

Supplementary Information

Self-Templating Synthesis of Heteroatom-Doped Large-Scalable

Carbon Anodes for High-Performance Lithium-Ion Batteries

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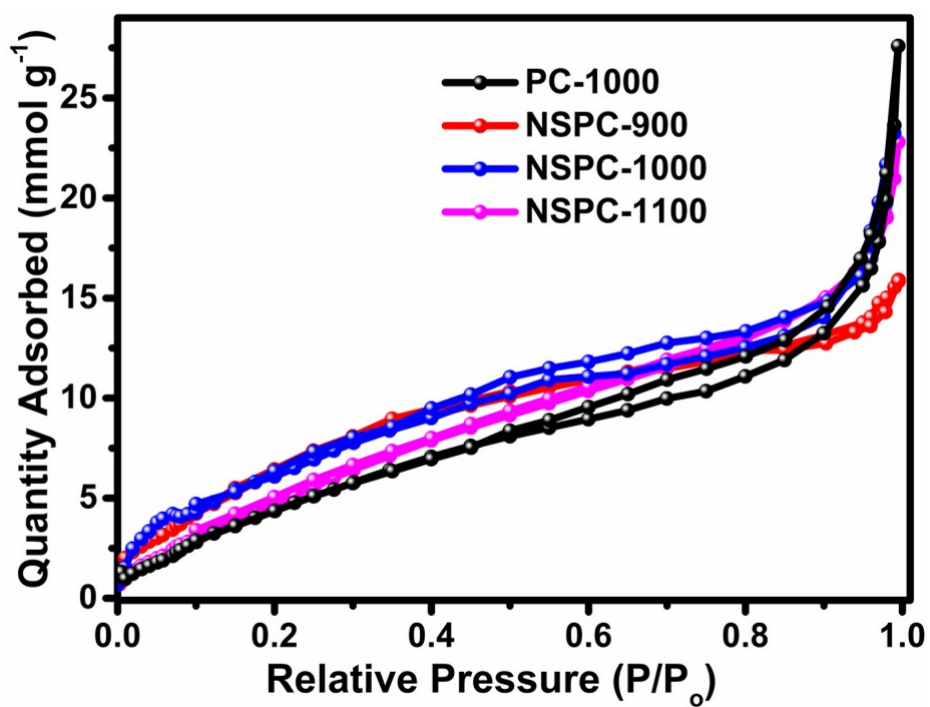


Figure S1. Nitrogen adsorption and desorption isotherms for PC-1000, NSPC-900, NSPC-1000 and NSPC-1100.

Table S1: Summary of the d-spacing of prepared samples.

Samples	NSPC-900	NSPC-1000	NSPC-1100	PC-1000
2Θ (degree)	24.91	24.27	24.19	25.38
d₀₀₂ (nm)	0.357	0.367	0.369	0.351

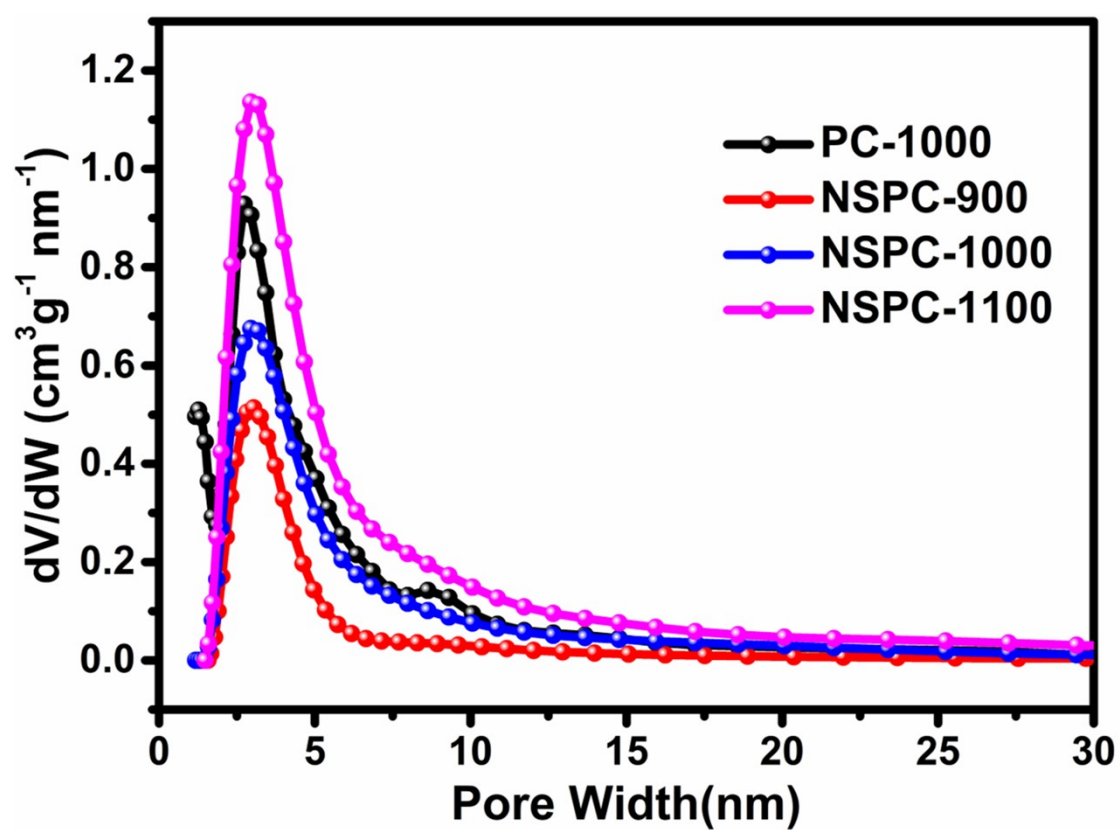


Figure S2. Pore size distributions for PC-1000, NSPC-900, NSPC-1000 and NSPC-1100 determined by NLDFT method.

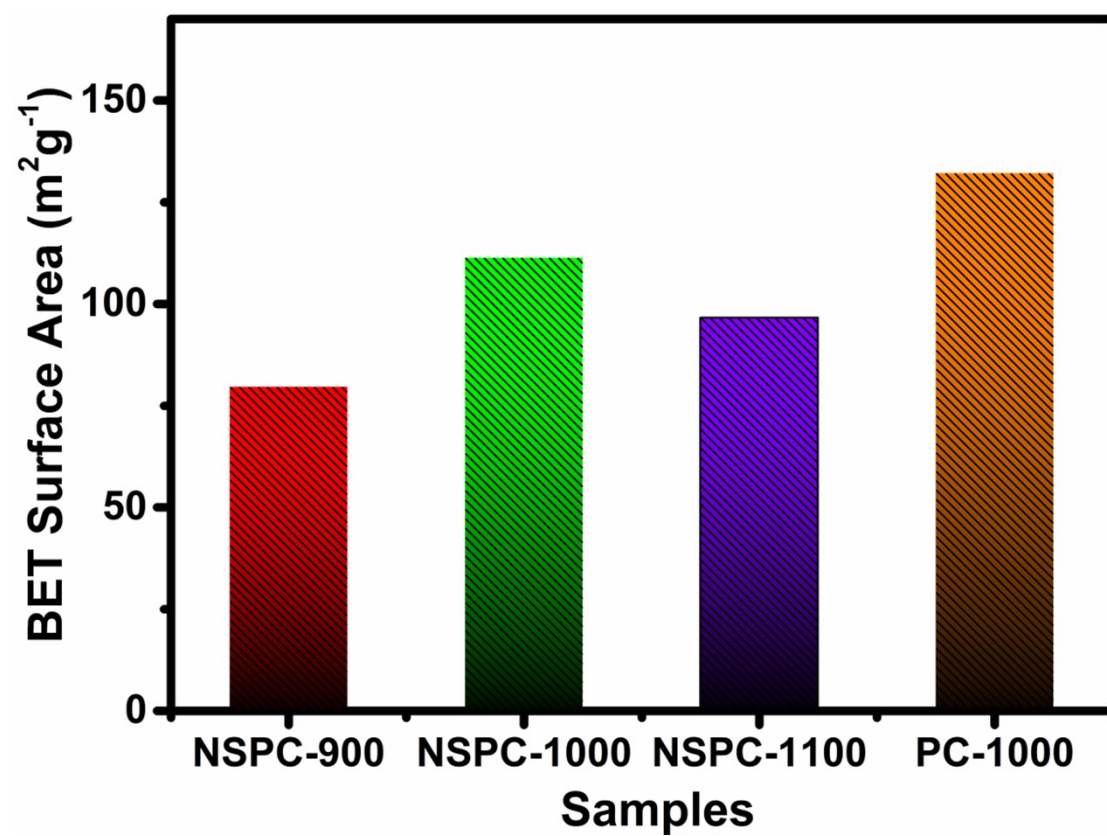


Figure S3. BET surface areas of NSPC-900, NSPC-1000, NSPC-1100 and PC-1000 samples.

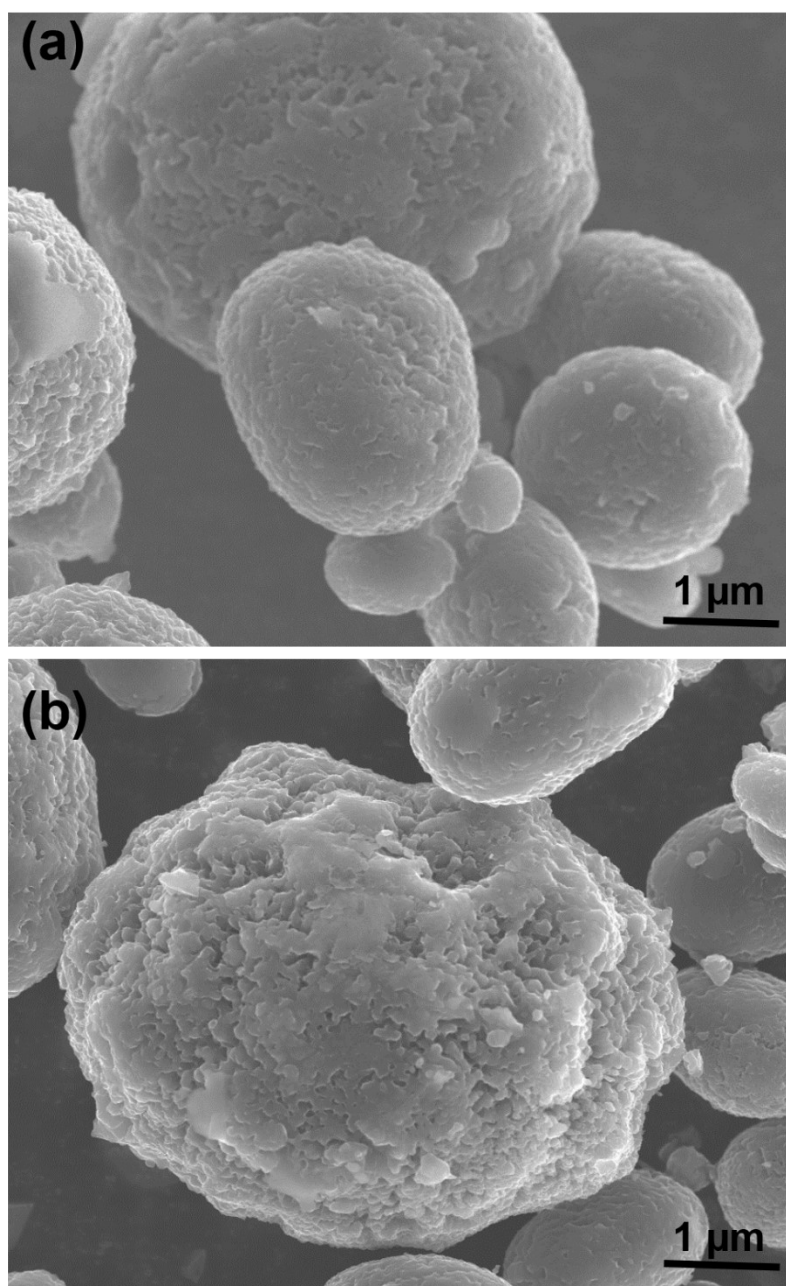


Figure S4. SEM images of (a) NSPC-900 and (b) NSPC-1100.

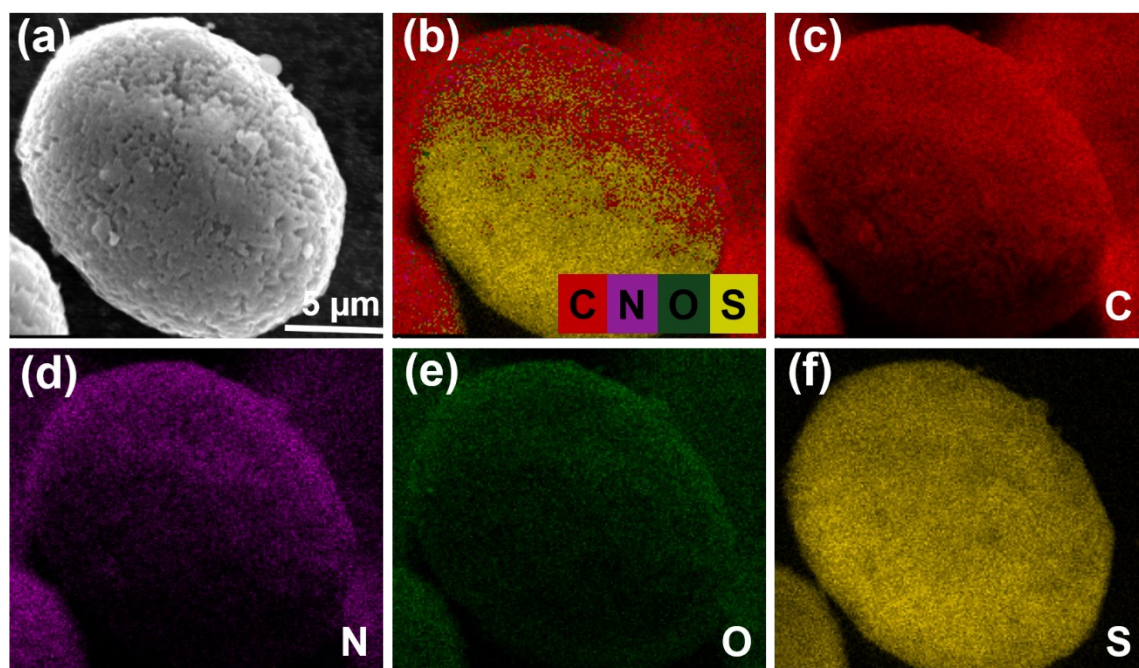


Figure S5. SEM image (a) and (b-f) SEM-EDS elemental mapping of NSPC-1000.

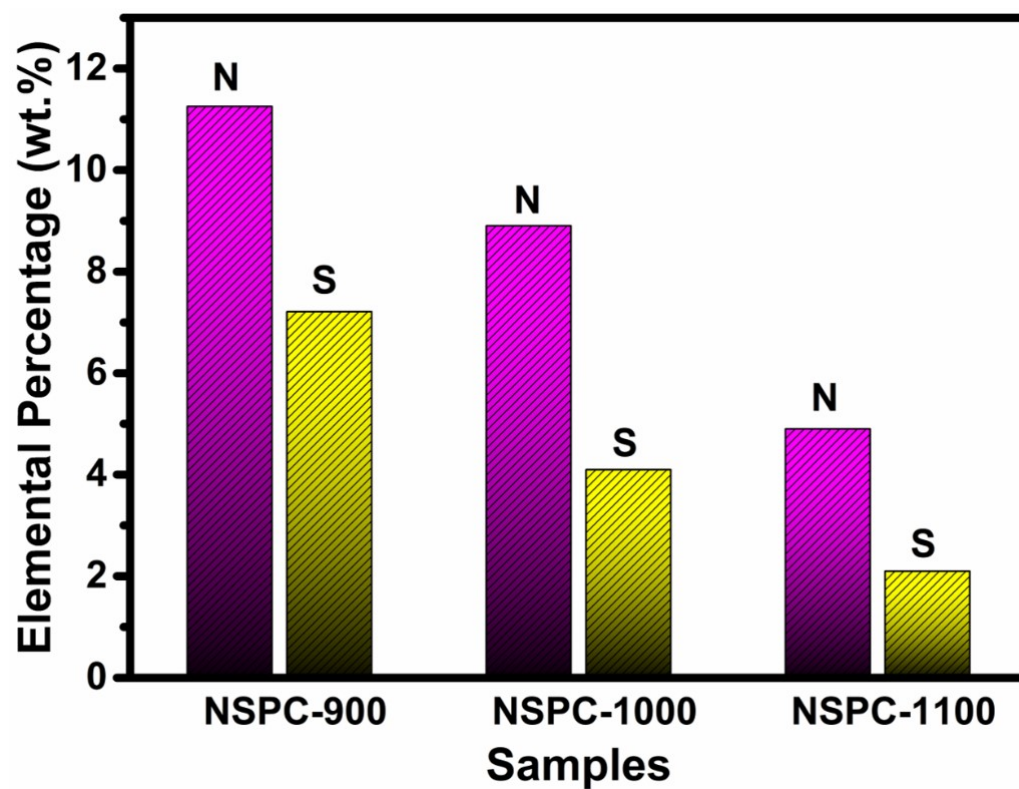


Figure S6. Elemental composition of as-prepared NSPC_x samples.

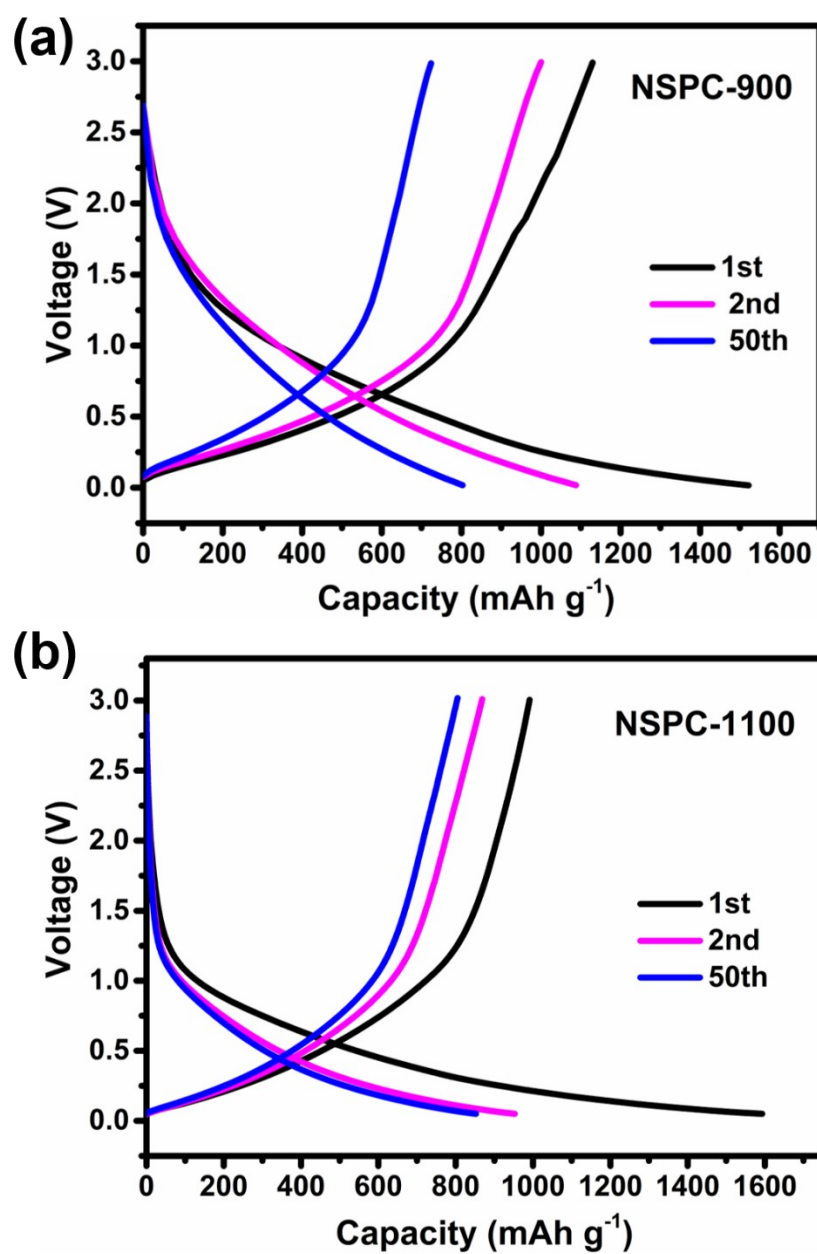


Figure S7. Charge-discharge curves for (a) NSPC-900 and (b) NSPC-1100 at a current density of 0.1 A g^{-1} .

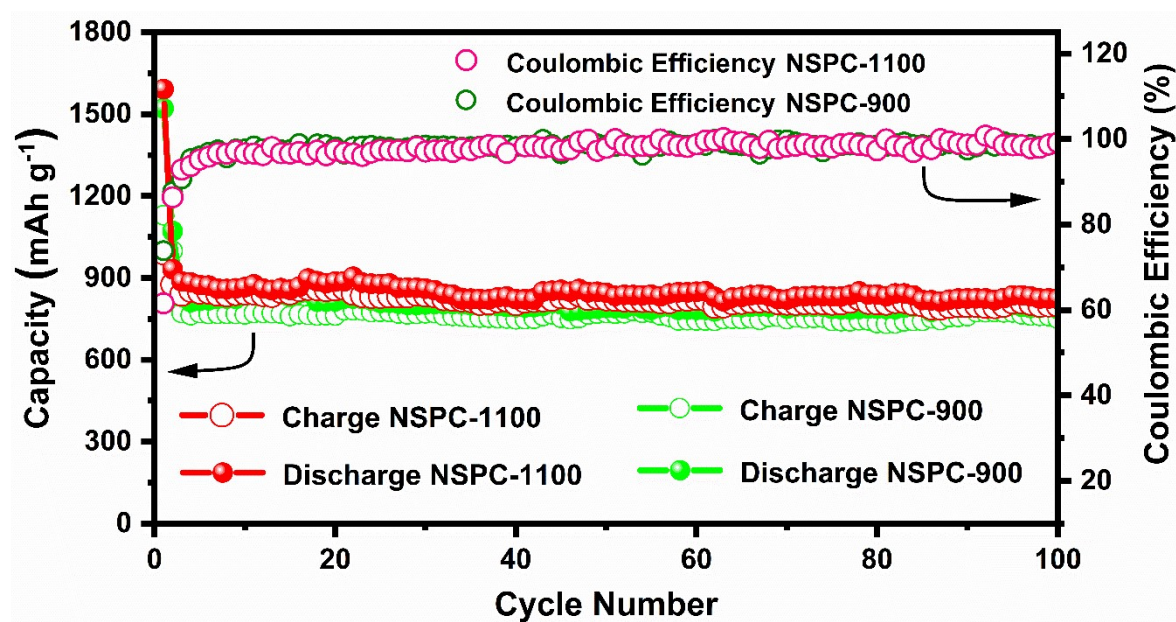


Figure S8. Cycling performance and corresponding Coulombic efficiencies of NSPC-900 and NSPC-1100 samples at 0.1 A g⁻¹.

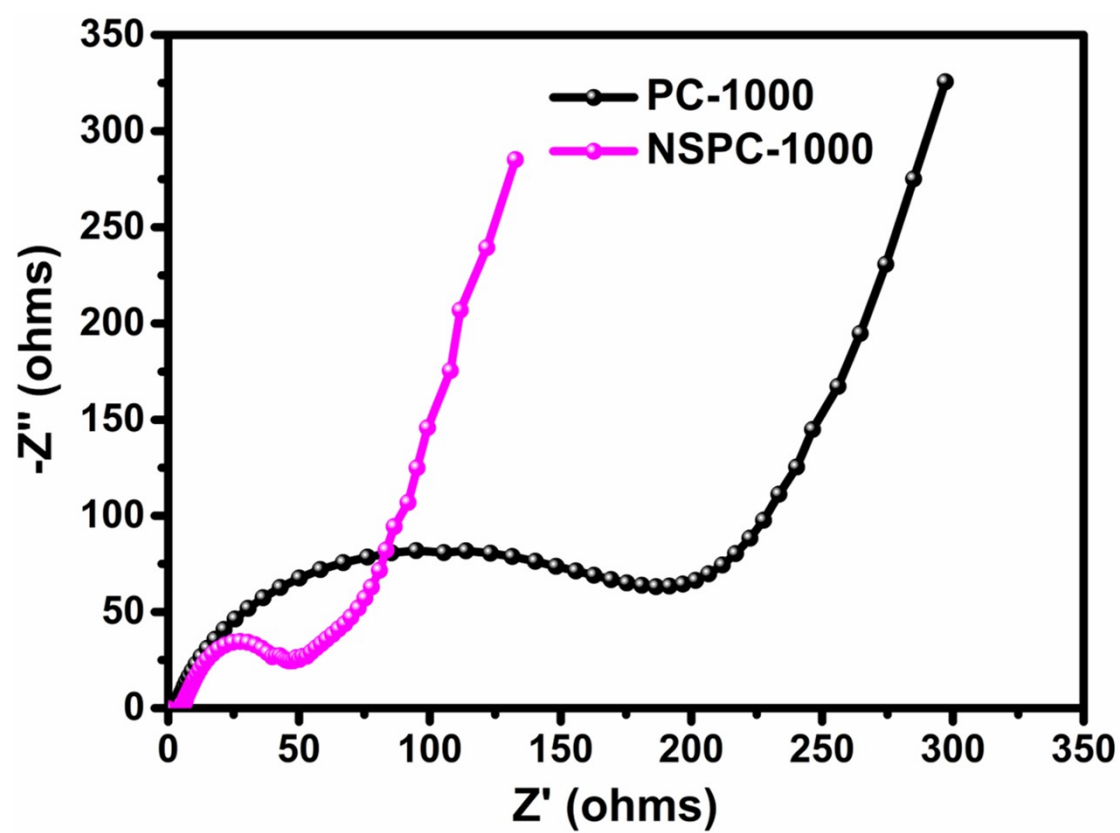


Figure S9. Electrochemical impedance spectra of PC-1000 and NSPC-1000.

Table S2: Comparison of lithium storage performance with recently reported literatures.

Sr. No.	Material/Morphology	Stable Capacity	Cycling Performance	Reference
1	NSPC-1000	935 mA h g ⁻¹ At 0.1 A g ⁻¹ after 150 cycles	695 mA h g ⁻¹ At 5 A g ⁻¹ after 1150 cycles	This Work
2	S,N-co-doped mesoporous carbon materials	675.1 mA h g ⁻¹ At 0.1 A g ⁻¹ after 150 cycles	675.1 mA h g ⁻¹ At 0.1 A g ⁻¹ after 150 cycles	[1]
3	Nitrogen and Sulfur Codoped Graphene Electrode Material	1050 mA h g ⁻¹ At 0.2 A g ⁻¹ after 500 cycles	297 mA h g ⁻¹ At 5 A g ⁻¹ after 1500 cycles	[2]
4	Nitrogen and sulfur dual-doped graphene sheets	490 mA h g ⁻¹ At 0.1 A g ⁻¹ after 500 cycles	211 mA h g ⁻¹ At 1 A g ⁻¹ after 5000 cycles	[3]
5	Hierarchical porous nitrogen, sulfur, dual-doped carbon	1215 mA h g ⁻¹ At 0.1 A g ⁻¹ after 100 cycles	362 mA h g ⁻¹ At 20 A g ⁻¹ after 100 cycles	[4]
6	nitrogen and sulfur co-doped porous carbon	768 mA h g ⁻¹ At 0.7 A g ⁻¹ after 15 cycles	504 mA h g ⁻¹ At 3.1 A g ⁻¹ after 120 cycles	[5]
7	Nitrogen and Phosphorus Codoped Porous Carbon Framework	940 mA h g ⁻¹ At 0.5 A g ⁻¹ after 20 cycles	740 mA h g ⁻¹ At 2 A g ⁻¹ after 2000 cycles	[6]
8	Nitrogen and sulfur dual-doped carbon films	832.4 mA h g ⁻¹ At 0.1 A g ⁻¹ after 42 cycles	357.2 mA h g ⁻¹ At 2 A g ⁻¹ after 2000 cycles	[7]
9	Ultrahigh level nitrogen/sulfur co-doped carbon	917 mA h g ⁻¹ At 0.1 A g ⁻¹ after 40 cycles	653 mA h g ⁻¹ At 1 A g ⁻¹ after 500 cycles	[8]
10	N and S co-doped graphene sheets	732.3 mA h g ⁻¹ At 0.5 A g ⁻¹ after 70 cycles	788.2 mA h g ⁻¹ At 0.1 A g ⁻¹ after 50 cycles	[9]
11	sulfur doped graphene-based nanosheets	740 mA h g ⁻¹ At 0.37 A g ⁻¹ after 10 cycles	290 mA h g ⁻¹ At 1.48 A g ⁻¹ after 500 cycles	[10]
12	Hierarchically porous and nitrogen, sulfur-codoped graphene-like microspheres	1180 mA h g ⁻¹ At 0.05 A g ⁻¹ after 70 cycles	725 mA h g ⁻¹ At 0.5 A g ⁻¹ after 80 cycles	[11]

References

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