, 2972; ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 1.47 (t, J = 7.1 Hz, 3H), 4.52 (q, J = 7.1 Hz, 2H), 6.95 (d, J = 2.0 Hz, 1H), 7.11–7.18 (m, 2H), 7.28–7.33 (m, 2H), 7.36–7.43 (m, 4H), 7.77 (d, J = 8.3 Hz, 2H), 7.83 (d, J = 8.2 Hz, 2H), 8.10 (d, J = 2.0 Hz, 1H), 8.46 (dd, J = 7.9, 1.1 Hz, 1H); ¹³C{1H}NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 14.5, 61.5, 109.5, 116.8, 118.8, 122.5, 123.8, 126.3 (J = 4 Hz), 126.6, 126.7, 127.3 (J = 12 Hz), 128.9, 129.5, 129.6, 130.5, 131.9, 137.4, 137.9, 140.0, 142.5, 146.3, 147.1, 148.9, 167.5, 173.0; MS (ESI) m/z 488 [M+H]⁺HRMS (ESI, m/z): calcd for C₂₉H₂₁F₃NO₃ [M+H]⁺ 488.14680, found 488.14368.

Ethyl 3-(4-nitrophenyl)-6-oxo-1-phenyl-6H-pyrido[1,2-a]quinoline-5-carboxylate (3s)



Yellow solid, 179 mg (0.385 mmol), 77 %, $\mathbf{R}_{\mathbf{f}} = 0.5$ (EtOAC/Hexane, 60:40); **MP** 168-170 °C; **IR** (KBr) cm⁻¹ 766, 1344, 1458, 1597, 1689, 1731, 2849, 2931; ¹**H NMR** (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 1.47 (t, J = 2.1 Hz, 3H), 4.5 (q, J = 2.1 Hz, 2H), 6.93 (d, J = 2.1 Hz, 1H), 7.12–7.18 (m, 2H), 7.30–7.32 (m, 2H), 7.36–7.43 (m, 4H), 7.87–7.91 (m, 2H), 8.17 (d, J = 2.0 Hz, 1H), 8.35–8.39 (m, 2H), 8.46 (dd, J = 8.0, 0.9 Hz, 1H); ¹³C{1H}NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 14.5, 61.5, 109.6, 116.3, 118.9, 121.7, 123.8, 124.5, 126.6, 126.9, 127.3, 129.0, 129.6, 129.7, 130.5, 132.7, 137.4, 137.7, 138.3, 141.4, 146.6, 148.9, 167.4, 173.1; **MS** (ESI) m/z 465 [M+H]⁺**HRMS** (ESI, m/z): calcd for C₂₈H₂₁N₂O₅ [M+H]⁺465.14450, found 465.14292.

Ethyl 3-(3-nitrophenyl)-6-oxo-1-phenyl-6H-pyrido[1,2-a]quinoline-5-carboxylate (3t)



Yellow solid, 167 mg (0.360 mmol), 72%, $\mathbf{R}_{\mathbf{f}} = 0.4$ (EtOAC/Hexane, 60:40); MP 174-176 °C; IR (KBr) cm⁻¹770, 1350, 1532, 1685, 1727, 2976; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 1.48 (t, J = 7.1 Hz, 3H), 4.53 (q, J = 7.1 Hz, 2H), 6.97 (d, J = 2.1 Hz, 1H), 7.13–7.20 (m, 2H), 7.32–7.35 (m, 2H), 7.37–7.45 (m, 4H), 7.73 (t, J = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 8.05–8.10 (m, 1H), 8.15 (d, J = 2.0 Hz, 1H), 8.32–8.37 (m, 1H), 8.46 (dd, J = 7.9, 1.1 Hz, 1H), 8.56 (t, J = 1.9 Hz, 1H); ¹³C{1H}NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 14.5, 61.5, 109.6, 116.3, 118.8, 121.7, 123.8, 124.5, 126.8, 126.9, 127.0, 127.3, 129.0, 129.6, 129.7, 130.5, 132.7, 137.4, 137.7, 138.3, 141.4, 146.6, 148.7, 148.9, 167.3, 173.1; MS (ESI) m/z 465 [M+H]⁺HRMS (ESI, m/z): calcd for C₂₈H₂₁N₂O₅ [M+H]⁺ 465.14450, found 465.14214.





Yellow solid, 211 mg (0.450 mmol), 91%, $\mathbf{R}_{f} = 0.6$ (EtOAC/Hexane, 60:40); **MP** 164-166 °C; **IR** (CHCl₃) 763, 1181, 1253, 1456, 1515, 1596, 1718, 2921, 2957 cm⁻¹; ¹**H NMR** (300 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 1.46 (t, J = 7.1 Hz, 3H), 2.38 (s, 3H), 3.87 (d, J = 8.1 Hz, 3H), 4.5 (q, J = 6.0 Hz, 2H), 6.93–6.98 (m, 1H), 7.02 (d, J = 8.8 Hz, 2H), 7.09–7.22 (m, 6H), 7.37 (t, J = 6.8 Hz, 1H), 7.69 (d, J = 8.8 Hz, 2H), 8.01 (d, J = 2.0 Hz, 1H), 8.45 (d, J = 7.8 Hz, 1H); ¹³C{1H}NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 14.5, 21.3, 55.5, 61.2, 108.4, 113.8, 114.7, 115.9, 116.9, 123.7, 126.3, 126.40, 127.1, 128.3, 128.6, 130.0, 130.3, 135.3, 137.5, 139.6, 143.7, 146.0, 149.3, 161.3, 167.7, 172.7; **MS** (ESI) m/z 464 [M+H]⁺**HRMS** (ESI, m/z): calcd for C₃₀H₂₆NO₄ [M+H]⁺464.18563, found 464.18573.

Ethyl 6-oxo-1,3-dip-tolyl-6H-pyrido[1,2-*a*]quinoline-5-carboxylate (3v)



Yellow solid, 199 mg (0.445 mmol), 89 %, $\mathbf{R}_{\mathbf{f}} = 0.6$ (EtOAC/Hexane, 60:40); **MP** 170-172 °C; **IR** (KBr) cm⁻¹ 765, 1171, 1285, 1460, 1599, 1731, 2929; ¹**H NMR** (300 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 1.47 (t, J = 7.1 Hz, 3H), 2.38 (s, 3H), 2.43 (s, 3H), 4.52 (q, J = 7.1 Hz, 2H), 6.96 (d, J = 1.8 Hz, 1H), 7.08–7.19 (m, 5H), 7.31 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 7.38 (t, J = 7.4 Hz, 2H), 7.63 (d, J = 8.1 Hz, 2H), 8.03 (d, J = 1.7 Hz, 1H), 8.46 (d, J = 7.8 Hz, 1H); ¹³C{1H}NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 29.7, 61.3, 79.3, 105.2, 115.4, 115.9, 115.7, 118.2, 119.7, 121.8, 125.1, 125.3, 127.2, 127.4, 127.5, 128.5, 129.8, 130.9, 131.2, 131.3, 131.6, 138.5, 150.0, 152.9, 161.4, 163.8; MS (ESI) m/z 448 [M+H]⁺HRMS (ESI, m/z): calcd for C₃₀H₂₆NO₃ [M+H]⁺ 448.19072, found 448.18844.

Ethyl 6-oxo-1-phenyl-3-(thiophen-2-yl)-6H-pyrido[1,2-a]quinoline-5-carboxylate (3w)



Yellow solid, 0.196 mg (0.460 mmol), 92%, $\mathbf{R}_{\mathbf{f}} = 0.4$ (EtOAC/Hexane, 60:40); **MP** 160-162 °C; **IR** (KBr) cm⁻¹ 762, 1226, 1459, 1529, 1604, 1692, 1727, 2855, 2946; ¹**H NMR** (300 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 1.49 (t, J = 7.1 Hz, 3H), 4.53 (q, J = 7.1 Hz, 2H), 6.94 (d, J = 1.9 Hz, 1H), 7.10 (d, J = 3.8 Hz, 2H), 7.15–7.20 (m, 1H), 7.28–7.33 (m, 2H), 7.34–7.42 (m, 4H), 7.50 (d, J = 5.1 Hz, 1H), 7.58 (d, J = 3.7 Hz, 1H), 8.02 (s, 1H), 8.44 (d, J = 7.9 Hz, 1H); ¹³C{1H}NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 14.6, 61.4, 108.9, 115.4, 116.0, 123.6, 126.2, 126.4, 126.6, 127.0, 127.3, 127.8, 128.8, 129.5, 130.4, 137.3, 137.4, 137.9, 139.9, 145.8, 148.8, 148.9, 167.4, 172.9; **MS** (ESI) m/z 426 [M+H]⁺HRMS (ESI, m/z): calcd for C₂₆H₂₀NO₃S [M+H]⁺ 426.11584, found 426.11603





Yellow solid, 191 mg (0.450 mmol), 91%, $\mathbf{R}_{\mathbf{f}} = 0.4$ (EtOAC/Hexane, 60:40); **MP** 162-164 °C; **IR** (CHCl₃) 766, 1255, 1383, 1440, 1599, 1726, 2919, 2957 cm⁻¹; ¹**H NMR** (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 2.83 (s, 3H), 3.89 (s, 3H), 6.91 (t, J = 9.2 Hz, 1H), 7.02 (d, J = 8.8 Hz, 2H), 7.09–7.13 (m, 3H), 7.30–7.32 (m, 2H), 7.36–7.41 (m, 3H), 7.77 (d, J = 8.8 Hz, 2H), 8.41 (d, J = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 8.94 (t, J = 6.4 Hz, 1H); ¹³C{1H}NMR (126 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 33.4, 55.8, 113.6, 113.9, 114.7, 116.9, 117.8, 124.1, 126.3, 126.7, 127.5, 128.2, 128.6, 128.8, 129.5, 131.1, 137.2, 138.5, 144.9, 146.1, 150.7, 161.5, 175.1, 201.1; **MS** (ESI) m/z 420 [M+H]⁺**HRMS** (ESI, m/z): calcd for C₂₈H₂₂NO₃ [M+H]⁺420.15942, found 420.15816.

5-Acetyl-1-(6-methoxynaphthalen-2-yl)-3-phenyl-6H-pyrido[1,2-*a*]quinolin-6-one (3y)



Yellow solid, 145 mg (0.310 mmol), 62%, $\mathbf{R}_{\mathbf{f}} = 0.6$ (EtOAC/Hexane, 60:40); **MP** 148-150 °C; **IR** (CHCl₃) 763, 1204, 1392, 1451, 1598, 1725, 2919, 2958 cm⁻¹; ¹**H NMR** (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 2.85 (s, 3H), 3.94 (s, 3H), 7.02–7.12 (m, 3H), 7.18–7.25 (m, 2H), 7.38 (dd, J = 13.4, 6.1 Hz, 2H), 7.51 (t, J = 7.2 Hz, 3H), 7.62 (d, J = 8.6 Hz, 1H), 7.75 (d, J = 9.0 Hz, 1H), 7.82 (d, J = 6.6 Hz, 2H), 7.95 (s, 1H), 8.43 (d, J = 7.0 Hz, 1H), 8.95 (d, J = 1.9 Hz, 1H); ¹³C{**1H**}**NMR** (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 33.3, 55.4, 106.8, 114.4, 118.1, 118.2, 120.1, 123.9, 125.1, 126.2, 126.4, 126.8, 127.1, 127.8, 128.8, 129.2, 129.8, 130.1, 131.1, 132.2, 133.3, 134.7, 136.4, 137.9, 145.5, 146.4, 150.6, 158.9, 175.2, 201.02; **MS** (ESI) m/z 470 [M+H]⁺**HRMS** (ESI, m/z): calcd for C₃₂H₂₄NO₃ [M+H]⁺470.15823, found 470.15942.

8. Crystallographic data and ORTEP Diagram of 30

Method of Crystallization: The crystals of compound **30** were obtained using slow evaporation method in acetonitrile/ethanol (1:1) at room temperature. A single crystal was subjected to X-ray crystallographic data collection, analysis and the structure was determined as follows:



Figure caption: ORTEP diagram of 30 compound with the atom-numbering. Displacement ellipsoids are drawn at the 35% probability level and H atoms are shown as small spheres of arbitrary radius. Only the major component of the disordered ethyl ester atoms is shown for clarity purpose. **CCDC** deposition number 2128795 contains the supplementary crystallographic data for this paper which can be obtained free of charge at <u>https://www.ccdc.cam.ac.uk/structures/</u>

Crystal data for 30: C₂₉H₂₃NO₃, M = 433.48, Monoclinic, Space group $P2_1/n$ (No.14), a = 11.493(4)Å, b = 14.034(6)Å, c = 14.667(6)Å, $\alpha = 90^{\circ}$, $\beta = 102.249(10)^{\circ}$, $\gamma = 90^{\circ}$, V = 2311.8(16)Å³, Z = 4, $D_c = 1.245$ g/cm³, $F_{000} = 912$, Bruker D8 QUEST PHOTON III C7, Mo-K α radiation, $\lambda = 0.71073$ Å, T = 293(2)K, $2\theta_{max} = 56.6^{\circ}$, $\mu = 0.080$ mm⁻¹, 22049 reflections collected,

5694 unique (R_{int} = 0.0563), 329 parameters, RI = 0.0541, wR2 = 0.1282, R indices based on 3145 reflections with I > 2 σ (I) (refinement on F^2), Final *GooF* = 1.020, largest difference hole and peak = -0.167 and 0.188 e.Å⁻³.

Data collection and Structure solution details: Single crystal X-ray data were collected at room temperature on a Bruker D8 QUEST equipped with a four-circle kappa diffractometer and Photon III C7 detector. An Iµs microfocus Mo source (λ =0.71073Å) supplied the multi-mirror monochromated incident beam. A combination of Phi and Omega scans were used to collect the necessary data. Integration and scaling of intensity data were accomplished using SAINT program.^[4] The structures were solved by Direct Methods using ^{SHELXS97[5-6]} and refinement was carried out by full-matrix least-squares technique using SHELXL-2014/7.⁵⁻⁶ Anisotropic displacement parameters were included for all non-hydrogen atoms. All H atoms were positioned geometrically and treated as riding on their parent C atoms, with C-H distances of 0.93--0.97 Å, and with Uiso(H) = 1.2Ueq (C) or 1.5Ueq for methyl atoms. Ethyl ester was disordered over two sites with site occupancy factors of 0.632(13) for major component (O3/C11/C12) and 0.368(13) for minor component (O3D/C11D/C12D) of the disordered atoms. Structural disorder was modelled using PART, FVAR, DFIX, DELU and SIMU instructions in the refinement which can be found in the supplementary CIF file. CCDC deposition number 2128795 contains the supplementary crystallographic data for this paper which can be obtained free of charge at https://www.ccdc.cam.ac.uk/structures/

9. References

- H. E. Gottlieb, V. Kotlyar and A. Nudelman, NMR Chemical Shifts of Common Laboratory Solvents as Trace Impurities, J. Org. Chem., 1997, 62, 7512–7515.
- 2 (a) Ş. Kökten and İ. Çelik, N-(2-Aminobenzoyl)benzotriazole Mediated and t-BuOK Promoted Synthesis of 2-Substituted Quinolone 3-carboxylates, *Tetrahedron Lett.*, 2015, 56, 45, 6254–6256; (b) J. Fiorito, J. Vendome, F. Saeed, A. Staniszewski, H. Zhang, S. Yan, S.-X. Deng, O. Arancio and D. W. Landry, Identification of a Novel 1,2,3,4-Tetrahydrobenzo[b][1,6]naphthyridine Analogue as a Potent Phosphodiesterase 5 Inhibitor with Improved Aqueous Solubility for the Treatment of Alzheimer's Disease, *J. Med. Chem.*, 2017, 60, 21, 8858–8875; (c) Y. Ma, Y. Zhu, D. Zhang, Y. Meng, T. Tang, K. Wang, J. Ma, J. Wang and P. Sun, Eco-Friendly Decarboxylative Cyclization in Water: Practical Access to the Anti-malarial 4-quinolones, *Green Chem.*, 2019, 21, 478–482.
- (a) L. Chen and C.-J. Li, A Remarkably Efficient Coupling of Acid Chlorides with Alkynes in Water, *Org. Lett.*, 2004, **6**, *18*, 3151–3153; (b) H. Yuan , Y. Shen, S. Yu, L. Shan, Q. Sun and W. Zhang, Pd-Catalyzed Cross-Coupling of Acyl Chlorides with In Situ–Generated Alkynylzinc Derivatives for the Synthesis of Ynones, *Synth. Comm.*, 2013, **43**, 2817–2823; (c) W. Lv, J. Tian, N. Deng, Y. Wang, X. Zhu and X. Yao, Dual-Immobilized Copper Catalyst: Carbon Nitride-Supported Copper Nanoparticles Catalyzed Oxidation of Propargylic Alcohols, *Tetrahedron Lett.*, 2015, **56**, 1312–1316; (d) A. Dasgupta, V. Ramkumar and S. Sankararaman, Synthesis of Fluorescent 1,3-Diarylpropynones by Carbonylative Alkynylation Reaction Using (Phosphine) (1,2,3-triazol-5-ylidene)palladium Complexes as Catalysts, *Eur. J. Org. Chem.*, 2016, **28**, 4817–4823; (e) K. Oshimoto, H. Tsuji and M. Kawatsura, Synthesis of Benzoxazoles *via* the Copper-Catalyzed Hydroamination of Alkynones with 2-Aminophenols, *Org. Biomol. Chem.*, 2019, **17**, 4225–4229.

- SMART & SAINT. Software Reference manuals. Versions 6.28a & 5.625, Bruker Analytical X-ray Systems Inc., Madison, Wisconsin, U.S.A., 2001.
- 5 Sheldrick, G. M. SHELXS97 and SHELXL Version 2014/7, http://shelx.uni-ac.gwdg.de/SHELX/index.php.
- 6 Muller, P, Herbst-Imer, R, Spek, A. L, Schneider, T. R, and Sawaya, M. R. Crystal Structure Refinement: A Crystallographer's Guide to SHELXL. Muller, P. Ed. 2006 Oxford University Press: Oxford, New York, pp. 57–91.

Copies of ¹H and ¹³C NMR spectra of 3a-y



































































































