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An Investigation of Palladium-Catalyzed Stille-Type Cross-Coupling of Nitroarenes in Perylenediimide Series

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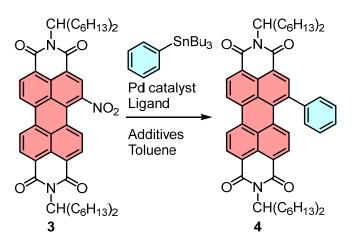
1. Materials and Methods

Materials and General Methods. Thin Layer Chromatography (TLC) was conducted on pre-coated aluminum sheets with 0.20 mm MerckAlugram SIL G/UV254 with fluorescent indicator UV254. Column chromatography was carried out using Sigma-Aldrich silica gel 60 (particle size 63-200 µm). Nuclear magnetic resonance (NMR) ¹H, ¹⁹F and ¹³C spectra were obtained on a Bruker 300 MHz Avance III spectrometer (300 MHz for ¹H and 75 MHz for ¹³C) or 500 MHz Advance III HD spectrometer (500 MHz for ¹H, 470 MHz for ¹⁹F, 125 MHz for ¹³C). Chemical shifts were reported in ppm using the solvent residual signal as an internal reference (CDCl₃: δ H= 7.26 ppm, δ C= 77.2 ppm). Coupling constants (J) were given in Hz. Resonance multiplicity was described as s (singlet), d (doublet), t (triplet), dd (doublet of doublets), m (multiplet) and br (broad signal). Carbon spectra were acquired with a complete decoupling for the proton. High resolution mass spectrometry (HRMS) was performed with a JEOL JMS-700 B/E. Chemicals were purchased from Sigma Aldrich, Acros Organics, Fisher Scientific, Alfa Aesar, Fluorochem, and were used as received. Solvents were purchased from Sigma Aldrich, Fluorochem, or Fischer Scientific while deuterated solvents from Sigma Aldrich. Toluene was refluxed over sodium with benzophenone indicator as the standard drying method.

Tributyl(naphthalen-2-yl)stannane¹, NitroPDI² and DiNitroPDI³ were prepared by methods adapted from the literature.

Abbreviations NMR : nuclear magnetic resonance; PDI : perylenediimide; TFP: tri(2furyl)phosphine; dba: Dibenzylideneacetone; dppf: 1,1'-Ferrocenediylbis(diphenylphosphine); P(o-tolyl)₃: Tris(o-tolyl)phosphine; Xantphos: 4,5-Bis(diphenylphosphino)-9,9-dimethylxanthene; SPhos: 2-Dicyclohexylphosphino-2',6'dimethoxybiphenyl; en: ethylenediamine.

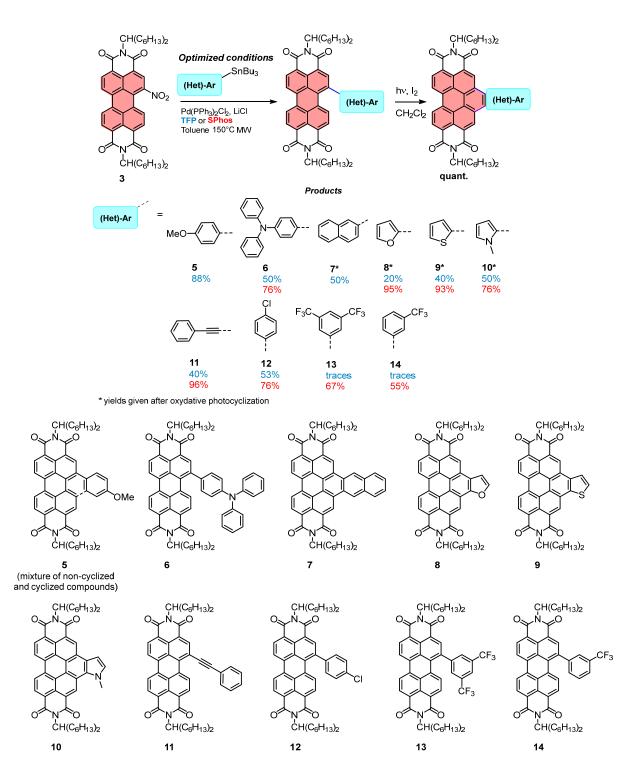
2. Synthesis



Scheme S1. General scheme for Stille reaction on NitroPDI.

Entry	[Pd] catalyst (%)	ArSnR ₃	Additive	Ligand	Yield
-		(equiv.)	(equiv.)	(%)	(%)
1*	$Pd(PPh_3)_4(10\%)$	Bu(2)	_	-	-
2*	Pd(PPh ₃) ₄ (10%)	Bu(2)	LiCl (2)	-	25
3*	PdCl ₂ (PPh ₃) ₂ (10%)	Bu(2)	LiCl (2)	-	70
4*	$PdCl_2(PPh_3)_2(10\%)$	Bu (2)	-	TFP (20%)	69
5* or 5**	$PdCl_2(PPh_3)_2(10\%)$	Bu(2)	LiCl (2)	TFP (20%)	98
6*	$PdCl_2(PPh_3)_2(10\%)$	Bu(2)	LiF (2)	TFP (20%)	57
7**	$PdCl_2(PPh_3)_2(10\%)$	Bu (1.2)	LiCl (2)	TFP (20%)	50
8**	$PdCl_2(PPh_3)_2(10\%)$	Me (1.2)	LiCl (2)	TFP (20%)	40
9**	$PdCl_2(PPh_3)_2(10\%)$	Bu (1.2)	LiCl (2)	AsPh ₃ (20%)	53
10**	$PdCl_2(PPh_3)_2(10\%)$	Bu (1.2)	LiCl (2)	P(o-tolyl) ₃ (20%)	Traces
11**	$PdCl_2(PPh_3)_2(10\%)$	Bu(1.2)	LiCl (2)	SPhos (20%)	75
12**	$PdCl_2(CH_3CN)_2(10\%)$	Bu(2)	LiCl (2)	TFP (20%)	4
13**	$PdCl_2(CH_3CN)_2(10\%)$	Bu(2)	LiCl (2)	SPhos (20%)	21
14**	Pd(en)(NO ₃) ₂ (10%)	Bu(2)	LiCl (2)	SPhos (20%)	-
15**	PddppfCl ₂ (10%)	Bu (1.2)	LiCl (2)	-	60
16**	$Pd_2dba_3(5\%)$	Bu (1.2)	-	P(o-tolyl) ₃ (10%)	40
17**	PdCl ₂ (PPh ₃) ₂ (10%)	<i>Me</i> (1.2)	LiCl (2)	Xantphos (10%)	39
18**	PdCl ₂ (PPh ₃) ₂ (10%)	Bu (1.2)	LiCl (0.5)	TFP (20%)	37
<i>19</i> **	$PdCl_2(PPh_3)_2(10\%)$	<i>Me</i> (1.2)	LiCl (0.5)	TFP (20%)	42
20**	$PdCl_2(PPh_3)_2(10\%)$	Bu (1.2)	LiCl (2)	TFP (40%)	42
21**	$PdCl_2(PPh_3)_2(7\%)$	<i>Bu</i> (1.2)	LiCl (2)	TFP (14%)	45
22**	$PdCl_2(PPh_3)_2(1\%)$	Bu (1.2)	LiCl (2)	TFP (2%)	6
23**	<i>PdCl</i> ₂ (<i>PPh</i> ₃) ₂ (10%)	Bu (1.5)	LiCl (2)	TFP (20%)	47
24**	<i>PdCl</i> ₂ (<i>PPh</i> ₃) ₂ (10%)	Bu (1.7)	LiCl (2)	TFP (20%)	45
25**	$PdCl_2(CH_3CN)_2(10\%)$	<i>Bu</i> (2)	LiCl (2)	-	-
26**	$Pd(en)(NO_3)_2(10\%)$	<i>Bu</i> (2)	LiCl (2)	-	-
27**	$Pd(en)(NO_3)_2(10\%)$	<i>Bu</i> (2)	LiCl (2)	TFP (20%)	-
28**	$PddppfCl_2(10\%)$	Bu (1.2)	LiCl (2)	-	17
29**	$PddppfCl_2(10\%)$	<i>Me</i> (1.2)	LiCl (2)	-	60

Table 1 Optimization of the reaction conditions (* Schlenk tube, [3] = 16.7 mM, Toluene, 120° C,overnight; ** Microwaves, [3] = 25 mM, Toluene, 150° C, 2h) TFP: tri(2-furyl)phosphine; dba:dibenzylideneacetone ; dppf: 1,1'-Ferrocenediyl-bis(diphenylphosphine) ; P(o-tolyl)₃: Tris(o-tolyl)phosphine; SPhos: 2-Dicyclohexylphosphino-2',6'-dimethoxybiphenyl; xantphos: 4,5-Bis(diphenylphosphino)-9,9-dimethylxanthene; en: ethylenediamine



Scheme S2. Reaction scope for Stille reaction on NitroPDI.

General Procedure: Stille coupling

Conditions A = TFP

Conditions B = SPhos

In a 10 mL microwave reactor, PDI-NO₂ (100 mg, 0.125 mmol, 1 equiv.), LiCl (10.6 mg, 0.25 mmol, 2 equiv.), tributylphenylstannane (92 mg, 0.25 mmol, 2 equiv.), and a phosphine derivative, TFP (5.8 mg, 25 mmol, 0.2 equiv.) or SPhos (10.3 mg, 0.025 mmol, 0.2 equiv.), were suspended in dry toluene (5 mL). The solution was degassed under argon during ultrasonication for 15 minutes. Then $PdCl_2(PPh_3)_2$ (8.8 mg, 0.012 mmol, 0.1 equiv.) was added. The reaction was stirred at 150 °C for 2 h under MW irradiation. The reaction was cooled down and the solvent evaporated under reduced pressure. The crude product was purified through silica gel column chromatography (n-pentane/diethyl ether, 4:1 to diethyl ether) and precipitated in CH₂Cl₂/MeOH to afford the final product.

During the work-up, some of the final products were prone to photocyclisation. In order to obtain clear characterisation of the product, the mixture of photocyclised and non-photocyclised products was isolated together using column chromatography (n-pentane/diethyl ether, 4:1 to diethyl ether). The mixture was then diluted in 10 mL of CH₂Cl₂ and 2 equiv. of iodine were added, then placed in a photoreactor. The final photocyclised product was then washed with a solution of Na₂S₂O₃, extracted in CH₂Cl₂ and dried over MgSO₄. The solvent was evaporated under reduced pressure to afford the final product.

NMR and mass spectrometry were then performed on the final product.

Compound 4. ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.71 – 8.50 (m, 5H), 8.16 – 8.04 (m, 1H), 7.87 – 7.80 (d, J = 7.8 Hz, 1H), 7.43 – 7,58 (m, 5H), 5.25 – 5.07 (m, 2H), 2.33 – 2.11 (m, 4H), 1.92 – 1.73 (m, 4H), 1.41 – 1.11 (m, 32H), 0.92 – 0.75 (m, 12H). ¹³C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 164.8, 163.7, 142.6, 141.7, 136.5, 135.8, 134.8, 134.4, 132.4, 131.5, 130.6, 130.3, 130.0, 129.1, 128.6, 128.5, 128.4, 128.0, 127.8, 127.5, 123.5, 122.6, 122.1, 54.8, 54.6, 32.3, 31.7, 31.4, 30.2, 29.2, 26.9, 22.6, 14.1. HRMS (MALDI-TOF) m/z: calcd for C₅₆H₆₆N₂O₄ ([M]⁻): 830.5023; found: 830.5033 (0.65 ppm error).

Compound 5. (General conditions A, 95 mg, 88%) ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.71 – 8.46 (m, 5H), 8.21 – 8.07 (m, 1H), 7.89 and 7.79 (2d, J = 8.3 Hz, 1H)*, 7.43 – 7.36 (m, 2H), 7.41 (d, J = 9.5 Hz, 1H), 7,04 (d, J = 10 Hz, 1H), 5.18 (s, 2H), 3.91 (m, 3H), 2.30 – 2.16 (m, 4H), 1.82 (m, 4H), 1.24 (m, 32H), 0.90 – 0.77 (m, 12H). * The two doublets at 7.89 and 7.79 ppm are attributed to the mixture of non-cyclised and cyclised compounds in a ratio 80/20. ¹³C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 164.5, 163.2, 159.6, 141.2, 134.3, 129.4, 129.2, 128.8, 128.6, 128.4, 128.0, 127.8, 127.7, 127.2, 124.9, 123.1, 122.1, 121.6, 115.4, 65.3, 55.0, 54.3, 54.2, 32.0, 31.40, 31.3, 29.3, 28.8, 26.5, 22.2, 21.1, 13.6. HRMS (MALDI-TOF) m/z: calcd for C₅₇H₆₈N₂O₅ ([M]⁻):860.5128; found: 860.5135 (0.20 ppm error).

Compound 6. (General conditions A, 62 mg, 50%) ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.76 – 8.53 (m, 5H), 8.31 – 8.20 (m, 1H), 8.16 (d, *J* = 8 Hz, 1H), 7.35 (t, *J* = 8 Hz, 6H), 7.20 (t, *J* = 8 Hz, 6H), 7.10 (t, *J* = 7.3 Hz, 2H), 5.28 – 5.08 (m, 2H), 2.35 – 2.13 (m, 4H), 1.94 – 1.78 (m, 4H), 1.46 – 1.07 (m, 32H), 0.82 (m, 12H). ¹³C NMR (126 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 164.8, 163.7, 148.4, 147.2, 141.6, 136.6, 136.0, 135.6, 135.1, 134.7, 129.5, 129.4, 129.2, 128.4, 128.1, 127.6, 125.0, 124.3, 124.1, 123.6, 123.5, 122.5, 54.7, 54.6, 32.3, 31.9, 31.7, 31.7, 29.3, 29.2, 27.0, 26.9, 26.9, 22.6, 14.0. HRMS (MALDI-TOF) *m/z*: calcd for C₆₈H₇₅N₃O₄([M]⁻): 997.5758; found: 997.5752 (1.11 ppm error).

Compound 7. (General conditions A, 55 mg, 50%) ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 10.20 (s, 1H), 9.96 (s, 1H), 9.15 (s, 2H), 9.09 – 8.79 (m, 4H), 8.27 (dd, J = 9,2; 4,6 Hz, 2H), 7.95 – 7.75 (m, 2H), 5.25 – 5.45 (m, 2H), 2.37 (m, 4H), 2.08 – 1.90 (m, 4H), 1.58 – 1.12 (m, 32H), 0.84 (m, 12H). ¹³C NMR (126 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 165.1, 164.0, 133.5, 133.1, 129.9, 129.4, 128.2, 128.6, 128.3, 127.6, 127.2, 126.8, 126.6, 124.4, 123.7, 122.7, 120.5, 55.0, 53.4, 32.5, 31.8, 29.3, 27.1, 22.6, 14.0. HRMS (MALDI-TOF) m/z: calcd for C₆₀H₆₆N₂O₄ ([M]⁻): 878.5023; found: 878.5020 (0.96 ppm error).

Compound 8. (General conditions A, 92 mg, 95%) ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 9.37 (s, 1H), 9.21 (s, 1H), 8.95 – 8.79 (m, 4H), 8.20 – 8.13 (m, 1H), 7.59 (s, 1H), 5.36 (m, 2H), 2.49 – 2.32 (m, 4H), 2.11 – 1.90 (m, 4H), 1.57 – 1.19 (m, 32H), 0.85 (t, *J* = 6.8 Hz, 12H). ¹³C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 165.6, 164.7, 150.0, 147.9, 132.9, 132.6, 130.0, 129.5, 128.9, 126.7, 124.5, 124.1, 123.2, 122.4, 122.0, 121.5, 117.9, 106.9, 55.7, 54.1, 33.2, 32.6, 31.6, 27.9, 24.2, 23.4, 14.8. HRMS (MALDI-TOF) *m/z*: calcd for C₅₄H₆₂N₂O₅ ([M]⁻): 818.4559; found: 818.4645 (2.35 ppm error).

Compound 9. (General conditions A, 97 mg, 93%) ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.98 – 8.85 (br, 1H), 8.77 – 8.66 (m, 3H), 8.64 – 8.52 (m, 2H), 8.02 – 7.94 (m, 1H), 7.90 – 7.85 (m, 1H), 5.39 – 5.25 (m, 2H), 2.47 – 2.34 (m, 4H), 2.13-2.01 (s, 4H), 1.71 – 1.17 (m, 32H), 0.94 – 0.82 (m, 12H). ¹³C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl₃) δ ¹³C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 163.3, 162.4, 136.6, 134.5, 130.4, 128.1, 127.7, 127.0, 126.6, 124.6, 124.5, 123.2, 121.3, 120.9, 120.7, 119.8, 119.1, 54.1, 31.7, 31.1, 28.6, 26.6, 21.9, 13.3. HRMS (MALDI-TOF) *m/z*: calcd for C₅₄H₆₂N₂O₄S ([M]⁻): 834.4430; found: 834.4444 (1.00 ppm error).

Compound 10. (General conditions B, 80 mg, 76%) ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 9.67 – 9.56 (br, 1H), 9.36 – 9.20 (br, 1H), 8.97 – 8.76 (m, 4H), 7.48 – 7.44 (m, 1H), 7.32 – 7.26 (br, 1H), 5.39 – 5.22 (m, 2H), 4.53 (s, 3H), 2.49 – 2.24 (m, 4H), 2.16 – 1.95 (m, 4H), 1.61 – 1.17 (m, 32H), 0.90 – 0.74 (m, 12H). ¹³C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 164.7, 164.1, 133.9, 132.7, 132.0, 131.3, 128.9, 128.4, 127.7, 127.0, 125.9, 125.5, 124.9, 124.4, 123.5, 123.2, 121.6, 120.6, 118.7, 100.7, 54.9, 39.1, 32.6, 31.9, 29.4, 29.3, 27.3, 22.7, 14.1. HRMS (MALDI-TOF) *m*/*z*: calcd for C₅₅H₆₅N₃O₄ ([M]⁻):831.4975; found: 831.4985 (0.49 ppm in error).

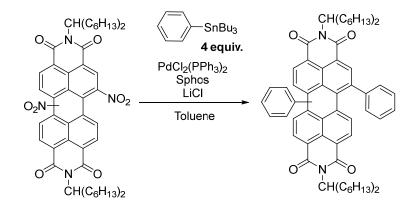
Compound 11. (General conditions B, 101 mg, 96%) ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 10.30 (d, *J* = 8.3 Hz, 1H), 8.91 – 8.83 (br, 1H), 8.79 – 8.59 (m, 5H), 7.79 – 7.63 (m, 2H), 7.55 – 7.42 (m, 3H),

5.26 - 5.11 (m, 2H), 2.34 - 2.18 (m, 4H), 1.94 - 1.78 (m, 4H), 1.42 - 1.14 (m, 32H), 0.83 (m, 12H). ¹³C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 164.8, 163.7, 138.9, 138.2, 134.6, 134.3, 134.1, 131.9, 131.6, 130.9, 129.9, 129.3, 129.0, 128.7, 127.5, 127.1, 126.9, 123.7, 123.1, 122.4, 120.4, 99.6, 91.2, 55.0, 54.9, 32.5, 32.4, 31.9, 29.3, 27.1, 27.0, 22.7, 14.2. HRMS (MALDI-TOF) *m*/*z*: calcd for C₅₈H₆₆N₂O₄ ([M]⁻): 854.5023; found: 855.5036 (0.98 ppm error).

Compound 12. (General conditions B, 78 mg, 76%) ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.68 – 8.53 (m, 5H), 8.50 – 8.42 (m, 1H), 7.79 (d, J = 8.2 Hz, 1H), 7.44 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 7.39 (d, J = 8.5 Hz, 2H), 5.16 – 5.02 (m, 2H), 2.24 – 2.08 (m, 4H), 1.82 – 1.70 (m, 4H), 1.30 – 1.05 (m, 32H), 0.83 – 0.70 (m, 12H). ¹³C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 164.6, 163.3, 140.9, 134.7, 134.2, 132.5, 131.4, 130.8, 130.7, 130.5, 130.0, 129.9, 129.8, 129.0, 128.5, 127.9, 127.4, 126.6, 126.5, 123.4, 123.0, 122.7, 54.7, 54.6, 32.2, 31.6, 29.1, 26.8, 22.4, 13.9. HRMS (MALDI-TOF) *m/z*: calcd for C₅₆H₆₅ClN₂O₄ ([M]⁻): 864.4633; found: 864.4624 (1.68 ppm error).

Compound 13. (General conditions B, 80 mg, 67%) ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.80 – 8.60 (m, 5H), 8.54 – 8.43 (m, 1H), 8.21– 8.10 (m, 1H), 8.04 (s, 1H), 8.00 (s, 1H), 7.65 (d, *J* = 8.2 Hz, 1H), 5.24 – 5. (m, 2H), 2.28 – 2.11 (m, 4H), 1.93 – 1.74 (m, 4H), 1.43 – 1.07 (m, 32H), 0.96 – 0.73 (m, 12H). ¹³C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 163.8, 163.4, 144.9, 137.6, 134.0, 133.9, 133.6, 133.4, 132.9, 130.3, 129.8, 129.5, 129.3, 129.2, 129.0, 128.0, 127.4, 123.9, 123.2, 123.0, 122.3, 121.8, 54.9, 54.8, 53.4, 31.7, 31.7, 30.9, 29.1, 29.1, 22.5, 22.5, 14.04, 14.01.¹⁹F NMR (470 MHz, CDCl₃) δ -62.82. ¹⁹F NMR (470 MHz, CDCl₃) δ -62.82. HRMS (MALDI-TOF) *m/z*: calcd for C₅₈H₆₄F₆N₂O₄ ([M]⁻): 966.4770; found: 966.4788 (1.29 ppm error).

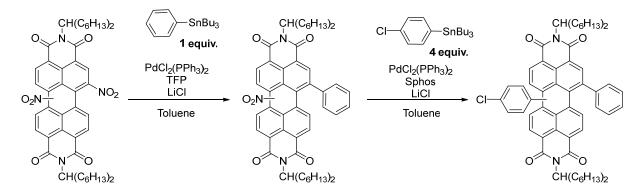
Compound 14. (General conditions B, 62 mg, 55%) ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.78 – 8.60 (m, 4H), 8.54 – 8.45 (br, 1H), 8.2 – 8,09 (br, 1H), 7.83 (s, 1H), 7.80 – 7.71 (m, 2H), 7.71 – 7.63 (m 2H), 5.23 – 5.07 (m, 2H), 2.36 – 2.07 (m, 4H), 1.94 – 1.72 (m, 4H), 1.37 – 1.09 (m, 32H), 0.93 – 0.73 (m, 12H). ¹³C NMR (126 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 164.5, 163.4, 143.4, 139.5, 136.0, 135.5, 135.3, 134.8, 134.1, 133.9, 133.3, 132.9, 132.6, 132.3, 132.0, 131.6, 130.8, 130.7, 129.8, 129.1, 128.6, 127.9, 127.3, 126.7, 125.4, 125.2, 124.6, 123.6, 123.1, 122.8, 122.5, 54.7, 54.6, 36.8, 32.2, 31.6, 31.6, 29.1, 29.0, 26.7, 22.4, 13.9. ¹⁹F NMR (470 MHz, CDCl₃) δ -62.64. HRMS (MALDI-TOF) *m*/*z*: calcd for C₅₇H₆₅F₃N₂O₄ ([M]⁻): 898.4896; found: 898.4902 (0.05 ppm error).



Scheme S3. Synthesis of Ph-PDI-Ph.

The general procedure was followed starting from a regioisomeric mixture of 1,6 and 1,7 PDI- $(NO_2)_2$ (100 mg, 0.118 mmol, 1 equiv.), LiCl (10 mg, 0.24 mmol, 2 equiv.) and tributyl(phenyl)stannane (217 mg, 0.6 mmol, 5 equiv.), with Sphos (19.5 mg, 0.043 mmol, 0.4 equiv.) dissolved in toluene (5 mL). The solution was degassed under argon during ultrasonication for 15 minutes. Then PdCl₂(PPh₃)₂ (8.7 mg, 0.023 mmol, 0.2 equiv.) was added. The reaction was stirred at 150 °C for 2 h under MW irradiation. The reaction was cooled down and the solvent evaporated under reduced pressure. The crude product was purified through silica gel column chromatography (n-pentane/diethyl ether, 4:1 to diethyl ether). The reaction afforded inseparable **16**-(*1*,*6*) and **16**-(*1*,*7*) regioisomers. Recrystallization from CH₂Cl₂/MeOH gave after filtration a mixture of inseparable **16**-(*1*,*6*) and **16**-(*1*,*7*) regioisomers (78 mg; 76 % yield). **16**-(*1*,*6*) and **16**-(*1*,*7*) were characterized as a regioisomeric mixture.

Compound 16. ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.68 – 8,54 (m, 2H), 8.17 – 8,03 (m, 2H), 7.82 (d, J = 7,8 Hz, 1H), 7.77 (d, J = 7,6 Hz, 1H), 7.61 – 7.40 (m, 10H), 5.25 – 5.05 (m, 2H), 2.34 – 2.10 (m, 4H), 1.93 – 1.71 (m, 4H), 1.42 – 1.08 (m, 32H), 0.92 – 0.71 (m, 12H). ¹³C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 164.7, 163.6, 142.6, 142.2, 142.0, 141.1, 135.8, 135.1, 134.8, 134.2, 132.8, 132.5, 130.3, 130.2, 129.7, 129.4, 129.2, 129.0, 128.8, 128.7, 128.6, 128.5, 128.4, 127.9, 127.3, 122.6, 122.1, 54.8, 54.7, 54.6, 32.3, 31.8, 31.7, 31.6, 29.2, 26.93, 26.8, 22.6, 14.0. HRMS (MALDI-TOF) *m/z*: calcd for C₆₂H₇₀N₂O₄ ([M]⁻): 906.5336; found: 906.5355 (1.55 ppm error).



Scheme S4. Synthesis of dissymmetrical PDI via two successive Stille couplings.

The general procedure was followed starting from a regioisomeric mixture of 1,6 and 1,7 PDI- $(NO_2)_2$ (100 mg, 0.118 mmol, 1 equiv.), LiCl (10 mg, 0.24 mmol, 2 equiv.) and tributyl(phenyl)stannane (43,5 mg, 0.12 mmol, 1 equiv.), with tri(2-furyl)phosphine (4.5 mg, 0.024 mmol, 0.2 equiv.) dissolved in toluene (5 mL). Then PdCl₂(PPh₃)₂ (8.3 mg, 0.012 mmol, 0.1 equiv.) was added. The reaction afforded inseparable **15**-(*1,6*) and **15**-(*1,7*) regioisomers. Purification was carried out by silica gel column chromatography using n-pentane/diethyl ether, 4:1 to diethyl ether. Recrystallization from CH₂Cl₂/MeOH gave after filtration a mixture of inseparable **17**-(*1,6*) and **17**-(*1,7*) regioisomers (78 mg; 76% yield). **17**-(*1,6*) and **17**-(*1,7*) were characterized as a regioisomeric mixture.

In a 10 mL microwave reactor, Ph-PDI-NO₂ (40 mg, 0.045 mmol, 1 equiv.), LiCl (3.9 mg, 0.091 mmol, 2 equiv.), and tributyl(4-chlorophenyl)stannane (73.4 mg, 0.18 mmol, 4 equiv.) and Sphos (3.8 mg, 0.009 mmol, 0.2 equiv.) were suspended in dry toluene. The solution was degassed under argon during ultrasonication for 15 minutes. Then $PdCl_2(PPh_3)_2$ (3.2 mg, 0.005 mmol, 0.1 equiv.) was added. The reaction was stirred at 150 °C for 2 h under MW irradiation. The reaction was cooled down and the solvent evaporated under reduced pressure. The crude product was purified through silica gel column chromatography (n-pentane/diethyl ether, 4:1 to diethyl ether). Recrystallization from gave after filtration a mixture of inseparable **18-(1,6)** and **18-(1,7)** regioisomers (35 mg; 81% yield). **18-(1,6)** and **18-(1,7)** were characterized as a regioisomeric mixture.

Compound 17. ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.86 – 8.52 (m, 3H), 8,34 – 8.31 (m, 1H), 8.25 – 8.06 (m, 1H), 7.88 (t, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 7.55 – 7.49 (m, 3H), 7.48 – 7.42 (m, 2H), 5.26 – 7.04 (m, 2H), 2.33 – 2.10 (m, 4H), 1.92 – 1.72 (m, 4H), 1.41 – 1.05 (m, 32H), 0.91 – 0.74 (m, 12H). ¹³C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 164.2, 163.1, 148.7, 148.3, 147.6, 143.3, 142.8, 141.8, 141.8, 141.6, 135.5, 133.1, 132.8, 130.9, 130.7, 130.5, 130.4, 130.3, 130.16, 129.5, 129.2, 129.2, 129.1, 129.0, 128.9, 128.9, 128.8, 128.7, 128.6, 128.5, 128.3, 128.4, 128.0, 127.9, 127.6, 127.5, 127.5, 54.8, 53.4, 32.4, 32.3, 32.2, 32.1, 31.8, 31.7, 31.7, 29.2, 29.1, 29.1, 26.8, 26.8, 22.5, 14.0. HRMS (MALDI-TOF) *m/z*: calcd for C₅₆H₆₅N₃O₆ ([M]⁻): 875.4873; found: 875.4885 (0.65 ppm error).

Compound 18. ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.68 – 8.51 (m, 2H), 8.34 – 8.05 (m, 2H), 7.82 (d, *J* = 9 Hz, 1H), 7.80 – 7.74 (d, *J* = 8 Hz, 1H), 7.60 – 7.42 (m, 5H), 7.42 – 7.37 (m, 1H), 7.36 – 7.31 (m, 1H), 7.22 – 7.18 (m, 1H), 7.17 – 7.07 (m, 1H), 5.29 – 5.09 (m, 2H), 2.38 – 2.14 (m, 4H), 1.85 (m, 4H), 1.45 – 1.11 (m, 32H), 0.91 – 0.71 (m, 12H). ¹³C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 163.9, 162.8, 146.4, 141.7, 141.3, 140.2, 139.7, 138.7, 135.0, 133.9, 131.8, 129.6, 129.6, 129.4, 129.3, 129.1, 129.0, 128.9, 128.8, 128.6, 128.5, 128.4, 128.3, 128.2, 127.9, 127.9, 127.8, 127.7, 127.6, 127.1, 126.5, 124.1, 123.2, 122.8, 121.9, 121.2, 76.2, 53.9, 53.8, 31.5, 30.9, 28.4, 26.0, 21.7, 13.2. HRMS (MALDI-TOF) *m/z*: calcd for C₆₂H₆₉N₂O₄ ([M]⁻): 940.4946; found: 940.4944 (0.76 ppm error).

3. NMR

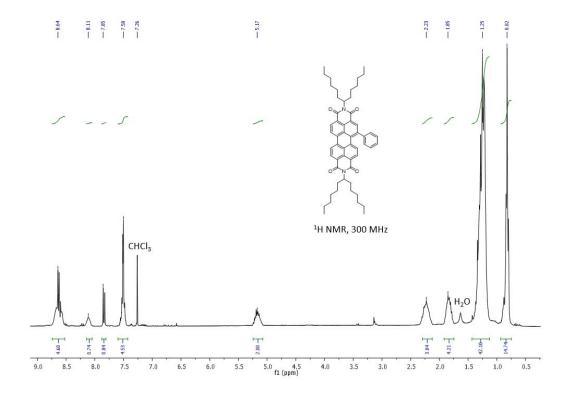


Figure S1. ¹H NMR (300 MHz) spectrum of compound 4 in CDCl₃.

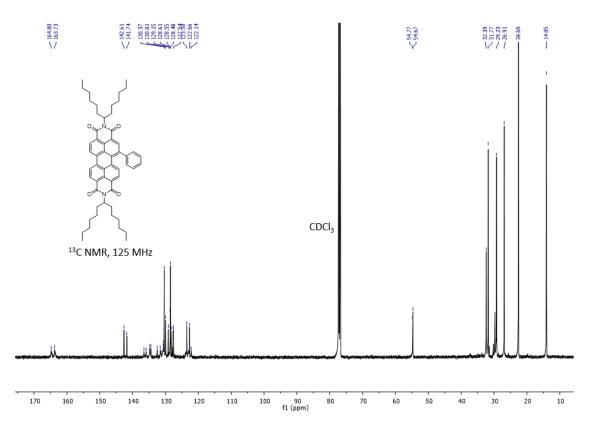


Figure S2. ¹³C NMR (125 MHz) spectrum of compound 4 in CDCl₃.

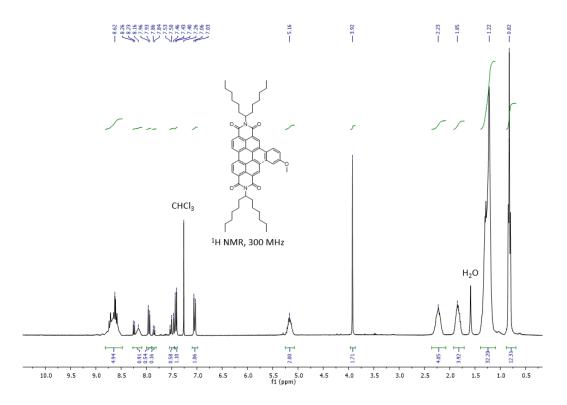


Figure S3. ¹H NMR (300 MHz) spectrum of compound 5 in CDCl₃.

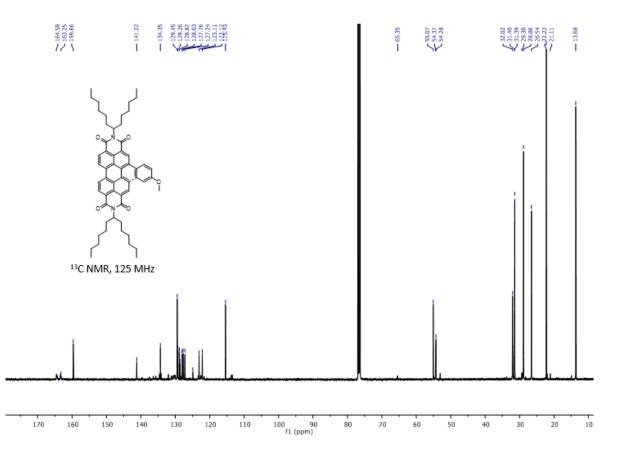


Figure S4. ¹³C NMR (125 MHz) spectrum of compound 5 in CDCl₃.

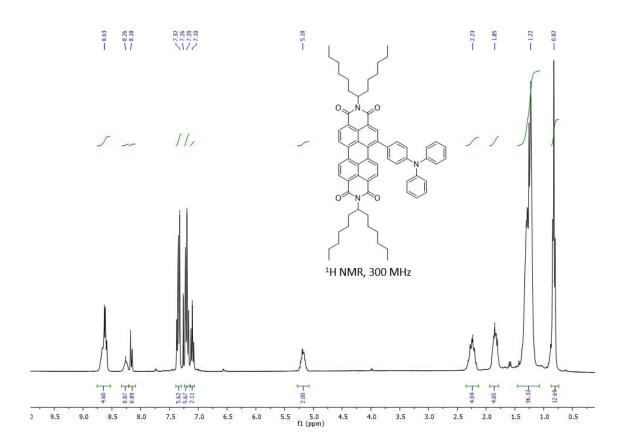


Figure S5. ¹H NMR (300 MHz) spectrum of compound 6 in CDCl₃.

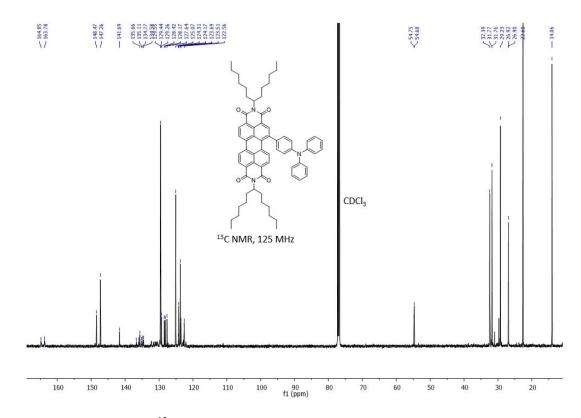


Figure S6. ¹³C NMR (125 MHz) spectrum of compound 6 in CDCl₃.

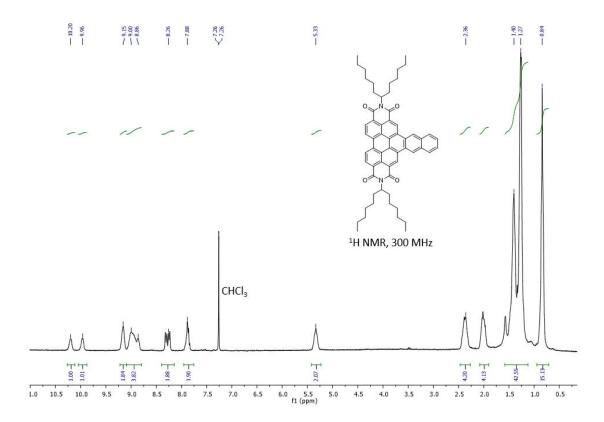


Figure S7. ¹H NMR (300 MHz) spectrum of compound 7 in CDCl₃.

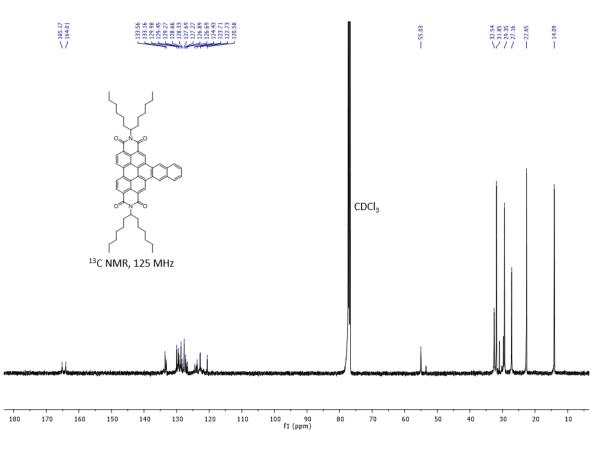


Figure S8. ¹³C NMR (125 MHz) spectrum of compound 7 in CDCl₃.

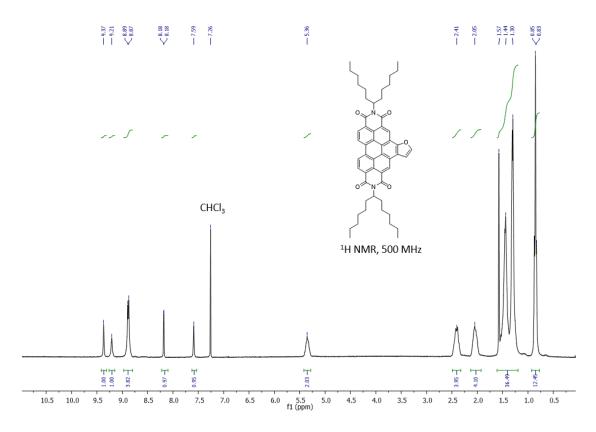


Figure S9. ¹H NMR (500 MHz) spectrum of compound 8 in CDCl₃.

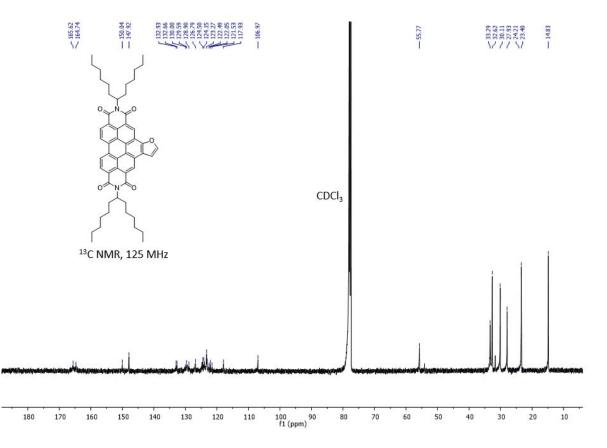


Figure S10. ¹³C NMR (125 MHz) spectrum of compound 8 in CDCl₃.

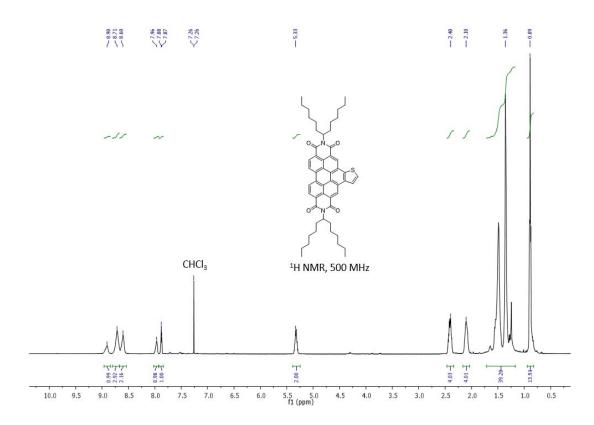


Figure S11. ¹H NMR (500 MHz) spectrum of compound 9 in CDCl₃.

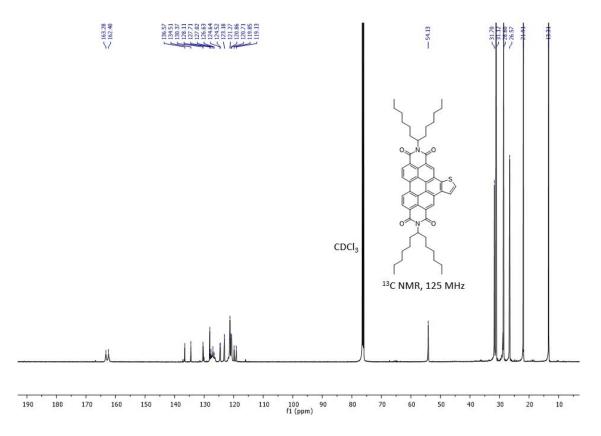


Figure S12. ¹³C NMR (125 MHz) spectrum of compound 9 in CDCl₃.

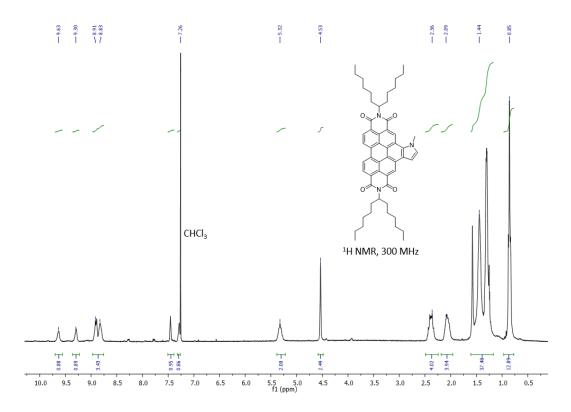


Figure S13. ¹H NMR (300 MHz) spectrum of compound 10 in CDCl₃.

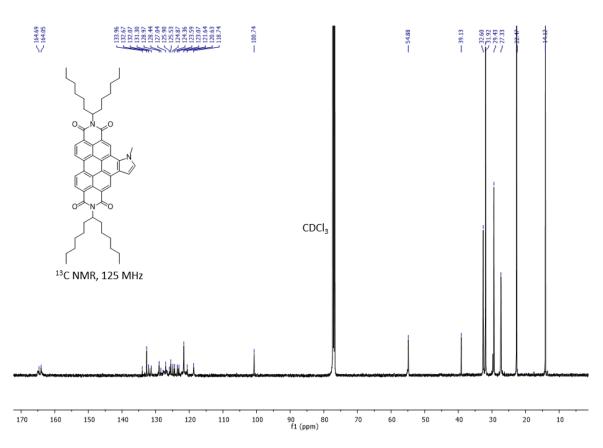


Figure S14. ¹³C NMR (125 MHz) spectrum of compound 10 in CDCl₃.

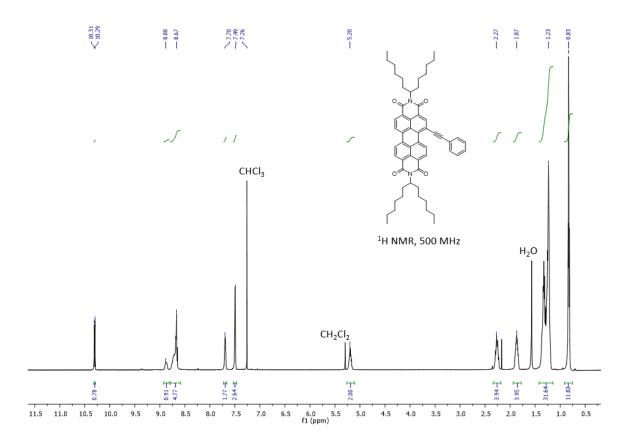


Figure S15. ¹H NMR (500 MHz) spectrum of compound 11 in CDCl₃.

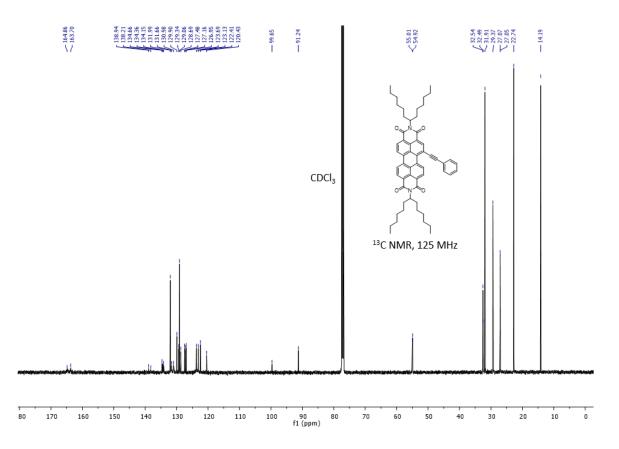


Figure S16. ¹³C NMR (125 MHz) spectrum of compound 11 in CDCl₃.

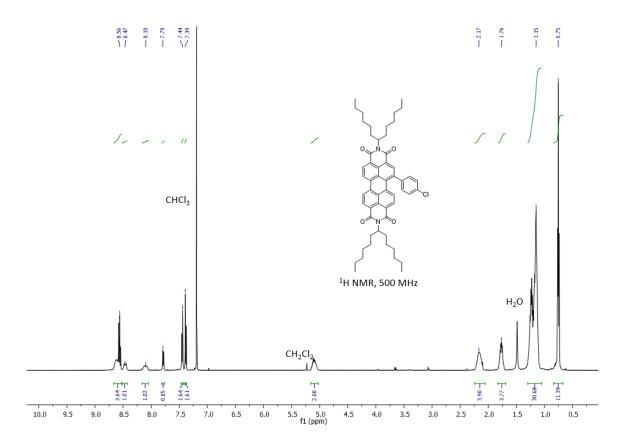


Figure S17. ¹H NMR (500 MHz) spectrum of compound 12 in CDCl₃.

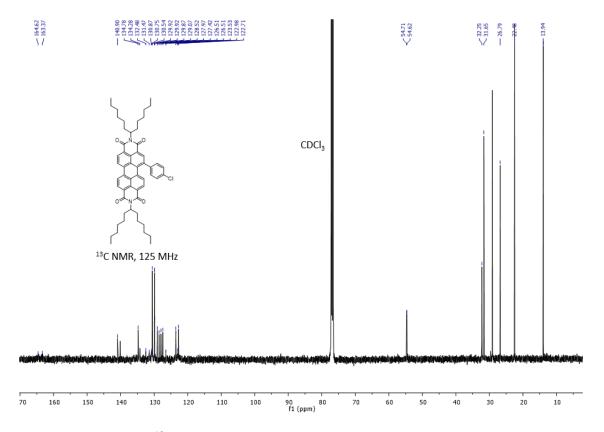


Figure S18. ¹³C NMR (125 MHz) spectrum of compound 12 in CDCl₃.

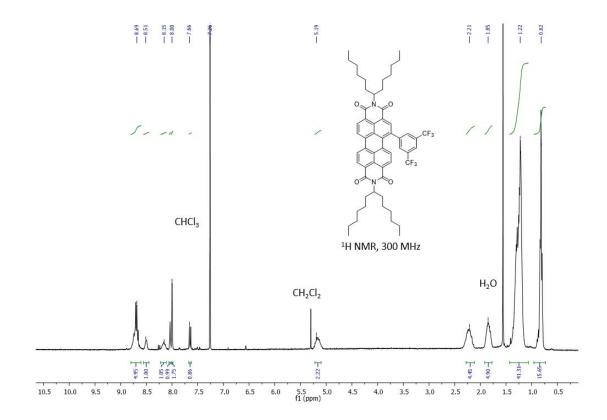


Figure S19. ¹H NMR (300 MHz) spectrum of compound 13 in CDCl₃.

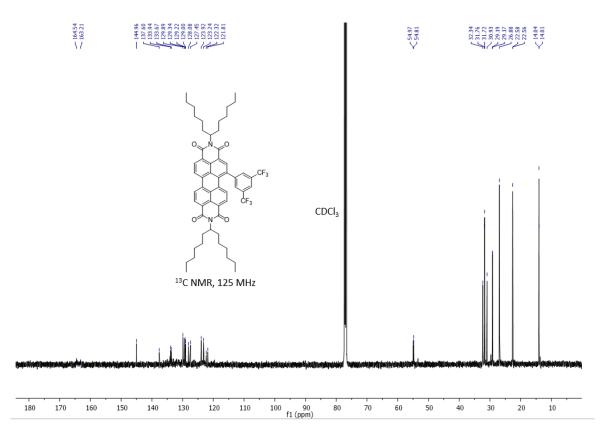


Figure S20. ¹³C NMR (125 MHz) spectrum of compound 13 in CDCl₃.

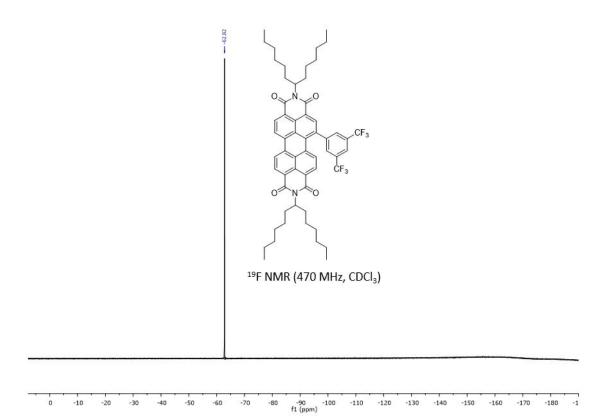


Figure S21. ¹⁹F NMR (470 MHz) spectrum of compound 13 in CDCl₃.

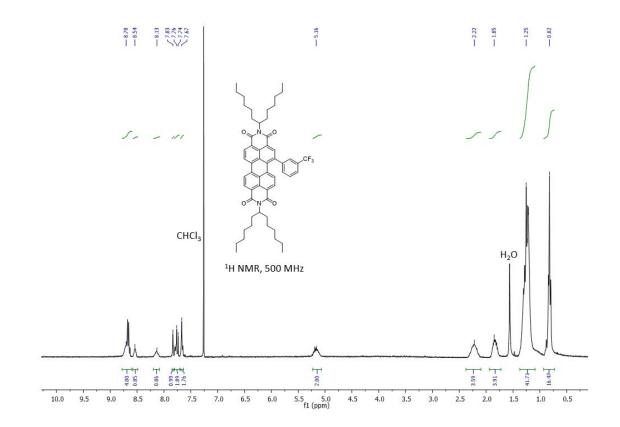


Figure S22. ¹H NMR (500 MHz) spectrum of compound 14 in CDCl₃.

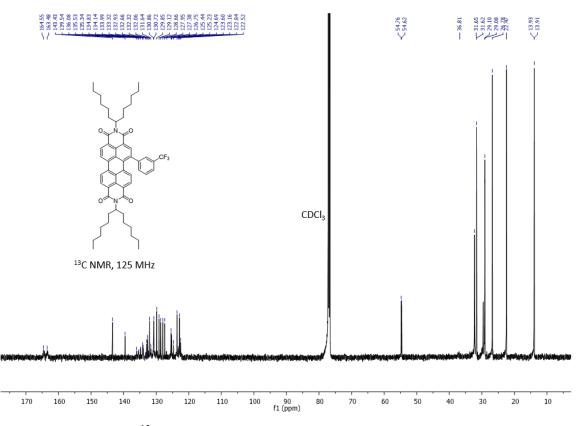
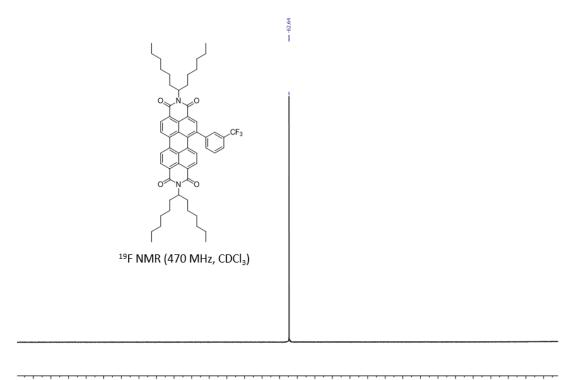


Figure S23. ¹³C NMR (125 MHz) spectrum of compound 14 in CDCl₃.



10 5 0 -5 -10 -15 -20 -25 -30 -35 -40 -45 -50 -55 -60 -65 -70 -75 -80 -85 -90 -95 -100 -110 -120 -130 f1 (ppm)

Figure S24. ¹⁹F NMR (470 MHz) spectrum of compound 14 in CDCl₃.

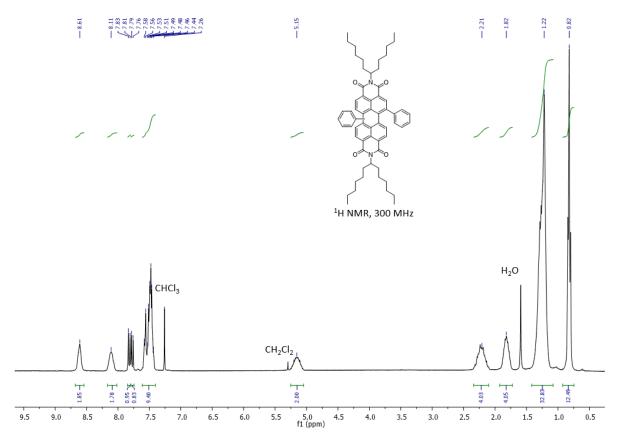


Figure S25. ¹H NMR (300 MHz) spectrum of compound 16 in CDCl₃.

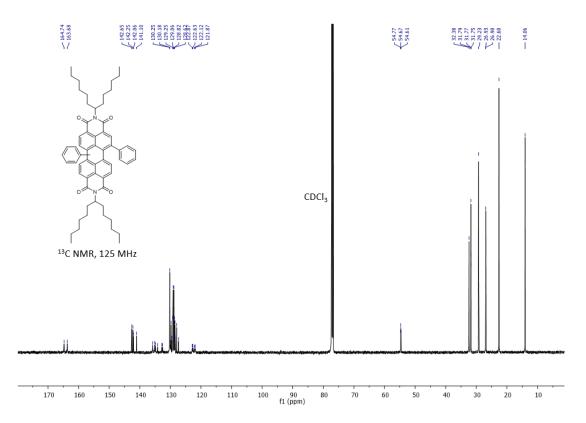
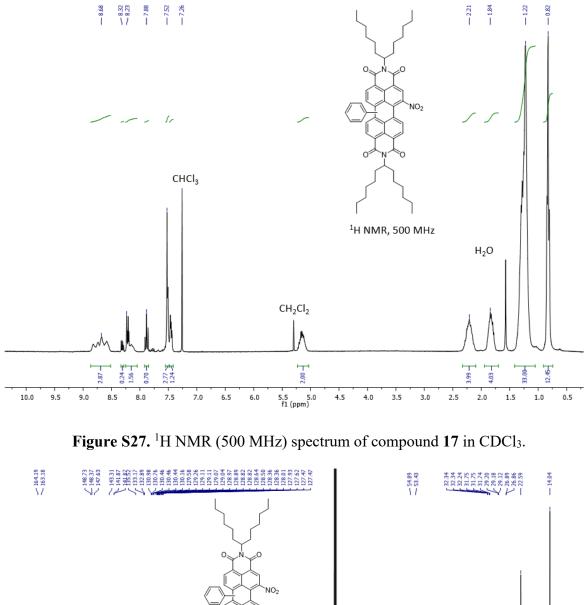


Figure S26. ¹³C NMR (125 MHz) spectrum of compound 16 in CDCl₃.



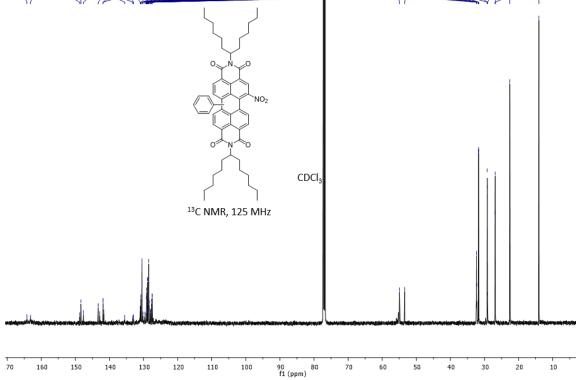


Figure S28. ¹³C NMR (125 MHz) spectrum of compound 17 in CDCl₃.

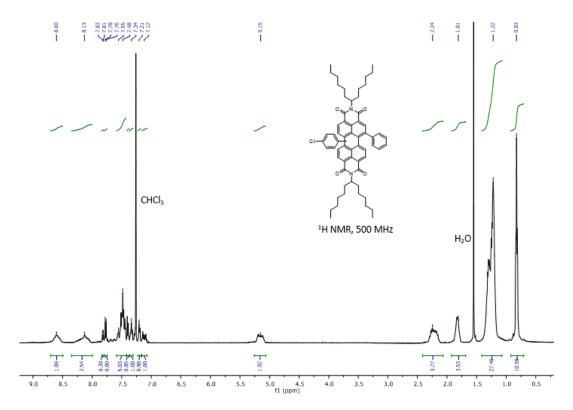


Figure S29. ¹H NMR (300 MHz) spectrum of compound 18 in CDCl₃.

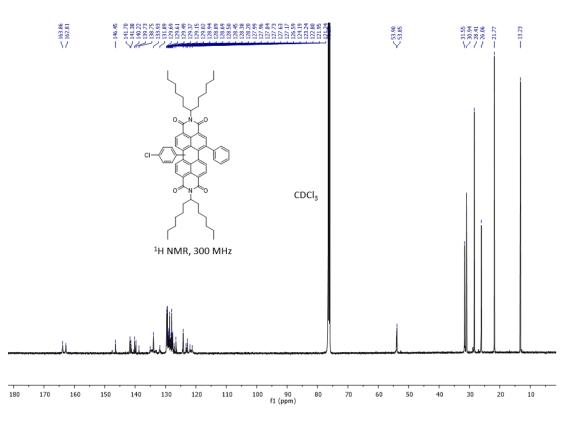


Figure S30. ¹³C NMR (125 MHz) spectrum of compound 18 in CDCl₃.

4. High Resolution Mass Spectrometry

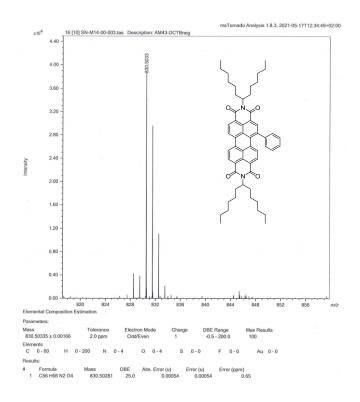


Figure S31. HRMS spectrum of compound 4.

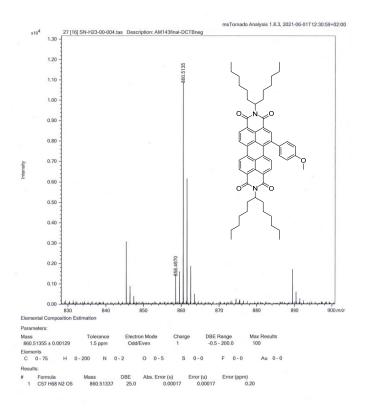
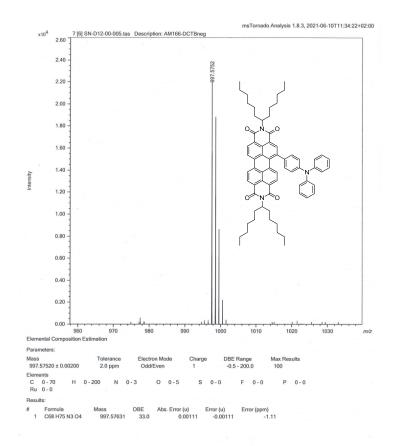
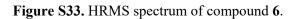


Figure S32. HRMS spectrum of compound 5.





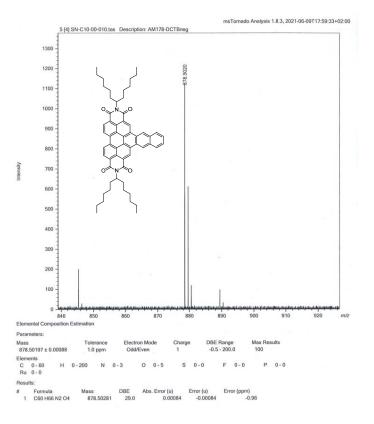


Figure S34. HRMS spectrum of compound 7.

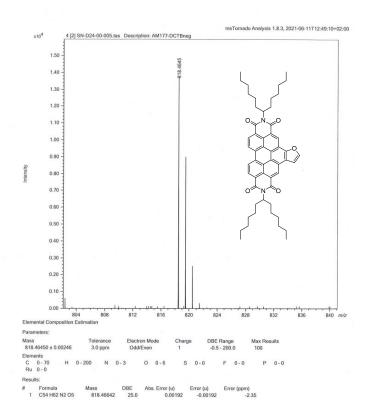


Figure S35. HRMS spectrum of compound 8.

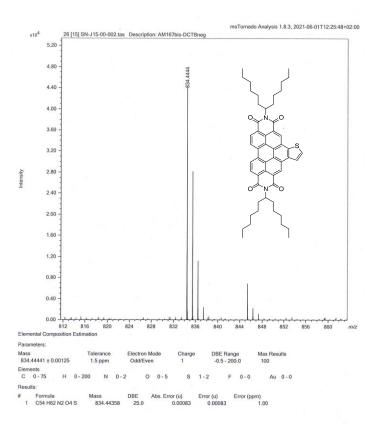


Figure S36. HRMS spectrum of compound 9.

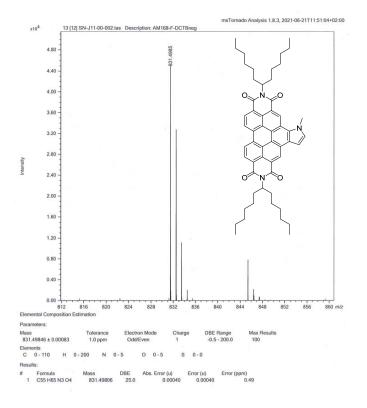


Figure S37. HRMS spectrum of compound 10.

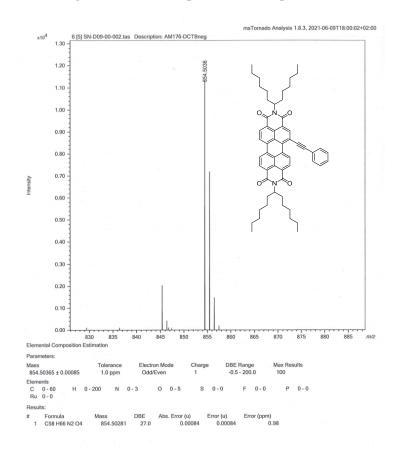


Figure S38. HRMS spectrum of compound 11.

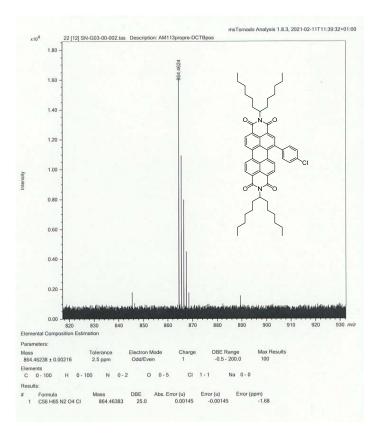


Figure S39. HRMS spectrum of compound 12.

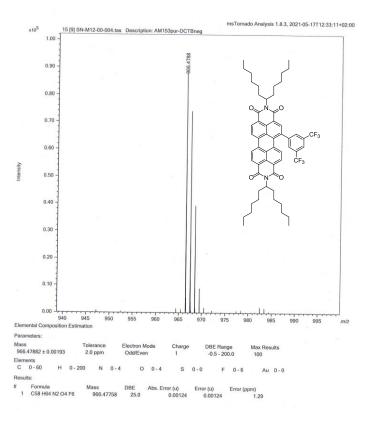


Figure S40. HRMS spectrum of compound 13.

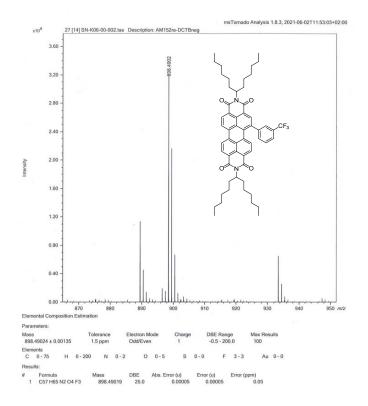


Figure S41. HRMS spectrum of compound 14.

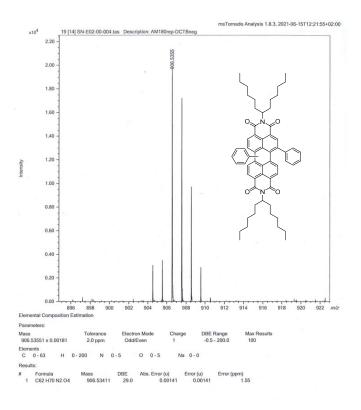


Figure S42. HRMS spectrum of compound 16.

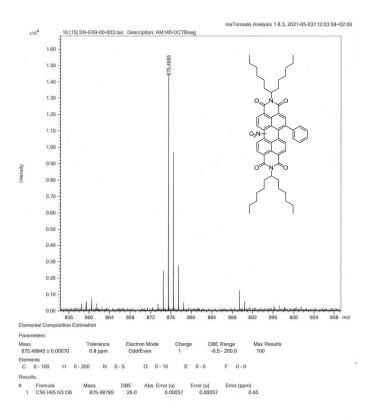


Figure S43. HRMS spectrum of compound 17.

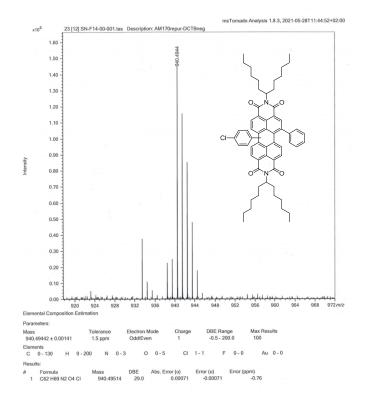


Figure S44. HRMS spectrum of compound 18.

5. References

- 1. A. Oikawa, G. Kindaichi, Y. Shimotori, M. Okimoto, M. Hoshi, *Tetrahedron*, 2015, **71**, 1705.
- 2. L. Rocard, D. Hatych, T. Chartier, T. Cauchy, P. Hudhomme, *Eur J Org Chem*, 2019, **9**, 7635.
- 3. M. Hruzd, L. Rocard, A. Goujon, M. Allain, T. Cauchy, P. Hudhomme, *Chem Eur J*, 2020, **26**, 15881.