

**Supporting Information:**

**Structural Determination of a Metastable Ag<sub>27</sub> Nanocluster and Its Transformation into Ag<sub>8</sub> and Ag<sub>29</sub> Nanoclusters**

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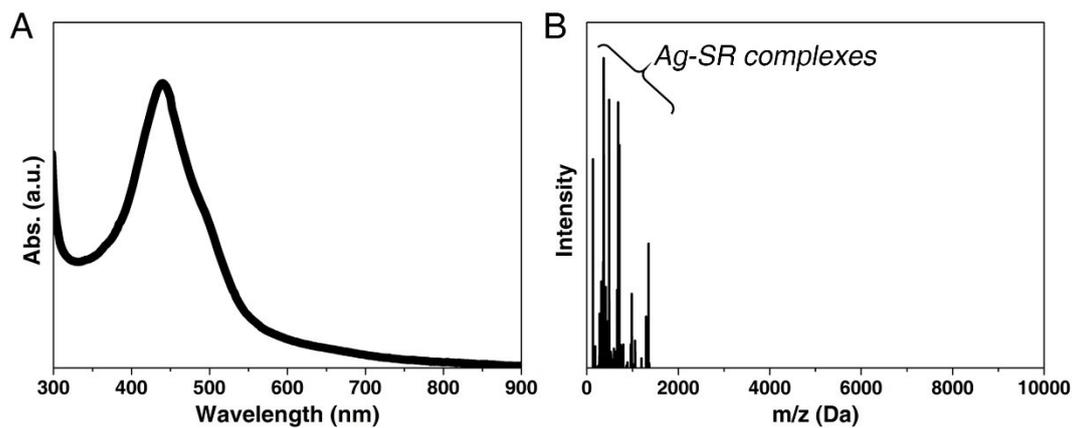
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Notes: The authors declare no competing financial interest.

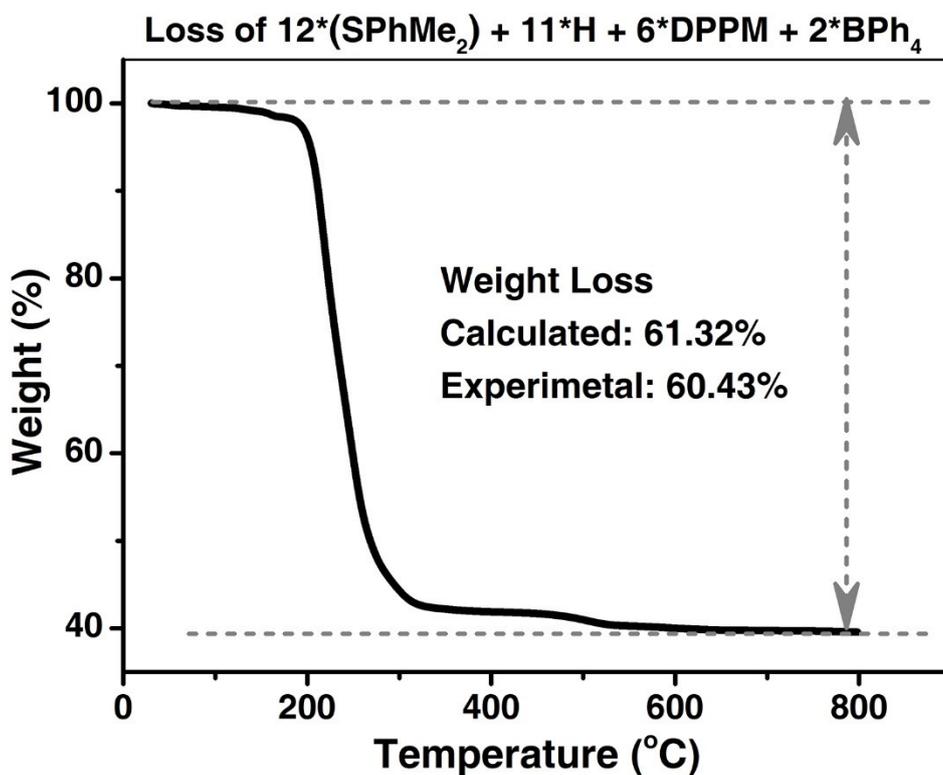
*This Supporting Information includes:*

Figures S1-S12

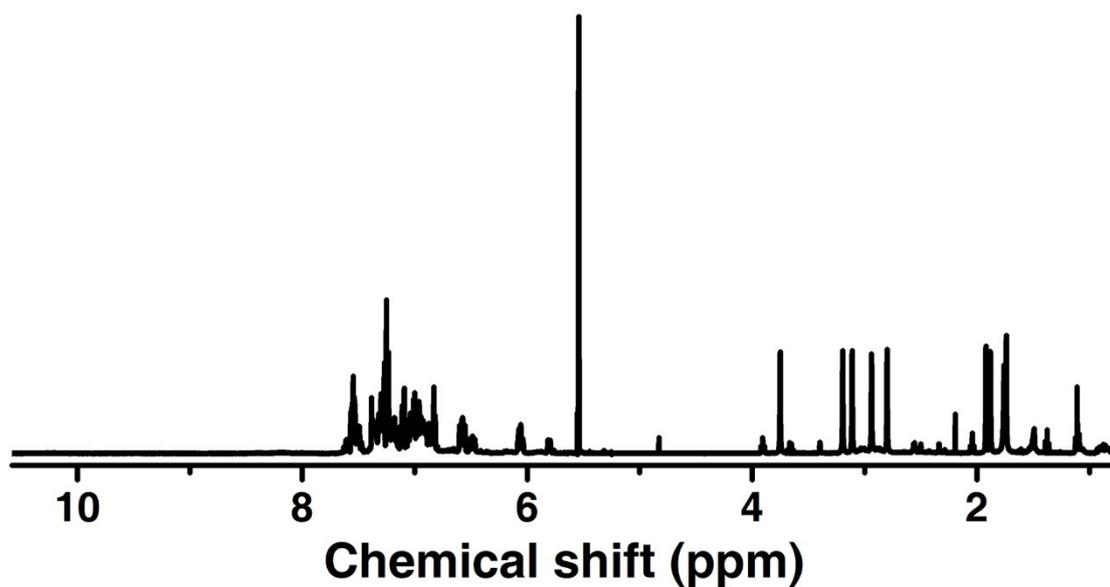
Tables S1-S3



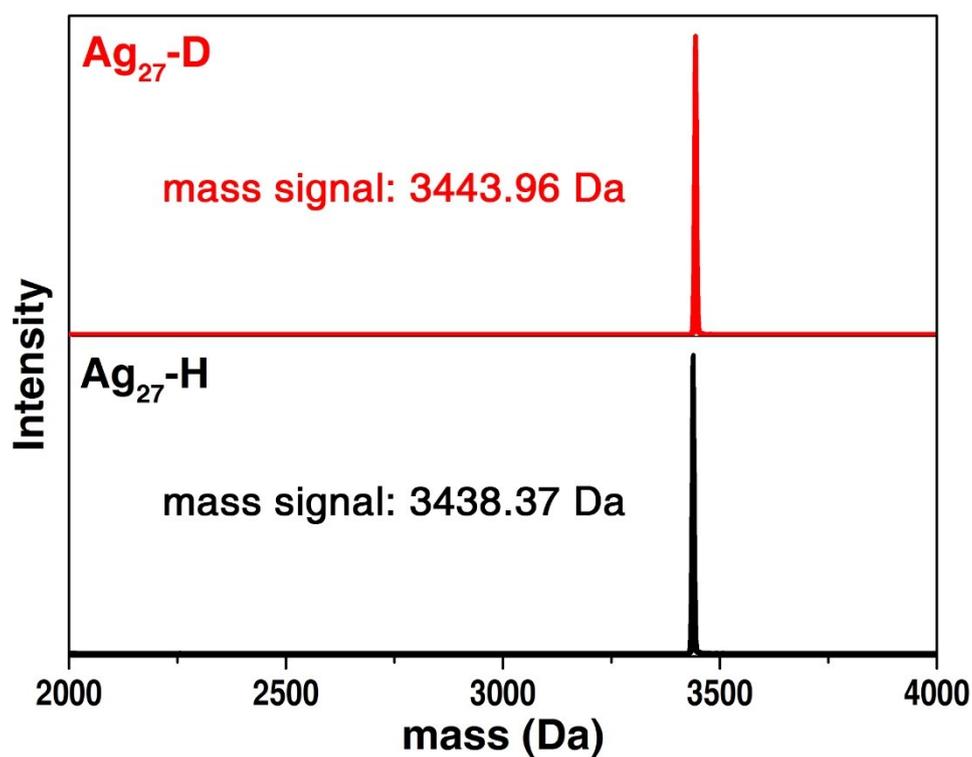
**Fig. S1** (A) UV-vis spectrum and (B) ESI-MS result of the prepared products for the synthesis of Ag<sub>27</sub> in the absence of DPPM. No optical absorption and mass signal of the Ag<sub>27</sub> nanocluster was observed, while several mass peaks of Ag-SR complexes were detected.



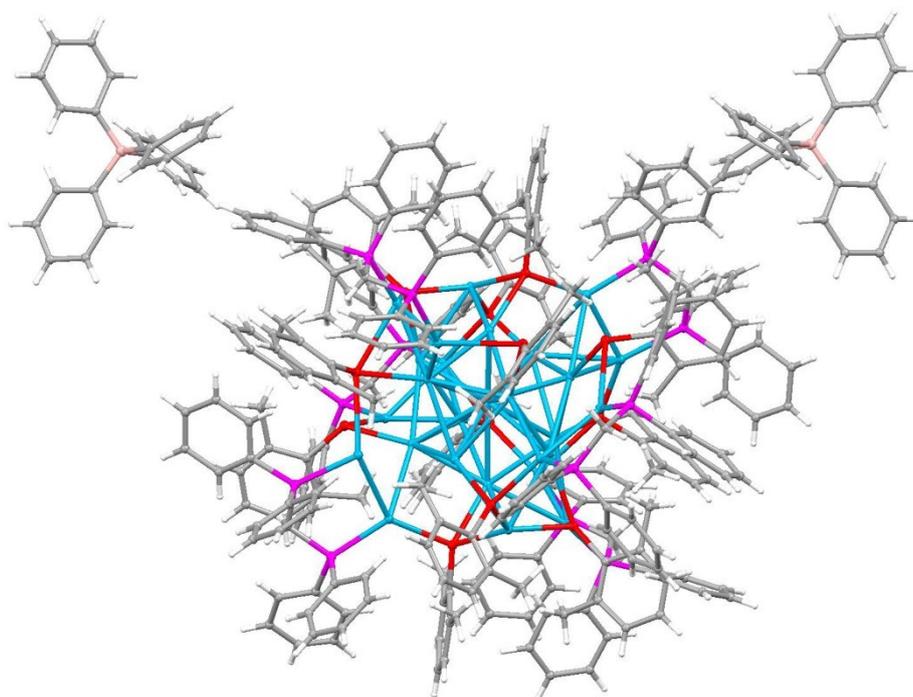
**Fig. S2** TGA result of [Ag<sub>27</sub>H<sub>11</sub>(SPhMe<sub>2</sub>)<sub>12</sub>(DPPM)<sub>6</sub>](BPh<sub>4</sub>)<sub>2</sub>.



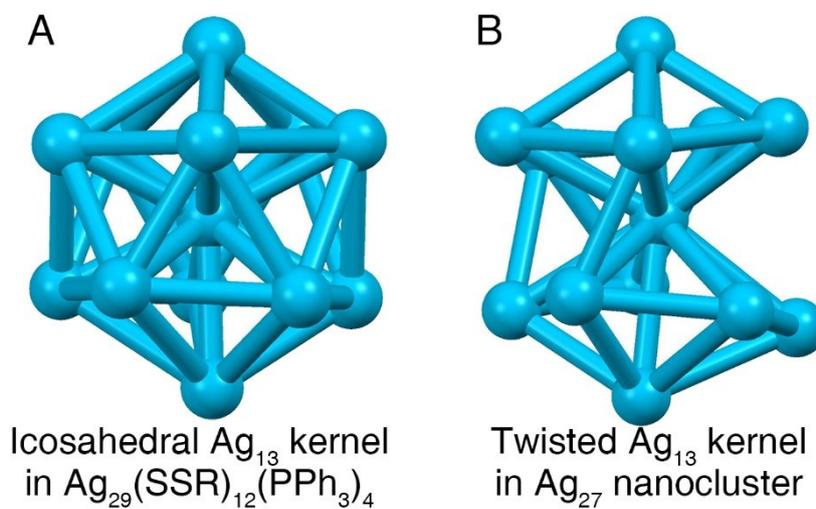
**Fig. S3**  $^1\text{H}$  NMR spectrum of the  $[\text{Ag}_{27}\text{H}_{11}(\text{SPhMe}_2)_{12}(\text{DPPM})_6]^{2+}$  nanocluster dissolved in  $\text{CD}_2\text{Cl}_2$ . The signal of  $\text{CH}_2\text{Cl}_2$  locates at 5.7 ppm.



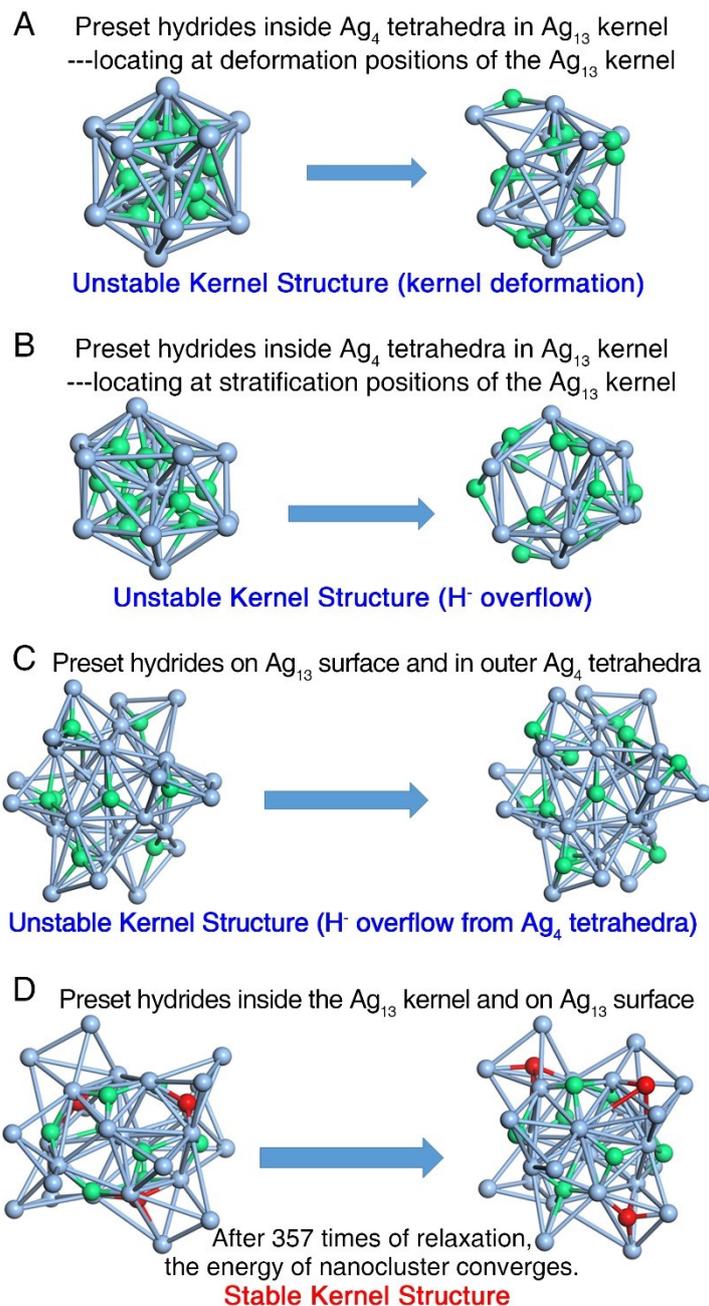
**Fig. S4** ESI-MS results of  $[\text{Ag}_{27}\text{H}_{11}(\text{SPhMe}_2)_{12}(\text{DPPM})_6]^{2+}$  (black line) and  $[\text{Ag}_{27}\text{D}_{11}(\text{SPhMe}_2)_{12}(\text{DPPM})_6]^{2+}$  (red line) in a mass range between 2000 to 4000 Da.



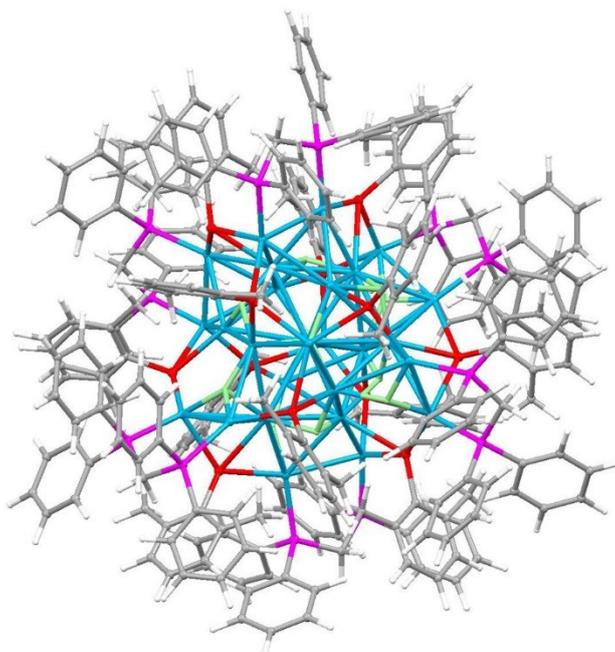
**Fig. S5** The total structure of  $[\text{Ag}_{27}\text{H}_{11}(\text{SPhMe}_2)_{12}(\text{DPPM})_6](\text{BPh}_4)_2$  with no hydride ligands. Color legends: light blue sphere, Ag; red sphere, S; magenta sphere, P; pink sphere, B; grey sphere, C; white sphere, H.



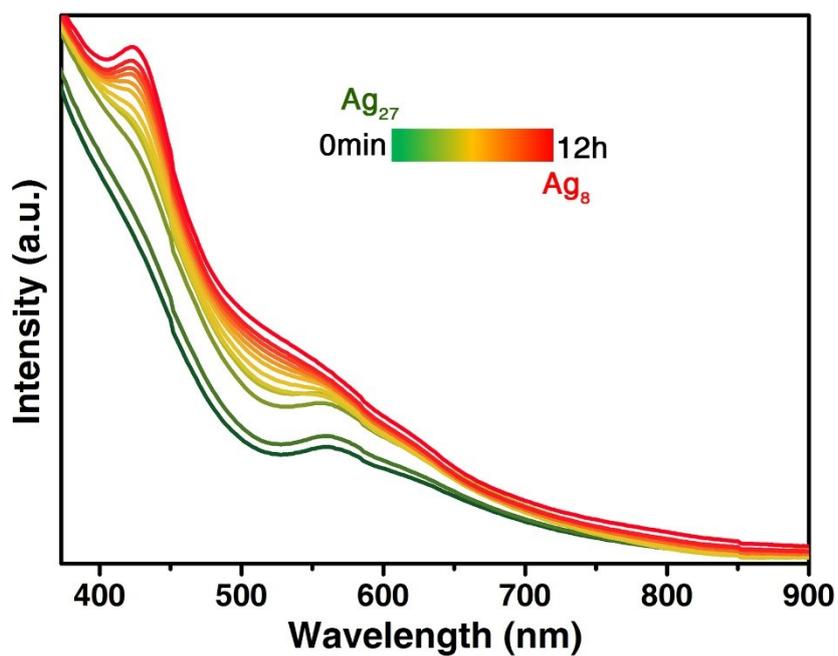
**Fig. S6** Structure comparison between (A) the icosahedral  $\text{Ag}_{13}$  kernel of the  $\text{Ag}_{29}(\text{SSR})_{12}(\text{PPh}_3)_4$  nanocluster and (B) the twisted  $\text{Ag}_{13}$  kernel of the  $\text{Ag}_{27}\text{H}_{11}(\text{SPhMe}_2)_{12}(\text{DPPM})_6$  nanocluster. The detailed comparison is shown in Table S1.



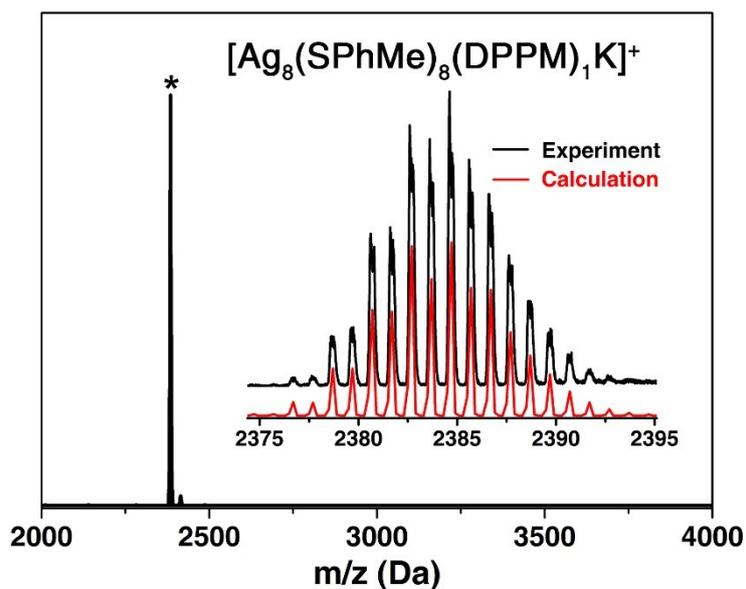
**Fig. S7** Theoretical results of the locations of hydrides in  $\text{Ag}_{27}\text{H}_{11}(\text{SPhMe}_2)_{12}(\text{DPPM})_6$ . (A) The hydrides are preset inside  $\text{Ag}_4$  tetrahedra in the  $\text{Ag}_{13}$  kernel (mainly locating the stratification positions), while the kernel structure is unstable and would deform after relaxation. (B) The hydrides are preset inside  $\text{Ag}_4$  tetrahedra in the  $\text{Ag}_{13}$  kernel (mainly locating the deformation positions), while the kernel structure is unstable the hydrides would overflow from the kernel after relaxation. (C) The hydrides are preset on the  $\text{Ag}_{13}$  kernel surface and inside the outer  $\text{Ag}_4$  tetrahedra, while the kernel structure is unstable the hydrides would overflow from the outer  $\text{Ag}_4$  tetrahedra after relaxation. (D) The hydrides are preset inside the  $\text{Ag}_{13}$  kernel and in the  $\text{Ag}_{13}$  kernel surface. After 356 times of relaxation, the energy of the final structure converges, demonstrating the stability of the structure.



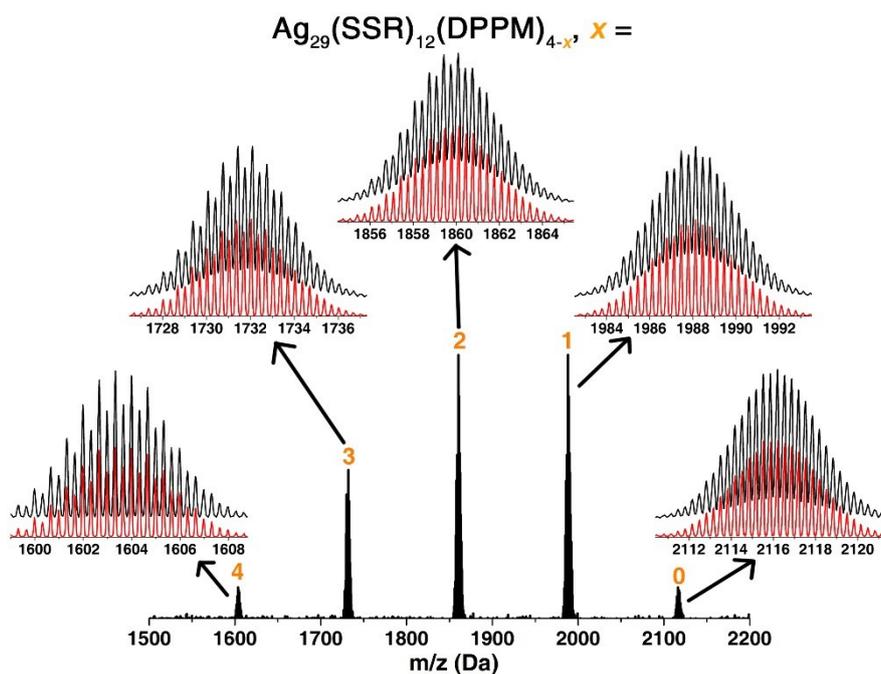
**Fig. S8** The total structure of  $[\text{Ag}_{27}\text{H}_{11}(\text{SPhMe}_2)_{12}(\text{DPPM})_6]^{2+}$ . Color legends: light blue sphere, Ag; red sphere, S; magenta sphere, P; light green sphere, hydride; grey sphere, C; white sphere, H.



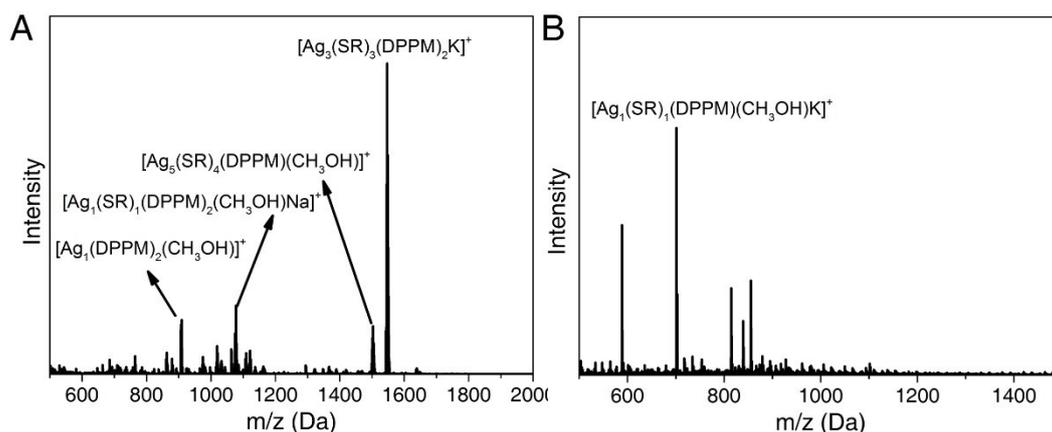
**Fig. S9** Time-dependent UV-vis of the  $\text{Ag}_{27}$  nanocluster in the presence of  $\text{H}^-$  (by adding the 3mL of  $\text{CH}_3\text{CH}_2\text{OH}$  solution of 3mg of  $\text{NaBH}_4$  into 20mL of  $\text{CH}_2\text{Cl}_2$  solution of 20mg of  $\text{Ag}_{27}\text{-H}$ ). The final optical absorption demonstrated the generation of the  $\text{Ag}_8$  nanocluster.



**Fig. S10** ESI-MS spectrum in 2000-4000 Da mass range of the  $\text{Ag}_8(\text{SPhMe})_8(\text{DPPM})_1$  nanocluster. Insets: the experimental (black) and calculated (red) isotope patterns of the  $[\text{Ag}_8(\text{SPhMe})_8(\text{DPPM})_1\text{K}]^+$ .



**Fig. S11** ESI-MS spectrum in 1500-2200 Da mass range of the  $\text{Ag}_{29}(\text{SSR})_{12}(\text{DPPM})_4$  nanocluster. Insets: the experimental (black) and calculated (red) isotope patterns of  $\text{Ag}_{29}(\text{SSR})_{12}(\text{DPPM})_4$  nanocluster and its dissociated products.



**Fig. S12** (A) ESI-MS results (at a low mass range, in a positive mode) of the transformation from Ag<sub>27</sub> to Ag<sub>8</sub> to detect the by-products. Several mass signals of by-products were observed, including [Ag<sub>1</sub>(DPPM)<sub>2</sub>(CH<sub>3</sub>OH)<sub>1</sub>]<sup>+</sup>, [Ag<sub>1</sub>(SR)<sub>1</sub>(DPPM)<sub>2</sub>(CH<sub>3</sub>OH)<sub>1</sub>Na]<sup>+</sup>, [Ag<sub>5</sub>(SR)<sub>4</sub>(DPPM)<sub>1</sub>(CH<sub>3</sub>OH)]<sup>+</sup>, and [Ag<sub>3</sub>(SR)<sub>3</sub>(DPPM)<sub>2</sub>K]<sup>+</sup>. SR = SPhMe<sub>2</sub>. No mass peak was detected in the negative mode at a range from 500-1500 Da. (B) ESI-MS results (at a low mass range, in a positive mode) of the transformation from Ag<sub>27</sub> to Ag<sub>29</sub> to detect the by-products. A mass signal of by-product was observed, i.e., [Ag<sub>1</sub>(SR)<sub>1</sub>(DPPM)<sub>1</sub>(CH<sub>3</sub>OH)<sub>1</sub>K]<sup>+</sup>. SR = SPhMe<sub>2</sub>. The other peaks were not assigned. No mass peak was detected in the negative mode at a range from 500-1500 Da.

**Table S1.** Comparison of Ag---Ag bond lengths between the icosahedral Ag<sub>13</sub> kernel of the Ag<sub>29</sub>(SSR)<sub>12</sub>(PPh<sub>3</sub>)<sub>4</sub> nanocluster and the twisted Ag<sub>13</sub> kernel of the Ag<sub>27</sub>H<sub>11</sub>(SPhMe<sub>2</sub>)<sub>12</sub>(DPPM)<sub>6</sub> nanocluster. The comparison corresponds to Figure S5.

Kernel	Icosahedral Ag <sub>13</sub> kernel (Ag <sub>29</sub> nanocluster)	Twisted Ag <sub>13</sub> kernel (Ag <sub>27</sub> nanocluster)
Bond lengths	2.761-2.975 Å	2.835-3.206 Å
Avg.	2.868 Å	2.993 Å

**Table S2.** Comparison of the bond lengths between different Ag---H in Ag<sub>27</sub>H<sub>11</sub>(SPhMe<sub>2</sub>)<sub>12</sub>(DPPM)<sub>6</sub>.

Coordination modes	$\mu_2$ -H---Ag	$\mu_3$ -H---Ag	$\mu_4$ -H---Ag
Bond lengths	1.754-1.840 Å	1.837-2.128 Å	1.909-2.098 Å
Avg.	1.822 Å	1.940 Å	2.029 Å

**Table S3.** Crystal data and structure refinement for the [Ag<sub>27</sub>H<sub>11</sub>(SPhMe<sub>2</sub>)<sub>12</sub>(DPPM)<sub>6</sub>](BPh<sub>4</sub>)<sub>2</sub> nanocluster.

Crystal system	triclinic
Space group	P -1
a/Å	18.5850(4)
b/Å	20.8944(4)
c/Å	42.1406(7)
$\alpha$ /°	98.8620(10)
$\beta$ /°	95.6380(10)
$\gamma$ /°	91.5050(10)
Volume/Å <sup>3</sup>	16076.3(5)
Z	2
$\rho_{\text{calc}}/\text{cm}^3$	1.550
$\mu/\text{mm}^{-1}$	14.485
F(000)	7390
Radiation	CuK $\alpha$ ( $\lambda$ = 1.54186)
Index ranges	-21 $\leq$ h $\leq$ 17, -24 $\leq$ k $\leq$ 18, -48 $\leq$ l $\leq$ 48
Final R indexes [ $I > 2\sigma(I)$ ]	R1 = 0.0983, wR2 = 0.2733
Final R indexes [all data]	R1 = 0.1237, wR2 = 0.3127