Backbone vs. side-chain: Two light-degradable polyurethanes based on 6-nitropiperonal

Dimitri Jung^{a, †}, Tarik Rust^{a, †}, Katharina Völlmecke^a, Timo Schoppa^b, Klaus Langer^b, Dirk Kuckling^a

Affiliation

dirk.kuckling@uni-paderborn.de

^aDepartment of Chemistry, Paderborn University, Warburger Str. 100, D-33098 Paderborn, Germany

^bInstitute of Pharmaceutical Technology and Biopharmacy, University of Münster, Corrensstr. 48, D-48149 Münster, Germany

+ These authors contributed equally

Supporting Information

Experimental Section

Spectra



Fig. S1: ¹H NMR spectra of **1**.



Fig. S2: ¹H NMR spectra of **2**.





Fig. S3: ¹H,¹³C, hsqc, hmbc, cosy NMR spectra of monomer **3**.



Fig. S4: ¹H NMR spectra of **4**.





Fig. S5: ¹H, ¹³C, hsqc, hmbc and cosy NMR spectra of diol **5**.



Fig. S6: ¹H NMR spectra of polymer **6**.



Fig. S7: ¹H NMR spectra of polymer **7**.



Fig. S8: UV/Vis spectra of nitropiperonal and piperonal in DCM solution.



Fig. S9: DSC-curves of polymer **6** (top) and polymer **7** (bottom).



Fig. S10: Light-responsive Polyurethane based on oNB (previously published)^[1]



Fig. S11: Alternative route of degradation upon irradiation for the backbone-degradable polyurethane.

References

[1] J. Sun, T. Rust, D. Kuckling, *Macromolecular Rapid Communications* **2019**, *40*, 1900348.